

# SENATE BILL No. 192

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## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 5-2-1-9.

**Synopsis:** Law enforcement training. Requires law enforcement officers to receive training in identifying, responding to, and reporting bias motivated crimes in which the person who committed a criminal offense selected the victim who was injured or whose property was damaged because of the victim's actual or perceived race, color, creed, disability, national origin, religion, sexual orientation, gender, or gender identity.

**Effective:** July 1, 2021.

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## Taylor G

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January 7, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections and Criminal Law.

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First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 192

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

1 SECTION 1. IC 5-2-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018,  
2 SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
3 JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 9. (a) The board shall adopt in accordance with  
4 IC 4-22-2 all necessary rules to carry out the provisions of this chapter.  
5 The rules, which shall be adopted only after necessary and proper  
6 investigation and inquiry by the board, shall include the establishment  
7 of the following:

8 (1) Minimum standards of physical, educational, mental, and  
9 moral fitness which shall govern the acceptance of any person for  
10 training by any law enforcement training school or academy  
11 meeting or exceeding the minimum standards established  
12 pursuant to this chapter.

13 (2) Minimum standards for law enforcement training schools  
14 administered by towns, cities, counties, law enforcement training  
15 centers, agencies, or departments of the state.

16 (3) Minimum standards for courses of study, attendance  
17 requirements, equipment, and facilities for approved town, city,



1 county, and state law enforcement officer, police reserve officer,  
2 and conservation reserve officer training schools.

3 (4) Minimum standards for a course of study on cultural diversity  
4 awareness, including training on the U nonimmigrant visa created  
5 through the federal Victims of Trafficking and Violence  
6 Protection Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-386) that must be required for  
7 each person accepted for training at a law enforcement training  
8 school or academy. Cultural diversity awareness study must  
9 include an understanding of cultural issues related to race,  
10 religion, gender, age, domestic violence, national origin, and  
11 physical and mental disabilities.

12 (5) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved law  
13 enforcement training schools.

14 (6) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement  
15 officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before  
16 being eligible for continued or permanent employment.

17 (7) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement  
18 officers appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete  
19 in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent  
20 appointment.

21 (8) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement  
22 officers appointed on a permanent basis shall complete in order  
23 to be eligible for continued employment.

24 (9) Minimum basic training requirements for each person  
25 accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or  
26 academy that include six (6) hours of training in interacting with:

27 (A) persons with autism, mental illness, addictive disorders,  
28 intellectual disabilities, and developmental disabilities;

29 (B) missing endangered adults (as defined in IC 12-7-2-131.3);  
30 and

31 (C) persons with Alzheimer's disease or related senile  
32 dementia;

33 to be provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and  
34 social services and the board. The training must include an  
35 overview of the crisis intervention teams.

36 (10) Minimum standards for a course of study on human and  
37 sexual trafficking that must be required for each person accepted  
38 for training at a law enforcement training school or academy and  
39 for inservice training programs for law enforcement officers. The  
40 course must cover the following topics:

41 (A) Examination of the human and sexual trafficking laws (IC  
42 35-42-3.5).



- 1 (B) Identification of human and sexual trafficking.  
 2 (C) Communicating with traumatized persons.  
 3 (D) Therapeutically appropriate investigative techniques.  
 4 (E) Collaboration with federal law enforcement officials.  
 5 (F) Rights of and protections afforded to victims.  
 6 (G) Providing documentation that satisfies the Declaration of  
 7 Law Enforcement Officer for Victim of Trafficking in Persons  
 8 (Form I-914, Supplement B) requirements established under  
 9 federal law.  
 10 (H) The availability of community resources to assist human  
 11 and sexual trafficking victims.
- 12 (b) A law enforcement officer appointed after July 5, 1972, and  
 13 before July 1, 1993, may not enforce the laws or ordinances of the state  
 14 or any political subdivision unless the officer has, within one (1) year  
 15 from the date of appointment, successfully completed the minimum  
 16 basic training requirements established under this chapter by the board.  
 17 If a person fails to successfully complete the basic training  
 18 requirements within one (1) year from the date of employment, the  
 19 officer may not perform any of the duties of a law enforcement officer  
 20 involving control or direction of members of the public or exercising  
 21 the power of arrest until the officer has successfully completed the  
 22 training requirements. This subsection does not apply to any law  
 23 enforcement officer appointed before July 6, 1972, or after June 30,  
 24 1993.
- 25 (c) Military leave or other authorized leave of absence from law  
 26 enforcement duty during the first year of employment after July 6,  
 27 1972, shall toll the running of the first year, which shall be calculated  
 28 by the aggregate of the time before and after the leave, for the purposes  
 29 of this chapter.
- 30 (d) Except as provided in subsections (e), (m), (t), and (u), a law  
 31 enforcement officer appointed to a law enforcement department or  
 32 agency after June 30, 1993, may not:
- 33 (1) make an arrest;  
 34 (2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or  
 35 (3) carry a firearm;
- 36 unless the law enforcement officer successfully completes, at a board  
 37 certified law enforcement academy or at a law enforcement training  
 38 center under section 10.5 or 15.2 of this chapter, the basic training  
 39 requirements established by the board under this chapter.
- 40 (e) This subsection does not apply to:  
 41 (1) a gaming agent employed as a law enforcement officer by the  
 42 Indiana gaming commission; or



1 (2) an:

2 (A) attorney; or

3 (B) investigator;

4 designated by the securities commissioner as a police officer of  
5 the state under IC 23-19-6-1(k).

6 Before a law enforcement officer appointed after June 30, 1993,  
7 completes the basic training requirements, the law enforcement officer  
8 may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if the  
9 officer successfully completes the pre-basic course established in  
10 subsection (f). Successful completion of the pre-basic course authorizes  
11 a law enforcement officer to exercise the police powers described in  
12 subsection (d) for one (1) year after the date the law enforcement  
13 officer is appointed.

14 (f) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a  
15 pre-basic course for the purpose of training:

16 (1) law enforcement officers;

17 (2) police reserve officers (as described in IC 36-8-3-20); and

18 (3) conservation reserve officers (as described in IC 14-9-8-27);

19 regarding the subjects of arrest, search and seizure, the lawful use of  
20 force, interacting with individuals with autism, and the operation of an  
21 emergency vehicle. The pre-basic course must be offered on a periodic  
22 basis throughout the year at regional sites statewide. The pre-basic  
23 course must consist of at least forty (40) hours of course work. The  
24 board may prepare the classroom part of the pre-basic course using  
25 available technology in conjunction with live instruction. The board  
26 shall provide the course material, the instructors, and the facilities at  
27 the regional sites throughout the state that are used for the pre-basic  
28 course. In addition, the board may certify pre-basic courses that may be  
29 conducted by other public or private training entities, including  
30 postsecondary educational institutions.

31 (g) Subject to subsection (h), the board shall adopt rules under  
32 IC 4-22-2 to establish a mandatory inservice training program for  
33 police officers and police reserve officers (as described in  
34 IC 36-8-3-20). After June 30, 1993, a law enforcement officer who has  
35 satisfactorily completed basic training and has been appointed to a law  
36 enforcement department or agency on either a full-time or part-time  
37 basis is not eligible for continued employment unless the officer  
38 satisfactorily completes the mandatory inservice training requirements  
39 established by rules adopted by the board. Inservice training must  
40 include training in interacting with persons with mental illness,  
41 addictive disorders, intellectual disabilities, autism, developmental  
42 disabilities, and Alzheimer's disease or related senile dementia, to be



1 provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and social  
2 services and the board, and training concerning human and sexual  
3 trafficking and high risk missing persons (as defined in IC 5-2-17-1).  
4 The board may approve courses offered by other public or private  
5 training entities, including postsecondary educational institutions, as  
6 necessary in order to ensure the availability of an adequate number of  
7 inservice training programs. The board may waive an officer's inservice  
8 training requirements if the board determines that the officer's reason  
9 for lacking the required amount of inservice training hours is due to  
10 either an emergency situation or the unavailability of courses.

11 (h) This subsection applies only to a mandatory inservice training  
12 program under subsection (g). Notwithstanding subsection (g), the  
13 board may, without adopting rules under IC 4-22-2, modify the course  
14 work of a training subject matter, modify the number of hours of  
15 training required within a particular subject matter, or add a new  
16 subject matter, if the board satisfies the following requirements:

17 (1) The board must conduct at least two (2) public meetings on  
18 the proposed modification or addition.

19 (2) After approving the modification or addition at a public  
20 meeting, the board must post notice of the modification or  
21 addition on the Indiana law enforcement academy's Internet web  
22 site at least thirty (30) days before the modification or addition  
23 takes effect.

24 If the board does not satisfy the requirements of this subsection, the  
25 modification or addition is void. This subsection does not authorize the  
26 board to eliminate any inservice training subject matter required under  
27 subsection (g).

28 (i) The board shall also adopt rules establishing a town marshal  
29 basic training program, subject to the following:

30 (1) The program must require fewer hours of instruction and class  
31 attendance and fewer courses of study than are required for the  
32 mandated basic training program.

33 (2) Certain parts of the course materials may be studied by a  
34 candidate at the candidate's home in order to fulfill requirements  
35 of the program.

36 (3) Law enforcement officers successfully completing the  
37 requirements of the program are eligible for appointment only in  
38 towns employing the town marshal system (IC 36-5-7) and having  
39 not more than one (1) marshal and two (2) deputies.

40 (4) The limitation imposed by subdivision (3) does not apply to an  
41 officer who has successfully completed the mandated basic  
42 training program.



- 1 (5) The time limitations imposed by subsections (b) and (c) for  
 2 completing the training are also applicable to the town marshal  
 3 basic training program.
- 4 (6) The program must require training in interacting with  
 5 individuals with autism.
- 6 (j) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish an  
 7 executive training program. The executive training program must  
 8 include training in the following areas:
- 9 (1) Liability.  
 10 (2) Media relations.  
 11 (3) Accounting and administration.  
 12 (4) Discipline.  
 13 (5) Department policy making.  
 14 (6) Lawful use of force.  
 15 (7) Department programs.  
 16 (8) Emergency vehicle operation.  
 17 (9) Cultural diversity.
- 18 (k) A police chief shall apply for admission to the executive training  
 19 program within two (2) months of the date the police chief initially  
 20 takes office. A police chief must successfully complete the executive  
 21 training program within six (6) months of the date the police chief  
 22 initially takes office. However, if space in the executive training  
 23 program is not available at a time that will allow completion of the  
 24 executive training program within six (6) months of the date the police  
 25 chief initially takes office, the police chief must successfully complete  
 26 the next available executive training program that is offered after the  
 27 police chief initially takes office.
- 28 (l) A police chief who fails to comply with subsection (k) may not  
 29 continue to serve as the police chief until completion of the executive  
 30 training program. For the purposes of this subsection and subsection  
 31 (k), "police chief" refers to:
- 32 (1) the police chief of any city;  
 33 (2) the police chief of any town having a metropolitan police  
 34 department; and  
 35 (3) the chief of a consolidated law enforcement department  
 36 established under IC 36-3-1-5.1.
- 37 A town marshal is not considered to be a police chief for these  
 38 purposes, but a town marshal may enroll in the executive training  
 39 program.
- 40 (m) A fire investigator in the division of fire and building safety  
 41 appointed after December 31, 1993, is required to comply with the  
 42 basic training standards established under this chapter.



1 (n) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a  
2 program to certify handgun safety courses, including courses offered  
3 in the private sector, that meet standards approved by the board for  
4 training probation officers in handgun safety as required by  
5 IC 11-13-1-3.5(3).

6 (o) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a  
7 refresher course for an officer who:

8 (1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency  
9 as a law enforcement officer;

10 (2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for:

11 (A) at least two (2) years; and

12 (B) less than six (6) years before the officer is hired under  
13 subdivision (1); and

14 (3) completed at any time a basic training course certified or  
15 recognized by the board before the officer is hired under  
16 subdivision (1).

17 (p) An officer to whom subsection (o) applies must successfully  
18 complete the refresher course described in subsection (o) not later than  
19 six (6) months after the officer's date of hire, or the officer loses the  
20 officer's powers of:

21 (1) arrest;

22 (2) search; and

23 (3) seizure.

24 (q) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a  
25 refresher course for an officer who:

26 (1) is appointed by an Indiana law enforcement department or  
27 agency as a reserve police officer; and

28 (2) has not worked as a reserve police officer for at least two (2)  
29 years after:

30 (A) completing the pre-basic course; or

31 (B) leaving the individual's last appointment as a reserve  
32 police officer.

33 An officer to whom this subsection applies must successfully complete  
34 the refresher course established by the board in order to work as a  
35 reserve police officer.

36 (r) This subsection applies to an individual who, at the time the  
37 individual completes a board certified or recognized basic training  
38 course, has not been appointed as a law enforcement officer by an  
39 Indiana law enforcement department or agency. If the individual is not  
40 employed as a law enforcement officer for at least two (2) years after  
41 completing the basic training course, the individual must successfully  
42 retake and complete the basic training course as set forth in subsection





- 1 (d).
- 2 (s) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
- 3 refresher course for an individual who:
- 4 (1) is appointed as a board certified instructor of law enforcement
- 5 training; and
- 6 (2) has not provided law enforcement training instruction for
- 7 more than one (1) year after the date the individual's instructor
- 8 certification expired.
- 9 An individual to whom this subsection applies must successfully
- 10 complete the refresher course established by the board in order to
- 11 renew the individual's instructor certification.
- 12 (t) This subsection applies only to a gaming agent employed as a
- 13 law enforcement officer by the Indiana gaming commission. A gaming
- 14 agent appointed after June 30, 2005, may exercise the police powers
- 15 described in subsection (d) if:
- 16 (1) the agent successfully completes the pre-basic course
- 17 established in subsection (f); and
- 18 (2) the agent successfully completes any other training courses
- 19 established by the Indiana gaming commission in conjunction
- 20 with the board.
- 21 (u) This subsection applies only to a securities enforcement officer
- 22 designated as a law enforcement officer by the securities
- 23 commissioner. A securities enforcement officer may exercise the police
- 24 powers described in subsection (d) if:
- 25 (1) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes the
- 26 pre-basic course established in subsection (f); and
- 27 (2) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes any
- 28 other training courses established by the securities commissioner
- 29 in conjunction with the board.
- 30 (v) As used in this section, "upper level policymaking position"
- 31 refers to the following:
- 32 (1) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
- 33 system is not more than ten (10) members, the term refers to the
- 34 position held by the police chief or town marshal.
- 35 (2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
- 36 system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51)
- 37 members, the term refers to:
- 38 (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and
- 39 (B) each position held by the members of the police
- 40 department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay
- 41 grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal.
- 42 (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal



1 system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to:

2 (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and

3 (B) each position held by the members of the police  
4 department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks  
5 and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town  
6 marshal.

7 (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer  
8 employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer  
9 may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if:

10 (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course  
11 described in subsection (f); and

12 (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses  
13 established by the department of correction in conjunction with  
14 the board.

15 **(x) This subsection applies to the following:**

16 **(1) The minimum basic training program required under**  
17 **subsection (d).**

18 **(2) The mandatory inservice training program required under**  
19 **subsection (g).**

20 **(3) The town marshal basic training program required under**  
21 **subsection (i).**

22 **(4) The police chief executive training program required**  
23 **under subsection (k).**

24 **(5) Any other training program for which the board adopts**  
25 **standards.**

26 **After December 31, 2021, the standards adopted by the board for**  
27 **each program described in this subsection must include**  
28 **requirements for mandatory training in identifying, responding to,**  
29 **and reporting bias motivated crimes in which the person who**  
30 **committed the offense selected the victim who was injured or**  
31 **whose property was damaged or otherwise affected because of the**  
32 **actual or perceived race, color, creed, disability, national origin,**  
33 **religion, sexual orientation, gender, or gender identity of the**  
34 **victim.**

