# 

Reprinted March 3, 2020

## **ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 178**

DIGEST OF SB 178 (Updated March 2, 2020 3:21 pm - DI 75)

**Citations Affected:** IC 3-5; IC 3-8; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-11.5; IC 3-11.7; IC 3-12; IC 3-13; IC 3-14; IC 4-6; IC 20-46.

Synopsis: Various election matters. Requires the election division instead of the Indiana election commission to prescribe a uniform generic seal for use on certain ballots when the circuit court clerk is a candidate on the ballot. Provides that a candidate for the office of attorney general may not have been disbarred in Indiana or suspended from the practice of law in Indiana for at least 30 days without automatic reinstatement at any time during the period of five years before taking office. Provides that if the individual who holds the office of attorney general is disbarred in Indiana or suspended from the practice of law in a suspended in Indiana or suspended from the practice of attorney general is disbarred in Indiana or suspended from the practice of law in Indiana for at least 30 days, the individual forfeits the office and a vacancy in the office exists. Requires certification by the county chairman of a candidate in a political party primary or town (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2020; January 1, 2021.

# Walker, Ford Jon, Crane, Grooms

(HOUSE SPONSORS - WESCO, MANNING)

January 6, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections. January 27, 2020, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass. January 30, 2020, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.

February 3, 2020, read third time, passed. Yeas 47, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION February 10, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and

Apportionment. February 17, 2020, amended, reported — Do Pass. Referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures pursuant to Rule 84. February 27, 2020, amended, reported — Do Pass. March 2, 2020, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



### Digest Continued

convention if the candidate cast a nonpartisan ballot at the most recent primary election in which the candidate voted beginning in January, 2021. Updates municipal primary dates. Prohibits the printing of an independent or political party device on a ballot under specified circumstances. Specifies ballot placement of names when there are both at-large and district candidates. Specifies that language in a public question not contain beginning and ending quotation marks. Adds references to the Porter County election board. Adds references to instances in which an absentee ballot may be recast. Adds references to vote centers. Specifies a procedure for folding ballots when voting in front of an absentee voter board. Specifies a comparison of signature upon receipt of an absentee ballot and time frame. Sets forth a procedure if a county election board does not unanimously determine that an absentee ballot signature is genuine. States that the position of an absentee ballot counter or a provisional ballot counter is not a lucrative office for purposes of the state Constitution. Authorizes the secretary of state to establish a pilot program during the May, 2020 primary for testing of a voting system. Requires precinct returns to be sent to the director of the board of elections and registration if the counting location is outside the county. Allows a member of the Indiana election commission to appoint a proxy, and specifies the process and limitations. Adds a Level 6 felony for inducing or procuring another person to vote or refrain from voting for or against a candidate or public question at: (1) a caucus; or (2) the appointment of a candidate by a political party chairman or central committee officer; by giving, offering, or promising a person money or other property. Changes certification of a question on a referendum from 60 days to 74 days. Repeals language concerning absentee ballots (moving some language to central voting statutes) and repeals certain absentee voter boards.



Reprinted March 3, 2020

#### Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 178

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 3-5-4-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. (a) This section applies whenever the individual who holds the office of circuit court clerk is a candidate on the ballot for any office.

(b) As used in this section, "ballot" refers to an absentee ballot, a ballot card, or any other form of ballot.

(c) Notwithstanding any law requiring the name or signature of the circuit court clerk to appear on a ballot for authentication or any other purpose, the name or signature of the individual who is circuit court clerk may not appear on the ballot except to indicate that the individual is a candidate for an office.

(d) The circuit court clerk shall substitute a uniform device or symbol prescribed by the commission election division for the circuit court clerk's printed name or signature to authenticate a ballot.

(e) A device or symbol approved by the commission under this
 section before January 1, 2020, is considered to be approved by the

ES 178-LS 6612/DI 104



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

1	election division without any further action by the election division
2 3	being required. SECTION 2. IC 3-8-1-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. A candidate for the office
5	of attorney general must satisfy all of the following:
6	(1) <b>The candidate must</b> have resided in Indiana for at least two
7	(1) The calibrate must have resided in indiana for at least two (2) years before the election. <del>and</del>
8	(2) <b>The candidate must</b> have been admitted to the practice of law
9	in Indiana for at least five (5) years upon taking office.
10	(3) The candidate may not have been:
11	(A) disbarred in Indiana; or
12	(B) suspended from the practice of law in Indiana for
13	thirty (30) or more days;
14	at any time during the period of five (5) years before taking
15	office.
16	SECTION 3. IC 3-8-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.74-2017,
17	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 7. (a) The declaration of each candidate
19	required by this chapter must be signed before a person authorized to
20	administer oaths and contain the following information:
21	(1) The candidate's name, printed or typewritten as:
22	(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the
23	ballot; and
24	(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot
25	under IC 3-5-7.
26	(2) A statement that the candidate is a registered voter and the
27	location of the candidate's precinct and township (or ward, if
28	applicable, and city or town), county, and state.
29	(3) The candidate's complete residence address, and if the
30	candidate's mailing address is different from the residence
31	address, the mailing address.
32	(4) A statement of the candidate's party affiliation. For purposes
33	of this subdivision, a candidate is considered to be affiliated with
34	a political party only if any of the following applies:
35	(A) The most recent primary election in Indiana in which the
36 37	candidate voted was a primary election held by the party with
37 38	which the candidate claims affiliation. If the candidate cast
38 39	a nonpartisan ballot at an election held at the most recent primary election in which the candidate voted, a
39 40	certification by the county chairman under clause (B) is
40 41	required.
42	(B) The county chairman of:
. 2	



1 (i) the political party with which the candidate claims 2 affiliation; and 3 (ii) the county in which the candidate resides; 4 certifies that the candidate is a member of the political party. 5 The declaration of candidacy must inform candidates how party 6 affiliation is determined under this subdivision and permit the 7 candidate to indicate on the declaration of candidacy which of 8 clauses (A) or (B) applies to the candidate. If a candidate claims 9 party affiliation under clause (B), the candidate must attach to the 10 candidate's declaration of candidacy the written certification of 11 the county chairman required by clause (B). 12 (5) A statement that the candidate complies with all requirements 13 under the laws of Indiana to be a candidate for the above named 14 office, including any applicable residency requirements, and that 15 the candidate is not ineligible to be a candidate due to a criminal 16 conviction that would prohibit the candidate from serving in the 17 office. 18 (6) A request that the candidate's name be placed on the official 19 primary ballot of that party to be voted on, the office for which the 20candidate is declaring, and the date of the primary election. 21 (7) The following statements: 22 (A) A statement that the candidate has attached either of the 23 following to the declaration: 24 (i) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped 25 by the office required to receive the statement of economic 26 interests. 27 (ii) A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a 28 statement of economic interests has been filed. 29 This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal 30 office. 31 (B) A statement that the candidate understands that if the 32 candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be 33 required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before 34 serving in the office. This requirement does not apply to a 35 candidate for a federal office or legislative office. 36 (C) A statement that the candidate understands that if the 37 candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be 38 required to successfully complete training or have attained 39 certification related to service in an elected office. This 40 requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office, 41 state office, or legislative office. 42

(D) A statement that the candidate:



1	(i) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign
2	finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and
$\frac{2}{3}$	expenditures; and
4	(ii) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.
5	This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal
6	office.
7	The candidate must separately initial each of the statements
8	required by this subdivision.
9	(8) A statement as to whether the candidate has been a candidate
10	for state, legislative, or local office in a previous primary,
11	municipal, special, or general election and whether the candidate
12	has filed all reports required by IC 3-9-5-10 for all previous
13	candidacies.
14	(9) If the candidate is subject to IC 3-9-1-5, a statement that the
15	candidate has filed a campaign finance statement of organization
16	for the candidate's principal committee or is aware that the
17	candidate may be required to file a campaign finance statement of
18	organization not later than noon seven (7) days after the final date
19	to file the declaration of candidacy under section 4 of this chapter.
20	(10) The candidate's signature.
21	(b) The election division shall provide that the form of a declaration
22	of candidacy includes the following information:
23	(1) The dates for filing campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.
24	(2) The penalties for late filing of campaign finance reports under
25	IC 3-9.
26	(c) A declaration of candidacy must include a statement that the
27	candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record
28	be the same as the name the candidate uses on the declaration of
29	candidacy. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's
30	declaration of candidacy and the name on the candidate's voter
31	registration record, the officer with whom the declaration of candidacy
32	is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of
33	the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter
34	registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on
35	the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on
36	the candidate's declaration of candidacy.
37	SECTION 4. IC 3-8-5-10.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
38	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 10.5. (a) A person who desires to be
40	nominated for a town office by a major political party must file a
41	declaration of candidacy with the circuit court clerk of the county
42	containing the greatest percentage of population of the town.



1	(b) A declaration of candidacy must be filed:
2	(1) not earlier than the first date that a declaration of candidacy
$\frac{2}{3}$	for a primary election may be filed under IC 3-8-2-4; and
4	(2) not later than:
5	(A) noon August 1 before a municipal election if the town
6	nominates its candidates by convention; and
7	(B) the date that a declaration of candidacy must be filed under
8	IC 3-8-2-4 if the town nominates its candidates by a primary
9	election.
10	(c) The declaration must be subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed)
11	before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths.
12	(d) The declaration of each candidate required by this section must
12	certify the following information:
13	(1) The candidate's name, printed or typewritten as:
15	(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the
16	ballot; and
17	(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot
18	under IC 3-5-7.
19	(2) That the candidate is a registered voter and the location of the
20	candidate's precinct and township (or the ward, if applicable, and
20	town), county, and state.
22	(3) The candidate's complete residence address and the
23	candidate's mailing address if the mailing address is different
23	from the residence address.
25	(4) The majority party candidate's party affiliation and the office
26	to which the candidate seeks nomination, including the district
20 27	designation if the candidate is seeking a town legislative body
28	seat. For purposes of this subdivision, a candidate is considered
29	to be affiliated with a political party only if one (1) of the
30	following applies:
31	(A) The most recent primary election in Indiana in which the
32	candidate voted was a primary election held by the party with
33	which the candidate claims affiliation. If the candidate cast
34	a nonpartisan ballot at an election held at the most recent
35	primary election in which the candidate voted, a
36	certification by the county chairman under clause (B) is
37	required.
38	(B) The county chairman of:
39	(i) the political party with which the candidate claims
40	affiliation; and
41	(ii) the county in which the candidate resides;
42	certifies in writing that the candidate is a member of the
	č



5

1	political party.
2	The declaration of candidacy must inform a candidate how party
3	affiliation is determined under this subdivision and permit the
4	candidate to indicate on the declaration of candidacy whether
5	clause (A) or (B) applies to the candidate. If a candidate claims
6	party affiliation under clause (B), the candidate must attach to the
7	candidate's declaration of candidacy the written certification of
8	the county chairman required by clause (B).
9	(5) That the candidate complies with all requirements under the
10	laws of Indiana to be a candidate for the above named office,
11	including any applicable residency requirements, and is not
12	ineligible to be a candidate due to a criminal conviction that
13	would prohibit the candidate from serving in the office.
14	(6) That the candidate has attached either of the following to the
15	declaration:
16	(A) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped
17	by the office required to receive the statement of economic
18	interests.
19	(B) A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a
20	statement of economic interests has been filed.
21	(7) That the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected
22	to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an
23	individual surety bond before serving in the office.
24	(8) That the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected
25	to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully
26	complete training or have attained certification related to service
27	in an elected office.
28	(9) That the candidate:
29	(A) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign
30	finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and
31	expenditures; and
32	(B) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.
33	(10) A statement indicating whether or not the candidate:
34	(A) has been a candidate for state, legislative, local, or school
35	board office in a previous primary, municipal, special, or
36	general election; and
37	(B) has filed all reports required by IC 3-9-5-10 for all
38	previous candidacies.
39	(11) The candidate's signature.
40	(e) This subsection does not apply to a town whose municipal
41	election is to be conducted by a county. Immediately after the deadline
42	for filing, the circuit court clerk shall do all of the following:



1 (1) Certify to the town clerk-treasurer and release to the public a 2 list of the candidates of each political party for each office. The 3 list shall indicate any candidates of a political party nominated for 4 an office under this chapter because of the failure of any other 5 candidates of that political party to file a declaration of candidacy 6 for that office. 7 (2) Post a copy of the list in a prominent place in the circuit court 8 clerk's office. 9 (3) File a copy of each declaration of candidacy with the town 10 clerk-treasurer. 11 (f) A person who files a declaration of candidacy for an elected office for which a per diem or salary is provided for by law is 12 13 disgualified from filing a declaration of candidacy for another office for 14 which a per diem or salary is provided for by law until the original 15 declaration is withdrawn. 16 (g) A person who files a declaration of candidacy for an elected 17 office may not file a declaration of candidacy for that office in the same 18 year as a member of a different political party until the original 19 declaration is withdrawn. 20 (h) A person who files a declaration of candidacy under this section 21 may file a written notice withdrawing the person's declaration of 22 candidacy in the same manner as the original declaration was filed, if 23 the notice of withdrawal is filed not later than: 24 (1) noon August 1 before the municipal election if the town 25 nominates its candidates by convention; and 26 (2) the date that a declaration of candidacy may be withdrawn 27 under IC 3-8-2-20 if the town nominates its candidates in a 28 primary election. 29 (i) A declaration of candidacy must include a statement that the 30 candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record 31 be the same as the name the candidate uses on the declaration of 32 candidacy. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's 33 declaration of candidacy and the name on the candidate's voter 34 registration record, the officer with whom the declaration of candidacy 35 is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter 36 37 registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on 38 the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on 39 the candidate's declaration of candidacy. 40 SECTION 5. IC 3-8-7-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 41 SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 42

UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies to a state



1	convention conducted by a political party described by IC 3-8-4-1.
2	(b) The state chairman and state secretary of the political party
3	holding the state convention shall certify each candidate nominated at
4	the convention to the secretary of state not later than noon July 15
5	before the general election.
6	(c) The certificate must be in writing and state the following:
7	(1) The name of each candidate nominated as:
8	(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the
9	ballot; and
10	(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot
11	under IC 3-5-7.
12	(2) Each candidate's residence address.
13	(3) Whether each candidate nominated by the convention has
14	complied with IC 3-9-1-5 by filing a campaign finance statement
15	of organization.
16	(4) The following statements:
17	(A) A statement that the candidate satisfies all the
18	qualifications for the office the candidate is seeking under
19	Indiana law.
20	(A) (B) A statement that the candidate has attached either of
21	the following to the certificate:
22	(i) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped
23	by the office required to receive the statement of economic
24	interests.
25	(ii) A receipt, photocopy of a receipt, or electronic mail from
26	the office of the inspector general or judicial qualifications
27	commission, showing that a statement of economic interests
28	has been filed.
29	This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal
30	office.
31	(B) (C) A statement that the candidate understands that if the
32	candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be
33	required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before
34	serving in the office. This requirement does not apply to a
35	candidate for a federal office or legislative office.
36	(C) (D) A statement that the candidate understands that if the
37	candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be
38	required to successfully complete training or have attained
39	certification related to service in an elected office. This
40	requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office,
41	state office, or legislative office.
42	(D) (E) A statement that the candidate:



1 (i) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign 2 finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and 3 expenditures; and 4 (ii) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9. 5 This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal 6 office. 7 The candidate must separately initial each of the statements 8 required by this subdivision. (d) The election division shall prescribe the form of the certificate 9 10 of nomination for the offices. The election division shall provide that the form of the certificate of nomination include the following 11 12 information: 13 (1) The dates for filing campaign finance reports under IC 3-9. 14 (2) The penalties for late filing of campaign finance reports under 15 IC 3-9. 16 (e) A certificate of nomination must include a statement that the 17 candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record 18 be the same as the name the candidate uses on the certificate of 19 nomination. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's 20 certificate of nomination and the name on the candidate's voter 21 registration record, the officer with whom the certificate of nomination 22 is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of 23 the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter 24 registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on 25 the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on 26 the candidate's certificate of nomination. 27 (f) The certificate of nomination must be signed by the state 28 chairman and state secretary of the political party holding the 29 convention, and set forth the name and residence of the chairman and 30 secretary. The chairman and secretary shall acknowledge the certificate 31 before an individual authorized to administer oaths under IC 33-42-9. 32 The signed acknowledgment must be included in the certificate of 33 nomination executed under this section. 34 SECTION 6. IC 3-10-6-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 35 SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 36 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) Notwithstanding section 5 of this chapter, 37 a town that adopted an ordinance under IC 18-3-1-16(b) (before its 38 repeal on September 1, 1981), P.L.13-1982, SECTION 3 (before its 39 expiration on January 1, 1988), or section 2.5 of this chapter shall: 40 (1) at the general election in November 2022 and every four (4) 41 years thereafter; and 42 (2) at the municipal election in November 2019 2023 and every



1 four (4) years thereafter; 2 elect town council members for terms of four (4) years to those offices 3 whose terms expire at noon January 1 following the election, as 4 provided in IC 36-5-2-3. The election shall be conducted under this 5 chapter. 6 (b) Notwithstanding section 5 of this chapter, a town that adopted 7 an ordinance under section 2.6 of this chapter shall: 8 (1) at the general election in November 2020 and every four (4) 9 years thereafter; and 10 (2) at the general election in November 2022 and every four (4) years thereafter; 11 elect town council members for terms of four (4) years to those offices 12 13 whose terms expire at noon January 1 of the following year. The 14 election shall be conducted under this chapter. 15 (c) Notwithstanding section 5 of this chapter, a town that adopted an ordinance under section 2.6 of this chapter shall, at the general 16 17 election in November 2020 and every four (4) years thereafter, elect a 18 town clerk-treasurer and town court judge (if a town court has been 19 established under IC 33-35-1-1) to those offices whose terms expire at 20 noon January 1 of the following year. The election shall be conducted 21 under this chapter. 22 SECTION 7. IC 3-11-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 9. (a) The device of each political 23 24 party or independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter shall 25 be: 26 (1) enclosed in a circle not less than three-fourths (3/4) of an inch 27 in diameter: and 28 (2) placed under the name of the party or independent ticket, as 29 required by section 10 of this chapter. 30 (b) A device of a political party or independent ticket must not 31 be printed on a ballot if there are no candidates of that political 32 party. 33 SECTION 8. IC 3-11-2-12.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.74-2017, 34 SECTION 46, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 35 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12.2. (a) Whenever candidates are to be 36 elected to an office that includes more than one (1) district, the districts 37 shall be placed on the ballot in alphabetical or numerical order, 38 according to the designation given to the district. 39 (b) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a school board office 40 that includes both an at-large member and a member representing a 41

district, the candidates seeking election as a member representing a 42 district shall be placed on the ballot before candidates seeking election

1 as an at-large member.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

31

32

33

34

40

41

42

SECTION 9. IC 3-11-2-12.4, AS ADDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 12.4. (a) This section applies whenever more than one (1) candidate may be elected to an office.

(b) The office shall be placed on the general election ballot after the offices described in section 12 of this chapter and before the offices described in section 12.9 of this chapter.

(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a county council, city common council, or town council that includes both an at-large member and a member representing a district, the candidates seeking election as a member representing a district shall be placed on the ballot after candidates seeking election as an at-large member.

(c) (d) The ballot shall contain a statement reading substantially as
follows above the name of the first candidate: "To vote for any
candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each
candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as
a vote for any candidate for this office.".

SECTION 10. IC 3-11-2-12.9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016,
SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12.9. (a) School board offices to be elected at
the general election shall be placed on the general election ballot after
the offices described in section 12.4 of this chapter with each candidate
for the office designated as "nonpartisan".

(b) If the ballot contains a candidate for a school board office, the
ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows:
"To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark on or in the
square to the left of the candidate's name.".
(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a school board

(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a school board office that includes both an at-large member and a member representing a district, the candidates seeking election as a member representing a district shall be placed on the ballot after candidates seeking election as an at-large member.

35 SECTION 11. IC 3-11-2-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) A public
37 question shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following
38 form:
39 (The explanatory text for the public question,

if required by law)

"Shall (insert public question)?"

[] YES



[] NO

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

(b) In addition to any other explanatory text required by law, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows:"To vote on this public question, make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the word "YES" or "NO".".

(c) Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, the commission, the election division, or a county election board may not authorize the printing or use of ballots that contain language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.

(d) A public question printed on a ballot shall be set forth without any quotation marks preceding or following the text of the public question.

SECTION 12. IC 3-11-4-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2010, 14 15 SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A voter who is otherwise qualified to 16 17 vote in person is entitled to vote by absentee ballot. Except as 18 otherwise provided in this article, a voter voting by absentee ballot 19 must vote in the office of the circuit court clerk (or board of elections 20 and registration in a county subject to IC 3-6-5.2 or IC 3-6-5.6) or at 21 a satellite office established under IC 3-11-10-26.3.

(b) A county election board, by unanimous vote of its entire
membership, may authorize a person who is otherwise qualified to vote
in person to vote by absentee ballot if the board determines that the
person has been hospitalized or suffered an injury following the final
date and hour for applying for an absentee ballot that would prevent the
person from voting in person at the polls.

(c) The commission, by unanimous vote of its entire membership, may authorize a person who is otherwise qualified to vote in person to vote by absentee ballot if the commission determines that an emergency prevents the person from voting in person at a polling place.

(d) The absentee ballots used in subsection (b) or (c) must be the same official absentee ballots as described in section 12.5 of this chapter. Taking into consideration the amount of time remaining before the election, the commission shall determine whether the absentee ballots are transmitted to and from the voter by mail or personally delivered. An absentee ballot that is personally delivered shall comply with the requirements in sections 19, 20, and 21 of this chapter.

39 SECTION 13. IC 3-11-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.283-2019,
40 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) and
42 section 6 of this chapter, an application for an absentee ballot must be



1	received by the circuit court clerk (or, in a county subject to IC 3-6-5.2
2	or IC 3-6-5.6, the director of the board of elections and registration)
3	not earlier than the date the registration period resumes under
4	IC 3-7-13-10 nor later than the following:
5	(1) Noon on election day if the voter registers to vote under
6	IC 3-7-36-14.
7	(2) Noon on the day before election day if the voter:
8	(A) completes the application in the office of the circuit court
9	clerk under IC 3-11-10-26; or
10	(B) is an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter
11	who requests that the ballot be transmitted by electronic mail
12	or fax under section 6(h) of this chapter.
13	(3) Noon on the day before election day if:
14	(A) the application is a mailed, transmitted by electronic mail
15	or fax, or hand delivered application from a confined voter or
16	voter caring for a confined person; and
17	(B) the applicant requests that the absentee ballots be
18	delivered to the applicant by an absentee voter board under
19	IC 3-11-10-25.
20	(4) 11:59 p.m. twelve (12) days before election day if the
21	application is:
22	(A) a mailed application;
23	(B) transmitted by electronic mail;
24	(C) transmitted by fax; or
25	(D) hand delivered;
26	from other voters who request to vote by mail under
27	IC 3-11-10-24.
28	(b) An application for an absentee ballot received by the election
29	division by the time and date specified by subsection $(a)(2)(B), (a)(3),$
30	or (a)(4) is considered to have been timely received for purposes of
31	processing by the county. The election division shall immediately
32	transmit the application to the circuit court clerk, or the director of the
33	board of elections and registration, of the county where the applicant
34	resides. The election division is not required to complete or file the
35	affidavit required under section 2(h) of this chapter whenever the
36	election division transmits an application under this subsection.
37	(c) This subsection applies to every election held after December
38	<del>31, 2019.</del> An application for an absentee ballot for the election may not
39	be received by the circuit court clerk (or, in a county subject to
40	IC 3-6-5.2 or IC 3-6-5.6, the director of the board of elections and
41	registration) earlier than December 1 of the year before the election.
42	SECTION 14. IC 3-11-4-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2010,



SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. The absentee ballots that are prepared and
 printed under the direction of a county election board shall be delivered
 to the circuit court clerk (or the board acting under IC 3-6-5.2 or
 IC 3-6-5.6) at least fifty (50) days before a general, primary, special,
 or municipal election.

SECTION 15. IC 3-11-10-4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
PASSAGE]. Sec. 4. (a) Upon receipt of an absentee ballot, a county
election board (or the absentee voter board in the office of the eircuit
court clerk) shall immediately examine the signature of the absentee
voter to determine its genuineness.

(b) This subsection does not apply to an absentee ballot east by a voter permitted to transmit the voter's absentee ballots by fax or electronic mail under IC 3-11-4-6. The board shall compare the signature as it appears upon the envelope containing the absentee ballot with the signature of the voter as it appears upon the application for the absentee ballot. The board may also compare the signature on the ballot envelope with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter.

(c) This subsection applies to an absentee ballot east by a voter permitted to transmit the voter's absentee ballots by fax or electronic mail under IC 3-11-4-6. The board shall compare the signature as it appears on the affidavit transmitted with the voter's absentee ballot to the voter's signature as it appears on the application for the absentee ballot. The board may also compare the signature on the affidavit with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter.

SECTION 16. IC 3-11-10-4.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 4.5. (a) Upon receipt of an absentee ballot from a voter required to provide additional information to the county voter registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5, the county election board shall contact the county voter registration office to determine if the additional information has been filed with the office by the voter.

(b) If the voter has filed the information with the county voter registration office, the county election board shall add a notation to the application indicating that the required information has been filed and that the absentee ballot may be counted if the ballot otherwise complies with this article.

(c) If the voter has not filed the information with the county voter registration office, the county election board shall add a notation on the application filed by a voter described under subsection (b) and on the envelope provided under this chapter reading substantially as follows: "INSPECTOR: AS OF (insert date absentee ballot application approved) THIS VOTER WAS REQUIRED TO FILE

ES 178-LS 6612/DI 104



26

27

28

29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

1 ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION WITH THE COUNTY 2 **VOTER REGISTRATION OFFICE BEFORE THIS BALLOT** 3 MAY BE COUNTED. CHECK THE POLL LIST AND 4 COUNTY ELECTION BOARD CERTIFICATION TO SEE IF 5 THE VOTER HAS FILED THIS INFORMATION. IF NOT, 6 PROCESS AS A PROVISIONAL BALLOT IF THIS BALLOT 7 OTHERWISE COMPLIES WITH INDIANA LAW.". 8 SECTION 17. IC 3-11-10-8.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.169-2015, 9 SECTION 118, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 10 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.5. (a) This section does not apply to an application for an absentee ballot from a voter: 11 12 (1) participating in the address confidentiality program under 13 IC 5-26.5-2; or 14 (2) requesting to cast an absentee ballot in the office of the circuit 15 court clerk, the office of the board of elections and registration, or 16 a satellite office. 17 (b) Before a voter's application for an absentee ballot is attached to 18 the ballot envelope, under section 5, 6, or 8 of this chapter, the 19 application must be scanned or otherwise copied for public inspection. 20 SECTION 18. IC 3-11-10-19 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 21 PASSAGE]. Sec. 19. If a circuit court clerk has signed an absentee 22 ballot and the ballot has been initialed as prescribed by IC 3-11-4-19, 23 no other initialing is required. 24 SECTION 19. IC 3-11-10-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 25 SECTION 94, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 26 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 24. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), 27 a voter who satisfies any of the following is entitled to vote by mail: 28 (1) The voter has a specific, reasonable expectation of being 29 absent from the county on election day during the entire twelve 30 (12) hours that the polls are open. 31 (2) The voter will be absent from the precinct of the voter's 32 residence on election day because of service as: 33 (A) a precinct election officer under IC 3-6-6; 34 (B) a watcher under IC 3-6-8, IC 3-6-9, or IC 3-6-10; (C) a challenger or pollbook holder under IC 3-6-7; or 35 (D) a person employed by an election board to administer the 36 37 election for which the absentee ballot is requested. 38 (3) The voter will be confined on election day to the voter's 39 residence, to a health care facility, or to a hospital because of an 40 illness or injury during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls 41 are open. 42 (4) The voter is a voter with disabilities.



1	(5) The voter is an elderly voter.
2	(6) The voter is prevented from voting due to the voter's care of
$\frac{1}{3}$	an individual confined to a private residence because of illness or
4	injury during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are open.
5	(7) The voter is scheduled to work at the person's regular place of
6	employment during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are
7	open.
8	(8) The voter is eligible to vote under IC 3-10-11 or IC 3-10-12.
9	(9) The voter is prevented from voting due to observance of a
10	religious discipline or religious holiday during the entire twelve
11	(12) hours that the polls are open.
12	(10) The voter is an address confidentiality program participant
13	(as defined in IC 5-26.5-1-6).
14	(11) The voter is a member of the military or public safety officer.
15	(12) The voter is a serious sex offender (as defined in
16	IC 35-42-4-14(a)).
17	(13) The voter is prevented from voting due to the unavailability
18	of transportation to the polls.
19	(b) A voter with disabilities who:
20	(1) is unable to make a voting mark on the ballot or sign the
21	absentee ballot secrecy envelope; and
22	(2) requests that the absentee ballot be delivered to an address
23	within Indiana;
24	must vote before an absentee voter board under section 25(b) of this
25	chapter.
26	(c) If a voter receives an absentee ballot by mail, the voter shall
27	personally mark the ballot in secret and seal the marked ballot inside
28	the envelope provided by the county election board for that purpose.
29	The voter shall:
30	(1) deposit the sealed envelope in the United States mail for
31	delivery to the county election board; or
32	(2) authorize a member of the voter's household or the individual
33	designated as the voter's attorney in fact to:
34	(A) deposit the sealed envelope in the United States mail; or
35	(B) deliver the sealed envelope in person to the county
36	election board.
37	(d) If a member of the voter's household or the voter's attorney in
38	fact delivers the sealed envelope containing a voter's absentee ballot to
39	the county election board, the individual delivering the ballot shall
40	complete an affidavit in a form prescribed by the election division. The
41	affidavit must contain the following information:
42	(1) The name and residence address of the voter whose absentee



1	ballot is being delivered.
2	(2) A statement of the full name, residence and mailing address,
2 3	and daytime and evening telephone numbers (if any) of the
4	individual delivering the absentee ballot.
5	(3) A statement indicating whether the individual delivering the
6	absentee ballot is a member of the voter's household or is the
7	attorney in fact for the voter. If the individual is the attorney in
8	fact for the voter, the individual must attach a copy of the power
9	of attorney for the voter, unless a copy of this document has
10	already been filed with the county election board.
11	(4) The date and location at which the absentee ballot was
12	delivered by the voter to the individual delivering the ballot to the
13	county election board.
14	(5) A statement that the individual delivering the absentee ballot
15	has complied with Indiana laws governing absentee ballots.
16	(6) A statement that the individual delivering the absentee ballot
17	is executing the affidavit under the penalties of perjury.
18	(7) A statement setting forth the penalties for perjury.
19	(e) The county election board shall record the date and time that the
20	affidavit under subsection (d) was filed with the board.
21	(f) After a voter has mailed or delivered an absentee ballot to the
22	office of the circuit court clerk, the voter may not recast a ballot, except
23	as provided in IC 3-11-4-17.7, IC 3-11.5-4-2, and IC 3-11.5-4-21.
24	SECTION 20. IC 3-11-10-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015,
25	SECTION 120, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25. (a) A voter who votes by
27	absentee ballot because of:
28	(1) illness or injury; or
29	(2) caring for a confined person at a private residence;
30	and who is within the county on election day may vote before an
31	absentee voter board or by mail.
32	(b) If requested by a voter described in subsection (a) or by a voter
33	with disabilities whose precinct is not accessible to voters with
34	disabilities, an absentee voter board shall visit the voter's place of
35	confinement or the residence of the voter with disabilities: or the
36	private residence:
37	(1) during the regular office hours of the circuit court clerk;
38	(2) at a time agreed to by the board and the voter;
39	(3) on any of the nineteen (19) days immediately before election
40	day; and
41	(4) only once before an election, unless:
42	(A) the confined voter is unavailable at the time of the board's



1 first visit due to a medical emergency; or 2 (B) the board, in its discretion, decides to make an additional 3 visit. 4 (c) This subsection applies to a voter confined due to illness or 5 injury. An absentee voter board may not be denied access to the voter's 6 place of confinement if the board is present at the place of confinement 7 at a time: 8 (1) agreed to by the board and the voter; and 9 (2) during the regular office hours of the circuit court clerk. A 10 person who knowingly violates this subsection commits obstruction or interference with an election officer in the 11 discharge of the officer's duty, a violation of IC 3-14-3-4. 12 13 (d) The county election board, by unanimous vote of the board's 14 entire membership, may authorize an absentee voter board to visit a 15 voter who is confined due to illness or injury and will be outside the county on election day in accordance with the procedures set forth in 16 17 subsection (b). 18 (e) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, a voter casting an absentee ballot under this section must be: 19 20 (1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the 21 votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted; 22 (2) provided with the opportunity to change the ballot or correct 23 any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is 24 cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a 25 replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or 26 correct the ballot; and 27 (3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting 28 multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to 29 correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted. 30 (f) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, when an absentee ballot is 31 provided under this section, the board must also provide the voter with: 32 (1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for 33 an office; and 34 (2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is 35 cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots. (g) This subsection applies to a voter who applies to vote an 36 37 absentee ballot by mail. The county election board shall include a copy 38 of the Absentee Voter's Bill of Rights with any absentee ballot mailed 39 to the voter. 40 SECTION 21. IC 3-11-10-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 41 SECTION 95, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

42 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26. (a) This subsection applies to all counties,



1 except for a county to which IC 3-6-5.2 or IC 3-6-5.6 applies. As an 2 alternative to voting by mail, a voter is entitled to cast an absentee 3 ballot before an absentee voter board at any of the following: 4 (1) One (1) location of the office of the circuit court clerk 5 designated by the circuit court clerk. 6 (2) A satellite office established under section 26.3 of this 7 chapter. 8 (b) This subsection applies to a county to which IC 3-6-5.2 or 9 IC 3-6-5.6 applies. As an alternative to voting by mail, a voter is 10 entitled to cast an absentee ballot before an absentee voter board at any 11 of the following: 12 (1) The office of the board of elections and registration. 13 (2) A satellite office established under section 26.3 of this 14 chapter. 15 (c) Except for a location designated under subsection (a)(1), a 16 location of the office of the circuit court clerk must be established as 17 a satellite office under section 26.3 of this chapter in order to be used 18 as a location at which a voter is entitled to cast an absentee ballot 19 before an absentee voter board under this section. 20 (d) The voter must do the following before being permitted to vote: 21 (1) This subdivision does not apply to a county that uses 22 electronic poll books for voting under this section. Sign an 23 application on the form prescribed by the election division under 24 IC 3-11-4-5.1. The application must be received by the circuit 25 court clerk not later than the time prescribed by IC 3-11-4-3. 26 (2) This subdivision applies only to a county that uses electronic 27 poll books for voting under this section and in which the ballot is 28 cast on an electronic voting system. The voter must do the 29 following: 30 (A) If the county election board has prescribed an affidavit 31 under subsection (e) that includes a unique identifier to 32 comply with section 26.2(c)(3) of this chapter, make and 33 subscribe to the affidavit. 34 (B) Sign the electronic poll book. 35 (C) Provide proof of identification. 36 (3) This subdivision applies only to a county that uses electronic 37 poll books for voting under this section and in which the ballot is 38 cast on an optical scan voting system. The voter must do the 39 following: 40 (A) Sign the electronic poll book. 41 (B) Provide proof of identification. (C) Sign the affidavit prescribed by section 29 of this chapter. 42



(e) The county election board may:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

(1) prescribe an affidavit that includes a unique identifier; or

(2) establish a procedure to produce a document, label, or electronic record that is associated with each voter and includes a unique identifier;

to comply with section 26.2(c)(3) of this chapter. After the county election board approves an affidavit or procedure described in this subsection and before the affidavit or procedure is used in an election, the county election board shall file a copy of the affidavit or a brief description of the procedure with the election division to assist the state recount commission in conducting proceedings under IC 3-12-11.

(f) The voter may vote before the board not more than twenty-eight
(28) days nor later than noon on the day before election day. If the
close of a voter registration period is transferred under IC 3-5-4-1.5
from twenty-nine (29) days to a later date due to the Columbus Day
holiday, the voter may vote before the board on the first day following
the day on which the voter registration period closes.

18 (g) An absent uniformed services voter who is eligible to vote by 19 absentee ballot in the circuit court clerk's office under IC 3-7-36-14 20 may vote before the board not earlier than twenty-eight (28) days 21 before the election and not later than noon on election day. If the close 22 of a voter registration period is transferred under IC 3-5-4-1.5 from 23 twenty-nine (29) days to a later date due to the Columbus Day holiday, 24 the voter may vote before the board on the first day following the day 25 on which the voter registration period closes. If a voter described by 26 this subsection wishes to cast an absentee ballot during the period 27 beginning at noon on the day before election day and ending at noon on 28 election day, the county election board or absentee voter board may 29 receive and process the ballot at a location designated by resolution of 30 the county election board.

(h) The absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk must permit voters to cast absentee ballots under this section for at least seven (7) hours on each of the two (2) Saturdays preceding election day.

(i) Notwithstanding subsection (h), in a county with a population of less than twenty thousand (20,000), the absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk, with the approval of the county election board, may reduce the number of hours available to cast absentee ballots under this section to a minimum of four (4) hours on each of the two (2) Saturdays preceding election day.

41 (j) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, a voter casting an absentee42 ballot under this section must be:





1	(1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the
2	votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
3	(2) provided with the opportunity to change the ballot or correct
4	any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is
5	cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a
6	replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or
7	correct the ballot; and
8	(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting
9	multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to
10	correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
11	(k) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, when an absentee ballot is
12	provided under this section, the board must also provide the voter with:
13	(1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for
14	an office; and
15	(2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is
16	cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.
17	(l) If:
18	(1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of
19	identification; or
20	(2) a member of the board determines that the proof of
21	identification provided by the voter does not qualify as proof of
22	identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;
23	the voter shall be permitted to cast a provisional ballot.
24	(m) A voter casting an absentee ballot under this section is entitled
25	to cast the voter's ballot in accordance with IC 3-11-9.
26	(n) In a primary election, a voter casting an absentee ballot under
27	this chapter may not change the voter's choice of the voter's political
28	party after the voter has been mailed or otherwise provided with a
29	primary ballot containing the candidates of that party.
30	SECTION 22. IC 3-11-10-26.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
31	SECTION 96, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 26.5. (a) This section applies to:
33	(1) a municipal election;
34	(2) a primary conducted in a municipal election year; and
35	(3) a special election conducted under IC 3-10-8 and that is not
36	conducted at the same time as any other election.
37	(b) Notwithstanding section 26 of this chapter or IC 3-11-18.1-4 in
38	a vote center county, a county election board (or a town election board
39	acting under IC 3-10-7) may adopt a resolution or an amendment to
40	a county vote center plan by the unanimous vote of the board's entire
41	membership stating that voters are entitled to vote by absentee ballot
42	before an absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk or



1	town election board during specific days and hours identified in the
2	resolution.
3	(c) If the election board adopts a resolution under subsection (b), the
4	board must include written findings of fact in the resolution stating:
5	(1) the number of absentee ballot applications anticipated or
6	previously received for the election;
7	(2) the expense to be incurred by providing absentee ballot voting
8	in the office during the entire period required under section 26 of
9	this chapter; and
10	(3) that voters would experience little or no inconvenience by
11	restricting absentee ballot voting in the office to the days and
12	hours specified in the resolution.
12	SECTION 23. IC 3-11-10-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005,
13	SECTION 73, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 28. (a) A voter voting before an absentee
16	voter board shall mark the voter's ballot in the presence of the board,
10	but not in such a manner that either of the members of the board can
17	see for whom the voter voted, unless the voter requests the help of the
18	
	board in marking a ballot under IC 3-11-9. The voter shall fold each
20 21	ballot separately in a manner to conceal the voter's markings.
21	(b) The voter shall then, in the presence of the board, place the
	ballot in an envelope furnished by the county election board.
23	(c) The circuit court clerk shall provide, to the extent practicable,
24	the same degree of privacy to absentee voters voting at the office of the
25	circuit court clerk as provided to voters at the polls on election day.
26	(d) This subsection applies to a voter required to present additional
27	information under IC 3-7-33-4.5. If the voter does not present the
28	required additional information before receiving the absentee ballot,
29	the absentee ballot shall be processed in accordance with section $4.5(c)$
30	of this chapter. IC 3-11.5-4-3.5.
31	(e) This subsection applies to a voter required to present
32	additional information under IC 3-7-33-4.5. Upon accepting the
33	completed absentee ballot from the voter, the board shall provide the
34	voter with a notice:
35	(1) listing the documentation the voter may submit to the county
36	voter registration office to comply with IC 3-7-33-4.5; and
37	(2) stating the address and hours of the county voter registration
38	office.
39	SECTION 24. IC 3-11-10-29.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.219-2013,
40	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 29.5. Each day after absentee voting
42	concludes in the circuit court clerk's office or a satellite office, or $a$



1 vote center, the county election board shall direct that the vote history 2 be uploaded from each electronic poll list into the computerized list. 3 SECTION 25. IC 3-11-10-30 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 4 PASSAGE]. Sec. 30. Even though the voter may have applied for and 5 received an absentee ballot, a voter who returns to the voter's place of 6 residence before the close of the polls on election day may vote in 7 person under the conditions prescribed by section 31 of this chapter. 8 SECTION 26. IC 3-11-10-31 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 9 PASSAGE]. Sec. 31. (a) If a voter has not returned an absentee ballot, 10 then the voter may vote in person. 11 (b) However, if the voter has received an absentee ballot, before the 12 voter may vote, the voter must return the ballot to the inspector. The 13 absentee ballot shall be marked "cancelled" and preserved with other 14 defective ballots. 15 (c) If the voter has requested but not received an absentee ballot, the 16 voter may vote if the voter executes an affidavit affirming that the voter 17 has not received an absentee ballot. SECTION 27. IC 3-11-10-32 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 18 19 PASSAGE]. Sec. 32. If a voter has marked and returned an absentee 20 ballot, the voter may not vote in person at a precinct. 21 SECTION 28. IC 3-11-10-36 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 22 PASSAGE]. Sec. 36. (a) Each county election board shall appoint 23 absentee voter boards. 24 (b) The absentee voter boards must consist of two (2) voters of the 25 county, one (1) from each of the two (2) political parties that have 26 appointed members on the county election board. If a special election 27 is held for a local public question, the county election board may, by 28 unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board, adopt a 29 resolution to provide that the party membership requirement does not 30 apply to absentee voter boards appointed to conduct the special 31 election. A resolution adopted under this subsection may not be 32 repealed and expires the day after the special election. 33 (c) An otherwise qualified person is eligible to serve on an absentee 34 voter board unless the person: 35 (1) is unable to read, write, and speak the English language; 36 (2) has any property bet or wagered on the result of the election; 37 (3) is a candidate to be voted for at the election, except as an 38 unopposed candidate for precinct committeeman or state 39 convention delegate; or (4) is the spouse, parent, father-in-law, mother-in-law, child, 4041 son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, brother, 42 sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece



1	of a candidate or declared write-in candidate to be voted for at the
2	election, except as an unopposed candidate. This subdivision
3	disqualifies a person whose relationship to the candidate is the
4	result of birth, marriage, or adoption.
5	(d) A person who is a candidate to be voted for at the election or
6	who is related to a candidate in a manner that would result in
7	disqualification under subsection (c) may, notwithstanding subsection
8	(c), serve as a member of an absentee voter board if:
9	(1) the candidate is seeking nomination or election to an office in
10	an election district that does not consist of the entire county; and
11	(2) the county election board restricts the duties of the person as
12	an absentee voter board member to performing functions that
13	could have no influence on the casting or counting of absentee
14	ballots within the election district.
15	SECTION 29. IC 3-11-10-38, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
16	SECTION 100, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 38. The voters appointed to the
18	absentee voter boards under <del>section 36 of this chapter</del> IC 3-11.5-4-22
19	shall be compensated in the following manner:
20	(1) The boards that are sent to voters under section 25 of this
21	chapter are entitled to a per diem and a sum for mileage at a rate
22	determined by the county fiscal body.
$\frac{22}{23}$	(2) The boards that are assigned to the circuit court clerk's office
24	or a satellite facility under $\frac{1}{10} - \frac{10}{2} - \frac{10}{10} - \frac{10}{2} - $
25	section 26 or 26.3 of this chapter are entitled to a per diem at a
26	rate set by the county fiscal body.
20	(3) The boards absentee ballot couriers that are assigned to
28	deliver the absentee ballots delivering lists to the precincts on
28	election day are entitled to a per diem and a sum for mileage at a
30	rate determined by the county fiscal body.
31	SECTION 30. IC 3-11-13-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
32	SECTION 104, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information,
33 34	
35	whether placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order of arrangement provided for hellots up der this section
	the order of arrangement provided for ballots under this section.
36	(b) Each county election board shall have the names of all
37	candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public
38	questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The
39	$\begin{array}{c} \text{county may:} \\ (1)  i \in \mathbb{N} \\ \end{array}$
40	(1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and
41	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper
42	version of a ballot is used within a precinct.



1 (c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the same 2 quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17). 3 (d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate 4 or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by 5 petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set 6 forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device 7 may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. 8 IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a 9 name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more 10 parties or petitioners. 11 (e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot 12 must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, 13 IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), 14 IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through 15 IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). The offices and 16 public questions may be listed in a continuous column or row either 17 vertically or horizontally and on a number of separate pages. 18 (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold 19 type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed 20 immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the 21 first candidate: 22 (1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be 23 elected to the office. 24 (2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be 25 elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for 26 this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for.", A straight party vote will not count as a vote for 27 28 any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to 29 be elected to the office. 30 (g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by 31 subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be 32 grouped together in the following order: 33 (1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest 34 greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the 35 last most recent election for secretary of state is listed first. 36 (2) The major political party whose candidate received the second 37 highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of 38 state is listed second. 39 (3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' 40 candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent 41 election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in 42 subdivision (2).



1	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of
2 3	state in the last most recent election for secretary of state or a
	nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket
4	(described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after
5	the parties described in subdivisions $(1)$ , $(2)$ , and $(3)$ .
6	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
7	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,
8	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
9	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
10	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
11	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law.
12	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
13	ballot.
14	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
15	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
16	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
17	political party, or the word "Independent" if the:
18	(1) candidate; or
19	(2) ticket of candidates for:
20	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
20	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
22	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
23	of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.
24	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
25	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
26	must be grouped together:
20 27	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
28	(1) under the name of the office that the calculates are seeking, (2) in the order established by subsection (g); and
28	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
29 30	
31	surname.
32	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
33	•
	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
34	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
35	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
36	of a school corporation must be grouped:
37	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
38	and
39	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
40	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
41	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
42	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of



1 candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.". 2 (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot 3 before the first public question is listed: 4 (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7. 5 (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), 6 and IC 3-11-2-10(e). 7 (1) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, 8 or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an 9 independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as 10 required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a 11 12 straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by: 13 (1) the name of the political party or independent ticket 14 (described in IC 3-11-2-6); and 15 (2) immediately below or beside the political party's or independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket 16 17 (described in IC 3-11-2-5). The name and device of each political party or independent ticket must 18 be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by 19 20 subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions 21 described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the 22 statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 23 may be placed on the ballot label or in a location within the voting 24 booth in a location that permits the voter to easily read the instructions. 25 (m) A public question must be in the form described in 26 IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable 27 arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as 28 expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board 29 may not print a ballot card that contains language concerning the public 30 question other than the language authorized by a statute. 31 (n) The requirements in this section: 32 (1) do not replace; and 33 (2) are in addition to; any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots. 34 35 (o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a 36 ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or 37 contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or 38 mistakes by voters. 39 (p) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not 40 list: 41 (1) the names of political parties or candidates; or 42 (2) the text of public questions;



1 on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance 2 with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle 3 or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question. 4 SECTION 31. IC 3-11-13-11.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 5 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 6 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11.5. A public question 7 printed on a ballot shall be set forth without any quotation marks 8 preceding or following the text of the public question. 9 SECTION 32. IC 3-11-13-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, 10 SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 14. (a) In partisan elections, the ballot labels must 11 12 include a voting square or position where a voter may by one (1) voting 13 mark on each card record a straight party or an independent ticket vote 14 for all the candidates of one (1) political party or the independent 15 ticket, except for offices for which the voter: 16 (1) is required to cast an individual vote for a candidate under 17 IC 3-11-7-4(b); or 18 (2) has voted individually for a candidate for any other office. 19 (b) If the voter records a vote for the two (2) candidates comprising 20 an independent ticket, the vote must not count for any other 21 independent candidate on the ballot. 22 (c) A ballot label must not include a voting square or position to 23 permit a voter to cast a straight party ticket for a political party or 24 independent ticket if: 25 (1) there are no candidates of that political party; or (2) the only candidates of the political party are for election to 26 27 offices to which more than one (1) individual is to be elected 28 and which will not be credited with a vote under IC 3-12-1-7 29 if a voter casts a straight party ticket. 30 SECTION 33. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, 31 SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 32 JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall 33 have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party 34 offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an 35 electronic voting system as provided in this chapter. 36 (b) The county may: 37 (1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label; 38 and 39 (2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper 40 version of a ballot label is used within a precinct. 41 (c) Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the same

42 quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).



1 (d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate 2 or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by 3 petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device 4 set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the 5 device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the 6 device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not 7 include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) 8 or more parties or petitioners. 9 (e) The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on the 10 general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), 12 IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through 13 IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). Each office and 14 public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public

15 questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or 16 horizontally. 17 (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold

18 type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed 19 immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the 20 first candidate:

21 (1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be 22 elected to the office.

23 (2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be 24 elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for 25 this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you 26 wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for 27 any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to 28 be elected to the office.

29 (g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by 30 subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be 31 grouped together in the following order:

32 (1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest 33 greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the 34 last most recent election for secretary of state is listed first.

35 (2) The major political party whose candidate received the second 36 highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of 37 state is listed second.

38 (3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' 39 candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent 40 election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in 41 subdivision (2).

42 (4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of

ES 178-LS 6612/DI 104



11

1 2	state in the last most recent election for secretary of state or a nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket
3	(described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after
4	the parties described in subdivisions $(1)$ , $(2)$ , and $(3)$ .
5	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
6	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,
7	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
8	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
9	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
10	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for
11	write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no
12	declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures
13	must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for
14	federal offices.
15	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
16	ballot.
17	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
18	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
19	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
20	political party, or the word "Independent", if the:
21	(1) candidate; or
22	(2) ticket of candidates for:
23	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
24	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
25	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
26	of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.
27	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
28	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
29	must be grouped together:
30	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
31	(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and
32	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
33	surname.
34	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
35	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
36	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
37	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
38	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
39	of a school corporation must be grouped:
40	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
41	and $(2)$ is all the total contained in the manufacture $(2)$
42	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.



1 A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed 2 immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the 3 first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of 4 candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.". 5 (k) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be 6 placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public 7 question is listed. 8 (1) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and 9 IC 3-11-2-10(e) may be: 10 (1) placed on the ballot label; or (2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the 11 12 voter to easily read the instructions. 13 (m) Except as provided in section 14.5 of this chapter, the ballot label must include a touch sensitive point or button for voting a straight 14 15 political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one 16 (1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button must be identified by: 17 (1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and 18 (2) immediately below or beside the political party's or 19 independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket 20 (described in IC 3-11-2-5). 21 The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size 22 and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for 23 listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in 24 IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement 25 concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 may be 26 placed on the ballot label or in a location within the voting booth that 27 permits the voter to easily read the instructions. 28 (n) A public question must be in the form described in 29 IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive 30 point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly 31 authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print 32 a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question 33 other than the language authorized by a statute. (o) The requirements in this section: 34 35 (1) do not replace; and 36 (2) are in addition to; 37 any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic 38 voting systems. 39 (p) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a 40 ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title 41 or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or

42 mistakes by voters.



SECTION 34. IC 3-11-14-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.7. A public question printed
 on a ballot shall be set forth without any quotation marks
 preceding or following the text of the public question.
 SECTION 35. IC 3-11-14-14.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

SECTION 35. IC 3-11-14-14.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 14.5. A ballot label must not include a touch sensitive point or button to permit a voter to cast a straight party ticket for a political party or independent ticket if: (1) there are no candidates of that political party; or

11(1) there are no candidates of that political party; or12(2) the only candidates of the political party are for election to13offices to which more than one (1) individual is to be elected14and which will not be credited with a vote under IC 3-12-1-715if a voter casts a straight party ticket.

SECTION 36. IC 3-11.5-4-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 16 17 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 18 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Upon receipt of an absentee ballot from a voter required to provide additional 19 20 information to the county voter registration office under 21 IC 3-7-33-4.5, the county election board shall contact the county 22 voter registration office to determine if the additional information 23 has been filed with the office by the voter.

(b) If the voter has filed the information with the county voter
registration office, the county election board shall add a notation
to the application indicating that the required information has
been filed and that the absentee ballot may be counted if the ballot
otherwise complies with this article.

(c) If the voter has not filed the information with the county voter registration office, the county election board shall add a notation on the application filed by a voter described under subsection (b) and on the envelope provided under this chapter reading substantially as follows:

34 "ABSENTEE BALLOT COUNTERS: AS OF (insert date 35 absentee ballot application approved) THIS VOTER WAS **REQUIRED TO FILE ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION** 36 37 WITH THE COUNTY VOTER REGISTRATION OFFICE 38 **BEFORE THIS BALLOT MAY BE COUNTED. CHECK** 39 THE POLL LIST AND COUNTY ELECTION BOARD 40 **CERTIFICATION TO SEE IF THE VOTER HAS FILED** 41 THIS INFORMATION. IF NOT, PROCESS AS A 42 **PROVISIONAL BALLOT IF THIS BALLOT OTHERWISE** 

ES 178-LS 6612/DI 104



7

8

9

10

29

30

31

32

33

COMPLIES WITH INDIANA LAW.".

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

SECTION 37. IC 3-11.5-4-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.7. (a) This section applies to an absentee ballot received before election day.

(b) The county election board or the absentee ballot members in the office of the circuit court clerk shall compare the signature of the voter on the absentee ballot application, or, if there is no application, with the signature on the electronic poll book, with the signature on:

(1) the voter's absentee ballot envelope; or

(2) the computerized list if there is no envelope.

13 The board may also compare the signature on the ballot envelope
14 with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter.

(c) If the absentee board finds that the signature on an absentee
ballot or transmitted affidavit is not genuine, the board shall write
upon the ballot envelope the words "The absentee board has
determined that the signature of this voter is not genuine and
advises that the county election board reject this ballot under
IC 3-11.5-4-4."

21 SECTION 38. IC 3-11.5-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.157-2019, 22 SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 23 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Notwithstanding section 12(a) of this 24 chapter, if the county election board does not determine under this 25 subsection that the ballot signature is genuine, then the absentee 26 ballot counters shall determine under section 12(b) of this chapter 27 if the signatures correspond. If a county election board unanimously 28 finds that the signature on a ballot envelope or transmitted affidavit is 29 genuine, the board shall enclose immediately the accepted and 30 unopened ballot envelope, together with the voter's application for the 31 absentee ballot, in a large or carrier envelope. If the county election 32 board does not unanimously determine that the signature on a 33 ballot envelope is genuine, the board shall also write on the ballot 34 envelope or the transmitted affidavit from a voter under 35 IC 3-11-4-6, the words "SIGNATURE DISPUTED". The board may 36 shall enclose in the same carrier envelope all absentee ballot envelopes 37 and applications for the same precinct.

(b) The envelope shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and official title of the circuit court clerk and the following words: "This envelope contains an absentee ballot and must be opened only on election day under IC 3-11.5.".

SECTION 39. IC 3-11.5-4-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,



38

39

40

41

42

1 SECTION 123, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 2 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) Each circuit court clerk 3 shall keep all accepted ballot envelopes securely sealed in the clerk's 4 office until the ballot envelopes are opened by absentee ballot counters 5 in accordance with this chapter. 6 (b) Except as provided in section 6.5 of this chapter, a county 7 election board may not scan a voted absentee ballot card using an 8 optical scan ballot scanner before election day. 9 SECTION 40. IC 3-11.5-4-6.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 10 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.5. (a) The secretary of state 11 12 may establish a pilot program that designates not more than two 13 (2) counties to participate during the May 5, 2020, primary 14 election. A county election board of a county that wishes to 15 participate in the pilot program must: 16 (1) adopt an order by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the county election board to participate in the 17 18 pilot program in accordance with this section; and 19 (2) file a copy of the order under subdivision (1) with the 20 secretary of state. 21 (b) A pilot program established by the secretary of state under 22 this section must test a voting system that meets the following: 23 (1) Is designed to scan a voted absentee ballot card before 24 election day. 25 (2) Has the capability of electronically retracting a previously scanned absentee ballot card of a voter who is later found 26 disqualified or whose ballot may not be counted for any other 27 28 reason under this title. 29 (3) Complies with the requirements of IC 3-11-15-13.3 and 30 has been approved for use in Indiana elections by the 31 commission. 32 (4) Has retraction features that have been: 33 (A) tested under the authority of; and 34 (B) found to be in compliance with the Voluntary Voting 35 System Guidelines described in IC 3-11-15-13.3(a)(3), by; the United States Election Assistance Commission. 36 37 (c) A county participating in a pilot program under this section 38 may: 39 (1) scan a voted absentee ballot card using an optical scan 40 ballot scanner before election day; and 41 (2) electronically retract a ballot described in subsection 42

(b)(2) if the county otherwise complies with this title.


1 (d) If the secretary of state establishes a pilot program under 2 this section, before December 1, 2020, each county election board 3 participating in the pilot program shall file a report with the 4 secretary of state and the legislative council in an electronic format 5 under IC 5-14-6. The report must include the following: 6 (1) Information concerning the implementation of the pilot program, including information concerning: 7 8 (A) the number of ballots retracted; 9 (B) the security of the ballots; and 10 (C) the experiences of the county election board in 11 participating in the pilot program. 12 (2) Recommendations concerning whether the voting system 13 technology used in the pilot program should be permitted in 14 future elections through the enactment of legislation. 15 (e) This section expires December 31, 2020. 16 SECTION 41. IC 3-11.5-4-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 17 SECTION 124, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 18 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) This section applies to 19 an absentee ballot received on election day, but not later than noon 20 on election day. The absentee ballot counters shall examine the 21 signature on the absentee ballot and determine if the signature is 22 genuine under section 5 of this chapter. If the absentee ballot 23 counters do not agree, the question is referred to the county 24 election board for determination. If the absentee ballot counters 25 agree that the signature is not genuine, the county election board 26 shall reject the ballot under section 4 of this chapter. 27 (a) (b) Except as provided in subsection (b), (c), or (d), or (e), at any 28 time after the couriers return the certificate under section 9 of this 29 chapter, absentee ballot counters appointed under section 22 of this 30 chapter, in the presence of the county election board, shall, except for 31 a ballot rejected under section 13 of this chapter: 32 (1) open the outer or carrier envelope containing an absentee 33 ballot envelope and application; 34 (2) announce the absentee voter's name; and 35 (3) compare the signature upon the **ballot** application or, **if there** is no application, with the signature on the electronic poll book, 36 37 with the signature upon the: 38 (A) voter's absentee affidavit on the ballot envelope; 39 transmitted affidavit under IC 3-11-4-6(h), or voter registration 40 record. or 41 (B) if there is no envelope, with the voter's signature on the 42 computerized list.



1 The board may also compare the signature on the ballot envelope 2 with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter. 3 (b) (c) This subsection applies to a county (other than a county 4 described in subsection (c) or (d) or (e)) that: 5 (1) has adopted an order to use an electronic poll book under 6 IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1. 7 8 Immediately after the electronic poll books used at each polling place 9 or vote center have been updated to indicate that the county received, 10 not later than noon on election day, an absentee ballot from a voter, the absentee ballot counters shall, in a central counting location designated 11 by the county election board, count the absentee ballot votes cast for 12 13 each candidate for each office and on each public question in the 14 precinct. 15 (c) (d) This subsection applies to a county having a consolidated 16 city, if the county: 17 (1) has adopted an order to use an electronic poll book under 18 IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or 19 (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1. 20 After the receipt and processing required under sections 12 and 12.5 of 21 this chapter to process an absentee ballot from a voter and after 22 ensuring that the electronic poll books used in each polling place or 23 vote center have been updated to reflect all absentee ballots received 24 by the county not later than 12:01 a.m. on election day, the absentee 25 ballot counters shall, at any time after 6:00 a.m. on election day, in a central counting location designated by the county election board, 26 27 count the absentee ballot votes cast for each candidate, for each office, 28 and on each public question. 29 (d) (e) This subsection applies to a county other than a county 30 having a consolidated city, if the county election board has adopted a 31 resolution by the unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board 32 to use procedures set forth in this subsection, and the county: 33 (1) has adopted an order to use an electronic poll book under 34 IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or 35 (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1. After the receipt and processing required under section 12 of this 36 37 chapter to process an absentee ballot from a voter and after ensuring 38 that the electronic poll books used in each polling place or vote center 39 have been updated to reflect all absentee ballots received by the county 40 not later than 12:01 a.m. on election day, the absentee ballot counters 41 shall, at any time after 6:00 a.m. on election day, in a central counting 42 location designated by the county election board, count the absentee



1 ballot votes cast for each candidate, for each office, and on each public 2 question. 3 (e) (f) A resolution adopted under subsection (d) (e) may be 4 repealed or amended only by the unanimous vote of the entire 5 membership of the county election board. 6 SECTION 42. IC 3-11.5-4-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 7 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 20. If the inspector 8 a voter has marked the poll list to indicate that the and returned an 9 absentee ballot, east by the voter has been received by the county 10 election board, the voter may not vote in person except as provided in 11 section 21 of this chapter. 12 SECTION 43. IC 3-11.5-4-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, 13 SECTION 142. IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. (a) Except as provided in 14 subsection (b), each county election board shall appoint: 15 16 (1) absentee voter boards; 17 (2) teams of absentee ballot counters; and 18 (3) teams of couriers: 19 consisting of two (2) voters of the county, one (1) from each of the two 20 (2) political parties that have appointed members on the county 21 election board. If a special election is held for a local public 22 question, the county election board may, by unanimous vote of the 23 entire membership of the board, adopt a resolution to provide that 24 the party membership does not apply to absentee voter boards 25 appointed to conduct the special election. A resolution adopted 26 under this subsection may not be repealed and expires the day 27 after the special election. 28 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a county election board: 29 (1) may appoint, by a unanimous vote of the board's members, 30 only one (1) absentee ballot courier if the person appointed is a 31 voter of the county; and (2) shall not appoint teams of couriers, if the county: 32 33 (A) has adopted an order to use an electronic poll book under 34 IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or 35 (B) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1. (c) An otherwise qualified person is eligible to serve on an absentee 36 37 voter board or as an absentee ballot counter or a courier unless the 38 person: 39 (1) is unable to read, write, and speak the English language; 40 (2) has any property bet or wagered on the result of the election; 41 (3) is a candidate to be voted for at the election except as an 42 unopposed candidate for precinct committeeman or state



1 convention delegate; or 2 (4) is the spouse, parent, father-in-law, mother-in-law, child, 3 son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, brother, 4 sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece 5 of a candidate or declared write-in candidate to be voted for at the 6 election except as an unopposed candidate. This subdivision 7 disgualifies a person whose relationship to the candidate is the 8 result of birth, marriage, or adoption. (d) A person who is a candidate to be voted for at the election or 9 10 who is related to a candidate in a manner that would result in disgualification under subsection (c) may, notwithstanding subsection 11 12 (c), serve as a member of an absentee voter board if: 13 (1) the candidate is seeking nomination or election to an office in 14 an election district that does not consist of the entire county; and 15 (2) the county election board restricts the duties of the person as 16 an absentee voter board member to performing functions that could have no influence on the casting or counting of absentee 17 18 ballots within the election district. 19 SECTION 44. IC 3-11.5-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.210-2018, 20 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 21 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), 22 (c), or (d), immediately after: 23 (1) the couriers have returned the certificate from a precinct under 24 IC 3-11.5-4-9; and 25 (2) the absentee ballot counters or the county election board has 26 made the findings required under IC 3-11-10 and IC 3-11.5-4 for 27 the absentee ballots cast by voters of the precinct and deposited 28 the accepted absentee ballots in the envelope required under 29 IC 3-11.5-4-12; 30 the absentee ballot counters shall, in a central counting location 31 designated by the county election board, count the absentee ballot votes 32 for each candidate for each office and on each public question in the 33 precinct with the assistance of any persons required for the operation 34 of the automatic tabulating machine. 35 (b) This subsection does not apply to a county having a consolidated city. This subsection applies to a county that: 36 37 (1) has adopted an order to use an electronic poll book under 38 IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or 39 (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1. 40 Immediately after the electronic poll books used at each polling place 41 or vote center have been updated to indicate that the county received, 42 not later than noon on election day, an absentee ballot from a voter, the

1 absentee ballot counters shall, in a central counting location designated 2 by the county election board, count the absentee ballot votes cast for 3 each candidate for each office and on each public question in the 4 precinct. 5 (c) This subsection applies to a county having a consolidated city, 6 if the county: 7 (1) has adopted an order to use an electronic poll book under 8 IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or 9 (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1. 10 IC 3-11.5-4-11(d) to process an absentee ballot from a voter and after 11 12 ensuring that the electronic poll books used in each polling place or 13 vote center have been updated to reflect all absentee ballots received 14 by the county not later than 12:01 a.m. on election day, the absentee 15 ballot counters shall, at any time after 6:00 a.m. on election day, in a 16 central counting location designated by the county election board, 17 count the absentee ballot votes cast for each candidate, for each office, 18 and on each public question. 19 (d) This subsection applies to a county other than a county having 20 a consolidated city, if the county election board has adopted a 21 resolution by the unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board 22 to use procedures set forth in this subsection, and the county: 23 (1) has adopted an order to use an electronic poll book under 24 IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or 25 (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1. 26 After the receipt and processing required under IC 3-11.5-4-11(d) 27 IC 3-11.5-4-11(e) to process an absentee ballot from a voter and after 28 ensuring that the electronic poll books used in each polling place or 29 vote center have been updated to reflect all absentee ballots received 30 by the county not later than 12:01 a.m. on election day, the absentee 31 ballot counters shall, at any time after 6:00 a.m. on election day, in a 32 central counting location designated by the county election board, 33 count the absentee ballot votes cast for each candidate, for each office, 34 and on each public question. 35 (e) A resolution adopted under subsection (d) may be repealed or 36 amended only by the unanimous vote of the entire membership of the 37 county election board. 38 SECTION 45. IC 3-11.7-3-8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 39 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 40 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. For purposes of Article 2, Section 9 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana, the position of absentee 41 42 ballot counter or provisional ballot counter is not a lucrative office.



SECTION 46. IC 3-12-3-2.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.5. (a) Not later 3 than ten (10) days before any election at which ballot cards will be 4 tabulated at a central counting location, the county election board shall designate the counting location to be used for the processing or 6 counting of ballots.

(b) This counting location must be located within the county or 7 8 within an adjoining county in Indiana. If the counting location is within 9 the county, the board shall also determine whether the precinct officials 10 are to make their returns directly to the counting location or to the office of the clerk of the circuit court. If the counting location is outside 11 the county, all precinct returns shall be made directly to: 12 13

(1) the office of the clerk of the circuit court or to the chief deputy

of a combined election board established under IC 3-6-5.2; or

(2) the director of the board of elections and registration under IC 3-6-5.6.

(c) No counting location shall be used by more than one (1) county at an election without the approval of the commission.

19 (d) Whenever the precinct returns are made directly to the office of 20 the clerk of the circuit court and the counting location is not performed 21 in that office, the county election board is responsible for arranging 22 adequate security during the transfer of all ballot cards to the counting 23 location. This security shall include the following:

24 (1) All ballot cards must at all times be under the supervision of at least two (2) persons, one (1) from each of two (2) political parties entitled to have a member on the county election board. 26

(2) At least one (1) member of the county sheriff's department 27 28 shall accompany the ballot cards from the clerk's office to the 29 counting location. This assistance shall be rendered under 30 IC 3-6-5-33. 31

SECTION 47. IC 3-12-11-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) Each petitioner shall furnish a cash deposit for the payment of costs of the recount chargeable to the petitioner. The minimum amount of the cash deposit is one hundred dollars (\$100). The cash deposit shall be deposited in the state recount fund.

37 (b) This subsection applies only to a recount of an election for 38 nomination or election to either of the following:

39 (1) A legislative office in which, on the face of the election 40 returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the 41 candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is not more than 42 one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for all candidates for the

ES 178-LS 6612/DI 104



1

5

14 15

16

17

18

25

32

33

34 35

36

1 nomination or office. 2 (2) An office other than a legislative office in which, on the face 3 of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes 4 cast for the candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is 5 not more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for all 6 candidates for the nomination or office. 7 If the number of precincts to be recounted exceeds ten (10), the amount 8 of the deposit shall be increased by ten dollars (\$10) for each precinct 9 in excess of ten (10). 10 (c) This subsection applies only to a recount of an election for nomination or election to either of the following: 11 12 (1) A legislative office in which, on the face of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the 13 candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is more than 14 15 one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for the nomination or 16 office. 17 (2) An office other than a legislative office in which, on the face 18 of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes 19 cast for the candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is 20 more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for the 21 nomination or office. 22 If the number of precincts to be recounted exceeds ten (10), the amount 23 of the deposit shall be increased by one hundred dollars (\$100) for each 24 precinct in excess of ten (10). 25 (d) If after a recount, it is determined that a petitioner has been 26 nominated or elected, the deposit furnished by that petitioner shall be 27 returned to that petitioner in full. 28 (e) Any unexpended balance remaining in a deposit after payment 29 of the costs of the recount shall be returned to the depositor in the 30 following manner: 31 (1) If the recount results in a reduction of at least fifty percent 32 (50%) but less than one hundred percent (100%) of the margin of 33 the total certified votes, the petitioner shall receive a refund of 34 that percentage of the unexpended balance. 35 (2) If after a recount, it is determined that a petitioner has been 36 nominated or elected, the deposit or the bond furnished by that 37 petitioner shall be returned to that petitioner in full. 38 (3) Any unexpended balance remaining after the provision of 39 subdivision (1) has been satisfied shall be deposited in the state 40 recount fund. 41 (f) A member of the commission may appoint an individual to 42 serve as a proxy of record in the member's place as a member of



the commission by filing with the election division a written instrument appointing the proxy of record. The proxy of record has the same authority to act and vote on all matters as does the member. The member may revoke the authority of the proxy of record at any time. The authority of the proxy of record may either be limited or general concerning the duration or subject matter as set forth by the member in the written instrument appointing the proxy.

9 SECTION 48. IC 3-12-11-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015, 10 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 11 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), 12 whenever the commission makes a final determination under section 13 18 of this chapter that the candidate who is subject to a contest 14 proceeding is not eligible to serve in the office to which the candidate 15 is nominated or elected, the candidate who received the second highest number of votes for the office is entitled to a certificate of nomination 16 17 or certificate of election even though a certificate may have been issued 18 to another candidate upon the tabulation of the votes.

(b) This subsection applies to a contest proceeding for a state office
other than the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, justice of the
supreme court, judge of the court of appeals, and judge of the tax court.
Whenever the commission makes a final determination under section
18(b) of this chapter that the candidate who is subject to a contest
proceeding is not eligible to serve in the office to which the candidate
is elected the following apply:

(1) This subdivision does not apply to the filling of a state office 26 27 following a contest proceeding or court action that resulted from 28 an election held before January 1, 2011. The office is considered 29 vacant, and the governor shall fill the vacancy as provided in 30 IC 3-13-4-3(c) IC 3-13-4-3(f) by the appointment of a person of 31 the same political party as the candidate who is not eligible to 32 serve. 33 (2) The commission's determination that the candidate is not

34 eligible to serve in the office does not affect the votes cast for the 35 candidate for purposes of determining the number or percentage 36 of votes cast for purposes of other statutes, including IC 3-5-2-30, 37 IC 3-6-2-1, IC 3-6-4.1-6, IC 3-6-5.2-7, IC 3-6-6-8, IC 3-6-7-1, 38 IC 3-6-8-1, IC 3-8-4, IC 3-8-6, IC 3-10-1-2, IC 3-10-2-15, 39 IC 3-10-4-2, IC 3-10-6, IC 3-10-7-26, IC 3-11-2-6, IC 3-11-13-11, 40 IC 3-11-14-3.5, IC 3-13-9-4.5, IC 6-9-2-3, and IC 36-4-1.5-2. 41 SECTION 49. IC 3-13-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011, 42 SECTION 84, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

ES 178-LS 6612/DI 104



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

1 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to a vacancy that 2 occurs in a state office other than governor, lieutenant governor, or a 3 judicial office. 4 (b) If a state officer wants to resign from office, the state officer 5 must resign as provided in IC 5-8-3.5. 6 (c) A vacancy that occurs in a state office because of the death of 7 the state officer may be certified to the governor under IC 5-8-6. The 8 governor may not fill a vacancy as provided by law until the governor 9 receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), a vacancy that occurs in 10 a state office other than by resignation or death shall be certified to the 11 12 governor by the circuit court clerk of the county in which the officer 13 resided. 14 (e) A vacancy that occurs in the office of the attorney general 15 under IC 4-6-1-3(b) shall be certified to the governor by the 16 Indiana supreme court. 17 (e) (f) The governor shall fill a vacancy in a state office by 18 appointment of a person of the same political party as the officer who 19 held the vacated office. 20 (f) (g) The person who is appointed by the governor holds office for 21 the remainder of the unexpired term and until a successor is elected and 22 qualified. 23 SECTION 50. IC 3-14-3-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, 24 SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 25 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19. A person who, for the purpose of inducing 26 or procuring another person to: 27 (1) apply for or cast an absentee ballot; or 28 (2) vote or refrain from voting for or against a candidate or for or 29 against a public question at: 30 (A) an election; 31 (B) a caucus; 32 (C) an appointment of a candidate by a political party 33 chairman or central committee officers; or 34 (D) a political convention; 35 authorized or required by this title; 36 gives, offers, or promises to any person any money or other property 37 commits a Level 6 felony. 38 SECTION 51. IC 4-6-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2016, 39 SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 40 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The attorney general shall be a citizen 41 of and duly licensed to practice law in Indiana. Before entering upon 42 the discharge of the duties of the attorney general's office, the attorney



1 general shall take and subscribe an oath of office to be administered to 2 the attorney general in the usual form by any officer authorized to 3 administer oaths; which oath shall be deposited in the office of the 4 secretary of state. The attorney general shall also, previous to entering 5 upon the duties of the office, properly execute and file with the 6 secretary of state the attorney general's bond in the penal sum of fifty 7 thousand dollars (\$50,000), payable to the state of Indiana, with surety 8 to the approval of the secretary of state, and conditioned for the faithful 9 discharge of the attorney general's duties as attorney general; the 10 premium on the bond shall be payable from state funds to be 11 appropriated. 12

- (b) If the individual who holds the office of attorney general is:
- (1) disbarred in Indiana; or

13

14

15

25

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

(2) suspended from the practice of law in Indiana for thirty (30) or more days;

16 the individual forfeits the office and a vacancy in the office exists. 17 SECTION 52. IC 20-46-9-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.272-2019, 18 SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 19 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec]. 14. (a) The referendum shall be held in the next 20 primary election, general election, or municipal election in which all 21 the registered voters who are residents of the school corporation are 22 entitled to vote after certification of the question under IC 3-10-9-3. 23 The certification of the question must occur not later than noon: 24

(1) sixty (60) seventy-four (74) days before a primary election if the question is to be placed on the primary or municipal primary election ballot; or

(2) August 1 if the question is to be placed on the general or municipal election ballot.

(b) However, if a primary election, general election, or municipal election will not be held during the first year in which the public question is eligible to be placed on the ballot under this chapter and if the school corporation requests the public question to be placed on the ballot at a special election, the public question shall be placed on the ballot at a special election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in May or November of the year. The certification must occur not later than noon:

(1) sixty (60) days before a special election to be held in May (if the special election is to be held in May); or

(2) August 1 (if the special election is to be held in November).

40 (c) If the referendum is not conducted at a primary election, general 41 election, or municipal election, the school corporation in which the 42 referendum is to be held shall pay all the costs of holding the



45

- 1 2 referendum.
- SECTION 53. An emergency is declared for this act.



## COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Elections, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 178, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 4, line 26, delete "UPON PASSAGE]:" and insert "JANUARY 1, 2021]:".

Page 9, line 27, delete "before" and insert "after".

Page 10, line 5, delete "before" and insert "after".

Page 31, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 37. IC 3-11.5-4-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.7. (a) This section applies to an absentee ballot received before election day.

(b) The county election board or the absentee ballot members in the office of the circuit court clerk shall compare the signature of the voter on the absentee ballot application, or, if there is no application, with the signature on the electronic poll book, with the signature on:

(1) the voter's absentee ballot envelope; or

(2) the computerized list if there is no envelope.

The board may also compare the signature on the ballot envelope with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter.

(c) If the absentee board finds that the signature on an absentee ballot or transmitted affidavit is not genuine, the board shall write upon the ballot envelope the words "The absentee board has determined that the signature of this voter is not genuine and advises that the county election board reject this ballot under IC 3-11.5-4-4."".

Page 31, line 16, delete "(a) Upon receipt of the absentee ballot".

Page 31, delete lines 17 through 23.

Page 31, line 24, reset in roman "(a)".

Page 31, line 24, delete "(b)" and insert "Notwithstanding section 12(a) of this chapter, if the county election board does not determine under this subsection that the ballot signature is genuine, then the absentee ballot counters shall determine under section 12(b) of this chapter if the signatures correspond.".

Page 31, line 35, reset in roman "(b)".

Page 31, line 35, delete "(c)".

Page 31, between lines 38 and 39, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 39. IC 3-11.5-4-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 123, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) Each circuit court clerk shall keep all accepted ballot envelopes securely sealed in the clerk's office until the ballot envelopes are opened by absentee ballot counters in accordance with this chapter.

(b) **Except as provided in section 6.5 of this chapter,** a county election board may not scan a voted absentee ballot card using an optical scan ballot scanner before election day.

SECTION 40. IC 3-11.5-4-6.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.5. (a) The secretary of state may establish a pilot program that designates not more than two (2) counties to participate in a pilot program during the May 5, 2020, primary election. A county election board of a county that wishes to participate in the pilot program must:

(1) adopt an order by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the county election board to participate in the pilot program in accordance with this section; and

(2) file a copy of the order under subdivision (1) with the secretary of state.

(b) A pilot program established by the secretary of state under this section must test a voting system that meets the following:

(1) Is designed to scan a voted absentee ballot card before election day.

(2) Has the capability of electronically retracting a previously scanned absentee ballot card of a voter who is later found disqualified or whose ballot may not be counted for any other reason under this title.

(3) Complies with the requirements of IC 3-11-15-13.3 and has been approved for use in Indiana elections by the commission.

(4) Has retraction features that have been:

(A) tested under the authority of; and

(B) found to be in compliance with the Voluntary Voting System Guidelines described in IC 3-11-15-13.3(a)(3), by;

the United States Election Assistance Commission.

(c) A county participating in a pilot program under this section may:

(1) scan a voted absentee ballot card using an optical scan ballot scanner before election day; and

(2) electronically retract a ballot described in subsection(b)(2) if the county otherwise complies with this title.

(d) If the secretary of state establishes a pilot program under



this section, before December 1, 2020, each county election board participating in the pilot program shall file a report with the secretary of state and the legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6. The report must include the following:

(1) Information concerning the implementation of the pilot program, including information concerning:

(A) the number of ballots retracted;

(B) the security of the ballots; and

(C) the experiences of the county election board in participating in the pilot program.

(2) Recommendations concerning whether the voting system technology used in the pilot program should be permitted in future elections through the enactment of legislation.

(e) This section expires December 31, 2020.".

Page 31, line 41, delete "Upon receipt of the" and insert "This section applies to an absentee ballot received on election day, but not later than noon on election day. The absentee ballot counters shall examine the signature on the absentee ballot and determine if the signature is genuine under section 5 of this chapter. If the absentee ballot counters do not agree, the question is referred to the county election board for determination. If the absentee ballot counters agree that the signature is not genuine, the county election board shall reject the ballot under section 4 of this chapter."

Page 31, delete line 42.

Page 32, delete line 1.

Page 32, between lines 17 and 18, begin a new line blocked left and insert:

"The board may also compare the signature on the ballot envelope with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter.".

Page 33, line 36, after "board." insert "If a special election is held for a local public question, the county election board may, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board, adopt a resolution to provide that the party membership does not apply to absentee voter boards appointed to conduct the special election. A resolution adopted under this subsection may not be repealed and expires the day after the special election.".

Page 34, line 9, delete "a city office, town office, township".

Page 34, line 10, delete "office, school board office, precinct committeeman," and insert "precinct committeeman".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.



(Reference is to SB 178 as introduced.)

WALKER, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 7, Nays 0.

## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elections and Apportionment, to which was referred Senate Bill 178, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 7, delete lines 27 through 42.

Page 8, delete line 1.

Page 8, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 5. IC 3-10-7-32, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 32. (a) A town election board shall determine what voting method will be used in a municipal election.

(b) The town election board and its precinct election officers shall perform the duties of the county election board and its precinct election officers under IC 3-11 for each voting method used.

(c) The town election board shall prepare the ballots in the form prescribed by IC 3-11 and distribute them to the precincts in the town.

(d) This subsection applies only to paper ballots. Notwithstanding subsection (c), the town election board, by unanimous consent of the board's entire membership, may authorize the printing or reproduction of ballots on equipment under the control of the town clerk-treasurer. If the town election board acts under this subsection, the ballots are not required to conform to the precise dimensions concerning the size of political party devices under IC 3-11-2-9 or the placement of a candidate's name under IC 3-11-2-10(f). IC 3-11-2-10(d). However, the ballots must otherwise substantially conform with IC 3-11-2."

Page 8, line 41, delete "if:" and insert "if there are no candidates of that political party.".

Page 8, delete line 42.

Page 9, delete lines 1 through 4, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. IC 3-11-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 10. (a) Public questions shall be placed on



the general election ballot in the following order after the statement described in section 7 of this chapter, and the instructions described in subsections (d) and (e) subsection (c) and section 8 of this chapter, if instructions are printed on the ballot:

(1) Ratification of a state constitutional amendment.

(2) Local public questions.

Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, each public question shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot.

(b) The name or title of the political party or independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter shall be placed on the general election ballot after the public questions described in subsection (a). The device of the political party or independent ticket shall be placed immediately under the name of the political party or independent ticket. The instructions for voting a straight party ticket shall be placed to the right of the device, if instructions are printed on the ballot.

(c) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform as nearly as possible to the following:

"(1) To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all (insert political party name) candidates on this ballot, except for candidates described in (2) below, make a voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any other marks on this ballot.

(2) To vote for any candidate for an at-large office (insert county council, city common council, town council, or township board if those offices appear on this ballot) to which more than one (1) person may be elected, you must make another voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. Your straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for that office.

(3) If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking a nonpartisan office or on a public question, you must make another voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot.".

(d) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, if the ballot contains an independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the ballot.".

(c) (c) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a



DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written in or your vote will not be counted.".

(f) (d) Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, the list of candidates of the political party shall be placed immediately under the instructions for voting. a straight party ticket. The names of the candidates shall be placed three-fourths (3/4) of an inch apart from center to center of the name. The name of each candidate must have, immediately on its left, a square three-eighths (3/8) of an inch on each side.

(g) (e) The circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.".

Page 9, delete lines 16 through 33, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 9. IC 3-11-2-12.4, AS ADDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 12.4. (a) This section applies whenever more than one (1) candidate may be elected to an office.

(b) The office shall be placed on the general election ballot after the offices described in section 12 of this chapter and before the offices described in section 12.9 of this chapter.

(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a county council, city common council, or town council that includes both an at-large member and a member representing a district, the candidates seeking election as a member representing a district shall be placed on the ballot after candidates seeking election as an at-large member.

(c) (d) The ballot shall contain a statement reading substantially as follows above the name of the first candidate: "To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for.". A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.".".

Page 12, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 15. IC 3-11-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 65, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), A ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:

(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all of the candidates of one (1) political party by a single voting mark on each ballot card;

(2) (1) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board



candidates nominated by petition; or

(3) (2) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties and for independent candidates. or

(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting individual votes for candidates of another political party or independent candidate.

(b) A ballot card voting system must require that a voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to which more than one person may be elected, on a:

(1) county council;

(2) city common council;

(3) town council; or

(4) township board;

make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. The ballot card voting system may not count any straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.

(c) (b) A ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:

(1) for all candidates for presidential electors and alternate presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket by making a single voting mark; and

(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote. SECTION 16. IC 3-11-7-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]. Sec. 6. A ballot card voting system must count a ballot in accordance with IC 3-12-1-7 when a voter votes a straight ticket vote and votes for individual candidates as described by IC 3-12-1-7.

SECTION 17. IC 3-11-7.5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), An electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:

(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all the candidates of one (1) political party by touching the device of that party;

(2) (1) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board candidates nominated by petition; or

(3) (2) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties and for independent candidates. or

(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting individual votes for candidates of another political party or independent candidates.



(b) An electronic voting system must require that a voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to which more than one person may be elected, on a:

(1) county council;

(2) city common council;

(3) town council; or

(4) township board;

make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to east a vote. The electronic voting system may not count any straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.

(c) (b) An electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:

(1) for as many candidates for an office as the voter may vote for, but no more;

(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote, but no other; and

(3) for all the candidates for presidential electors and alternate presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket by making a single voting mark.".

Page 23, delete lines 3 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 35. IC 3-11-11-10 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]. Sec. 10. If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group of petitioners, the voter may make a voting mark on or in a large circle enclosing the device and before the name under which the candidates of the party or group of petitioners are printed. The voter's vote shall then be counted for all the candidates under that party name or for the two (2) candidates comprising an independent ticket.

SECTION 36. IC 3-11-13-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 104, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order of arrangement provided for ballots under this section.

(b) Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The county may:

(1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and

(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.



(c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).

(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.

(e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), **IC 3-11-2-12.9(c)**, IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). The offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column **or row** either vertically or horizontally and on a number of separate pages.

(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate:

(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.

(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for.", A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.

(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be grouped together in the following order:

(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last most recent election for secretary of state is listed first.

(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is listed second.

(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).



(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the last most recent election for secretary of state or a nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).

(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.

(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law.

(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the ballot.

(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's political party, or the word "Independent" if the:

(1) candidate; or

(2) ticket of candidates for:

(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or

(B) governor and lieutenant governor;

is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.

(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision must be grouped together:

(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;

(2) in the order established by subsection (g); and

(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".

(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body of a school corporation must be grouped:

(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking; and

(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of



candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".

(k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:

(1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.

(2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8 <del>IC 3-11-2-10(d),</del> and <del>IC 3-11-2-10(c).</del> **IC 3-11-2-10(c).** 

(1) The ballot must include: a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by:

(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6); and

(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-5).

The name and device of each political party or independent ticket must be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3may be placed on the ballot label or in a location within the voting booth in a location that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.

(m) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot card that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.

(n) The requirements in this section:

(1) do not replace; and

(2) are in addition to;

any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots.

(o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.

(p) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not list:

(1) the names of <del>political parties or</del> candidates; or

(2) the text of public questions;



on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question.".

Delete pages 24 through 25.

Page 26, delete lines 1 through 16.

Page 26, delete lines 22 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 38. IC 3-11-13-14 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]. Sec. 14. (a) In partisan elections, the ballot labels must include a voting square or position where a voter may by one (1) voting mark on each eard record a straight party or an independent ticket vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or the independent ticket, except for offices for which the voter:

(1) is required to cast an individual vote for a candidate under IC 3-11-7-4(b); or

(2) has voted individually for a candidate for any other office.

(b) If the voter records a vote for the two (2) candidates comprising an independent ticket, the vote must not count for any other independent candidate on the ballot.

SECTION 39. IC 3-11-13-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies to:

(1) a ballot card voting system; and

(2) a voting system that includes features of a ballot card voting system and a direct record electronic voting system.

(b) Not later than seventy-four (74) days before election day, for each county planning to use automatic tabulating machines at the next election, VSTOP shall provide each county election board with two (2) lists of unique identification numbers for the machines to be tested by the county. The number of machines selected in each list must be:

(1) approved by the division; and

(2) not less than five percent (5%) of the machines in the county.

(c) The county election board shall test the machines in the first list described in subsection (b) to ascertain that the machines will correctly count the votes cast for straight party tickets, for all candidates (including write-in candidates) and on all public questions. If an individual attending the public test requests that additional automatic tabulating machines be tested, then the county election board shall test machines from the second list described in subsection (b).

(d) If VSTOP does not provide the lists under subsection (b) not later than sixty (60) days before the election, the county election board shall establish and implement a procedure for random selection of not



less than five percent (5%) of the machines in the county. The county election board shall then test the machines selected as described in subsection (c).

(e) Not later than seven (7) days after conducting the test under subsection (c), the county election board shall certify to the election division that the test has been conducted in conformity with subsection (c). The testing under subsection (c) must begin before absentee voting begins in the office of the circuit court clerk under IC 3-11-10-26.

(f) Public notice of the time and place shall be given at least forty-eight (48) hours before the test. The notice shall be published once in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4.

(g) If a county election board determines that:

(1) a ballot:

(A) must be reprinted or corrected as provided by IC 3-11-2-16 because of the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question from the ballot; or

(B) is an absentee ballot that a voter is entitled to recast under IC 3-11.5-4-2 because the absentee ballot includes a candidate for election to office who:

(i) ceased to be a candidate; and

(ii) has been succeeded by a candidate selected under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; and

(2) ballots used in the test conducted under this section were not reprinted or corrected to remove the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question, or indicate the name of the successor candidate;

the county election board shall conduct an additional public test described in subsection (c) using the reprinted or corrected ballots. Notice of the time and place of the additional test shall be given in accordance with IC 5-14-1.5, but publication of the notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4 is not required.

SECTION 40. IC 3-11-13-31.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 31.7. (a) This section is enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an optical scan voting system.

(b) After receiving ballot cards, a voter shall, without leaving the room, go alone into one (1) of the booths or compartments that is unoccupied and indicate:

(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by marking the connectable arrows, circles, ovals, or squares immediately



59

beside:

(A) the candidates' names; or

(B) the numbers referring to the candidates; and

(2) the voter's preference on each public question by marking the connectable arrow, oval, or square beside:

(A) the word "yes" or "no" under the question; or

(B) the number referring to the word "yes" or "no" on the ballot.

(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the voter may mark:

(1) the circle enclosing the device; or

(2) the connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square described in section 11 of this chapter;

that designates the candidates of that political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6). Except as provided by IC 3-11-7-4(b), the voter's vote shall then be counted for all the candidates of that political party or included in the independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6). However, if the voter marks the circle, arrow, oval, or square of an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the vote shall not be counted for any other independent candidate on the ballot.

(d) (c) This subsection applies to a voter casting a ballot on a voting system that includes features of both an optical scan ballot card voting system and a direct record electronic voting system. After entering into a booth used with the voting system, the voter shall indicate the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote and the voter's preference on each public question by:

(1) inserting a paper ballot or an optical scan ballot into the voting system; or

(2) using headphones to listen to a recorded list of political parties, candidates, and public questions.

(c) (d) A voter using a voting system described in subsection (d) (c) may indicate the voter's selections by:

(1) touching a device on or in the squares immediately adjacent to the name of a political party, candidate, or response to a public question; or

(2) indicating the voter's choices by using a sip puff device that enables the voter to indicate a choice by inhaling or exhaling.".

Page 27, delete lines 1 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 41. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016,



SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.

(b) The county may:

(1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label; and

(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.

(c) Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).

(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.

(e) The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on the general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). Each office and public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally.

(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate:

(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.

(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.", To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.

(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be grouped together in the following order:



(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last most recent election for secretary of state is listed first.

(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is listed second.

(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).

(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the <del>last</del> **most recent** election **for secretary of state** or a nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).

(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.

(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for federal offices.

(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the ballot.

(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's political party, or the word "Independent", if the:

(1) candidate; or

(2) ticket of candidates for:

(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or

(B) governor and lieutenant governor;

is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.

(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision must be grouped together:

(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;

(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and



(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".

(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body of a school corporation must be grouped:

(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking; and

(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".

(k) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public question is listed.

(l) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8 <del>IC 3-11-2-10(d),</del> and <del>IC 3-11-2-10(e)</del> **IC 3-11-2-10(c)** may be:

(1) placed on the ballot label; or

(2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.

(m) The ballot label must include: a touch sensitive point or button for voting a straight political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button must be identified by:

(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and

(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-5).

The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 may be placed on the ballot label or in a location within the voting booth that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.

(n) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print



a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.

(o) The requirements in this section:

(1) do not replace; and

(2) are in addition to;

any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic voting systems.

(p) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.".

Delete pages 28 through 29.

Page 30, delete lines 1 through 12.

Page 30, delete lines 18 through 27, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 43. IC 3-11-14-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 23. (a) This section is enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an electronic voting system.

(b) If a voter is not challenged by a member of the precinct election board, the voter may pass the railing to the side where an electronic voting system is and into the voting booth. There the voter shall register the voter's vote in secret by indicating:

(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by touching a device on or in the squares immediately above the candidates' names;

(2) if the voter intends to cast a write-in vote, a write-in vote by touching a device on or in the square immediately below the candidates' names and printing the name of the candidate in the window provided for write-in voting; and

(3) the voter's preference on each public question by touching a device above the word "yes" or "no" under the question.

(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group of petitioners, the voter may cast a straight party ticket by touching that party's device. Except as provided in IC 3-11-7.5-10(b), the voter's vote shall then be counted for all the candidates under that name. However, if the voter casts a vote by touching the circle of an independent ticket comprised of two (2) candidates, the vote shall not be counted for any other independent candidate on the ballot.



(d) (c) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, a voter casting a ballot on an electronic voting system must be:

(1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
 (2) provided the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the ballot; and

(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.

SECTION 44. IC 3-11-14.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 113, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. (a) Not later than seventy-four (74) days before election day, for each county planning to use an electronic voting system at the next election, VSTOP shall provide each county election board with two (2) lists of unique identification numbers for the machines to be tested by the county. The number of machines selected in each list must be:

(1) approved by the division; and

(2) not less than five percent (5%) of the machines in the county.

(b) The county election board shall test the machines in the first list described in subsection (a) to ascertain that the machines will correctly count the votes cast for straight party tickets, for all candidates (including write-in candidates) and on all public questions. If an individual attending the public test requests that additional electronic voting systems be tested, then the county election board shall test machines from the second list described in subsection (a).

(c) If VSTOP does not provide the lists under subsection (a) not later than sixty (60) days before the election, the county election board shall establish and implement a procedure for random selection of not less than five percent (5%) of the machines in the county. The county election board shall then test the machines selected as described in subsection (b).

(d) The testing under subsection (b) must begin before absentee voting starts in the office of the circuit court clerk under IC 3-11-10-26.

(e) If a county election board determines that:

(1) a ballot provided by an electronic voting system:

(A) must be corrected as provided by IC 3-11-2-16 because of the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question from the ballot; or



(B) is an absentee ballot that a voter is entitled to recast under IC 3-11.5-4-2 because the absentee ballot includes a candidate for election to office who:

(i) ceased to be a candidate; and

(ii) has been succeeded by a candidate selected under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; and

(2) machines used in the test conducted under this section did not contain a ballot that was reprinted or corrected to remove the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question, or indicate the name of the successor candidate;

the county election board shall conduct an additional public test described in subsection (b) using the machines previously tested and containing the reprinted or corrected ballots.".

Page 38, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 55. IC 3-12-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.64-2014, SECTION 68, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. Subject to sections 5, 6, 7, <del>8,</del> 9, 9.5, and 13 of this chapter, the primary factor to be considered in determining a voter's choice on a ballot is the intent of the voter. If the voter's intent can be determined on the ballot or on part of the ballot, the vote shall be counted for the affected candidate or candidates or on the public question. However, if it is impossible to determine a voter's choice of candidates on a part of a ballot or vote on a public question, then the voter's vote concerning those candidates or public questions may not be counted.

SECTION 56. IC 3-12-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 137, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not apply to a ballot card voting system or an electronic voting system. Except as provided in subsection (d), A voting mark made by a voter on or in a voting square at the left of a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate. or candidates of the political party.

(b) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system. A voting mark made by a voter:

(1) on or in a circle, oval, or square; or

(2) to connect a connectable arrow;

immediately below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate. or candidates of the political party, except as provided in subsection (d).

(c) This subsection applies to a direct record electronic voting system. A voting mark made by a voter touching a touch sensitive point



or button below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate. or candidates of the political party, except as provided in subsection (d).

(d) A voter who wishes to east a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected on a:

- (1) county council;
- (2) city common council;
- (3) town council; or
- (4) township board;

must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to east a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot eard voting system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.

SECTION 57. IC 3-12-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 7. (a) This subsection applies whenever a voter:

(1) votes a straight party ticket; and

(2) votes only for one (1) or more individual candidates who are all of the same political party as the straight ticket vote.

Except as provided in subsection (d) or (e), the straight ticket vote shall be counted and the individual candidate votes may not be counted.

(b) This subsection applies whenever:

(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of one (1) political party;

(2) only one (1) person may be elected to an office; and

(3) the voter has voted for one (1) individual candidate for the office described in subdivision (2) who is:

(A) a candidate of a political party other than the party for which the voter voted a straight ticket; or

(B) an independent candidate or declared write-in candidate for the office.

If the voter has voted for one (1) individual candidate for the office described in subdivision (2), the individual candidate vote for that office shall be counted, the straight party ticket vote for that office may not be counted, and the straight party ticket votes for other offices on the ballot shall be counted.

(c) This subsection applies whenever:

(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of one (1) political party; and



(2) the voter has voted for more individual candidates for the office than the number of persons to be elected to that office.

The individual candidate votes for that office may not be counted, the straight party ticket vote for that office may not be counted, and the straight party ticket votes for other offices on the ballot shall be counted.

(d) This subsection applies whenever:

(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of one (1) political party;

(2) more than one (1) person may be elected to an office; and

(3) the voter has voted for individual candidates for the office described in subdivision (2) who are:

(A) independent candidates or declared write-in candidates;

(B) candidates of a political party other than the political party for which the voter cast a straight party ticket under subdivision (1); or

(C) a combination of candidates described in clauses (A) and (B).

The individual votes east by the voter for the office for the independent candidates, declared write-in candidates, and the candidates of a political party other than the political party for which the voter cast a straight party ticket shall be counted unless the total number of these individual votes is greater than the number of persons to be elected to the office. The straight party ticket votes for the office shall not be counted. The straight party ticket votes for other offices on the voter's ballot shall be counted.

(e) This subsection applies whenever:

(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of one (1) political party;

(2) more than one (1) person may be elected to an office; and

(3) the voter has voted for individual candidates for the office described in subdivision (2) who are:

(A) independent candidates, declared write-in candidates, or candidates of a political party other than the political party for which the voter cast a straight party ticket under subdivision (1); and

(B) candidates of the same political party for which the voter cast a straight party ticket under subdivision (1).

The individual votes cast by the voter for the office for the independent candidates, the declared write-in candidates, and the candidates of a political party other than the political party for which the voter east a straight party ticket, and the candidates of the political party for which



the voter cast a straight party ticket shall be counted unless the total number of these individual votes is greater than the number of persons to be elected to the office. The straight party ticket votes for the office shall not be counted. The straight party ticket votes for other offices on the voter's ballot shall be counted.

(f) If a voter votes a straight party ticket for more than one (1) political party, the whole ballot is void with regard to all candidates nominated by a political party, declared write-in candidates, or candidates designated as independent candidates on the ballot. However, the voter's vote for a school board candidate or on a public question shall be counted if otherwise valid under this chapter.

(g) (a) If a voter does not vote a straight party ticket and the number of votes cast by that a voter for the candidates for an office are less than or equal to the number of openings for that office, the individual candidates votes shall be counted.

(h) (b) If a voter does not vote a straight party ticket and the number of votes cast by that  $\mathbf{a}$  voter for an office exceeds the number of openings for that office, none of the votes concerning that office may be counted.

SECTION 58. IC 3-12-1-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 7.5. (a) If a voter votes for one (1) individual candidate for an office for which only one (1) person may be elected and also writes in the name of another candidate for the same office, neither vote may be counted.

(b) If a voter votes for at least one (1) individual candidate for an office for which at least two (2) people may be elected and also writes in the name of at least one (1) candidate, the vote for that office may not be counted unless the number of individual votes cast for the office, when added to the number of write-in votes cast for that office, is less than or equal to the number of seats available for that office.

(c) If a voter votes an individual or a straight party vote for a candidate for an office and also writes in the name of the same candidate for the same office, only one (1) vote for that candidate may be counted.

SECTION 59. IC 3-12-1-8 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]. Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a voting mark made by a voter on or in a circle containing a political party device shall be counted as a vote for each candidate of that political party on that ballot.

(b) A voter who wishes to east a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected



on a:

(1) county council;

(2) city common council;

(3) town council; or

(4) township board;

must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to east a vote. A voting mark on or in a circle containing a political party device shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.

SECTION 60. IC 3-12-1-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 14. (a) This section does not apply to a vote

(1) cast for President or Vice President of the United States under IC 3-10-4-6. or

(2) described by section 15 of this chapter.

(b) A vote cast for a candidate who ceases to be a candidate may not be counted as a vote for a successor candidate selected under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2.

SECTION 61. IC 3-12-1-15 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]. Sec. 15. (a) This section does not apply to a candidate for an at-large office of a county council, eity common council, town council, or township board, if those offices appear on a ballot.

(b) This section applies to a vote cast for one (1) straight party ticket that includes a candidate for election to office who:

(1) ceases to be a candidate; and

(2) is succeeded by a candidate selected under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2.

(c) A vote cast in the election for the original nominee is considered a vote cast for the successor.".

Page 40, delete lines 22 through 41.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 178 as printed January 28, 2020.)

WESCO

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 2.





## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures, to which was referred Senate Bill 178, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 8, delete lines 15 through 32.

Page 9, delete lines 2 through 42.

Page 10, delete lines 1 through 16.

Page 11, line 2, delete "".".

Page 11, line 2, reset in roman "A straight party vote will not count as".

Page 11, reset in roman line 3.

Page 13, delete lines 33 through 42.

Delete page 14.

Page 15, delete lines 1 through 18.

Page 26, delete lines 1 through 9.

Page 28, line 26, after "IC 3-11-2-8" insert ",".

Page 28, line 26, reset in roman "IC 3-11-2-10(d),".

Page 28, line 27, reset in roman "IC 3-11-2-10(e).".

Page 28, line 27, delete "IC 3-11-2-10(c).".

Page 28, line 28, delete ":".

Page 28, line 28, reset in roman "a single connectable arrow, circle, oval,".

Page 28, reset in roman lines 29 through 33.

Page 28, line 41, reset in roman "instructions".

Page 28, reset in roman line 42.

Page 29, delete lines 30 through 41, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 31. IC 3-11-13-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 14. (a) In partisan elections, the ballot labels must include a voting square or position where a voter may by one (1) voting mark on each card record a straight party or an independent ticket vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or the independent ticket, except for offices for which the voter:

(1) is required to cast an individual vote for a candidate under IC 3-11-7-4(b); or

(2) has voted individually for a candidate for any other office.

(b) If the voter records a vote for the two (2) candidates comprising an independent ticket, the vote must not count for any other independent candidate on the ballot.



(c) A ballot label must not include a voting square or position to permit a voter to cast a straight party ticket for a political party or independent ticket if:

(1) there are no candidates of that political party; or

(2) the only candidates of the political party are for election to offices to which more than one (1) individual is to be elected and which will not be credited with a vote under IC 3-12-1-7 if a voter casts a straight party ticket.".

Page 29, delete line 42.

Delete pages 30 through 31.

Page 32, delete lines 1 through 19.

Page 33, line 2, after "IC 3-11-2-12.9(a)," insert "IC 3-11-2-12.9(c).".

Page 33, line 13, delete "",".

Page 33, line 13, reset in roman "To vote for any candidate".

Page 33, reset in roman lines 14 through 15.

Page 33, line 16, reset in roman "for any candidate for this office.",".

Page 34, line 39, after "IC 3-11-2-8" insert ",".

Page 34, line 39, reset in roman "IC 3-11-2-10(d),".

Page 34, line 40, reset in roman "IC 3-11-2-10(e)".

Page 34, line 40, delete "IC 3-11-2-10(c)".

Page 35, line 2, after "(m)" insert "Except as provided in section 14.5 of this chapter,".

Page 35, line 2, delete "The" and insert "the".

Page 35, line 2, delete ":".

Page 35, line 2, reset in roman "a touch sensitive point or button".

Page 35, reset in roman lines 3 through 5.

Page 35, line 12, reset in roman "instructions described in".

Page 35, line 13, reset in roman "IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the".

Page 35, delete lines 37 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 34. IC 3-11-14-14.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 14.5. A ballot label must not include a touch sensitive point or button to permit a voter to cast a straight party ticket for a political party or independent ticket if:

(1) there are no candidates of that political party; or

(2) the only candidates of the political party are for election to offices to which more than one (1) individual is to be elected and which will not be credited with a vote under IC 3-12-1-7 if a voter casts a straight party ticket.".



Delete page 36. Page 37, delete lines 1 through 34. Page 39, line 11, delete "described in subsection (c)". Page 39, line 33, delete "in a pilot program". Page 45, delete lines 21 through 42. Delete pages 46 through 48. Page 49, delete lines 1 through 37. Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to ESB 178 as printed February 18, 2020.)

LEONARD

Committee Vote: yeas 7, nays 3.

### HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 178 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, between lines 2 and 3, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 3-8-1-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. A candidate for the office of attorney general must satisfy all of the following:

(1) The candidate must have resided in Indiana for at least two(2) years before the election. and

(2) years before the election.  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

(2) **The candidate must** have been admitted to the practice of law in Indiana for at least five (5) years upon taking office.

(3) The candidate may not have been:

(A) disbarred in Indiana; or

(B) suspended from the practice of law in Indiana for thirty (30) or more days;

at any time during the period of five (5) years before taking office.".

Page 7, between lines 26 and 27, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 5. IC 3-8-7-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies to a state convention conducted by a political party described by IC 3-8-4-1.

(b) The state chairman and state secretary of the political party holding the state convention shall certify each candidate nominated at



the convention to the secretary of state not later than noon July 15 before the general election.

(c) The certificate must be in writing and state the following:

(1) The name of each candidate nominated as:

(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the ballot; and

(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot under IC 3-5-7.

(2) Each candidate's residence address.

(3) Whether each candidate nominated by the convention has complied with IC 3-9-1-5 by filing a campaign finance statement of organization.

(4) The following statements:

(A) A statement that the candidate satisfies all the qualifications for the office the candidate is seeking under INDIANA law.

(A) (B) A statement that the candidate has attached either of the following to the certificate:

(i) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped by the office required to receive the statement of economic interests.

(ii) A receipt, photocopy of a receipt, or electronic mail from the office of the inspector general or judicial qualifications commission, showing that a statement of economic interests has been filed.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

(B) (C) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before serving in the office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office or legislative office.

 $(\mathbf{C})$  (**D**) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully complete training or have attained certification related to service in an elected office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office, state office, or legislative office.

 $(\mathbf{D})$  (E) A statement that the candidate:

(i) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures; and





(ii) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

The candidate must separately initial each of the statements required by this subdivision.

(d) The election division shall prescribe the form of the certificate of nomination for the offices. The election division shall provide that the form of the certificate of nomination include the following information:

(1) The dates for filing campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.

(2) The penalties for late filing of campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.

(e) A certificate of nomination must include a statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the certificate of nomination. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's certificate of nomination and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the certificate of nomination is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration.

(f) The certificate of nomination must be signed by the state chairman and state secretary of the political party holding the convention, and set forth the name and residence of the chairman and secretary. The chairman and secretary shall acknowledge the certificate before an individual authorized to administer oaths under IC 33-42-9. The signed acknowledgment must be included in the certificate of nomination executed under this section.".

Page 40, between lines 1 and 2, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 48. IC 3-12-11-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), whenever the commission makes a final determination under section 18 of this chapter that the candidate who is subject to a contest proceeding is not eligible to serve in the office to which the candidate is nominated or elected, the candidate who received the second highest number of votes for the office is entitled to a certificate of nomination or certificate of election even though a certificate may have been issued to another candidate upon the tabulation of the votes.

(b) This subsection applies to a contest proceeding for a state office



other than the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, justice of the supreme court, judge of the court of appeals, and judge of the tax court. Whenever the commission makes a final determination under section 18(b) of this chapter that the candidate who is subject to a contest proceeding is not eligible to serve in the office to which the candidate is elected the following apply:

(1) This subdivision does not apply to the filling of a state office following a contest proceeding or court action that resulted from an election held before January 1, 2011. The office is considered vacant, and the governor shall fill the vacancy as provided in IC 3-13-4-3(e) IC 3-13-4-3(f) by the appointment of a person of the same political party as the candidate who is not eligible to serve.

(2) The commission's determination that the candidate is not eligible to serve in the office does not affect the votes cast for the candidate for purposes of determining the number or percentage of votes cast for purposes of other statutes, including IC 3-5-2-30, IC 3-6-2-1, IC 3-6-4.1-6, IC 3-6-5.2-7, IC 3-6-6-8, IC 3-6-7-1, IC 3-6-8-1, IC 3-8-4, IC 3-8-6, IC 3-10-1-2, IC 3-10-2-15, IC 3-10-4-2, IC 3-10-6, IC 3-10-7-26, IC 3-11-2-6, IC 3-11-13-11, IC 3-11-14-3.5, IC 3-13-9-4.5, IC 6-9-2-3, and IC 36-4-1.5-2.

SECTION 49. IC 3-13-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011, SECTION 84, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to a vacancy that occurs in a state office other than governor, lieutenant governor, or a judicial office.

(b) If a state officer wants to resign from office, the state officer must resign as provided in IC 5-8-3.5.

(c) A vacancy that occurs in a state office because of the death of the state officer may be certified to the governor under IC 5-8-6. The governor may not fill a vacancy as provided by law until the governor receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.

(d) **Except as provided in subsection (e),** a vacancy that occurs in a state office other than by resignation or death shall be certified to the governor by the circuit court clerk of the county in which the officer resided.

(e) A vacancy that occurs in the office of the attorney general under IC 4-6-1-3(b) shall be certified to the governor by the Indiana supreme court.

(c) (f) The governor shall fill a vacancy in a state office by appointment of a person of the same political party as the officer who held the vacated office.



(f) (g) The person who is appointed by the governor holds office for the remainder of the unexpired term and until a successor is elected and qualified.".

Page 40, between lines 16 and 17, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 51. IC 4-6-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2016, SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The attorney general shall be a citizen of and duly licensed to practice law in Indiana. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of the attorney general's office, the attorney general shall take and subscribe an oath of office to be administered to the attorney general in the usual form by any officer authorized to administer oaths; which oath shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of state. The attorney general shall also, previous to entering upon the duties of the office, properly execute and file with the secretary of state the attorney general's bond in the penal sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), payable to the state of Indiana, with surety to the approval of the secretary of state, and conditioned for the faithful discharge of the attorney general's duties as attorney general; the premium on the bond shall be payable from state funds to be appropriated.

(b) If the individual who holds the office of attorney general is:

(1) disbarred in Indiana; or

(2) suspended from the practice of law in Indiana for thirty (30) or more days;

the individual forfeits the office and a vacancy in the office exists.". Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 178 as printed February 28, 2020.)

WESCO

