### SENATE BILL No. 172

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 5-2-6.1; IC 5-14-3-4.

**Synopsis:** Compensation for victims of violent crime. Amends definitions of emergency shelter care, motor vehicle, violent crime, and victim of a child sex crime. Changes out-of-pocket loss to out-of-pocket expenses. Provides that certain records obtained by the victim services division (division) of the criminal justice institute are to remain confidential. Provides that, where justice requires, the division may award compensation before an information or indictment is filed. Adds procedures for claim denial by the division. Provides that an award may not be made unless the claimant has incurred an out-of-pocket expense or loss of income that exceeds \$100. Adds that the division may order the payment of compensation for reasonable, documented expenses that were incurred within 180 days of the violent crime. Provides that the director may extend the 180 days to two years for mental health counseling. Requires written verification of all losses and expenses requested before making an award. Adds procedures for application denial and appeals. Repeals the law relating to payment of compensable losses, hearings concerning the merits of an application, decisions by a hearing officer, the reduction of awards, and appealing the findings of a hearing officer.

Effective: July 1, 2024.

## Crider

January 9, 2024, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections and Criminal Law.



#### Second Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2024)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2023 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# SENATE BILL No. 172

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 5-2-6.1-2.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.121-2006
SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2.5. As used in this chapter, "emergency shelter
care" means temporary or transitional housing in a facility having the
primary purpose of providing temporary or transitional shelter for the
homeless or for a specific population of the homeless. a claimant to
avoid contact with the person who committed the violent crime
that is the basis for the claim.
SECTION 2. IC 5-2-6.1-5.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.121-2006
SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5.5. As used in this chapter, "motor vehicle" has
the meaning set forth in <del>IC 7.1-1-3-26.3.</del> <b>IC 9-13-2-105.</b>
SECTION 3. IC 5-2-6.1-5.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.129-2009
SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5.7. As used in this chapter, "out-of-pocket loss'
"out-of-pocket expense" means: an amount equal to the amount of
reimbursement



1	(1) funeral expenses;
2	(2) burial expenses;
3	(3) cremation expenses; and
4	(4) medical expenses that are payable under IC 27-8-10-3 for
5	each of the types of services and items provided to a victim as a
6	result of the bodily injury or death upon which an application is
7	based.
8	SECTION 4. IC 5-2-6.1-5.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
9	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
10	1, 2024]: Sec. 5.8. As used in this chapter, "loss of income" means
11	wages the victim would have earned had the victim not died or
12	been injured, if the victim was employed at the time of the crime.
13	SECTION 5. IC 5-2-6.1-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
14	2024]. Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "person" includes a sole
15	proprietorship, a partnership, a corporation, an association, a fiduciary,
16	and an individual.
17	SECTION 6. IC 5-2-6.1-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.48-2012,
18	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 7.5. As used in this chapter, "victim of a child sex
20	crime" means an individual who was the victim of:
21	(1) child molesting ( <del>IC 35-42-4-3(a));</del> ( <b>IC 35-42-4-3)</b> ;
22	(2) vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5);
23	(3) child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6);
24	(4) child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7); or
25	(5) incest (IC 35-46-1-3); <b>or</b>
26	(6) sexual misconduct with a minor (IC 35-42-4-9);
27	and was less than eighteen (18) years of age at the time the crime
28	occurred.
29	SECTION 7. IC 5-2-6.1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.65-2016,
30	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "violent crime" means
32	the following:
33	(1) A crime under the Indiana Code that is a felony of any kind or
34	a Class A misdemeanor that results in bodily injury or death to the
35	victim but does not include any of the following:
36	(A) A crime under IC 9-30-5 resulting from the operation of a
37	vehicle other than a motor vehicle.
38	(B) Involuntary manslaughter resulting from the operation of
39	a motor vehicle by a person who was not intoxicated (IC
10	35-42-1-4).
11	(C) Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor
12	vehicle by a person who was not intoxicated (IC 35-42-1-5)



1	(D) Criminal recklessness involving the use of a motor
2	vehicle, unless the offense was intentional or the person using
3	the motor vehicle was intoxicated (IC 35-42-2-2).
4	(E) A crime involving the operation of a motor vehicle if the
5	driver of the motor vehicle was not charged with an offense
6	under IC 9-30-5.
7	(F) A battery offense included in IC 35-42-2 upon a child less
8	than fourteen (14) years of age.
9	(G) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
10	(H) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).
11	(2) A crime in another jurisdiction in which the elements of the
12	crime are substantially similar to the elements of a crime that, if
13	the crime results in death or bodily injury to the victim, would be
14	a felony or a Class A misdemeanor if committed in Indiana.
15	However, the term does not include any of the following:
16	(A) A crime in another jurisdiction resulting from operating a
17	vehicle, other than a motor vehicle, while intoxicated.
18	(B) A crime in another jurisdiction with elements substantially
19	similar to involuntary manslaughter resulting from the
20	operation of a motor vehicle if the crime was committed by a
21	person who was not intoxicated.
22	(C) A crime in another jurisdiction with elements substantially
23	similar to reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a
24	motor vehicle if the crime was committed by a person who was
25	not intoxicated.
26	(D) A crime in another jurisdiction with elements substantially
27	similar to criminal recklessness involving the use of a motor
28	vehicle unless the offense was intentional or the person using
29	the motor vehicle was intoxicated.
30	(E) A crime involving the operation of a motor vehicle if the
31	driver of the motor vehicle was not charged with an offense
32	under IC 9-30-5.
33	(3) A terrorist act.
34	SECTION 8. IC 5-2-6.1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 11. The division may
36	do the following:
37	(1) Require from the attorney general, the state police department,
38	local law enforcement personnel, a county department of public
39	welfare, or a prosecuting attorney copies of investigations and
40	data to assist the division in determining the validity of a
41	claimant's application for assistance under this chapter.
42	(2) Require medical examination of victims.
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1	(3) (2) Hold hearings, administer oaths, examine any person
2	under oath, issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and giving
3	of testimony of witnesses, and require the production of books,
4	papers, and documentary or other evidence. The subpoena powers
5	provided in this subdivision may be exercised only by the director
6	of the division or the director's designated representative.
7	(4) (3) Take or cause to be taken affidavits or depositions.
8	SECTION 9. IC 5-2-6.1-11.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2016,
9	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 11.5. A claimant's: The following are
11	confidential:
12	(1) A claimant's:
13	(A) personal information (as defined in IC 9-14-6-6); and
14	(2) (B) medical records. are confidential.
15	(2) Records obtained during an investigation under section 26
16	of this chapter that are not publicly available.
17	SECTION 10. IC 5-2-6.1-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.98-2022,
18	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 13. (a) Subject to subsection (b) and except as
20	provided in subsection (c), benefits may not be awarded:
21	(1) if the victim sustained the injury as a result of participating or
22	assisting in, or attempting to commit or committing a criminal act;
23	(2) if the injury occurred while the victim was a resident in a
24	county, city, or federal jail or prison or in an institution operated
25	by the department of correction;
26	(3) if the victim profited or would have profited from the criminal
27	act;
28	(4) if, at the time the injury occurred, the victim was intoxicated
29	and contributed to the commission of an unrelated felony; or
30	(5) to a claimant who contributed to the injury or death of the
31	victim.
32	(b) If the victim is a dependent child or dependent parent of the
33	person who commits a violent crime, compensation may be awarded
34	where justice requires.
35	(c) Benefits may be awarded to a person described in subsection
36	(a)(4) who is the victim of a sex crime under IC 35-42-4, a crime
37	involving domestic or family violence (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-76),
38	or a crime of domestic violence (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-78), or
39	incest (as defined in IC 35-46-1-3).
40	SECTION 11. IC 5-2-6.1-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.31-2020,
41	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 16. (a) A person eligible for assistance under



section 12 of this chapter may file an application for assistance with the division. if the violent crime was committed in Indiana.

- (b) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), the application must be received by the division not more than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date the crime was committed. The division may grant an extension of time for good cause shown by the claimant. However, and except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), the division may not accept an application that is received more than two (2) years after the date the crime was committed.
- (c) The application must be filed in the office of the division in person, through the division's Internet web site, or by first class or certified mail. If requested, the division shall assist a victim in preparing the application.
- (d) The division shall accept all applications filed in compliance with this chapter. Upon receipt of a complete application, the division shall promptly begin the investigation and processing of an application.
- (e) An alleged victim of a child sex crime may submit an application to the division until the victim becomes thirty-one (31) years of age or in accordance with subsection (f).
- (f) An alleged victim of a child sex crime described in IC 35-41-4-2(e) which meets the requirements of IC 35-41-4-2(p) may submit an application to the division not later than five (5) years after the earliest of the date on which:
  - (1) the state first discovers evidence sufficient to charge the offender with the offense through DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) analysis;
  - (2) the state first becomes aware of the existence of a recording (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-273) that provides evidence sufficient to charge the offender with the offense; or
  - (3) a person confesses to the offense.
- (g) An alleged victim of a battery offense included in IC 35-42-2 upon a child less than fourteen (14) years of age may submit an application to the division not later than five (5) years after the commission of the offense.
- SECTION 12. IC 5-2-6.1-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.98-2022, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 17. (a) Except for an alleged victim of a child sex crime, the division may not award compensation under this chapter unless the violent crime was reported to a law enforcement officer not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the occurrence of the crime.
- (b) The division may not award compensation under this chapter until:



1	(1) law enforcement and other records concerning the
2	circumstances of the crime are available; and
3	(2) any criminal investigation directly related to the crime has
4	been substantially completed.
5	(c) If the crime involved a motor vehicle, the division may not
6	award compensation under this chapter until an information or
7	indictment alleging the commission of a crime has been filed by a
8	prosecuting attorney. The division may award compensation under
9	this chapter before an information or indictment alleging the
0	commission of a crime has been filed where justice requires.
1	(d) The division may accept proof that evidence was collected
2	through a forensic exam described in IC 16-21-8 as compliance with
3	subsection (a) and as cooperation with law enforcement, as required
4	by sections 18 and 19 of this chapter.
5	SECTION 13. IC 5-2-6.1-20.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 20.5. The division shall deny an
8	award of compensation under this chapter if the claimant fails to
9	fully cooperate with the division in the review, investigation, and
20	processing of the claim.
21	SECTION 14. IC 5-2-6.1-21 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
.2	1, 2024]. Sec. 21. (a) This section applies to claims filed with the
23 24	division after December 31, 2005, and before July 1, 2009.
	(b) This subsection does not apply to reimbursement for forensic
25	and evidence gathering services provided under section 39 of this
26	<del>chapter.</del>
27	(c) An award may not be made unless the claimant has incurred an
28	out-of-pocket loss of at least one hundred dollars (\$100).
.9	(d) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), the division may order the
0	payment of compensation under this chapter for any of the following:
1	(1) Reasonable expenses incurred for necessary medical,
2	chiropractic, hospital, dental, psychological, optometric,
3	psychiatric, and ambulance services and prescription drugs and
4	prosthetic devices that do not exceed the claimant's out-of-pocket
5	<del>loss.</del>
6	(2) Loss of income the:
7	(A) victim would have earned had the victim not died or been
8	injured, if the victim was employed at the time of the crime; or
9	(B) parent, guardian, or custodian of a victim who is less than
.0	eighteen (18) years of age incurred by taking time off work to
-1	care for the victim.
-2	A claimant seeking reimbursement under this subdivision must



1	provide the division with proof of employment and current wages.
2	(3) Reasonable emergency shelter care expenses, not to exceed
3	the expenses for thirty (30) days, that are incurred for the claimant
4	or a dependent of the claimant to avoid contact with a person who
5	committed the violent crime.
6	(4) Reasonable expense incurred for child care, not to exceed one
7	thousand dollars (\$1,000), to replace child care the victim would
8	have supplied had the victim not died or been injured.
9	(5) Loss of financial support the victim would have supplied to
10	legal dependents had the victim not died or been injured.
11	(6) Documented expenses incurred for funeral, burial, or
12	cremation of the victim that do not exceed four thousand dollars
13	(\$4,000). The division shall disburse compensation under this
14	subdivision in accordance with guidelines adopted by the
15	<del>division.</del>
16	(7) Other actual expenses resulting from the bodily injury or death
17	of the victim, including costs of mental health care, not to exceed
18	two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for the immediate family of a
19	homicide or sex crime victim, and any other actual expenses that
20	the division determines reasonable.
21	(e) If a health care provider accepts payment from the division
22	under this chapter, the health care provider may not require the victim
23	to pay a copayment or an additional fee for the provision of services.
24	(f) A health care provider who seeks compensation from the
25	division under this chapter may not simultaneously seek funding for
26	services provided to a victim from any other source.
27	SECTION 15. IC 5-2-6.1-21.1, AS AMENDED BY THE
28	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2024 GENERAL
29	ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 21.1. (a) This section applies to claims filed with
31	the division after June 30, 2009.
32	(b) This subsection section does not apply to reimbursement for
33	forensic and evidence gathering services provided under section 39 of
34	this chapter.
35	(c) An award may not be made unless the claimant has incurred an
36	out-of-pocket <del>loss</del> expense that exceeds of at <del>least</del> one hundred dollars
37	(\$100) or has incurred loss of income that exceeds one hundred
38	dollars (\$100).
39	(d) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), the division may order the

payment of compensation under this chapter for any of the following

reasonable, documented expenses incurred within one hundred

eighty (180) days after the date of the violent crime:



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1	(1) Reasonable expenses incurred within one hundred eighty
2	(180) days after the date of the violent erime for Necessary:
3	(A) medical, chiropractic, hospital, dental, optometric, and
4	ambulance services;
5	(B) prescription drugs; and
6	(C) prosthetic devices;
7	that do not exceed the claimant's out-of-pocket loss. expense.
8	(2) Loss of income:
9	(A) the victim would have earned had the victim not died or
10	been injured, if the victim was employed at the time of the
11	violent crime; <del>or</del>
12	(B) the parent, guardian, or custodian of a victim who is less
13	than eighteen (18) years of age incurred by taking time off
14	from work to care for the victim; <b>or</b>
15	(C) the spouse of a victim incurred by taking time off from
16	work to care for the victim.
17	A claimant seeking reimbursement under this subdivision must
18	provide the division with proof of employment and current wages.
19	(3) Reasonable Emergency shelter care expenses, not to exceed
20	the expenses for thirty (30) days, that are incurred for the claimant
21	or a dependent of the claimant to avoid contact with a person who
22	committed the violent crime.
23	(4) Reasonable Expense incurred for child care, not to exceed one
24	thousand dollars (\$1,000), to replace child care the victim would
25	have supplied had the victim not died or been injured.
26	(5) Loss of financial support the victim would have supplied to
27	legal dependents had the victim not died or been injured.
28	(6) <del>Documented</del> Expenses incurred for funeral, burial, or
29	cremation of the victim that do not exceed five thousand dollars
30	(\$5,000). The division shall disburse compensation under this
31	subdivision in accordance with guidelines adopted by the
32	division.
33	(7) Outpatient mental health counseling, not to exceed three
34	thousand dollars (\$3,000), concerning mental health issues related
35	to the violent crime.
36	(8) Other actual expenses related to bodily injury to or the death
37	of the victim that the division determines are reasonable.
38	(9) Replacement of windows or door locks.
39	(10) Cleanup of the scene of a violent crime.
40	(e) The division shall obtain written verification of all losses and
41	expenses requested under this section before making an award.
42	(e) (f) If a health care provider accepts payment from the division



1	under this chapter, the health care provider may not require the victim
2	to pay a copayment or an additional fee for the provision of services.
3	(f) (g) A health care provider who seeks compensation from the
4	division under this chapter may not simultaneously seek funding for
5	services provided to a victim from any other source.
6	(g) (h) The director may extend the one hundred eighty (180) day
7	compensation period established by subsection (d)(1) (d) for a period
8	not to exceed two (2) years after the date of the violent crime if:
9	(1) the victim or the victim's representative requests the
10	extension; and
11	(2) medical records and other documentation provided by the
12	attending medical providers indicate that an extension is
13	appropriate.
14	(h) (i) The director may extend the one hundred eighty (180) day
15	compensation period established by subsection $\frac{d}{d}$ for outpatient
16	mental health counseling, established by subsection (d)(7) where
17	justice requires, but for a period not to exceed two (2) years. if the
18	<del>victim:</del>
19	(1) was allegedly a victim of a sex crime (under IC 35-42-4) or
20	<del>incest (under IC 35-46-1-3);</del>
21	(2) was under eighteen (18) years of age at the time of the alleged
22	<del>crime; and</del>
23	(3) did not reveal the crime within two (2) years after the date of
24	the alleged crime.
25	SECTION 16. IC 5-2-6.1-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.100-2012,
26	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 24. The division shall employ sufficient hearing
28	officers claims analysts to review each application for an award to
29	carry out this chapter.
30	SECTION 17. IC 5-2-6.1-25 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 25. (a) The division
32	shall review all applications to ensure that the applications are
33	complete.
34	(b) If an application is not complete, the application shall be
35	returned to the applicant with a brief statement of the additional
36	information required.
37	(c) The applicant may, not more than thirty (30) days after receipt
38	of the request for additional information, either supply the information
39	or appeal to seek an extension from the director. division.
40	(d) The decision of the director is final.
41	<del>(e)</del> <b>(d)</b> If:
42	(1) the applicant does not furnish additional information; or



1	(2) additional time is not granted by the director for good cause;
2	<del>Or</del>
3	(3) the applicant does not appeal the request not later than thirty
4	(30) days after the request;
5	the application shall be denied.
6	SECTION 18. IC 5-2-6.1-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2014,
7	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 26. (a) If an application is complete, the division
9	shall accept the application for filing and investigate the facts stated in
0	the application.
1	(b) As part of the investigation, the division shall verify that:
2	(1) a violent crime was committed;
3	(2) the victim was killed or suffered bodily injury as a result of the
4	crime;
5	(3) the requirements of sections 13, 16(a), 16(b), 17, 18, and 19
6	of this chapter are met; and
7	(4) (3) out-of-pocket loss expense exceeded one hundred dollars
8	(\$100);
9	(4) loss of income exceeded one hundred dollars (\$100); and
0.0	(5) all other requirements of this chapter are met.
21	SECTION 19. IC 5-2-6.1-27 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
.2	1, 2024]. Sec. 27. (a) A hearing officer may hold a hearing concerning
23	the merits of the application to allow any interested person to appear to
.4	offer evidence and argument on any issue relevant to the application or
2.5	to the facts surrounding the bodily injury or death upon which the
26	application is based.
27	(b) If a hearing is held, the claimant shall be notified in writing by
28	certified mail with return receipt requested fifteen (15) days in advance
.9	concerning the date, time, place, and scope of the hearing in
0	accordance with IC 4-21.5-3.
1	(c) A hearing must be open to the public unless the hearing officer,
2	in consultation with the director, determines that the hearing or a part
3	of the hearing should be held in private in the interest of the victim or
4	society where justice requires.
5	SECTION 20. IC 5-2-6.1-27.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 27.5. (a) If, after investigation of
8	the application, the division determines that the applicant does not
9	qualify for compensation, a denial letter shall be issued to the
-0	applicant.
-1	(b) A denial of an application under this chapter constitutes an
2	agonov action for numbers of IC 4.21.5

agency action for purposes of IC 4-21.5.



1	SECTION 21. IC 5-2-6.1-28 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
2	1, 2024]. Sec. 28. (a) Not more than ten (10) days after the hearing, the
3	hearing officer shall issue a written decision supported by findings of
4	fact and conclusions of law based on the record from the hearing, the
5	investigation, and the application of the elaimant.
6	(b) Copies of the decision shall be mailed to the claimant at the
7	address given in the application and to the attorney general.
8	SECTION 22. IC 5-2-6.1-28.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
9	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
10	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 28.5. A claimant aggrieved by an
11	action under this chapter may request an appeal under IC 4-21.5
12	by making a written request to the director within thirty (30) days
13	of the date of the denial letter.
14	SECTION 23. IC 5-2-6.1-29 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
15	1, 2024]. Sec. 29. (a) The state or a claimant may appeal the findings
16	of the hearing officer not more than twenty-one (21) days after the date
17	of receipt of the findings by filing a written appeal with the director.
18	(b) If an appeal is filed, the director shall review the matter and
19	place the appeal on the docket for review by the division.
20	SECTION 24. IC 5-2-6.1-29.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
21	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 29.5. (a) The state or a claimant
23	may appeal an order issued by an administrative law judge under
24	IC 4-21.5 within twenty-one (21) days of the date of the written
25	determination by filing a written appeal with the director who shall
26	place the appeal on the docket for review by the division.
27	(b) An appeal under this section shall be limited to those facts
28	evidenced in the record or proceedings and may, at the discretion
29	of the division, be supplemented with a written statement by either
30	the division or the claimant.
31	(c) A decision by the division shall be conclusive and binding
32	upon the state and claimant, subject to judicial review under
33	IC 4-21.5.
34	SECTION 25. IC 5-2-6.1-30 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
35	1, 2024]. Sec. 30. A proceeding under this chapter must be according
36	to procedures adopted by the division.
37	SECTION 26. IC 5-2-6.1-31 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
38	1, 2024]. Sec. 31. The hearing officer may not deny an award without
39	providing the claimant with an opportunity for a hearing.
40	SECTION 27. IC 5-2-6.1-36 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY

(1) the division determines that a claimant will suffer severe



1, 2024]. Sec. 36. (a) If:

1	financial hardship unless an emergency award is made; and
2	(2) it appears likely that a final award will be made;
3	an emergency award not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) may be
4	authorized by the director or the director's designated representative.
5	(b) The amount of an emergency award is:
6	(1) deducted from the final award made by the division; and
7	(2) recoverable from the claimant if no award is made by the
8	division or to the extent that the emergency award exceeds the
9	amount of the final award.
10	SECTION 28. IC 5-14-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2022,
11	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) The following public records are excepted
13	from section 3 of this chapter and may not be disclosed by a public
14	agency, unless access to the records is specifically required by a state
15	or federal statute or is ordered by a court under the rules of discovery:
16	(1) Those declared confidential by state statute.
17	(2) Those declared confidential by rule adopted by a public
18	agency under specific authority to classify public records as
19	confidential granted to the public agency by statute.
20	(3) Those required to be kept confidential by federal law.
21	(4) Records containing trade secrets.
22	(5) Confidential financial information obtained, upon request,
23	from a person. However, this does not include information that is
24	filed with or received by a public agency pursuant to state statute.
25	(6) Information concerning research, including actual research
26	documents, conducted under the auspices of a state educational
27	institution, including information:
28	(A) concerning any negotiations made with respect to the
29	research; and
30	(B) received from another party involved in the research.
31	(7) Grade transcripts and license examination scores obtained as
32	part of a licensure process.
33	(8) Those declared confidential by or under rules adopted by the
34	supreme court of Indiana.
35	(9) Patient medical records and charts created by a provider,
36	unless the patient gives written consent under IC 16-39 or as
37	provided under IC 16-41-8.
38	(10) Application information declared confidential by the Indiana
39	economic development corporation under IC 5-28.
40	(11) A photograph, a video recording, or an audio recording of an
41	autopsy, except as provided in IC 36-2-14-10.
42	(12) A Social Security number contained in the records of a
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1	public agency.
2	(13) The following information that is part of a foreclosure action
3	subject to IC 32-30-10.5:
4	(A) Contact information for a debtor, as described in
5	IC 32-30-10.5-8(d)(1)(B).
6	(B) Any document submitted to the court as part of the debtor's
7	loss mitigation package under IC 32-30-10.5-10(a)(3).
8	(14) The following information obtained from a call made to a
9	fraud hotline established under IC 36-1-8-8.5:
10	(A) The identity of any individual who makes a call to the
11	fraud hotline.
12	(B) A report, transcript, audio recording, or other information
13	concerning a call to the fraud hotline.
14	However, records described in this subdivision may be disclosed
15	to a law enforcement agency, a private university police
16	department, the attorney general, the inspector general, the state
17	examiner, or a prosecuting attorney.
18	(15) Information described in section 5(c)(3)(B) of this chapter
19	that is contained in a daily log or record described in section 5(c)
20	of this chapter for a victim of a crime or delinquent act who is less
21	than eighteen (18) years of age, unless and to the extent that:
22	(A) a parent, guardian, or custodian of the victim consents in
23	writing to public disclosure of the records; and
24	(B) that parent, guardian, or custodian of the victim has not
25	been charged with or convicted of committing a crime against
26	the victim.
27	However, records described in this subdivision may be disclosed
28	to the department of child services.
29	(b) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (a), the following
30	public records shall be excepted from section 3 of this chapter at the
31	discretion of a public agency:
32	(1) Investigatory records of law enforcement agencies or private
33	university police departments. For purposes of this chapter, a law
34	enforcement recording is not an investigatory record. However,
35	information described in subsection (a)(15) contained in a law
36	enforcement recording is exempt from disclosure, unless and to
37	the extent that a parent, guardian, or custodian of the victim
38	consents in writing to public disclosure of the records. However,
39	a parent, guardian, or custodian charged with or convicted of a
40	crime against the victim may not consent to public disclosure of
41	the records. Law enforcement agencies or private university

police departments may share investigatory records with: a:



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1	(A) a person who advocates on behalf of a crime victim,
2	including a victim advocate (as defined in IC 35-37-6-3.5) or
3	a victim service provider (as defined in IC 35-37-6-5), for the
4	purposes of providing services to a victim or describing
5	services that may be available to a victim; and
6	(B) <b>a</b> school corporation (as defined by IC 20-18-2-16(a)),
7	charter school (as defined by IC 20-24-1-4), or nonpublic
8	school (as defined by IC 20-18-2-12) for the purpose of
9	enhancing the safety or security of a student or a school
10	facility; and
11	(C) the victim services division of the Indiana criminal
12	justice institute under IC 5-2-6-8, for the purposes of
13	conducting an investigation under IC 5-2-6.1-26.
14	without the law enforcement agency or private university police
15	department losing its discretion to keep those records confidential
16	from other records requesters. However, certain law enforcement
17	records must be made available for inspection and copying as
18	provided in section 5 of this chapter.
19	(2) The work product of an attorney representing, pursuant to
20	state employment or an appointment by a public agency:
21	(A) a public agency;
22	(B) the state; or
23	(C) an individual.
24	(3) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used
25	in administering a licensing examination, examination for
26	employment, or academic examination before the examination is
27	given or if it is to be given again.
28	(4) Scores of tests if the person is identified by name and has not
29	consented to the release of the person's scores.
30	(5) The following:
31	(A) Records relating to negotiations between:
32	(i) the Indiana economic development corporation;
33	(ii) the ports of Indiana;
34	(iii) the Indiana state department of agriculture;
35	(iv) the Indiana finance authority;
36	(v) an economic development commission;
37	(vi) the Indiana White River state park development
38	commission;
39	(vii) a local economic development organization that is a
40	nonprofit corporation established under state law whose
41	primary purpose is the promotion of industrial or business
42	development in Indiana, the retention or expansion of



1	Indiana businesses, or the development of entrepreneurial
2	activities in Indiana; or
3	(viii) a governing body of a political subdivision;
4	with industrial, research, or commercial prospects, if the
5	records are created while negotiations are in progress.
6	However, this clause does not apply to records regarding
7	research that is prohibited under IC 16-34.5-1-2 or any other
8	law.
9	(B) Notwithstanding clause (A), the terms of the final offer of
10	public financial resources communicated by the Indiana
11	economic development corporation, the ports of Indiana, the
12	Indiana finance authority, an economic development
13	commission, the Indiana White River state park development
14	commission, or a governing body of a political subdivision to
15	an industrial, a research, or a commercial prospect shall be
16	
17	available for inspection and copying under section 3 of this
	chapter after negotiations with that prospect have terminated.
18	(C) When disclosing a final offer under clause (B), the Indiana
19	economic development corporation shall certify that the
20	information being disclosed accurately and completely
21	represents the terms of the final offer.
22	(D) Notwithstanding clause (A), an incentive agreement with
23	an incentive recipient shall be available for inspection and
24	copying under section 3 of this chapter after the date the
25	incentive recipient and the Indiana economic development
26	corporation execute the incentive agreement regardless of
27	whether negotiations are in progress with the recipient after
28	that date regarding a modification or extension of the incentive
29	agreement.
30	(6) Records that are intra-agency or interagency advisory or
31	deliberative material, including material developed by a private
32	contractor under a contract with a public agency, that are
33	expressions of opinion or are of a speculative nature, and that are
34	communicated for the purpose of decision making.
35	(7) Diaries, journals, or other personal notes serving as the
36	functional equivalent of a diary or journal.
37	(8) Personnel files of public employees and files of applicants for
38	public employment, except for:
39	(A) the name, compensation, job title, business address,
40	business telephone number, job description, education and
41	training background, previous work experience, or dates of
42	first and last employment of present or former officers or
-	and the first of present of former officers of



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1	employees of the agency;
2	(B) information relating to the status of any formal charges
3	against the employee; and
4	(C) the factual basis for a disciplinary action in which final
5	action has been taken and that resulted in the employee being
6	suspended, demoted, or discharged.
7	However, all personnel file information shall be made available
8	to the affected employee or the employee's representative. This
9	subdivision does not apply to disclosure of personnel information
10	generally on all employees or for groups of employees without the
11	request being particularized by employee name.
12	(9) Minutes or records of hospital medical staff meetings.
13	(10) Administrative or technical information that would
14	jeopardize a record keeping system, voting system, voter
15	registration system, or security system.
16	(11) Computer programs, computer codes, computer filing
17	systems, and other software that are owned by the public agency
18	or entrusted to it and portions of electronic maps entrusted to a
19	public agency by a utility.
20	(12) Records specifically prepared for discussion or developed
21	during discussion in an executive session under IC 5-14-1.5-6.1.
22	However, this subdivision does not apply to that information
23	required to be available for inspection and copying under
24	subdivision (8).
23 24 25	(13) The work product of the legislative services agency under
26	personnel rules approved by the legislative council.
27	(14) The work product of individual members and the partisan
28	staffs of the general assembly.
29	(15) The identity of a donor of a gift made to a public agency if:
30	(A) the donor requires nondisclosure of the donor's identity as
31	a condition of making the gift; or
32	(B) after the gift is made, the donor or a member of the donor's
33	family requests nondisclosure.
34	(16) Library or archival records:
35	(A) which can be used to identify any library patron; or
36	(B) deposited with or acquired by a library upon a condition
37	that the records be disclosed only:
38	(i) to qualified researchers;
39	(ii) after the passing of a period of years that is specified in
10	the documents under which the deposit or acquisition is
11	made; or
12	(iii) after the death of persons specified at the time of the



1	acquisition or deposit.
2	However, nothing in this subdivision shall limit or affect contracts
3	entered into by the Indiana state library pursuant to IC 4-1-6-8.
4	(17) The identity of any person who contacts the bureau of motor
5	vehicles concerning the ability of a driver to operate a motor
6	vehicle safely and the medical records and evaluations made by
7	the bureau of motor vehicles staff or members of the driver
8	
	licensing medical advisory board regarding the ability of a driver
9	to operate a motor vehicle safely. However, upon written request
0	to the commissioner of the bureau of motor vehicles, the driver
1	must be given copies of the driver's medical records and
2	evaluations.
3	(18) School safety and security measures, plans, and systems,
4	including emergency preparedness plans developed under 511
5	IAC 6.1-2-2.5.
6	(19) A record or a part of a record, the public disclosure of which
7	would have a reasonable likelihood of threatening public safety
8	by exposing a vulnerability to terrorist attack. A record described
9	under this subdivision includes the following:
20	(A) A record assembled, prepared, or maintained to prevent,
21	mitigate, or respond to an act of terrorism under IC 35-47-12-1
.2	(before its repeal), an act of agricultural terrorism under
23	IC 35-47-12-2 (before its repeal), or a felony terrorist offense
22 23 24 25	(as defined in IC 35-50-2-18).
25	(B) Vulnerability assessments.
26	(C) Risk planning documents.
27	(D) Needs assessments.
28	(E) Threat assessments.
.9	(F) Intelligence assessments.
0	(G) Domestic preparedness strategies.
1	(H) The location of community drinking water wells and
2	surface water intakes.
3	(I) The emergency contact information of emergency
4	responders and volunteers.
5	(J) Infrastructure records that disclose the configuration of
6	critical systems such as voting system and voter registration
7	system critical infrastructure, and communication, electrical,
8	ventilation, water, and wastewater systems.
9	(K) Detailed drawings or specifications of structural elements,
0	floor plans, and operating, utility, or security systems, whether
-1	in paper or electronic form, of any building or facility located
-2	on an airport (as defined in IC 8-21-1-1) that is owned,
	,



1	occupied, leased, or maintained by a public agency, or any part
2	of a law enforcement recording that captures information
3	about airport security procedures, areas, or systems. A record
4	described in this clause may not be released for public
5	inspection by any public agency without the prior approval of
6	the public agency that owns, occupies, leases, or maintains the
7	airport. Both of the following apply to the public agency that
8	owns, occupies, leases, or maintains the airport:
9	(i) The public agency is responsible for determining whether
10	the public disclosure of a record or a part of a record,
11	including a law enforcement recording, has a reasonable
12	likelihood of threatening public safety by exposing a
13	security procedure, area, system, or vulnerability to terrorist
14	attack.
15	(ii) The public agency must identify a record described
16	under item (i) and clearly mark the record as "confidential
17	and not subject to public disclosure under
18	IC 5-14-3-4(b)(19)(J) without approval of (insert name of
19	submitting public agency)". However, in the case of a law
20	enforcement recording, the public agency must clearly mark
21	the record as "confidential and not subject to public
22	disclosure under IC 5-14-3-4(b)(19)(K) without approval of
23	(insert name of the public agency that owns, occupies,
24	leases, or maintains the airport)".
25	(L) The home address, home telephone number, and
26	emergency contact information for any:
27	(i) emergency management worker (as defined in
28	IC 10-14-3-3);
29	(ii) public safety officer (as defined in IC 35-47-4.5-3);
30	(iii) emergency medical responder (as defined in
31	IC 16-18-2-109.8); or
32	(iv) advanced emergency medical technician (as defined in
33	IC 16-18-2-6.5).
34	This subdivision does not apply to a record or portion of a record
35	pertaining to a location or structure owned or protected by a
36	public agency in the event that an act of terrorism under
37	IC 35-47-12-1 (before its repeal), an act of agricultural terrorism
38	under IC 35-47-12-2 (before its repeal), or a felony terrorist
39	offense (as defined in IC 35-50-2-18) has occurred at that location
40	or structure, unless release of the record or portion of the record

or structure, unless release of the record or portion of the record

would have a reasonable likelihood of threatening public safety

by exposing a vulnerability of other locations or structures to



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1	terrorist attack.
2	(20) The following personal information concerning a customer
3	of a municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1):
4	(A) Telephone number.
5	(B) Address.
6	(C) Social Security number.
7	(21) The following personal information about a complainan
8	contained in records of a law enforcement agency:
9	(A) Telephone number.
10	(B) The complainant's address. However, if the complainant's
1	address is the location of the suspected crime, infraction
12	accident, or complaint reported, the address shall be made
13	available for public inspection and copying.
14	(22) Notwithstanding subdivision (8)(A), the name
15	compensation, job title, business address, business telephone
16	number, job description, education and training background
17	previous work experience, or dates of first employment of a law
18	enforcement officer who is operating in an undercover capacity
19	(23) Records requested by an offender, an agent, or a relative of
20	an offender that:
21	(A) contain personal information relating to:
22	(i) a correctional officer (as defined in IC 5-10-10-1.5);
23	(ii) a probation officer;
24	(iii) a community corrections officer;
25 26	(iv) a law enforcement officer (as defined in
26	IC 35-31.5-2-185);
27	(v) a judge (as defined in IC 33-38-12-3);
28	(vi) the victim of a crime; or
29	(vii) a family member of a correctional officer, probation
30	officer, community corrections officer, law enforcemen
31	officer (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-185), judge (as defined
32	in IC 33-38-12-3), or victim of a crime; or
33	(B) concern or could affect the security of a jail or correctional
34	facility.
35	For purposes of this subdivision, "agent" means a person who is
36	authorized by an offender to act on behalf of, or at the direction
37	of, the offender, and "relative" has the meaning set forth ir
38	IC 35-42-2-1(b). However, the term "agent" does not include ar
39	attorney in good standing admitted to the practice of law in
10	Indiana.
<b>1</b> 1	(24) Information concerning an individual less than eighteen (18)
12.	years of age who participates in a conference, meeting, program



1	or activity conducted or supervised by a state educational
2	institution, including the following information regarding the
3	individual or the individual's parent or guardian:
4	(A) Name.
5	(B) Address.
6	(C) Telephone number.
7	(D) Electronic mail account address.
8	(25) Criminal intelligence information.
9	(26) The following information contained in a report of unclaimed
10	property under IC 32-34-1.5-18 or in a claim for unclaimed
11	property under IC 32-34-1.5-48:
12	(A) Date of birth.
13	(B) Driver's license number.
14	(C) Taxpayer identification number.
15	(D) Employer identification number.
16	(E) Account number.
17	(27) Except as provided in subdivision (19) and sections 5.1 and
18	5.2 of this chapter, a law enforcement recording. However, before
19	disclosing the recording, the public agency must comply with the
20	obscuring requirements of sections 5.1 and 5.2 of this chapter, i
21	applicable.
22	(28) Records relating to negotiations between a state educational
23	institution and another entity concerning the establishment of a
24	collaborative relationship or venture to advance the research
25	engagement, or educational mission of the state educational
26	institution, if the records are created while negotiations are ir
27	progress. The terms of the final offer of public financial resources
28	communicated by the state educational institution to an industrial
29	a research, or a commercial prospect shall be available for
30	inspection and copying under section 3 of this chapter after
31	negotiations with that prospect have terminated. However, this
32	subdivision does not apply to records regarding research
33	prohibited under IC 16-34.5-1-2 or any other law.
34	(c) Nothing contained in subsection (b) shall limit or affect the righ
35	of a person to inspect and copy a public record required or directed to
36	be made by any statute or by any rule of a public agency.
37	(d) Notwithstanding any other law, a public record that is classified
38	as confidential, other than a record concerning an adoption or patien
39	medical records, shall be made available for inspection and copying
40	seventy-five (75) years after the creation of that record.

(e) Only the content of a public record may form the basis for the

adoption by any public agency of a rule or procedure creating an



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1	exception from disclosure under this section.
2	(f) Except as provided by law, a public agency may not adopt a rule
3	or procedure that creates an exception from disclosure under this
4	section based upon whether a public record is stored or accessed using
5	paper, electronic media, magnetic media, optical media, or other
6	information storage technology.
7	(g) Except as provided by law, a public agency may not adopt a rule
8	or procedure nor impose any costs or liabilities that impede or restrict
9	the reproduction or dissemination of any public record.
10	(h) Notwithstanding subsection (d) and section 7 of this chapter:
11	(1) public records subject to IC 5-15 may be destroyed only in
12	accordance with record retention schedules under IC 5-15; or
13	(2) public records not subject to IC 5-15 may be destroyed in the
14	ordinary course of business.

