SENATE BILL No. 170

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 1-1-4-5; IC 4-15; IC 5-2; IC 5-16-6-1; IC 5-28-21-7; IC 7.1-3; IC 8-24-8-7; IC 10-13-3; IC 10-16-8-15; IC 12-20-5.5-1; IC 12-30; IC 12-32-1-4; IC 16-23-1-21; IC 20-24-2-2; IC 20-24.5-3-5; IC 20-33-1; IC 20-42-3-10; IC 20-51-4-3; IC 21-18.5; IC 21-40-2; IC 22-4.1-21-27; IC 22-9; IC 22-9.5; IC 24-9-3-9; IC 27-2; IC 27-7-12-7; IC 31-9-2-20; IC 33-28-5-18; IC 33-41-1-2; IC 35-46-2; IC 36-9-4-37.

Synopsis: Civil rights. Extends antidiscrimination and civil rights statutes to include prohibiting discrimination based on sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, disability, religion, and ancestry.

Effective: July 1, 2016.

Alting

January 6, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules & Legislative Procedure.



Introduced

Second Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 170

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning general provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 1-1-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.114-2012,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. The following definitions apply to the
4	construction of all Indiana statutes, unless the construction is plainly
5	repugnant to the intent of the general assembly or of the context of the
6	statute:
7	(1) "Adult", "of full age", and "person in his "age of majority"
8	mean refer to a person at least eighteen (18) years of age.
9	(2) "Attorney" includes a counselor or other person authorized to
10	appear and represent a party in an action or special proceeding.
11	(3) "Autism" means a neurological condition as described in the
12	most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of
13	Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association.
14	(4) "Bond" does not necessarily imply a seal.
15	(5) "Clerk" means the clerk of the court or a person authorized to
16	perform the clerk's duties.
17	(6) "Gender identity" means an individual's self identification



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1	as a male or a female, regardless of the individual's biological
2 3 4 5	sex.
3	(6) (7) "Health record", "hospital record", or "medical record"
4	means written or printed information possessed by a provider (as
	defined in IC 16-18-2-295) concerning any diagnosis, treatment,
6	or prognosis of the patient, unless otherwise defined. Except as
7	otherwise provided, the terms include mental health records and
8	drug and alcohol abuse records.
9	(7) (8) "Highway" includes county bridges and state and county
10	roads, unless otherwise expressly provided.
11	(8) (9) "Infant" or "minor" means a person less than eighteen (18)
12	years of age.
13	(9) (10) "Inhabitant" may be construed to mean a resident in any
14	place.
15	(10) (11) "Judgment" means all final orders, decrees, and
16	determinations in an action and all orders upon which executions
17	may issue.
18	(11) (12) "Land", "real estate", and "real property" include lands,
19	tenements, and hereditaments.
20	(12) (13) "Mentally incompetent" means of unsound mind.
21	(13) (14) "Money demands on contract", when used in reference
22	to an action, means an action arising out of contract when the
23	relief demanded is a recovery of money.
24	(14) (15) "Month" means a calendar month, unless otherwise
25	expressed.
26	(15) (16) "Noncode statute" means a statute that is not codified as
27	part of the Indiana Code.
28	(16) (17) "Oath" includes "affirmation", and "to swear" includes
29	to "affirm".
30	(17) (18) "Person" extends to bodies politic and corporate.
31	(18) (19) "Personal property" includes goods, chattels, evidences
32	of debt, and things in action.
33	(19) (20) "Population" has the meaning set forth in IC 1-1-3.5-3.
34	(20) (21) "Preceding" and "following", referring to sections in
35	statutes, mean the sections next preceding or next following that
36	in which the words occur, unless some other section is designated.
37	(21) (22) "Property" includes personal and real property.
38	(23) "Sexual orientation" means actual or perceived
39	bisexuality, heterosexuality, or homosexuality.
40	(22) (24) "Sheriff" means the sheriff of the county or another
40 41	person authorized to perform sheriff's duties.
42	(23) (25) "State", applied to any one (1) of the United States,
T <i>L</i>	(25) (25) State, applied to any one (1) of the Onlived States,



1 includes the District of Columbia and the commonwealths, 2 possessions, states in free association with the United States, and 3 the territories. "United States" includes the District of Columbia 4 and the commonwealths, possessions, states in free association 5 with the United States, and the territories. (24) (26) "Under legal disabilities" includes persons less than 6 7 eighteen (18) years of age, mentally incompetent, or out of the 8 United States. 9 (25) (27) "Verified", when applied to pleadings, means supported 10 by oath or affirmation in writing. (26) (28) "Will" includes a testament and codicil. 11 (27) (29) "Without relief" in any judgment, contract, execution, 12 13 or other instrument of writing or record, means without the 14 benefit of valuation laws. 15 (28) (30) "Written" and "in writing" include printing, lithographing, or other mode of representing words and letters. If 16 17 the written signature of a person is required, the terms mean the 18 proper handwriting of the person or the person's mark. 19 (29) (31) "Year" means a calendar year, unless otherwise 20 expressed. 21 (30) (32) The definitions in IC 35-31.5 apply to all statutes 22 relating to penal offenses. SECTION 2. IC 4-15-2.2-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.229-2011, 23 24 SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 25 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 12. (a) This chapter shall be liberally construed so 26 as to increase governmental efficiency and responsiveness and to 27 ensure the employment of qualified persons in the state classified 28 service on the basis of the following merit principles: 29 (1) Recruitment, selection, and promotion of employees on the basis of an individual's relative ability, knowledge, and skills. 30 31 (2) The provision of equitable and adequate compensation. 32 (3) The training of employees to ensure high quality performance. 33 (4) The retention of employees based on: 34 (A) the quality of the employees' performance; and 35 (B) the correction of inadequate performance; 36 and the dismissal of employees whose inadequate performance is not corrected. 37 38 (5) Fair treatment of applicants and employees in all aspects of 39 personnel administration: 40 (A) without regard to political affiliation, race, color, national 41 origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, religious 42 creed, religion, ancestry, age, or disability; and



1 (B) with proper regard for the applicants' and employees' 2 privacy and constitutional rights as citizens. 3 (6) Protection of employees from coercion for partisan political 4 purposes, and prohibition on an employee using the employee's 5 official authority to interfere with, or affect the result of, an 6 election or nomination for political office. 7 (b) All employment matters in the state classified service are guided 8 by the merit principles set forth in subsection (a). (c) The personnel administration systems adopted under this chapter 9 govern and limit all other state employment matters and every 10 11 appointing authority. 12 (d) This chapter is exempt from IC 34-13-9. 13 SECTION 3. IC 4-15-12-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 14 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. (a) The state is 15 committed to an affirmative action policy that includes the 16 establishment of employment policies and conditions that ensure the 17 elimination of underutilization of qualified members of affected classes 18 and the elimination of discrimination on the basis of race, or color, 19 religion, national origin, or ancestry, age, sex, sexual orientation, 20 gender identity, and disability. 21 (b) This chapter is exempt from IC 34-13-9. 22 SECTION 4. IC 5-2-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.117-2015, 23 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 24 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 9. (a) The board shall adopt in accordance with 25 IC 4-22-2 all necessary rules to carry out the provisions of this chapter. 26 The rules, which shall be adopted only after necessary and proper 27 investigation and inquiry by the board, shall include the establishment 28 of the following: 29 (1) Minimum standards of physical, educational, mental, and moral fitness which shall govern the acceptance of any person for 30 31 training by any law enforcement training school or academy 32 meeting or exceeding the minimum standards established 33 pursuant to this chapter. (2) Minimum standards for law enforcement training schools 34 administered by towns, cities, counties, law enforcement training 35 36 centers, agencies, or departments of the state. (3) Minimum standards for courses of study, attendance 37 38 requirements, equipment, and facilities for approved town, city, 39 county, and state law enforcement officer, police reserve officer, 40 and conservation reserve officer training schools. 41 (4) Minimum standards for a course of study on cultural diversity 42 awareness, including training on the U nonimmigrant visa created



1 through the federal Victims of Trafficking and Violence 2 Protection Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-386) that must be required for 3 each person accepted for training at a law enforcement training 4 school or academy. Cultural diversity awareness study must 5 include an understanding of cultural issues related to race, 6 religion, gender, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, 7 ancestry, domestic violence, national origin, and physical and 8 mental disabilities. 9 (5) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved law 10 enforcement training schools. (6) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement 11 12 officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before 13 being eligible for continued or permanent employment. 14 (7) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement officers appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete 15 16 in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent 17 appointment. 18 (8) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement 19 officers appointed on a permanent basis shall complete in order 20 to be eligible for continued employment. 21 (9) Minimum basic training requirements for each person 22 accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or 23 academy that include six (6) hours of training in interacting with: 24 (A) persons with autism, mental illness, addictive disorders, 25 intellectual disabilities, and developmental disabilities; 26 (B) missing endangered adults (as defined in IC 12-7-2-131.3); 27 and 28 (C) persons with Alzheimer's disease or related senile 29 dementia; 30 to be provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and 31 social services and the board. The training must include an 32 overview of the crisis intervention teams. 33 (10) Minimum standards for a course of study on human and 34 sexual trafficking that must be required for each person accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or academy and 35 36 for inservice training programs for law enforcement officers. The 37 course must cover the following topics: 38 (A) Examination of the human and sexual trafficking laws 39 (IC 35-42-3.5). (B) Identification of human and sexual trafficking. 4041 (C) Communicating with traumatized persons. (D) Therapeutically appropriate investigative techniques. 42



1 2	(E) Collaboration with federal law enforcement officials.(F) Rights of and protections afforded to victims.
3	(G) Providing documentation that satisfies the Declaration of
4	Law Enforcement Officer for Victim of Trafficking in Persons
5	(Form I-914, Supplement B) requirements established under
6	federal law.
7	(H) The availability of community resources to assist human
8	and sexual trafficking victims.
9	(b) A law enforcement officer appointed after July 5, 1972, and
10	before July 1, 1993, may not enforce the laws or ordinances of the state
11	or any political subdivision unless the officer has, within one (1) year
12	from the date of appointment, successfully completed the minimum
13	basic training requirements established under this chapter by the board.
14	If a person fails to successfully complete the basic training
15	requirements within one (1) year from the date of employment, the
16	officer may not perform any of the duties of a law enforcement officer
17	involving control or direction of members of the public or exercising
18	the power of arrest until the officer has successfully completed the
19	training requirements. This subsection does not apply to any law
20	enforcement officer appointed before July 6, 1972, or after June 30,
21	1993.
22	(c) Military leave or other authorized leave of absence from law
$\frac{-2}{23}$	enforcement duty during the first year of employment after July 6,
24	1972, shall toll the running of the first year, which shall be calculated
25	by the aggregate of the time before and after the leave, for the purposes
26	of this chapter.
27	(d) Except as provided in subsections (e), (l), (r), and (s), a law
28	enforcement officer appointed to a law enforcement department or
29	agency after June 30, 1993, may not:
30	(1) make an arrest;
31	(2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or
32	(3) carry a firearm;
33	unless the law enforcement officer successfully completes, at a board
34	certified law enforcement academy or at a law enforcement training
35	center under section 10.5 or 15.2 of this chapter, the basic training
36	requirements established by the board under this chapter.
37	(e) This subsection does not apply to:
38	(1) a gaming agent employed as a law enforcement officer by the
39	Indiana gaming commission; or
40	(2) an:
41	(A) attorney; or
42	(B) investigator;



designated by the securities commissioner as a police officer of the state under IC 23-19-6-1(k).

Before a law enforcement officer appointed after June 30, 1993, completes the basic training requirements, the law enforcement officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course established in subsection (f). Successful completion of the pre-basic course authorizes a law enforcement officer to exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) for one (1) year after the date the law enforcement officer is appointed.

(f) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish apre-basic course for the purpose of training:

(1) law enforcement officers;

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(2) police reserve officers (as described in IC 36-8-3-20); and

15 (3) conservation reserve officers (as described in IC 14-9-8-27); regarding the subjects of arrest, search and seizure, the lawful use of 16 17 force, interacting with individuals with autism, and the operation of an 18 emergency vehicle. The pre-basic course must be offered on a periodic 19 basis throughout the year at regional sites statewide. The pre-basic 20 course must consist of at least forty (40) hours of course work. The 21 board may prepare the classroom part of the pre-basic course using 22 available technology in conjunction with live instruction. The board 23 shall provide the course material, the instructors, and the facilities at 24 the regional sites throughout the state that are used for the pre-basic 25 course. In addition, the board may certify pre-basic courses that may be conducted by other public or private training entities, including 26 27 postsecondary educational institutions.

28 (g) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a 29 mandatory inservice training program for police officers and police 30 reserve officers (as described in IC 36-8-3-20). After June 30, 1993, a 31 law enforcement officer who has satisfactorily completed basic training 32 and has been appointed to a law enforcement department or agency on 33 either a full-time or part-time basis is not eligible for continued employment unless the officer satisfactorily completes the mandatory 34 35 inservice training requirements established by rules adopted by the board. Inservice training must include training in interacting with 36 persons with mental illness, addictive disorders, intellectual 37 38 disabilities, autism, developmental disabilities, and Alzheimer's disease 39 or related senile dementia, to be provided by persons approved by the 40 secretary of family and social services and the board, and training 41 concerning human and sexual trafficking and high risk missing persons 42 (as defined in IC 5-2-17-1). The board may approve courses offered by



1 other public or private training entities, including postsecondary 2 educational institutions, as necessary in order to ensure the availability 3 of an adequate number of inservice training programs. The board may 4 waive an officer's inservice training requirements if the board 5 determines that the officer's reason for lacking the required amount of 6 inservice training hours is due to either of the following: 7 (1) An emergency situation. 8 (2) The unavailability of courses. 9 (h) The board shall also adopt rules establishing a town marshal basic training program, subject to the following: 10 (1) The program must require fewer hours of instruction and class 11 attendance and fewer courses of study than are required for the 12 mandated basic training program. 13 14 (2) Certain parts of the course materials may be studied by a 15 candidate at the candidate's home in order to fulfill requirements 16 of the program. (3) Law enforcement officers successfully completing the 17 18 requirements of the program are eligible for appointment only in 19 towns employing the town marshal system (IC 36-5-7) and having 20 not more than one (1) marshal and two (2) deputies. 21 (4) The limitation imposed by subdivision (3) does not apply to an 22 officer who has successfully completed the mandated basic 23 training program. 24 (5) The time limitations imposed by subsections (b) and (c) for 25 completing the training are also applicable to the town marshal 26 basic training program. 27 (6) The program must require training in interacting with 28 individuals with autism. 29 (i) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish an 30 executive training program. The executive training program must 31 include training in the following areas: 32 (1) Liability. 33 (2) Media relations. 34 (3) Accounting and administration. 35 (4) Discipline. (5) Department policy making. 36 37 (6) Lawful use of force. 38 (7) Department programs. 39 (8) Emergency vehicle operation. 40 (9) Cultural diversity. 41 (j) A police chief shall apply for admission to the executive training

42 program within two (2) months of the date the police chief initially

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1 takes office. A police chief must successfully complete the executive 2 training program within six (6) months of the date the police chief 3 initially takes office. However, if space in the executive training 4 program is not available at a time that will allow completion of the 5 executive training program within six (6) months of the date the police 6 chief initially takes office, the police chief must successfully complete 7 the next available executive training program that is offered after the 8 police chief initially takes office. 9 (k) A police chief who fails to comply with subsection (j) may not 10 continue to serve as the police chief until completion of the executive training program. For the purposes of this subsection and subsection 11 (j), "police chief" refers to: 12 13 (1) the police chief of any city; 14 (2) the police chief of any town having a metropolitan police 15 department; and 16 (3) the chief of a consolidated law enforcement department established under IC 36-3-1-5.1. 17 A town marshal is not considered to be a police chief for these 18 19 purposes, but a town marshal may enroll in the executive training 20 program. 21 (1) A fire investigator in the division of fire and building safety 22 appointed after December 31, 1993, is required to comply with the 23 basic training standards established under this chapter. 24 (m) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a 25 program to certify handgun safety courses, including courses offered in the private sector, that meet standards approved by the board for 26 27 training probation officers in handgun safety as required by 28 IC 11-13-1-3.5(3). 29 (n) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a 30 refresher course for an officer who: 31 (1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency 32 as a law enforcement officer; 33 (2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for at 34 least two (2) years and less than six (6) years before the officer is 35 hired under subdivision (1) due to the officer's resignation or 36 retirement; and 37 (3) completed at any time a basic training course certified by the 38 board before the officer is hired under subdivision (1). 39 (o) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a 40 refresher course for an officer who: (1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency 41 42 as a law enforcement officer;



1	(2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for at
2	least six (6) years and less than ten (10) years before the officer
3	is hired under subdivision (1) due to the officer's resignation or
4	retirement;
5	(3) is hired under subdivision (1) in an upper level policymaking
6	position; and
7	(4) completed at any time a basic training course certified by the
8	board before the officer is hired under subdivision (1).
9	A refresher course established under this subsection may not exceed
10	one hundred twenty (120) hours of course work. All credit hours
11	received for successfully completing the police chief executive training
12	program under subsection (i) shall be applied toward the refresher
13	course credit hour requirements.
14	(p) Subject to subsection (q), an officer to whom subsection (n) or
15	(o) applies must successfully complete the refresher course described
16	in subsection (n) or (o) not later than six (6) months after the officer's
17	date of hire, or the officer loses the officer's powers of:
18	(1) arrest;
19	(2) search; and
20	(2) search, and (3) seizure.
20	(q) A law enforcement officer who has worked as a law enforcement
21	officer for less than twenty-five (25) years before being hired under
22	subsection $(n)(1)$ or $(o)(1)$ is not eligible to attend the refresher course
23	described in subsection (n) or (o) and must repeat the full basic training
24 25	course to regain law enforcement powers. However, a law enforcement
23 26	officer who has worked as a law enforcement officer for at least
20 27	twenty-five (25) years before being hired under subsection $(n)(1)$ or
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28 29	(o)(1) and who otherwise satisfies the requirements of subsection (n) or (o) is not required to repeat the full basic training course to regain
29 30	
30 31	law enforcement power but shall attend the refresher course described in subsection (n) or (n) and the number of the initial entropy of the state of the sta
32	in subsection (n) or (o) and the pre-basic training course established
32 33	under subsection (f).
	(r) This subsection applies only to a gaming agent employed as a
34	law enforcement officer by the Indiana gaming commission. A gaming
35	agent appointed after June 30, 2005, may exercise the police powers
36	described in subsection (d) if:
37	(1) the agent successfully completes the pre-basic course
38	established in subsection (f); and
39	(2) the agent successfully completes any other training courses
40	established by the Indiana gaming commission in conjunction
41	with the board.
42	(s) This subsection applies only to a securities enforcement officer



$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\2\\3\\4\\5\\6\\7\\8\\9\\10\\11\\12\\13\\14\\15\\16\\17\\18\\19\\20\\21\\22\\23\\24\\25\\26\end{array} $	 designated as a law enforcement officer by the securities commissioner. A securities enforcement officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes the pre-basic course established in subsection (f); and (2) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the securities commissioner in conjunction with the board. (t) As used in this section, "upper level policymaking position" refers to the following: (1) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is not more than ten (10) members, the term refers to the position held by the police chief or town marshal. (2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal.
26 27	marshal.
28	(u) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer
29	employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer
30	may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if:
31	(1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course
32	described in subsection (f); and
33	(2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses
34	established by the department of correction in conjunction with
35	the board.
36	(v) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
37	SECTION 5. IC 5-2-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2014,
38	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) The following definitions apply in this
40	section:
41	(1) "Abuse" means:
42	(A) conduct that causes bodily injury (as defined in



1 IC 35-31.5-2-29) or damage to property; or 2 (B) a threat of conduct that would cause bodily injury (as 3 defined in IC 35-31.5-2-29) or damage to property. 4 (2) "County law enforcement agency" includes: 5 (A) postsecondary educational institution police officers 6 appointed under IC 21-17-5 or IC 21-39-4; and 7 (B) school corporation police officers appointed under 8 IC 20-26-16. 9 (b) There is established in each county a county law enforcement 10 continuing education program. The program is funded by amounts appropriated under IC 33-37-8-4 or IC 33-37-8-6. 11 (c) A county law enforcement agency receiving amounts based upon 12 claims for law enforcement continuing education funds under 13 14 IC 33-37-8-4 or IC 33-37-8-6 shall deposit each fee collected into the 15 county law enforcement continuing education fund. (d) Distribution of money in the county law enforcement continuing 16 17 education fund shall be made to a county law enforcement agency 18 without the necessity of first obtaining an appropriation from the 19 county fiscal body. 20 (e) Money in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100) that is 21 unencumbered and remains in a county law enforcement continuing 22 education fund for at least one (1) entire calendar year from the date of 23 its deposit shall, at the end of a county's fiscal year, be deposited by the 24 county auditor in the law enforcement training fund established under 25 IC 5-2-1-13(b). 26 (f) To make a claim under IC 33-37-8-6, a law enforcement agency 27 shall submit to the fiscal body a verified statement of cause numbers 28 for fees collected that are attributable to the law enforcement efforts of 29 that agency. 30 (g) A law enforcement agency shall submit a claim for fees under 31 this section in the same county fiscal year in which the fees are 32 collected under IC 33-37-4. 33 (h) A county law enforcement agency program shall provide to each law enforcement officer employed by the county and may provide to 34 35 each law enforcement officer employed by a city or town law enforcement agency within the county continuing education concerning 36 37 the following: 38 (1) Duties of a law enforcement officer in enforcing restraining 39 orders, protective orders, temporary injunctions, and permanent 40 injunctions involving abuse. 41 (2) Guidelines for making felony and misdemeanor arrests in 42 cases involving abuse.



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1	(3) Techniques for handling incidents of abuse that:
2	(A) minimize the likelihood of injury to the law enforcement
3	officer; and
4	(B) promote the safety of a victim.
5	(4) Information about the nature and extent of abuse.
6	(5) Information about the legal rights of and remedies available
7	to victims of abuse, including the U nonimmigrant visa created
8	under the federal Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection
9	Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-386).
10	(6) How to document and collect evidence in an abuse case.
11	(7) The legal consequences of abuse.
12	(8) The impact on children of law enforcement intervention in
13	abuse cases.
14	(9) Services and facilities available to victims of abuse and
15	abusers.
16	(10) Verification of restraining orders, protective orders,
17	temporary injunctions, and permanent injunctions.
18	(11) Policies concerning arrest or release of suspects in abuse
19	cases.
20 21	(12) Emergency assistance to victims of abuse and criminal
21	justice options for victims of abuse.
22	(13) Landlord-tenant concerns in abuse cases.(14) The taking of an abused child into protective custody.
23	(15) Assessment of a situation in which a child may be seriously
25	endangered if the child is left in the child's home.
26	(16) Assessment of a situation involving an endangered adult (as
27	defined in IC 12-10-3-2).
28	(17) Response to a sudden, unexpected infant death.
29	(18) Performing cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the Heimlich
30	maneuver.
31	(19) Cultural diversity awareness that includes an understanding
32	of cultural issues related to race, religion, gender, sexual
33	orientation, gender identity, ancestry, age, domestic violence,
34	national origin, and physical and mental disabilities.
35	(i) A county law enforcement agency may enter into an agreement
36	with other law enforcement agencies to provide the continuing
37	education required by this section and section 2(f) of this chapter.
38	(j) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
39 40	SECTION 6. IC 5-2-18.2-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.171-2011,
40	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41 42	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 8. (a) This chapter shall be enforced without
42	regard to race, religion, gender, disability, sexual orientation, gender

1 identity, age, ancestry, ethnicity, or national origin. 2 (b) This chapter is exempt from IC 34-13-9. 3 SECTION 7. IC 5-16-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 4 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) Every contract for or on 5 behalf of the state of Indiana or any of the municipal corporations 6 thereof, for the construction, alteration, or repair of any public building 7 or public work in the state of Indiana shall contain provisions by which 8 the contractor agrees: 9 (a) (1) that in the hiring of employees for the performance of work 10 under this contract or any subcontract hereunder, no contractor, or subcontractor, nor any person acting on behalf of such 11 12 contractor or subcontractor, shall, by reason of race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, 13 14 age, disability, or ancestry, discriminate against any citizen of the state of Indiana who is qualified and available to perform the 15 work to which the employment relates; 16 17 (b) (2) that no contractor, subcontractor, nor any person on his 18 behalf of the contractor or the subcontractor shall, in any 19 manner, discriminate against or intimidate any employee hired for 20 the performance of work under this contract on account of race, 21 religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national 22 origin, age, disability, or ancestry; 23 (c) (3) that there may be deducted from the amount payable to the 24 contractor by the state of Indiana or by any municipal corporation 25 thereof, under this contract, a penalty of five dollars (\$5.00) (\$5) for each person for each calendar day during which such person 26 27 was discriminated against or intimidated in violation of the 28 provisions of the contract; and (d) (4) that this contract may be cancelled canceled or terminated 29 30 by the state of Indiana or by any municipal corporation thereof, 31 and all money due or to become due hereunder may be forfeited, 32 for a second or any subsequent violation of the terms or 33 conditions of this section of the contract. 34 (b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9. 35 SECTION 8. IC 5-28-21-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.4-2005, SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 36 37 2016]: Sec. 7. (a) A political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13), 38 a nonprofit organization, or a for-profit organization may submit an 39 application to the corporation to obtain a grant, loan, or loan guarantee 40 to establish a small business incubator. The application must: 41

(1) describe the facility that is to be converted to an incubator;(2) specify the cost of the conversion;



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1	(2) domonstrate the chility of the complicant to directly previde or
1 2	(3) demonstrate the ability of the applicant to directly provide or arrange for the provision of business development services
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4	(including financial consulting assistance, management and marketing assistance, and physical services) for tenants of the
5	incubator;
6	
7	(4) demonstrate a potential for sustained use of the incubator by
8	eligible tenants through a market study or other means;
o 9	(5) demonstrate the ability of the applicant to operate the incubator in accordance with section 19 of this chapter;
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10	(6) state that the applicant will not discriminate against an
11	employee or applicant for employment on the basis of race,
12	religion, color, national origin, ancestry , sex, sexual orientation ,
13	gender identity, disability, or age; and
14	(7) include any other information required by the corporation.
15	(b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9. SECTION 0. IC 71.2.1 (12) AS ADDED BY DI 2(0.2012)
17	SECTION 9. IC 7.1-3-1.6-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.269-2013,
	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 12. (a) A provider of a server program under this
19	chapter must be willing to accept onsite audits by the commission and
20	perform onsite audits as the commission considers necessary. An onsite
21	audit may review the following:
22	(1) The self-generated program audit described in section 11 of
23	this chapter.
24	(2) The number of Indiana server certificates that have been
25	issued by the program provider.
26	(3) The measures taken by the program provider for the protection
27	of test questions.
28	(4) The procedures of the program provider for scoring tests.
29	(5) The size of the item bank from which the test questions are
30	taken.
31 32	(6) The methodology used to translate the course and test into
	multiple languages and the qualifications of the individuals
33	performing the translation.
34	(7) The integrity of the course data generated and stored by the
35	program provider.
36	(8) The program provider's data handling, reporting, and
37	archiving capacities, policies, and procedures.
38	(9) The availability and credentials of individuals providing
39 40	qualified assistance to participants who have questions regarding
40 41	course content and instructional materials.
41 42	(10) The program provider's policies and procedures for
42	addressing participants' questions.



1	(11) The program provider's procedures to ensure that participants
2	are not discriminated against due to age, sex, race, religion, ethnic
3	origin, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, national
4	origin, or marital status.
5	(b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
6	SECTION 10. IC 7.1-3-4-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. (a) Notwithstanding
8	any other law, a beer retailer may limit sales to the following:
9	(1) Persons that the retailer selects to have access to the retailer's
10	facilities and services in return for payment of an annual fee to the
11	retailer.
12	(2) Guests of a person described in subdivision (1).
13	(b) A beer retailer may call the annual fee described in subsection
14	(a) a membership fee.
15	(c) A beer retailer may call the retailer's premises a club. However,
16	the premises is not a club within the meaning of IC 7.1-3-20-1.
17	(d) This section does not allow a beer retailer to discriminate among
18	persons on the basis of race, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender
19	identity, national origin, ancestry, disability, or religion when
20	selecting persons to have access to the retailer's facilities and services.
21	(e) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
22	SECTION 11. IC 7.1-3-9-9.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 9.5. (a)
24	Notwithstanding any other law, a liquor retailer may limit sales to the
25	following:
26	(1) Persons that the retailer selects to have access to the retailer's
27	facilities and services in return for payment of an annual fee to the
28	retailer.
29	(2) Guests of a person described in subdivision (1).
30	(b) A liquor retailer may call the annual fee described in subsection
31	(a) a membership fee.
32	(c) A liquor retailer may call the retailer's premises a club. However,
33	the premises is not a club within the meaning of IC 7.1-3-20-1.
34	(d) This section does not allow a liquor retailer to discriminate
35	among persons on the basis of race, sex, sexual orientation, gender
36	identity, age, national origin, ancestry, disability, or religion when
37	selecting persons to have access to the retailer's facilities and services.
38	(e) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
39	SECTION 12. IC 7.1-3-14-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. (a) Notwithstanding
41	any other law, a wine retailer may limit sales to the following:
42	(1) Persons that the retailer selects to have access to the retailer's

1	facilities and services in return for payment of an annual fee to the
2	retailer.
3	(2) Guests of a person described in subdivision (1).
4	(b) A wine retailer may call the annual fee described in subsection
5	(a) a membership fee.
6	(c) A wine retailer may call the retailer's premises a club. However,
7	the premises is not a club within the meaning of IC 7.1-3-20-1.
8	(d) This section does not allow a wine retailer to discriminate
9	among persons on the basis of race, sex, sexual orientation, gender
10	identity, age, national origin, ancestry, disability, or religion when
11	selecting persons to have access to the retailer's facilities and services.
12	(e) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
13	SECTION 13. IC 8-24-8-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.182-2009(ss),
14	SECTION 282, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
15	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. (a) All employees of the district:
16	(1) shall be employed solely on the basis of ability, taking into
17	account their qualifications to perform the duties of their
18	positions;
19	(2) shall be employed regardless of political affiliation;
20	(3) may not be appointed, promoted, reduced, removed, or in any
21	way favored or discriminated against because of their political
22	affiliation, race, religion, color, sex, national origin, sexual
23	orientation, gender identity, age, disability, or ancestry;
24	(4) are ineligible to hold, or be a candidate for, elected office (as
25	defined in IC 3-5-2-17) while employed by the district;
26	(5) may not solicit or receive political contributions;
27	(6) may not be required to make contributions for or participate
28	in political activities;
29	(7) shall be employed on a six (6) month probationary period,
30	with a written evaluation prepared after five (5) months of service
31	by their immediate supervisor for the executive director to
32	determine if employment should continue beyond the
33	probationary period; and
34	(8) shall be evaluated annually in writing by their immediate
35	supervisor to advise the executive director as to whether the
36	employees should remain in their positions.
37	(b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
38	SECTION 14. IC 10-13-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. As used in this
40	chapter, "bias crime" means an offense in which the person who
41	commits the offense knowingly or intentionally:
42	(1) selected the person who was injured; or



(2) damaged or otherwise affected property;

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2 by the offense because of the color, ereed, religion, disability, national 3 origin, ancestry, race, religion, or sex, sexual orientation, gender 4 identity, or age of the injured person or of the owner or occupant of 5 the affected property or because the injured person or owner or 6 occupant of the affected property was associated with any other 7 recognizable group or affiliation.

8 SECTION 15. IC 10-13-3-23.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 9 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 10 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 23.5. This chapter is exempt from 11 IC 34-13-9.

12 SECTION 16. IC 10-16-8-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 13 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 15. (a) Adequate provisions shall be made to allow the enlistment and induction of able 14 15 bodied citizens of each and all racial groups in Indiana into all 16 branches and departments of the Indiana guard reserve organized to 17 defend and enforce the laws of Indiana. To that end, all racial groups 18 in Indiana are entitled to that representation in each branch or 19 department of the Indiana guard reserve in approximate proportion to 20 the group or groups to the population of Indiana. However, this section 21 or any other statute may not be construed so as to allow racial 22 segregation.

(b) Race, or color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, disability, or ancestry may not be a 24 cause for excluding the application to serve or the service of any person in any branch of service provided for in this chapter.

(c) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.

28 SECTION 17. IC 12-20-5.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.73-2005, 29 SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 30 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) The township trustee shall process all 31 applications for township assistance according to uniform written 32 standards and without consideration of the race, creed, religion, 33 nationality, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, 34 disability, or gender of the applicant or any member of the applicant's 35 household. 36

(b) The township's standards for the issuance of township assistance and the processing of applications must be:

- (1) governed by the requirements of this article;
- 39 (2) proposed by the township trustee, adopted by the township board, and filed with the board of county commissioners;
- 40 41 (3) reviewed and updated annually to reflect changes in the cost
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- of basic necessities in the township and changes in the law;



1	(4) published in a single written document, including addenda
2	attached to the document; and
3	(5) posted in a place prominently visible to the public in all
4	offices of the township trustee where township assistance
5	applications are taken or processed.
6	(c) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
7	SECTION 18. IC 12-30-3-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 14. (a) Admission of all
9	patients and residents to the county home must be on a voluntary basis
10	and without regard to race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation,
11	gender identity, national origin, age, disability, or ancestry.
12	(b) Recipients of old age assistance and blind assistance shall be
13	admitted to the county home on the same basis and for the same charge
14	as other patients and residents in the county home. There may be no
15	discrimination in the care and treatment of patients and residents of the
16	county home because of the source of the money for the support and
17	care of the patients and residents.
18	(c) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
19	SECTION 19. IC 12-30-7-32 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 32. (a) Discrimination
20	may not be made in accommodation, care, or treatment of any patient
22	at a health center established under this chapter because of race, ereed,
23	religion, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, gender
24	identity, age, disability, or ability to pay.
25	(b) This chapter is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
26	SECTION 20. IC 12-32-1-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.171-2011,
27	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) This chapter shall be enforced without
20 29	regard to race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity,
30	age, disability, ancestry, ethnicity, or national origin.
31	(b) This chapter is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
32	SECTION 21. IC 16-23-1-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 21. (a) The hospital
33 34	may not discriminate among patients due to the following:
35	(1) Race, color, religion, national origin, ancestry, sexual
35 36	
	orientation, gender identity, age, disability, or sex.
37	 (2) Occupational, economic, or social status. (3) Political or religious belief or the lock of political or religious.
38	(3) Political or religious belief or the lack of political or religious
39 40	belief.
40	(b) The hospital must also be open to all licensed physicians of the
41	county and the patients of licensed physicians on equal terms and under
42	uniform rules.



1	(c) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
2	SECTION 22. IC 20-24-2-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
3	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. (a) A charter school is subject to all federal and
5	state laws and constitutional provisions that prohibit discrimination on
6	the basis of the following:
7	(1) Disability.
8	(2) Race.
9	(3) Color.
10	(4) Gender.
11	(5) National origin.
12	(6) Religion.
13	(7) Ancestry.
14	(8) Sexual orientation.
15	(9) Gender identity.
16	(b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
17	SECTION 23. IC 20-24.5-3-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007,
18	SECTION 209, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
19	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. (a) A student who applies for
20	admission to the academy must:
21	(1) be eligible to attend a public school in Indiana;
22	(2) demonstrate exceptional intellectual ability; and
23	(3) demonstrate a commitment to scholarship.
24	(b) A student shall be admitted without regard to sex, race, religion,
25	erced, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identity,
26	age, disability, or household income.
27	(c) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
28	SECTION 24. IC 20-33-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008,
29	SECTION 118, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) The following is the public
31	policy of the state:
32	(1) To provide:
33	(A) equal;
34	(B) nonsegregated; and
35	(C) nondiscriminatory;
36	educational opportunities and facilities for all, regardless of race,
37	creed, religion, national origin, ancestry, color, or sex, gender
38	identity, or sexual orientation.
39	(2) To provide and furnish public schools open equally to all, and
40	prohibited and denied to none because of race, creed, color, or
41	religion, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity, or
42	sexual orientation.



1	(3) To reaffirm the principles of:
2	(A) the Bill of Rights;
3	(B) civil rights; and
4	(C) the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
5	(4) To provide a uniform democratic system of public school
6	education to the state and the citizens of Indiana.
7	(5) To:
8	(A) abolish;
9	(B) eliminate; and
10	(C) prohibit;
11	segregated and separate schools or school districts on the basis of
12	race, creed , or religion, national origin, ancestry, color, sex,
12	gender identity, or sexual orientation.
13	(6) To eliminate and prohibit:
14	• •
15	(A) segregation; (B) concretion; and
	(B) separation; and
17	(C) discrimination;
18	on the basis of race, creed, or color, religion, national origin,
19	ancestry, sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation in public
20	schools.
21	(b) This chapter is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
22	SECTION 25. IC 20-33-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,
23	SECTION 226, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of a
25	school corporation and the board of trustees of a state educational
26	institution may not build or erect, establish, maintain, continue, or
27	permit any segregated or separate public schools, including any public
28	school departments or divisions, on the basis of race, color, creed, or
29	religion, national origin, ancestry, gender identity, or sexual
30	orientation of pupils or students.
31	(b) The officials described in subsection (a) may take any
32	affirmative actions that are reasonable, feasible, and practical to effect
33	greater integration and to reduce or prevent segregation or separation
34	of races in public schools for whatever cause, including:
35	(1) site selection; or
36	(2) revision of:
37	(A) school districts;
38	(B) curricula; or
39	(C) enrollment policies;
40	to implement equalization of educational opportunity for all.
41	(c) A school corporation shall review the school corporation's
42	programs to determine if the school corporation's practices of:



1 (1) separating students by ability;

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- (2) placing students into educational tracks; or
- (3) using test results to screen students;

have the effect of systematically separating students by race, color, ereed, religion, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender 6 identity, or socioeconomic class.

7 SECTION 26. IC 20-33-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 227, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 8 9 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) A student is entitled to be 10 admitted and enrolled in a public school in the school corporation in which the student resides without regard to race, creed, religion, color, 11 12 socioeconomic class, or national origin, ancestry, gender identity, or 13 sexual orientation.

14 (b) A student may not be prohibited, segregated, or denied attendance or enrollment in a public school in the student's school 15 16 corporation because of the student's race, creed, religion, color, or 17 national origin, ancestry, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

18 (c) Every student is free to attend a public school, including a 19 department or division of a public school within the laws applicable 20 alike to noncitizen and nonresident students.

21 SECTION 27. IC 20-33-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, 22 SECTION 228, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 23 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. (a) A public school may not 24 segregate, separate, or discriminate against any of its students on the 25 basis of race, creed, or religion, color, national origin, ancestry, 26 gender identity, or sexual orientation.

27 (b) Admission to a public school may not be approved or denied on 28 the basis of race, creed, or religion, color, national origin, ancestry, 29 gender identity, or sexual orientation.

30 SECTION 28. IC 20-33-1-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 229, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 32 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. A public school may not 33 discriminate in any way in the hiring, upgrading, tenure, or placement 34 of a teacher on the basis of race, creed, religion, color, or national 35 origin, ancestry, age, disability, sex, gender identity, or sexual 36 orientation. 37

SECTION 29. IC 20-42-3-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.286-2013, SECTION 124, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 10. (a) The trustee, with the advice and consent of the township board, shall use the account for the following educational purposes:

(1) Each year the trustee shall pay, to the parent or legal guardian



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1 2	of any child whose residence is within the township, the initial
2 3	cost for the rental of curricular materials used in any elementary
3 4	or secondary school that has been accredited by the state. The
	reimbursement for the rental of curricular materials shall be for
5	the initial yearly rental charge only. Curricular materials
6	subsequently lost or destroyed may not be paid for from this
7	account. (2) State $f(t) = f(t) + f(t) + f(t)$ (2)
8	(2) Students who are residents of the township for the last two (2)
9	years of their secondary education and who still reside within the
10	township are entitled to receive financial assistance in an amount
11	not to exceed an amount determined by the trustee and the
12	township board during an annual review of postsecondary
13	education fees and tuition costs of education at any accredited
14	postsecondary educational institution. Amounts to be paid to each
15	eligible student shall be set annually after this review. The
16	amount paid each year must be:
17	(A) equitable for every eligible student without regard to race,
18	religion, creed, sex, disability, sexual orientation, gender
19	identity, ancestry, age, or national origin; and
20	(B) based on the number of students and the amount of funds
21	available each year.
22	(3) A person who has been a permanent resident of the township
23	continuously for at least two (2) years and who needs educational
24	assistance for job training or retraining may apply to the trustee
25	of the township for financial assistance. The trustee and the
26	township board shall review each application and make assistance
27	available according to the need of each applicant and the
28	availability of funds.
29	(4) If all the available funds are not used in any one (1) year, the
30	unused funds shall be retained in the account by the trustee for
31	use in succeeding years.
32	(b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
33	SECTION 30. IC 20-51-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012,
34	SECTION 144, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. (a) An eligible school may not
36	discriminate on the basis of race, color, sexual orientation, gender
37	identity, ancestry, religion, or national origin.
38	(b) An eligible school shall abide by the school's written admission
39	policy fairly and without discrimination with regard to students who:
40	(1) apply for; or
41	(2) are awarded;
42	scholarships under this chapter.



(c) If the number of applicants for enrollment in an eligible school under a choice scholarship exceeds the number of choice scholarships available to the eligible school, the eligible school must draw at random in a public meeting the applications of applicants who are entitled to a choice scholarship from among the applicants who meet the requirements for admission to the eligible school.

(d) The department shall make random visits to at least five percent (5%) of eligible schools and charter schools to verify that the eligible school or charter school complies with the provisions of this chapter and the Constitutions of the state of Indiana and the United States.

(e) Each eligible school, public school, and charter school shall grant the department reasonable access to its premises, including access to the school's grounds, buildings, and property.

13 14 (f) Each year the principal of each eligible school shall certify under 15 penalties of perjury to the department that the eligible school is 16 complying with the requirements of this chapter. The department shall 17 develop a process for eligible schools to follow to make certifications. SECTION 31. IC 21-18.5-4-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.107-2012, 18 19 SECTION 58, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 20 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. (a) The commission shall exercise its functions 21 under this chapter without regard to an applicant's race, creed, religion, 22 sex, color, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, or 23 ancestry.

(b) This chapter is exempt from IC 34-13-9.

25 SECTION 32. IC 21-18.5-6-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.273-2013, 26 SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 27 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 15. (a) A postsecondary credit bearing proprietary 28 educational institution's authorization shall be suspended at any time 29 if the authorized postsecondary credit bearing proprietary educational 30 institution denies enrollment to a student or makes a distinction or 31 classification of students on the basis of race, color, national origin, 32 sexual orientation, gender identity, ancestry, or creed. religion. 33

(b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.

SECTION 33. IC 21-40-2-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 281, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) The following is the public policy of the state:

38 (1) To provide:

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- (A) equal;
 - (B) nonsegregated; and
- (C) nondiscriminatory;
- 41 42 educational opportunities and facilities for all, regardless of race,

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1 2	creed, religion, national origin, ancestry, color, or sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.
$\frac{2}{3}$	(2) To provide and furnish state educational institutions open
4	equally to all, and prohibited and denied to none because of race,
5	
	creed, religion, color, or national origin, ancestry, gender
6	identity, or sexual orientation.
7 8	(3) To reaffirm the principles of: (A) the Dill of Dichter
0 9	(A) the Bill of Rights;
	(B) civil rights; and
10	(C) the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
11	(4) To provide a uniform democratic system of public education
12	to the state and the citizens of Indiana.
13	(5) To:
14	(A) abolish;
15	(B) eliminate; and
16	(C) prohibit;
17	segregated and separate departments or divisions of a state
18	educational institution on the basis of race, ereed, or religion,
19	color, national origin, ancestry, gender identity, or sexual
20	orientation.
21	(6) To eliminate and prohibit:
22	(A) segregation;
23	(B) separation; and
24	(C) discrimination;
25	on the basis of race, color, or creed religion, national origin,
26	ancestry, gender identity, or sexual orientation in state
27	educational institutions.
28	(b) This chapter is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
29	SECTION 34. IC 21-40-2-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007,
30	SECTION 281, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
31	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) The board of trustees of a
32	state educational institution may not build or erect, establish, maintain,
33	continue, or permit any segregated or separate state educational
34	institutions on the basis of race, color, creed, or religion, national
35	origin, ancestry, gender identity, or sexual orientation of students.
36	(b) The officials described in subsection (a) may take any
37	affirmative actions that are reasonable, feasible, and practical to effect
38	greater integration and to reduce or prevent segregation or separation
39	of races in state educational institutions for whatever cause, including:
40	(1) site selection; or
41	(2) revision of:
42	(A) districts;
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(B) curricula; or

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(C) enrollment policies;

to implement equalization of educational opportunity for all.

SECTION 35. IC 21-40-2-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 281, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. (a) A student may not be prohibited, segregated, or denied attendance or enrollment to a state educational institution because of the student's race, creed, religion, color, or national origin, ancestry, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

(b) Every student is free to attend a state educational institution within the laws applicable alike to noncitizen and nonresident students. SECTION 36. IC 21-40-2-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 281, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. (a) A state educational institution may not segregate, separate, or discriminate against any of its students on the basis of race, creed, or religion, color, national origin, ancestry, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

(b) Admission to a state educational institution may not be approved or denied on the basis of race, creed, or religion, color, national origin, ancestry, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

SECTION 37. IC 21-40-2-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 281, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. A state educational institution may not discriminate in any way in the hiring, upgrading, tenure, or placement of any teacher on the basis of **age**, **disability**, race, creed, **religion**, color, or national origin, **ancestry**, **gender identity**, **or sexual orientation**.

SECTION 38. IC 22-4.1-21-27, AS ADDED BY P.L.107-2012, SECTION 61, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 27. (a) A postsecondary proprietary educational institution's accreditation shall be suspended at any time if the accredited postsecondary proprietary educational institution denies enrollment to a student or makes a distinction or classification of students on the basis of race, color, **national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, ancestry,** or creed. **religion.**

(b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.

38 SECTION 39. IC 22-9-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2014,
39 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. (a) It is the public policy of the state to provide
41 all of its citizens equal opportunity for education, employment, access
42 to public conveniences and accommodations, and acquisition through



purchase or rental of real property, including but not limited to housing, and to eliminate segregation or separation based solely on race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, **sexual orientation**, **gender identity, age,** or ancestry, since such segregation is an impediment to equal opportunity. Equal education and employment opportunities and equal access to and use of public accommodations and equal opportunity for acquisition of real property are hereby declared to be civil rights.

(b) The practice of denying these rights to properly qualified 9 persons by reason of the race, religion, color, sex, disability, national 10 origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, or ancestry of such 11 12 person is contrary to the principles of freedom and equality of opportunity and is a burden to the objectives of the public policy of this 13 state and shall be considered as discriminatory practices. The 14 15 promotion of equal opportunity without regard to race, religion, color, 16 sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, disability, national 17 origin, or ancestry through reasonable methods is the purpose of this 18 chapter.

(c) It is also the public policy of this state to protect employers,
labor organizations, employment agencies, property owners, real estate
brokers, builders, and lending institutions from unfounded charges of
discrimination.

(d) It is hereby declared to be contrary to the public policy of the
state and an unlawful practice for any person, for profit, to induce or
attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by
representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the
neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, religion,
color, sex, disability, national origin, sexual orientation, gender
identity, age, or ancestry.

30 (e) The general assembly recognizes that on February 16, 1972, 31 there are institutions of learning in Indiana presently and traditionally 32 following the practice of limiting admission of students to males or to females. It is further recognized that it would be unreasonable to 33 34 impose upon these institutions the expense of remodeling facilities to 35 accommodate students of both sexes, and that educational facilities of 36 similar quality and type are available in coeducational institutions for those students desiring such facilities. It is further recognized that this 37 38 chapter is susceptible of interpretation to prevent these institutions 39 from continuing their traditional policies, a result not intended by the 40 general assembly. Therefore, the amendment effected by Acts 1972, 41 P.L.176, is desirable to permit the continuation of the policies 42 described.



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1 (f) It is against the public policy of the state and a discriminatory 2 practice for an employer to discriminate against a prospective 3 employee on the basis of status as a veteran by: 4 (1) refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis 5 that the applicant is a veteran of the armed forces of the United 6 States: or 7 (2) refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis 8 that the applicant is a member of the Indiana National Guard or 9 member of a reserve component. 10 (g) This chapter shall be construed broadly to effectuate its purpose. (h) This article is exempt from IC 34-13-9. 11 SECTION 40. IC 22-9-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2014, 12 13 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 14 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter: 15 (a) "Person" means one (1) or more individuals, partnerships, associations, organizations, limited liability companies, corporations, 16 labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees, 17 18 trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and other organized groups of persons. "Affirmative action" means those acts that the commission 19 20 determines necessary to assure compliance with the Indiana civil 21 rights law. 22 (b) "Commission" means the civil rights commission created under 23 section 4 of this chapter. 24 (c) "Director" means the director of the civil rights commission. 25 "Commission attorney" means the deputy attorney general, such assistants of the attorney general as may be assigned to the 26 27 commission, or such other attorney as may be engaged by the 28 commission. 29 (d) "Deputy director" means the deputy director of the civil rights 30 commission. "Complainant" means: 31 (1) any individual charging on the individual's own behalf to 32 have been personally aggrieved by a discriminatory practice; 33 or 34 (2) the director or deputy director of the commission charging 35 that a discriminatory practice was committed against a 36 person (other than the director or deputy director) or a class 37 of people, in order to vindicate the public policy of the state 38 (as set forth in section 2 of this chapter). 39 (e) "Commission attorney" means the deputy attorney general, such 40 assistants of the attorney general as may be assigned to the 41 commission, or such other attorney as may be engaged by the 42 commission. "Complaint" means any written grievance that is:

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1	(1) sufficiently complete and filed by a complainant with the
2 3	commission; or (2) filed by a complement of a civil action in the civility of
	(2) filed by a complainant as a civil action in the circuit or
4 5	superior court having jurisdiction in the county in which the
5 6	alleged discriminatory practice occurred.
7	(f) "Consent agreement" means a formal agreement entered into in
8	lieu of adjudication. (g) "Affirmative action" means those acts that the commission
8 9	determines necessary to assure compliance with the Indiana civil rights
10	law. "Deputy director" means the deputy director of the civil rights
11	commission.
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12	(h) "Employer" means the state or any political or civil subdivision thereof and any person employing civ (c) or more persons within the
13	thereof and any person employing six (6) or more persons within the
14	state, except that the term "employer" does not include: (1) any nonprofit corporation or association organized exclusively
16	for fraternal or religious purposes;
17	(2) any school, educational, or charitable religious institution
18	owned or conducted by or affiliated with a church or religious
19	institution; or
20	(3) any exclusively social club, corporation, or association that is
20	not organized for profit. "Director" means the director of the
21	civil rights commission.
22	(i) "Employee" means any person employed by another for wages or
23 24	salary. However, the term does not include any individual employed:
2 4 25	(1) by the individual's parents, spouse, or child; or
23 26	(1) by the individual's parents, spouse, of clinic, of (2) in the domestic service of any person. "Disabled" or
20 27	"disability" means the physical or mental condition of a
28	person that constitutes a substantial disability. In reference to
20 29	employment under this chapter, "disabled" or "disability"
30	also means the physical or mental condition of a person that
31	constitutes a substantial disability unrelated to the person's
32	ability to engage in a particular occupation.
33	(j) "Labor organization" means any organization that exists for the
34	purpose in whole or in part of collective bargaining or of dealing with
35	employers concerning grievances, terms, or conditions of employment
36	or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment.
37	"Discriminatory practice" means:
38	(1) the exclusion of a person from equal opportunities because
39	of race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity,
40	age, disability, national origin, ancestry, or status as a
41	veteran;
42	(2) a system that excludes persons from equal opportunities



1 because of race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender 2 identity, age, disability, national origin, ancestry, or status as 3 a veteran; 4 (3) the promotion of racial segregation or separation in any 5 manner, including but not limited to the inducing of or the 6 attempting to induce for profit any person to sell or rent any 7 dwelling by representations regarding the entry or 8 prospective entry in the neighborhood of a person or persons 9 of a particular race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, 10 gender identity, age, disability, national origin, Indiana 11 national guard service, United States military service, or 12 ancestry; or 13 (4) a violation of IC 22-9-5 that is committed by a covered 14 entity (as defined in IC 22-9-5-4). 15 (k) "Employment agency" means any person undertaking with or 16 without compensation to procure, recruit, refer, or place employees. 17 "Employee" means any person employed by another for wages or salary. However, the term does not include any individual 18 19 employed: 20 (1) by the individual's parents, spouse, or child; or 21 (2) in the domestic service of any person. 22 (1) "Discriminatory practice" means: 23 (1) the exclusion of a person from equal opportunities because of 24 race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, ancestry or 25 status as a veteran; 26 (2) a system that excludes persons from equal opportunities 27 because of race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, 28 ancestry or status as a veteran; 29 (3) the promotion of racial segregation or separation in any 30 manner, including but not limited to the inducing of or the 31 attempting to induce for profit any person to sell or rent any 32 dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective 33 entry in the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular 34 race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, or ancestry; 35 or 36 (4) a violation of IC 22-9-5 that occurs after July 25, 1992, and is 37 committed by a covered entity (as defined in IC 22-9-5-4). 38 Every discriminatory practice relating to the acquisition or sale of real 39 estate, education, public accommodations, employment, or the 40 extending of credit (as defined in IC 24-4.5-1-301.5) shall be 41 considered unlawful unless it is specifically exempted by this chapter. 42 "Employer" means the state or any political or civil subdivision of



1 the state and any person employing six (6) or more persons within 2 Indiana, except that the term "employer" does not include: 3 (1) any nonprofit corporation or association organized 4 exclusively for fraternal or religious purposes; 5 (2) any school, educational, or charitable religious institution 6 owned or conducted by or affiliated with a church or religious 7 institution; or 8 (3) any exclusively social club, corporation, or association that 9 is not organized for profit. (m) "Public accommodation" means any establishment that eaters 10 11 or offers its services or facilities or goods to the general public. 12 "Employment agency" means any person undertaking with or 13 without compensation to procure, recruit, refer, or place 14 employees. 15 (n) "Complainant" means: 16 (1) any individual charging on the individual's own behalf to have 17 been personally aggrieved by a discriminatory practice; or 18 (2) the director or deputy director of the commission charging that 19 a discriminatory practice was committed against a person (other 20 than the director or deputy director) or a class of people, in order to vindicate the public policy of the state (as defined in section 2 21 22 of this chapter). "Labor organization" means any organization 23 that exists for the purpose in whole or in part of collective 24 bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning 25 grievances, terms, or conditions of employment or for other 26 mutual aid or protection in relation to employment. 27 (o) "Complaint" means any written grievance that is: 28 (1) sufficiently complete and filed by a complainant with the 29 commission: or 30 (2) filed by a complainant as a civil action in the circuit or 31 superior court having jurisdiction in the county in which the 32 alleged discriminatory practice occurred. 33 The original of any complaint filed under subdivision (1) shall be 34 signed and verified by the complainant. "Person" means one (1) or 35 more individuals, partnerships, associations, organizations, limited 36 liability companies, corporations, labor organizations, 37 cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees, trustees in 38 bankruptcy, receivers, and other organized groups of persons. 39 (p) "Sufficiently complete" refers to a complaint that includes: 40 (1) the full name and address of the complainant; 41 (2) the name and address of the respondent against whom the 42 complaint is made;



1 (3) the alleged discriminatory practice and a statement of 2 particulars thereof; 3 (4) the date or dates and places of the alleged discriminatory 4 practice and if the alleged discriminatory practice is of a 5 continuing nature the dates between which continuing acts of 6 discrimination are alleged to have occurred; and 7 (5) a statement as to any other action, civil or criminal, instituted 8 in any other form based upon the same grievance alleged in the complaint, together with a statement as to the status or disposition 9 10 of the other action. 11 No complaint shall be valid unless filed within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of the occurrence of the alleged 12 13 discriminatory practice. "Public accommodation" means any establishment that caters or offers its services or facilities or goods 14 15 to the general public. 16 (q) "Sex" as it applies to segregation or separation in this chapter 17 applies to all types of employment, education, public accommodations, and housing. However: 18 (1) it shall not be a discriminatory practice to maintain separate 19 20 restrooms; 21 (2) it shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an 22 employer to hire and employ employees, for an employment 23 agency to classify or refer for employment any individual, for a 24 labor organization to classify its membership or to classify or refer 25 for employment any individual, or for an employer, labor organization, or joint labor management committee controlling 26 apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to admit 27 or employ any other individual in any program on the basis of sex 28 29 in those certain instances where sex is a bona fide occupational 30 qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that 31 particular business or enterprise; and 32 (3) it shall not be a discriminatory practice for a private or 33 religious educational institution to continue to maintain and 34 enforce a policy of admitting students of one (1) sex only. 35 (r) "Disabled" or "disability" means the physical or mental condition of a person that constitutes a substantial disability. In reference to 36 employment under this chapter, "disabled or disability" also means the 37 38 physical or mental condition of a person that constitutes a substantial 39 disability unrelated to the person's ability to engage in a particular 40 occupation. "Sufficiently complete" refers to a complaint that 41 includes: 42

(1) the full name and address of the complainant;



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1	(2) the name and address of the respondent against whom the
2 3	complaint is made;
	(3) the alleged discriminatory practice and a statement of
4	particulars of the alleged discriminatory practice;
5	(4) the date or dates and places of the alleged discriminatory
6	practice and if the alleged discriminatory practice is of a
7	continuing nature, the dates between which continuing acts of
8	discrimination are alleged to have occurred; and
9	(5) a statement as to any other action, civil or criminal,
10	instituted in any other form based upon the same grievance
11	alleged in the complaint, together with a statement as to the
12	status or disposition of the other action.
13	(s) "Veteran" means:
14	(1) a veteran of the armed forces of the United States;
15	(2) a member of the Indiana National Guard; or
16	(3) a member of a reserve component.
17	SECTION 41. IC 22-9-1-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2014,
18	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. (a) The commission shall establish and
20	maintain a permanent office in the city of Indianapolis.
21	(b) Except as it concerns judicial review, the commission may adopt
22	rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.
23	(c) The commission shall formulate policies to effectuate the
24	purposes of this chapter and make recommendations to agencies and
25	officers of the state or local subdivisions thereof to effectuate such
26	policies. The several departments, commissions, divisions, authorities,
27	boards, bureaus, agencies, and officers of the state or any political
28	subdivision or agency thereof shall furnish the commission, upon its
29	request, all records, papers, and information in their possession relating
30	to any matter before the commission.
31	(d) The commission shall receive and investigate complaints
32	alleging discriminatory practices. The commission shall not hold
33	hearings in the absence of a complaint. All investigations of complaints
34	shall be conducted by staff members of the civil rights commission or
35	their agents.
36	(e) The commission may create such advisory agencies and
37	conciliation councils, local or statewide, as will aid in effectuating the
38	purposes of this chapter. The commission may itself, or it may
38 39	empower these agencies and councils to:
40	(1) study the problems of discrimination in the areas covered by
40 41	section 2 of this chapter when based on race, religion, color, sex,
42	handicap, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, age,
74	handreap, sexual of rentation, genuer mentity, disability, age,



national origin, or ancestry; and

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8 9 (2) foster through community effort, or otherwise, good will among the groups and elements of the population of the state.

These agencies and councils may make recommendation recommendations to the commission for the development of policies and procedures in general. Advisory agencies and conciliation councils created by the commission shall be composed of representative citizens serving without pay, but with reimbursement for reasonable and necessary actual expenses.

(f) The commission may issue such publications and such results of
investigations and research as in its judgment will tend to promote
good will and minimize or eliminate discrimination because of race,
religion, color, sex, handicap, sexual orientation, gender identity,
disability, age, national origin, or ancestry.

(g) The commission shall prevent any person from discharging,
expelling, or otherwise discriminating against any other person because
the person filed a complaint, testified in any hearing before this
commission, or in any way assisted the commission in any matter under
its investigation.

20 (h) The commission may hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, compel 21 their attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person 22 under oath, and require the production for examination of any books 23 and papers relating to any matter under investigation or in question 24 before the commission. The commission may make rules as to the 25 issuance of subpoenas by individual commissioners. Contumacy or 26 refusal to obey a subpoena issued under this section shall constitute a 27 contempt. All hearings shall be held within Indiana at a location 28 determined by the commission. A citation of contempt may be issued 29 upon application by the commission to the circuit or superior court in the county in which the hearing is held or in which the witness resides 30 31 or transacts business.

(i) The commission may appoint administrative law judges other than commissioners, when an appointment is deemed necessary by a majority of the commission. The administrative law judges shall be members in good standing before the bar of Indiana and shall be appointed by the chairman of the commission. An administrative law judge appointed under this subsection shall have the same powers and duties as a commissioner sitting as an administrative law judge. However, the administrative law judge may not issue subpoenas.

40 (j) The commission shall state its findings of fact after a hearing
41 and, if the commission finds a person has engaged in an unlawful
42 discriminatory practice, shall cause to be served on this person an order



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requiring the person to cease and desist from the unlawful
 discriminatory practice and requiring the person to take further
 affirmative action as will effectuate the purposes of this chapter,
 including but not limited to the power:

5 (1) to restore complainant's losses incurred as a result of
6 discriminatory treatment, as the commission may deem necessary
7 to assure justice; however, except in discriminatory practices
8 involving veterans, this specific provision when applied to orders
9 pertaining to employment shall include only wages, salary, or
10 commissions;

(2) to require the posting of notice setting forth the public policy
of Indiana concerning civil rights and respondent's compliance
with the policy in places of public accommodations;

14 (3) to require proof of compliance to be filed by respondent at 15 periodic intervals; and

16 (4) to require a person who has been found to be in violation of
17 this chapter and who is licensed by a state agency authorized to
18 grant a license to show cause to the licensing agency why the
19 person's license should not be revoked or suspended.

When an employer has been found to have committed a discriminatory practice in employment by failing to employ an applicant on the basis that the applicant is a veteran, the order to restore the veteran's losses may include placing the veteran in the employment position with the employer for which the veteran applied.

(k) Judicial review of a cease and desist order or other affirmative 25 26 action as referred to in this chapter may be obtained under IC 22-9-8. 27 If no proceeding to obtain judicial review is instituted within thirty (30) 28 days from receipt of notice by a person that an order has been made by the commission, the commission, if it determines that the person upon 29 30 whom the cease and desist order has been served is not complying or 31 is making no effort to comply, may obtain a decree of a court for the 32 enforcement of the order in circuit or superior court upon showing that 33 the person is subject to the commission's jurisdiction and resides or transacts business within the county in which the petition for 34 35 enforcement is brought. 36

(1) If, upon all the evidence, the commission shall find that a person has not engaged in any unlawful practice or violation of this chapter, the commission shall state its findings of facts and shall issue and cause to be served on the complainant an order dismissing the complaint as to the person.

(m) The commission may furnish technical assistance requested by
 persons subject to this chapter to further compliance with this chapter



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1 or with an order issued thereunder.

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(n) The commission shall promote the creation of local civil rights agencies to cooperate with individuals, neighborhood associations, and state, local, and other agencies, both public and private, including agencies of the federal government and of other states.

6 (o) The commission may reduce the terms of conciliation agreed to 7 by the parties to writing (to be called a consent agreement) that the 8 parties and a majority of the commissioners shall sign. When signed, 9 the consent agreement shall have the same effect as a cease and desist 10 order issued under subsection (j). If the commission determines that a party to the consent agreement is not complying with it, the 11 12 commission may obtain enforcement of the consent agreement in a 13 circuit or superior court upon showing that the party is not complying 14 with the consent agreement and the party is subject to the commission's 15 jurisdiction and resides or transacts business within the county in which the petition for enforcement is brought. 16

17 (p) In lieu of investigating a complaint and holding a hearing under this section, the commission may issue an order based on findings and 18 19 determinations by the federal Department of Housing and Urban 20 Development or the federal Equal Employment Opportunity 21 Commission concerning a complaint that has been filed with one (1) of 22 these federal agencies and with the commission. The commission shall 23 adopt by rule standards under which the commission may issue such an 24 order.

25 (q) Upon notice that a complaint is the subject of an action in a 26 federal court, the commission shall immediately cease investigation of 27 the complaint and may not conduct hearings or issue findings of fact or 28 orders concerning that complaint.

29 SECTION 42. IC 22-9-1-9.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 30 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 31 1, 2016]: Sec. 9.5. (a) Every discriminatory practice relating to the 32 acquisition or sale of real estate, education, public accommodations, employment, or the extending of credit (as 33 34 defined in IC 24-4.5-1-301.5) shall be considered unlawful unless it 35 is specifically exempted by this chapter.

(b) A complaint must be filed within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of the occurrence of the alleged discriminatory practice.

(c) An original complaint filed with the commission shall be 40 signed and verified by the complainant.

41 SECTION 43. IC 22-9-1-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 42 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 10. Every contract to

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1 which the state or any of its political or civil subdivisions is a party, 2 including franchises granted to public utilities, shall contain a provision 3 requiring the contractor and his the contractor's subcontractors not to 4 discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment to be 5 employed in the performance of such contract, with respect to his the 6 employee's or applicant's hire, tenure, terms, conditions, or privileges 7 of employment or any matter directly or indirectly related to 8 employment, because of his the employee's or applicant's race, 9 religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, 10 disability, national origin, or ancestry. Breach of this covenant may be regarded as a material breach of the contract. 11

12 SECTION 44. IC 22-9-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 13 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 11. In addition to its 14 power to investigate the discriminatory practices referred to in this 15 chapter, the commission may receive written complaints of violation of 16 this chapter or other discriminatory practices based upon race, religion, 17 color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, disability, 18 national origin, or ancestry and to investigate such complaints as it 19 deems meritorious, or to conduct such investigation in the absence of 20 complaints whenever it deems it in the public interest. It The 21 commission may transmit to the general assembly, in an electronic 22 format under IC 5-14-6, its recommendations for legislation designed to aid in the removing of such discrimination. 23

24 SECTION 45. IC 22-9-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.166-2009, 25 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 11. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to 26 27 repeal any of the provisions of any law of this state relating to 28 discrimination because of age, race, or color, religion, sex, sexual 29 orientation, gender identity, disability, or country of ancestral origin. 30 Nothing herein shall be deemed to limit, restrict or affect the freedom 31 of any employer in regard to:

(a) (1) fixing compulsory retirement requirements for any class of employees at an age or ages less than seventy-five (75) years of age;

(b) (2) fixing eligibility requirements for participation in, or
enjoyment by employees of, benefits under any annuity plan or
pension or retirement plan on the basis that any employee may be
excluded from eligibility therefor who, at the time he the
employee would otherwise become eligible for such benefits, is
older than the age fixed in such eligibility requirements; or
(c) (3) keeping age records for any such purposes.

42 SECTION 46. IC 22-9-10-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.136-2014,



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1	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2 3	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "complainant" has the
	meaning set forth in $\frac{10}{100} \frac{22-9-1-3(n)}{100}$. IC 22-9-1-3(d).
4	SECTION 47. IC 22-9-10-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.136-2014,
5	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "complaint" has the
7	meaning set forth in $\frac{10}{100} \frac{22-9-1-3(0)}{100}$. IC 22-9-1-3(e).
8	SECTION 48. IC 22-9-10-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.136-2014,
9	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "employee" has the
11	meaning set forth in $\frac{10}{1000} \frac{22-9-1-3(i)}{1000000000000000000000000000000000000$
12	SECTION 49. IC 22-9-10-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.136-2014,
13	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "employer" has the
15	meaning set forth in $\frac{10}{100} \frac{22-9-1-3(h)}{100}$. IC 22-9-1-3(l).
16	SECTION 50. IC 22-9.5-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) The purposes of
18	this article are the following:
19	(1) To provide for fair housing practices in Indiana.
20	(2) To create a procedure for investigating and settling complaints
21	of discriminatory housing practices.
22	(3) To provide rights and remedies substantially equivalent to
23	those granted under federal law.
24	(b) This article is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
25	SECTION 51. IC 22-9.5-3-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. This article does not
27	prohibit a religious organization, an association, or a society or a
28	nonprofit institution or an organization operated, supervised, or
29	controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, an
30	association, or a society from:
31	(1) limiting the sale, rental, or occupancy of dwellings that it
32	owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons
33	of the same religion; or
34	(2) giving preference to persons of the same religion, unless
35	membership in the religion is restricted because of race, color, or
36	national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, gender
37	identity, age, or disability.
38	SECTION 52. IC 22-9.5-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39 40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. This article does not
40	prohibit a private club not open to the public that, as an incident to the
41	club's primary purpose, provides lodging that the club owns or operates
42	for other than a commercial purpose from limiting the rental or



occupancy of that lodging to the members or from giving preference to the members, unless membership in the club is restricted because of race, color, or national origin, **age**, **disability**, **ancestry**, **sex**, **gender identity**, **or sexual orientation**.

SECTION 53. IC 22-9.5-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. This article does not prohibit a person engaged in the business of furnishing appraisals of real property from taking into consideration factors other than race, color, religion, sex, **sexual orientation**, disability, familial status, **age**, **ancestry**, **gender identity**, or national origin.

SECTION 54. IC 22-9.5-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) A person may not
refuse to sell or to rent after the making of a bona fide offer, refuse to
negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or
deny a dwelling to any person because of race, color, religion, sex,
sexual orientation, gender identity, familial status, disability, age,
ancestry, or national origin.

(b) A person may not discriminate against any person in the terms,
conditions, or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in providing
services or facilities in connection with the sale or rental of a dwelling,
because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender
identity, familial status, disability, age, ancestry, or national origin.

(c) This section does not prohibit discrimination against a person
 because the person has been convicted under federal law or the law of
 any state of the illegal manufacture or distribution of a controlled
 substance.

27 SECTION 55. IC 22-9.5-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 28 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. A person may not 29 make, print, or publish or cause to be made, printed, or published any 30 notice, statement, or advertisement with respect to the sale or rental of 31 a dwelling that indicates any preference, limitation, or discrimination 32 based on race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender 33 identity, age, disability, familial status, ancestry, or national origin, or 34 an intention to make such a preference, limitation, or discrimination. 35

SECTION 56. IC 22-9.5-5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. A person may not represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, **sexual orientation, gender identity, age,** disability, familial status, **ancestry**, or national origin that a dwelling is not available for inspection for sale or rental when the dwelling is available for inspection.

41 SECTION 57. IC 22-9.5-5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. A person may not,

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1 for profit, induce or attempt to induce a person to sell or rent a dwelling 2 by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into a 3 neighborhood of a person of a particular race, color, religion, sex, 4 sexual orientation, gender identity, age, disability, familial status, 5 ancestry, or national origin. SECTION 58. IC 22-9.5-5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 6 7 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this 8 section. "residential real estate related transaction" means the 9 following: 10 (1) Making or purchasing loans or providing other financial 11 assistance: 12 (A) to purchase, construct, improve, repair, or maintain a 13 dwelling; or 14 (B) to secure residential real estate. 15 (2) Selling, brokering, or appraising residential real property. 16 (b) A person whose business includes engaging in residential real estate related transactions may not discriminate against a person in 17 18 making a real estate related transaction available or in the terms or 19 conditions of a real estate related transaction because of race, color, 20 religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, disability, 21 familial status, ancestry, or national origin. 22 SECTION 59. IC 22-9.5-5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 23 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. A person may not 24 deny any person access to, or membership or participation in, a 25 multiple-listing service, real estate brokers' organization, or other 26 service, organization, or facility relating to the business of selling or 27 renting dwellings, or discriminate against a person in the terms or 28 conditions of access, membership, or participation in such an 29 organization, service, or facility because of race, color, religion, sex, 30 sexual orientation, gender identity, age, disability, familial status, 31 ancestry, or national origin. 32 SECTION 60. IC 22-9.5-10-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 33 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. A person commits 34 a Class A misdemeanor if the person, whether or not acting under color 35 of law, by force or threat of force intentionally intimidates or interferes 36 with or attempts to intimidate or interfere with a person: 37 (1) because of the person's race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, disability, familial status, 38 39 ancestry, or national origin and because the person is or has been

40 selling, purchasing, renting, financing, occupying, or contracting 41 or negotiating for the sale, purchase, rental, financing, or 42 occupation of any dwelling, or applying for or participating in a

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1	service, organization, or facility relating to the business of selling
2	or renting dwellings; or
3	(2) because the person is or has been, or to intimidate the person
4	from:
5	(A) participating, without discrimination because of race,
6	color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity,
7	disability, familial status, age, ancestry, or national origin, in
8	an activity, a service, an organization, or a facility described in
9	subdivision (1);
10	(B) affording another person opportunity or protection to
11	participate in an activity, a service, an organization, or a
12	facility described in subdivision (1); or
13	(C) lawfully aiding or encouraging other persons to participate,
14	without discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex,
15	sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, familial status,
16	age, ancestry, or national origin, in an activity, a service, an
17	organization, or a facility described in subdivision (1).
18	SECTION 61. IC 24-9-3-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 9. (a) It is unlawful for
20	a creditor to discriminate against any applicant with respect to any
21	aspect of a credit transaction on the basis of race, color, religion,
22	ancestry, national origin, sex, marital status, disability, sexual
23	orientation, gender identity, or age, if the applicant has the ability to
24	contract.
25	(b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
26	SECTION 62. IC 27-2-17-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. (a) An insurance
28	company that issues property or casualty insurance shall not
29	discriminate in the appointment of an independent insurance producer
30	on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, ancestry, sexual
31	orientation, gender identity, age, disability, or gender.
32	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the department has
33	exclusive jurisdiction to investigate any complaints of discrimination
34	in the appointment of independent insurance producers in violation of
35	subsection (a).
36	(c) If the commissioner of the department determines after a hearing
37	that an insurance company has violated subsection (a), the
38	commissioner may order one (1) of the following remedies:
39	(1) Payment of a civil penalty of not more than two thousand
40	dollars (\$2,000) for each violation.
41	(2) Suspension or revocation of the insurance company's
42	certificate of authority if the commissioner determines that the
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1	violation was willful or wanton and that similar violations have
2	been committed by that company with a frequency that constitutes
3	a general business practice.
4	(3) Any other remedy agreed to by the department and the
5	insurance company.
6	(d) Any determination made by the commissioner under this section
7	is subject to IC 4-21.5.
8	(e) Findings of the department under this section may not be
9	considered as evidence in any civil action other than an appeal as
10	provided under IC 4-21.5.
11	(f) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
12	SECTION 63. IC 27-2-21-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.84-2009,
13	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 16. (a) An insurer that uses credit information to
15	underwrite or rate risks shall not do the following:
16	(1) Use an insurance score that is calculated using income,
17	gender, address, ZIP code, ethnic group, race, religion, marital
18	status, sexual orientation, gender identity, ancestry, age,
19	disability, or nationality of the consumer as a factor.
20	(2) Deny, cancel, or decline to renew a personal insurance policy
21	solely on the basis of credit information.
22	(3) Base an insured's renewal rate for a personal insurance policy
23	solely on credit information.
24	(4) Take an adverse action against a consumer solely because the
25	consumer does not have a credit card account.
26	(5) Consider an absence of credit information or an inability to
27	calculate an insurance score in underwriting or rating a personal
28	insurance policy, unless the insurer does one (1) of the following:
29	(A) Presents to the commissioner information that the absence
30	or inability relates to the risk for the insurer and treats the
31	consumer as approved by the commissioner.
32	(B) Treats the consumer as if the consumer had neutral credit
33	information, as defined by the insurer.
34	(6) Take an adverse action against a consumer based on credit
35	information unless the insurer obtains and uses:
36	(A) a credit report issued; or
37	(B) an insurance score calculated;
38	not more than ninety (90) days before the date the personal
39	insurance policy is first written or the renewal is issued.
40	(7) Use the following as a negative factor in an insurance scoring
41	methodology or in reviewing credit information for the purpose
42	of underwriting or rating a personal insurance policy:



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1	(A) A credit inquiry:
2	(i) not initiated by the consumer; or
3 4 5	(ii) requested by the consumer for the consumer's own credit
4	information.
	(B) A credit inquiry relating to insurance coverage.
6	(C) A late payment or a collection account with a medical
7	industry code on the consumer's credit report.
8	(D) Multiple lender inquiries:
9	(i) coded by the consumer reporting agency on the
10	consumer's credit report as being from the home mortgage
11	industry; and
12	(ii) made within thirty (30) days of one another.
13	(E) Multiple lender inquiries:
14	(i) coded by the consumer reporting agency on the
15	consumer's credit report as being from the automobile
16	lending industry; and
17	(ii) made within thirty (30) days of one another.
18	(b) An insurer that uses credit information to underwrite or rate risks
19	shall, at annual renewal upon the request of an insured or an insured's
20	agent, re-underwrite and re-rate the insured's personal insurance policy
21	based on a current credit report or insurance score unless one (1) of the
22	following applies:
23	(1) The insurer's treatment of the consumer is otherwise approved
24	by the commissioner.
25	(2) The insured is in the most favorably priced tier of the insurer,
26	within a group of affiliated insurers.
27	(3) Credit information was not used for underwriting or rating the
28	insured when the personal insurance policy was initially written.
29	(4) The insurer reevaluates the insured at least every thirty-six
30	(36) months after a personal insurance policy is issued based on
31	underwriting or rating factors other than credit information.
32	(5) The insurer has re-underwritten and re-rated the insured's
33	personal insurance policy based on a credit report obtained or an
34	insurance score recalculated less than twelve (12) months before
35	the date of the request by the insured or the insured's agent.
36	(c) An insurer that uses credit information to underwrite or rate risks
37	may obtain current credit information upon the renewal of a personal
38	insurance policy when renewal occurs more frequently than every
39	thirty-six (36) months if consistent with the insurer's underwriting
40	guidelines.
41	(d) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.
42	SECTION 64. IC 27-7-12-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. (a) Termination of 2 property insurance coverage by an insurer is prohibited if the 3 termination is based on any of the following: (1) Upon the race, religion, nationality, ancestry, ethnic group, 4 5 age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, or 6 marital status of the applicant or named insured. 7 (2) Solely upon the lawful occupation or profession of the 8 applicant or named insured. However, this subdivision does not 9 apply to an insurer that limits its market to one (1) lawful 10 occupation or profession or to several related lawful occupations or professions. 11 12 (3) Upon the age or location of the residence of the applicant or named insured, unless that decision is for a business purpose that 13 14 is not a mere pretext for a decision based on factors prohibited in this chapter or any other provision of this title. 15 (4) Upon the fact that another insurer previously declined to 16 insure the applicant or terminated an existing policy in which the 17 18 applicant was the named insured. 19 (5) Upon the fact that the applicant or named insured previously 20 obtained insurance coverage through a residual market insurance 21 mechanism. 22 (b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9. 23 SECTION 65. IC 31-9-2-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 24 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 20. "Child with a 25 disability", for purposes of IC 31-34-1-9, means an individual who: 26 (1) is less than eighteen (18) years of age; and 27 (2) has a disability (as defined in IC 22-9-1-3(r)). **IC 22-9-1-3(i)**. SECTION 66. IC 33-28-5-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.157-2009, 28 29 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 30 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 18. (a) The supervising judge or the jury 31 administrator shall determine whether a prospective juror is qualified 32 to serve or, if disabled but otherwise qualified, whether the prospective 33 juror could serve with reasonable accommodation. A person who is not 34 eligible for jury service may not serve. The facts supporting juror 35 disqualification or exemption must be recorded under oath or 36 affirmation. A disqualification or exemption is not authorized unless 37 supported by the facts. The jury administrator shall make a record of all 38 disqualifications. 39 (b) A prospective juror is disqualified to serve on a jury if any of the 40 following conditions exist: 41 (1) The person is not a citizen of the United States, at least

eighteen (18) years of age, and a resident of the county.

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1	(2) The person is unable to read, speak, and understand the
2	English language with a degree of proficiency sufficient to fill out
3	satisfactorily a juror qualification form.
4	(3) The person is incapable of rendering satisfactory jury service
5	due to physical or mental disability. However, a person claiming
6	this disqualification may be required to submit a physician's or
7	authorized Christian Science practitioner's certificate confirming
8	the disability, and the certifying physician or practitioner is then
9	subject to inquiry by the court at the court's discretion.
10	(4) A guardian has been appointed for the person under IC 29-3
11	because the person has a mental incapacity.
12	(5) The person has had the right to vote revoked by reason of a
13	felony conviction and the right has not been restored.
14	(c) A person scheduled to appear for jury service has the right to
15	defer the date of the person's initial appearance for jury service one (1)
16	time upon a showing of hardship, extreme inconvenience, or necessity.
17	The court shall grant a prospective juror's request for deferral if the
18	following conditions are met:
19	(1) The prospective juror has not previously been granted a
20	deferral.
21	(2) The prospective juror requests a deferral by contacting the
22	jury administrator:
23	(A) by telephone;
24	(B) by electronic mail;
25	(C) in writing; or
26	(D) in person.
27	(3) The prospective juror selects another date on which the
28	prospective juror will appear for jury service that is:
29	(A) not more than one (1) year after the date upon which the
30	prospective juror was originally scheduled to appear; and
31	(B) a date when the court will be in session.
32	(4) The court determines that the prospective juror has
33	demonstrated that a deferral is necessary due to:
34	(A) hardship;
35	(B) extreme inconvenience; or
36	(C) necessity.
37	(d) A prospective juror who is at least seventy-five (75) years of age
38	may be exempted from jury service if the prospective juror notifies the
39	jury administrator that the prospective juror is at least seventy-five (75)
40	years of age and wishes to be exempted from jury service.
41	(e) A person may not serve as a petit juror in any county if the
42	person served as a petit juror in the same county within the previous

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1 three hundred sixty-five (365) days in a case that resulted in a verdict. 2 The fact that a person's selection as a juror would violate this 3 subsection is sufficient cause for challenge. 4 (f) A grand jury, a petit jury, or an individual juror drawn for service 5 in one (1) court may serve in another court of the county, in accordance 6 with orders entered on the record in each of the courts. 7 (g) The same petit jurors may be used in civil cases and in criminal 8 cases. 9 (h) A person may not be excluded from jury service on account of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, sexual orientation, gender 10 identity, ancestry, age, disability, or economic status. 11 12 (i) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9. SECTION 67. IC 33-41-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 13 14 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. (a) A person may not 15 be considered ineligible to serve as official reporter because of the 16 person's gender, race, religion, sexual orientation, gender identity, 17 national origin, age, disability, or ancestry. 18 (b) A judge may not appoint the judge's son or daughter as an 19 official reporter. 20 (c) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9. 21 SECTION 68. IC 35-46-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 22 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) A person who 23 knowingly or intentionally denies to another person, because of color, 24 ereed, disability, national origin, ancestry, race, religion, or sex, sexual 25 orientation, gender identity, or age, the full and equal use of the 26 services, facilities, or goods in: (1) an establishment that caters or offers its services, facilities, or 27 28 goods to the general public; or 29 (2) a housing project owned or subsidized by a governmental 30 entity; 31 commits a civil rights violation, a Class B misdemeanor. 32 (b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9. SECTION 69. IC 35-46-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 33 34 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. (a) A public servant 35 having the duty to select or summon persons for grand jury or trial jury 36 service who knowingly or intentionally fails to select or summon a person because of color, creed, disability, national origin, ancestry, 37 38 race, religion, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, or sex 39 commits discrimination in jury selection, a Class A misdemeanor. 40 (b) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9. SECTION 70. IC 36-9-4-37 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 41

42 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 37. (a) The board of

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1 directors of a public transportation corporation may appoint or employ 2 a general manager, accountants, attorneys, traffic engineers, drivers, 3 clerks, secretaries, guards, laborers, and other employees, and may 4 prescribe and define their duties, regulate their compensation, 5 discharge them, and appoint or employ their successors. Employees 6 shall be selected without regard to race, religion, sexual orientation, 7 gender identity, ancestry, national origin, age, disability, or any 8 personal affiliation. The board shall select the general manager on the 9 basis of his the individual's fitness for the position, taking into account 10 his the individual's executive ability and his knowledge of and experience in the field of mass public transportation. 11

12 (b) The board shall bargain collectively and enter into written 13 contracts with authorized labor organizations representing employees 14 other than executive, administrative, or professional personnel. These 15 contracts may provide for the binding arbitration of disputes, wages, 16 salaries, hours, working conditions, health and welfare, insurance, 17 vacations, holidays, sick leave, seniority, pensions, retirement, and 18 other benefits. 19

(c) This section is exempt from IC 34-13-9.

20 SECTION 71. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016] (a) IC 35-46-2-1 and

21 IC 35-46-2-2, both as amended by this act, apply only to crimes 22 committed after June 30, 2016.

23 (b) This SECTION expires January 1, 2018.

