

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 169

DIGEST OF SB 169 (Updated February 26, 2014 3:58 pm - DI 69)

Citations Affected: IC 35-43; IC 35-47; IC 35-50; noncode.

Synopsis: Providing firearms to an ineligible person; firearm theft. Makes it a Level 5 felony for a person to provide an individual with a firearm if the person knows that the individual: (1) is legally ineligible to possess a firearm; or (2) intends to use the firearm to commit a crime. Provides a defense for certain persons accused of providing firearms to ineligible individuals if: (1) the accused person contacted (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2014.

Young R Michael, Merritt, Steele, Arnold J

(HOUSE SPONSORS — MCMILLIN, STEUERWALD, FRIZZELL, LUCAS, MOED)

January 8, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections & Criminal Law. January 30, 2014, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass. February 3, 2014, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed. February 4, 2014, engrossed. Read third time, passed. Yeas 43, nays 5.

HOUSE ACTION

February 10, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code. February 24, 2014, amended, reported — Do Pass. February 26, 2014, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Digest Continued

NICS to request a background check on the individual; and (2) the accused person received authorization from NICS to provide the firearm to the individual. Makes theft a Level 6 felony instead of a Class A misdemeanor if the property involved is a firearm. Allows the state to seek a sentencing enhancement of from five years to 20 years if a person uses a firearm to commit: (1) a felony against the person that results in death or serious bodily injury; (2) kidnapping; or (3) criminal confinement as a Level 2 or Level 3 felony. Urges the legislative council to assign to the appropriate study committee the task of studying methods to: (1) reduce firearms violence in Indiana, including requiring background checks to be conducted by all gun show vendors at gun shows in Indiana; and (2) increase the number of law enforcement officers employed by local units of government in Indiana.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 169

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 35-43-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013
2	SECTION 463, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) A person who knowingly or
4	intentionally exerts unauthorized control over property of another
5	person, with intent to deprive the other person of any part of its value
6	or use, commits theft, a Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is:
7	(1) a Level 6 felony if:
8	(A) the value of the property is at least seven hundred fifty
9	dollars (\$750) and less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000)
0	(B) the property is a firearm; or
1	(B) (C) the person has a prior unrelated conviction for:
2	(i) theft under this section; or
3	(ii) criminal conversion under section 3 of this chapter; and
4	(2) a Level 5 felony if:
5	(A) the value of the property is at least fifty thousand dollars
6	(\$50,000); or



1	(B) the property that is the subject of the theft is a valuable
2	metal (as defined in IC 25-37.5-1-1) and:
3	(i) relates to transportation safety;
4	(ii) relates to public safety; or
5	(iii) is taken from a hospital or other health care facility,
6	telecommunications provider, public utility (as defined in
7	IC 32-24-1-5.9(a)), or key facility;
8	and the absence of the property creates a substantial risk of
9	bodily injury to a person.
10	(b) In determining the value of property under this section, acts of
11	theft committed in a single episode of criminal conduct (as defined in
12	IC 35-50-1-2(b)) may be charged in a single count.
13	(c) For purposes of this section, "the value of property" means:
14	(1) the fair market value of the property at the time and place the
15	offense was committed; or
16	(2) if the fair market value of the property cannot be satisfactorily
17	determined, the cost to replace the property within a reasonable
18	time after the offense was committed.
19	A price tag or price marking on property displayed or offered for sale
20	constitutes prima facie evidence of the value of the property.
21	SECTION 2. IC 35-47-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
22	SECTION 577, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23 24 25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) Except an individual acting
24	within a parent-minor child or guardian-minor protected person
25	relationship or any other individual who is also acting in compliance
26	with IC 35-47-10 (governing children and firearms), a person may
27	not sell, give, or in any other manner transfer the ownership or
28	possession of a handgun or assault weapon to any person under
29	eighteen (18) years of age.
30	(b) It is unlawful for a person to sell, give, or in any manner transfer
31	A person who knowingly or intentionally sells, gives, or in any
32	other manner transfers the ownership or possession of a handgun to
33	another person who the person knows: has reasonable cause to believe:
34	(1) has been:
35	(A) convicted of a felony; or
36	(B) adjudicated a delinquent child for an act that would be a
37	felony if committed by an adult, if the person seeking to obtain
38	ownership or possession of the handgun is less than
39	twenty-three (23) years of age;
40	(2) is a drug abuser;
41	(3) is an alcohol abuser; or
42	(4) is mentally incompetent;



1	(1) is ineligible for any reason other than the person's age to
2	purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer a handgun; or
3	(2) intends to use the handgun to commit a crime;
4	commits criminal transfer of a handgun, a Level 5 felony.
5	(c) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section
6	commits a Level 5 felony. A person who purchases a handgun with
7	the intent to:
8	(1) resell or otherwise provide the handgun to another person
9	who the person knows is ineligible for any reason to purchase
10	or otherwise receive from a dealer a handgun;
11	(2) resell or otherwise provide the handgun to another person
12	who the person knows intends to use the handgun to commit
13	a crime; or
14	(3) transport the handgun outside Indiana to be resold or
15	otherwise provided to another person who the transferor
16	knows:
17	(A) is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive a
18	handgun; or
19	(B) intends to use the handgun to commit a crime;
20	commits the straw purchase of a handgun, a Level 5 felony.
21	(d) It is a defense to a prosecution under subsection (b)(1) that:
22	(1) the accused person contacted NICS (as defined in
23	IC 35-47-2.5-2.5) to request a background check on the other
24	person before the accused person sold, gave, or in any other
25	manner transferred the ownership or possession of the
26	handgun to the other person; and
27	(2) the accused person received authorization from NICS to
28	sell, give, or in any other manner transfer ownership or
29	possession of the handgun to the other person.
30	SECTION 3. IC 35-47-2.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2006,
31	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) Sections 2 through 5 of this chapter does
33	do not apply to the following:
34	(1) Transactions between persons who are licensed as firearms
35	importers or collectors or firearms manufacturers or dealers under
36	18 U.S.C. 923.
37	(2) Purchases by or sales to a law enforcement officer or agent of
38	the United States, the state, or a county or local government.
39	(3) Indiana residents licensed to carry handguns under
40	IC 35-47-2-3.
41	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the state

shall participate in the NICS if federal funds are available to assist the



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1	state in participating in the NICS. If:
2	(1) the state participates in the NICS; and
3	(2) there is a conflict between:
4	(A) a provision of this chapter; and
5	(B) a procedure required under the NICS;
6	the procedure required under the NICS prevails over the conflicting
7	provision of this chapter.
8	SECTION 4. IC 35-47-2.5-14 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
9	1, 2014]. Sec. 14. (a) This section does not apply to a person who
10	provides a handgun to the following:
11	(1) A child who is attending a hunters safety course or a firearms
12	safety course or an adult who is supervising the child during the
13	course.
14	(2) A child engaging in practice in using a firearm for target
15	shooting at an established range or in an area where the discharge
16	of a firearm is not prohibited or is supervised by:
17	(A) a qualified firearms instructor; or
18	(B) an adult who is supervising the child while the child is at
19	the range.
20	(3) A child engaging in an organized competition involving the
21	use of a firearm or participating in or practicing for a performance
22	by an organized group under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
23	Revenue Code that uses firearms as a part of a performance or an
24	adult who is involved in the competition or performance.
25	(4) A child who is hunting or trapping under a valid license issued
26	to the child under IC 14-22.
27	(5) A child who is traveling with an unloaded firearm to or from
28	an activity described in this section.
29	(6) A child who:
30	(A) is on real property that is under the control of the child's
31	parent, an adult family member of the child, or the child's legal
32	guardian; and
33	(B) has permission from the child's parent or legal guardian to
34	possess a firearm.
35	(b) A person who purchases a handgun with the intent to:
36	(1) resell or otherwise provide the handgun to another person who
37	the person knows or has reason to believe is ineligible for any
38	reason to purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer a handgun;
39	or
40	(2) transport the handgun out of the state to be resold or otherwise
41	provided to another person who the transferor knows is incligible
42	to purchase or otherwise receive a firearm;



1	commits a Level 6 felony.
2	(c) If the violation of this section involves a transfer of more than
3	one (1) handgun, the offense is a Level 5 felony.
4	SECTION 5. IC 35-47-2.5-15 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
5	1, 2014]. Sec. 15. (a) A person who is ineligible to purchase or
6	otherwise receive or possess a handgun in Indiana who knowingly or
7	intentionally solicits, employs, or assists any person in violating section
8	14 of this chapter commits a Level 6 felony.
9	(b) If the violation involves a transfer of more than one (1) handgun,
10	the offense is a Level 5 felony.
11	SECTION 6. IC 35-47-2.5-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
12	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 16. (a) This section does not apply
14	to a person who complies with IC 35-47-10 (governing children and
15	firearms).
16	(b) A person who provides a firearm to an individual who the
17	person knows:
18	(1) is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive or possess a
19	firearm for any reason other than the person's age; or
20	(2) intends to use the firearm to commit a crime;
21	commits criminal transfer of a firearm, a Level 5 felony.
22	(c) It is a defense to a prosecution under subsection (b)(1) that:
23	(1) the accused person contacted NICS to request a
24	background check on the individual before the accused person
25	provided the firearm to the individual; and
26	(2) the accused person received authorization from NICS to
27	provide the firearm to the individual.
28	SECTION 7. IC 35-47-10-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) This section
30	does not apply to section 7 of this chapter.
31	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), this chapter does not
32	apply to the following:
33	(1) A child who is attending a hunters safety course or a firearms
34	safety course or an adult who is supervising the child during the
35	course.
36	(2) A child engaging in practice in using a firearm for target
37	shooting at an established range or in an area where the discharge
38	of a firearm is not prohibited or supervised by:
39	(A) a qualified firearms instructor; or
40	(B) an adult who is supervising the child while the child is at
41	the range.
42	(3) A child engaging in an organized competition involving the



1	use of a firearm or participating in or practicing for a performance
2	by an organized group under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
3	Revenue Code that uses firearms as a part of a performance or an
4	adult who is involved in the competition or performance.
5	(4) A child who is hunting or trapping under a valid license issued
6	to the child under IC 14-22.
7	(5) A child who is traveling with an unloaded firearm to or from
8	an activity described in this section.
9	(6) A child who:
10	(A) is on real property that is under the control of the child's
11	parent, an adult family member of the child, or the child's legal
12	guardian; and
13	(B) has permission from the child's parent or legal guardian to
14	possess a firearm.
15	(7) A child who:
16	(A) is at the child's residence; and
17	(B) has the permission of the child's parent, an adult family
18	member of the child, or the child's legal guardian to possess a
19	firearm.
20	(c) This chapter applies to a child, and to a person who provides
21	a firearm to a child, if the child:
22	(1) is ineligible to purchase or possess a firearm for any
23	reason other than the child's age; or
24	(2) if the child intends to use a firearm to commit a crime.
25	SECTION 8. IC 35-47-10-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
26	SECTION 602, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) A child who knowingly,
28	intentionally, or recklessly
29	(1) possesses a firearm for any purpose other than a purpose
30	described in section 1 of this chapter or
31	(2) provides a firearm to another child with or without
32	remuneration for any purpose other than a purpose described in
33	section 1 of this chapter;
34	commits dangerous possession of a firearm, a Class A misdemeanor.
35	However, the offense is a Level 5 felony if the child has a prior
36	conviction under this section or has been adjudicated a delinquent for
37	an act that would be an offense under this section if committed by an
38	adult.
39	(b) A child who knowingly or intentionally provides a firearm
40	to another child whom the child knows:
41	(1) is ineligible for any reason to purchase or otherwise



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receive from a dealer a firearm; or

1	(2) intends to use the firearm to commit a crime;
2	commits a Level 5 felony.
3	SECTION 9. IC 35-47-10-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
4	SECTION 603, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 6. An adult who knowingly or
6	intentionally or recklessly provides a firearm to a child for any purpose
7	other than those described in section 1 of this chapter, with or without
8	remuneration, whom the adult knows:
9	(1) is ineligible for any reason to purchase or otherwise
10	receive from a dealer a firearm; or
11	(2) intends to use the firearm to commit a crime;
12	commits dangerous control of a firearm, a Level 5 felony. However, the
13	offense is a Level 4 felony if the adult has a prior conviction under this
14	section.
15	SECTION 10. IC 35-50-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
16	SECTION 665, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section,
18	"firearm" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-47-1-5.
19	(b) As used in this section, "offense" means:
20	(1) a felony under IC 35-42 that resulted in death or serious bodily
21	injury;
22	(2) kidnapping; or
23	(3) criminal confinement as a Level 2 or Level 3 felony.
24	(c) The state may seek, on a page separate from the rest of a
25	charging instrument, to have a person who allegedly committed an
26	offense sentenced to an additional fixed term of imprisonment if the
27	state can show beyond a reasonable doubt that the person knowingly or
28	intentionally used a firearm in the commission of the offense.
29	(d) If the person was convicted of the offense in a jury trial, the jury
30	shall reconvene to hear evidence in the enhancement hearing. If the
31	trial was to the court, or the judgment was entered on a guilty plea, the
32	court alone shall hear evidence in the enhancement hearing.
33	(e) If the jury (if the hearing is by jury) or the court (if the hearing
34	is to the court alone) finds that the state has proved beyond a
35	reasonable doubt that the person knowingly or intentionally used a
36	firearm in the commission of the offense, the court may sentence the
37	person to an additional fixed term of imprisonment of between five (5)
38	years and twenty (20) years.
39	SECTION 11. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014] (a) The general
40	assembly urges the legislative council to assign to the appropriate
41	study committee the task of studying methods to:

(1) reduce firearms violence in Indiana, including requiring



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1	background checks to be conducted by all gun show vendors
2	at gun shows in Indiana; and
3	(2) increase the number of law enforcement officers employed
4	by local units of government in Indiana.
5	(b) If an appropriate study committee is assigned the topics
6	described in subsection (a), the committee shall issue to the
7	legislative council a final report containing the committee's
8	findings and recommendations, including any recommended
9	legislation concerning the topics, in an electronic format under
10	IC 5-14-6, not later than November 1, 2014.
11	(c) This SECTION expires January 1, 2015.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Corrections and Criminal Law, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 169, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 35-43-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, SECTION 463, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) A person who knowingly or intentionally exerts unauthorized control over property of another person, with intent to deprive the other person of any part of its value or use, commits theft, a Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is:

- (1) a Level 6 felony if:
 - (A) the value of the property is at least seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) and less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000);
 - (B) the property is a firearm; or
 - (B) (C) the person has a prior unrelated conviction for:
 - (i) theft under this section; or
- (ii) criminal conversion under section 3 of this chapter; and (2) a Level 5 felony if:
 - (A) the value of the property is at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000); or
 - (B) the property that is the subject of the theft is a valuable metal (as defined in IC 25-37.5-1-1) and:
 - (i) relates to transportation safety;
 - (ii) relates to public safety; or
 - (iii) is taken from a hospital or other health care facility, telecommunications provider, public utility (as defined in IC 32-24-1-5.9(a)), or key facility;

and the absence of the property creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to a person.

- (b) In determining the value of property under this section, acts of theft committed in a single episode of criminal conduct (as defined in IC 35-50-1-2(b)) may be charged in a single count.
 - (c) For purposes of this section, "the value of property" means:
 - (1) the fair market value of the property at the time and place the offense was committed; or
 - (2) if the fair market value of the property cannot be satisfactorily determined, the cost to replace the property within a reasonable



time after the offense was committed.

A price tag or price marking on property displayed or offered for sale constitutes prima facie evidence of the value of the property.

SECTION 2. IC 35-47-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, SECTION 577, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) Except an individual acting within a parent-minor child or guardian-minor protected person relationship or any other individual who is also acting in compliance with IC 35-47-10 (governing children and firearms), a person may not sell, give, or in any other manner transfer the ownership or possession of a handgun or assault weapon to any person under eighteen (18) years of age.

(b) It is unlawful for a person to sell, give, or in any manner transfer A person who knowingly or intentionally sells, gives, or in any other manner transfers the ownership or possession of a handgun to another person who the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe:

(1) has been:

- (A) convicted of a felony; or
- (B) adjudicated a delinquent child for an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult, if the person seeking to obtain ownership or possession of the handgun is less than twenty-three (23) years of age;
- (2) is a drug abuser;
- (3) is an alcohol abuser; or
- (4) is mentally incompetent;
- (1) is ineligible for any reason other than the person's age to purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer a handgun; or
- (2) intends to use the handgun to commit a crime; commits criminal transfer of a handgun, a Level 5 felony. However, the offense is a Level 2 felony if a person uses the handgun to commit murder (IC 35-42-1-1).
- (c) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section commits a Level 5 felony. A person who purchases a handgun with the intent to:
 - (1) resell or otherwise provide the handgun to another person who the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe is ineligible for any reason to purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer a handgun;
 - (2) resell or otherwise provide the handgun to another person who the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe intends to use the handgun to commit a crime; or



- (3) transport the handgun outside Indiana to be resold or otherwise provided to another person who the transferor knows or has reasonable cause to believe:
 - (A) is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive a handgun; or
- (B) intends to use the handgun to commit a crime; commits the straw purchase of a handgun, a Level 5 felony. However, the offense is a Level 2 felony if a person uses the handgun to commit murder (IC 35-42-1-1)."

Page 2, delete lines 5 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 3. IC 35-47-2.5-14 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]. Sec. 14. (a) This section does not apply to a person who provides a handgun to the following:

- (1) A child who is attending a hunters safety course or a firearms safety course or an adult who is supervising the child during the course.
- (2) A child engaging in practice in using a firearm for target shooting at an established range or in an area where the discharge of a firearm is not prohibited or is supervised by:
 - (A) a qualified firearms instructor; or
 - (B) an adult who is supervising the child while the child is at the range.
- (3) A child engaging in an organized competition involving the use of a firearm or participating in or practicing for a performance by an organized group under Section 501(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that uses firearms as a part of a performance or an adult who is involved in the competition or performance.
- (4) A child who is hunting or trapping under a valid license issued to the child under IC 14-22.
- (5) A child who is traveling with an unloaded firearm to or from an activity described in this section.
- (6) A child who:
 - (A) is on real property that is under the control of the child's parent, an adult family member of the child, or the child's legal guardian; and
 - (B) has permission from the child's parent or legal guardian to possess a firearm.
- (b) A person who purchases a handgun with the intent to:
 - (1) resell or otherwise provide the handgun to another person who the person knows or has reason to believe is ineligible for any reason to purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer a handgun; or



(2) transport the handgun out of the state to be resold or otherwise provided to another person who the transferor knows is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive a firearm;

commits a Level 6 felony.

(c) If the violation of this section involves a transfer of more than one (1) handgun, the offense is a Level 5 felony.

SECTION 4. IC 35-47-2.5-15 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]. Sec. 15. (a) A person who is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive or possess a handgun in Indiana who knowingly or intentionally solicits, employs, or assists any person in violating section 14 of this chapter commits a Level 6 felony.

(b) If the violation involves a transfer of more than one (1) handgun, the offense is a Level 5 felony.".

Page 3, delete lines 1 through 4.

Page 3, line 8, delete "provides a firearm to the following:" and insert "complies with IC 35-47-10 (governing children and firearms).".

Page 3, delete lines 9 through 33.

Page 3, line 35, delete "reason" and insert "reasonable cause".

Page 3, line 37, delete "due to the commission of a crime" and insert "for any reason other than the person's age".

Page 3, line 39, delete "Level 6" and insert "Level 5".

Page 3, line 39, after "felony." insert "However, the offense is a Level 2 felony if a person uses the firearm to commit murder (IC 35-42-1-1).".

Page 3, delete lines 40 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. IC 35-47-10-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) This section does not apply to section 7 of this chapter.

- **(b) Except as provided in subsection (c),** this chapter does not apply to the following:
 - (1) A child who is attending a hunters safety course or a firearms safety course or an adult who is supervising the child during the course.
 - (2) A child engaging in practice in using a firearm for target shooting at an established range or in an area where the discharge of a firearm is not prohibited or supervised by:
 - (A) a qualified firearms instructor; or
 - (B) an adult who is supervising the child while the child is at the range.
 - (3) A child engaging in an organized competition involving the



use of a firearm or participating in or practicing for a performance by an organized group under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that uses firearms as a part of a performance or an adult who is involved in the competition or performance.

- (4) A child who is hunting or trapping under a valid license issued to the child under IC 14-22.
- (5) A child who is traveling with an unloaded firearm to or from an activity described in this section.
- (6) A child who:
 - (A) is on real property that is under the control of the child's parent, an adult family member of the child, or the child's legal guardian; and
 - (B) has permission from the child's parent or legal guardian to possess a firearm.
- (7) A child who:
 - (A) is at the child's residence; and
 - (B) has the permission of the child's parent, an adult family member of the child, or the child's legal guardian to possess a firearm.
- (c) This chapter applies to a child, and to a person who provides a firearm to a child, if the child:
 - (1) is ineligible to purchase or possess a firearm for any reason other than the child's age; or
- (2) if the child intends to use a firearm to commit a crime. SECTION 7. IC 35-47-10-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, SECTION 602, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) A child who knowingly,

intentionally, or recklessly

(1) possesses a firearm for any purpose other than a purpose

- described in section 1 of this chapter or

 (2) provides a firearm to another child with or without
- (2) provides a firearm to another child with or without remuneration for any purpose other than a purpose described in section 1 of this chapter;

commits dangerous possession of a firearm, a Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is a Level 5 felony if the child has a prior conviction under this section or has been adjudicated a delinquent for an act that would be an offense under this section if committed by an adult.

- (b) A child who knowingly or intentionally provides a firearm to another child whom the child knows or has reasonable cause to believe:
 - (1) is ineligible for any reason to purchase or otherwise



receive from a dealer a firearm; or

(2) intends to use the firearm to commit a crime; commits a Level 5 felony. However, the offense is a Level 2 felony if a person uses the firearm to commit murder (IC 35-42-1-1).

SECTION 8. IC 35-47-10-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, SECTION 603, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 6. An adult who knowingly or intentionally or recklessly provides a firearm to a child for any purpose other than those described in section 1 of this chapter, with or without remuneration, whom the adult knows or has reasonable cause to believe:

- (1) is ineligible for any reason to purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer a firearm; or
- (2) intends to use the firearm to commit a crime; commits dangerous control of a firearm, a Level 5 felony. However, the offense is a Level 4 felony if the adult has a prior conviction under this section, and a Level 2 felony if a person, including the child, uses the firearm to commit murder (IC 35-42-1-1).

SECTION 9. IC 35-47-10-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, SECTION 604, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. A child's parent or legal guardian who knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly permits the child to possess a firearm:

- (1) while:
 - (A) aware of a substantial risk that the child will use the firearm to commit a felony; and
 - (B) failing to make reasonable efforts to prevent the use of a firearm by the child to commit a felony; or
- (2) when the child has been convicted of a crime of violence or has been adjudicated as a juvenile for an offense that would constitute a crime of violence if the child were an adult;

commits dangerous control of a child, a Level 5 felony. However, the offense is a Level 4 felony if the child's parent or legal guardian has a prior conviction under this section, and a Level 2 felony if a person uses the firearm to commit murder (IC 35-42-1-1).

SECTION 10. IC 35-50-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, SECTION 665, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section, "firearm" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-47-1-5.

- (b) As used in this section, "offense" means:
 - (1) a felony under IC 35-42 that resulted in death or serious bodily injury;



- (2) kidnapping; or
- (3) criminal confinement as a Level 2 or Level 3 felony.
- (c) The state may seek, on a page separate from the rest of a charging instrument, to have a person who allegedly committed an offense sentenced to an additional fixed term of imprisonment if the state can show beyond a reasonable doubt that the person knowingly or intentionally used a firearm in the commission of the offense.
- (d) If the person was convicted of the offense in a jury trial, the jury shall reconvene to hear evidence in the enhancement hearing. If the trial was to the court, or the judgment was entered on a guilty plea, the court alone shall hear evidence in the enhancement hearing.
- (e) If the jury (if the hearing is by jury) or the court (if the hearing is to the court alone) finds that the state has proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the person knowingly or intentionally used a firearm in the commission of the offense, the court may sentence the person to an additional fixed term of imprisonment of five (5) between ten (10) and twenty (20) years."

Delete pages 4 through 5.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 169 as introduced.)

YOUNG R MICHAEL, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 1.

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 169 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, line 33, delete "knows or" and insert "knows:".

Page 2, line 33, strike "has reasonable cause to".

Page 2, strike line 34.

Page 3, line 12, delete "or has reasonable cause to believe".

Page 3, line 16, delete "or has reasonable cause to believe".

Page 3, line 20, delete "knows or has reasonable cause to believe:" and insert "knows:".

Page 5, line 14, delete "knows or has reasonable cause to believe:" and insert "knows:".

Page 6, line 33, delete "knows or has reasonable cause to" and insert



"knows:".

Page 6, delete line 34.

Page 7, line 3, delete "knows or has reasonable cause to" and insert "knows:".

Page 7, delete line 4.

(Reference is to SB 169 as printed January 31, 2014.)

YOUNG R MICHAEL

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Courts and Criminal Code, to which was referred Senate Bill 169, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, delete lines 5 through 6.

Page 3, delete lines 23 through 24.

Page 5, line 16, delete "However,".

Page 5, delete lines 17 through 18.

Page 6, line 35, delete "However, the offense is a Level 2 felony".

Page 6, delete line 36.

Page 7, line 5, after "this" insert "section.".

Page 7, delete lines 6 through 24.

Page 8, line 5, delete "five (5) between" and insert "**between** five (5) **vears**".

Page 8, line 6, delete "ten (10)".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 169 as reprinted February 4, 2014.)

MCMILLIN, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 1.



HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 169 be amended to read as follows:

Page 3, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(d) It is a defense to a prosecution under subsection (b)(1) that:
 - (1) the accused person contacted NICS (as defined in IC 35-47-2.5-2.5) to request a background check on the other person before the accused person sold, gave, or in any other manner transferred the ownership or possession of the handgun to the other person; and
 - (2) the accused person received authorization from NICS to sell, give, or in any other manner transfer ownership or possession of the handgun to the other person.".

Page 5, between lines 12 and 13, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(c) It is a defense to a prosecution under subsection (b)(1) that:
 - (1) the accused person contacted NICS to request a background check on the individual before the accused person provided the firearm to the individual; and
 - (2) the accused person received authorization from NICS to provide the firearm to the individual.".

(Reference is to ESB 169 as printed February 24, 2014.)

DELANEY

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 169 be amended to read as follows:

Page 7, after line 23, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 11. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014] (a) The general assembly urges the legislative council to assign to the appropriate study committee the task of studying methods to:

- (1) reduce firearms violence in Indiana, including requiring background checks to be conducted by all gun show vendors at gun shows in Indiana; and
- (2) increase the number of law enforcement officers employed by local units of government in Indiana.
- (b) If an appropriate study committee is assigned the topics described in subsection (a), the committee shall issue to the legislative council a final report containing the committee's



findings and recommendations, including any recommended legislation concerning the topics, in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6, not later than November 1, 2014.

(c) This SECTION expires January 1, 2015.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 169 as printed February 24, 2014.)

DELANEY

