SENATE BILL No. 169

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-47-2.5; IC 35-50-2-11.5.

Synopsis: Providing firearms to a felon. Makes it a Level 6 felony for a person to provide an individual with a firearm if the person knows or has reason to believe that the individual: (1) is legally barred from possessing a firearm due to the commission of a crime; or (2) intends to use the firearm to commit a crime. Makes it a Level 6 felony for a person to purchase a handgun with the intent of reselling it to an individual that the person knows or has reason to believe intends to use the handgun in the commission of a crime. Specifies that a person who unlawfully provides an individual with a handgun or firearm may receive an enhanced sentence if the individual who unlawfully received the handgun or firearm uses the handgun or firearm to commit a crime, and provides that the enhanced sentence is: (1) up to one year if the crime is a misdemeanor; (2) the same sentence as the most serious crime committed by the individual if the crime is a Level 2 through Level 6 felony; and (3) the same sentence as a Level 1 felony if the crime is murder or a Level 1 felony.

Effective: July 1, 2014.

Young R Michael

 ${\it January\,8,2014, read\,first\,time\,and\,referred\,to\,Committee\,on\,Corrections\,\&\,Criminal\,Law}.$



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 169

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 35-47-2.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2006
2	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) Sections 2 through 5 of this chapter does
4	do not apply to the following:
5	(1) Transactions between persons who are licensed as firearms
6	importers or collectors or firearms manufacturers or dealers under
7	18 U.S.C. 923.
8	(2) Purchases by or sales to a law enforcement officer or agent or
9	the United States, the state, or a county or local government.
10	(3) Indiana residents licensed to carry handguns under
11	IC 35-47-2-3.
12	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the state
13	shall participate in the NICS if federal funds are available to assist the
14	state in participating in the NICS. If:
15	(1) the state participates in the NICS; and
16	(2) there is a conflict between:



1	(A) a provision of this chapter; and
2	(B) a procedure required under the NICS;
3	the procedure required under the NICS prevails over the conflicting
4	provision of this chapter.
5	SECTION 2. IC 35-47-2.5-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
6	SECTION 586, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 14. (a) This section does not apply
8	to a person who provides a handgun to the following:
9	(1) A child who is attending a hunters safety course or a firearms
10	safety course or an adult who is supervising the child during the
11	course.
12	(2) A child engaging in practice in using a firearm for target
13	shooting at an established range or in an area where the discharge
14	of a firearm is not prohibited or is supervised by:
15	(A) a qualified firearms instructor; or
16	(B) an adult who is supervising the child while the child is at
17	the range.
18	(3) A child engaging in an organized competition involving the
19	use of a firearm or participating in or practicing for a performance
20	by an organized group under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
21	Revenue Code that uses firearms as a part of a performance or an
22	adult who is involved in the competition or performance.
23	(4) A child who is hunting or trapping under a valid license issued
24	to the child under IC 14-22.
25	(5) A child who is traveling with an unloaded firearm to or from
26	an activity described in this section.
27	(6) A child who:
28	(A) is on real property that is under the control of the child's
29	parent, an adult family member of the child, or the child's legal
30	guardian; and
31	(B) has permission from the child's parent or legal guardian to
32	possess a firearm.
33	(b) A person who purchases a handgun with the intent to:
34	(1) resell or otherwise provide the handgun to another person who
35	the person knows or has reason to believe is ineligible for any
36	reason to purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer a handgun;
37	or
38	(2) resell or otherwise provide the handgun to another person
39	who the person knows or has reason to believe intends to use
40	the handgun to commit a crime; or
41	(2) (3) transport the handgun out of the state to be resold or
42	otherwise provided to another person who the transferor knows is



1	ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive a firearm;
2	commits the straw purchase of a handgun, a Level 6 felony.
3	(c) If the violation of this section involves a transfer of more than
4	one (1) handgun, the offense is a Level 5 felony.
5	SECTION 3. IC 35-47-2.5-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 16. (a) This section does not apply
8	to a person who provides a firearm to the following:
9	(1) A child who is attending a hunters safety course or a
10	firearms safety course or an adult who is supervising the child
11	during the course.
12	(2) A child engaging in practice in using a firearm for target
13	shooting at an established range or in an area where the
14	discharge of a firearm is not prohibited or is supervised by:
15	(A) a qualified firearms instructor; or
16	(B) an adult who is supervising the child while the child is
17	at the range.
18	(3) A child engaging in an organized competition involving the
19	use of a firearm or participating in or practicing for a
20	performance by an organized group under Section 501(c)(3)
21	of the Internal Revenue Code that uses firearms as a part of
22	a performance or an adult who is involved in the competition
23	or performance.
24	(4) A child who is hunting or trapping under a valid license
25	issued to the child under IC 14-22.
26	(5) A child who is traveling with an unloaded firearm to or
27	from an activity described in this section.
28	(6) A child who:
29	(A) is on real property that is under the control of the
30	child's parent, an adult family member of the child, or the
31	child's legal guardian; and
32	(B) has permission from the child's parent or legal
33	guardian to possess a firearm.
34	(b) A person who provides a firearm to an individual who the
35	person knows or has reason to believe:
36	(1) is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive or possess a
37	firearm due to the commission of a crime; or
38	(2) intends to use the firearm to commit a crime;
39	commits criminal transfer of a firearm, a Level 6 felony.
40	SECTION 4. IC 35-50-2-11.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
41	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
42	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 11.5. (a) The state may seek, on



a page separate from the rest of a charging instrument, to have a
person who allegedly committed the offense of straw purchase of
a handgun (IC 35-47-2.5-14) or criminal transfer of a firearm
(IC 35-47-2.5-16) sentenced to an additional fixed term of
imprisonment if the state can show beyond a reasonable doubt that
the individual who unlawfully received the handgun or firearm
used the handgun or firearm while committing a crime.

- (b) If the person was convicted of the offense under IC 35-47-2.5-14 or IC 35-47-2.5-16 in a jury trial, the jury shall reconvene to hear evidence in the enhancement hearing. If the trial was to the court, or the judgment was entered on a guilty plea, the court alone shall hear evidence in the enhancement hearing.
- (c) If the jury (if the hearing is by jury) or the court (if the hearing is to the court alone) finds that the state has proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the individual who unlawfully received the handgun or firearm used the handgun or firearm while committing a crime, the court shall sentence the person to an additional fixed term of imprisonment as follows:
 - (1) If the most serious crime committed by the individual who unlawfully received the handgun or firearm was a misdemeanor, the court shall sentence the person to an additional fixed term of not more than one (1) year.
 - (2) If the most serious crime committed by the individual who unlawfully received the handgun or firearm was a Level 6 felony, the court shall sentence the person to an additional fixed term that is within the sentencing range for a Level 6 felony.
 - (3) If the most serious crime committed by the individual who unlawfully received the handgun or firearm was a Level 5 felony, the court shall sentence the person to an additional fixed term that is within the sentencing range for a Level 5 felony.
 - (4) If the most serious crime committed by the individual who unlawfully received the handgun or firearm was a Level 4 felony, the court shall sentence the person to an additional fixed term that is within the sentencing range for a Level 4 felony.
 - (5) If the most serious crime committed by the individual who unlawfully received the handgun or firearm was a Level 3 felony, the court shall sentence the person to an additional fixed term that is within the sentencing range for a Level 3 felony.



1	(6) If the most serious crime committed by the individual who
2	unlawfully received the handgun or firearm was a Level 2
3	felony, the court shall sentence the person to an additional
4	fixed term that is within the sentencing range for a Level 2
5	felony.
6	(7) If the most serious crime committed by the individual who
7	unlawfully received the handgun or firearm was a murder or
8	a Level 1 felony, the court shall sentence the person to an
9	additional fixed term that is within the sentencing range for
10	a Level 1 felony.
11	(d) It is not a defense that the individual who unlawfully
12	received the handgun or firearm:
13	(1) has not been prosecuted;
14	(2) has not been convicted;
15	(3) cannot be prosecuted for any reason; or
16	(4) lacked the capacity to commit the crime.

