SENATE BILL No. 159

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 34-30-2-155.6; IC 36-8-3.

Synopsis: Reserve city and town police officers. Provides that after June 30, 2023, the number of police reserve officers that a law enforcement agency or department for a city or town may appoint may not exceed the greater of: (1) six police reserve officers; or (2) 40% of the number of law enforcement officers employed by the law enforcement agency or department who have met the basic training requirements established by the law enforcement training board (board). Provides that the board may revoke, suspend, modify, or restrict a document showing compliance and qualifications for a city or town police reserve officer who has committed misconduct. Provides that, after June 30, 2022, a police reserve officer appointed by a law enforcement agency or department for a city or town does not have police powers for purposes of employment outside the direct supervision of the law enforcement agency or department that appointed the police reserve officer unless: (1) the police reserve officer who previously served as a law enforcement officer has completed Tier I or Tier II basic training and remains compliant with inservice training requirements; or (2) an exigent circumstance exists that creates pressing health, safety, or law enforcement needs for the police reserve officer.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2022.

Sandlin

January 10, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.



IN 159-LS 6471/DI 116

Introduced

Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 159

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 34-30-2-155.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 155.6. IC 36-8-3-20.5 (Concerning
4	a good faith report of cause for revoking a police reserve officer's
5	document showing compliance with training requirements).
6	SECTION 2. IC 36-8-3-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.180-2017,
7	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 20. (a) Except as provided in subsection (n) ,
9	this section applies to counties and towns as well as cities.
10	(b) Subject to subsection (n), a unit may provide by ordinance for
11	any number of police reserve officers.
12	(c) Police reserve officers shall be appointed by the same authority
13	that appoints regular members of the department.
14	(d) Police reserve officers may be designated by another name
15	specified by ordinance.
16	(e) Police reserve officers may not be members of the regular police
17	department but have all of the same police powers as regular members,



2022

IN 159—LS 6471/DI 116

1 except as provided in subsection (o) or as limited by the rules of the 2 department. Each department may adopt rules to limit the authority of 3 police reserve officers. 4 (f) To the extent that money is appropriated for a purpose listed in 5 this subsection, police reserve officers may receive any of the 6 following: 7 (1) A uniform allowance. 8 (2) Compensation for time lost from other employment because 9 of court appearances. 10 (3) In the case of county police reserve officers, compensation for lake patrol duties that the county sheriff assigns and approves for 11 12 compensation. (g) Police reserve officers are not eligible to participate in any 13 pension program provided for regular members of the department. 14 15 (h) A police reserve officer may not be appointed until the officer has completed the training and probationary period specified by rules 16 17 of the department. 18 (i) A police reserve officer appointed by the department after June 19 30, 1993, may not: 20 (1) make an arrest; 21 (2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or 22 (3) carry a firearm; 23 unless the police reserve officer successfully completes a pre-basic 24 course under IC 5-2-1-9(f). 25 (j) A police reserve officer carrying out lake patrol duties under this chapter is immune from liability under IC 34-30-12, notwithstanding 26 27 the payment of compensation to the officer. 28 (k) After June 30, 2015, a police reserve officer who has 29 satisfactorily completed pre-basic training and has been appointed to 30 a law enforcement department or agency on either a full-time or 31 part-time basis is not eligible for continued employment unless the 32 police reserve officer satisfactorily completes the mandatory inservice training requirements established by rules adopted by the law 33 enforcement training board (created by IC 5-2-1-3). Inservice training 34 35 must include training in interacting with persons with mental illness, addictive disorders, intellectual disabilities, autism, developmental 36 37 disabilities, and Alzheimer's disease or related senile dementia, to be 38 provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and social 39 services and the board. The inservice training must also concern human 40 and sexual trafficking and high risk missing persons (as defined in 41 IC 5-2-17-1). The board may approve courses offered by other public 42 or private training entities, including postsecondary educational



2022

1 institutions, as necessary in order to ensure the availability of an 2 adequate number of inservice training programs. The board may waive 3 a police reserve officer's inservice training requirements if the board 4 determines that the police reserve officer's reason for lacking the 5 required amount of inservice training hours is due to either of the 6 following: 7 (1) An emergency situation. 8 (2) The unavailability of courses. 9 (1) After December 31, 2017, a unit shall: (1) provide the coverage specified in section 22 of this chapter; 10 and 11 12 (2) pay the amounts specified in section 23 of this chapter; 13 for a police reserve officer who is injured or contracts an illness in the 14 course of or as the result of the performance of duties as a police 15 reserve officer. 16 (m) A unit may purchase policies of group insurance or establish a plan of self-insurance to meet its obligations under section 22 or 23 of 17 18 this chapter. The establishment of a self-insurance program under this 19 subsection is subject to the approval of the unit's fiscal body. Expenses 20 incurred for premiums for insurance or for other charges or expenses 21 under sections 22 and 23 of this chapter shall be paid out of the unit's 22 general fund in the same manner as other expenses of the unit are paid. 23 (n) After June 30, 2023, the number of police reserve officers 24 that a law enforcement agency or department for a city or town 25 may appoint may not exceed the greater of: 26 (1) six (6) police reserve officers; or 27 (2) forty percent (40%) of the number of law enforcement 28 officers employed by the law enforcement agency or 29 department who have met the basic training requirements 30 established by the Indiana law enforcement training board 31 under IC 5-2-1-9. 32 (o) After June 30, 2022, a police reserve officer appointed by a 33 law enforcement agency or department for a city or town may not 34 be granted police powers for purposes of employment outside the 35 direct supervision of the law enforcement agency or department 36 unless: 37 (1) the police reserve officer previously served as a law 38 enforcement officer who received Tier I or Tier II basic 39 training certification under IC 5-2-1-9 and remains compliant 40 with inservice training requirements under IC 5-2-1-9(g); or 41 (2) an exigent circumstance exists that creates pressing health, 42 safety, or law enforcement needs for the police reserve officer.



2022

IN 159-LS 6471/DI 116

1 SECTION 3. IC 36-8-3-20.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 2 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 3 1, 2022]: Sec. 20.5. (a) As used in this section, "board" means the 4 law enforcement training board created by IC 5-2-1-3. 5 (b) As used in this section, "police reserve officer" means a 6 police reserve officer under section 20 of this chapter appointed by 7 a city or town police department or agency. 8 (c) The board may revoke, suspend, modify, or restrict a 9 document showing compliance and qualification issued by the 10 board, or any authority to act as a police reserve officer in Indiana, 11 for any of the following reasons: 12 (1) The police reserve officer has been convicted of: 13 (A) a felony; or 14 (B) a misdemeanor that would cause a reasonable person 15 to believe that the police reserve officer: 16 (i) is dangerous or violent; or 17 (ii) has a demonstrated propensity to violate the law. 18 (2) The police reserve officer has been found not guilty of a 19 felony by reason of mental disease or defect. 20 (3) The police reserve officer's document showing compliance 21 and qualification issued by the board, or by another person, 22 was issued in error or was issued on the basis of information 23 later determined to be false. 24 (d) If the chief executive officer or appointing authority 25 disciplines a police reserve officer for a violation described in 26 subsection (c), the chief executive officer or appointing authority 27 shall report the discipline to the executive director to determine 28 whether proceedings under this section are warranted. The chief 29 executive officer or the appointing authority shall report the 30 discipline within thirty (30) days after the imposition of the 31 discipline. 32 (e) A person who knows of cause for the revocation of a police 33 reserve officer's document showing compliance and qualification 34 shall inform the police reserve officer's appointing authority or the 35 executive director. A person who makes a good faith report of 36 cause for revocation of a police reserve officer's document showing 37 compliance and qualification is immune from civil liability. 38 (f) If the chief executive officer or appointing authority receives 39 a report of cause for revocation concerning a police reserve officer 40 within the chief executive officer's agency, the chief executive 41 officer shall: 42 (1) cause the internal affairs division (or a similar unit) of the



IN 159-LS 6471/DI 116

agency to investigate the report without unnecessary delay; or (2) request that the investigation be conducted by a law enforcement agency other than the law enforcement agency to which the subject of the investigation belongs.

The chief executive officer or appointing authority shall report any finding and order for discipline for a cause described in subsection (c) with regard to a police reserve officer to the executive director.

(g) If the executive director receives a report or otherwise learns of cause for revocation of a document showing compliance and 10 qualification concerning a police reserve officer, the board shall consider the report and direct the subject police reserve officer's chief executive officer or appointing authority to conduct an investigation. The chief executive officer or appointing authority 14 shall cause an investigation to be conducted by an appropriate investigative agency without unnecessary delay.

16 (h) When a chief executive officer or appointing authority 17 completes an investigation of cause for revocation under this 18 section, a chief executive officer or appointing authority shall 19 forward a complete report of the investigation, findings, and 20 recommendations, if any, to the executive director. The chief 21 executive officer or appointing authority shall also forward to the 22 executive director a description of any administrative or 23 disciplinary action taken as a result of the investigation not later 24 than sixty (60) days after the chief executive officer or appointing 25 authority takes administrative or disciplinary action.

26 (i) Upon receipt of a final report of an investigation under this 27 section, the executive director shall review and make 28 recommendations to the board. The board may revoke 29 qualifications obtained by the police reserve officer. The board 30 shall include on the Internet web site of the Indiana law 31 enforcement academy the name of any police reserve officer whose 32 qualifications have been revoked.

33 (j) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or 34 affecting the authority of an appointing authority to discipline a 35 police reserve officer or to discharge a police reserve officer 36 without cause.

37 (k) The board may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement 38 this section.

SECTION 4. An emergency is declared for this act.



39

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

15