SENATE BILL No. 157

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1.

Synopsis: Parcels offered at successive tax sales. Requires that the county auditor's notice of tax sale include a statement providing that if a tract or item of real property has been offered for sale at a county treasurer's tax sale (treasurer's sale) and a county executive's tax sale (executive's sale) on two or more occasions without a bid, the tract or item of real property may be subject to an ordinance authorized by the bill. Adds a person who claims a substantial property interest of public record to a statute concerning the county auditor's provision of notice of tax sale to certain persons who annually request a copy of the notice. Provides that a person who owns any tract or item of real property that has been offered for sale at a treasurer's sale and executive's sale on two or more occasions without a bid is prohibited from bidding on or purchasing tracts offered for sale. Adds language that allows a county legislative body to adopt an ordinance with respect to parcels of real property that have been offered for sale at a treasurer's sale and an executive's sale on two or more occasions without a bid. Specifies that such a parcel (subject to certain criteria) is considered a public hazard. Establishes a procedure for a county to transfer a tax sale certificate to a municipality or retain a tax sale certificate and for a county or municipality to file a petition with the circuit court (court) requesting the issuance of a deed for the property to the requesting county or municipality. Provides that, at the request of a municipality, the county auditor and county treasurer (subject to available funding) shall enter into a mutual agreement for the county auditor to perform certain duties concerning notification of a party's right to redeem such a parcel and the filing of a petition to the court for issuance of a tax deed for the (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2023.

Niemeyer

January 9, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.



Digest Continued

parcel. Provides that the court shall hold a hearing on the petition for issuance of a tax deed. Provides requirements that apply to a quiet title action with respect to a parcel placed into the name of a county or municipality. Provides that an owner of a parcel of real property that has been offered for sale at a treasurer's sale and an executive's sale on two or more occasions without a bid may transfer the real property, subject to any liens and encumbrances, by warranty deed to a county or municipality.



Introduced

First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 157

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-24-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.251-2015,
2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does not apply to vacant or
4	abandoned real property that is on the list prepared by the county
5	auditor under section 1.5 of this chapter.
6	(b) In addition to the delinquency list required under section 1 of
7	this chapter, each county auditor shall prepare a notice. The notice shall
8	contain the following:
9	(1) A list of tracts or real property eligible for sale under this
10	chapter.
11	(2) A statement that the tracts or real property included in the list
12	will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, subject to the
13	right of redemption.
14	(3) A statement that the tracts or real property will not be sold for
15	an amount which is less than the sum of:
16	(A) the delinquent taxes and special assessments on each tract
17	or item of real property;



1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 (B) the taxes and special assessments on each tract or item of real property that are due and payable in the year of the sale, whether or not they are delinquent; (C) all penalties due on the delinquencies; (D) an amount prescribed by the county auditor that equals the sum of: (i) the greater of twenty-five dollars (\$25) or postage and
8	publication costs; and
9	(ii) any other actual costs incurred by the county that are
10	directly attributable to the tax sale; and
11	(E) any unpaid costs due under subsection (c) from a prior tax
12	sale.
13 14	(4) A statement that a person redeeming each tract or item of real property after the sale must pay:
15	(A) one hundred ten percent (110%) of the amount of the
16	minimum bid for which the tract or item of real property was
17	offered at the time of sale if the tract or item of real property
18	is redeemed not more than six (6) months after the date of
19	sale;
20	(B) one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the amount of the
21	minimum bid for which the tract or item of real property was
22	offered at the time of sale if the tract or item of real property
23	is redeemed more than six (6) months after the date of sale;
24	(C) the amount by which the purchase price exceeds the
25	minimum bid on the tract or item of real property plus five
26	percent (5%) interest per annum, on the amount by which the
27	purchase price exceeds the minimum bid; and
28	(D) all taxes and special assessments on the tract or item of
29 30	real property paid by the purchaser after the tax sale plus interact at the rate of five percent (5%) per annum on the
30 31	interest at the rate of five percent (5%) per annum, on the amount of taxes and special assessments paid by the purchaser
32	on the redeemed property.
33	(5) A statement for informational purposes only, of the location
34	of each tract or item of real property by key number, if any, and
35	street address, if any, or a common description of the property
36	other than a legal description. The township assessor, or the
37	county assessor if there is no township assessor for the township,
38	upon written request from the county auditor, shall provide the
39	information to be in the notice required by this subsection. A
40	misstatement in the key number or street address does not
41	invalidate an otherwise valid sale.
42	(6) A statement that the county does not warrant the accuracy of

1	the street address or common description of the property.
2 3	(7) A statement indicating:
3 1	(A) the name of the owner of each tract or item of real
4 5	property with a single owner; or
	(B) the name of at least one (1) of the owners of each tract or
6	item of real property with multiple owners.
7	(8) A statement of the procedure to be followed for obtaining or
8	objecting to a judgment and order of sale, that must include the
9	following:
10	(A) A statement:
11	(i) that the county auditor and county treasurer will apply on
12	or after a date designated in the notice for a court judgment
13	against the tracts or real property for an amount that is not
14	less than the amount set under subdivision (3), and for an
15	order to sell the tracts or real property at public auction to
16	the highest bidder, subject to the right of redemption; and
17	(ii) indicating the date when the period of redemption
18	specified in IC 6-1.1-25-4 will expire.
19	(B) A statement that any defense to the application for
20	judgment must be:
21	(i) filed with the court; and
22	(ii) served on the county auditor and the county treasurer;
23	before the date designated as the earliest date on which the
24	application for judgment may be filed.
25	(C) A statement that the county auditor and the county
26	treasurer are entitled to receive all pleadings, motions,
27	petitions, and other filings related to the defense to the
28	application for judgment.
29	(D) A statement that the court will set a date for a hearing at
30	least seven (7) days before the advertised date and that the
31	court will determine any defenses to the application for
32	judgment at the hearing.
33	(9) A statement that the sale will be conducted at a place
34	designated in the notice and that the sale will continue until all
35	tracts and real property have been offered for sale.
36	(10) A statement that the sale will take place at the times and
37	dates designated in the notice. Whenever the public auction is to
38	be conducted as an electronic sale, the notice must include a
39	statement indicating that the public auction will be conducted as
40	an electronic sale and a description of the procedures that must be
41	followed to participate in the electronic sale.
42	(11) A statement that a person redeeming each tract or item after



1 the sale must pay the costs described in IC 6-1.1-25-2(e). 2 (12) If a county auditor and county treasurer have entered into an 3 agreement under IC 6-1.1-25-4.7, a statement that the county 4 auditor will perform the duties of the notification and title search 5 under IC 6-1.1-25-4.5 and the notification and petition to the 6 court for the tax deed under IC 6-1.1-25-4.6. 7 (13) A statement that, if the tract or item of real property is sold 8 for an amount more than the minimum bid and the property is not 9 redeemed, the owner of record of the tract or item of real property 10 who is divested of ownership at the time the tax deed is issued may have a right to the tax sale surplus. 11 12 (14) If a determination has been made under subsection (e), a 13 statement that tracts or items will be sold together. 14 (15) A statement that if a tract or item of real property has 15 been offered for sale at a county treasurer's tax sale in 16 accordance with section 5 of this chapter and a county 17 executive's tax sale in accordance with section 6.1 of this 18 chapter on two (2) or more occasions without a bid, the tract 19 or item of real property may be subject to an ordinance 20 adopted under IC 6-1.1-25-4.9. 21 (c) If within sixty (60) days before the date of the tax sale the county 22 incurs costs set under subsection (b)(3)(D) and those costs are not paid, 23 the county auditor shall enter the amount of costs that remain unpaid 24 upon the tax duplicate of the property for which the costs were set. The 25 county treasurer shall mail notice of unpaid costs entered upon a tax 26 duplicate under this subsection to the owner of the property identified 27 in the tax duplicate. 28 (d) The amount of unpaid costs entered upon a tax duplicate under 29 subsection (c) must be paid no later than the date upon which the next 30 installment of real estate taxes for the property is due. Unpaid costs 31 entered upon a tax duplicate under subsection (c) are a lien against the 32 property described in the tax duplicate, and amounts remaining unpaid 33 on the date the next installment of real estate taxes is due may be 34 collected in the same manner that delinquent property taxes are 35 collected. 36 (e) The county auditor and county treasurer may establish the 37 condition that a tract or item will be sold and may be redeemed under 38 this chapter only if the tract or item is sold or redeemed together with 39 one (1) or more other tracts or items. Property may be sold together 40 only if the tract or item is owned by the same person. 41 SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-24-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.187-2016, 42 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



2023

1 JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) This section does not apply to vacant or 2 abandoned real property that is on the list prepared by the county 3 auditor under section 1.5 of this chapter. 4 (b) When real property is eligible for sale under this chapter, the 5 county auditor shall post a copy of the notice required by section 2 of 6 this chapter at a public place of posting in the county courthouse or in 7 another public county building at least twenty-one (21) days before the 8 earliest date of application for judgment. In addition, the county auditor 9 shall, in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4, publish the notice required in 10 section 2 of this chapter once each week for three (3) consecutive weeks before the earliest date on which the application for judgment 11 12 may be made. The expenses of this publication shall be paid out of the 13 county general fund without prior appropriation. 14 (c) At least twenty-one (21) days before the application for 15 judgment is made, the county auditor shall mail a copy of the notice required by section 2 of this chapter by certified mail, return receipt 16 17 requested, to any: 18 (1) mortgagee; or 19 (2) purchaser under an installment land contract recorded in the 20 office of the county recorder; or 21 (3) person who claims a substantial property interest of public 22 record: who annually requests, by certified mail, a copy of the notice. 23 24 (d) The notices mailed under this section are considered sufficient 25 notice of the intended application for judgment and of the sale of real 26 property under the order of the court. 27 (e) For properties not sold at their initial tax sale, the county auditor 28 may omit the descriptions of the tracts or items of real property 29 specified in section 2(b)(1) and 2(b)(5) of this chapter for those 30 properties when they come up for sale at subsequent tax sales if: 31 (1) the county auditor includes in the notice a statement that 32 descriptions of those tracts or items of real property are available 33 on the Internet web site website of the county government or the 34 county government's contractor and the information may be 35 obtained in an alternative form from the county auditor upon 36 request; and 37 (2) the descriptions of those tracts or items of real property 38 eligible for sale a second or subsequent time are made available 39 on the Internet web site website of the county government or the 40county government's contractor and may be obtained from the 41 county auditor in an alternative form upon request in accordance 42 with section 3.4 of this chapter.



1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-24-5.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2021, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5.3. (a) This section applies to the following: (1) A person who: (A) owns a fee interest, a life estate interest, or the equitable interest of a contract purchaser in an unsafe building or unsafe premises; and
8	premises; and (B) is subject to an order issued under IC 36-7-9-5(a)(2),
9	IC $36-7-9-5(a)(3)$, IC $36-7-9-5(a)(4)$, or IC $36-7-9-5(a)(5)$
10	regarding which the conditions set forth in IC $36-7-9-10(a)(1)$
11	through IC 36-7-9-10(a)(4) exist.
12	(2) A person who:
13	(A) owns a fee interest, a life estate interest, or the equitable
14	interest of a contract purchaser in an unsafe building or unsafe
15	premises; and
16	(B) is subject to an order issued under IC 36-7-9-5(a), other
17	than an order issued under IC $36-7-9-5(a)(2)$,
18	IC 36-7-9-5(a)(3), IC 36-7-9-5(a)(4), or IC 36-7-9-5(a)(5),
19 20	regarding which the conditions set forth in IC 36-7-9-10(b)(1) through IC 26 7.0 $10(b)(4)$ grint
20 21	through IC 36-7-9-10(b)(4) exist. (3) A person who is the defendant in a court action brought under
21	IC 36-7-9-18, IC 36-7-9-19, IC 36-7-9-20, IC 36-7-9-21, or
23	IC 36-7-9-22 that has resulted in a judgment in favor of the
24	plaintiff and the unsafe condition that caused the action to be
25	brought has not been corrected.
26	(4) A person who has any of the following relationships to a
27	person, partnership, corporation, or legal entity described in
28	subdivision (1), (2), (3), or (5):
29	(A) A partner of a partnership.
30	(B) A member of a limited liability company.
31	(C) An officer, director, or majority stockholder of a
32	corporation.
33	(D) The person who controls or directs the activities or has a
34	majority ownership in a legal entity other than a partnership or
35	corporation.
36 37	(5) A person who owes:(A) delinquent taxes;
37	(B) special assessments;
38 39	(C) penalties;
40	(D) interest; or
41	(E) costs directly attributable to a prior tax sale;
42	on a tract or an item of real property listed under section 1 of this



1	chapter.
	(6) A person who owns a fee interest, a life estate interest, or the
3	equitable interest of a contract purchaser in a vacant or abandoned
2 3 4	structure subject to an enforcement order under IC 32-30-6,
5	IC 32-30-7, IC 32-30-8, or IC 36-7-9, or a court order under
6	IC 36-7-37.
7	(7) A person who is an agent of the person described in this
8	subsection.
9	(8) A person who:
10	(A) is delinquent in the payment of any personal property
11	taxes; or
12	(B) is subject to an existing personal property tax judgment;
12	under IC 6-1.1-22-9.
14	(9) A person who owns any tract or item of real property that
15	has been offered for sale under sections 5 and 6.1 of this
16	chapter on two (2) or more occasions and no bid was
17	submitted for the tract or item of real property.
18	(b) A person subject to this section may not bid on or purchase a
19	tract offered for sale under section 5 or 6.1 of this chapter. However,
20	this section does not prohibit a person from bidding on a tract that is
20	owned by the person and offered for sale under section 5 of this
22	chapter.
22	(c) A business entity may not bid on or purchase a tract offered for
23	sale under section 5 or 6.1 of this chapter if:
24	(1) a person subject to this section:
26	(A) formed the business entity;
20 27	(B) joined with another person or party to form the business
28	entity; or
28 29	(C) joined the business entity as a proprietor, incorporator,
30	partner, shareholder, director, employee, or member; or
31	(2) a person subject to this section:
32	(A) becomes an agent, employee, or board member of the
33	business entity; or
33 34	(B) is not an attorney at law and represents the business entity
35	in a legal matter.
36	SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-25-4.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
37	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
38	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4.9. (a) This section applies only
38 39	to:
40	(1) a parcel of real property that has been offered for sale at
40	a county treasurer's tax sale in accordance with IC 6-1.1-24-5
42	and a county executive's tax sale in accordance with the original second and the
74	and a county carriers tax said in accordance with



1	IC 6-1.1-24-6.1 on two (2) or more occasions without a bid;
2	and
3	(2) a county in which the county legislative body adopts this
4	section by ordinance.
5	(b) A county legislative body may adopt the provisions of this
6	section by ordinance. A parcel of real property subject to this
7	section may be determined to be a public hazard, and this section
8	is the statutory procedure for a county or municipality that adopts
9	an ordinance under this section to obtain title to the parcel subject
10	to the rights of parties with a substantial property interest of
11	record.
12	(c) A parcel of real property must meet the following criteria to
13	be eligible for the procedure established by this section:
14	(1) The parcel must be included on the certified list prepared
15	under subsection (e).
16	(2) The assessed value of the parcel exceeds the opening bid
17	for the property at the last county executive's tax sale under
18	IC 6-1.1-24-6.1.
19	(3) The parcel is not in bankruptcy.
20	(4) The tax sale certificate for the parcel is either:
21	(A) transferred to a municipality; or
22	(B) retained by the county executive;
23	in accordance with subsection (h).
24	(d) A parcel of real property is considered a public hazard if all
25	of the following criteria apply:
26	(1) Real estate taxes have not been paid for two (2) or more
27	years and the property is on the delinquent tax list prepared
28	under IC 6-1.1-24-1.
29	(2) No appeal of any property tax assessment notice received
30 31	in the last two (2) years has been filed.
31	(3) No appeal of any change in any property assessment filed
32 33	in the last two (2) years has been filed.
33 34	(4) No permit to construct improvements or to improve the
34 35	property has been filed in the last two (2) years with the county or municipality (as applicable).
35 36	(5) No objection was filed by any party in accordance with
30 37	IC 6-1.1-24-4.7(b) to the last county treasurer's tax sale under
38	IC 6-1.1-24-5.
39	(6) There is no existing statutory agreement with the county
40	treasurer to pay the amount due over time in accordance with
41	IC 6-1.1-24-1.2.
42	(7) No party has redeemed the parcel after the last
. 2	(7) The party has reacchied the parton when the last

immediately preceding county treasurer's tax sale under IC 6-1.1-24-5.

(8) No party has redeemed the parcel after the last immediately preceding county executive's tax sale under IC 6-1.1-24-6.1.

6 (9) There is no improvement on the property that is occupied. 7 (e) The auctioneer employed to conduct the county treasurer's 8 tax sale in accordance with IC 6-1.1-24-5 and the auctioneer 9 employed to conduct the county executive's tax sale in accordance 10 with IC 6-1.1-24-6.1 shall, after each respective sale is closed, 11 prepare a certified list of the parcels that have gone through each 12 sale on two (2) or more occasions without a bid and submit the 13 certified list to the county treasurer, county auditor, and county 14 executive. If the sales were conducted by the county auditor 15 without employing a licensed auctioneer, the county auditor shall 16 prepare the certified list.

(f) The certified list shall be made available to the municipality's
executive that submits a written request for the certified list
prepared under subsection (e). The county auditor shall provide
the list in either paper format or in data format at the preference
of the municipality's executive.

22 (g) The municipality's executive shall review the certified list of 23 parcels prepared in accordance with subsection (e) and submit this 24 list to the municipality's legislative body for approval before 25 submission of the list to the county executive. The municipality's 26 legislative body may by ordinance authorize the municipality's 27 executive to prepare and submit a request to the county executive 28 to acquire the tax sale certificates that are eligible in accordance 29 with subsections (c) and (d).

(h) The county executive shall, within twenty (20) days after receipt of the municipality's request for a tax sale certificate under subsection (g), place the request on the county executive's agenda for action, and if approved shall transfer title to the tax sale certificates to the municipality in accordance with IC 6-1.1-24-6.2. The county executive may retain any tax sale certificates that are not transferred to the municipality under this subsection.

(i) If any tax sale certificates are:

(1) transferred to a municipality under subsection (h); or

(2) retained by the county executive under subsection (h); the county or municipality may file a petition with the circuit court requesting the issuance of a deed for the property to the requesting county or municipality transferring the title in fee simple absolute



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to that county or municipality subject to the rights of any party with a substantial property interest of record in the property. The county or municipality shall designate an attorney to represent the county or municipality at the hearings conducted by the circuit court for the issuance of the tax title deed.

(j) At the request of a municipality, the county auditor and county treasurer, if there is an appropriation in the county auditor's budget to cover the cost of the services to be provided, shall enter into a mutual agreement for the county auditor to perform the following duties instead of the municipality with respect to the tax sale certificates:

12 (1) Provide notification to the owner, a mortgagee, a person 13 purchasing the parcel under a land contract, and any person 14 filing a request under IC 6-1.1-24-3(c) of the party's right to 15 redeem the parcel under this chapter. The notice shall be sent 16 in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 4.5 of 17 this chapter.

18 (2) Provide for notification and petition to the court for the 19 tax deed under section 4.6 of this chapter. A single petition 20 that includes all of the parcels owned by one (1) or more 21 owners may be prepared and submitted or the county auditor 22 and county treasurer may submit multiple petitions.

23 (3) If the county treasurer and county auditor perform the 24 procedures described in this subsection for the municipality, 25 any cost incurred by the county in preparing and sending all 26 notices required by sections 4.5 and 4.6 of this chapter and for 27 filing the petition with the court shall be paid for out of funds 28 in the county general fund appropriated for this purpose. In 29 the first year of the program to carry out the procedures 30 described in this subsection, the county fiscal body may 31 appropriate one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in the budget of 32 the county auditor to defray the cost of the program. The 33 amount of the appropriation in the initial year of the program 34 may be approved in the annual budget or through an 35 additional appropriation. The fiscal body may increase this 36 amount in subsequent budget years for the cost of the 37 program. 38

The agreement described in this subsection shall be for a calendar year and shall be structured so that the cost to process the number 40 of parcels transferred to the county shall not exceed the amount of the money appropriated by the fiscal body for the services 42 provided through the county auditor in accordance with

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1 subdivision (3).

2 (k) The court shall hold a hearing to determine if the court will 3 order the auditor to issue a deed to the county or municipality. 4 Following the hearing, if the proper procedure has been followed 5 and the parcel meets the criteria of a public hazard, the court shall 6 issue an order that does the following: 7 (1) Declares the parcel to be a public hazard and orders the 8 county auditor to issue a deed to the county or municipality. 9 (2) Acknowledges in the deed that the order does not change 10 or affect any substantial property interest of record other 11 than the ownership interest of the current owner or owners. 12 (3) Cancels the personal tax liability of the owner or owners. 13 (4) Provides that the taxes that are a lien on the property since 14 the date of the county treasurer's tax sale will be canceled and 15 the county or municipality will not have to pay these taxes 16 prior to the county auditor issuing the deed. 17 (5) Provides that no fee will be charged by the county auditor 18 or the county recorder for processing the deed issued by the 19 county auditor and then recording the deed with the county 20 recorder. 21 (1) If the county or municipality files a quiet title action for a 22 parcel placed into its name, the following apply to the quiet title 23 action: 24 (1) Any party of record with a substantial property interest of 25 record including any mortgagee and any purchaser under an 26 installment land contract recorded in the office of the county 27 recorder shall be made a party. 28 (2) Except for a party identified in subdivision (3), any party 29 joined as a defendant to the quiet title action or entering the 30 quiet title action as a party defendant shall have the right to 31 redeem the property and have the court order the issuance of 32 a deed in that party's name if the party pays the following: 33 (A) Any and all costs, interest, and taxes due and owing at 34 the time that the tax sale certificate was acquired by the 35 county or municipality. 36 (B) All taxes that would have been paid by the party had 37 the party redeemed the property at the time the county or 38 municipality took title to the tax sale certificate. 39 (3) A person is not eligible to take title in the quiet title action 40 if the person is ineligible or is associated with any person in a 41 real property or business venture manner who is ineligible to 42 purchase a property in accordance with IC 6-1.1-24-5.1,



1 IC 6-1.1-24-5.3, or IC 6-1.1-24-5.4. 2 (4) If no party redeems and takes title to the parcel in the 3 quiet title action, then all substantial property interests of 4 record in the parcel are extinguished and the county or 5 municipality takes title free and clear of any such 6 encumbrance. 7 SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-25-5.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 8 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 9 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5.1. (a) An owner of a parcel of 10 real property that has been offered for sale at a county treasurer's 11 tax sale in accordance with IC 6-1.1-24-5 and a county executive's 12 tax sale in accordance with IC 6-1.1-24-6.1 on two (2) or more 13 occasions without a bid may transfer the real property, subject to 14 any liens and encumbrances, by warranty deed to a county or 15 municipality. 16 (b) If the transfer is accepted by the county or municipality and 17 the warranty deed is recorded, the owner's personal liability for 18 the taxes on the real property is canceled but the lien for the 19 unpaid taxes remains on the real property.

