SENATE BILL No. 95

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 27-4-1-4; IC 27-8-36.

Synopsis: Coverage for living organ donors. Prohibits an insurer that issues a policy of life insurance, disability insurance, or long term care insurance from taking certain actions with respect to the coverage of individuals who are living organ donors. Specifies that certain actions constitute an unfair and deceptive act and practice in the business of insurance when taken against a living organ donor by an insurer.

Effective: July 1, 2022.

Bohacek

January 4, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions.



Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 95

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.196-2021,
2	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) The following are hereby defined as unfair
4	methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in
5	the business of insurance:
6	(1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or
7	circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:
8	(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be
9	issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the
10	dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;
11	(B) making any false or misleading statement as to the
12	dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar
13	policies;
14	(C) making any misleading representation or any
15	misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer,
16	or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer
17	operates;



1	(D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies
2	misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
3	(E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured
4	in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to
5	induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender the
6	policyholder's insurance.
7	(2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing
8	before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made,
9	published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public,
10	in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of
11	a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or
12	television station, or in any other way, an advertisement,
13	announcement, or statement containing any assertion,
14	representation, or statement with respect to any person in the
15	conduct of the person's insurance business, which is untrue,
16	deceptive, or misleading.
17	(3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or
18	indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making,
19	publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written
20	statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is
21	false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial
22	condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any
23	person engaged in the business of insurance.
24	(4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by
25	a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or
26	intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable
27	restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.
28	(5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making,
29	publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person,
30	or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to
31	be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any
32	person, or placed before the public, any false statement of
33	financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making
34	any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer
35	with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed
36	to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any
37	public official to which such insurer is required by law to report,
38	or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into
39	any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a
40	true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such

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(6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or

insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.



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1	employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other
2	capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law
3	corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board
4	contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and
5	profits as an inducement to insurance.
6	(7) Making or permitting any of the following:
7	(A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
8	class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments
9	charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or
10	in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any
11	other of the terms and conditions of such contract. However,
12	in determining the class, consideration may be given to the
13	nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected
14	expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant
15	factor.
16	(B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
17	class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of
18	premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made
19	for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in
20	the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or
21	conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever.
22	However, in determining the class, consideration may be given
23	
24	to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or
25	expected expense of conducting the business, or any other
	relevant factor.
26	(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy
27	fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair
28	discrimination between persons of the same class involving
29	essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums,
30	policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:
31	(i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance,
32	or abstract and title insurance;
33	(ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage
34	to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership,
35	maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft,
36	their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and
37	indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine,
38	as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or
39	(iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of
40	insurance whatsoever.
41	However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to
42	apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A)



and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance.
Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or
permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory
charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department
or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance
rate regulatory law of this state.

- (8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by IC 27-1-47 or another law, knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends, savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, association, limited liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following practices:
 - (A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders.
 - (B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.
 - (C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such policy year.



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1 •	(D) Paying by an insurer or insurance producer thereof duly licensed as such under the laws of this state of money, commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer or such licensed insurance producer thereof anything of value, for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, an insurance producer, or a solicitor duly licensed under the laws of this state, but such broker, insurance producer, or solicitor receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate. (9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy of insurance covering such real property through a particular
	subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of the
	lender's right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company
((10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the
\$ I 0 i 8 I	licensed as such under the laws of this state of money, commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer or such licensed insurance producer thereof anything of value, for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, an insurance producer, or a solicitor duly licensed under the laws of this state, but such broker, insurance producer, or solicitor receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate. (9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy of insurance covering such real property through a particular insurance producer or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of the lender's right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance. (10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust

business of insurance.

(11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any part of commerce in the business of insurance. However, participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of any nonprofit organization of insurance producers or other workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or department or of any court of review under section 8 of this chapter.

(12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any policy of insurance covering such property through a particular insurance company, insurance producer, or broker or brokers.



1	However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any
2	seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon of the
3	right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected
4	by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.
5	(13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer,
6	any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as
7	an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or
8	mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is
9	not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of
10	insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the
11	following:
12	(A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit
13	unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit
14	unions.
15	(B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the
16	performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers
17	or users of such goods.
18	(C) Title insurance.
19	(D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and
20	intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the
21	event of the death or disability of the insured.
22	(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs
23	or associations.
24	(F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an
25	air transportation ticket and that:
26	(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during
27	the flight to which the ticket relates;
28	(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that
29	occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common
30	carrier immediately before or after the flight;
31	(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which
32	the ticket relates; or
33	(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket
34	relates.
35	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
36	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made
37	under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an
38	insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical
39	facility licensed by the state department of health.
40	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue
41	insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of

coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a



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1 2	different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the
3	refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial
4	principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
5	experience.
6	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
7	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
8	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
9	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
10	individual's coverage under an individual or group health
11	insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or
12	physical condition.
13	(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation
14	of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
15	(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25, IC 27-1-22-26, or IC 27-1-22-26.1
16	concerning motor vehicle insurance rates.
17	(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring
18	to interest rate guarantees.
19	(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan
20	coverage for victims of abuse.
21	(22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.
22	(23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of
23	insurance producers.
24	(24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.
25	(25) Violating IC 27-8-28-17(c) or IC 27-13-10-8(c) concerning
26	the resolution of an appealed grievance decision.
27	(26) Violating IC 27-8-5-2.5(e) through IC 27-8-5-2.5(j) (expired
28	July 1, 2007, and removed) or IC 27-8-5-19.2 (expired July 1,
29	2007, and repealed).
30	(27) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning use of credit information.
31	(28) Violating IC 27-4-9-3 concerning recommendations to
32	consumers.
33	(29) Engaging in dishonest or predatory insurance practices in
34	marketing or sales of insurance to members of the United States
35	Armed Forces as:
36	(A) described in the federal Military Personnel Financial
37	Services Protection Act, P.L.109-290; or
38	(B) defined in rules adopted under subsection (b).
39	(30) Violating IC 27-8-19.8-20.1 concerning stranger originated
40	life insurance.
41	(31) Violating IC 27-2-22 concerning retained asset accounts.

(32) Violating IC 27-8-5-29 concerning health plans offered



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1	through a health benefit exchange (as defined in IC 27-19-2-8).
2	(33) Violating a requirement of the federal Patient Protection and
3	Affordable Care Act (P.L. 111-148), as amended by the federal
4	Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (P.L.
5	111-152), that is enforceable by the state.
6	(34) After June 30, 2015, violating IC 27-2-23 concerning
7	unclaimed life insurance, annuity, or retained asset account
8	benefits.
9	(35) Willfully violating IC 27-1-12-46 concerning a life insurance
10	policy or certificate described in IC 27-1-12-46(a).
11	(36) Violating IC 27-1-37-7 concerning prohibiting the disclosure
12	of health care service claims data.
13	(37) Violating IC 27-4-10-10 concerning virtual claims payments.
14	(38) Violating IC 27-1-24.5 concerning pharmacy benefit
15	managers.
16	(39) Violating IC 27-8-36-6 concerning living organ donor
17	insurance coverage and organ donation.
18	(b) Except with respect to federal insurance programs under
19	Subchapter III of Chapter 19 of Title 38 of the United States Code, the
20	commissioner may, consistent with the federal Military Personnel
21	Financial Services Protection Act (10 U.S.C. 992 note), adopt rules
22	under IC 4-22-2 to:
23	(1) define; and
24	(2) while the members are on a United States military installation
25	or elsewhere in Indiana, protect members of the United States
26	Armed Forces from;
27	dishonest or predatory insurance practices.
28	SECTION 2. IC 27-8-36 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
29	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
30	1, 2022]:
31	Chapter 36. Coverage for Living Organ Donors
32	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "individual" means a natural
33	person.
34	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "insurance policy" means:
35	(1) a policy of life insurance or disability insurance described
36	in Class 1 of IC 27-1-5-1; and
37	(2) a long term care insurance policy (as defined in
38	IC 27-8-12-5).
39	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "insurer" means an insurance
40	company that issues an insurance policy.
41	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "living organ donor" means an



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individual who:

1	(1) intends to donate; or
2	(2) has donated;
3	all or part of an organ and is not deceased.
4	Sec. 5. An insurer may not do any of the following:
5	(1) Decline or limit coverage of an individual under an
6	insurance policy solely because the individual is a living organ
7	donor.
8	(2) Preclude an insured individual from donating all or part
9	of an organ as a condition of receiving or continuing to
10	receive an insurance policy.
11	(3) Discriminate in the offering, issuance, cancellation,
12	amount of coverage, price, or any other condition of an
13	insurance policy for an individual based solely, and without
14	any additional actuarial risks, upon the status of the
15	individual as a living organ donor.
16	Sec. 6. An insurer who violates this chapter commits an unfair
17	and deceptive act and practice in the business of insurance.

