SENATE BILL No. 41

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 32-17-4-2.5; IC 34-55.

Synopsis: Partition of property. Provides that property sold at auction in a partition action shall be sold without relief from valuation or appraisement laws. Permits any person with an interest in property being sold at a sheriff's sale in a partition action to request that the court order the sale be conducted by an auctioneer. Makes a technical correction.

Effective: July 1, 2014.

Steele

January 6, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



Introduced

Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 41

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning property.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 32-17-4-2.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.41-2012,
2	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2.5. (a) Not later than forty-five (45) days after the
4	court has acquired jurisdiction over all the parties who have an interest
5	in the property that is the subject of the action, the court shall refer the
6	matter to mediation in accordance with the Indiana rules of alternative
7	dispute resolution.
8	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), mediation of the case may
9	not begin until an appraiser files an appraisal report with the court.
10	(c) If each party waives the appraisal of the property, the case may
11	move to mediation without the filing of an appraisal report.
12	(d) In its order referring the matter for mediation, the court shall
13	advise the parties:
14	(1) that the real or personal property will be sold if the parties are
15	unable to reach an agreement not later than sixty (60) days after
16	the order is issued; and



1 (2) that the parties may agree upon a method of the sale of the 2 property, and if the parties do not agree upon a method of the sale 3 of the property, the property may be sold at public auction or by 4 the sheriff under subsection (g). 5 (e) Except if the parties agree to waive the appraisal of the property, 6 not later than thirty (30) days after the court acquires jurisdiction under 7 subsection (a), the court shall appoint a licensed real estate appraiser 8 to appraise the property. The appraiser shall file the appraisal with the 9 court. 10 (f) After receiving the appraisal, the court shall notify the parties of the appraised value of the property. 11 12 (g) If an agreed settlement is not reached in mediation or if the 13 parties agree upon a method of sale, the court shall not later than thirty 14 (30) days after the date the mediator files a report with the court that 15 the mediation was not successful, or the parties file their agreement 16 establishing the method of sale: (1) order the property to be sold using the method that all the 17 18 parties agree upon; or 19 (2) order the parties to select an auctioneer to sell the property. If 20 the parties fail to select an auctioneer not later than thirty (30) 21 days after the court's order to select an auctioneer, the court shall 22 order the sheriff to sell the property in the same manner that 23 property is sold at execution under IC 34-55-6, without relief 24 from valuation or appraisement under IC 34-55-4 or any 25 other statute. 26 (h) At the time the court orders the property to be sold, the court 27 shall notify all lienholders and other persons with an interest in the lien 28 or property, as identified in the title search or lien search required 29 under IC 29-1-17-11 or section 2 of this chapter, of the sale. The 30 property must be sold free and clear of all liens and special assessments 31 except prescriptive easements, easements of record, and irrevocable 32 licenses, with any sum secured by a lien or special assessment to be 33 satisfied from the proceeds of the sale. 34 (i) The person who causes a title search to be conducted under 35 section 2 of this chapter or a title or lien search to be conducted under 36 IC 29-1-17-11 is entitled to reimbursement from the proceeds of the 37 sale. 38 (j) Any person who has paid a tax or special assessment on the 39 property is entitled to pro rata reimbursement from the proceeds of the 40 sale. 41

41 (k) Any person may advertise a sale under this section at the 42 person's own expense, but is not entitled to reimbursement for these

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2014

1 expenses.

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(l) After deduction of the amounts described in subsections (h), (i), and (j) and the reasonable expenses of the sale, the court shall divide the proceeds of the sale among the remaining property owners in proportion to their ownership interest.

6 (m) If a party having an ownership interest in the property becomes 7 the successful purchaser of the property either through agreed 8 settlement or through auction, that person shall be given a full credit 9 based on the percentage of the person's interest in the property before 10 the purchase.

(n) As used in this subsection, "real estate professional" has the
meaning set forth in IC 23-1.5-1-13.5. If the court has ordered that
some or all of the property be sold at auction and, at any time before
the property is sold at auction, all parties inform the court in writing
that they:

(1) wish to sell some or all of the property through a real estate professional;

(2) have jointly selected a real estate professional; and

(3) have agreed upon a listing price for the property;

the court shall rescind its order that the property, or a part of the property, be sold at auction and permit the property to be sold through a real estate professional. If some or all of the property has not been sold at the expiration of the listing agreement with the real estate professional, upon petition by any party, the court shall order the property to be sold at auction in accordance with subsection (h).

SECTION 2. IC 34-55-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) This section
does not apply to the sale of property that is the subject of a
partition action under IC 32-17-4-2.5.
(b) Property shall not be sold on any execution or order of sale

(b) Property shall not be sold on any execution or order of sale issued out of any court for less than two-thirds (2/3) of the appraised cash value of the property, exclusive of liens and encumbrances, except where otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 3. IC 34-55-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3. Upon prior petition of the debtor, or any creditor involved in the execution proceedings, or, in the case of a partition action, any party having an interest in the property, the court in its order of execution shall order the property sold by the sheriff through the services of an auctioneer if the court determines that:

- (1) a sale is economically feasible; or
- (2) all the creditors in the proceedings agree to both that method



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1 of sale and the compensation to be paid the auctioneer. 2 SECTION 4. IC 34-55-6-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 3 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) The auctioneer's 4 fee shall be a reasonable amount stated in the court's order. (b) This subsection does not apply to a partition action. 5 6 However, If the sale by use of an auctioneer has not been agreed to by 7 the creditors in the proceedings and the sale price is less than the 8 amount set out in section 3 of this chapter, sale price described in 9 IC 34-6-2-35, the auctioneer is entitled only to the auctioneer's 10 advertising expenses plus one hundred dollars (\$100). 11 (b) (c) The amount due the auctioneer for the auctioneer's expenses 12 and fee, if any, shall be paid as a cost of the sale from the sale proceeds 13 before the payment of any other payment from the sale proceeds.

