PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE ENROLLED ACT No. 24

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning general provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 3-7-38.2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.258-2013, SECTION 60, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) To assist in performing voter list maintenance under this chapter, the NVRA official shall submit the names of all registered voters in Indiana to the United States Postal Service National Change of Address Service. The submission under this chapter shall be compiled from the county voter registration information submitted to the election division under IC 3-7-26.3.

(b) This subsection does not require the NVRA official to request voter registration data from a state listed in this subsection if the NVRA official will be receiving voter registration data from that state under the memorandum of understanding described in subsection (d). To assist in performing voter list maintenance under this chapter, not later than December 31 of each calendar year the NVRA official shall request that the chief state election official who is responsible for the coordination of state responsibilities under NVRA in each of the following states provide a list of the registered voters in that state:

- (1) Florida.
- (2) Illinois.
- (3) Kentucky.
- (4) Michigan.



(5) Ohio.

(c) The NVRA official shall request a list of registered voters from any other state in which the NVRA official determines there is a reasonable possibility that a significant number of individuals who have registered to vote in Indiana may also be registered to vote in that state.

(d) Not later than August 1, 2013, the NVRA official shall execute a memorandum of understanding with the Kansas Secretary of State. Notwithstanding any limitation under IC 3-7-26.4 regarding the availability of certain information from the computerized list, on January 15 of each year, the NVRA official shall provide data from the statewide voter registration list without cost to the Kansas Secretary of State to permit the comparison of voter registration data in the statewide voter registration list with registration data from all other states participating in this memorandum of understanding and to identify any cases in which a voter cast a ballot in more than one (1) state during the same election. Not later than thirty (30) days following the receipt of information under this subsection indicating that a voter of Indiana may also be registered to vote in another state, the NVRA official shall provide the appropriate county voter registration office with the name of and any other information obtained under this subsection concerning that voter. The county voter registration office shall determine whether the individual:

(1) identified in the report provided by the NVRA official under this subsection is the same individual who is a registered voter of the county;

(2) registered to vote in another state on a date following the date that voter registered in Indiana; and

(3) authorized the cancellation of any previous registration by the voter when the voter registered in another state.

(e) If the county voter registration office determines that the voter is described by subsection (d)(1) through (d)(3), the county voter registration office shall cancel the voter registration of that voter. If the county voter registration office determines that the voter is described by subsection (d)(1) and (d)(2), but has not authorized the cancellation of any previous registration, the county voter registration office shall send an address confirmation notice to the Indiana address of the voter.

SECTION 2. IC 3-7-48-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 54, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A voter shall be permitted to vote in a precinct upon written affirmation of the voter's residence in the precinct if:



(1) the voter produces a registration receipt indicating that the voter completed a registration form **application** at a license branch or voter registration agency under this article on a date within the registration period;

(2) the county voter registration office advises the precinct election board that the office:

(A) approved the application; or

(B) has no record of either approving or rejecting the application; and

(3) the voter completes a registration application form and provides the completed form **application** to the precinct election board before voting.

(b) A county election board shall provide each precinct election board with a sufficient number of the registration forms applications for the purposes described in subsection (a). The precinct election board shall attach the completed registration forms applications to the poll list for processing by the county voter registration office under IC 3-10-1-31.1.

SECTION 3. IC 3-8-2.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A candidate for a school board office must file a petition of nomination in accordance with IC 3-8-6 and as required under IC 20-23 or IC 20-25. The petition of nomination, once filed, serves as the candidate's declaration of candidacy for a school board office.

(b) A candidate may be nominated for a school board office by petition of voters who are:

(1) registered to vote at the residence address set forth on the petition on the date the county voter registration office certifies the petition is certified under section 5 of this chapter; and

(2) qualified to vote for the candidate.

(c) The petition of nomination must be signed by the number of voters required for the school board office under IC 20-23 or IC 20-25.

(d) Except as provided in this subsection, the signature, printed name, and residence address of the petitioner must be made in writing by the petitioner. If a petitioner with a disability is unable to write this information on the petition, the petitioner may authorize an individual to do so on the petitioner's behalf. The individual acting under this subsection shall execute an affidavit of assistance for each such petitioner, in a form prescribed by the commission. The form must set forth the name and address of the individual providing assistance, and the date the individual provided the assistance. The form must be



submitted with the petition.

SECTION 4. IC 3-11-3-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the county election board shall deliver the following to each inspector or the inspector's representative:

(1) The supplies provided for the inspector's precinct by the election division.

(2) The local sample ballots, the ballot labels, if any, and all poll lists, registration lists, and other supplies considered necessary to conduct the election in the inspector's precinct.

(3) The local ballots printed under the direction of the county election board as follows:

(A) In those precincts where ballot card voting systems are to be used, the number of ballots at least equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the number of voters in the inspector's precinct, according to the poll list.

(B) In those precincts where electronic voting systems are to be used, the number of ballots that will be required to be printed and furnished to the precincts for emergency purposes only.

(C) Provisional ballots in the number considered necessary by the county election board.

(4) Twenty (20) ink pens suitable for printing the names of write-in candidates on the ballot or ballot envelope.

(5) Copies of the voter's bill of rights for posting as required by 42 U.S.C. 15482.

(6) Copies of the instructions for a provisional voter required by 42 U.S.C. 15482. The county election board shall provide at least the number of copies of the instructions as the number of provisional ballots provided under subdivision (3).

(7) Copies of the notice for posting as required by IC 3-7-29-1(f).

(8) The blank voter registration applications required to be provided under IC 3-7-48-7(b).

(b) This subsection applies to a county that:

(1) has adopted an order under section 6 of this chapter; IC 3-7-29-6; or

(2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1.

The county election board shall deliver and install the hardware, firmware, and software necessary to use an electronic poll list in each precinct or vote center.

SECTION 5. IC 3-11-8-10.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,



SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10.3. (a) As used in this section, "electronic poll list" refers to a poll list that is maintained in a computer data base.

(b) An electronic poll list must satisfy all of the following:

(1) An electronic poll list must be programmed so that the coordinated action of two (2) election officers who are not members of the same political party is necessary to access the electronic poll list.

(2) An electronic poll list may not be connected to a voting system.

(3) An electronic poll list may not permit access to voter information other than:

(A) information provided on the certified list of voters prepared under IC 3-7-29-1; or

(B) information concerning any of the following received or issued after the electronic poll list has been downloaded by the county election board under IC 3-7-29-6:

(i) The county's receipt of an absentee ballot from the voter.(ii) The county's receipt of additional documentation provided by the voter to the county voter registration office.(iii) The county's issuance of a certificate of error.

(4) The information contained on an electronic poll list must be encrypted and placed on a dedicated, private server to secure connectivity between a precinct polling place or satellite absentee office and the county election board. The electronic poll book must have the capability of:

(A) storing (in external or internal memory) a local version of the data base; and

(B) producing a list of audit records that reflect all of the idiosyncrasies of the system, including in-process audit records that set forth all transactions.

(5) The electronic poll list must permit a poll clerk to enter information regarding an individual who has appeared to vote to verify whether the individual is eligible to vote, and if so, whether the voter has:

(A) already cast a ballot at the election;

(B) returned an absentee ballot; or

(C) submitted any additional documentation required under IC 3-7-33-4.5.

(6) After the voter has been provided with a ballot, the electronic poll list must permit a poll clerk to enter information indicating that the voter has voted at the election.



(7) The electronic poll list must transmit the information in subdivision (6) to the county election board so that the board may transmit the information immediately to every other polling place or satellite absentee office in the county in which an electronic poll list is being used.

(8) The electronic poll list must permit reports to be:

(A) generated by a county election board for a watcher appointed under IC 3-6-8 at any time during election day; and (B) electronically transmitted by the county election board to a political party or independent candidate who has appointed a watcher under IC 3-6-8.

(9) On each day after absentee ballots are cast before an absentee voter board in the circuit court clerk's office, a satellite office, or a vote center, and after election day, the electronic poll list must permit voter history to be quickly and accurately uploaded into the computerized list.

(10) The electronic poll list must be able to display an electronic image of the signature of a voter taken from the voter's registration application, if available.

(11) The electronic poll list must be used with a signature pad, tablet, or other signature capturing device that permits the voter to make an electronic signature for comparison with the signature displayed under subdivision (10). An image of the electronic signature made by the voter on the signature pad, tablet, or other signature capturing device must be retained and identified as the signature of the voter for the period required for retention under IC 3-10-1-31.1.

(12) The electronic poll list must include a bar code reader or tablet that:

(A) permits a voter who presents an Indiana driver's license or a state identification card issued under IC 9-24-16 to scan the license or card through the bar code reader or tablet; and

(B) has the capability to display the voter's registration record upon processing the information contained within the bar code on the license or card.

(13) The electronic poll list must be compatible with:

(A) any hardware attached to the poll book, such as signature pads, bar code scanners, and network cards;

(B) the statewide voter registration system; and

(C) any software system used to prepare voter information to be included on the electronic poll list.

(14) The electronic poll list must have the ability to be used in



conformity with this title for:

(A) any type of election conducted in Indiana; or

(B) any combination of elections held concurrently with a general election, municipal election, primary election, or special election.

(15) The procedures for setting up, using, and shutting down an electronic poll list must:

(A) be reasonably easy for a precinct election officer to learn, understand, and perform; and

(B) not require a significant amount of training in addition to the training required by IC 3-6-6-40.

(16) The electronic poll list must enable a precinct election officer to verify that the electronic poll list:

(A) has been set up correctly;

(B) is working correctly so as to verify the eligibility of the voter;

(C) is correctly recording that a voter has voted; and

(D) has been shut down correctly.

(17) The electronic poll list must include the following documentation:

(A) Plainly worded, complete, and detailed instructions sufficient for a precinct election officer to set up, use, and shut down the electronic poll list.

(B) Training materials that:

(i) may be in written or video form; and

(ii) must be in a format suitable for use at a polling place, such as simple "how to" guides.

(C) Failsafe data recovery procedures for information included in the electronic poll list.

(D) Usability tests:

(i) that are conducted by the manufacturer of the electronic poll list using individuals who are representative of the general public;

(ii) that include the setting up, using, and shutting down of the electronic poll list; and

(iii) that report their results using the ANSI/INCITS -354 Common Industry Format (CIF) for Usability Test Reports approved by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) on December 12, 2001.

(E) A clear model of the electronic poll list system architecture and the following documentation:

(i) End user documentation.



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(ii) System-level documentation.

(iii) Developer documentation.

(F) Detailed information concerning:

(i) electronic poll list consumables; and

(ii) the vendor's supply chain for those consumables.

(G) Vendor internal quality assurance procedures and any internal or external test data and reports available to the vendor concerning the electronic poll list.

(H) Repair and maintenance policies for the electronic poll list.

(I) As of the date of the vendor's application for approval of the electronic poll list by the secretary of state as required by IC 3-11-18.1-12(2), IC 3-11-18.1-12, the following:

(i) A list of customers who are using or have previously used the vendor's electronic poll list.

(ii) A description of any known anomalies involving the functioning of the electronic poll list, including how those anomalies were resolved.

(18) The electronic poll list and any hardware attached to the poll book must be designed to prevent injury or damage to any individual or the hardware, including fire and electrical hazards. (19) The electronic poll list must demonstrate that it correctly processes all activity regarding each voter registration record included on the list, including the use, alteration, storage, and transmittal of information that is part of the record. Compliance with this subdivision requires the mapping of the data life cycle of the voter registration record as processed by the electronic poll list.

(21) The electronic poll list must have the capacity to transmit all information generated by the voter or poll clerk as part of the process of casting a ballot, including the time and date stamp indicating when the voter voted, and the electronic signature of the voter, for retention on the dedicated private server maintained by the county election board for the period required by Indiana and federal law.

(22) The electronic poll list must:



(A) permit a voter to sign the poll list even when there is a temporary interruption in connectivity to the Internet; and

(B) provide for the uploading of each signature and its assignment to the voter's registration record.

SECTION 6. IC 4-33-6-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) This subsection applies to cities described in section 1(a)(1) through 1(a)(4) or section (1)(b) of this chapter. The commission may not issue a license authorizing a riverboat to dock in a city unless the legislative body of the city has approved an ordinance permitting the docking of riverboats in the city.

(b) This subsection applies to a county described in section 1(a)(5) of this chapter if the largest city in the county is contiguous to the Ohio River. The commission may not issue a license authorizing a riverboat to dock in the county unless an ordinance permitting the docking of riverboats in the county has been approved by the legislative body of the largest city in the county. The license must specify that the home dock of the riverboat is to be located in the largest city in the county.

(c) This subsection applies to a county described in section 1(a)(5) of this chapter if the largest city in the county is not contiguous to the Ohio River. The commission may not issue a license authorizing a riverboat to dock in the county unless an ordinance permitting the docking of riverboats in the county has been approved by the county fiscal body.

(d) This subsection applies to a county in which a historic hotel district is located. The commission may not enter into a contract under IC 4-33-6.5 for the operation of a riverboat in the county unless an ordinance permitting the docking of riverboats in the county has been approved by the county fiscal body.

SECTION 7. IC 4-33-12-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.229-2013, SECTION 17, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 67, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The department shall place in the state general fund the tax revenue collected under this chapter.

(b) Except as provided by subsections (c) and (d) and IC 6-3.1-20-7, the treasurer of state shall quarterly pay the following amounts:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (k), one dollar (\$1) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter or admitted to a riverboat that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21 during the quarter shall be paid to:



(A) the city in which the riverboat is docked, if the city:

(i) is located in a county having a population of more than one hundred eleven thousand (111,000) but less than one hundred fifteen thousand (115,000); or

(ii) is contiguous to the Ohio River and is the largest city in the county; and

(B) the county in which the riverboat is docked, if the riverboat is not docked in a city described in clause (A).

(2) Except as provided in subsection (k), one dollar (\$1) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the county in which the riverboat is docked. In the case of a county described in subdivision (1)(B), this one dollar (\$1) is in addition to the one dollar (\$1) received under subdivision (1)(B).

(3) Except as provided in subsection (k), ten cents (\$0.10) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the county convention and visitors bureau or promotion fund for the county in which the riverboat is docked. (4) Except as provided in subsection (k), fifteen cents (\$0.15) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during a quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the state fair commission, for use in any activity that the commission is authorized to carry out under IC 15-13-3. (5) Except as provided in subsection (k), ten cents (\$0.10) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the division of mental health and addiction. The division shall allocate at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the funds derived from the admissions tax to the prevention and treatment of compulsive gambling.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (k), and section 7 of this



chapter, sixty-five cents (\$0.65) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter or admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21 shall be paid to the *Indiana horse racing commission to be distributed as follows, in amounts determined by the Indiana horse racing commission, for the promotion and operation of horse racing in Indiana:*

(A) To one (1) or more breed development funds established by the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31-11-10. (B) To a racetrack that was approved by the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31. The commission may make a grant under this clause only for purses, promotions, and routine operations of the racetrack. No grants shall be made for long term capital investment or construction, and no grants shall be made before the racetrack becomes operational and is offering a racing schedule. state general fund.

(c) With respect to tax revenue collected from a riverboat located in a historic hotel district, the treasurer of state shall quarterly pay the following:

(1) With respect to admissions taxes collected for a person admitted to the riverboat before July 1, 2010, the following amounts:

(A) Twenty-two percent (22%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county in which the riverboat is located. The county treasurer shall distribute the money received under this clause as follows:

(i) Twenty-two and seventy-five hundredths percent (22.75%) shall be quarterly distributed to the county treasurer of a county having a population of more than forty thousand (40,000) but less than forty-two thousand (42,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution of the money received under this item to one (1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive. (ii) Twenty-two and seventy-five hundredths percent (22.75%) shall be quarterly distributed to the county



treasurer of a county having a population of more than ten thousand seven hundred (10,700) but less than twelve thousand (12,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body. The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution of the money received under this item to one (1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(iii) Fifty-four and five-tenths percent (54.5%) shall be retained by the county where the riverboat is located for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(B) Five percent (5%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to a town having a population of more than two thousand (2,000) but less than three thousand five hundred (3,500) located in a county having a population of more than nineteen thousand five hundred (19,500) but less than twenty thousand (20,000). At least twenty percent (20%) of the taxes received by a town under this clause must be transferred to the school corporation in which the town is located.

(C) Five percent (5%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to a town having a population of more than three thousand five hundred (3,500) located in a county having a population of more than nineteen thousand five hundred (19,500) but less than twenty thousand (20,000). At least twenty percent (20%) of the taxes received by a town under this clause must be transferred to the school corporation in which the town is located.

(D) Twenty percent (20%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid in equal amounts to each town that:

(i) is located in the county in which the riverboat is located; and

(ii) contains a historic hotel.

At least twenty percent (20%) of the taxes received by a town under this clause must be transferred to the school corporation in which the town is located.

(E) Ten percent (10%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to the Orange County development commission established under IC 36-7-11.5. At least one-third



(1/3) of the taxes paid to the Orange County development commission under this clause must be transferred to the Orange County convention and visitors bureau.

(F) Thirteen percent (13%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to the West Baden Springs historic hotel preservation and maintenance fund established by IC 36-7-11.5-11(b).

(G) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to the Indiana economic development corporation to be used by the corporation for the development and implementation of a regional economic development strategy to assist the residents of the county in which the riverboat is located and residents of contiguous counties in improving their quality of life and to help promote successful and sustainable communities. The regional economic development strategy must include goals concerning the following issues:

(i) Job creation and retention.

(ii) Infrastructure, including water, wastewater, and storm water infrastructure needs.

(iii) Housing.

(iv) Workforce training.

(v) Health care.

(vi) Local planning.

(vii) Land use.

(viii) Assistance to regional economic development groups.

(ix) Other regional development issues as determined by the Indiana economic development corporation.

(2) With respect to admissions taxes collected for a person admitted to the riverboat after June 30, 2010, the following amounts:

(A) Twenty-nine and thirty-three hundredths percent (29.33%) to the county treasurer of Orange County. The county treasurer shall distribute the money received under this clause as follows:

(i) Twenty-two and seventy-five hundredths percent (22.75%) to the county treasurer of Dubois County for distribution in the manner described in subdivision (1)(A)(i).

(ii) Twenty-two and seventy-five hundredths percent (22.75%) to the county treasurer of Crawford County for distribution in the manner described in subdivision



(1)(A)(ii).

(iii) Fifty-four and five-tenths percent (54.5%) to be retained by the county treasurer of Orange County for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(B) Six and sixty-seven hundredths percent (6.67%) to the fiscal officer of the town of Orleans. At least twenty percent (20%) of the taxes received by the town under this clause must be transferred to Orleans Community Schools.

(C) Six and sixty-seven hundredths percent (6.67%) to the fiscal officer of the town of Paoli. At least twenty percent (20%) of the taxes received by the town under this clause must be transferred to the Paoli Community School Corporation.

(D) Twenty-six and sixty-seven hundredths percent (26.67%) to be paid in equal amounts to the fiscal officers of the towns of French Lick and West Baden Springs. At least twenty percent (20%) of the taxes received by a town under this clause must be transferred to the Springs Valley Community School Corporation.

(E) Thirty and sixty-six hundredths percent (30.66%) to the Indiana economic development corporation to be used in the manner described in subdivision (1)(G).

(d) With respect to tax revenue collected from a riverboat that operates from a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000), the treasurer of state shall quarterly pay the following amounts:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (k), one dollar (\$1) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has

implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the city in which the riverboat is docked.(2) Except as provided in subsection (k), one dollar (\$1) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the county in which the riverboat is docked. (3) Except as provided in subsection (k), nine cents (\$0.09) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

- (A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or
- (B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has



implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21; shall be paid to the county convention and visitors bureau or promotion fund for the county in which the riverboat is docked. (4) Except as provided in subsection (k), one cent (\$0.01) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the northwest Indiana law enforcement training center.

(5) Except as provided in subsection (k), fifteen cents (\$0.15) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during a quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the state fair commission for use in any activity that the commission is authorized to carry out under IC 15-13-3. (6) Except as provided in subsection (k), ten cents (0.10) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the division of mental health and addiction. The division shall allocate at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the funds derived from the admissions tax to the prevention and treatment of compulsive gambling.

(7) Except as provided in subsection (k), *and section 7 of this chapter*, sixty-five cents (\$0.65) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter or admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21 shall be paid to the *Indiana horse racing commission to be distributed as follows, in amounts determined by the Indiana horse racing commission, for the promotion and operation of horse racing in Indiana:*

(A) To one (1) or more breed development funds established by the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31-11-10. (B) To a racetrack that was approved by the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31. The commission may make a grant under this clause only for purses, promotions, and routine operations of the racetrack. No grants shall be made



for long term capital investment or construction, and no grants shall be made before the racetrack becomes operational and is offering a racing schedule. state general fund.

(e) Money paid to a unit of local government under subsection (b), (c), or (d):

(1) must be paid to the fiscal officer of the unit and may be deposited in the unit's general fund or riverboat fund established under IC 36-1-8-9, or both;

(2) may not be used to reduce the unit's maximum levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5 but may be used at the discretion of the unit to reduce the property tax levy of the unit for a particular year;

(3) may be used for any legal or corporate purpose of the unit, including the pledge of money to bonds, leases, or other obligations under IC 5-1-14-4; and

(4) is considered miscellaneous revenue.

(f) Money paid by the treasurer of state under subsection (b)(3) or (d)(3) shall be:

(1) deposited in:

(A) the county convention and visitor promotion fund; or

(B) the county's general fund if the county does not have a convention and visitor promotion fund; and

(2) used only for the tourism promotion, advertising, and economic development activities of the county and community.

(g) Money received by the division of mental health and addiction under subsections (b)(5) and (d)(6):

(1) is annually appropriated to the division of mental health and addiction;

(2) shall be distributed to the division of mental health and addiction at times during each state fiscal year determined by the budget agency; and

(3) shall be used by the division of mental health and addiction for programs and facilities for the prevention and treatment of addictions to drugs, alcohol, and compulsive gambling, including the creation and maintenance of a toll free telephone line to provide the public with information about these addictions. The division shall allocate at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the money received to the prevention and treatment of compulsive gambling.

(h) This subsection applies to the following:

(1) Each entity receiving money under subsection (b). (b)(1) through (b)(5).



(2) Each entity receiving money under subsection (d)(1) through (d)(2).

(3) Each entity receiving money under subsection (d)(5) through $\frac{(d)(7)}{(d)}$.

The treasurer of state shall determine the total amount of money paid by the treasurer of state to an entity subject to this subsection during the state fiscal year 2002. The amount determined under this subsection is the base year revenue for each entity subject to this subsection. The treasurer of state shall certify the base year revenue determined under this subsection to each entity subject to this subsection.

(i) This subsection applies to an entity receiving money under subsection (d)(3) or (d)(4). The treasurer of state shall determine the total amount of money paid by the treasurer of state to the entity described in subsection (d)(3) during state fiscal year 2002. The amount determined under this subsection multiplied by nine-tenths (0.9) is the base year revenue for the entity described in subsection (d)(3). The amount determined under this subsection multiplied by nine-tenths (0.9) is the base year revenue for the entity described in subsection (d)(3). The amount determined under this subsection multiplied by one-tenth (0.1) is the base year revenue for the entity described in subsection (d)(4). The treasurer of state shall certify the base year revenue determined under this subsection to each entity subject to this subsection.

(j) This subsection does not apply to an entity receiving money under subsection (c). For state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2002, The total amount of money distributed to an entity under this section during a state fiscal year may not exceed the entity's base year revenue as determined under subsection (h) or (i). If the treasurer of state determines that the total amount of money distributed to an entity under this section during a state fiscal year is less than the entity's base year revenue, the treasurer of state shall make a supplemental distribution to the entity under HC 4-33-13-5(g). IC 4-33-13-5.

(k) This subsection does not apply to an entity receiving money under subsection (c). *For state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2002,* The treasurer of state shall pay that part of the riverboat admissions taxes that:

(1) exceeds a particular entity's base year revenue; and

(2) would otherwise be due to the entity under this section; to the state general fund instead of to the entity.

SECTION 8. IC 4-33-13-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.229-2013, SECTION 21, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 70, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not apply to tax revenue remitted by an operating agent operating a



riverboat in a historic hotel district. After funds are appropriated under section 4 of this chapter, each month the treasurer of state shall distribute the tax revenue deposited in the state gaming fund under this chapter to the following:

(1) The first thirty-three million dollars (\$33,000,000) of tax revenues collected under this chapter shall be set aside for revenue sharing under subsection (e).

(2) Subject to subsection (c), twenty-five percent (25%) of the remaining tax revenue remitted by each licensed owner shall be paid:

(A) to the city that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat from which the tax revenue was collected, in the case of:

(i) a city described in IC 4-33-12-6(b)(1)(A); or

(ii) a city located in a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000); or

(B) to the county that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat from which the tax revenue was collected, in the case of a riverboat whose home dock is not in a city described in clause (A).

(3) Subject to subsection (d), the remainder of the tax revenue remitted by each licensed owner shall be paid to the state general fund. In each state fiscal year, the treasurer of state shall make the transfer required by this subdivision not later than the last business day of the month in which the tax revenue is remitted to the state for deposit in the state gaming fund. However, if tax revenue is received by the state on the last business day in a month, the treasurer of state may transfer the tax revenue to the state general fund in the immediately following month.

(b) This subsection applies only to tax revenue remitted by an operating agent operating a riverboat in a historic hotel district. After funds are appropriated under section 4 of this chapter, each month the treasurer of state shall distribute the tax revenue remitted by the operating agent under this chapter as follows:

(1) Thirty-seven and one-half percent (37.5%) shall be paid to the state general fund.

(2) Nineteen percent (19%) shall be paid to the West Baden Springs historic hotel preservation and maintenance fund established by IC 36-7-11.5-11(b). However, at any time the balance in that fund exceeds twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000), the amount described in this subdivision shall be



paid to the state general fund.

(3) Eight percent (8%) shall be paid to the Orange County development commission established under IC 36-7-11.5.

(4) Sixteen percent (16%) shall be paid in equal amounts to each town that is located in the county in which the riverboat is located and contains a historic hotel. The following apply to taxes received by a town under this subdivision:

(A) At least twenty-five percent (25%) of the taxes must be transferred to the school corporation in which the town is located.

(B) At least twelve and five-tenths percent (12.5%) of the taxes imposed on adjusted gross receipts received after June 30, 2010, must be transferred to the Orange County development commission established by IC 36-7-11.5-3.5.

(5) Nine percent (9%) shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county in which the riverboat is located. The county treasurer shall distribute the money received under this subdivision as follows:

(A) Twenty-two and twenty-five hundredths percent (22.25%) shall be quarterly distributed to the county treasurer of a county having a population of more than forty thousand (40,000) but less than forty-two thousand (42,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution of the money received under this clause to one (1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(B) Twenty-two and twenty-five hundredths percent (22.25%) shall be quarterly distributed to the county treasurer of a county having a population of more than ten thousand seven hundred (10,700) but less than twelve thousand (12,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution of the money received under this clause to one (1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county shall provide for the distribution of the money received under this clause to one (1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(C) Fifty-five and five-tenths percent (55.5%) shall be retained by the county in which the riverboat is located for



appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(6) Five percent (5%) shall be paid to a town having a population of more than two thousand (2,000) but less than three thousand five hundred (3,500) located in a county having a population of more than nineteen thousand five hundred (19,500) but less than twenty thousand (20,000). At least forty percent (40%) of the taxes received by a town under this subdivision must be transferred to the school corporation in which the town is located. (7) Five percent (5%) shall be paid to a town having a population of more than three thousand five hundred (3,500) located in a county having a population of more than nineteen thousand five hundred (19,500) but less than twenty thousand (20,000). At least forty percent (40%) of the taxes received by a town under this subdivision must be transferred to the school corporation in which the town is located.

(8) Five-tenths percent (0.5%) of the taxes imposed on adjusted gross receipts received after June 30, 2010, shall be paid to the Indiana economic development corporation established by IC 5-28-3-1.

(c) For each city and county receiving money under subsection (a)(2), the treasurer of state shall determine the total amount of money paid by the treasurer of state to the city or county during the state fiscal year 2002. The amount determined is the base year revenue for the city or county. The treasurer of state shall certify the base year revenue determined under this subsection to the city or county. The total amount of money distributed to a city or county under this section during a state fiscal year may not exceed the entity's base year revenue. For each state fiscal year, the treasurer of state shall pay that part of the riverboat wagering taxes that:

(1) exceeds a particular city's or county's base year revenue; and

(2) would otherwise be due to the city or county under this section;

to the state general fund instead of to the city or county.

(d) Each state fiscal year the treasurer of state shall transfer from the tax revenue remitted to the state general fund under subsection (a)(3) to the build Indiana fund an amount that when added to the following may not exceed two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000):

(1) Surplus lottery revenues under IC 4-30-17-3.

(2) Surplus revenue from the charity gaming enforcement fund under IC 4-32.2-7-7.

(3) Tax revenue from pari-mutuel wagering under IC 4-31-9-3.



The treasurer of state shall make transfers on a monthly basis as needed to meet the obligations of the build Indiana fund. If in any state fiscal year insufficient money is transferred to the state general fund under subsection (a)(3) to comply with this subsection, the treasurer of state shall reduce the amount transferred to the build Indiana fund to the amount available in the state general fund from the transfers under subsection (a)(3) for the state fiscal year.

(e) Before August 15 of each year, the treasurer of state shall distribute the wagering taxes set aside for revenue sharing under subsection (a)(1) to the county treasurer of each county that does not have a riverboat according to the ratio that the county's population bears to the total population of the counties that do not have a riverboat. Except as provided in subsection (h), the county auditor shall distribute the money received by the county under this subsection as follows:

(1) To each city located in the county according to the ratio the city's population bears to the total population of the county.

(2) To each town located in the county according to the ratio the town's population bears to the total population of the county.

(3) After the distributions required in subdivisions (1) and (2) are made, the remainder shall be retained by the county.

(f) Money received by a city, town, or county under subsection (e) or (h) may be used for any of the following purposes:

(1) To reduce the property tax levy of the city, town, or county for a particular year (a property tax reduction under this subdivision does not reduce the maximum levy of the city, town, or county under IC 6-1.1-18.5).

(2) For deposit in a special fund or allocation fund created under IC 8-22-3.5, IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-14.5, IC 36-7-15.1, and IC 36-7-30 to provide funding for debt repayment.

(3) To fund sewer and water projects, including storm water management projects.

(4) For police and fire pensions.

(5) To carry out any governmental purpose for which the money is appropriated by the fiscal body of the city, town, or county. Money used under this subdivision does not reduce the property tax levy of the city, town, or county for a particular year or reduce the maximum levy of the city, town, or county under IC 6-1.1-18.5.

(g) This subsection does not apply to an entity receiving money under IC 4-33-12-6(c). Before September 15 of each year, the treasurer of state shall determine the total amount of money distributed to an



entity under IC 4-33-12-6 during the preceding state fiscal year. If the treasurer of state determines that the total amount of money distributed to an entity under IC 4-33-12-6 during the preceding state fiscal year was less than the entity's base year revenue (as determined under IC 4-33-12-6), the treasurer of state shall make a supplemental distribution to the entity from taxes collected under this chapter and deposited into the state general fund. *Except as provided in subsection* (*i*), or (*j*), the amount of an entity's supplemental distribution is equal to:

(1) the entity's base year revenue (as determined under IC 4-33-12-6); minus

(2) the sum of:

(A) the total amount of money distributed to the entity during

the preceding state fiscal year under IC 4-33-12-6; plus

(B) any amounts deducted under IC 6-3.1-20-7.

(h) This subsection applies only to a county containing a consolidated city. The county auditor shall distribute the money received by the county under subsection (e) as follows:

(1) To each city, other than a consolidated city, located in the county according to the ratio that the city's population bears to the total population of the county.

(2) To each town located in the county according to the ratio that the town's population bears to the total population of the county.(3) After the distributions required in subdivisions (1) and (2) are made, the remainder shall be paid in equal amounts to the consolidated city and the county.

(i) This subsection applies only to the Indiana horse racing commission. For each state fiscal year the amount of the Indiana horse racing commission's supplemental distribution under subsection (g) must be reduced by the amount required to comply with IC 4-33-12-7(a).

(*f*) (i) This subsection applies to a supplemental distribution made after June 30, 2013. The maximum amount of money that may be distributed under subsection (g) in a state fiscal year is forty-eight million dollars (\$48,000,000). If the total amount determined under subsection (g) exceeds forty-eight million dollars (\$48,000,000), the amount distributed to an entity under subsection (g) must be reduced according to the ratio that the amount distributed to the entity under IC 4-33-12-6 bears to the total amount distributed under IC 4-33-12-6 to all entities receiving a supplemental distribution.

SECTION 9. IC 5-1-17.5-16, AS ADDED BY P.L.233-2013, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) The board of directors of the commission is composed of the following five (5) directors, who serve at the pleasure of the governor and must be residents of Indiana:

(1) The budget director, or the budget director's designee, who shall serve as chair of the commission.

(2) Four (4) directors appointed by the governor. The president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives may each make one (1) recommendation to the governor concerning the appointment of a director under this subdivision.

(b) The commission shall be governed by the board. The directors may not be elected public officials of the state or any political subdivision. Except for the budget director, the directors first appointed continue in office for terms expiring on July 1, 2014, July 1, 2015, July 1, 2016, and July 1, 2017, and until their respective successors are duly appointed and qualified.

(c) Except for the budget director, the term of any director first appointed must be designated by the governor. If a vacancy occurs on the board, the governor shall fill the vacancy by appointing a new director. The successor of each such director is appointed for a term of four (4) years, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy is appointed to serve only for the unexpired term and until a successor is duly appointed and qualified. A director is eligible for reappointment.

(d) The directors shall hold an initial organizational meeting within thirty (30) days after the board's appointment and after public notice given by the budget director in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4. As soon as practicable after January 15 of each year, the board shall hold its annual organizational meeting. The board shall elect one (1) of the directors as vice chair and another director as secretary-treasurer to perform the duties of those offices. These officers serve from the date of their election and until their successors are elected and qualified. Special meetings may be called by the chair or any two (2) directors of the board.

(e) Three (3) directors constitute a quorum of the commission, **board**, and the affirmative vote of at least three (3) directors is necessary for any official action taken by the board. A vacancy in the membership of the board does not impair the rights of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the board.

(f) Except for the budget director, the directors are entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses and other expenses actually incurred in connection with their duties as provided by law. Directors are not entitled to the salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1(b) or



any other compensation while performing their duties.

(g) All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall be payable solely from funds provided under this chapter or from the proceeds of bonds issued by the authority under this chapter, and no liability or obligation shall be incurred by the commission or the authority under this chapter beyond the extent to which money shall have been provided under the authority of this chapter.

(h) The board:

(1) is responsible for implementing the powers and duties of the commission under this chapter;

(2) may adopt bylaws for the regulation of the affairs of the board, the conduct of the business of the commission, and the safeguarding of the funds and property entrusted to the commission; and

(3) shall, without complying with IC 4-22-2, adopt the code of ethics specified in executive order 05-12 for its members and employees.

SECTION 10. IC 5-1-17.5-18, AS ADDED BY P.L.233-2013, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. The authority shall provide staff support for the commission and pay all expenses of the commission from funds transferred to the commission from the motorsports investment district fund established under section 30 of this chapter. In providing such staff, the authority may employ, without the approval of the attorney general or any other state officer, any accounting and technical experts, attorneys, and other officers, employees, and agents, permanent or temporary, as may be necessary in the authority's judgment to carry out the efficient operation of the commission, including professionals who can prepare a report on the matters to be considered in making the findings of the board commission set forth in section 24 of this chapter, and the commission may fix their compensation and title. Employees of the authority employed under this section shall not be considered employees of the state.

SECTION 11. IC 5-2-10.1-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 74, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.172-2013, SECTION 4, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) A county may establish a county school safety commission.

(b) The members of the commission are as follows:

(1) The school safety specialist for each school corporation located in whole or in part in the county.



(2) The judge of the court having juvenile jurisdiction in the county or the judge's designee.

(3) The sheriff of the county or the sheriff's designee.

(4) The chief officer of every other law enforcement agency in the county, or the chief officer's designee.

(5) A representative of the juvenile probation system, appointed by the judge described under subdivision (2).

(6) Representatives of community agencies that work with children within the county.

(7) A representative of the Indiana state police district that serves the county.

(8) A representative of the prosecuting attorneys council of Indiana who specializes in the prosecution of juveniles.

(9) Other appropriate individuals selected by the commission.

(c) If a commission is established, the school safety specialist of the school corporation having the largest ADM (as defined in IC 20-18-2-2), as determined in the fall count of ADM in the school year ending in the current calendar year, in the county shall convene the initial meeting of the commission.

(d) The members shall annually elect a chairperson.

(e) A commission shall perform the following duties:

(1) Perform a cumulative analysis of school safety needs within the county.

(2) Coordinate and make recommendations for the following:

(A) Prevention of juvenile offenses and improving the reporting of juvenile offenses within the schools.

(B) Proposals for identifying and assessing children who are at high risk of becoming juvenile offenders.

(C) Methods to meet the educational needs of children who have been detained as juvenile offenders.

(D) Methods to improve communications among agencies that work with children.

(E) Methods to improve security and emergency preparedness.

(F) Additional equipment or personnel that are necessary to carry out safety plans.

(G) Any other topic the commission considers necessary to improve school safety within the school corporations within the commission's jurisdiction.

(3) Provide assistance to the school safety specialists on the commission in developing and requesting grants for safety plans.(4) Provide assistance to the school safety specialists on the commission and the participating school corporations in



developing and requesting grants for school safe haven programs under section 7 of this chapter.

(5) Assist each participating school corporation in carrying out the school corporation's safety plans.

(f) The affirmative votes of a majority of the voting members of the commission are required for the commission to take action on a measure.

(g) A commission shall receive the school safety plans described in $\frac{1}{1} \frac{20-26-18.2-2(c)}{1}$ IC 20-26-18.2-2 for the schools and school corporations located in the county. The commission may share the school safety plans with law enforcement agencies.

SECTION 12. IC 5-2-10.1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.172-2013, SECTION 5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.285-2013, SECTION 1, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2013, SECTION 3, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) Each school within a school corporation shall establish a safe school committee. The committee may be a subcommittee of the committee that develops the strategic and continuous school improvement and achievement plan under IC 20-31-5.

(b) The department of education, *and* the school corporation's school safety specialist, *and*, *upon request*, *a school resource officer* (as described in IC 20-26-18.2-1) shall provide materials and guidelines to assist a safe school committee in developing a plan and policy for the school that addresses the following issues:

(1) Unsafe conditions, crime prevention, school violence, bullying, *criminal gang activity*, and other issues that prevent the maintenance of a safe school.

(2) Professional development needs for faculty and staff to implement methods that decrease problems identified under subdivision (1).

(3) Methods to encourage:

(A) involvement by the community and students;

(B) development of relationships between students and school faculty and staff; and

(C) use of problem solving teams.

(c) As a part of the plan developed under subsection (b), each safe school committee shall provide a copy of the floor plans for each building located on the school's property that clearly indicates each exit, the interior rooms and hallways, and the location of any hazardous materials located in the building to the law enforcement agency and the fire department that have jurisdiction over the school.

(d) The guidelines developed under subsection (b) must include age appropriate, research based information that assists school corporations and safe school committees in:

(1) developing and implementing bullying prevention programs; (2) establishing investigation and reporting procedures related to bullying; and

(3) adopting discipline rules that comply with IC 20-33-8-13.5.

(e) In addition to developing guidelines under subsection (b), the department of education shall establish categories of types of bullying incidents to allow school corporations to use the categories in making reports under IC 20-20-8-8 and IC 20-34-6-1.

SECTION 13. IC 5-9-4-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) or (c), an officeholder who elects to take the leave of absence described in section 6 of this chapter shall give written notice that the officeholder is taking a leave of absence for military service to the person or entity designated in IC 5-8-3.5-1 to receive a resignation for the office the officeholder holds.

(b) An officeholder who is:

(1) a justice of the supreme court, a judge of the court of appeals, or a judge of the tax court; or

(2) a judge of a circuit, city, county, probate, or superior court; shall give the written notice required by subsection (a) to the clerk of the supreme court.

(c) An officeholder who holds a school board office shall give the written notice required by subsection (a) to the person or entity designated in IC 20-25-3, IC 20-25-4, IC 20-25-5, IC 20-23-12, IC 20-23-14, IC 20-23-15, IC 20-23-4, or IC 20-26 to receive a resignation for the office the officeholder holds.

(d) The written notice required by subsection (a) must state that the officeholder is taking a leave of absence because the officeholder:

(1) has been called for active duty in:

(A) the armed forces of the United States; or

(B) the national guard; and

(2) will be temporarily unable to perform the duties of the officeholder's office.

SECTION 14. IC 5-9-4-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2011, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), during the officeholder's leave of absence, the officeholder's office must be filled by a temporary appointment made under:



IC 3-13-4;
 IC 3-13-5;
 IC 3-13-6;
 IC 3-13-6;
 IC 3-13-7;
 IC 3-13-8;
 IC 3-13-9;
 IC 3-13-10;
 IC 3-13-10;
 IC 3-13-11;
 IC 20-23-4;
 IO IC 20-23-4;
 IC 20-23-12;
 IC 20-23-14;
 IC 20-23-15;
 IC 20-23-17;
 IC 20-23-17.2;

- (16) IC 20-25-3;
- (17) IC 20-25-4; or
- (18) IC 20-25-5;

in the same manner as a vacancy created by a resignation is filled.

(b) For an officeholder who:

(1) is:

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(A) a justice of the supreme court, a judge of the court of appeals, or a judge of the tax court; or

(B) a judge of a circuit, city, county, probate, or superior court; and

(2) is taking a leave of absence under this chapter;

the supreme court shall appoint a judge pro tempore to fill the officeholder's office in accordance with the court's rules and procedures.

(c) The person selected or appointed under subsection (a) or (b) serves until the earlier of:

(1) the date the officeholder's leave of absence ends as provided in section 10 of this chapter; or

(2) the officeholder's term of office expires.

(d) The person selected or appointed to an office under subsection (a) or (b):

(1) assumes all the rights and duties of; and

(2) is entitled to the compensation established for;

the office for the period of the temporary appointment.

SECTION 15. IC 5-10.2-4-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.195-2013, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) Subject to subsection (g), if a member



who is receiving retirement benefits becomes reemployed in a position covered by this article more than thirty (30) days after the member's retirement, the member's retirement benefit payments continue.

(b) This subsection applies only to a retired member of the public employees' retirement fund who, before July 1, 2013, begins a period of reemployment in a covered position more than thirty (30) days after the member's retirement. The member shall begin making contributions as required in IC 5-10.2-3-2, and the member's employer shall make contributions throughout the member's period of reemployment.

(c) If a member who is receiving retirement benefits is reemployed in a position covered by this article not more than thirty (30) days after the member's retirement, the member's retirement benefits shall stop, the member shall begin making contributions as required by IC 5-10.2-3-2, and employer contributions shall be made throughout the period of reemployment.

(d) This subsection applies only to a retired member of the public employees' retirement fund who, before July 1, 2013, begins a period of reemloyment reemployment in a covered position more than thirty (30) days after the member's retirement. If a retired member is reemployed in a position covered by this article, section 10 of this chapter applies to the member upon the member's retirement from reemployment.

(e) Subject to subsection (g), and except for a member described in IC 5-10.2-3-3(a)(2), the following apply to a retired member who begins a period of reemployment in a covered position more than thirty (30) days after the member's retirement:

(1) The member's retirement benefit payments continue during the member's period of reemployment without regard to the amount of the member's earnings from the covered position.

(2) The member may not make contributions under IC 5-10.2-3-2, IC 5-10.3-7-9, or IC 5-10.4-4-11 during the member's period of reemployment.

(3) The member's employer may not make contributions under IC 5-10.2-2-11, IC 5-10.3-7-9, or IC 5-10.4-4-11 for or on behalf of the member during the member's period of reemployment.

(4) The member does not earn creditable service under IC 5-10.2-3-1 for the member's period of reemployment.

(5) The member is not entitled to an additional benefit under sections 9 and 10 of this chapter for the member's period of reemployment.

(f) The thirty (30) day period provided for in this section may be implemented unless the board receives a determination from the



Internal Revenue Service prohibiting the implementation.

(g) After July 31, 2009, if, on or before the date the member files an application for retirement benefits under this article, a member has a formal or informal agreement with an employer covered by this article to become reemployed in a position covered by this article after the member's retirement, regardless of the time frame between the member's retirement and the member's reemployment, the member's application for retirement benefits is void, and the following apply to the member's continued employment:

(1) If a member has received a retirement benefit:

(A) the member's retirement benefit shall stop; and

(B) the member shall repay the amount of the retirement benefit received.

(2) The member shall make contributions as required by IC 5-10.2-3-2 throughout the period of the member's continued employment.

(3) Employer contributions shall be made throughout the period of the member's continued employment.

(4) The member shall earn creditable service under IC 5-10.2-3-1 for the member's continued employment.

(5) When the period of the member's continued employment terminates, the member may again file an application for retirement benefits under this chapter.

SECTION 16. IC 5-22-14-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.90-2013, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) The Indiana department of administration shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to do the following:

(1) Increase contracting opportunities for Indiana veteran owned small businesses described in section 3.5 of this chapter with a goal to procure in each state fiscal year at least three percent (3%) percent of state contracts with Indiana veteran owned small businesses.

(2) Develop procurement policies and procedures to accomplish the goal described in subdivision (1), including guidelines to be followed by the Indiana department of administration in conducting the department's procurement efforts.

These procurement policies do not apply to a procurement of supplies and services to address immediate and serious government needs at a time of emergency, including a threat to the public health, welfare, or safety that may arise by reason of floods, epidemics, riots, acts of terrorism, major power failures, a threat proclaimed by the President of the United States or the governor, or a threat declared by the



commissioner of the Indiana department of administration.

(b) The Indiana department of administration shall annually evaluate its progress in meeting the goal described in this section for the previous state fiscal year. Beginning in 2014, after June 30 and before November 1 of each year, the Indiana department of administration shall submit a report to the governor, the Indiana department of veterans' affairs, the commission on military and veterans affairs, and, in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6, the legislative council. The report must include:

(1) the percentage goal obtained by the Indiana department of administration during the previous state fiscal year; and

(2) a summary of why the Indiana department of administration failed to meet the goal and what actions are being taken by the Indiana department of administration to meet the goal in the current state fiscal year.

(c) The Indiana department of administration shall post the report described in subsection (b) on the department's Internet web site not later than thirty (30) days after the report is submitted. The Indiana department of veterans' affairs shall post the report described in subsection (b) on the department's Internet web site not later than thirty (30) days after the report is submitted by the Indiana department of administration.

SECTION 17. IC 5-28-28-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2013, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. The economic incentives and compliance report required under section 5 of this chapter must include at least the following:

(1) The total amount of for each of the following:

(A) **The number and amount of** tax credits, loans, and grants contractually awarded by the corporation.

(B) **The amount of** investments made by the recipients of the tax credits, loans, and grants.

(C) **The number of** actual jobs created and the number of jobs expected through the reporting year, as reviewed by an independent auditing firm chosen by the corporation.

(D) **The amount of** recaptured incentives for the reporting year and the total number of recipients.

(E) **The number and amount of** tax credits claimed for the reporting year, as reported by the department of state revenue to the corporation by December 31 of each year.

(2) With respect to each recipient of a tax credit, loan, or grant referred to in subdivision (1), **the following:**



(A) The name, county, and municipality (if any) of the recipient.

(B) The amount of tax credits certified to each the recipient, and the amount of grants and loans actually paid out, during the term of the agreement.

(C) The purpose of the tax credit, loan, or grant.

(D) The performance goals for the reporting year, including the following:

(i) Numbers of employees to be hired, retained, or trained.

(ii) If a financial investment by **a** the recipient was a condition for providing an incentive, the amount of the financial investment that the recipient expects to make in Indiana as a result of the project for which the incentive was granted.

(E) Certification by the corporation that each the recipient is complying with the terms of the incentive agreement.

SECTION 18. IC 6-1.1-8-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), the following companies are subject to taxation under this chapter:

(1) Each company which is engaged in the business of transporting persons or property.

(2) Each company which is engaged in the business of selling or distributing electricity, gas, steam, or water.

(3) Each company which is engaged in the business of transmitting messages for the general public by wire or airwaves.(4) Each company which is engaged in the business of operating

a sewage system or a sewage treatment plant.

(b) The companies which are subject to taxation under this chapter include, but are not limited to:

(1) bridge companies;

(2) bus companies;

(3) express companies;

(4) light, heat, or power companies;

(5) pipeline companies;

(6) railroad companies;

(7) railroad car companies;

(8) sleeping car companies;

(9) street railway companies;

(10) telephone, telegraph, or cable companies;

(11) tunnel companies; and

(12) water distribution companies.



(c) The following companies **persons** are not subject to taxation under this chapter:

(1) Aviation companies.

(2) Broadcasting companies.

(3) Television companies.

(4) Water transportation companies.

(5) Companies which are operated by a municipality or a municipal corporation, except those utility companies owned or held in trust by a first class city.

(6) A taxpayer that:

(A) is described in subsection (b);

(B) owns definite situs property that is located in only one (1) taxing district; and

(C) files a personal property tax return for the definite situs property with the county assessor or (if applicable) the township assessor.

A taxpayer that meets the requirements of clauses (A) and (B) may elect to file a personal property tax return for the definite situs property with the county assessor or (if applicable) the township assessor, instead of filing a return for the definite situs property under this chapter.

(7) A taxpayer that:

(A) is participating in a net metering program under 170 IAC 4-4.2 or in a feed-in-tariff program offered by a company described in subsection (b)(4); and

(B) files a personal property tax return for the property with the county assessor or (if applicable) the township assessor.

SECTION 19. IC 6-1.1-12-37, AS AMENDED BY P.L.288-2013, SECTION 3, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2013, SECTION 4, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 37. (a) The following definitions apply throughout this section:

(1) "Dwelling" means any of the following:

(A) Residential real property improvements that an individual uses as the individual's residence, including a house or garage.(B) A mobile home that is not assessed as real property that an individual uses as the individual's residence.

(C) A manufactured home that is not assessed as real property that an individual uses as the individual's residence.

(2) "Homestead" means an individual's principal place of residence:

(A) that is located in Indiana;



(B) that:

(i) the individual owns;

(ii) the individual is buying under a contract; recorded in the county recorder's office, that provides that the individual is to pay the property taxes on the residence;

(iii) the individual is entitled to occupy as a tenant-stockholder (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) of a cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216); or

(iv) is a residence described in section 17.9 of this chapter that is owned by a trust if the individual is an individual described in section 17.9 of this chapter; and

(C) that consists of a dwelling and the real estate, not exceeding one (1) acre, that immediately surrounds that dwelling.

Except as provided in subsection (k), the term does not include property owned by a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other entity not described in this subdivision.

(b) Each year a homestead is eligible for a standard deduction from the assessed value of the homestead for an assessment date. *Except as provided in subsection (p)*, the deduction provided by this section applies to property taxes first due and payable for an assessment date only if an individual has an interest in the homestead described in subsection (a)(2)(B) on:

(1) the assessment date; or

(2) any date in the same year after an assessment date that a statement is filed under subsection (e) or section 44 of this chapter, if the property consists of real property.

Subject to subsection (c), the auditor of the county shall record and make the deduction for the individual or entity qualifying for the deduction.

(c) Except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, the total amount of the deduction that a person may receive under this section for a particular year is the lesser of:

(1) sixty percent (60%) of the assessed value of the real property, mobile home not assessed as real property, or manufactured home not assessed as real property; or

(2) forty-five thousand dollars (\$45,000).

(d) A person who has sold real property, a mobile home not assessed as real property, or a manufactured home not assessed as real property to another person under a contract that provides that the contract buyer is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile home, or



manufactured home may not claim the deduction provided under this section with respect to that real property, mobile home, or manufactured home.

(e) Except as provided in sections 17.8 and 44 of this chapter and subject to section 45 of this chapter, an individual who desires to claim the deduction provided by this section must file a certified statement in duplicate, on forms prescribed by the department of local government finance, with the auditor of the county in which the homestead is located. The statement must include:

(1) the parcel number or key number of the property and the name of the city, town, or township in which the property is located;

(2) the name of any other location in which the applicant or the applicant's spouse owns, is buying, or has a beneficial interest in residential real property;

(3) the names of:

(A) the applicant and the applicant's spouse (if any):

(i) as the names appear in the records of the United States Social Security Administration for the purposes of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security number; or

(ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign their names on legal documents;

if the applicant is an individual; or

(B) each individual who qualifies property as a homestead under subsection (a)(2)(B) and the individual's spouse (if any):

(i) as the names appear in the records of the United States Social Security Administration for the purposes of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security number; or

(ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign their names on legal documents;

if the applicant is not an individual; and

(4) either:

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(A) the last five (5) digits of the applicant's Social Security number and the last five (5) digits of the Social Security number of the applicant's spouse (if any); or

(B) if the applicant or the applicant's spouse (if any) do **does** not have a Social Security number, any of the following for that individual:

(i) The last five (5) digits of the individual's driver's license number.

(ii) The last five (5) digits of the individual's state



identification card number.

(iii) If the individual does not have a driver's license or a state identification card, the last five (5) digits of a control number that is on a document issued to the individual by the federal government and determined by the department of local government finance to be acceptable.

If a form or statement provided to the county auditor under this section, IC 6-1.1-22-8.1, or IC 6-1.1-22.5-12 includes the telephone number or part or all of the Social Security number of a party or other number described in subdivision (4)(B) of a party, the telephone number and the Social Security number or other number described in subdivision (4)(B) included are confidential. The statement may be filed in person or by mail. If the statement is mailed, the mailing must be postmarked on or before the last day for filing. The statement applies for that first year and any succeeding year for which the deduction is allowed. With respect to real property, the statement must be completed and dated in the calendar year for which the person desires to obtain the deduction and filed with the county auditor on or before January 5 of the immediately succeeding calendar year. With respect to a mobile home that is not assessed as real property, the person must file the statement during the twelve (12) months before March 31 of the year for which the person desires to obtain the deduction.

(f) If an individual who is receiving the deduction provided by this section or who otherwise qualifies property for a deduction under this section:

(1) changes the use of the individual's property so that part or all of the property no longer qualifies for the deduction under this section; or

(2) is no longer eligible for a deduction under this section on another parcel of property because:

(A) the individual would otherwise receive the benefit of more than one (1) deduction under this chapter; or

(B) the individual maintains the individual's principal place of residence with another individual who receives a deduction under this section;

the individual must file a certified statement with the auditor of the county, notifying the auditor of the change of use, not more than sixty (60) days after the date of that change. An individual who fails to file the statement required by this subsection is liable for any additional taxes that would have been due on the property if the individual had filed the statement as required by this subsection plus a civil penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the additional taxes due. The civil penalty



imposed under this subsection is in addition to any interest and penalties for a delinquent payment that might otherwise be due. One percent (1%) of the total civil penalty collected under this subsection shall be transferred by the county to the department of local government finance for use by the department in establishing and maintaining the homestead property data base under subsection (i) and, to the extent there is money remaining, for any other purposes of the department. This amount becomes part of the property tax liability for purposes of this article.

(g) The department of local government finance shall adopt rules or guidelines concerning the application for a deduction under this section.

(h) This subsection does not apply to property in the first year for which a deduction is claimed under this section if the sole reason that a deduction is claimed on other property is that the individual or married couple maintained a principal residence at the other property on March 1 in the same year in which an application for a deduction is filed under this section or, if the application is for a homestead that is assessed as personal property, on March 1 in the immediately preceding year and the individual or married couple is moving the individual's or married couple's principal residence to the property that is the subject of the application. Except as provided in subsection (n), the county auditor may not grant an individual or a married couple a deduction under this section if:

(1) the individual or married couple, for the same year, claims the deduction on two (2) or more different applications for the deduction; and

(2) the applications claim the deduction for different property.

(i) The department of local government finance shall provide secure access to county auditors to a homestead property data base that includes access to the homestead owner's name and the numbers required from the homestead owner under subsection (e)(4) for the sole purpose of verifying whether an owner is wrongly claiming a deduction under this chapter or a credit under IC 6-1.1-20.4, IC 6-1.1-20.6, or IC 6-3.5.

(j) A county auditor may require an individual to provide evidence proving that the individual's residence is the individual's principal place of residence as claimed in the certified statement filed under subsection (e). The county auditor may limit the evidence that an individual is required to submit to a state income tax return, a valid driver's license, or a valid voter registration card showing that the residence for which the deduction is claimed is the individual's principal place of residence.



The department of local government finance shall work with county auditors to develop procedures to determine whether a property owner that is claiming a standard deduction or homestead credit is not eligible for the standard deduction or homestead credit because the property owner's principal place of residence is outside Indiana.

(k) As used in this section, "homestead" includes property that satisfies each of the following requirements:

(1) The property is located in Indiana and consists of a dwelling and the real estate, not exceeding one (1) acre, that immediately surrounds that dwelling.

(2) The property is the principal place of residence of an individual.

(3) The property is owned by an entity that is not described in subsection (a)(2)(B).

(4) The individual residing on the property is a shareholder, partner, or member of the entity that owns the property.

(5) The property was eligible for the standard deduction under this section on March 1, 2009.

(1) If a county auditor terminates a deduction for property described in subsection (k) with respect to property taxes that are:

(1) imposed for an assessment date in 2009; and

(2) first due and payable in 2010;

on the grounds that the property is not owned by an entity described in subsection (a)(2)(B), the county auditor shall reinstate the deduction if the taxpayer provides proof that the property is eligible for the deduction in accordance with subsection (k) and that the individual residing on the property is not claiming the deduction for any other property.

(m) For *assessments assessment* dates after 2009, the term "homestead" includes:

(1) a deck or patio;

(2) a gazebo; or

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(3) another residential yard structure, as defined in rules adopted by the department of local government finance (other than a swimming pool);

that is assessed as real property and attached to the dwelling.

(n) A county auditor shall grant an individual a deduction under this section regardless of whether the individual and the individual's spouse claim a deduction on two (2) different applications and each application claims a deduction for different property if the property owned by the individual's spouse is located outside Indiana and the individual files an affidavit with the county auditor containing the



following information:

(1) The names of the county and state in which the individual's spouse claims a deduction substantially similar to the deduction allowed by this section.

(2) A statement made under penalty of perjury that the following are true:

(A) That the individual and the individual's spouse maintain separate principal places of residence.

(B) That neither the individual nor the individual's spouse has an ownership interest in the other's principal place of residence.

(C) That neither the individual nor the individual's spouse has, for that same year, claimed a standard or substantially similar deduction for any property other than the property maintained as a principal place of residence by the respective individuals.

A county auditor may require an individual or an individual's spouse to provide evidence of the accuracy of the information contained in an affidavit submitted under this subsection. The evidence required of the individual or the individual's spouse may include state income tax returns, excise tax payment information, property tax payment information, driver license information, and voter registration information.

(0) If:

(1) a property owner files a statement under subsection (e) to claim the deduction provided by this section for a particular property; and

(2) the county auditor receiving the filed statement determines that the property owner's property is not eligible for the deduction; the county auditor shall inform the property owner of the county auditor's determination in writing. If a property owner's property is not eligible for the deduction because the county auditor has determined that the property is not the property owner's principal place of residence, the property owner may appeal the county auditor's determination to the county property tax assessment board of appeals as provided in IC 6-1.1-15. The county auditor shall inform the property owner of the owner's right to appeal to the county property tax assessment board of appeals when the county auditor informs the property owner of the county auditor's determination under this subsection.

(p) An individual is entitled to the deduction under this section for a homestead for a particular assessment date if:

(1) either:



(A) the individual's interest in the homestead as described in subsection (a)(2)(B) is conveyed to the individual after the assessment date, but within the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs; or

(B) the individual contracts to purchase the homestead after the assessment date, but within the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs;

(2) on the assessment date:

(A) the property on which the homestead is currently located was vacant land; or

(B) the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the homestead was not completed;

(3) either:

(A) the individual files the certified statement required by subsection (e) on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs to claim the deduction under this section; or

(B) a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of section 44 of this chapter is submitted to the county assessor on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the individual's purchase of the homestead; and

(4) the individual files with the county auditor on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs a statement that:

(A) lists any other property for which the individual would otherwise receive a deduction under this section for the assessment date; and

(B) cancels the deduction described in clause (A) for that property.

An individual who satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1) through (4) is entitled to the deduction under this section for the homestead for the assessment date, even if on the assessment date the property on which the homestead is currently located was vacant land or the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the homestead was not completed. The county auditor shall apply the deduction for the assessment date and for the assessment date in any later year in which the homestead remains eligible for the deduction. A homestead that qualifies for the deduction under this section as provided in this subsection is considered a homestead for purposes of section 37.5 of this chapter and IC 6-1.1-20.6. The county auditor shall cancel the deduction under this section for any property that is located in the county and is listed on the statement filed by the individual under



subdivision (4). If the property listed on the statement filed under subdivision (4) is located in another county, the county auditor who receives the statement shall forward the statement to the county auditor of that other county, and the county auditor of that other county shall cancel the deduction under this section for that property.

(p) (q) This subsection applies to an application for the deduction provided by this section that is filed for an assessment date occurring after December 31, 2013. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an individual buying a mobile home that is not assessed as real property or a manufactured home that is not assessed as real property under a contract providing that the individual is to pay the property taxes on the mobile home or manufactured home is not entitled to the deduction provided by this section unless the parties to the contract comply with IC 9-17-6-17.

(q) (r) This subsection:

(1) applies to an application for the deduction provided by this section that is filed for an assessment date occurring after December 31, 2013; and

(2) does not apply to an individual described in subsection $\frac{(p)}{(q)}$.

The owner of a mobile home that is not assessed as real property or a manufactured home that is not assessed as real property must attach a copy of the owner's title to the mobile home or manufactured home to the application for the deduction provided by this section.

SECTION 20. IC 6-1.1-18-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2013, SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2013, SECTION 10, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) For purposes of this section, "maximum rate" refers to the maximum:

(1) property tax rate or rates; or

(2) special benefits tax rate or rates;

referred to in the statutes listed in subsection (d).

(b) The maximum rate for taxes first due and payable after 2003 is the maximum rate that would have been determined under subsection (e) for taxes first due and payable in 2003 if subsection (e) had applied for taxes first due and payable in 2003.

(c) The maximum rate must be adjusted each year to account for the change in assessed value of real property that results from:

(1) an annual adjustment of the assessed value of real property under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5;

(2) a general reassessment of real property under IC 6-1.1-4-4; or

(3) a reassessment under a county's reassessment plan prepared



under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2.

- (d) The statutes to which subsection (a) refers are:
 - (1) IC 8-10-5-17;
 - (2) IC 8-22-3-11; (3) IC 8-22-3-25;
 - (4) IC 12-29-1-1;
- (5) IC 12-29-1-2;
- (6) IC 12-29-1-3;
- (7) IC 12-29-3-6;
- (8) IC 13-21-3-12;
- (9) IC 13-21-3-15;
- (10) IC 14-27-6-30; (11) IC 14-33-7-3;
- (11) IC 14-33-21-5; (12) IC 14-33-21-5;
- (12) IC 11-35 21 5 (13) IC 15-14-7-4;
- (14) IC 15-14-9-1;
- (14) IC 15-14-9-1; (15) IC 15-14-9-2;
- (16) IC 16-20-2-18;
- (17) IC 16-20-4-27;
- (18) IC 16-20-7-2;
- (19) IC 16-22-14;
- (20) IC 16-23-1-29;
- (21) IC 16-23-3-6; (22) IC 16-23-4-2;
- (22) IC 16-23-4-2; (23) IC 16-23-5-6;
- (23) IC 10-23-3-0, (24) IC 16-23-7-2;
- (25) IC 16-23-8-2;
- (26) IC 16-23-9-2;
- (27) IC 16-41-15-5;
- (28) IC 16-41-33-4;
- (29) IC 20-46-2-3 (before its repeal on January 1, 2009);
- (30) IC 20-46-6-5;
- (31) IC 20-49-2-10;
- (32) IC 36-1-19-1;
- (33) IC 23-14-66-2;
- (34) IC 23-14-67-3;
- (35) IC 36-7-13-4;
- (36) IC 36-7-14-28;
- (37) IC 36-7-15.1-16;
- (38) IC 36-8-19-8.5;
- (39) IC 36-9-6.1-2;
- (40) IC 36-9-17.5-4;



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(41) IC 36-9-27-73;

(42) IC 36-9-29-31;

(43) IC 36-9-29.1-15;

(44) IC 36-10-6-2;

(45) IC 36-10-7-7;

(46) IC 36-10-7-8;

(47) IC 36-10-7.5-19;

(48) IC 36-10-13-5;

(49) IC 36-10-13-7;

(50) IC 36-10-14-4;

(51) IC 36-12-7-7;

(52) IC 36-12-7-8;

(53) IC 36-12-12-10;

(54) a statute listed in IC 6-1.1-18.5-9.8; and

(55) any statute enacted after December 31, 2003, that:

(A) establishes a maximum rate for any part of the:

(i) property taxes; or

(ii) special benefits taxes;

imposed by a political subdivision; and

(B) does not exempt the maximum rate from the adjustment under this section.

(e) For property tax rates imposed for property taxes first due and payable after December 31, *2012, 2013,* the new maximum rate under a statute listed in subsection (d) is the tax rate determined under STEP EIGHT of the following STEPS:

STEP ONE: Except as provided in subsection (g), determine the maximum rate for the political subdivision levying a property tax or special benefits tax under the statute for the *previous calendar* year. *preceding the year in which the annual adjustment or the reassessment under IC* 6-1.1-4-4 or IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 takes effect. STEP TWO: Determine the actual percentage change (rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent (0.01%)) in the assessed value (before the adjustment, if any, under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5) of the taxable property from the *previous calendar* year *preceding the year the annual adjustment or the reassessment under IC* 6-1.1-4-4.2 takes effect to the year the annual adjustment or the reassessment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 takes effect to the year that the annual adjustment or the reassessment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 takes effect. in which the affected property taxes will be imposed.

STEP THREE: Determine the three (3) calendar years that immediately precede the *ensuing calendar year and in which a statewide general reassessment of real property under*



IC 6-1.1-4-4 does not first take effect. year in which the affected property taxes will be imposed.

STEP FOUR: Compute separately, for each of the calendar years determined in STEP THREE, the actual percentage change (rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent (0.01%)) in the assessed value (before the adjustment, if any, under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5) of the taxable property from the preceding year. STEP FIVE: Divide the sum of the three (3) quotients computed in STEP FOUR by three (3).

STEP SIX: Determine the greater of the following:

(A) Zero (0).

(B) The STEP FIVE result.

STEP SEVEN: Determine the greater of the following:

(A) Zero (0).

(B) The result of the STEP TWO percentage minus the STEP SIX percentage, **if any.**

STEP EIGHT: Determine the quotient of the STEP ONE tax rate divided by the sum of one (1) plus the STEP SEVEN percentage, **if any.**

(f) The department of local government finance shall compute the maximum rate allowed under subsection (e) and provide the rate to each political subdivision with authority to levy a tax under a statute listed in subsection (d).

(g) This subsection applies only when calculating the maximum rate for taxes due and payable in calendar year 2013. The STEP ONE result is the greater of the following:

(1) The actual maximum rate established for property taxes first due and payable in calendar year 2012.

(2) The maximum rate that would have been established for property taxes first due and payable in calendar year 2012 if the maximum rate had been established under the formula under this section, as amended in the 2012 session of the general assembly.

(h) This subsection applies only when calculating the maximum rate allowed under subsection (e) for the Vincennes Community School Corporation with respect to property taxes first due and payable in 2014. The subsection (e) STEP ONE result for the school corporation's capital projects fund is nineteen and forty-two hundredths cents (\$0.1942).

SECTION 21. IC 6-1.1-18.5-8.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.218-2013, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.1. (a) This section applies to a township that is allowed an increase in its maximum permissible ad valorem property



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tax levy under section 13(c) of this chapter for property taxes first due and payable in 2014.

(b) The property tax levy limit imposed under section 3 of this chapter on the township may be exceeded in calendar years 2014, 2015, and 2016 by:

(1) the amount of ad valorem property taxes imposed by **a** the township to repay money borrowed under IC 36-6-6-14(f); or

(2) the amount of ad valorem property taxes imposed by the township to repay money borrowed under IC 36-6-6-14(b) in 2012 or 2013;

but not both.

(c) For purposes of computing the ad valorem property tax levy limit imposed on a township under section 3 of this chapter, the township's ad valorem property tax levy for a particular calendar year does not include that part of the levy imposed to repay money borrowed under IC 36-6-6-14(f).

SECTION 22. IC 6-1.1-20.3-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2013, SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2013, SECTION 22, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section does not apply to a school corporation designated *before July 1, 2013,* as a distressed political subdivision.

(b) If the board designates a political subdivision as a distressed political subdivision under section 6.5 or 6.7 of this chapter, the board shall appoint an emergency manager for the distressed political subdivision. An emergency manager serves at the pleasure of the board.

(c) The chairperson of the board shall oversee the activities of an emergency manager.

(d) The distressed political subdivision shall pay the emergency manager's compensation and reimburse the emergency manager for actual and necessary expenses.

SECTION 23. IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2013, SECTION 25, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2013, SECTION 5, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.5. (a) This section does not apply to *a* school *corporations. corporation designated before July 1*, *2013, as a distressed political subdivision.*

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, an emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision appointed under section 7.5 of this chapter shall do the following:

(1) Assume and exercise the authority and responsibilities of both



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the executive and the fiscal body of the political subdivision concerning the adoption, amendment, and enforcement of ordinances and resolutions relating to or affecting the fiscal stability of the political subdivision. However, the emergency manager does not have the power to impose taxes or fees in addition to the taxes or fees authorized by the political subdivision before the political subdivision was designated a distressed political subdivision.

(2) Review the political subdivision's budget.

(3) Review salaries of the political subdivision's employees.

(4) Conduct a financial and compliance audit of the internal operations of the political subdivision.

(5) Develop a written financial plan in consultation with the officials of the political subdivision not later than six (6) months after appointment.

(6) Develop a plan for paying all the political subdivision's outstanding obligations.

(7) Review existing labor contracts.

(8) Adopt a budget for the political subdivision for each calendar or fiscal year, as applicable, that the political subdivision remains a distressed political subdivision.

(9) Review payrolls and other claims against the political subdivision before payment.

(10) Make, approve, or disapprove the following:

(A) A contract.

(B) An expenditure.

(C) A loan.

(D) The creation of any new position.

(E) The filling of any vacant position.

(11) Submit a written report to the board every three (3) months concerning:

(A) actions taken by the emergency manager;

(B) expenditures made by the distressed political subdivision; and

(C) the work that has been done to remove the distressed political subdivision from distressed status.

(12) Petition the board to terminate a political subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision when the conditions found in section 6.5 of this chapter are no longer applicable to the political subdivision.

(c) An emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision appointed under section 7.5 of this chapter may do the following:



(1) Renegotiate existing labor contracts and act as an agent of the

political subdivision in collective bargaining.

(2) Reduce or suspend salaries of the political subdivision's employees.

(3) Enter into agreements with other political subdivisions for the provision of services.

(d) Except as provided in section $\frac{13(c)}{13(d)}$ of this chapter, an emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision retains the powers and duties described in subsections (b) and (c) until:

(1) the emergency manager resigns or dies;

(2) the board removes the emergency manager; or

(3) the political subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision is terminated under section 13(b) or 13(c) of this chapter.

SECTION 24. IC 6-1.1-20.3-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2013, SECTION 26, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2013, SECTION 6, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. A distressed political subdivision may petition the tax court for judicial review of a determination of the board under section 6.5 or 6.7 of this chapter. A school corporation may also petition the tax court for judicial review of a determination of the board under section 8.4 of this chapter. The action must be taken to the tax court under IC 6-1.1-15 in the same manner that an action is taken to appeal a final determination of the Indiana board of tax review. The petition must be filed in the tax court not more than forty-five (45) days after the board enters its final determination.

SECTION 25. IC 6-1.1-20.3-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2013, SECTION 27, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2013, SECTION 7, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) If:

(1) an emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision; *that is not a school corporation;*

(2) the fiscal body and executive of the political subdivision jointly; or

(3) the governing body of a school corporation that:

(A) employs a new superintendent; or

(B) has a new member elected or appointed to its governing body;

during the time the school corporation is a distressed political subdivision;

files a petition with the board for termination of the political



subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision, the board shall conduct a public hearing on the question of whether to terminate the political subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision.

(b) In the case of a political subdivision designated as distressed under section 6.5 of this chapter, the board shall terminate the political subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision if the board finds that the conditions found in section 6.5 of this chapter are no longer applicable to the political subdivision.

(c) In the case of a township designated as distressed under section 6.7 of this chapter, the board shall terminate the township's status as a distressed political subdivision if the board finds that the township's township assistance property tax rate (as defined in section 6.7(a) of this chapter) for the current calendar year is not more than the result of:

(1) the statewide average township assistance property tax rate (as determined by the department of local government finance) for property taxes first due and payable in that same year; multiplied by

(2) twelve (12).

(c) (d) Notwithstanding any other section of this chapter, not later than ninety (90) days after taking office, a new executive of a distressed political subdivision may petition the board for suspension of the political subdivision's distressed status. In the case of a political subdivision designated as distressed under section 6.5 of this chapter, the executive must include in its petition a written plan to resolve the applicable issues described in section 6.5 of this chapter. In the case of a township designated as distressed under section 6.7 of this chapter, the executive must include in its petition a written plan to lower the township's township assistance property tax rate (as defined in section 6.7(a) of this chapter). If the board approves the executive's written plan, the board may suspend the political subdivision's distressed status for one hundred eighty (180) days. Suspension under this chapter terminates automatically upon expiration of the one hundred eighty (180) day period. The board may consider a petition to terminate the political subdivision's distressed status during a period of suspension.

SECTION 26. IC 6-1.1-25-4.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 259, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.1. (a) If, as provided in section 4(h) 4(i) of this chapter, the county auditor does not issue a deed to the county for property for which a certificate of sale has been issued to the county under IC 6-1.1-24-9 because the county executive determines that the property contains hazardous waste or another



environmental hazard for which the cost of abatement or alleviation will exceed the fair market value of the property, the property may be transferred consistent with this section.

(b) A person who desires to obtain title to and eliminate the hazardous conditions of property containing hazardous waste or another environmental hazard for which a county holds a certificate of sale but to which a deed may not be issued to the county under section 4(h) 4(i) of this chapter may file a petition with the county auditor seeking a waiver of the delinquent taxes, special assessments, interest, penalties, and costs assessed against the property and transfer of the title to the property to the petitioner. The petition must:

(1) be on a form prescribed by the state board of accounts and approved by the department of local government finance;

(2) state the amount of taxes, special assessments, penalties, and costs assessed against the property for which a waiver is sought;(3) describe the conditions existing on the property that have prevented the sale or the transfer of title to the county;

(4) describe the plan of the petitioner for elimination of the hazardous condition on the property under IC 13-25-5 and the intended use of the property; and

(5) be accompanied by a fee established by the county auditor for completion of a title search and processing.

(c) Upon receipt of a petition described in subsection (b), the county auditor shall review the petition to determine whether the petition is complete. If the petition is not complete, the county auditor shall return the petition to the petitioner and describe the defects in the petition. The petitioner may correct the defects and file the completed petition with the county auditor. Upon receipt of a completed petition, the county auditor shall forward a copy of the petition to:

(1) the assessor of the township in which the property is located, or the county assessor if there is no township assessor for the township;

(2) the owner;

(3) all persons who have, as of the date of the filing of the petition, a substantial interest of public record in the property;

(4) the county property tax assessment board of appeals; and

(5) the department of local government finance.

(d) Upon receipt of a petition described in subsection (b), the county property tax assessment board of appeals shall, at the county property tax assessment board of appeals' earliest opportunity, conduct a public hearing on the petition. The county property tax assessment board of appeals shall, by mail, give notice of the date, time, and place fixed for



the hearing to:

(1) the petitioner;

(2) the owner;

(3) all persons who have, as of the date the petition was filed, a substantial interest of public record in the property; and

(4) the assessor of the township in which the property is located, or the county assessor if there is no township assessor for the township.

In addition, notice of the public hearing on the petition shall be published one (1) time at least ten (10) days before the hearing in a newspaper of countywide circulation and posted at the principal office of the county property tax assessment board of appeals, or at the building where the meeting is to be held.

(e) After the hearing and completion of any additional investigation of the property or of the petitioner that is considered necessary by the county property tax assessment board of appeals, the county board shall give notice, by mail, to the parties listed in subsection (d) of the county property tax assessment board of appeals' recommendation as to whether the petition should be granted. The county property tax assessment board of appeals shall forward to the department of local government finance a copy of the county property tax assessment board of appeals' recommendation and a copy of the documents submitted to or collected by the county property tax assessment board of appeals at the public hearing or during the course of the county board of appeals' investigation of the petition.

(f) Upon receipt by the department of local government finance of a recommendation by the county property tax assessment board of appeals, the department of local government finance shall review the petition and all other materials submitted by the county property tax assessment board of appeals and determine whether to grant the petition. Notice of the determination by the department of local government finance and the right to seek an appeal of the determination shall be given by mail to:

(1) the petitioner;

(2) the owner;

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(3) all persons who have, as of the date the petition was filed, a substantial interest of public record in the property;

(4) the assessor of the township in which the property is located, or the county assessor if there is no township assessor for the township; and

(5) the county property tax assessment board of appeals.

(g) Any person aggrieved by a determination of the department of



local government finance under subsection (f) may file an appeal seeking additional review by the department of local government finance and a public hearing. In order to obtain a review under this subsection, the aggrieved person must file a petition for appeal with the county auditor in the county where the tract or item of real property is located not more than thirty (30) days after issuance of notice of the determination of the department of local government finance. The county auditor shall transmit the petition for appeal to the department of local government finance not more than ten (10) days after the petition is filed.

(h) Upon receipt by the department of local government finance of an appeal, the department of local government finance shall set a date, time, and place for a hearing. The department of local government finance shall give notice, by mail, of the date, time, and place fixed for the hearing to:

(1) the person filing the appeal;

(2) the petitioner;

(3) the owner;

(4) all persons who have, as of the date the petition was filed, a substantial interest of public record in the property;

(5) the assessor of the township in which the property is located, or the county assessor if there is no township assessor for the township; and

(6) the county property tax assessment board of appeals.

The department of local government finance shall give the notices at least ten (10) days before the day fixed for the hearing.

(i) After the hearing, the department of local government finance shall give the parties listed in subsection (h) notice by mail of the final determination of the department of local government finance.

(j) If the department of local government finance decides to:

(1) grant the petition submitted under subsection (b) after initial review of the petition under subsection (f) or after an appeal under subsection (h); and

(2) waive the taxes, special assessments, interest, penalties, and costs assessed against the property;

the department of local government finance shall issue to the county auditor an order directing the removal from the tax duplicate of the taxes, special assessments, interest, penalties, and costs for which the waiver is granted.

(k) After:

(1) at least thirty (30) days have passed since the issuance of a notice by the department of local government finance to the



county property tax assessment board of appeals granting a petition filed under subsection (b), if no appeal has been filed; or (2) not more than thirty (30) days after receipt by the county property tax assessment board of appeals of a notice of a final determination of the department of local government finance granting a petition filed under subsection (b) after an appeal has been filed and heard under subsection (h);

the county auditor shall file a verified petition and an application for an order on the petition in the court in which the judgment of sale was entered asking the court to direct the county auditor to issue a tax deed to the real property. The petition shall contain the certificate of sale issued to the county, a copy of the petition filed under subsection (b), and a copy of the notice of the final determination of the department of local government finance directing the county auditor to remove the taxes, interest, penalties, and costs from the tax duplicate. Notice of the filing of the petition and application for an order on the petition shall be given, by mail, to the owner and any person with a substantial interest of public record in the property. A person owning or having an interest in the property may appear to object to the petition.

(1) The court shall enter an order directing the county auditor to issue a tax deed to the petitioner under subsection (b) if the court finds that the following conditions exist:

(1) The time for redemption has expired.

(2) The property has not been redeemed before the expiration of the period of redemption specified in section 4 of this chapter.

(3) All taxes, special assessments, interest, penalties, and costs have been waived by the department of local government finance or, to the extent not waived, paid by the petitioner under subsection (b).

(4) All notices required by this section and sections 4.5 and 4.6 of this chapter have been given.

(5) The petitioner under subsection (b) has complied with all the provisions of law entitling the petitioner to a tax deed.

(m) A tax deed issued under this section is uncontestable except by appeal from the order of the court directing the county auditor to issue the tax deed. The appeal must be filed not later than sixty (60) days after the date of the court's order.

SECTION 27. IC 6-2.5-3.5-2 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 2: As used in this chapter, "E85" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-6-1.1-103.

SECTION 28. IC 6-2.5-3.5-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]. Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "price per unit before the



addition of state and federal taxes" means an amount that equals the remainder of:

(1) the total price per unit; minus

(2) the gasoline use tax, Indiana gasoline tax, and federal gasoline taxes that are part of the total price per unit.

SECTION 29. IC 6-2.5-7-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2013, SECTION 8, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.293-2013(ts), SECTION 7, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) Each retail merchant who dispenses gasoline or special fuel from a metered pump shall, in the manner prescribed in IC 6-2.5-6, report to the department the following information:

(1) The total number of gallons of gasoline sold from a metered pump during the period covered by the report.

(2) The total amount of money received from the sale of gasoline described in subdivision (1) during the period covered by the report.

(3) That portion of the amount described in subdivision (2) which represents state and federal taxes imposed under this article, IC 6-6-1.1, or Section 4081 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(4) (1) The total number of gallons of special fuel sold from a metered pump during the period covered by the report.

(5) (2) The total amount of money received from the sale of special fuel during the period covered by the report.

(6) (3) That portion of the amount described in subdivision (5) (2) that represents state and federal taxes imposed under this article, IC 6-6-2.5, or Section 4041 *or Section 4081* of the Internal Revenue Code.

(7) The total number of gallons of E85 sold from a metered pump during the period covered by the report.

(b) Concurrently with filing the report, the retail merchant shall remit the state gross retail tax in an amount which equals six and fifty-four hundredths percent (6.54%) of the gross receipts, including state gross retail taxes but excluding Indiana and federal *gasoline and* special fuel taxes, received by the retail merchant from the sale of the *gasoline and* special fuel that is covered by the report and on which the retail merchant was required to collect state gross retail tax. The retail merchant shall remit that amount regardless of the amount of state gross retail tax which the merchant has actually collected under this chapter. However, the retail merchant is entitled to deduct and retain the amounts prescribed in *subsection (c)*, IC 6-2.5-6-10, and IC 6-2.5-6-11.



(c) A retail merchant is entitled to deduct from the amount of state gross retail tax required to be remitted under subsection (b) an amount equal to:

(1) the sum of the prepayment amounts made during the period covered by the retail merchant's report; minus

(2) the sum of prepayment amounts collected by the retail merchant, in the merchant's capacity as a qualified distributor, during the period covered by the retail merchant's report.

For purposes of this section, a prepayment of the gross retail tax is presumed to occur on the date on which it is invoiced.

SECTION 30. IC 6-8.1-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.277-2013, SECTION 15, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.288-2013, SECTION 68, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2014 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 1. "Listed taxes" or "taxes" includes only the pari-mutuel taxes (IC 4-31-9-3 through IC 4-31-9-5); the riverboat admissions tax (IC 4-33-12); the riverboat wagering tax (IC 4-33-13); the slot machine wagering tax (IC 4-35-8); the type II gambling game excise tax (IC 4-36-9); the gross income tax (IC 6-2.1) (repealed); the utility receipts and utility services use taxes (IC 6-2.3); the state gross retail and use taxes (IC 6-2.5); the adjusted gross income tax (IC 6-3); the supplemental net income tax (IC 6-3-8) (repealed); the county adjusted gross income tax (IC 6-3.5-1.1); the county option income tax (IC 6-3.5-6); the county economic development income tax (IC 6-3.5-7); the auto rental excise tax (IC 6-6-9); the financial institutions tax (IC 6-5.5); the gasoline tax (IC 6-6-1.1); the alternative fuel permit fee (IC 6-6-2.1); the special fuel tax (IC 6-6-2.5); the motor carrier fuel tax (IC 6-6-4.1); a motor fuel tax collected under a reciprocal agreement under IC 6-8.1-3; the motor vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5); the aviation fuel excise tax (IC 6-6-13); the commercial vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5.5); the excise tax imposed on recreational vehicles and truck campers (IC 6-6-5.1); the hazardous waste disposal tax (IC 6-6-6.6); the cigarette tax (IC 6-7-1); the beer excise tax (IC 7.1-4-2); the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3); the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4); the hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4.5); the malt excise tax (IC 7.1-4-5); the petroleum severance tax (IC 6-8-1); the various innkeeper's taxes (IC 6-9); the various food and beverage taxes (IC 6-9); the county admissions tax (IC 6-9-13 and IC 6-9-28); the regional transportation improvement income tax (IC 8-24-17); the oil inspection fee (IC 16-44-2); the emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form fee (IC 6-6-10); the penalties assessed for oversize vehicles (IC 9-20-3 and IC 9-30); the fees and penalties assessed for overweight vehicles (IC 9-20-4 and



IC 9-30); the underground storage tank fee (IC 13-23); the solid waste management fee (IC 13-20-22); and any other tax or fee that the department is required to collect or administer.

SECTION 31. IC 6-8.1-7-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 131, P.L.227-2013, SECTION 20, P.L.261-2013, SECTION 38, AND P.L.293-2013(ts), SECTION 29, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) This subsection does not apply to the disclosure of information concerning a conviction on a tax evasion charge. Unless in accordance with a judicial order or as otherwise provided in this chapter, the department, its employees, former employees, counsel, agents, or any other person may not divulge the amount of tax paid by any taxpayer, terms of a settlement agreement executed between a taxpayer and the department, investigation records, investigation reports, or any other information disclosed by the reports filed under the provisions of the law relating to any of the listed taxes, including required information derived from a federal return, except to:

(1) members and employees of the department;

(2) the governor;

(3) a member of the general assembly or an employee of the house of representatives or the senate when acting on behalf of a taxpayer located in the member's legislative district who has provided sufficient information to the member or employee for the department to determine that the member or employee is acting on behalf of the taxpayer;

(3) (4) the attorney general or any other legal representative of the state in any action in respect to the amount of tax due under the provisions of the law relating to any of the listed taxes; or (4) (5) any authorized officers of the United States;

when it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for official purposes.

(b) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed upon the receipt of a certified request of any designated officer of the state tax department of any other state, district, territory, or possession of the United States when:

(1) the state, district, territory, or possession permits the exchange of like information with the taxing officials of the state; and

(2) it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for tax collection purposes.

(c) The information described in subsection (a) relating to a person on public welfare or a person who has made application for public welfare may be revealed to the director of the division of family



resources, and to any director of a county office of the division of family resources located in Indiana, upon receipt of a written request from either director for the information. The information shall be treated as confidential by the directors. In addition, the information described in subsection (a) relating to a person who has been designated as an absent parent by the state Title IV-D agency shall be made available to the state Title IV-D agency upon request. The information shall be subject to the information safeguarding provisions of the state and federal Title IV-D programs.

(d) The name, address, Social Security number, and place of employment relating to any individual who is delinquent in paying educational loans owed to a postsecondary educational institution may be revealed to that institution if it provides proof to the department that the individual is delinquent in paying for educational loans. This information shall be provided free of charge to approved postsecondary educational institutions (as defined by IC 21-7-13-6(a)). The department shall establish fees that all other institutions must pay to the department to obtain information under this subsection. However, these fees may not exceed the department's administrative costs in providing the information to the institution.

(e) The information described in subsection (a) relating to reports submitted under IC 6-6-1.1-502 concerning the number of gallons of gasoline sold by a distributor and IC 6-6-2.5 concerning the number of gallons of special fuel sold by a supplier and the number of gallons of special fuel exported by a licensed exporter or imported by a licensed transporter may be released by the commissioner upon receipt of a written request for the information.

(f) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed upon the receipt of a written request from the administrative head of a state agency of Indiana when:

(1) the state agency shows an official need for the information; and

(2) the administrative head of the state agency agrees that any information released will be kept confidential and will be used solely for official purposes.

(g) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed upon the receipt of a written request from the chief law enforcement officer of a state or local law enforcement agency in Indiana when it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for official purposes.

(h) The name and address of retail merchants, including township, as specified in $\frac{1}{1000} \frac{6-2.5-8-1}{(j)}$ IC 6-2.5-8-1(k) may be released solely



for tax collection purposes to township assessors and county assessors.

(i) The department shall notify the appropriate innkeepers' tax board, bureau, or commission that a taxpayer is delinquent in remitting innkeepers' taxes under IC 6-9.

(j) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of the motor vehicle excise tax may be disclosed to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana and may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.

(k) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of commercial vehicle excise taxes payable to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana may be disclosed to the bureau and may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.5.

(1) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of commercial vehicle excise taxes payable under the International Registration Plan may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.5.

(m) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of the excise taxes imposed on recreational vehicles and truck campers that are payable to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana may be disclosed to the bureau and may be disclosed to another state if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.1.

(n) This section does not apply to:

(1) the beer excise tax, including brand and packaged type (IC 7.1-4-2);

(2) the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3);

(3) the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4);

(4) the hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4.5);

(5) the malt excise tax (IC 7.1-4-5);

(6) the motor vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5);

(7) the commercial vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5.5); and

(8) the fees under IC 13-23.

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(o) The name and business address of retail merchants within each county that sell tobacco products may be released to the division of mental health and addiction and the alcohol and tobacco commission solely for the purpose of the list prepared under IC 6-2.5-6-14.2.

(p) The names name and business addresses address of persons a person issued licenses licensed by the department under IC 6-6 and or



IC 6-7 may be released for the purpose of reporting the status of the person's license.

(p) (q) The department may release information concerning total incremental tax amounts under:

(1) IC 5-28-26;

(2) IC 36-7-13;

(3) IC 36-7-26;

(4) IC 36-7-27;

(5) IC 36-7-31;

(6) IC 36-7-31.3; or

(7) any other statute providing for the calculation of incremental state taxes that will be distributed to or retained by a political subdivision or other entity;

to the fiscal officer of the political subdivision or other entity that established the district or area from which the incremental taxes were received if that fiscal officer enters into an agreement with the department specifying that the political subdivision or other entity will use the information solely for official purposes.

SECTION 32. IC 7.1-5-9-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2013, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. **Except as provided in IC 7.1-3-27-6**, it is unlawful for the holder of an artisan distiller's, a distiller's, or a rectifier's permit to own, acquire, possess or cause to be transferred to the holder shares of stock of a corporation that holds an Indiana permit to sell alcoholic beverages at retail, or in a permit to sell at retail in this state, or to own or acquire an interest in the business being conducted under the permit, or in or to shares of stock in a corporation that owns a permit to sell at retail.

SECTION 33. IC 8-14-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.261-2013, SECTION 40, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 134, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. The money collected for the motor vehicle highway account fund and remaining after refunds and the payment of all expenses incurred in the collection thereof, and after the deduction of the amount appropriated to the department for traffic safety, *and after the deduction of one-half (1/2) of the amount appropriated for the state police department,* shall be allocated to and distributed among the department and subdivisions designated as follows:

(1) Of the net amount in the motor vehicle highway account the auditor of state shall set aside for the cities and towns of the state fifteen percent (15%) thereof. This sum shall be allocated to the



cities and towns upon the basis that the population of each city and town bears to the total population of all the cities and towns and shall be used for the construction or reconstruction and maintenance of streets and alleys and shall be annually budgeted as now provided by law. However, no part of such sum shall be used for any other purpose than for the purposes defined in this chapter. If any funds allocated to any city or town shall be used by any officer or officers of such city or town for any purpose or purposes other than for the purposes as defined in this chapter, such officer or officers shall be liable upon their official bonds to such city or town in such amount so used for other purposes than for the purposes as defined in this chapter, together with the costs of said action and reasonable attorney fees, recoverable in an action or suit instituted in the name of the state of Indiana on the relation of any taxpayer or taxpayers resident of such city or town. A monthly distribution thereof of funds accumulated during the preceding month shall be made by the auditor of state.

(2) Of the net amount in the motor vehicle highway account, the auditor of state shall set aside for the counties of the state thirty-two percent (32%) thereof. However, as to the allocation to cities and towns under subdivision (1) and as to the allocation to counties under this subdivision, in the event that the amount in the motor vehicle highway account fund remaining after refunds and after the payment of all expenses incurred in the collection thereof and after deduction of any amount appropriated by the general assembly for public safety and policing shall be less than twenty-two million six hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$22,650,000) in any fiscal year, then the amount so set aside in the next calendar year for distributions to counties shall be reduced fifty-four percent (54%) of such deficit and the amount so set aside for distribution in the next calendar year to cities and towns shall be reduced thirteen percent (13%) of such deficit. Such reduced distributions shall begin with the distribution January 1 of each year.

(3) The amount set aside for the counties of the state under the provisions of subdivision (2) shall be allocated monthly upon the following basis:

(A) Five percent (5%) of the amount allocated to the counties to be divided equally among the ninety-two (92) counties.

(B) Sixty-five percent (65%) of the amount allocated to the counties to be divided on the basis of the ratio of the actual miles, now traveled and in use, of county roads in each county



to the total mileage of county roads in the state, which shall be annually determined, accurately, by the department *and submitted to the auditor of state before April 1 of each year*. (C) Thirty percent (30%) of the amount allocated to the counties to be divided on the basis of the ratio of the motor vehicle registrations of each county to the total motor vehicle registration of the state.

All money so distributed to the several counties of the state shall constitute a special road fund for each of the respective counties and shall be under the exclusive supervision and direction of the board of county commissioners in the construction, reconstruction, maintenance, or repair of the county highways or bridges on such county highways within such county.

(4) Each month the remainder of the net amount in the motor vehicle highway account shall be credited to the state highway fund for the use of the department.

(5) Money in the fund may not be used for any toll road or toll bridge project.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, money in the motor vehicle highway account fund may be appropriated to the Indiana department of transportation from the forty-seven percent (47%) distributed to the political subdivisions of the state to pay the costs incurred by the department in providing services to those subdivisions.

(7) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or of IC 8-14-8, for the purpose of maintaining a sufficient working balance in accounts established primarily to facilitate the matching of federal and local money for highway projects, money may be appropriated to the Indiana department of transportation as follows:

(A) One-half (1/2) from the forty-seven percent (47%) set aside under subdivisions (1) and (2) for counties and for those cities and towns with a population greater than five thousand (5,000).

(B) One-half (1/2) from the distressed road fund under IC 8-14-8.

SECTION 34. IC 8-21-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) The department shall encourage, foster, and assist in the development of aeronautics in this state and shall encourage the establishment of airports, landing fields, and other navigation facilities.

(b) The department shall cooperate with and assist the federal



government, the political subdivisions of this state, and others engaged in aeronautics or the advancement of aeronautics and shall seek to coordinate the aeronautical activities of these bodies.

(c) All rules prescribed by the department concerning aeronautics shall be kept in conformity with, and limited to as nearly as may be, the then current federal legislation governing aeronautics and the regulations duly promulgated thereunder.

(d) The department shall develop and continuously update a proposed state airports system plan which will best serve the interests of the state and its political subdivisions. Such state airports system plan shall be coordinated with the national airport plan prepared by the federal agency fostering civil aviation.

(e) The department may publish and revise from time to time a state airways system plan, and maps, directories, or other materials deemed necessary may be sold by the department at a price which shall be fixed by the department. All money accruing from the sale of any such publication:

(1) shall be paid into the state treasury;

(2) shall be credited to the department; and

(3) is hereby appropriated to such department to be used for future publications by the department, without reversion to the general fund of the state at the end of any fiscal year. However, any time the balance in said fund exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), such excess shall revert to the general fund of the state.

(f) The department may offer the engineering or other technical advice of the department, without charge, to any municipality or person desiring them in connection with the construction, maintenance, or operation or proposed construction, maintenance, or operation of an airport or landing field.

(g) The department may recommend necessary legislation to advance the interests of the state in aeronautics and represent the state in aeronautical matters before federal agencies and other state agencies.

(h) The department shall have the power to approve or disapprove all purchases made by any municipality of any land to be used by said municipality for the establishment of any airport or landing field, and the establishment by any municipality of any airport or landing field.

(i) The department may participate as party plaintiff or defendant, or as intervener on behalf of the state or any municipality or citizen thereof in any controversy having to do with any claimed encroachment by the federal government or any foreign state upon any state or individual rights pertaining to aeronautics.

(j) Municipalities are authorized to cooperate with the department



in the development of aeronautics and aeronautical facilities and services of other agencies of the state to the utmost extent possible, and such agencies are authorized and directed to make available such facilities and services.

(k) The department, or any employee designated by it, shall have the power to hold investigations, and hearings concerning matters covered by this chapter and orders and rules of the department, in accordance with IC 4-21.5. All hearings so conducted shall be open to the public. The reports of investigations or hearings, or any part thereof, shall not be admitted in evidence or used for any purpose in any suit, action, or proceeding, growing out of any matter referred to in said investigation, hearing, or report thereof, except in case of criminal or other proceedings instituted in behalf of the department or this state under the provisions of this chapter and other laws of this state.

(1) The department may render advice in the acquisition, development, operation, or maintenance of airports owned, controlled, or operated, or to be owned, controlled, or operated, by municipalities in this state.

(m) The department may not grant any exclusive right for the use of any airway, airport, landing field, or other air navigation facility under its jurisdiction. This subsection shall not prevent the making of leases in accordance with other provisions of this chapter.

(n) Gifts or grants of money for aeronautical purposes may be received by the state and shall be deposited in an aviation fund. Disbursal of such funds shall be for aeronautical purposes only or for the purpose for which they were given or granted. Gifts or grants of property for aeronautical purposes may be received by the state and shall be used for the purpose given or granted. Gifts or grants of money or property for aeronautical purposes must be administered in the same manner as other gifts and grants received by the state are administered.

(o) The department may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 and subject to IC 8-9.5-2.6(7) for the control of aircraft accident sites in Indiana. Until representatives of appropriate federal agencies arrive on the site of an aircraft accident, state and local law enforcement agencies and accident investigation agencies shall comply with any rules adopted by the department under this section.

(p) The department may, with written approval of the budget agency, purchase and operate aircraft forfeited under IC 34-24-1 (or IC 34-4-30.1 before its repeal). When the department acquires an aircraft, it shall pay all proper expenses of the proceedings for forfeiture and sale, including expenses of seizure, maintenance of custody, and advertising and court costs.



SECTION 35. IC 9-13-2-19.4, AS ADDED BY P.L.22-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19.4. "Chaplain", for purposes of IC 9-19-14.5, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-19-14-0.5. **IC 9-19-14.5-0.5.**

SECTION 36. IC 9-14-3-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012, SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), (d), or (e), the bureau shall prepare and deliver information on titles, registrations, and licenses and permits upon the request of any person. All requests must be:

(1) submitted in writing; or

(2) made electronically through the computer gateway administered under IC 4-13.1-2-2(a)(5) by the office of technology;

to the bureau and, unless exempted under IC 9-29, must be accompanied by the payment of the fee prescribed in IC 9-29-2-2.

(b) The bureau shall not disclose:

(1) the Social Security number;

(2) the federal identification number;

(3) the driver's license number;

(4) the digital image of the driver's license applicant;

(5) a reproduction of the signature secured under IC 9-24-9-1 or

IC 9-24-16-3; **IC 9-24-16-2;** or

(6) medical or disability information;

of any person except as provided in subsection (c).

(c) The bureau may disclose any information listed in subsection (b):

(1) to a law enforcement officer;

(2) to an agent or a designee of the department of state revenue;

(3) for uses permitted under IC 9-14-3.5-10(1), IC 9-14-3.5-10(4),

IC 9-14-3.5-10(6), and IC 9-14-3.5-10(9); or

(4) for voter registration and election purposes required under IC 3-7 or IC 9-24-2.5.

(d) As provided under 42 U.S.C. 1973gg-3(b), the bureau may not disclose any information concerning the failure of an applicant for a motor vehicle driver's license to sign a voter registration application, except as authorized under IC 3-7-14.

(e) The bureau may not disclose any information concerning the failure of an applicant for a title, registration, license, or permit (other than a motor vehicle license described under subsection (d)) to sign a voter registration application, except as authorized under IC 3-7-14.



SECTION 37. IC 9-18-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.262-2013, SECTION 48, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2013, SECTION 17, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.293-2013(ts), SECTION 39, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A person who owns a vehicle *that is operated on Indiana roadways and* subject to registration shall register the *each* vehicle *owned by the person* as follows:

(1) A vehicle subject to section 8 of this chapter shall be registered under section 8 of this chapter.

(2) Subject to subsection (g) or (h), a vehicle not subject to section 8 or 8.5 of this chapter or to the International Registration Plan shall be registered before:

(A) March 1 of each year; or

(B) February 1 or later dates each year, if:

(i) the vehicle is being registered with the department of state revenue; and

(ii) staggered registration has been adopted by the department of state revenue; or

(B) (C) an earlier date subsequent to January 1 of each year as set by the bureau, if the vehicle is being registered with the bureau.

(3) School buses owned by a school corporation are exempt from annual registration but are subject to registration under IC 20-27-7.

(4) Subject to subsection (f), a vehicle subject to the International Registration Plan shall be registered before April 1 of each year.

(5) A school bus not owned by a school corporation shall be registered subject to section 8.5 of this chapter.

(b) Registrations and reregistrations under this section are for the calendar year. Registration and reregistration for school buses owned by a school corporation may be for more than a calendar year.

(c) License plates for a vehicle subject to this section may be displayed during:

(1) the calendar year for which the vehicle is registered; and

(2) the period of time:

(A) subsequent to the calendar year; and

(B) before the date that the vehicle must be reregistered.

(d) Except as provided in IC 9-18-12-2.5, a person who owns or operates a vehicle may not operate or permit the operation of a vehicle that:

(1) is required to be registered under this chapter; and

(2) has expired license plates.



(e) If a vehicle that is required to be registered under this chapter has:

(1) been operated on the highways; and

(2) not been properly registered under this chapter;

the bureau shall, before the vehicle is reregistered, collect the registration fee that the owner of the vehicle would have paid if the vehicle had been properly registered.

(f) The department of state revenue may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to issue staggered registration to motor vehicles subject to the International Registration Plan.

(g) Except as provided in section 8.5 of this chapter, the bureau may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to issue staggered registration to motor vehicles described in subsection (a)(2).

(h) After June 30, 2011, the registration of a vehicle under *IC* 9-18-16-1(a)(1) or *IC* 9-18-16-1(a)(2) *IC* 9-18-16-1(1) or *IC* 9-18-16-1(2) expires on December 14 of each year. However, if a vehicle is registered under *IC* 9-18-16-1(a)(1) or *IC* 9-18-16-1(a)(2) *IC* 9-18-16-1(1) or *IC* 9-18-16-1(2) and the registration of the vehicle is in effect on June 30, 2011, the registration of the vehicle remains valid:

(1) throughout calendar year 2011; and

(2) during the period that:

(A) begins January 1, 2012; and

(B) ends on the date on which the vehicle was due for reregistration under the law in effect before this subsection took effect.

SECTION 38. IC 9-22-3-30 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 30. A seller that is:

(1) a dealer; or

(2) any other person who sells, exchanges, or transfers at least five (5) vehicles each year;

may not sell, exchange, or transfer a rebuilt vehicle without disclosing in writing to the purchaser, customer, or transferee before consummating the sale, exchange, or transfer the fact that the vehicle is a rebuilt vehicle if the dealer or other person knows or should reasonably know the vehicle is a rebuilt vehicle.

SECTION 39. IC 9-24-2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.207-2013, SECTION 7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.207-2013, SECTION 8, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013, SECTION 24, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The bureau may not issue a driver's license or learner's permit or grant driving privileges to the following individuals:



(1) An individual whose *license issued under Indiana law to operate a motor vehicle as an operator, a chauffeur, or a public passenger chauffeur has driving privileges have* been suspended, during the period for which the *license was driving privileges are* suspended, or to an individual whose *driver's* license has been revoked, until the time the bureau is authorized under Indiana law to issue the individual a new license.

(2) An individual whose learner's permit has been suspended or revoked until the time the bureau is authorized under Indiana law to issue the individual a new permit.

(3) An individual who, in the opinion of the bureau, is afflicted with or suffering from a physical or mental disability or disease that prevents the individual from exercising reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle while operating the vehicle upon the public highways.

(4) An individual who is unable to understand highway warnings or direction signs written in the English language.

(5) An individual who is required under this article to take an examination unless:

(A) the person successfully passes the examination; or

(B) the bureau waives the examination requirement.

(6) An individual who is required under IC 9-25 or any other statute to deposit or provide proof of financial responsibility and who has not deposited or provided that proof.

(7) An individual when the bureau has good cause to believe that the operation of a motor vehicle on a public highway of Indiana by the individual would be inimical to public safety or welfare.(8) An individual who is the subject of an order issued by:

(A) a court under *IC* 31-14-12-4 or IC 31-16-12-7 (or IC 31-1-11.5-13, or IC 31-6-6.1-16, or IC 31-14-12-4 before their repeal); or

(B) the Title IV-D agency;

ordering that a driver's license or permit not be issued to the individual.

(9) An individual who has not presented valid documentary evidence to the bureau of the person's legal status in the United States, as required by IC 9-24-9-2.5.

(10) An individual who does not otherwise satisfy the requirements of this article.

(b) An individual subject to epileptic seizures may not be denied a driver's license or permit under this section if the individual presents a statement from a licensed physician, on a form prescribed by the



bureau, that the individual is under medication and is free from seizures while under medication.

SECTION 40. IC 9-24-4-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 4.5. To receive a chauffeur's license, an individual must surrender any and all driver's licenses issued to the individual by Indiana or any other jurisdiction.

SECTION 41. IC 9-24-11-5.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013, SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.5. If a permittee or licensee has under IC 9-24-9-2(c): **IC 9-24-9-2(d):**

(1) indicated on the application that the permittee or licensee is a veteran of the armed forces of the United States and wishes to have an indication of the permittee's or licensee's veteran status appear on the license or permit; and

(2) provided proof of discharge or separation, other than a dishonorable discharge, from the armed forces of the United States;

an indication of the permittee's or licensee's veteran status shall be shown on the license or permit.

SECTION 42. IC 9-24-12-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2011, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), the application for renewal of:

(1) an operator's license;

(2) a chauffeur's license;

(3) a public passenger chauffeur's license; or

(4) an identification card;

under this article may be filed not more than twelve (12) months before the expiration date of the license or identification card held by the applicant.

(b) When the applicant complies with IC 9-24-9-2.5(5) through IC 9-24-9-2.5(10), an application for renewal of a driver's license in subsection (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) may be filed not more than one (1) month before the expiration date of the license held by the applicant.

(c) When the applicant complies with IC 9-24-16-3.5(1)(E) through IC 9-24-16-3.5(1)(J), an application for renewal of an identification card in under subsection (a)(5) (a)(4) may be filed not more than one (1) month before the expiration date of the identification card held by the applicant.

SECTION 43. IC 9-24-16-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013, SECTION 60, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) An identification card must have the



same dimensions and shape as a driver's license, but the card must have markings sufficient to distinguish the card from a driver's license.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (g), the front side of an identification card must contain the expiration date of the identification card and the following information about the individual to whom the card is being issued:

(1) Full legal name.

(2) The address of the principal residence.

(3) Date of birth.

(4) Date of issue and date of expiration.

(5) Unique identification number.

(6) Gender.

(7) Weight.

(8) Height.

(9) Color of eyes and hair.

(10) Reproduction of the signature of the individual identified.

(11) Whether the individual is blind (as defined in IC 12-7-2-21(1)).

(12) If the individual is less than eighteen (18) years of age at the time of issuance, the dates on which the individual will become:

(A) eighteen (18) years of age; and

(B) twenty-one (21) years of age.

(13) If the individual is at least eighteen (18) years of age but less than twenty-one (21) years of age at the time of issuance, the date on which the individual will become twenty-one (21) years of age.(14) Digital photograph of the individual.

(c) The information contained on the identification card as required by subsection (b)(12) or (b)(13) for an individual who is less than twenty-one (21) years of age at the time of issuance shall be printed prominently on the permit or license. identification card.

(d) If the individual:

(1) has indicated on the application that the individual is a veteran of the armed forces of the United States and wishes to have an indication of the applicant's veteran status appear on the identification card; and

(2) has provided proof of any discharge or separation, other than a dishonorable discharge, from the armed forces of the United States;

an indication of the individual's veteran status shall be shown on the identification card.

(e) If the applicant for an identification card submits information to the bureau concerning the applicant's medical condition, the bureau



shall place an identifying symbol on the face of the identification card to indicate that the applicant has a medical condition of note. The bureau shall include information on the identification card that briefly describes the medical condition of the holder of the card. The information must be printed in a manner that alerts a person reading the card to the existence of the medical condition. The applicant for an identification card is responsible for the accuracy of the information concerning the medical condition submitted under this subsection. The bureau shall inform an applicant that submission of information under this subsection is voluntary.

(f) An identification card issued by the state to an individual who:

(1) has a valid, unexpired nonimmigrant visa or has nonimmigrant visa status for entry in the United States;

(2) has a pending application for asylum in the United States;

(3) has a pending or approved application for temporary protected status in the United States;

(4) has approved deferred action status; or

(5) has a pending application for adjustment of status to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States or conditional permanent residence status in the United States;

must be clearly identified as a temporary identification card. A temporary identification card issued under this subsection may not be renewed without the presentation of valid documentary evidence proving that the holder of the identification card's temporary status has been extended.

(g) For purposes of subsection (b), an individual certified as a program participant in the address confidentiality program under IC 5-26.5 is not required to provide the address of the individual's principal residence, but may provide an address designated by the office of the attorney general under IC 5-26.5 as the address of the individual's principal residence.

SECTION 44. IC 9-29-5-43, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 65, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.259-2013, SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 43. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, subsection (d), subsection (b), and IC 9-29-1-2, registration fees collected under this chapter shall be paid into the state general fund for credit to the motor vehicle highway account under IC 8-14-1.

(b) Fees collected for the registration of off-road vehicles and snowmobiles under IC 9-18-2.5 and collected as set forth in section 44 of this chapter shall be deposited in the off-road vehicle and



snowmobile fund established under IC 14-16-1-30.

SECTION 45. IC 9-29-6-1.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.5. (a) The fee for the annual registration required under IC 9-20-5-7 is twenty-five dollars (\$25). The fee imposed under this section must be deposited in the motor carrier regulation fund established under IC 8-2.1-23.

(b) The department of state revenue may impose an additional permit fee in an amount that may not exceed one dollar (\$1) on each trip permitted for a vehicle registered under IC 9-20-5-7. This additional fee is for the use and maintenance of an automated vehicle identifier. The fee imposed under this subsection is in addition to the permit fee required under section 1 of this chapter. The fee imposed under this section must be deposited in the motor carrier regulation fund established under IC 8-2.1-23.

SECTION 46. IC 9-30-13-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.207-2013, SECTION 9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.207-2013, SECTION 10, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013, SECTION 111, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The bureau shall, upon receiving an order of a court issued under *IC* 31-14-12-4 or IC 31-16-12-7 (or IC 31-14-12-4 before its repeal), suspend the driving privileges of the person who is the subject of the order.

(b) The bureau may not reinstate driving privileges suspended under this section until the bureau receives an order allowing reinstatement from the court that issued the order for suspension.

(c) Upon receiving an order for suspension under subsection (a), the bureau shall promptly mail a notice to the last known address of the person who is the subject of the order, stating the following:

(1) That the person's driving privileges are suspended, beginning *five* (5) *eighteen* (18) business days after the date the notice is mailed, and that the suspension will terminate ten (10) business days after the bureau receives an order allowing reinstatement from the court that issued the suspension order.

(2) That the person has the right to petition for reinstatement of driving privileges to the court that issued the order for suspension.(3) That the person may be granted restricted driving privileges under IC 9-24-15-6.7 if the person otherwise qualifies and can prove that public transportation is unavailable for travel by the person:

(A) to and from the person's regular place of employment;

- (B) in the course of the person's regular employment;
- (C) to and from the person's place of worship; or



(D) to participate in parenting time with the petitioner's children consistent with a court order granting parenting time.

(d) A person who operates a motor vehicle in violation of this section commits a Class A infraction, unless:

(1) the person's driving privileges are suspended under this section; and

(2) the person has been granted restricted driving privileges under IC 9-24-15 as a result of the suspension under this section.

(e) The bureau shall, upon receiving a record of conviction of a person upon a charge of driving a motor vehicle while the driving privileges, permit, or license of the person is suspended, fix the period of suspension in accordance with the recommendation of the court. If the court fails to recommend a term of suspension, or recommends a fixed term that is not prescribed by statute, the bureau shall impose the applicable period of suspension required by statute.

SECTION 47. IC 9-32-11-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The license issued to a factory branch, an automobile auctioneer, a transfer dealer, or a dealer under this chapter:

(1) must specify the location of each place of business; and

(2) shall be conspicuously displayed at each business location.

(b) If a licensee's business name or location is changed, the licensee shall notify the secretary not later than ten (10) days after the change and remit the fee required under IC 9-29-17. The secretary shall endorse the change on the license if the secretary determines that the change is not subject to other provisions of this article.

(c) A dealer who uses the Internet or another computer network to facilitate the sale of motor vehicles as set forth in section 2(c) of this chapter shall notify the secretary not later than ten (10) days after any change in a name, address, or telephone number documented in business records located outside Indiana that have been created in transactions made in Indiana by the dealer. A report made under this subsection is not subject to the fee required under IC 9-29-17.

(d) A dealer who wants to change a location must submit to the secretary an application for approval of the change. The application must be accompanied by an affidavit from:

(1) the person charged with enforcing a zoning ordinance described in this subsection; or

(2) the zoning enforcement officer under IC 36-7-4, if one exists; who has jurisdiction over the real property where the applicant wants to operate as a dealer. The affidavit must state that the proposed



location is zoned for the operation of a dealer's establishment. The secretary may not approve a change of location or endorse a change of location on the dealer's license until the dealer provides the affidavit.

(e) For the purpose of this section, an offsite **sales** license issued under section 11 of this chapter does not constitute a change of location.

SECTION 48. IC 9-32-13-23, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.152-2013, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 23.** (a) It is an unfair practice for a manufacturer, distributor, officer, or agent to do any of the following:

(1) Require, coerce, or attempt to coerce a new motor vehicle dealer in Indiana to:

(A) change the location of the dealership;

(B) make any substantial alterations to the use of franchises; or

(C) make any substantial alterations to the dealership premises or facilities;

if to do so would be unreasonable or would not be justified by current economic conditions or reasonable business considerations. This subdivision does not prevent a manufacturer or distributor from establishing and enforcing reasonable facility requirements. However, a motor vehicle dealer may elect to use for the facility alteration locally sourced materials or supplies that are substantially similar to those required by the manufacturer or distributor, subject to the approval of the manufacturer or distributor.

(2) Require, coerce, or attempt to coerce a new motor vehicle dealer in Indiana to divest ownership of or management in another line or make of motor vehicles that the dealer has established in its dealership facilities with the prior written approval of the manufacturer or distributor.

(3) Establish or acquire wholly or partially a franchisor owned outlet engaged wholly or partially in a substantially identical business to that of the franchisee within the exclusive territory granted the franchisee by the franchise agreement or, if no exclusive territory is designated, competing unfairly with the franchisee within a reasonable market area. A franchisor is not considered to be competing unfairly if operating:

(A) a business for less than two (2) years;

(B) in a bona fide retail operation that is for sale to any qualified independent person at a fair and reasonable price; or



(C) in a bona fide relationship in which an independent person has made a significant investment subject to loss in the business operation and can reasonably expect to acquire majority ownership or managerial control of the business on reasonable terms and conditions.

(4) Require a dealer, as a condition of granting or continuing a franchise, approving the transfer of ownership or assets of a new motor vehicle dealer, or approving a successor to a new motor vehicle dealer to:

(A) construct a new dealership facility;

(B) modify or change the location of an existing dealership; or

(C) grant the manufacturer or distributor control rights over any real property owned, leased, controlled, or occupied by the dealer.

(5) Prohibit a dealer from representing more than one (1) line make of motor vehicles from the same or a modified facility if:

(A) reasonable facilities exist for the combined operations;

(B) the dealer meets reasonable capitalization requirements for the original line make and complies with the reasonable facilities requirements of the manufacturer or distributor; and (C) the prohibition is not justified by the reasonable business

considerations of the manufacturer or distributor.

Subdivisions (3) through (5) do not apply to recreational vehicle manufacturer franchisors.

(b) This section does not prohibit the enforcement of a voluntary agreement between the manufacturer or distributor and the franchisee where separate and valuable consideration has been offered and accepted.

SECTION 49. IC 9-32-16-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter shall be administered by the secretary.

(b) The secretary:

(1) shall employ employees, including a director, investigators, or attorneys, necessary for the administration of this article; and

(2) shall fix the compensation of the employees with the approval of the budget agency.

(c) It is unlawful for the director or an officer, employee, or designee of the secretary to use for personal benefit or the benefit of others records or other information obtained by or filed with the dealer services division under this article that are confidential. This article does not authorize the director or an officer, employee, or designee of



the secretary to disclose the record or information, except in accordance with this chapter.

(d) This article does not create or diminish a privilege or exemption that exists at common law, by statute or rule, or otherwise.

(e) The secretary may develop and implement dealer's and vehicle purchaser's education initiatives to inform dealers and the public about the offer or sale of vehicles, with particular emphasis on the prevention and detection of fraud involving vehicle sales. In developing and implementing these initiatives, the secretary may collaborate with public and nonprofit organizations with an interest in consumer education. The secretary may accept a grant or donation from a person that is not affiliated with the dealer industry or from a nonprofit organization, regardless of whether the organization is affiliated with the dealer industry, to develop and implement consumer education initiatives. This subsection does not authorize the secretary to require participation or monetary contributions of a registrant in an education program.

(f) Fees and funds accruing from the administration of this article:
(1) described in IC 9-32-7-1(d) shall be accounted for by the secretary and shall be deposited with the treasurer of state to be deposited in the dealer compliance account established by IC 9-32-7-1(a);

(2) described in IC 9-32-7-2(b) shall be accounted for by the secretary and shall be deposited with the treasurer of state to be deposited in the dealer enforcement account established by IC 9-32-7-2(a);

(3) described in IC 9-29-17-14(b)(2), IC 9-29-17-14(c)(2), IC 9-29-17-14(c)(3), IC 9-29-17-15, and IC 9-32-7-3(2) shall be accounted for by the secretary and shall be deposited with the treasurer of state to be deposited in the motor vehicle highway account under IC 8-14-1;

(4) described in IC 9-32-7-3(3) shall be accounted for by the secretary and shall be deposited with the treasurer of state to be deposited with the state police department, and these fees and funds are continuously appropriated to the department for its use in enforcing odometer laws;

(5) described in IC 9-32-7-3(4) shall be accounted for by the secretary and shall be deposited with the treasurer of state to be deposited with the attorney general, and these fees and funds are continuously appropriated to the attorney general for use in enforcing odometer laws; and

(6) described in IC 9-29-1-4(a) shall be accounted for by the



secretary and shall be deposited with the treasurer of state to be deposited in the state police building account.

Expenses incurred in the administration of this article shall be paid from the state general fund upon appropriation being made for the expenses in the manner provided by law for the making of those appropriations. However, grants and donations under subsection (e), costs of investigations, and civil penalties recovered under this chapter shall be deposited by the treasurer of state in the dealer enforcement account established by IC 9-32-7-2. The funds in the dealer compliance account established by IC 9-32-7-1 must be available, with the approval of the budget agency, to augment and supplement the funds appropriated for the administration of this article.

(g) In connection with the administration and enforcement of this article, the attorney general shall render all necessary assistance to the director upon the request of the director. To that end, the attorney general shall employ legal and other professional services as are necessary to adequately and fully perform the service under the direction of the director as the demands of the division require. Expenses incurred by the attorney general for the purposes stated under this subsection are chargeable against and shall be paid out of funds appropriated to the attorney general for the administration of the attorney general's office. The attorney general may authorize the director and the director's designee to represent the director and the division in any proceeding involving enforcement or defense of this article.

(h) The secretary, director, and employees of the division are not liable in an individual capacity, except to the state, for an act done or omitted in connection with the performance of their duties under this article.

(i) The director and each attorney or investigator designated by the secretary:

(1) are police officers of the state;

(2) have all the powers and duties of police officers in conducting investigations for violations of this article, or in serving any process, notice, or order issued by an officer, authority, or court in connection with the enforcement of this article; and

(3) comprise the enforcement department of the division.

The division is a criminal justice agency for purposes of IC 5-2-4-1(3) and IC 10-13-3-6.

(j) The provisions of this article delegating and granting power to the secretary, division, and director shall be liberally construed to the end that:



(1) the practice or commission of fraud may be prohibited and prevented; and

(2) disclosure of sufficient and reliable information in order to afford reasonable opportunity for the exercise of independent judgment of the persons involved may be assured.

(k) Copies of any statements and documents filed in the office of the secretary and of any records of the secretary certified by the director are admissible in any prosecution, action, suit, or proceeding based on, arising out of, or under this article to the same effect as the original of the statement, document, or record would be if actually produced.

SECTION 50. IC 9-32-16-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. Information or documents obtained by the division in the course of an investigation, including an audit conducted under section 6(c) of this chapter, are law enforcement records for the purposes **of** IC 5-14-3-4(b)(1).

SECTION 51. IC 10-11-2-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.135-2013, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26. (a) The superintendent may assign qualified persons who are not state police officers to supervise or operate permanent or portable weigh stations. A person assigned under this section may stop, inspect, and issue citations to operators of trucks and trailers having a declared gross weight of at least ten thousand one (10,001) pounds and buses at a permanent or portable weigh station or while operating a clearly marked Indiana state police vehicle for violations of the following:

(1) IC 6-1.1-7-10.
(2) IC 6-6-1.1-1202.
(3) IC 6-6-2.5.
(4) IC 6-6-4.1-12.
(5) IC 8-2.1.
(6) IC 9-18.
(7) IC 9-19.
(8) IC 9-20.
(9) IC 9-21-7-2 through IC 9-21-7-11.
(10) IC 9-21-8-41 pertaining to the duty to obey an official traffic control device for a weigh station.
(11) IC 9-21-8-45 through IC 9-21-8-48.
(12) IC 9-21-9.
(13) IC 9-21-15.
(14) IC 9-21-21.

(15) IC 9-24-1-1 through IC 9-24-1-1.5.



(16) IC 9-24-1-7. (17) Except as provided in subsection (c), IC 9-24-1-6, IC 9-24-6-16, IC 9-24-6-17, and IC 9-24-6-18, commercial driver's license. (18) IC 9-24-4. (19) IC 9-24-5. (20) IC 9-24-11-4. (21) IC 9-24-13-3. (22) IC 9-24-18-1 through IC 9-24-18-2. (23) IC 9-25-4-3. (24) IC 9-28-4. (25) IC 9-28-5. (26) IC 9-28-6. (27) IC 9-29-5-11 through IC 9-29-5-13. (28) IC 9-29-5-42. (29) IC 9-29-6-1. (30) (**29**) IC 10-14-8. (31) (30) IC 13-17-5-1, IC 13-17-5-2, IC 13-17-5-3, or IC 13-17-5-4. (32) (31) IC 13-30-2-1.

(b) For the purpose of enforcing this section, a person assigned under this section may detain a person in the same manner as a law enforcement officer under IC 34-28-5-3.

(c) A person assigned under this section may not enforce IC 9-24-6-14 or IC 9-24-6-15.

(d) Subsection (a)(29) expires on the date that IC 9-29-6-1 expires.

SECTION 52. IC 10-13-8-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.38-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. A broadcaster or an electronic billboard operator participating in the blue alert program shall immediately display the information that the department considers necessary to the general public in accordance with the blue alert **plan program** agreement between the department and the broadcaster or operator.

SECTION 53. IC 10-13-8-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.38-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. A law enforcement agency that locates or apprehends the suspect or locates the missing **law enforcement** officer described in section 8(a)(1) of this chapter shall notify the department as soon as practicable.

SECTION 54. IC 10-14-9-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.78-2013, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "highway route



controlled quantity (HRCQ) radioactive material" or "HRCQ materials" means a quantity within a single package that exceeds the least of the following:

(1) For special form Class 7 (radioactive) material, three thousand (3,000) times the A₁ value of the radionuclides listed in 49 CFR 173.435.

(2) For normal form Class 7 (radioactive) material, three thousand (3,000) times the A₂ value of the radionuclides listed in 49 CFR 173.435.

(3) One thousand (1,000) TBq (27,000 Ci).

SECTION 55. IC 11-12-3.7-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.108-2010, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) An advisory board shall develop a forensic diversion plan to provide an adult who:

(1) has a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or both a mental illness and an addictive disorder; and

(2) has been charged with a crime that is not a violent crime;

an opportunity, pre-conviction or post-conviction, to receive community treatment and other services addressing mental health and addictions instead of or in addition to incarceration.

(b) The forensic diversion plan may include any combination of the following program components:

(1) Pre-conviction diversion for adults with mental illness.

(2) Pre-conviction diversion for adults with addictive disorders.

(3) Post-conviction diversion for adults with mental illness.

(4) Post-conviction diversion for adults with addictive disorders.(c) In developing a plan, the advisory board must consider the

ability of existing programs and resources within the community, including:

(1) a problem solving court established under IC 33-23-16;

(2) a court alcohol and drug program certified under IC 12-23-14-13;

(3) treatment providers certified by the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-23-1-6 or $\frac{12-21-2-3(a)(5)}{12-21-2-3(5)}$; IC 12-21-2-3(5); and

(4) other public and private agencies.

(d) Development of a forensic diversion program plan under this chapter or IC 11-12-2-3 does not require implementation of a forensic diversion program.

(e) The advisory board may:

(1) operate the program;

(2) contract with existing public or private agencies to operate one



(1) or more components of the program; or

(3) take any combination of actions under subdivisions (1) or (2).

(f) Any treatment services provided under the forensic diversion program:

(1) for addictions must be provided by an entity that is certified by the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-23-1-6; or

(2) for mental health must be provided by an entity that is:

(A) certified by the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-21-2-3(a)(5); IC 12-21-2-3(5);

(B) accredited by an accrediting body approved by the division of mental health and addiction; or

(C) licensed to provide mental health services under IC 25.

SECTION 56. IC 12-7-2-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 172, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 35. "Committee" means the following:

(1) For purposes of IC 12-15-33, the meaning set forth in IC 12-15-33-1.

(2) For purposes of IC 12-17.2-3.3, the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-3.3-1.

(3) For the purposes of IC 12-17.2-3.7, **IC 12-17.2-3.6**, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-3.7-1. **IC 12-17.2-3.6-1**.

SECTION 57. IC 12-7-2-75.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 173, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 75.7. "Eligible child", for purposes of IC 12-17.2-3.7, **IC 12-17.2-3.6**, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-3.7-2. **IC 12-17.2-3.6-2.**

SECTION 58. IC 12-7-2-76.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 174, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 76.2. "Eligible provider", for purposes of IC 12-17.2-3.7, IC 12-17.2-3.6, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-3.7-3. **IC 12-17.2-3.6-3.**

SECTION 59. IC 12-7-2-76.3, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 175, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 76.3. "Eligible services", for purposes of IC 12-17.2-3.7, IC 12-17.2-3.6, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-3.7-4. **IC 12-17.2-3.6-4.**

SECTION 60. IC 12-7-2-91, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 176, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 91. "Fund" means the following:



(1) For purposes of IC 12-12-1-9, the fund described in IC 12-12-1-9.

(2) For purposes of IC 12-15-20, the meaning set forth in IC 12-15-20-1.

(3) For purposes of IC 12-17-12, the meaning set forth in IC 12-17-12-4.

(4) For purposes of IC 12-17.2-3.7, **IC 12-17.2-3.6**, the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-3.7-5. **IC 12-17.2-3.6-5.**

(5) For purposes of IC 12-17.6, the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.6-1-3.

(6) For purposes of IC 12-23-2, the meaning set forth in IC 12-23-2-1.

(7) For purposes of IC 12-23-18, the meaning set forth in IC 12-23-18-4.

(8) For purposes of IC 12-24-6, the meaning set forth in IC 12-24-6-1.

(9) For purposes of IC 12-24-14, the meaning set forth in IC 12-24-14-1.

(10) For purposes of IC 12-30-7, the meaning set forth in IC 12-30-7-3.

SECTION 61. IC 12-7-2-93.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 177, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 93.7. "Grant", for purposes of IC 12-17.2-5, IC 12-17.2-3.6, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-3.7-6. IC 12-17.2-3.6-6.

SECTION 62. IC 12-7-2-135.8, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 178, AND AS ADDED BY P.L.267-2013, SECTION 1, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 135.8. (a) "Paths to QUALITY program", for purposes of *HC* 12-17.2-2-14, IC 12-17.2-2-14.2 and *HC* 12-17.2-3.7, IC 12-17.2-3.6, refers to the paths to QUALITY program refers to the program established in IC 12-17.2-2-14.2(b).

(b) "Paths to QUALITY program", for purposes of *IC* 12-17.2-3.7, IC 12-17.2-3.8, *has the meaning set forth in IC* 12-17.2-3.8-1.

SECTION 63. IC 12-7-2-146, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 179, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.267-2013, SECTION 2, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 146. "Program" refers to the following:

(1) For purposes of IC 12-8-12.5, the meaning set forth in IC 12-8-12.5-1.



(2) For purposes of IC 12-10-7, the adult guardianship services program established by IC 12-10-7-5.

(3) For purposes of IC 12-10-10, the meaning set forth in IC 12-10-10-5.

(4) For purposes of IC 12-17.2-2-14, **IC 12-17.2-2-14.2**, the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-2-14. **IC 12-17.2-2-14.2(a)**.

(5) For purposes of IC 12-17.2-3.7, **IC 12-17.2-3.6**, the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-3.7-7. **IC 12-17.2-3.6-7**.

(4) (6) For purposes of IC 12-17.2-3.7, **IC 12-17.2-3.8**, the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.2-3.7.5. **IC 12-17.2-3.8-2**.

(5) (6) (7) For purposes of IC 12-17.6, the meaning set forth in IC 12-17.6-1-5.

SECTION 64. IC 12-15-16-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 197, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) This section applies to Medicaid disproportionate share payments for the state fiscal year beginning:

(1) July 1, 2012, if hospital fees authorized under P.L.229-2011, SECTION 281 or authorized to be transferred and used for payments are used as state share dollars for the payments; and

(2) July 1, 2013, and for each state fiscal year after, for which hospital fees authorized under IC 16-21-10 are used as state share dollars for the payments.

(b) As used in this section, "hospital assessment fee committee" refers to the committee established by IC 16-21-10-7.

(c) As used in this section, "hospital specific limit" refers to the hospital specific limit provided under 42 U.S.C. 1396r-4(g).

(d) As used in this section, "municipal hospital payment amount" means, concerning a hospital established and operated under IC 16-22-2 or IC 16-23, an amount equal to the lesser of:

(1) the hospital specific limit for the hospital for the state fiscal year; or

(2) the hospital's net 2009 supplemental payment amount.

(e) As used in this section, "nongovernmental hospital" refers to a hospital that is licensed under IC 16-21-2, that is not a unit of state or local government, and is not owned or operated by a unit of state or local government.

(f) As used in this section, "SECTION 281 hospital assessment fee committee" refers to the hospital assessment fee committee established by P.L.229-2011, SECTION 281, subsection (e).

(g) The following providers are eligible for Medicaid disproportionate share payments under this section:



(1) A hospital or psychiatric institution described in Attachment 4.19-A, Section III, page 6.1(a) of the Medicaid state plan in effect July 1, 2011.

(2) A hospital that satisfies the following for the state fiscal year for which Medicaid disproportionate share payments are made under this section:

(A) A nongovernmental hospital that:

(i) has a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate for the state fiscal year that is at least equal to the mean Medicaid inpatient utilization rate as calculated for purposes of determining Medicaid disproportionate share eligibility, but does not equal or exceed one (1) standard deviation above the mean Medicaid inpatient utilization rate; and

(ii) satisfies the obstetric service provisions of 42 U.S.C. 1396r-4(d).

(B) A hospital established and operated under IC 16-22-2 or IC 16-23 that:

(i) has a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate for the state fiscal year greater than one percent (1%); and

(ii) satisfies the obstetric service provisions of 42 U.S.C. 1396r-4(d).

(3) A nongovernmental hospital that satisfies the following for the state fiscal year for which Medicaid disproportionate share payments are made under this section:

(A) The hospital has a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate for the state fiscal year that is less than the mean Medicaid inpatient utilization rate, as calculated for purposes of determining Medicaid disproportionate share eligibility, but is at least greater than one percent (1%).

(B) The hospital satisfies the obstetric service provisions of 42 U.S.C. 1396r-4(d).

(h) This subsection applies to a payment of Medicaid disproportionate share payments, if any, to hospitals described in subsection (g)(2) and (g)(3). For Medicaid disproportionate share payments for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2012, the office, subject to approval by the SECTION 281 hospital assessment fee committee, may develop and implement a Medicaid state plan amendment that provides Medicaid disproportionate share payments for the hospitals described in:

(1) subsection (g)(2), as long as each hospital and psychiatric institution described in subsection (g)(1) has received a Medicaid disproportionate share payment for the state fiscal year in an



amount equal to either:

(A) the hospital specific limit; or

(B) the municipal hospital payment amount;

for the hospital or psychiatric institution for the state fiscal year; and

(2) subsection (g)(3), as long as each hospital described in subsection (g)(2) has received a Medicaid disproportionate share payment for the state fiscal year in an amount equal to the hospital specific limit for the hospital for the state fiscal year.

(i) This subsection applies to a payment of Medicaid disproportionate share payments, if any, to hospitals described in subsection (g)(2) and (g)(3). For Medicaid disproportionate share payments for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, and each state fiscal year thereafter under this section, the office, subject to the approval by the hospital assessment fee committee, may develop and implement a Medicaid state plan amendment that:

(1) renews, for state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, and each state fiscal year thereafter under this section, the Medicaid disproportionate share provisions of Attachment 4.19-A, Section III, page 6.1(a) of the Medicaid state plan in effect on July 1, 2011;

(2) provides Medicaid disproportionate share payments for the hospitals described in subsection (g)(2), as long as each hospital and psychiatric institution described in subsection (g)(1) has received a Medicaid disproportionate share payment for the state fiscal year in an amount equal to the:

(A) hospital specific limit; or

(B) municipal hospital payment amount;

for the hospital or psychiatric institution for the state fiscal year; and

(3) provides Medicaid disproportionate share payments for the hospitals described in subsection (g)(3), as long as each hospital described in subsection (g)(2) has received a Medicaid disproportionate share payment for the state fiscal year in an amount equal to the hospital specific limit of the hospital for the state fiscal year.

(j) This subsection does not apply to Medicaid disproportionate share payments made to hospitals described in subsection (g)(2)(B) under Attachment 4.19-A, Section III, page 6.1(a) of the Medicaid state plan in effect on July 1, 2011, or any renewal. Nothing in this section:

(1) requires that the hospitals described in subsection (g)(2) or

(g)(3) receive Medicaid disproportionate share payments for a



state fiscal year;

(2) requires that the hospital hospitals described in subsection (g)(2) or (g)(3) receive Medicaid disproportionate share payments for a state fiscal year in an amount equal to the respective hospital specific limits for the state fiscal year; or

(3) prescribes how Medicaid disproportionate share payments are to be distributed among the hospitals described in:

(A) subsection (g)(2); or

(B) subsection (g)(3).

(k) Nothing in this section prohibits the use of unexpended federal Medicaid disproportionate share allotments for a state fiscal year under a program authorized by the SECTION 281 hospital assessment fee committee or the hospital assessment fee committee, as long as each hospital listed in subsection (g)(1), (g)(2), and (g)(3) has received Medicaid disproportionate share payments for the state fiscal year equal to the hospital specific limit for the hospital for the state fiscal year.

SECTION 65. IC 12-15-35-51, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 207, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2013, SECTION 1, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 51. (a) As used in this section, "advisory committee" refers to the mental health Medicaid quality advisory committee established by subsection (b).

(b) The mental health Medicaid quality advisory committee is established. The advisory committee consists of the following members:

(1) The director of the office or the director's designee, who shall serve as chairperson of the advisory committee.

(2) The director of the division of mental health and addiction or the director's designee.

(3) A representative of a statewide mental health advocacy organization.

(4) A representative of a statewide mental health provider organization.

(5) A representative from a managed care organization that participates in the state's Medicaid program.

(6) A member with expertise in psychiatric research representing an academic institution.

(7) A pharmacist licensed under IC 25-26.

(8) The commissioner of the department of correction or the commissioner's designee.

The governor shall make the appointments for a term of four (4) years



under subdivisions (3) through (7) and fill any vacancy on the advisory committee.

(c) The office shall staff the advisory committee. The expenses of the advisory committee shall be paid by the office.

(d) Each member of the advisory committee who is not a state employee is entitled to the minimum salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). The member is also entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency.

(e) Each member of the advisory committee who is a state employee is entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency.

(f) The affirmative votes of a majority of the voting members appointed to the advisory committee are required by the advisory committee to take action on any measure.

(g) The advisory committee shall advise the office and make recommendations concerning the clinical use of mental health and addiction medications, including the implementation of IC 12-15-35.5-7(c), and consider the following:

(1) Peer reviewed medical literature.

(2) Observational studies.

(3) Health economic studies.

(4) Input from physicians and patients.

(5) Any other information determined by the advisory committee to be appropriate.

(h) The office shall report recommendations made by the advisory committee to the drug utilization review board established by section 19 of this chapter.

(i) The office shall report the following information to the *select joint commission on Medicaid oversight established by IC 2-5-26-3: health finance commission established by IC 2-5-23-3:*

(1) The advisory committee's advice and recommendations made under this section.

(2) The number of restrictions implemented under IC 12-15-35.5-7(c) and the outcome of each restriction.

(3) The transition of individuals who are aged, blind, or disabled to the risk based managed care program. *This information shall*



also be reported to the health finance commission established by IC 2-5-23-3.

(4) Any decision by the office to change the health care delivery system in which Medicaid is provided to recipients.

(j) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the initial members appointed to the advisory committee under this section are appointed for the following terms:

(1) Individuals appointed under subsection (b)(3) and (b)(4) are appointed for a term of four (4) years.

(2) An individual appointed under subsection (b)(5) is appointed for a term of three (3) years.

(3) An individual appointed under subsection (b)(6) is appointed for a term of two (2) years.

(4) An individual appointed under subsection (b)(7) is appointed for a term of one (1) year.

This subsection expires December 31, 2013.

SECTION 66. IC 12-17.2-2-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 210, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 14: (a) As used in this section, "program" refers to the paths to QUALITY program established by subsection (b).

(b) The paths to QUALITY program is established. The program is a voluntary child care facility quality rating and improvement system implemented by the division in partnership with the following organizations under the trademark "Paths to QUALITY":

(1) Indiana Association for the Education of Young Children.

(2) Indiana Association for Child Care Resource and Referral.

(3) Indiana Head Start Collaboration Office.

(4) Department of education established by IC 20-19-3-1.

(5) Early Childhood Alliance.

(6) 4C of Southern Indiana.

(c) The program shall use four (4) levels at which a child care facility participating in the program may be rated, with level 4 indicating the highest level of quality child care.

(d) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to administer the paths to QUALITY program rating system. The rules must include procedures that outline eligibility and application procedures for the program, the establishment of procedures relating to the rating process, and the establishment or alteration of standards used in the rating process.

(c) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish the steering council of the program to make recommendations to the division on program issues and resources. Rules adopted under



this subsection must require that council members be appointed from partner organizations that assist in the implementation of the program and serve to coordinate the program plan.

SECTION 67. IC 12-17.2-2-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.287-2013, SECTION 5, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 14. (a) The state police department shall release the results of a national criminal history background check conducted in accordance with this article to the division.

(b) The division may not release records received from the state police department under subsection (a).

SECTION 68. IC 12-17.2-2-14.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14.2. (a) As used in this section, "program" refers to the paths to QUALITY program established by subsection (b).

(b) The paths to QUALITY program is established. The program is a voluntary child care facility quality rating and improvement system implemented by the division in partnership with the following organizations under the trademark "Paths to QUALITY":

(1) Indiana Association for the Education of Young Children.

(2) Indiana Association for Child Care Resource and Referral.

(3) Indiana Head Start Collaboration Office.

(4) Department of education established by IC 20-19-3-1.

(5) Early Childhood Alliance.

(6) 4C of Southern Indiana.

(c) The program shall use four (4) levels at which a child care facility participating in the program may be rated, with Level 4 indicating the highest level of quality child care.

(d) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to administer the paths to QUALITY program rating system. The rules must include procedures that outline eligibility and application procedures for the program, the establishment of procedures relating to the rating process, and the establishment or alteration of standards used in the rating process.

(e) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish the steering council of the program to make recommendations to the division on program issues and resources. Rules adopted under this subsection must require that council members be appointed from partner organizations that assist in the implementation of the program and serve to coordinate the program plan.



SECTION 69. IC 12-17.2-2-14.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14.4. (a) The state police department shall release the results of a national criminal history background check conducted in accordance with this article to the division.

(b) The division may not release records received from the state police department under subsection (a).

SECTION 70. IC 12-17.2-3.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]:

Chapter 3.6. Early Learning Advisory Committee; Early Education Matching Grant Program

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "committee" refers to the early learning advisory committee established by section 8 of this chapter.

Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "eligible child" refers to a child who qualifies as an eligible child under section 15 of this chapter.

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "eligible provider" refers to an entity that qualifies as an eligible provider under section 16 of this chapter.

Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "eligible services" refers to a program of early education services that meets the standards of quality recognized by a Level 3 or Level 4 paths to QUALITY program rating.

Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "fund" refers to the early education matching grant program fund established by section 11 of this chapter.

Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "grant" refers to a matching grant from the fund.

Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "program" refers to the early education matching grant program established by this chapter.

Sec. 8. (a) The early learning advisory committee is established.

(b) The committee consists of six (6) members appointed by the governor as follows:

(1) A representative of the department of education.

(2) A representative of the division.

(3) A representative of a Head Start program under 42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.

(4) A representative of a family advocacy group that has an interest in early childhood education.

(5) An early childhood education provider.



(6) A representative of business with an interest in early childhood education.

(c) The governor shall appoint the chairperson of the committee.

(d) The division shall staff the committee.

(e) The expenses of the committee shall be paid from the funds of the division.

(f) Each member of the committee who is not a state employee is entitled to the minimum salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). The member is also entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency.

(g) Each member of the committee who is a state employee but who is not a member of the general assembly is entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency.

(h) Each member of the committee who is a member of the general assembly is entitled to receive the same per diem, mileage, and travel allowances paid to legislative members of interim study committees established by the legislative council. Per diem, mileage, and travel allowances paid under this section shall be paid from appropriations made to the legislative council or the legislative services agency.

(i) The affirmative votes of a majority of the voting members appointed to the committee are required for the committee to take action on any measure, including final reports.

Sec. 9. (a) The committee shall do the following:

(1) Conduct periodic statewide needs assessments concerning the quality and availability of early education programs for children from birth to the age of school entry, including the availability of high quality prekindergarten education for low income children in Indiana.

(2) Identify opportunities for, and barriers to, collaboration and coordination among federally and state funded child development, child care, and early childhood education programs and services, including governmental agencies that administer the programs and services.



(3) Assess the capacity and effectiveness of two (2) and four (4) year public and private higher education institutions in Indiana for the support of development of early educators, including:

(A) professional development and career advancement plans; and

(B) practice or internships with Head Start or prekindergarten programs.

(4) Recommend to the division procedures, policies, and eligibility criteria for the program.

(5) Other duties as determined necessary by the chairperson of the committee.

(b) Not later than June 30 of each year, the committee shall develop and make recommendations to the governor and, in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6, to the legislative council concerning the results of the committee's work under this section.

Sec. 10. The division shall administer an early education matching grant program in compliance with this chapter. The division may establish procedures, forms, and standards to carry out this chapter. The office of the secretary may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to carry out this chapter.

Sec. 11. (a) The early education matching grant program fund is established for the purpose of providing matching grants to providers of eligible services. The fund shall be administered by the division.

(b) The fund consists of the following:

(1) Appropriations by the general assembly.

(2) Grants and gifts that the state receives for the fund under terms, obligations, and liabilities that the division considers appropriate.

(c) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public money may be invested. Interest that accrues from these investments shall be deposited in the fund.

(d) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund. The fund is a trust fund and may not be transferred to another fund under IC 4-9.1-1-7.

Sec. 12. The division shall establish an application process for grants from the fund.

Sec. 13. The division may award a grant from the fund to an applicant that:

(1) agrees to operate as an eligible provider;



(2) either:

(A) has obtained a matching gift or grant; or

(B) has a commitment for a matching gift or grant; from any combination of foundations, other nonprofit entities, individuals, or for-profit entities for the purposes of the applicant's program of eligible services;

(3) provides the division with a plan for use of the grant and any related matching funds that demonstrates to the satisfaction of the division that use of the grant and related matching funds will increase the number of eligible children receiving eligible services;

(4) enters into a written agreement with the division concerning the delivery of eligible services and the use of a grant provided under this chapter that incorporates the plan approved by the division under subdivision (3); and

(5) provides to the division any other information that the division determines necessary or appropriate for the grant.

Sec. 14. Foundations, nonprofit entities, individuals, and for-profit entities may contribute an amount to the fund:

(1) for the purposes of providing a matching gift or grant described in section 13(2) of this chapter; or

(2) as unrestricted funds.

Sec. 15. To qualify as an eligible child, the child must be:

(1) a member of a household with an annual income that does not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the federal poverty level;

(2) at least four (4) years of age and less than five (5) years of age when the child receives eligible services; and

(3) a resident of Indiana or otherwise have legal settlement in Indiana, as determined under IC 20-26-11.

Sec. 16. To qualify as an eligible provider, an applicant must: (1) be an entity other than an individual;

(2) provide eligible services to individuals for at least one hundred eighty (180) days per year;

(3) administer the kindergarten readiness assessment
(ISTAR-KR) adopted by the department of education to children receiving eligible services as required by the division;
(4) include a parental involvement component in the delivery of eligible services that is based on the requirements and guidelines established by the division;

(5) comply with the agreement with the division concerning the delivery of eligible services and the use of a grant



provided under this chapter; and

(6) comply with any other standards and procedures established under this chapter.

Sec. 17. The division shall monitor for compliance of a recipient of a grant with the terms of the grant.

Sec. 18. (a) The division shall monitor the educational outcomes resulting from the delivery of eligible services by eligible providers that receive a grant under this chapter over the period established by the division to evaluate the contribution that eligible services make toward improved education outcomes.

(b) The division shall provide the department of education with information necessary for the department of education to assign a child who receives early education services from a provider that participates in the program under this chapter a student testing number. Upon receipt of the information, the department of education shall assign the child a student testing number to track the child's educational growth and development.

(c) The department of education shall cooperate with the division as necessary or appropriate to assist the division to carry out this section, including the sharing of information related to the educational outcomes assigned a student testing number under subsection (b) to the extent permitted by the laws governing the disclosure of student information.

(d) Beginning in 2015, the division shall annually provide the committee, the governor, and (in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6) the legislative council a report of the findings of the division under this section in a form that complies with all laws governing the disclosure of student information.

SECTION 71. IC 12-17.2-3.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 211, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. (Early Learning Advisory Committee; Early Education Matching Grant Program).

SECTION 72. IC 12-17.2-3.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.267-2013, SECTION 3, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. (Early Education Evaluation Program).

SECTION 73. IC 12-17.2-3.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]:

Chapter 3.8. Early Education Evaluation Program

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "Paths to QUALITY program" refers to a voluntary quality rating and improvement system for child care administered:



(1) statewide by the division; and

(2) under the trademark "Paths to QUALITY".

Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "program" refers to the early education evaluation program established by section 3 of this chapter.

Sec. 3. The early education evaluation program is established to gather data concerning the school readiness of low income children who have received early education services through providers with programs of demonstrated quality that require parental involvement in the children's education.

Sec. 4. (a) The division shall conduct a study of the school readiness of low income children receiving early education services from providers that:

(1) meet the standards of quality recognized by a Level 3 or Level 4 Paths to QUALITY program rating; and

(2) require parental involvement based on the guidelines developed under section 7 of this chapter.

(b) The division shall select representative providers in multiple locations across Indiana who administer kindergarten readiness assessments and other indicators of school readiness to children receiving services from the providers to participate in the program. The division shall work with the department of education to assign student testing numbers to low income children completing kindergarten readiness assessments.

(c) Not later than October 1 of each year, the division shall prepare an annual report of the results of the program and provide the report to the governor, to the department of education, and, in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6, to the legislative council.

(d) The division shall administer the program, which must begin on July 1, 2013.

Sec. 5. (a) The early learning advisory committee is established to do the following:

(1) Conduct periodic statewide needs assessments concerning the quality and availability of early education programs for children from birth to the age of school entry, including the availability of high quality prekindergarten education for low income children in Indiana.

(2) Identify opportunities for, and barriers to, collaboration and coordination among federally and state funded child development, child care, and early childhood education programs and services, including governmental agencies that administer the programs and services.



(3) Assess the capacity and effectiveness of two (2) and four (4) year public and private higher education institutions in Indiana for the support of development of early educators, including:

(A) professional development and career advancement plans; and

(B) practice or internships with Head Start or prekindergarten programs.

(4) Other duties as determined necessary by the chairperson of the committee.

(5) Not later than June 30 of each year, develop and make recommendations to the governor and, in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6, to the legislative council concerning the results of the committee's work under subdivisions (1) through (4).

(b) The committee consists of six (6) members appointed by the governor as follows:

(1) A representative of the department of education.

(2) A representative of the division.

(3) A representative of a Head Start program under 42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.

(4) A representative of a family advocacy group that has an interest in early childhood education.

(5) An early childhood education provider.

(6) A representative of business with an interest in early childhood education.

(c) The governor shall appoint the chairperson of the committee.

(d) The division shall staff the committee.

(e) The expenses of the committee shall be paid from the funds of the division.

(f) Each member of the committee who is not a state employee is entitled to the minimum salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). The member is also entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency.

(g) Each member of the committee who is a state employee but who is not a member of the general assembly is entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection



with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency.

(h) Each member of the committee who is a member of the general assembly is entitled to receive the same per diem, mileage, and travel allowances paid to legislative members of interim study committees established by the legislative council. Per diem, mileage, and travel allowances paid under this section shall be paid from appropriations made to the legislative council or the legislative services agency.

(i) The affirmative votes of a majority of the voting members appointed to the committee are required for the committee to take action on any measure, including final reports.

Sec. 6. The division shall provide the department of education with information necessary for the department of education to assign a child who receives early education services from a provider who participates in the program under this chapter a student testing number. Upon receipt of the information, the department of education shall assign the child a student testing number to track the child's educational growth and development.

Sec. 7. The division shall develop and maintain guidelines for the inclusion in every provider's services under this chapter of a component increasing parental engagement and involvement in the child's education.

SECTION 74. IC 12-29-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2008, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A county shall fund the operation of community mental health centers in the amount determined under subsection (b), unless a lower tax levy amount will be adequate to fulfill the county's financial obligations under this chapter in any of the following situations:

(1) If the total population of the county is served by one (1) center.

(2) If the total population of the county is served by more than one (1) center.

(3) If the partial population of the county is served by one (1) center.

(4) If the partial population of the county is served by more than one (1) center.

(b) The amount of funding under subsection (a) for taxes first due and payable in a calendar year is the following:

(1) For 2004, the amount is the amount determined under STEP



THREE of the following formula:

STEP ONE: Determine the amount that was levied within the county to comply with this section from property taxes first due and payable in 2002.

STEP TWO: Multiply the STEP ONE result by the county's assessed value growth quotient for the ensuing year 2003, as determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.

STEP THREE: Multiply the STEP TWO result by the county's assessed value growth quotient for the ensuing year 2004, as determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (c), for 2005 and each year thereafter, the result equal to:

(A) the amount that was levied in the county to comply with this section from property taxes first due and payable in the calendar year immediately preceding the ensuing calendar year; multiplied by

(B) the county's assessed value growth quotient for the ensuing calendar year, as determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.

(c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. This subsection applies only to a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30. Notwithstanding any provision in this section or any other section of this chapter, for a county subject to this subsection, the county's maximum property tax levy under this section to fund the operation of community mental health centers for the ensuing calendar year is equal to the county's maximum property tax levy to fund the operation of community mental health centers for the current calendar year.

(d) Except as provided in subsection (h), the county shall pay to the division of mental health and addiction the part of the funding determined under subsection (b) that is appropriated solely for funding the operations of a community health center. The funding required under this section for operations of a community health center shall be paid by the county to the division of mental health and addiction. These funds shall be used solely for satisfying the non-federal share of medical assistance payments to community mental health centers serving the county for:

(1) allowable administrative services; and

(2) community mental health rehabilitation services.

All other funding appropriated for the purposes allowed under section



1.2(b)(1) of this chapter shall be paid by the county directly to the community mental health center semiannually at the times that the payments are made under subsection (e).

(e) The county shall appropriate and disburse the funds for operations semiannually not later than December 1 and June 1 in an amount equal to the amount determined under subsection (b) and requested in writing by the division of mental health and addiction. The total funding amount paid to the division of mental health and addiction for a county for each calendar year may not exceed the amount that is calculated in subsection (b) and set forth in writing by the division of mental health and addiction for the county. Funds paid to the division of mental health and addiction by the county shall be submitted by the county in a timely manner after receiving the written request from the division of mental health and addiction, to ensure current year compliance with the community mental health rehabilitation program and any administrative requirements of the program.

(f) The division of mental health and addiction shall ensure that the non-federal share of funding received from a county under this program is applied only for matching federal funds for the designated community mental health centers to the extent a center is eligible to receive county funding under $\frac{12-21-2-3(a)(5)(E)}{12-21-2-3(5)(D)}$.

(g) The division of mental health and addiction:

(1) shall first apply state funding to a community mental health center's non-federal share of funding under this program; and

(2) may next apply county funding received under $\frac{12}{12-29-2-2}$ this section to any remaining non-federal share of funding for the community mental health center.

The division shall distribute any excess state funds that exceed the community mental health rehabilitation services non-federal share applied to a community mental health center that is entitled to the excess state funds.

(h) The health and hospital corporation of Marion County created by IC 16-22-8-6 may make payments to the division for the operation of a community mental health center as described in this chapter.

SECTION 75. IC 14-9-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.124-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section, "account" means the Indiana sportsmen's benevolence account established by subsection (b).

(b) The Indiana sportsmen's benevolence account is established



within the fund for the division of law enforcement to encourage citizen participation in feeding the state's hungry through donations of wild game that has been lawfully hunted.

(c) The account consists of:

(1) gifts;

(2) donations;

(3) proceeds derived from marketing by the division of law enforcement of goods related to the feeding of the state's hungry through donations of wild game under subsection (a); (b); and

(4) donations collected under IC 14-22-12-1(c).

(d) The expenses of administering the account shall be paid from money in the account.

(e) The division of law enforcement shall:

(1) conduct a publicity campaign relating to feeding the state's hungry through donations of wild game;

(2) coordinate with nonprofit entities and other entities created with goals of feeding the state's hungry;

(3) coordinate with nonprofit entities to use the money collected under IC 14-22-12-1(c) to assist meat processors in processing donations of wild game related to feeding the state's hungry; and (4) engage in any other activities to further the goals of this section.

(f) A person who receives money from the fund must submit a budget request for providing estimated payments to participating meat processors for the number of donated wild game animals to be included in the program. The division of law enforcement must certify the information on the application and determine:

(1) whether the participating meat processor may receive a grant; and

(2) the amount of the grant each participating meat processor may receive under this section.

(g) An eligible meat processor may use money granted to the meat processor from the account as authorized under this section. However, an eligible meat processor must submit to the division of law enforcement any information that is requested of the meat processor. At the request of the division of law enforcement or the state board of accounts, the eligible meat processor shall submit to an audit of the funds received.

(h) The division of law enforcement shall make grant distributions under this section to eligible meat processors as soon as practical after receipt of an approved invoice for payment.

(i) The department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement



this chapter, including rules governing:

(1) the deadlines for applying for a grant under this section;

(2) the types of expenses incurred for which grant money may be used; and

(3) any expense documentation required to satisfy program accounting needs.

(j) Money in the account is annually appropriated for the purposes described in this section.

(k) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the account not currently needed to meet the obligations of the account in the same manner as other public money may be invested. Interest that accrues from these investments shall be deposited in the account.

(l) Money in the account at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.

SECTION 76. IC 14-22-12-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 7. (a) Before July 1, 2005, the director may issue to residents of Indiana lifetime licenses to hunt, fish, or trap. Subject to subsection (b), the following license fees shall be eharged:

(1) Lifetime basic fishing license, twenty (20) times the fee charged for a resident yearly license to fish. This license replaces the resident yearly license to fish.

(2) Lifetime basic hunting license, twenty (20) times the fee charged for a resident yearly license to hunt. This license replaces the resident yearly license to hunt.

(3) Lifetime comprehensive fishing license, thirty (30) times the fee charged for a resident yearly license to fish. This license replaces the resident yearly license to fish and all other yearly licenses, stamps, or permits to fish for a specific species.

(4) Lifetime comprehensive hunting license, sixty (60) times the fee charged for a resident yearly license to hunt. This license replaces the resident yearly license to hunt and all other yearly licenses, stamps, or permits to hunt for a specific species or by a specific means.

(5) Lifetime comprehensive hunting and fishing license, the fee charged under subdivisions (3) and (4) less ten percent (10%). This license replaces the following:

(A) The resident yearly license to hunt.

(B) All other yearly licenses, stamps, or permits to hunt for a specific species or by a specific means.

(C) The resident yearly license to fish.

(D) All other yearly licenses, stamps, or permits to fish for a specific species.



(6) Lifetime trapping license, twenty (20) times the fee charged for a resident yearly license to trap. This license replaces the resident yearly license to trap.

(b) This subsection applies only to individuals who are at least fifty (50) years of age. The license fees under subsection (a) shall be reduced by the amount determined under STEP THREE of the following formula:

STEP ONE: Subtract forty-nine (49) from the resident applicant's age in years.

STEP TWO: Multiply the difference determined under STEP ONE by two and one-half percent (2.5%).

STEP THREE: Multiply the percentage determined under STEP TWO by the amount of the appropriate fee under subsection (a).

(c) Each lifetime license:

(1) is nontransferable;

(2) expires on the death of the person to whom the license was issued; and

(3) may be suspended or revoked for the same causes and according to the same procedures that a resident yearly license to hunt, fish, or trap, as appropriate, may be suspended or revoked.

(d) No part of a lifetime hunting, fishing, or trapping license is refundable. However, the holder of:

(1) a basic license to hunt or fish may be given credit for the current cost of such a license when purchasing a comprehensive license to hunt or fish or hunt and fish; and

(2) a comprehensive license to hunt or fish may be given credit for the current cost of such a license when purchasing a lifetime comprehensive license to hunt and fish.

(e) All money received under this section shall be deposited in the lifetime hunting, fishing, and trapping license trust fund established by IC 14-22-4:

SECTION 77. IC 16-21-10-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 214, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) The hospital assessment fee committee is established. The committee consists of the following four (4) voting members:

(1) The secretary of family and social services established by IC 12-8-1.5-1, appointed under IC 12-8-1.5-2 or the secretary's designee, who shall serve as the chair of the committee.

(2) The budget director or the budget director's designee.

(3) Two (2) individuals appointed by the governor from a list of at least four (4) individuals submitted by the Indiana Hospital



Association.

If a vacancy occurs among the members appointed under subdivision (3), the governor shall appoint a replacement committee member from a list of at least two (2) individuals submitted by the Indiana Hospital Association.

(b) The committee shall review any Medicaid state plan amendments, waiver requests, or revisions to any Medicaid state plan amendments or waiver requests, to implement or continue the implementation of this chapter for the purpose of establishing favorable review of the amendments, requests, and revisions by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.

(c) The committee shall meet at the call of the chair. The members serve without compensation.

(d) A quorum consists of at least three (3) members. An affirmative vote of at least three (3) members of the committee is necessary to approve Medicaid state plan amendments, waiver requests, or revisions to the Medicaid state plan or waiver requests.

SECTION 78. IC 16-36-6-20, AS ADDED BY P.L.164-2013, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 20. The execution or revocation of a POST form by or for a qualified person does not revoke or impair the validity of any of the following:

(1) A power of attorney that is executed by a qualified person when the qualified person is competent.

(2) Health care powers that are granted to an attorney in fact under IC 30-5-5-16 or IC 30-5-5-17.

(3) An appointment of a health care representative that is executed by a qualified person, except to the extent that the POST form contains a superseding appointment of a new health care representative under section 9(b)(7) of this chapter.

(4) The authority of a health care representative under IC 16-36-1 to consent to health care on behalf of the qualified patient. **person.**

(5) The authority of an attorney in fact holding health care powers under IC 30-5-5-16 or IC 30-5-5-17 to issue and enforce instructions under IC 30-5-7 concerning the qualified person's health care.

SECTION 79. IC 16-38-5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.191-2013, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a provider, a physician's designee, a pharmacist's designee, or a person approved by the state department may provide immunization data to the



immunization data registry in a manner prescribed by the state department and for the purposes allowed under this chapter.

(b) This subsection takes effect July 1, 2015. Except as provided in subsections (c) and (e), a provider who is licensed under IC 25 and who is authorized within the provider's scope of practice to administer immunizations or the provider's designee shall electronically provide immunization data to the immunization data registry for all immunizations administered to individuals who are less than nineteen (19) years of age:

(1) not later than seven (7) business days after providing the immunization;

(2) in a manner prescribed by the state department, after reasonable notice; and

(3) for the purposes allowed under this chapter.

(c) A person is exempt from providing immunization data to the immunization data registry if:

(1) the patient or the patient's parent or guardian, if the patient is less than eighteen (18) years of age, has completed and filed a written immunization data exemption form with either the person who provides the immunization or the state department; or

(2) the patient is a resident of or is receiving services from a facility licensed under IC 16-28.

(d) The minimum immunization data that must be provided under subsection (b) is: are the following:

(1) Patient identification number.

(2) Patient first and last name.

(3) Patient date of birth.

(4) Patient address.

(5) Patient race.

(6) Patient gender.

(7) Vaccine for Children program eligibility, if the patient is eligible for the Vaccine for Children program.

(8) Dose at the administration level under the Vaccine for Children program, if the patient is eligible for the Vaccine for Children program.

(9) Vaccination presentation or vaccination code using approved Immunization Information System (IIS) code type.

(10) Vaccination date administered.

(11) Lot number of the administered vaccine.

The state department may expand or modify the list of minimum immunization data that must be provided under this section based on Centers for Disease Control Immunization Information System (IIS)



minimum field requirements.

(e) A provider who is unable to electronically provide immunization data to the immunization **data** registry by July 1, 2015, shall submit a detailed plan for compliance with the requirements of subsection (b) to the state department no later than March 31, 2015. The state department will assist the provider so the provider is able to electronically provide immunization data in a reasonable amount of time.

(f) The state department shall create and provide copies of immunization data exemption forms to:

(1) providers who are:

(A) licensed under IC 25; and

(B) authorized within the provider's scope of practice to administer immunizations; and

(2) individuals;

who request the form.

(g) The state department shall distribute, upon request, written information to be disseminated to patients that describes the immunization data registry. The written information must include the following:

(1) That, beginning July 1, 2015, the provider is required to report immunization data to the immunization data registry.

(2) That the patient or the patient's parent or guardian, if the patient is less than eighteen (18) years of age, has a right to exempt disclosure of immunization data to the registry and may prevent disclosure by signing an immunization data exemption form.

(3) That the patient or the patient's parent or guardian, if the patient is less than eighteen (18) years of age, may have the individual's information removed from the immunization data registry.

(4) Instructions on how to have the information removed.

SECTION 80. IC 16-49-2-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2013, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. Not later than ninety (90) days after the first meeting of the child fatality committee, the prosecuting attorney of the county or prosecuting attorney's representative shall submit a report to the state child fatality review coordinator that includes the following information:

(1) Whether the child fatality committee established a:

- (A) county child fatality review team; or
- (B) regional child fatality review team.



(2) The names and contact numbers of all of the members of the local child fatality review team.

(3) Whether the child fatality committee will or has entered into a memorandum of understanding written agreement described under section 3(3) of this chapter.

(4) Any assistance the child fatality committee would like from the state child fatality review coordinator in forming the local child fatality review team.

SECTION 81. IC 16-49-3-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2013, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A local child fatality review team shall prepare and release a report that may include the following information:

(1) A summary of the data collected regarding the reviews conducted by the local child fatality review team.

(2) Actions recommender recommended by the local child fatality review team to prevent injuries to children and child deaths in the area served by the local child fatality review team.

(3) Solutions proposed for system inadequacies.

(b) A report released under this section may not contain identifying information relating to the fatalities reviewed by the local child fatality review team.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this article, review data concerning a child fatality is confidential and may not be released.

(d) A local child fatality review team may prepare and release a joint report for the report required by subsection (a) with another child fatality review team if the local child fatality review team reviewed fewer than two (2) child fatalities in the previous calendar year.

SECTION 82. IC 20-23-5-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. An annexation may be effected by any school corporation as follows:

(1) The acquiring and the losing school corporations shall each adopt a substantially identical annexation resolution. The resolution must contain the following items:

(A) The name of the acquiring school corporation, which may differ from the name of the acquiring corporation at the time of the adoption of the resolution, after the effective date.

(B) A description of the annexed territory. The description: shall as near as reasonably possible:

(i) **must, to the greatest extent reasonably possible,** be by streets and other boundaries known by common names; and



(ii) does not have to be by legal description unless the additional description is necessary to identify the annexed territory.

A notice is not defective if there is a good faith compliance with this section and if the area designated may be ascertained with reasonable certainty by persons skilled in the area of real estate description.

(C) The time the annexation takes place.

(D) Any terms and conditions facilitating education of students in the:

(i) annexed territory;

(ii) losing school corporation; or

(iii) acquiring school corporation.

The terms may provide for the continued attendance by students in the annexed territory at schools in the losing school corporation for specified periods after annexation on a transfer basis. If students will continue attendance in schools in the losing school corporation, transfer tuition for the students shall be paid by the acquiring school corporation to the losing school corporation:

(i) using the method; and

(ii) at the rates;

provided by the Indiana statutes governing the computation and payment of transfer tuition costs.

(E) Disposition of assets and liabilities of the losing school corporation to the acquiring school corporation.

(F) Allocation between the acquiring and losing school corporations of subsequently collected school taxes levied on property in the annexed territory.

(G) The amount, if any, to be paid by the acquiring school corporation to the losing school corporation on account of property received from the losing school corporation.

(H) Dispositions, allocations, and amounts transferred under this subsection must be equitable.

(2) After the adoption of the resolution, notice shall be given by publication in both the acquiring school corporation and the losing school corporation setting out:

(A) the text of the resolution; and

(B) a statement that the resolution has been adopted and that a right of remonstrance exists as provided in this chapter.

(3) It is not necessary to set out the remonstrance provisions of this chapter. A general reference to a right of remonstrance with



a reference to this chapter is sufficient.

(4) The annexation takes effect:

(A) within thirty (30) days after publication; or

(B) at the time provided in the resolution;

whichever is later, unless within the period during which a remonstrance may be filed a remonstrance is filed in the circuit or superior court of the county where the annexed territory or any part of the annexed territory is located, by registered voters residing in the losing school corporation at least equal in number to the greater of ten percent (10%) of the number of registered voters residing in the losing school corporation or fifty-one percent (51%) of the number of registered voters residing in the annexed territory.

SECTION 83. IC 20-26-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 240, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.286-2013, SECTION 57, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (*a*) In carrying out the school purposes of a school corporation, the governing body acting on the school corporation's behalf has the following specific powers:

(1) In the name of the school corporation, to sue and be sued and to enter into contracts in matters permitted by applicable law. However, a governing body may not use funds received from the state to bring or join in an action against the state, unless the governing body is challenging an adverse decision by a state agency, board, or commission.

(2) To take charge of, manage, and conduct the educational affairs of the school corporation and to establish, locate, and provide the necessary schools, school libraries, other libraries where permitted by law, other buildings, facilities, property, and equipment.

(3) To appropriate from the school corporation's general fund an amount, not to exceed the greater of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per budget year or one dollar (\$1) per pupil, not to exceed twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500), based on the school corporation's *ADM of the* previous *year's ADM*, *year (as defined in IC 20-43-1-7)* to promote the best interests of the school corporation through:

(A) the purchase of meals, decorations, memorabilia, or awards;

(B) provision for expenses incurred in interviewing job applicants; or

(C) developing relations with other governmental units.



(4) To do the following:

(A) Acquire, construct, erect, maintain, hold, and contract for construction, erection, or maintenance of real estate, real estate improvements, or an interest in real estate or real estate improvements, as the governing body considers necessary for school purposes, including buildings, parts of buildings, additions to buildings, rooms, gymnasiums, auditoriums, playgrounds, playing and athletic fields, facilities for physical training, buildings for administrative, office, warehouse, repair activities, or housing school owned buses, landscaping, walks, drives, parking areas, roadways, easements and facilities for power, sewer, water, roadway, access, storm and surface water, drinking water, gas, electricity, other utilities and similar purposes, by purchase, either outright for cash (or under conditional sales or purchase money contracts providing for a retention of a security interest by the seller until payment is made or by notes where the contract, security retention, or note is permitted by applicable law), by exchange, by gift, by devise, by eminent domain, by lease with or without option to purchase, or by lease under IC 20-47-2, IC 20-47-3, or IC 20-47-5.

(B) Repair, remodel, remove, or demolish, or to contract for the repair, remodeling, removal, or demolition of the real estate, real estate improvements, or interest in the real estate or real estate improvements, as the governing body considers necessary for school purposes.

(C) Provide for conservation measures through utility efficiency programs or under a guaranteed savings contract as described in IC 36-1-12.5.

(5) To acquire personal property or an interest in personal property as the governing body considers necessary for school purposes, including buses, motor vehicles, equipment, apparatus, appliances, books, furniture, and supplies, either by cash purchase or under conditional sales or purchase money contracts providing for a security interest by the seller until payment is made or by notes where the contract, security, retention, or note is permitted by applicable law, by gift, by devise, by loan, or by lease with or without option to purchase and to repair, remodel, remove, relocate, and demolish the personal property. All purchases and contracts specified under the powers authorized under subdivision (4) and this subdivision are subject solely to applicable law relating to purchases and contracting by municipal corporations



in general and to the supervisory control of state agencies as provided in section 6 of this chapter.

(6) To sell or exchange real or personal property or interest in real or personal property that, in the opinion of the governing body, is not necessary for school purposes, in accordance with IC 20-26-7, to demolish or otherwise dispose of the property if, in the opinion of the governing body, the property is not necessary for school purposes and is worthless, and to pay the expenses for the demolition or disposition.

(7) To lease any school property for a rental that the governing body considers reasonable or to permit the free use of school property for:

(A) civic or public purposes; or

(B) the operation of a school age child care program for children who are at least five (5) years of age and less than fifteen (15) years of age that operates before or after the school

day, or both, and during periods when school is not in session; if the property is not needed for school purposes. Under this subdivision, the governing body may enter into a long term lease with a nonprofit corporation, community service organization, or other governmental entity, if the corporation, organization, or other governmental entity will use the property to be leased for civic or public purposes or for a school age child care program. However, if payment for the property subject to a long term lease is made from money in the school corporation's debt service fund, all proceeds from the long term lease must be deposited in the school corporation's debt service fund so long as payment for the property has not been made. The governing body may, at the governing body's option, use the procedure specified in IC 36-1-11-10 in leasing property under this subdivision.

(8) To do the following:

(A) Employ, contract for, and discharge superintendents, supervisors, principals, teachers, librarians, athletic coaches (whether or not they are otherwise employed by the school corporation and whether or not they are licensed under IC 20-28-5), business managers, superintendents of buildings and grounds, janitors, engineers, architects, physicians, dentists, nurses, accountants, teacher aides performing noninstructional duties, educational and other professional consultants, data processing and computer service for school purposes, including the making of schedules, the keeping and analyzing of grades and other student data, the keeping and



preparing of warrants, payroll, and similar data where approved by the state board of accounts as provided below, and other personnel or services as the governing body considers necessary for school purposes.

(B) Fix and pay the salaries and compensation of persons and services described in this subdivision that are consistent with IC 20-28-9-1. IC 20-28-9-1.5.

(C) Classify persons or services described in this subdivision and to adopt schedules of salaries or compensation that are consistent with *IC* 20-28-9-1. *IC* 20-28-9-1.5.

(D) Determine the number of the persons or the amount of the services employed or contracted for as provided in this subdivision.

(E) Determine the nature and extent of the duties of the persons described in this subdivision.

The compensation, terms of employment, and discharge of teachers are, however, subject to and governed by the laws relating to employment, contracting, compensation, and discharge of teachers. The compensation, terms of employment, and discharge of bus drivers are subject to and governed by laws relating to employment, contracting, compensation, and discharge of bus drivers. The forms and procedures relating to the use of computer and data processing equipment in handling the financial affairs of the school corporation must be submitted to the state board of accounts for approval so that the services are used by the school corporation when the governing body determines that it is in the best interest of the school corporation while at the same time providing reasonable accountability for the funds expended. (9) Notwithstanding the appropriation limitation in subdivision (3), when the governing body by resolution considers a trip by an employee of the school corporation or by a member of the governing body to be in the interest of the school corporation, including attending meetings, conferences, or examining equipment, buildings, and installation in other areas, to permit the employee to be absent in connection with the trip without any loss in pay and to reimburse the employee or the member the employee's or member's reasonable lodging and meal expenses and necessary transportation expenses. To pay teaching personnel for time spent in sponsoring and working with school related trips or activities.

(10) Subject to IC 20-27-13, to transport children to and from school, when in the opinion of the governing body the



transportation is necessary, including considerations for the safety of the children and without regard to the distance the children live from the school. The transportation must be otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

(11) To provide a lunch program for a part or all of the students attending the schools of the school corporation, including the establishment of kitchens, kitchen facilities, kitchen equipment, lunch rooms, the hiring of the necessary personnel to operate the lunch program, and the purchase of material and supplies for the lunch program, charging students for the operational costs of the lunch program, fixing the price per meal or per food item. To operate the lunch program as an extracurricular activity, subject to the supervision of the governing body. To participate in a surplus commodity or lunch aid program.

(12) To purchase *textbooks, curricular materials,* to furnish *textbooks curricular materials* without cost or to rent *textbooks curricular materials* to students, to participate in a *textbook curricular materials* aid program, all in accordance with applicable law.

(13) To accept students transferred from other school corporations and to transfer students to other school corporations in accordance with applicable law.

(14) To make budgets, to appropriate funds, and to disburse the money of the school corporation in accordance with applicable law. To borrow money against current tax collections and otherwise to borrow money, in accordance with IC 20-48-1.

(15) To purchase insurance or to establish and maintain a program of self-insurance relating to the liability of the school corporation or the school corporation's employees in connection with motor vehicles or property and for additional coverage to the extent permitted and in accordance with IC 34-13-3-20. To purchase additional insurance or to establish and maintain a program of self-insurance protecting the school corporation and members of the governing body, employees, contractors, or agents of the school corporation from liability, risk, accident, or loss related to school property, school contract, school or school related activity, including the purchase of insurance or the establishment and maintenance of a self-insurance program protecting persons described in this subdivision against false imprisonment, false arrest, libel, or slander for acts committed in the course of the persons' employment, protecting the school corporation for fire and extended coverage and other casualty



risks to the extent of replacement cost, loss of use, and other insurable risks relating to property owned, leased, or held by the school corporation. In accordance with IC 20-26-17, to:

(A) participate in a state employee health plan under IC 5-10-8-6.6 or IC 5-10-8-6.7;

(B) purchase insurance; or

(C) establish and maintain a program of self-insurance;

to benefit school corporation employees, including accident, sickness, health, or dental coverage, provided that a plan of self-insurance must include an aggregate stop-loss provision.

(16) To make all applications, to enter into all contracts, and to sign all documents necessary for the receipt of aid, money, or property from the state, the federal government, or from any other source.

(17) To defend a member of the governing body or any employee of the school corporation in any suit arising out of the performance of the member's or employee's duties for or employment with, the school corporation, if the governing body by resolution determined that the action was taken in good faith. To save any member or employee harmless from any liability, cost, or damage in connection with the performance, including the payment of legal fees, except where the liability, cost, or damage is predicated on or arises out of the bad faith of the member or employee, or is a claim or judgment based on the member's or employee's malfeasance in office or employment.

(18) To prepare, make, enforce, amend, or repeal rules, regulations, and procedures:

(A) for the government and management of the schools, property, facilities, and activities of the school corporation, the school corporation's agents, employees, and pupils and for the operation of the governing body; and

(B) that may be designated by an appropriate title such as "policy handbook", "bylaws", or "rules and regulations".

(19) To ratify and approve any action taken by a member of the governing body, an officer of the governing body, or an employee of the school corporation after the action is taken, if the action could have been approved in advance, and in connection with the action to pay the expense or compensation permitted under IC 20-26-1 through IC 20-26-5, IC 20-26-7, IC 20-40-12, and IC 20-48-1 or any other law.

(20) To exercise any other power and make any expenditure in carrying out the governing body's general powers and purposes



provided in this chapter or in carrying out the powers delineated in this section which is reasonable from a business or educational standpoint in carrying out school purposes of the school corporation, including the acquisition of property or the employment or contracting for services, even though the power or expenditure is not specifically set out in this chapter. The specific powers set out in this section do not limit the general grant of powers provided in this chapter except where a limitation is set out in IC 20-26-1 through IC 20-26-5, IC 20-26-7, IC 20-40-12, and IC 20-48-1 by specific language or by reference to other law. (b) A superintendent hired under subsection (a)(8):

(1) is not required to hold a teacher's license under IC 20-28-5; and

(2) is required to have obtained at least a master's degree from an accredited postsecondary educational institution.

SECTION 84. IC 20-26-11-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 243, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.286-2013, SECTION 59, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. (a) The transferee corporation is entitled to receive from the transferor corporation transfer tuition for each transferred student for each school year calculated in two (2) parts **as follows:**

(1) Operating cost. and

(2) Capital cost.

These costs must be allocated on a per student basis separately for each class of school.

(b) The operating cost for each class of school must be based on the total expenditures of the transferee corporation for the class from its general fund expenditures as set out on the classified budget forms prescribed by the state board of accounts, excluding from the calculation capital outlay, debt service, costs of transportation, salaries of board members, contracted service for legal expenses, and any expenditure that is made out of the general fund from extracurricular account receipts, for the school year.

(c) The capital cost for each class of school must consist of the lesser of the following alternatives:

(1) The capital cost must be based on an amount equal to five percent (5%) of the cost of transferee corporation's physical plant, equipment, and all items connected to the physical plant or equipment, including:

(A) buildings, additions, and remodeling to the buildings, excluding ordinary maintenance; and



(B) on-site and off-site improvements such as walks, sewers, waterlines, drives, and playgrounds;

that have been paid or are obligated to be paid in the future out of the general fund, capital projects fund, or debt service fund, including principal and interest, lease rental payments, and funds that were legal predecessors to these funds. If an item of the physical plant, equipment, appurtenances, or part of the item is more than twenty (20) years old at the beginning of the school year, the capital cost of the item shall be disregarded in making the capital cost computation.

(2) The capital cost must be based on the amount budgeted from the general fund for capital outlay for physical plant, equipment, and appurtenances and the amounts levied for the debt service fund and the capital projects fund for the calendar year in which the school year ends.

(d) If an item of expense or cost cannot be allocated to a class of school, the item shall be prorated to all classes of schools on the basis of the ADM of each class in the transferee corporation, *as determined in the fall count of ADM in the school year*, compared to the total *current* ADM therein, *as determined in the fall count of ADM in the school year*.

(e) The transfer tuition for each student transferred for each school year shall be calculated by dividing the transferee school corporation's total operating costs and the total capital costs for the class of school in which the student is enrolled by the ADM of students therein, *as determined in the fall count of ADM in the school year*. If a transferred student is enrolled in a transferee corporation for less than the full school year, the transfer tuition shall be calculated by the proportion of such school year for which the transferred student is enrolled. A school year for this purpose consists of the number of days school is in session for student attendance. A student shall be enrolled in a transferee school, whether or not the student is in attendance, unless the:

(1) student's residence is outside the area of students transferred to the transferree corporation;

(2) student has been excluded or expelled from school; or

(3) student has been confirmed as a school dropout.

The transferor and transferee corporations may enter into written agreements concerning the amount of transfer tuition. If an agreement cannot be reached, the amount shall be determined by the state superintendent, with costs to be established, where in dispute, by the state board of accounts.

(f) The transferor corporation shall pay the transferee corporation,



when billed, the amount of *book curricular material* rental due from transferred students who are unable to pay the *book curricular material* rental amount. The transferor corporation is entitled to collect the amount of the *book curricular material* rental from the appropriate township trustee, from its own funds, or from any other source, in the amounts and manner provided by law.

SECTION 85. IC 20-31-8-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 256, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 5. The state board shall establish an alternative accountability system to assess the performance of a charter school that is sponsored by the Indiana charter school board established by IC 20-24-2.1-1 and designated as a recovery school or an accelerated learning center.

SECTION 86. IC 20-31-8-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.286-2013, SECTION 105, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 5. (a) Not later than November 15, 2013, the state board shall establish new categories or designations of school performance under the requirements of this chapter to replace 511 IAC 6.2-6. The new standards of assessing school performance:

(1) must be based on a measurement of individual student academic performance and growth to proficiency; and

(2) may not be based on a measurement of student performance or growth compared with peers.

511 IAC 6.2-6 is void on the effective date of the emergency or final rules adopted under this section.

(b) After July 1, 2013, the state board:

(1) shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2; and

(2) may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided in IC 4-22-2-37.1;

to implement this chapter.

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(c) An emergency rule adopted under subsection (b) expires on the earlier of:

(1) November 15, 2014; or

(2) the effective date of a rule that establishes categories or designations of school improvement described in this section and supersedes the emergency rule.

(d) Before beginning the rulemaking process to establish new categories or designations of school improvement, the state board shall report to the general assembly the proposed new categories or designations in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

SECTION 87. IC 20-31-8-5.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.2. The state board shall



establish an alternative accountability system to assess the performance of a charter school that is sponsored by the Indiana charter school board established by IC 20-24-2.1-1 and designated as a recovery school or an accelerated learning center.

SECTION 88. IC 20-31-8-5.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.4. (a) Not later than November 15, 2013, the state board shall establish new categories or designations of school performance under the requirements of this chapter to replace 511 IAC 6.2-6. The new standards of assessing school performance:

(1) must be based on a measurement of individual student academic performance and growth to proficiency; and

(2) may not be based on a measurement of student performance or growth compared with peers.

511 IAC 6.2-6 is void on the effective date of the emergency or final rules adopted under this section.

(b) After July 1, 2013, the state board:

(1) shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2; and

(2) may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided in IC 4-22-2-37.1;

to implement this chapter.

(c) An emergency rule adopted under subsection (b) expires on the earlier of:

(1) November 15, 2014; or

(2) the effective date of a rule that establishes categories or designations of school improvement described in this section and supersedes the emergency rule.

(d) Before beginning the rulemaking process to establish new categories or designations of school improvement, the state board shall report to the general assembly the proposed new categories or designations in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

SECTION 89. IC 20-33-3-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.41-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) An employment certificate is not required for a child who is at least fourteen (14) years of age but less than eighteen (18) years of age to:

(1) perform:

(A) farm labor; or

(B) domestic service; or

(2) act as a:

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(A) caddie for a person playing golf; or



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(B) newspaper carrier.

(b) An employment certificate is not required for a child who is:

(1) at least twelve (12) years of age but less than eighteen (18) years of age; and

(2) employed **or works** as a youth athletic program referee, umpire, or official under section 31.5 of this chapter.

(c) An exemption under subsection (a) or (b) applies only when a child is engaged in an occupation listed in this section during the hours when the child is not required to be in school.

(d) An employment certificate is not required for a child less than eighteen (18) years of age who:

(1) works as an actor or performer if the provisions of section 32 of this chapter are met; or

(2) has graduated from high school.

SECTION 90. IC 20-33-3-31, AS AMENDED BY P.L.41-2013, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31. (a) This subsection does not apply to a child who is employed **or works** as a youth athletic program referee, umpire, or official under section 31.5 of this chapter. A child less than:

(1) fourteen (14) years of age may not be employed or allowed to work in any gainful occupation except as a farm laborer, domestic service worker, caddie for persons playing the game of golf, or newspaper carrier; and

(2) twelve (12) years of age may not be permitted to work at farm labor except on a farm operated by the child's parent.

(b) Except as provided in section 32 of this chapter, a person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation may not employ or permit any child less than eighteen (18) years of age to work in any occupation after 7:30 a.m. and before 3:30 p.m. on a school day unless the child presents to the employer a written exception issued by the school that the child attends.

SECTION 91. IC 21-12-1.7-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.281-2013, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to an academic year beginning after August 31, 2014. The commission shall publish annually a schedule of award amounts for the higher education award and freedom of choice grant issued under this article. The schedule must provide award amounts on the basis of the recipient's expected family contribution. The expected family contribution shall be derived from information submitted on the recipient's financial aid application form. The commission shall determine award amounts separately for:

(1) recipients attending approved public state educational



institutions (except Ivy Tech Community College);

(2) Ivy Tech Community College;

(3) recipients attending a nonprofit college or university listed in $\frac{1}{12} \frac{21-7-13-6(c)}{12}$; IC 21-7-13-6(a)(1)(C); and

(4) recipients attending approved postsecondary credit bearing proprietary institutions.

(b) The schedule of award amounts published under subsection (a) shall offer a larger award to a recipient who, as of the student's most recently concluded academic year, has successfully completed:

(1) at least thirty (30) credit hours or the equivalent by the end of the student's first academic year;

(2) at least sixty (60) credit hours or the equivalent by the end of the student's second academic year; or

(3) at least ninety (90) credit hours or the equivalent by the end of the student's third academic year.

A student's academic years used to determine if the student meets the requirements of this subdivision are not required to be successive calendar years.

(c) The schedule of award amounts shall set forth an amount for recipients described in subsection (a)(1) that is equal to fifty percent (50%) of the amount for recipients described in subsection (a)(3).

(d) This subsection expires September 1, 2016. A student that initially enrolls in an eligible institution for an academic year beginning before September 1, 2013, is eligible for the larger award determined under subsection (b) regardless of the student's credit completion.

SECTION 92. IC 21-12-13-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 314, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.281-2013, SECTION 28, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) This section applies to the following scholarship, *stipend*, and fee remission statutes:

(1) IC 21-12-3. (2) IC 21-12-4. (3) IC 21-12-6. (4) IC 21-12-8. (5) IC 21-12-9. (6) IC 21-13-2. (7) IC 21-13-2. (7) IC 21-13-7. (8) IC 21-13-8. (8) (9) IC 21-13-4. (9) (10) IC 21-14-5. (10) (11) IC 21-14-6-2.



(b) Except as provided in *sections section 3 and 4* of this chapter, a grant or reduction in tuition or fees, including all renewals and extensions, under any of the laws listed in subsection (a) may not exceed *eight (8)* the number of terms that constitutes four (4) full-time undergraduate *semesters academic years*, or its equivalent, as determined by the commission, and must be used within eight (8) years after the date the individual first applies and becomes eligible for benefits under the applicable law.

SECTION 93. IC 21-13-2-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 320, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.281-2013, SECTION 31, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. Subject to section 12 of this chapter, a scholarship may be renewed under this chapter for a total scholarship award that does not exceed the number of *academic* terms that constitutes four (4) *undergraduate* academic years. However, an eligible institution may not grant a scholarship renewal to a student for an academic year that ends later than six (6) years after the date the student received the initial scholarship under this chapter.

SECTION 94. IC 21-13-9-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 219, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) To receive a distribution under this chapter, the Marian University College of Osteopathic Medicine shall make a written request for the distribution to the commission on for higher education specifying the amount of the distribution requested. The commission on for higher education shall review the request and determine the amount of the request that should be approved for distribution.

(b) The budget agency may not allot money appropriated for scholarship distributions under this chapter until after the distribution request by the Marian University College of Osteopathic Medicine is approved by the commission on for higher education, after review by the budget committee.

SECTION 95. IC 21-18-9-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.177-2013, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) Before November 1, 2014, the commission, in consultation with the office of management and budget and each state educational institution, shall prepare and submit a report to the general assembly in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 that analyzes each state educational institution's expenses for the state fiscal years beginning in 2012 and 2013 and determine the percentage or amount of the state educational institution's total expenditures for a particular state fiscal year that were:



(1) overhead and operational expenditures;

(2) instructional expenses; and

(3) capital or other expenses.

(b) The commission may establish criteria for categorizing a state educational institution's expenses.

(c) A state educational institution shall submit to the commission any information necessary **needed** by the commission to prepare **for the preparation of** the report required in subsection (a).

(d) This section expires January 1, 2015.

SECTION 96. IC 21-41-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.27-2013, SECTION 1, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. (Combat to

College Program).

SECTION 97. IC 21-41-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.253-2013, SECTION 3, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. (Indiana State University; Principal Institute).

SECTION 98. IC 21-41-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]:

Chapter 10. Combat to College Program

Sec. 1. This chapter applies to a state educational institution only if at least two hundred (200) veteran students are enrolled in the state educational institution.

Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "armed forces" has the meaning set forth in IC 10-17-12-2.

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "coordinator" refers to a program coordinator designated under section 10 of this chapter.

Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "national guard" means a state's:

(1) army national guard; or

(2) air national guard.

Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "postsecondary credit" means credit toward:

(1) an associate degree;

(2) a baccalaureate degree; or

(3) a career and technical education certification;

granted by a state educational institution.

Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "program" refers to the combat to college program established under section 8 of this chapter.

Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "veteran student" refers to a student of a state educational institution who has been or is currently serving as a member of the:

(1) armed forces; or

(2) national guard.



Sec. 8. Each state educational institution shall establish a combat to college program to create a positive educational environment for veteran students to successfully graduate from academic and vocational degree programs while recognizing the skills, training, and experiences associated with military service.

Sec. 9. Each state educational institution shall do the following:

(1) Provide on its application for admission a question asking whether the applicant is currently or has ever been a member of the armed forces and an instruction directing the applicant, if the applicant has been a member of the armed forces, to indicate on the application whether the applicant received an honorable discharge.

(2) To the extent possible exercising financial prudence, provide a centralized location for admissions, registration for classes, and financial administration services for veteran students.

(3) Provide reasonable accommodations, in compliance with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), at a state educational institution's fitness facility for veteran students who are disabled.

(4) Develop programs to provide academic and career counseling specifically designed for veteran students.

(5) Develop programs to provide reasonable access to specialized counseling services or resources for veteran students who are disabled or veteran students suffering from posttraumatic stress disorder.

(6) Develop job search assistance programs designed for veteran students during the veteran student's enrollment at the state educational institution.

Sec. 10. (a) Each state educational institution shall designate a program coordinator.

(b) The duties of the coordinator include the following:

(1) Develop programs to create a positive educational environment for veteran students while the veteran student is enrolled at the state educational institution.

(2) Develop training programs for the state educational institution's personnel relating to:

(A) issues associated with identifying and assisting veteran students with posttraumatic stress disorder;

(B) veteran benefits; and

- (C) any issue that the coordinator determines will educate
- a state educational institution's faculty or staff of the



special needs of veteran students.

(3) Make recommendations to the commission for higher education established under IC 21-18-2 concerning ways to improve the education of veteran students.

(4) Coordinate access to stress management, counseling programs, and other resources available to a veteran student at the state educational institution.

(5) Coordinate with the Indiana department of veterans' affairs established by IC 10-17-1-2 to educate veteran students about state benefits available to Indiana veterans.

(6) Coordinate with the United States Department of Veterans Affairs to educate veteran students about federal benefits available to veterans.

(7) Coordinate with the adjutant general or the adjutant general's designee to educate veteran students about benefits and programs available to veteran students who served or are currently serving in the national guard.

(8) Coordinate activities, seminars, and programs for veteran students presented by a veterans organization listed in IC 10-18-8-1.

(9) Coordinate campus activities and social events designed for veteran students.

(10) Develop programs to assist a veteran student to locate employment.

(11) Develop internship programs designed specifically for veteran students.

(12) Develop an Internet web site to provide veteran students access to veteran resources.

SECTION 99. IC 21-41-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]:

Chapter 11. Indiana State University; Principal Institute

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "advisory board" refers to the advisory board for the principal institute established by this chapter.

Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "institute" refers to the principal institute established by section 4 of this chapter.

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "university" refers to Indiana State University.

Sec. 4. The principal institute is established within the university to achieve excellence in teacher and student performance by strengthening leadership and management skills of practicing



Indiana public school principals.

Sec. 5. (a) The university shall:

(1) appoint a full-time director to administer the institute;

(2) employ staff necessary to implement this chapter;

(3) appoint members of the advisory board; and

(4) submit to the general assembly an annual report before July 1 of each year.

(b) The annual report of the institute must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 and must include the following:

(1) A summary of the activities of the institute.

(2) Data on the number of individuals trained.

(3) An analysis of the extent to which the purposes of the institute have been accomplished.

(4) A proposal for a program and budget for the two (2) years following the year that is the subject of the report.

Sec. 6. (a) There is established an advisory board for the institute to advise and assist the director appointed under section 5 of this chapter.

(b) The advisory board consists of eight (8) members appointed by the president of the university, and one (1) member appointed by the state superintendent of public instruction. Each of the following groups must be represented by at least one (1) member of the advisory board:

(1) Practicing public school principals.

(2) Members of the general assembly.

(3) Experts in administration, supervision, curriculum development, or evaluation who are members of the faculty of a state supported university.

(4) Practicing school superintendents.

(5) Practicing public school teachers.

(6) Members of the business or industry community.

(7) Parents of public school age children.

(c) The advisory board shall:

(1) annually elect a chairperson;

(2) advise the director about the curriculum of the institute;

(3) review the plan developed by the director under section 7 of this chapter;

(4) approve an evaluation plan for the institute;

(5) review the director's plan for continuing education;

(6) review the institute budget and make recommendations to the director;

(7) set criteria for the selection of institute participants;



(8) review the operation of the institute and make recommendations to the director;

(9) assist the director in compiling the annual report for submission to the general assembly;

(10) consider coordinating the programs and curriculum offered at the institute with the programs and curriculum required in principal certification programs offered at postsecondary educational institutions in Indiana; and

(11) complete other tasks requested of the advisory board by the president of the university or the director.

(d) Each member of the advisory board serves a four (4) year term beginning on May 1 in the year the member is appointed.

(e) The president of the university shall fill a vacancy on the advisory board:

(1) for the unexpired part of the term; and

(2) in a manner that preserves the composition of the advisory board under subsection (b).

Sec. 7. (a) The director of the institute shall, with staff support, develop a plan to accomplish the goals of the institute. The plan must be approved by the advisory board and must include procedures to teach principals the following:

(1) How to develop the leadership skills and management techniques necessary for providing quality education in Indiana schools.

(2) How to improve teacher and student performance, including how to conduct meaningful and relevant staff evaluations.

(3) How to strengthen communication and leadership skills required for the establishment of a broad based support for public education.

(4) Management skills for use in improving curriculum and instruction.

(5) How to improve the school environment.

(b) The director of the institute shall, with staff support, and subject to approval by the advisory board, develop a plan for continuing education by the institute of public school principals who have completed initial training at the institute.

Sec. 8. To be eligible for admission to the institute, a participant must be a practicing public school principal for a public school located in Indiana. Admission preference must be given to those school principals who have at least three (3) years of administrative experience in Indiana public schools and intend to



continue as public school principals.

SECTION 100. IC 22-3-7-17.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.275-2013, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17.2. (a) A billing review service shall adhere to the following requirements to determine the pecuniary liability of an employer or an employer's insurance carrier for a specific service or product covered under this chapter provided before July 1, 2014, by all medical service providers, and after June 30, 2014, by a medical service provider that is not a medical service facility:

(1) The formation of a billing review standard, and any subsequent analysis or revision of the standard, must use data that is based on the medical service provider billing charges as submitted to the employer and the employer's insurance carrier from the same community. This subdivision does not apply when a unique or specialized service or product does not have sufficient comparative data to allow for a reasonable comparison.

(2) Data used to determine pecuniary liability must be compiled on or before June 30 and December 31 of each year.

(3) Billing review standards must be revised for prospective future payments of medical service provider bills to provide for payment of the charges at a rate not more than the charges made by eighty percent (80%) of the medical service providers during the prior six (6) months within the same community. The data used to perform the analysis and revision of the billing review standards may not be more than two (2) years old and must be periodically updated by a representative inflationary or deflationary factor. Reimbursement for these charges may not exceed the actual charge invoiced by the medical service provider.

(b) This subsection applies after June 30, 2014, to a medical service facility. The pecuniary liability of an employer or an employer's insurance carrier for a specific service or product covered under worker's compensation this chapter and provided by a medical service facility is equal to a reasonable amount, which is established by payment of one (1) of the following:

(1) The amount negotiated at any time between the medical service facility and any of the following:

- (A) The employer.
- (B) The employer's insurance carrier.
- (C) A billing review service on behalf of a person described in clause (A) or (B).
- (D) A direct provider network that has contracted with a



person described in clause (A) or (B).

(2) Two hundred percent (200%) of the amount that would be paid to the medical service facility on the same date for the same service or product under the medical service facility's Medicare reimbursement rate, if an amount has not been negotiated as described in subdivision (1).

(c) The payment to a medical service provider for an implant furnished to an employee under this chapter may not exceed the invoice amount plus twenty-five percent (25%).

(d) A medical service provider may request an explanation from a billing review service if the medical service provider's bill has been reduced as a result of application of the eightieth percentile or of a Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) or Medicare coding change. The request must be made not later than sixty (60) days after receipt of the notice of the reduction. If a request is made, the billing review service must provide:

(1) the name of the billing review service used to make the reduction;

(2) the dollar amount of the reduction;

(3) the dollar amount of the medical service at the eightieth percentile; and

(4) in the case of a CPT or Medicare coding change, the basis upon which the change was made;

not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the request.

(e) If, after a hearing, the worker's compensation board finds that a billing review service used a billing review standard that did not comply with subsection (a)(1) through (a)(3), as applicable, in determining the pecuniary liability of an employer or an employer's insurance carrier for a medical service provider's charge for services or products covered under occupational disease compensation, the worker's compensation board may assess a civil penalty against the billing review service in an amount not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) and not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

SECTION 101. IC 22-4.5-9-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.60-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) The council shall do all of the following:

(1) Provide coordination to align the various participants in the state's education, job skills development, and career training system.

(2) Match the education and skills training provided by the state's education, job skills development, and career training system with



the currently existing and future needs of the state's job market. (3) Provide administrative oversight of the system.

(4) In addition to the department's annual report provided under IC 22-4-18-7, submit, not later than August 1, 2013, and not later than August 1 each year thereafter, to the legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 an inventory of current job and career training activities conducted by:

(A) state and local agencies; and

(B) whenever the information is readily available, private groups, associations, and other participants in the state's

education, job skills development, and career training system. The inventory must provide at least the information listed in IC 22-4-18-7(a)(1) through IC 22-4-18-7(a)(5) for each activity in the inventory.

(5) Submit, not later than July 1, 2014, to the legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 a strategic plan to improve the state's education, job skills development, and career training system. The council shall submit, not later than December 1, 2013, to the legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 a progress report concerning the development of the strategic plan. The strategic plan developed under this subdivision must include at least the following:

(A) Proposed changes, including recommended legislation and rules, to increase coordination, data sharing, and communication among the state, local, and private agencies, groups, and associations that are involved in education, job skills development, and career training.

(B) Proposed changes to make Indiana a leader in employment opportunities related to the fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (commonly known as STEM). (C) Proposed changes to address both:

(i) the shortage of qualified workers for current employment opportunities; and

(ii) the shortage of employment opportunities for individuals with a baccalaureate or more advanced degree.

(6) Coordinate the performance of its duties under this chapter with:

(A) the education roundtable established by IC 20-19-4-2; and

(B) the Indiana works councils established under SEA 465-2013. by IC 20-19-6-4.

(b) In performing its duties, the council shall obtain input from the following:



(1) Indiana employers and employer organizations.

(2) Public and private institutions of higher education.

(3) Regional and local economic development organizations.

(4) Indiana labor organizations.

(5) Individuals with expertise in career and technical education.

(6) Military and veterans organizations.

(7) Organizations representing women, African-Americans, Latinos, and other significant minority populations and having an interest in issues of particular concern to these populations.

(8) Individuals and organizations with expertise in the logistics industry.

(9) Any other person or organization that a majority of the voting members of the council determine determines has information that is important for the council to consider.

SECTION 102. IC 22-4.5-10.5-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.273-2013, SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The department, in consultation with the commission for higher education, the department of education, the office of the secretary of family and social services, and any other agency the department determines is necessary, shall include in the Indiana workforce intelligence system established by IC 22-4.5-10-3 as added by HB 1002-2013, SECTION 2, information regarding the middle skill credentials awarded in Indiana for the immediately preceding state fiscal year.

(b) The information required under subsection (a) must include:

(1) the aggregate number of enrollees in programs leading to middle skill credentials from:

(A) public institutions of higher education;

(B) private institutions of higher education;

(C) postsecondary proprietary educational institutions;

(D) community colleges;

(E) area vocational schools;

(F) high school vocational programs;

(G) apprenticeship programs; and

(H) other public or private workforce training programs; and (2) aggregate data of industry based certifications awarded as the result of the completion of education and employment training programs.

(c) The department shall publish the information described in subsection (b) in the department's annual report.

SECTION 103. IC 23-19-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 80, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION



338, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) This article shall be administered by a division of the office of the secretary of state. The secretary of state shall appoint a securities commissioner who shall be responsible for the direction and supervision of the division and the administration of this article under the direction and control of the secretary of state. The salary of the securities commissioner shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of this article. The commissioner shall serve at the will of the secretary of state.

(b) The secretary of state:

(1) shall employ a chief deputy, attorneys, a senior investigator,

a senior accountant, and other deputies, investigators, accountants, clerks, stenographers, and other employees necessary for the administration of this article; and

(2) shall fix their compensation with the approval of the budget agency.

(c) It is unlawful for the commissioner or an officer, employee, or designee of the commissioner to use for personal benefit or the benefit of others records or other information obtained by or filed with the commissioner that are is not public under section 7(b) of this chapter. This article does not authorize the commissioner or an officer, employee, or designee of the commissioner to disclose the record or information, except in accordance with section 2, 7(c), or 8 of this chapter.

(d) This article does not create or diminish a privilege or exemption that exists at common law, by statute or rule, or otherwise.

(e) Subject to IC 4-2-6-15, the commissioner may develop and implement investor education initiatives to inform the public about investing in securities, with particular emphasis on the prevention and detection of securities fraud. In developing and implementing these initiatives, the commissioner may collaborate with public and nonprofit organizations with an interest in investor education. The commissioner may accept a grant or donation from a person that is not affiliated with the securities industry or from a nonprofit organization, regardless of whether the organization is affiliated with the securities industry, to develop and implement investor education initiatives. This subsection does not authorize the commissioner to require participation or monetary contributions of a registrant in an investor education program.

(f) *The securities division enforcement account is established*. Fees and funds of whatever character accruing from the administration of this article shall be accounted for by the secretary of state and shall be



deposited with the treasurer of state to be deposited by the treasurer of the state in either the state general fund or the *securities division* enforcement account. *referenced below.* Subject to IC 4-2-6-15, expenses incurred in the administration of this article shall be paid from the state general fund upon appropriation being made for the expenses in the manner provided by law for the making of those appropriations. *However, grants and donations received under subsection (e), costs of investigations recovered under section 4(e) of this chapter, and civil penalties recovered under sections 3(b) and 4(d) of this chapter The following* shall be deposited by the treasurer of state in *a separate account to be known as* the securities division enforcement account:

(1) Grants and donations received under subsection (e).

(2) Costs of investigations recovered under section 4(e) of this chapter.

(3) Fifty percent (50%) of the first two million dollars (\$2,000,000):

(A) of a civil penalty recovered under section 3(b) or 4(d) of this chapter;

(B) recovered in a settlement of an action initiated to enforce this article; or

(C) awarded as a judgment in an action to enforce this article. (g) The following shall be deposited by the treasurer of state in the state general fund:

(1) Fifty percent (50%) of the first two million dollars (\$2,000,000):

(A) of a civil penalty recovered under section 3(b) or 4(d) of this chapter;

(B) recovered in a settlement of an action initiated to enforce this article; or

(*C*) awarded as a judgment in an action to enforce this article.(2) Any amount exceeding two million dollars (\$2,000,000):

(A) of a civil penalty recovered under section 3(b) or 4(d) of this chapter;

(B) recovered in a settlement of an action initiated to enforce this article; or

(C) awarded as a judgment in an action to enforce this article.

(3) Other fees and revenues that are not designated for deposit in the securities division enforcement account or the securities restitution fund.

(h) Notwithstanding *HC* 9-23-6-4, IC 23-2-2.5-34, IC 23-2-2.5-43, IC 23-2-5-7, IC 23-19-4-12, IC 25-11-1-15, and this chapter, five



percent (5%) of funds received *after June 30, 2010,* for deposit in the *securities division* enforcement account shall instead be deposited in the securities restitution fund established by IC 23-20-1-25. Subject to IC 4-2-6-15, the funds deposited in the enforcement account shall be available, with the approval of the budget agency:

(1) to augment and supplement the funds appropriated for the administration of this article; and

(2) for grants and awards to nonprofit entities for programs and activities that will further investor education and financial literacy in the state.

The funds in the enforcement account do not revert to the state general fund at the end of any state fiscal year.

(g) (i) In connection with the administration and enforcement of this article, the attorney general shall render all necessary assistance to the commissioner upon the commissioner's request, and to that end, the attorney general shall employ legal and other professional services as are necessary to adequately and fully perform the service under the direction of the commissioner as the demands of the securities division shall require. Expenses incurred by the attorney general for the purposes stated in this subsection shall be chargeable against and paid out of funds appropriated to the attorney general for the administration of the attorney general's office. The attorney general may authorize the commissioner and the securities division in any proceeding involving enforcement or defense of this article.

(*h*) (*j*) Neither the secretary of state, the commissioner, nor an employee of the securities division shall be liable in their individual capacity, except to the state, for an act done or omitted in connection with the performance of their respective duties under this article.

(*i*) (*k*) The commissioner shall take, prescribe, and file the oath of office prescribed by law. The commissioner, chief deputy commissioner, and each attorney or investigator designated by the commissioner are police officers of the state and shall have all the powers and duties of police officers in making arrests for violations of this article, or in serving any process, notice, or order connected with the enforcement of this article by whatever officer, authority, or court issued and shall comprise the enforcement department of the division and are considered a criminal justice agency for purposes of IC 5-2-4 and IC 10-13-3.

(f) (l) The provisions of this article delegating and granting power to the secretary of state, the securities division, and the commissioner shall be liberally construed to the end that:



(1) the practice or commission of fraud may be prohibited and prevented;

(2) disclosure of sufficient and reliable information in order to afford reasonable opportunity for the exercise of independent judgment of the persons involved may be assured; and

(3) the qualifications may be prescribed to assure availability of reliable broker-dealers, investment advisers, and agents engaged in and in connection with the issuance, barter, sale, purchase, transfer, or disposition of securities in this state.

It is the intent and purpose of this article to delegate and grant to and vest in the secretary of state, the securities division, and the commissioner full and complete power to carry into effect and accomplish the purpose of this article and to charge them with full and complete responsibility for its effective administration.

(k) (m) Copies of any statement and documents filed in the office of the secretary of state and of any records of the secretary of state certified by the commissioner shall be admissible in any prosecution, action, suit, or proceeding based upon, arising out of, or under this article to the same effect as the original of such statement, document, or record would be if actually produced.

(*t*) (*n*) IC 4-21.5 is not applicable to any of the proceedings under this article.

SECTION 104. IC 25-8-3-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.170-2013, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 28. (a) A member of the board or any inspector or investigator may inspect:

(1) a cosmetology beauty culture salon;

(2) a beauty culture school; or

(3) a mobile salon;

during its regular business hours.

(b) A member of the board or any inspector or investigator may inspect:

(1) a beauty culture salon;

(2) a beauty culture school; or

(3) a mobile salon;

before an initial license is issued.

SECTION 105. IC 25-8-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.170-2013, SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. A license issued under this article may not be transferred unless:

(1) the license is a beauty culture salon license; and

(2) the person holding the license was required to change the



location of the cosmetology beauty culture salon or barber shop by circumstances that the board determines were beyond the control of that person.

SECTION 106. IC 25-21.5-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2013, SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) "Practice of surveying" means providing, or offering to provide, professional services involving:

(1) the making of geometric measurements of, and gathering related information pertaining to, the physical or legal features of the earth, improvements on the earth, the space above the earth, or any part of the earth; and

(2) the use and development of the measurements and information gathered under subdivision (1) into survey products, including graphics, digital data, maps, plats, plans, reports, and descriptions and projects.

(b) Professional services provided under the practice of surveying include consultation, investigation, testimony evaluation, expert technical testimony, planning, mapping, assembling, and interpreting gathered measurements and information related to any of the following:

(1) Determining the configuration or contour of the earth's surface or the position of fixed objects thereon by measuring lines and angles and applying the principles of mathematics or photogrammetry.

(2) Determining the size and shape of the earth, or any point on the earth, by performing geodetic surveys using angular and linear measurements through spatially oriented spherical geometry.

(3) Determining, by the use of principles of surveying, the position for any nonboundary related survey control monument or reference point, or setting, resetting, or replacing any nonboundary related monument or reference point.

(4) Locating, relocating, establishing, reestablishing, laying out, retracing, or marking any property or boundary line or corner of any tract of land or of any right-of-way or easement.

(5) Making any survey or preparing any plat for the subdivision of any tract of land.

(6) Determining, by the use of principles of surveying, the position for any boundary related survey monument or reference point, or setting, resetting, or replacing any monument or reference point.

(7) Preparing a description for any parcel or boundary of land, or for any right-of-way or easement, except when prepared by an attorney who is licensed to practice law in Indiana.



(8) Determining the amount of acreage contained in any parcel of land, except when determined by an attorney who is licensed to practice law in Indiana.

(9) Performing construction staking or layout of the control for any elements of an engineering, building, or construction project, if the position of an element is:

(A) dependent on;

(B) in specific relation to; or

(C) in close proximity to; a boundary or property line or corner, including easements and rights-of-way.

a boundary, property line, or corner, including easements and rights-of-way.

(10) For and within subdivisions being designed by a professional surveyor, the preparation and furnishing of plats, plans, and profiles for roads, storm drainage, sanitary sewer extensions, and the location of residences or dwellings where the work involves the use and application of standards prescribed by local, state, or federal authorities.

(11) All work incidental to cleaning out, reconstructing, or maintaining existing open and tile drains.

(12) Creating, preparing, or modifying electronic or computerized data relative to the performance of the activities described in this subsection.

(c) Activities included within the practice of surveying that must be accomplished under the responsible charge of a professional surveyor, unless specifically exempted under subsection (d), include the following:

(1) The creation of maps and geo-referenced data bases representing authoritative locations for boundaries, fixed works, or topography, either by terrestrial surveying methods or by photogrammetric or GNSS locations. This includes maps and geo-referenced data bases prepared by any person, firm, or government agency if that data is provided to the public as a survey product.

(2) Original data acquisition, or the resolution of conflicts between multiple data sources, when used for the authoritative location of features within the following data themes:

- (A) Geodetic control.
- (B) Orthoimagery.
- (C) Elevation and bathymetry.
- (D) Fixed works.
- (E) Government boundaries.



(F) Cadastral information.

(3) Certification of positional accuracy of maps or measured survey data.

(4) Measurement, adjustment, and authoritative interpretation of raw survey data.

(5) GIS-based parcel or cadastral mapping used for authoritative boundary definition purposes wherein land title or development rights for individual parcels are, or may be, affected.

(6) Interpretation of maps, deeds, or other land title documents to resolve conflicting data elements within cadastral documents of record.

(7) Acquisition of field data required to authoritatively position fixed works or cadastral data to geodetic control.

(8) Adjustment or transformation of cadastral data to improve the positional accuracy of the parcel layer or layers with respect to the geodetic control layer within a GIS for purposes of affirming positional accuracy.

(d) A distinction is made in this subsection, in the use of electronic systems, between making or documenting original measurements in the creation of survey products and the copying, interpretation, or representation of those measurements in systems. Further, a distinction is made according to the intent, use, or purpose of measurement products in electronic systems, between the determination of authoritative locations and the use of those products as a locational reference for planning, infrastructure management, and general information. The following items are not included as activities within the definition of the practice of surveying:

(1) The creation of general maps:

(A) prepared by private firms or government agencies for use as guides to motorists, boaters, aviators, or pedestrians;

(B) prepared for publication in a gazetteer or atlas as an educational tool or reference publication;

(C) prepared for or by educational institutions for use in the curriculum of any course of study;

(D) produced by any electronic or print media firm as an illustrative guide to the geographic location of any event; or

(E) prepared by lay persons for conversational or illustrative purposes, including advertising material and users' guides.

(2) The transcription of previously geo-referenced data into a geographic information system by manual or electronic means, and the maintenance thereof, if the data are clearly not intended to indicate the authoritative location of property boundaries, the



precise definition of the shape or contour of the earth, and the precise location of fixed works of humans.

(3) The transcription of public record data, without modification except for graphical purposes, into geographic information systems-based cadastres, including tax maps, zoning maps, and associated records by manual or electronic means, and the maintenance of that cadastre, if the data are clearly not intended to authoritatively represent property boundaries.

(4) The preparation of any document by any agency of the federal government that does not define real property boundaries, including civilian and military versions of quadrangle topographic maps, military maps, satellite imagery, and other similar documents.

(5) The incorporation or use of documents or data bases prepared by any federal agency into a geographic information system, including federal census and demographic data, quadrangle topographic maps, and military maps.

(6) Inventory maps and data bases created by any organization, in either hard copy or electronic form, of physical features, facilities, or infrastructure that are wholly contained within properties to which the organization has rights or for which the organization has management responsibility. The distribution of these maps and data bases outside the organization must contain appropriate metadata describing, at a minimum, the accuracy, method of compilation, data source or sources, and date or dates, and disclaimers of use clearly indicating that the data are not intended to be used as a survey product.

(7) Maps, cross-sections, graphics, and data bases depicting the distribution of natural resources or phenomena prepared by foresters, geologists, soil scientists, geophysicists, biologists, archeologists, historians, or other persons qualified to document and interpret the data in the context of their respective practices. (8) Maps and geo-referenced data bases depicting physical features and events prepared by any government agency if the access to that data is restricted by statute, including geo-referenced data generated by law enforcement agencies involving crime statistics and criminal activities.

(e) The use of photogrammetric methods or similar remote sensing technology to perform any part of the practice of surveying as defined in this section may be performed only under the direct control and supervision of a professional surveyor or professional photogrammetrists who maintain a current title of "Certified



Photogrammetrist" from a national scientific organization having a process for certifying photogrammetrists.

(f) The practice of surveying encompasses a number of disciplines, including geodetic surveying, hydrographic surveying, cadastral surveying, construction staking, route surveying, photogrammetric surveying, and topographic surveying. A professional surveyor may practice only within the surveyor's area of expertise.

SECTION 107. IC 25-23.4-5-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.232-2013, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A certified direct entry midwife must have a collaborating agreement with a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5. Collaboration under this chapter does not require the physical presence of the physician at the time and the place at which the certified direct entry midwife renders services.

(b) Subject to rules adopted under IC 25-23.4-2-6(b)(6); IC 25-23.4-2-6(b)(5), a collaborating physician shall review the patient encounters that the certified direct entry midwife has with a patient who is the client of the certified direct entry midwife:

(1) at any time when requested by the physician; and

(2) at the time of the client's visit with the physician during the first and third trimesters, at least the following percentages of the patient charts:

(A) For the first year that the individual is a certified direct entry midwife, one hundred percent (100%).

(B) For the second year that the individual is a certified direct entry midwife, fifty percent (50%).

(C) For the third year that the individual is a certified direct entry midwife, twenty-five percent (25%).

SECTION 108. IC 25-23.4-6-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.232-2013, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) Subject to rules adopted under IC 25-23.4-2-6(b)(6), IC 25-23.4-2-6(b), a certified direct entry midwife must provide an initial screening of a client that includes an assessment of health conditions that require a referral to a physician under subsection (c).

(b) Subject to rules adopted under $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{25-23.4-2-6(b)(8)}{1}$, **IC 25-23.4-2-6(b)**, a certified direct entry midwife shall refer a client to a physician in the client's first and third trimester of pregnancy.

(c) If a client has a health condition that makes the client at risk, the certified direct entry midwife shall, subject to rules adopted under $\frac{1C}{28-23.4-2-6(b)(9)}$: IC 25-23.4-2-6(b):

(1) refer the client to a licensed physician; and



(2) consult with the physician concerning the client's care.

SECTION 109. IC 25-31-1-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The board shall hold in the city of Indianapolis at least two (2) regular meetings each year and special meetings as the board considers necessary. Regular and special meetings must be held at times and places as the rules of the board may provide. Notice of all meetings must be given according to IC 5-14-1.5.

(b) The board shall elect, annually, from its own members, a chairman and a vice chairman.

(c) A quorum of the board consists of four (4) members and no official action of any meeting may be taken without at least four (4) votes being in accord.

(d) Suitable office quarters shall be provided by the state for the use of the board in the city of Indianapolis. This office may be shared with the state board of registration for land professional surveyors.

SECTION 110. IC 25-31-1-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The licensing agency shall provide the board with a competent individual to serve as secretary of the board. The secretary may not be a member of the board. The secretary, through the licensing agency, shall keep a true and complete record of all proceedings of the board and perform any other duties, prescribed in this chapter, as may be assigned by the board.

(b) The board shall be provided by the licensing agency whatever clerical or other assistants, including investigators, as may be necessary for the proper performance of its duties.

(c) The licensing agency may assign joint personnel to work for both the board and the state board of registration for land professional surveyors.

SECTION 111. IC 25-34.1-4.5-5.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.200-2013, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.5. (a) Notwithstanding IC 25-34.1-3-4.1(g), a license issued to a broker under this article that would have expired on June 30, 2013, will instead expire on June 30, 2014. The 2014 renewals will be for a three (3) year term.

(b) The continuing education requirements for the 2014 broker renewal shall be the:

(1) sixteen (16) hours required by IC 25-34.1-9-11 (as in effect before its repeal on July 1, 2014), which may have been obtained any time between July 1, 2011, and June 30, 2014; and

(2) eight (8) hours required by IC 25-34-9-11.1 IC 25-34.1-9-11.1



(before its expiration on July 1, 2014) to be obtained between July 1, 2013, and June 30, 2014.

SECTION 112. IC 25-34.1-5-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.200-2013, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) Each instructor of a prelicensing education course under this chapter must have a permit issued by the commission.

(b) An instructor permit under subsection (a) must:

(1) be issued for a term of three (3) years, and expires ending on a date set by the licensing agency; and

(2) expire if not renewed by the end of the permit period.

(c) An instructor issued a permit under subsection (a) must meet the following requirements:

(1) Be a licensed real estate broker or attorney licensed in Indiana, or an expert in the field working in conjunction with a licensed real estate broker or licensed attorney.

(2) Each year, complete four (4) hours of continuing education approved by the licensing agency and specific to providing real estate instruction. Hours earned under this subdivision may be used toward the completion of the continuing education requirement for a broker under IC 25-34.1-9-11.

(3) Pay applicable fees established under rules adopted by the commission under IC 4-22-2.

(4) Meet any additional requirements established by the commission under rules adopted under IC 4-22-2.

(d) If a permit expires under subsection (b)(2), to return the permit to active status, the instructor must:

(1) successfully complete continuing education requirements required by the commission;

(2) file a renewal application;

(3) pay a renewal fee under rules adopted by the commission under IC 4-22-2;

(4) pay any applicable late fees established under rules adopted by the commission under IC 4-22-2; and

(5) meet any additional requirements established by the commission.

(e) Instructors approved by the commission before July 1, 2013, shall be exempted from the requirement under subsection (c)(1).

SECTION 113. IC 25-34.1-5-15, AS ADDED BY P.L.200-2013, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) Each real estate school must have a permit issued by the commission.



(b) A real estate school **issued a** permit under subsection (a) must meet the following requirements:

(1) For online courses, an instructor that has been issued a permit under this chapter must be available during normal business hours.

(2) Course rosters must be provided to the commission each month.

(3) A The school must pay the permit fees established by the commission under subsection (d).

(c) The commission shall establish a permit period for real estate schools. A permit issued under this section must be renewed at the end of the period established by the commission.

(d) The commission shall establish, by rule adopted under IC 4-22-2, fees for permits under this section.

(e) A school must annually file with the commission a list of courses offered by the school.

SECTION 114. IC 27-1-15.6-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.81-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section, "insurer" does not include an officer, director, employee, subsidiary, or affiliate of an insurer.

(b) This chapter does not require an insurer to obtain an insurance producer license.

(c) The following are not required to be licensed as an insurance producer:

(1) An officer, director, or employee of an insurer or of an insurance producer, if the officer, director, or employee does not receive any commission on policies written or sold to insure risks that reside, are located, or are to be performed in Indiana, and if:

(A) the officer, director, or employee's activities are executive, administrative, managerial, clerical, or a combination of these, and are only indirectly related to the sale, solicitation, or negotiation of insurance;

(B) the officer, director, or employee's function relates to underwriting, loss control, inspection, or the processing, adjusting, investigating, or settling of a claim on a contract of insurance; or

(C) the officer, director, or employee is acting in the capacity of a special agent or agency supervisor assisting insurance producers and the officer, director, or employee's activities are limited to providing technical advice and assistance to licensed insurance producers and do not include the sale,



solicitation, or negotiation of insurance.

(2) A person who secures and furnishes information for the purpose of:

(A) group life insurance, group property and casualty insurance, group annuities, or group or blanket accident and sickness insurance;

(B) enrolling individuals under plans;

(C) issuing certificates under plans or otherwise assisting in administering plans; or

(D) performing administrative services related to mass marketed property and casualty insurance;

where no commission is paid to the person for the service.

(3) A person identified in clauses (A) through (C) who is not in any manner compensated, directly or indirectly, by a company issuing a contract, to the extent that the person is engaged in the administration or operation of a program of employee benefits for the employer's or association's employees, or for the employees of a subsidiary or affiliate of the employer or association, that involves the use of insurance issued by an insurer:

(A) An employer or association.

(B) An officer, director, or employee of an employer or association.

(C) The trustees of an employee trust plan.

(4) An:

(A) employee of an insurer; or

(B) organization employed by insurers;

that is engaged in the inspection, rating, or classification of risks, or in the supervision of the training of insurance producers, and that is not individually engaged in the sale, solicitation, or negotiation of insurance.

(5) A person whose activities in Indiana are limited to advertising, without the intent to solicit insurance in Indiana, through communications in printed publications or other forms of electronic mass media whose distribution is not limited to residents of Indiana, provided that the person does not sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance that would insure risks residing, located, or to be performed in Indiana.

(6) A person who is not a resident of Indiana and who sells, solicits, or negotiates a contract of insurance for commercial property and casualty risks to an insured with risks located in more than one (1) state insured under that contract, provided that:

(A) the person is otherwise licensed as an insurance producer



to sell, solicit, or negotiate the insurance in the state where the insured maintains its principal place of business; and

(B) the contract of insurance insures risks located in that state. (7) A salaried full-time employee who counsels or advises the employee's employer about the insurance interests of the employer or of the subsidiaries or business affiliates of the employer, provided that the employee does not sell or solicit insurance or receive a commission.

(8) An officer, employee, or representative of a rental company (as defined in IC 24-4-9-7) who negotiates or solicits insurance incidental to and in connection with the rental of a motor vehicle.(9) An individual who:

(A) furnishes only title insurance rate information at the request of a consumer; and

(B) does not discuss the terms or conditions of a title insurance policy.

(10) An employee or authorized representative of a vendor that is licensed as a limited lines producer under this chapter to sell, solicit, or negotiate portable electronics insurance incidental to and in connection with portable electronics transactions as described in IC 27-1-15.9.

(11) An employee or authorized representative of a self-storage facility that is licensed as a limited lines producer under this chapter to sell, solicit, or negotiate self-storage insurance incidental to and in connection with self-storage facility rental agreements as described in IC 27-1-16.1.

SECTION 115. IC 31-9-2-44.8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 544, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 44.8. "Family preservation services", for purposes of **IC 31-26-5 and** IC 31-26-6, means short term, highly intensive services designed to protect, treat, and support the following:

(1) A family with a child at risk of placement by enabling the family to remain intact and care for the child at home.

(2) A family that adopts or plans to adopt an abused or neglected child who is at risk of placement or adoption disruption by assisting the family to achieve or maintain a stable, successful adoption of the child.

SECTION 116. IC 32-33-4-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2013, SECTION 1, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 340, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. Subject to sections 3(c), 3(d), and 3.5 of this



chapter, a person, a firm, a partnership, an association, a limited liability company, or a corporation maintaining a hospital in Indiana or a hospital owned, maintained, or operated by the state or a political subdivision of the state is entitled to hold a lien for the reasonable value of its services or expenses (including any amount designated as a copayment or deductible) on any judgment for personal injuries rendered in favor of any person, except:

(1) a person covered by the provisions of IC 22-3, the state worker's compensation laws;

(2) a person covered by the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 8101 et seq., the federal worker's compensation laws;

(3) a person covered by the provisions of 45 U.S.C. 51 et seq., the Federal **Employers** Liability Act;

(4) an eligible person (as defined in IC 34-13-8-1) with respect to a distribution paid from the supplemental state fair relief fund for an occurrence (as defined in IC 34-13-8-2); and

(5) a person covered by the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq., the federal Medicare program;

who is admitted to the hospital and receives treatment, care, and maintenance on account of personal injuries received as a result of the negligence of any person or corporation. In order to claim the lien, the hospital must satisfy the conditions for perfecting the lien as set forth in section 4 of this chapter and, not later than the date on which the judgment is rendered, enter, in writing, upon the judgment docket where the judgment is recorded, the hospital's intention to hold a lien upon the judgment, together with the amount claimed.

SECTION 117. IC 34-30-27-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.96-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. An architect registered under IC 25-4-1, a land professional surveyor registered under IC 25-21.5, or a professional engineer registered under IC 25-31-1 who, after May 31, 2013, voluntarily, without compensation (other than expense reimbursement), provides architectural, structural, electrical, mechanical, or professional services:

(1) related to a declared national, state, or local emergency caused by an earthquake, hurricane, tornado, fire, explosion, gale, severe storm, flood, or collapse; and

(2) at the request of or with the approval of a federal or state official with executive responsibility in the jurisdiction to coordinate:

(A) law enforcement;

(B) public safety; or



(C) building inspection;

believed by the registered architect, land professional surveyor, or professional engineer to be acting in an official capacity;

is not liable for any personal injury, wrongful death, property damage, or other loss of any nature related to the registered architect's, land **professional** surveyor's, or professional engineer's acts, errors, or omissions in the performance of the services.

SECTION 118. IC 36-3-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.266-2013, SECTION 8, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013, SECTION 48, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The city-county legislative body shall, by ordinance, divide the whole county into twenty-five (25) districts that:

(1) are compact, subject only to natural boundary lines (such as railroads, major highways, rivers, creeks, parks, and major industrial complexes);

(2) contain, as nearly as is possible, equal population; and

(3) do not cross precinct boundary lines.

Except as provided by subsection (f), this division shall be made *during before* the *end of the* second year after a year in which a federal decennial census is conducted and may also be made at any other time, subject to IC 3-11-1.5-32.

(b) The legislative body is composed of *the following*:

(1) Before January 1, 2016, twenty-five (25) members elected from the districts established under subsection (a) and four (4) members elected from an at-large district containing the whole county.

(2) After December 31, 2015, twenty-five (25) members elected from the districts established under subsection (a).

(c) Each voter of the county may vote for *four (4) candidates for at-large membership and* one (1) candidate from the district in which the voter resides. *The four (4) at-large candidates receiving the most votes from the whole county and the district candidates receiving the most votes from their respective districts are elected to the legislative body.*

(d) If the legislative body fails to make the division before the date prescribed by subsection (a) or the division is alleged to violate subsection (a) or other law, a taxpayer or registered voter of the county may petition the superior court of the county to hear and determine the matter. The court shall hear and determine the matter as a five (5) member panel of judges from the superior court. The clerk of the court shall select the judges electronically and randomly. *The clerk shall*



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maintain a record of the method and process used to select the judges and shall make the record available for public inspection and copying. Not more than three (3) members of the five (5) member panel of judges may be of the same political party. The first judge selected shall maintain the case file and preside over the proceedings. There may not be a change of venue from the court or from the county. The court may appoint a master to assist in its determination and may draw proper district boundaries if necessary. An appeal from the court's judgment must be taken within thirty (30) days, directly to the supreme court, in the same manner as appeals from other actions.

(e) An election of the legislative body held under the ordinance or court judgment determining districts that is in effect on the date of the election is valid, regardless of whether the ordinance or judgment is later determined to be invalid.

(f) This subsection applies during the second year after a year in which a federal decennial census is conducted. If the legislative body determines that a division under subsection (a) is not required, the legislative body shall adopt an ordinance recertifying that the districts as drawn comply with this section.

(g) Each time there is a division under subsection (a) or a recertification under subsection (f), the legislative body shall file with the circuit court clerk of the county, not later than thirty (30) days after the division or recertification occurs, a map of the district boundaries:

(1) adopted under subsection (a); or

(2) recertified under subsection (f).

(h) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the ordinance, but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance. The ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the ordinance violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other provisions or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application. The provisions of the ordinance are severable.

(i) If a conflict exists between:

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(1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and

(2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the ordinance;

the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in the ordinance, not the boundaries shown on the map, to the extent there is a conflict between the description and the map.

SECTION 119. IC 36-4-1.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.202-2013, SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. A town may be changed into a city through the following:

(1) The town legislative body must adopt a resolution submitting to the town's voters the question of whether the town should be changed into a city. The town legislative body shall adopt a resolution described in this subdivision if at least the number of registered voters of the town equal to ten percent (10%) of the total votes cast in the town at the last election for secretary of state sign a petition requesting the town legislative body to adopt such a resolution. In determining the number of signatures required under this subdivision, any fraction that exceeds a whole number shall be disregarded.

(2) The town legislative body must adopt the resolution under subdivision (1) not later than thirty (30) days after the date on which a petition having a sufficient number of signatures is filed. A resolution adopted under subdivision (1) must fix the date for an election on the question of whether the town should be changed into a city as follows:

(A) If the election is to be on the same date as a general election or municipal election:

(i) the resolution must state that fact and be certified in accordance with IC 3-10-9-3; and

(ii) the election must be held on the date of the next general election or municipal election, whichever is earlier, at which the question can be placed on the ballot under IC 3-10-9-3. **IC 3-10-9.**

- (B) If the election is to be a special election, the date must be:(i) not less than thirty (30) and not more than sixty (60) days after the notice of the election; and
 - (ii) not later than the next general election or municipal election, whichever is earlier, at which the question can be placed on the ballot under $\frac{12}{10}$ S-10-9-3. IC 3-10-9.

(3) The town legislative body shall file a copy of the resolution adopted under subdivision (1) with the circuit court clerk of each county in which the town is located. The circuit court clerk shall immediately certify the resolution to the county election board.

(4) The county election board shall give notice of the election in the manner prescribed by IC 3-8-2-19. IC 3-10-6 applies to the election.

(5) The question described in subdivision (1) shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4. The text of the question shall be: "Shall the town of ______ change into a



city?".

(6) If a majority of the voters voting on the question described in subdivision (1) vote "yes", the town is changed into a city as provided in this chapter. If a majority of the voters voting on the question vote "no", the town remains a town.

SECTION 120. IC 36-7-14-50, AS ADDED BY P.L.7-2013, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), all the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities that may be exercised by a commission in blighted, deteriorated, or deteriorating areas may be exercised by a commission in implementing its program for age-restricted housing, including the following:

(1) The special tax levied in accordance with section 27 of this chapter may be used to accomplish the purposes of the age-restricted housing program.

(2) Bonds may be issued under this chapter to accomplish the purposes of the age-restricted housing program, but only one (1) issue of bonds may be issued and payable from increments in any allocation area established under section 5+49 of this chapter, except for refunding bonds or bonds issued in an amount necessary to complete an age-restricted housing program for which bonds were previously issued.

(3) Leases may be entered into under this chapter to accomplish the purposes of the age-restricted housing program.

(4) The tax exemptions set forth in section 37 of this chapter are applicable.

(5) Property taxes may be allocated under section 39 of this chapter.

(b) A commission may not exercise the power of eminent domain in implementing its age-restricted housing program.

SECTION 121. IC 36-7-15.1-60, AS ADDED BY P.L.7-2013, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 60. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), all the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities that may be exercised by a commission in blighted, deteriorated, or deteriorating areas may be exercised by a commission in implementing its program for age-restricted housing, including the following:

(1) The special tax levied in accordance with section 19 of this chapter may be used to accomplish the purposes of the age-restricted housing program.

(2) Bonds may be issued under this chapter to accomplish the purposes of the age-restricted housing program, but only one (1)



issue of bonds may be issued and payable from increments in any allocation area established under section 61 59 of this chapter, except for refunding bonds or bonds issued in an amount necessary to complete an age-restricted housing program for which bonds were previously issued.

(3) Leases may be entered into under this chapter to accomplish the purposes of the age-restricted housing program.

(4) The tax exemptions set forth in section 25 of this chapter are applicable.

(5) Property taxes may be allocated under section 26 of this chapter.

(b) A commission may not exercise the power of eminent domain in implementing its age-restricted housing program.

SECTION 122. An emergency is declared for this act.



President of the Senate

President Pro Tempore

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Governor of the State of Indiana

Date:

Time:

