SENATE BILL No. 12

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 10-13-3; IC 35-31.5-2-260.2; IC 35-38-1-7.1.

Synopsis: Bias motivated crimes. Makes it an aggravating circumstance (for purposes of imposing a criminal sentence) that a crime was committed with the intent to harm or intimidate an individual or a group of individuals because of certain perceived or actual characteristics of the individual or group of individuals. Requires law enforcement agencies to report bias motivated crimes to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Effective: July 1, 2019.

Bohacek, Alting

January 3, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure.



Introduced

First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 12

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 10-13-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "bias motivated crime" means an offense against an individual or a group of individuals in which the person who commits the offense knowingly or intentionally:

(1) selected the person **individual or group of individuals** who was injured; or

(2) damaged or otherwise affected property;

9 by the offense in whole or in part because of the individual's or 10 group of individuals' perceived or actual color, ereed, disability, 11 national origin, ancestry, race, religion, gender identity, sex, or sexual 12 orientation, political affiliation, status as a public safety official (as 13 defined in IC 35-42-2-1(a)), status as a relative of a public safety 14 official (as defined in IC 35-42-2-1(b)), or service in the armed 15 forces of the United States (as defined in IC 5-9-4-3), of the injured 16 person or of the owner or occupant of the affected property, whether 17 or not the person's belief or perception was correct, or because the



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1 injured person or owner or occupant of the affected property individual 2 or group of individuals was associated with any other recognizable 3 group or affiliation. 4 SECTION 2. IC 10-13-3-38 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 5 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 38. (a) A law 6 enforcement agency shall collect information concerning bias 7 motivated crimes. 8 (b) At least two (2) times each year, a law enforcement agency shall 9 submit information collected under subsection (a) to: 10 (1) the Indiana central repository for criminal history information, Information shall be reported in the manner and form prescribed 11 by the department; and 12 13 (2) the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in accordance with 14 the guidelines established under 28 U.S.C. 534, and using the 15 national incident based reporting system. 16 (c) At least one (1) time each year, the Indiana central repository for 17 criminal history information shall submit a report that includes a 18 compilation of information obtained under subsection (b) to each law 19 enforcement agency and to the legislative council. A report submitted 20 to a law enforcement agency and the legislative council under this 21 subsection may not contain the name of a person who: 22 (1) committed or allegedly committed a bias motivated crime; or 23 (2) was the victim or the alleged victim of a bias motivated 24 crime. 25 A report submitted to the legislative council under this subsection must 26 be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6. 27 (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), information collected, 28 submitted, and reported under this section must be consistent with 29 guidelines established for the acquisition, preservation, and exchange 30 of identification records and information by: 31 (1) the Attorney General of the United States; or 32 (2) the Federal Bureau of Investigation; 33 under 28 U.S.C. 534 and the Hate Crime Statistics Act, as amended (28 34 U.S.C. 534 note). 35 (e) Information submitted under subsection (b) and reports issued 36 under subsection (c) shall, in conformity with guidelines prescribed by 37 the department, 38 (1) be separated in reports on the basis of whether it is an alleged 39 crime, a charged crime, or a crime for which a conviction has 40 been obtained. and 41 (2) be divided in reports on the basis of whether, in the opinion of 42 the reporting individual and the data collectors, bias was the



1 primary motivation for the crime or only incidental to the crime. 2 SECTION 3. IC 35-31.5-2-260.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.238-2015, 3 SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 4 JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 260.2. "Public safety official", for purposes of 5 IC 35-38-1-7.1 and IC 35-42-2-1, has the meaning set forth in 6 IC 35-42-2-1. 7 SECTION 4. IC 35-38-1-7.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2015, 8 SECTION 261. IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 9 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 7.1. (a) In determining what 10 sentence to impose for a crime, the court may consider the following aggravating circumstances: 11 12 (1) The harm, injury, loss, or damage suffered by the victim of an 13 offense was: 14 (A) significant; and 15 (B) greater than the elements necessary to prove the 16 commission of the offense. (2) The person has a history of criminal or delinquent behavior. 17 18 (3) The victim of the offense was less than twelve (12) years of 19 age or at least sixty-five (65) years of age at the time the person 20 committed the offense. 21 (4) The person: 22 (A) committed a crime of violence (IC 35-50-1-2); and 23 (B) knowingly committed the offense in the presence or within 24 hearing of an individual who: 25 (i) was less than eighteen (18) years of age at the time the 26 person committed the offense; and 27 (ii) is not the victim of the offense. 28 (5) The person violated a protective order issued against the 29 person under IC 34-26-5 (or IC 31-1-11.5, IC 34-26-2, or 30 IC 34-4-5.1 before their repeal), a workplace violence restraining 31 order issued against the person under IC 34-26-6, or a no contact 32 order issued against the person. 33 (6) The person has recently violated the conditions of any probation, parole, pardon, community corrections placement, or 34 pretrial release granted to the person. 35 36 (7) The victim of the offense was: 37 (A) a person with a disability (as defined in IC 27-7-6-12), and 38 the defendant knew or should have known that the victim was 39 a person with a disability; or 40 (B) mentally or physically infirm. 41 (8) The person was in a position having care, custody, or control 42 of the victim of the offense.



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1	(9) The injury to or death of the victim of the offense was the
2	result of shaken baby syndrome (as defined in IC 16-41-40-2).
3	(10) The person threatened to harm the victim of the offense or a
4	witness if the victim or witness told anyone about the offense.
5	(11) The person:
6	(A) committed trafficking with an inmate under
7	IC 35-44.1-3-5; and
8	(B) is an employee of the penal facility.
9	(12) The person committed the offense, including an offense
10	involving an individual's or a group of individuals' property,
11	with the intent to harm or intimidate an individual or a group
12	of individuals because of the individual's or group of
13	individuals' perceived or actual:
14	(A) race;
15	(B) religion;
16	(C) color;
17	(D) sex;
18	(E) gender identity;
19	(F) disability;
20	(G) national origin;
21	(H) ancestry;
22	(I) sexual orientation;
23	(J) political affiliation;
24	(K) status as a public safety official;
25	(L) status as a relative of a public safety official;
26	(M) service in the armed forces of the United States (as
27	defined in IC 5-9-4-3); or
28	(N) association with any recognizable group or affiliation;
29	whether or not the person's belief or perception was correct.
30	(b) The court may consider the following factors as mitigating
31	circumstances or as favoring suspending the sentence and imposing
32	probation:
33	(1) The crime neither caused nor threatened serious harm to
34	persons or property, or the person did not contemplate that it
35	would do so.
36	(2) The crime was the result of circumstances unlikely to recur.
37	(3) The victim of the crime induced or facilitated the offense.
38	(4) There are substantial grounds tending to excuse or justify the
39	crime, though failing to establish a defense.
40	(5) The person acted under strong provocation.
40 41	(6) The person lacted under strong provocation. (6) The person has no history of delinquency or criminal activity,
41	or the person has led a law-abiding life for a substantial period
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1	before commission of the crime.
2	(7) The person is likely to respond affirmatively to probation or
3	short term imprisonment.
4	(8) The character and attitudes of the person indicate that the
5	person is unlikely to commit another crime.
6	(9) The person has made or will make restitution to the victim of
7	the crime for the injury, damage, or loss sustained.
8	(10) Imprisonment of the person will result in undue hardship to
9	the person or the dependents of the person.
10	(11) The person was convicted of a crime involving the use of
11	force against a person who had repeatedly inflicted physical or
12	sexual abuse upon the convicted person and evidence shows that
13	the convicted person suffered from the effects of battery as a
14	result of the past course of conduct of the individual who is the
15	victim of the crime for which the person was convicted.
16	(12) The person was convicted of a crime relating to a controlled
17	substance and the person's arrest or prosecution was facilitated in
18	part because the person:
19	(A) requested emergency medical assistance; or
20	(B) acted in concert with another person who requested
21	emergency medical assistance;
22	for an individual who reasonably appeared to be in need of
23	medical assistance due to the use of alcohol or a controlled
24	substance.
25	(13) The person has posttraumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain
26	injury, or a postconcussive brain injury.
27	(c) The criteria listed in subsections (a) and (b) do not limit the
28	matters that the court may consider in determining the sentence.
29	(d) A court may impose any sentence that is:
30	(1) authorized by statute; and (2) a service it has a function of the State of Ludience
31	(2) permissible under the Constitution of the State of Indiana;
32 33	regardless of the presence or absence of aggravating circumstances or
33 34	mitigating circumstances.
34 35	(e) If a court suspends a sentence and orders probation for a person described in subsection $(b)(13)$, the court may require the person to
35 36	described in subsection (b)(13), the court may require the person to receive treatment for the person's injuries.
50	receive treatment for the person's injuries.

