

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 1(ss)

DIGEST OF SB 1(ss) (Updated August 2, 2022 7:10 pm - DI 104)

Citations Affected: IC 16-18; IC 16-21; IC 16-31; IC 16-34; IC 16-41; IC 16-50; IC 25-1; IC 25-22.5; IC 25-36.1; IC 27-1; IC 27-2; IC 27-8; IC 27-13; IC 35-41; IC 35-42; noncode.

Synopsis: Abortion. Terminates the licensure of abortion clinics. Specifies that the abortion statutes do not apply to in vitro fertilization. Makes changes to when an abortion may be performed, including when: (1) the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman; (2) the fetus is diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly; or (3) the pregnancy is a result of rape or incest. Specifies time frames and conditions that must be met in order for the abortion to be performed. Provides that the statute requiring consent of a parent or legal guardian for a minor's abortion does not apply to a minor who is pregnant as a result of rape (Continued next page)

Effective: September 1, 2022; July 1, 2023.

Glick

(HOUSE SPONSORS — MCNAMARA, MAYFIELD, KING)

July 25, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure.

July 27, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules at Procedure.

July 27, 2022, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.

July 29, 2022, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.

July 30, 2022, read third time, passed. Yeas 26, nays 20.

HOUSE ACTION

August 1, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code. August 2, 2022, amended, reported — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

or incest by a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the unemancipated minor. Requires the revocation of a physician's license for specified violations. Provides a defense for a pregnant mother charged with a criminal offense for terminating or seeking the termination of her pregnancy. Specifies that a person who terminates the pregnancy of a pregnant woman upon her request may only be charged with certain crimes. Exempts from the crime of feticide: (1) the pregnant mother; (2) a person who provides medical treatment in good faith to a pregnant woman that results in the accidental or unintentional termination of the pregnancy; and (3) a physician who performs a medical procedure to terminate the pregnancy upon request of the pregnant woman. Requires the maternal mortality review committee to study how changes in the state's abortion laws affect maternal mortality in Indiana and extends the committee until June 30, 2027. Voids certain administrative rules concerning abortion clinics. Establishes the prosecutorial oversight task force and specifies duties of the task force. Makes conforming amendments.



Special Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)(ss)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 1(ss)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 16-18-2-1.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
2	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]. Sec. 1.5. (a) "Abortion clinic", for purposes of
3	IC 16-21-2, IC 16-34-2-4.7, IC 16-34-3, and IC 16-41-16, means a
4	health care provider (as defined in section 163(e)(1) of this chapter)
5	that:
6	(1) performs surgical abortion procedures; or
7	(2) beginning January 1, 2014, provides an abortion inducing
8	drug for the purpose of inducing an abortion.
9	(b) The term does not include the following:
10	(1) A hospital that is licensed as a hospital under IC 16-21-2.
11	(2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center that is licensed as an
12	ambulatory outpatient surgical center under IC 16-21-2.
13	(3) A health care provider that provides, prescribes, administers,
14	or dispenses an abortion inducing drug to fewer than five (5)
15	patients per year for the purposes of inducing an abortion.
16	SECTION 2. IC 16-18-2-9.4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
17	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]. Sec. 9.4. "Affiliate", for purposes of



1	IC 16-21-2-11, means any person who directly or indirectly controls,
2	is controlled by, or is under common control of another person.
3	SECTION 3. IC 16-18-2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2019,
4	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 14. (a) "Ambulatory outpatient surgical
6	center", for purposes of IC 16-21, IC 16-32-5, and IC 16-38-2, means
7	a public or private institution that meets the following conditions:
8	(1) Is established, equipped, and operated primarily for the
9	purpose of performing surgical procedures and services.
10	(2) Is operated under the supervision of at least one (1) licensed
11	physician or under the supervision of the governing board of the
12	hospital if the center is affiliated with a hospital.
13	(3) Permits a surgical procedure to be performed only by a
14	physician, dentist, or podiatrist who meets the following
15	conditions:
16	(A) Is qualified by education and training to perform the
17	surgical procedure.
18	(B) Is legally authorized to perform the procedure.
19	(C) Is privileged to perform surgical procedures in at least one
20	(1) hospital within the county or an Indiana county adjacent to
21	the county in which the ambulatory outpatient surgical center
22	is located.
23	(D) Is admitted to the open staff of the ambulatory outpatient
24	surgical center.
25	(4) Requires that a licensed physician with specialized training or
26	experience in the administration of an anesthetic supervise the
27	administration of the anesthetic to a patient and remain present in
28	the facility during the surgical procedure, except when only a
29	local infiltration anesthetic is administered.
30	(5) Provides at least one (1) operating room and, if anesthetics
31	other than local infiltration anesthetics are administered, at least
32	one (1) postanesthesia recovery room.
33	(6) Is equipped to perform diagnostic x-ray and laboratory
34	examinations required in connection with any surgery performed.
35	(7) Does not provide accommodations for patient stays of longer
36	than twenty-four (24) hours.
37	(8) Provides full-time services of registered and licensed nurses
38	for the professional care of the patients in the postanesthesia
39	recovery room.
40	(9) Has available the necessary equipment and trained personnel
41	to handle foreseeable emergencies such as a defibrillator for
42	cardiac arrest, a tracheotomy set for airway obstructions, and a



1	blood bank or other blood supply.
2	(10) Maintains a written agreement with at least one (1) hospita
3	for immediate acceptance of patients who develop complications
4	or require postoperative confinement.
5	(11) Provides for the periodic review of the center and the center's
6	operations by a committee of at least three (3) licensed physicians
7	having no financial connections with the center.
8	(12) Maintains adequate medical records for each patient.
9	(13) Meets all additional minimum requirements as established by
10	the state department for building and equipment requirements.
11	(14) Meets the rules and other requirements established by the
12	state department for the health, safety, and welfare of the patients
13	(b) The term does not include a birthing center.
14	(c) "Ambulatory outpatient surgical center", for purposes of
15	IC 16-34, refers to an institution described in subsection (a) and
16	that has a majority ownership by a hospital licensed under
17	IC 16-21.
18	SECTION 4. IC 16-18-2-163, AS AMENDED BY P.L.50-2021
19	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 163. (a) Except as provided in subsection
21	(c), "health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-21 and IC 16-41
22	means any of the following:
23	(1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional
24	corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally
25	authorized by this state to provide health care or professional
26	services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital
27	a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3)
28	a dentist, a registered or licensed practical nurse, a midwife, ar
29	optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a physical
30	therapist, a respiratory care practitioner, an occupational therapist
31	a psychologist, a paramedic, an emergency medical technician, ar
32	advanced emergency medical technician, an athletic trainer, or a
33	person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual
34	partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or
35	institution acting in the course and scope of the person's
36	employment.
37	(2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health
38	care to a student, a faculty member, or an employee, and the
39	governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agen
40	of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course
41	and scope of the person's employment.

(3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community



1	intellectual disability center, community health center, or migrant
2	health center.
3	(4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
4	(5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in
5	IC 27-13-1-19).
6	(6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
7	partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
8	(7) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not
9	otherwise qualified under this subsection that:
10	(A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's,
11	partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
12	(B) is organized or registered under state law; and
13	(C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care
14	provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or
15	professional corporation's health care function.
16	Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this subdivision is
17	limited to the health care provider's health care functions and does not
18	extend to other causes of action.
19	(b) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-35, has the
20	meaning set forth in subsection (a). However, for purposes of IC 16-35,
21	the term also includes a health facility (as defined in section 167 of this
22	chapter).
23	(c) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-32-5, IC 16-36-5,
24	IC 16-36-6, and IC 16-41-10 means an individual licensed or
25	authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services
26	as:
27	(1) a licensed physician;
28	(2) a registered nurse;
29	(3) a licensed practical nurse;
30	(4) an advanced practice registered nurse;
31	(5) a certified nurse midwife;
32	(6) a paramedic;
33	(7) an emergency medical technician;
34	(8) an advanced emergency medical technician;
35	(9) an emergency medical responder, as defined by section 109.8
36	of this chapter;
37	(10) a licensed dentist;
38	(11) a home health aide, as defined by section 174 of this chapter;
39	or
40	(12) a licensed physician assistant.
41	The term includes an individual who is an employee or agent of a
42	health care provider acting in the course and scope of the individual's



1	employment.
2	(d) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-36-7, has the
3	meaning set forth in IC 16-36-7-12.
4	(e) "Health care provider", for purposes of section 1.5 of this chapter
5	and IC 16-40-4, means any of the following:
6	(1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional
7	corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or authorized by
8	the state to provide health care or professional services as a
9	licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital, a health
10	facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3), an
11	ambulatory outpatient surgical center, a dentist, an optometrist, a
12	pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a psychologist, or a
13	person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual,
14	partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or
15	institution acting in the course and scope of the person's
16	employment.
17	(2) A blood bank, laboratory, community mental health center,
18	community intellectual disability center, community health
19	center, or migrant health center.
20	(3) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
21	(4) A health maintenance organization (as defined in
22	IC 27-13-1-19).
23	(5) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
24	partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
25	(6) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not
26	otherwise specified in this subsection that:
27	(A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's,
28	partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
29	(B) is organized or registered under state law; and
30	(C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care
31	provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or
32	professional corporation's health care function.
33	(7) A person that is designated to maintain the records of a person
34	described in subdivisions (1) through (6).
35	(f) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-45-4, has the
36	meaning set forth in 47 CFR 54.601(a).
37	SECTION 5. IC 16-18-2-306.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
38	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 306.7. "Rape or incest",
40	for purposes of IC 16-34, means:
41	(1) sexual intercourse with another person if the other person

is related to the person biologically as a parent, child,



1	grandparent, grandchild, sibling, aunt, uncle, niece, or
2	nephew;
3	(2) rape (IC 35-42-4-1);
4	(3) child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3);
5	(4) child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7); or
6	(5) sexual misconduct with a minor (IC 35-42-4-9);
7	even if a person has not been charged with or convicted of the act
8	or offense. The term includes a delinquent act described in
9	subdivisions (2) through (5) that would be a crime if committed by
10	an adult.
11	SECTION 6. IC 16-21-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.264-2019,
12	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 7. (a) The executive board may adopt
14	rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary to protect the health, safety, rights, and
15	welfare of patients, including the following:
16	(1) Rules pertaining to the operation and management of
17	hospitals, ambulatory outpatient surgical centers, abortion clinics,
18	and birthing centers.
19	(2) Rules establishing standards for equipment, facilities, and
20	staffing required for efficient and quality care of patients.
21	(b) Notwithstanding 410 IAC 15-1.7-1 and 410 IAC 15-2.7-1, the
22	following apply to a publication that is referred to in 410 IAC 15:
23	(1) The Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital
24 25	and Medical Facilities refers to the following:
25	(A) The 2018 edition or most recent publication of the
26	Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals.
27	(B) The 2018 edition or most recent publication of the
28	Guidelines for Design and Construction of Outpatient
29	Facilities.
30	(2) The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101, Life
31	Safety Code Handbook publication refers to the 2018 edition or
32	most recent publication.
33	(3) The National Fire Protection Association 99, Health Care
34	Facilities publication refers to the 2018 edition or most recent
35	publication.
36	(4) A publication incorporated by reference is not effective until
37	one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of publication.
38	The executive board shall amend 410 IAC 15-1.7-1 and 410
39	IAC 15-2.7-1 to reflect the requirements in this subsection. This
40	subsection expires July 1, 2021.
41	SECTION 7. IC 16-21-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005,
42	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection
2	(b), this chapter applies to all hospitals, ambulatory outpatient surgical
3	centers, abortion elinies, and birthing centers.
4	(b) This chapter does not apply to a hospital operated by the federal
5	government.
6	(c) This chapter does not affect a statute pertaining to the placement
7	and adoption of children.
8	SECTION 8. IC 16-21-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005,
9	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 2. The state department shall license and
11	regulate:
12	(1) hospitals;
13	(2) ambulatory outpatient surgical centers; and
14	(3) birthing centers. and
15	(4) abortion elinics.
16	SECTION 9. IC 16-21-2-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2018,
17	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 2.5. (a) The state department shall adopt
19	rules under IC 4-22-2 to do the following concerning birthing centers
20	and abortion clinics: and other facilities as specified:
21	(1) Establish minimum license qualifications.
22	(2) Establish the following requirements:
23	(A) Sanitation standards.
24	(B) Staff qualifications.
25	(C) Necessary emergency equipment.
26	(D) Procedures to provide emergency care.
27	(E) Procedures to monitor patients after the administration of
28	anesthesia.
29	(F) Procedures to provide follow-up care for patient
30	complications.
31	(G) Quality assurance standards.
32	(H) Infection control.
33	(I) Provision of informed consent brochures, as described in
34	IC 16-34-2-1.5, to hospitals and ambulatory outpatient
35	surgical centers in English, Spanish, and a third language
36	determined by the state department. inside abortion elinics.
37	(J) Provision of a hotline telephone number that provides
38	assistance for patients who are:
39	(i) coerced into an abortion; or
40	(ii) victims of sex trafficking.
41	(K) Annual training by law enforcement officers on identifying
42	and assisting women who are:



1	(i) coerced into an abortion; or
2	(ii) victims of sex trafficking.
3	(3) Prescribe the operating policies, supervision, and maintenance
4	of medical records, including the requirement that all forms that
5	require a patient signature be stored in the patient's medical
6	record.
7	(4) Establish procedures for the issuance, renewal, denial, and
8	revocation of licenses under this chapter. The rules adopted under
9	this subsection must address the following:
0	(A) The form and content of the license.
l 1	(B) The collection of an annual license fee.
12	(5) Prescribe the procedures and standards for inspections.
13	(6) Prescribe procedures for:
14	(A) implementing a plan of correction to address any
15	violations of any provision of this chapter or any rules adopted
16	under this chapter; and
17	(B) implementing a system for the state department to follow
18	if the abortion elinie or birthing center fails to comply with the
9	plan of correction described in clause (A) and disciplinary
20	action is needed.
21	(b) A person who knowingly or intentionally:
	(1) operates a birthing center or an abortion elinic that is not
22 23 24 25 26	licensed under this chapter; or
24	(2) advertises the operation of a birthing center or an abortion
25	elinie that is not licensed under this chapter;
26	commits a Class A misdemeanor.
27	(c) Not later than January 1, 2019, the state department shall:
28	(1) adopt separate rules under IC 4-22-2, including those required
29	under subsection (a), for existing and future abortion clinics that
30	perform only surgical abortions;
31	(2) adopt separate rules under IC 4-22-2, including those required
32	under subsection (a), for existing and future abortion clinics that
33	perform abortions only through the provision of an abortion
34	inducing drug; and
35	(3) establish procedures regarding the issuance of licenses to
36	existing and future abortion clinics that:
37	(A) perform only surgical abortions;
38	(B) perform abortions only through the provision of an
39	abortion inducing drug; or
10	(C) perform both surgical abortions and abortions through the
11	provision of abortion inducing drugs.
12	(d) A rule or emergency rule adopted under subsection (c)(1), (c)(2),



1	or (c)(3) applies, respectively, to every abortion clinic of the type
2	described in subsection (c)(1), (c)(2), or (c)(3), regardless of the date
3	of adoption of the rule or emergency rule.
4	(e) Before January 1, 2019, the state department shall adopt
5	emergency rules in the manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to carry
6	out the duties established in this section under the following:
7	(1) Subsection (a)(2)(E).
8	(2) Subsection (a)(2)(F).
9	(3) Subsection (a)(2)(I).
10	(4) Subsection (a)(2)(J).
11	(5) Subsection (a)(2)(K).
12	(6) Subsection (a)(3).
13	(7) Subsection (a)(5).
14	(8) Subsection (a)(6).
15	This subsection expires July 1, 2019.
16	SECTION 10. IC 16-21-2-2.6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
17	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]. Sec. 2.6. The state department shall inspect an
18	abortion elinic at least one (1) time per ealendar year and may conduct
19	a complaint inspection as needed.
20	SECTION 11. IC 16-21-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005,
21	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 10. A:
23	(1) person;
24	(2) state, county, or local governmental unit; or
25	(3) division, a department, a board, or an agency of a state,
26	county, or local governmental unit;
27	must obtain a license from the state health commissioner under
28	IC 4-21.5-3-5 before establishing, conducting, operating, or
29	maintaining a hospital, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an
30	abortion clinic, or a birthing center.
31	SECTION 12. IC 16-21-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2018,
32	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 11. (a) An applicant must submit an
34	application for a license on a form prepared by the state department
35	showing that:
36	(1) the applicant is of reputable and responsible character;
37	(2) the applicant is able to comply with the minimum standards
38	for a hospital, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an
39	abortion elinie, or a birthing center, and with rules adopted under
40	this chapter; and
41	(3) the applicant has complied with section 15.4 of this chapter.

(b) The application must contain the following additional



1	information:
2	(1) The name of the applicant.
3	(2) The type of institution to be operated.
4	(3) The location of the institution.
5	(4) The name of the person to be in charge of the institution.
6	(5) If the applicant is a hospital, the range and types of services to
7	be provided under the general hospital license, including any
8	service that would otherwise require licensure by the state
9	department under the authority of IC 16-19.
10	(6) Other information the state department requires.
11	(c) If the department of state revenue notifies the department that a
12	person is on the most recent tax warrant list, the department shall no
13	issue or renew the person's license until:
14	(1) the person provides to the department a statement from the
15	department of state revenue that the person's tax warrant has been
16	satisfied; or
17	(2) the department receives a notice from the commissioner of the
18	department of state revenue under IC 6-8.1-8-2(k).
19	(d) An application for an abortion clinic license must require the
20	applicant to do the following:
21	(1) Disclose whether the applicant, or an owner or affiliate of the
22	applicant, operated an abortion clinic that was closed as a direc
23	result of patient health and safety concerns.
24	(2) Disclose whether a principal or clinic staff member was
25	convicted of a felony.
26	(3) Disclose whether a principal or clinic staff member was even
27	employed by a facility owned or operated by the applicant tha
28	closed as a result of administrative or legal action.
29	(4) Provide copies of:
30	(A) administrative and legal documentation relating to the
31	information required under subdivisions (1) and (2);
32	(B) inspection reports; and
33	(C) violation remediation contracts;
34	if any.
35	SECTION 13. IC 16-21-2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2021
36	SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 14. A license to operate a hospital, ar
38	ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an abortion clinic, or a birthing
39	center:
40	(1) expires:
41	(A) one (1) year after the date of issuance for:
12	(i) an ambulatory outpatient surgical center; and



1	(ii) an abortion elinie;
2	(iii) (ii) a birthing center; and
3	(iv) a hospital until April 30, 2020; and
4	(B) beginning May 1, 2020, two (2) years after the date of
5	issuance for a hospital;
6	(2) is not assignable or transferable;
7	(3) is issued only for the premises named in the application;
8	(4) must be posted in a conspicuous place in the facility; and
9	(5) may be renewed each year, or every two (2) years for a
10	hospital, upon the payment of a renewal fee at the rate adopted by
11	the state department under IC 4-22-2.
12	SECTION 14. IC 16-21-2-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005,
13	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 16. A hospital, an ambulatory outpatient
15	surgical center, an abortion elinie, or a birthing center that provides to
16	a patient notice concerning a third party billing for a service provided
17	to the patient shall ensure that the notice:
18	(1) conspicuously states that the notice is not a bill;
19	(2) does not include a tear-off portion; and
20	(3) is not accompanied by a return mailing envelope.
21	SECTION 15. IC 16-31-6.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005,
22	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 2. This chapter does not apply to the
24	following:
25	(1) A licensed physician.
26	(2) A hospital, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an
27	abortion elinie, or a birthing center.
28	(3) A person providing health care in a hospital, an ambulatory
29	outpatient surgical center, an abortion clinic, or a birthing center
30	licensed under IC 16-21.
31	(4) A person or entity certified under IC 16-31-3.
32	SECTION 16. IC 16-34-1-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
33	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
34	[EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 0.5. This article does not
35	apply to in vitro fertilization.
36	SECTION 17. IC 16-34-1-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.193-2011,
37	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 8. A qualified health plan (as defined in
39	IC 27-8-33-3) offered under Subtitle D of Title 1 of the federal Patient
40	Protection and Affordable Care Act (P.L. 111-148) may not provide
41	coverage for abortion, except in the following eases:
42	(1) The pregnant woman became pregnant through an act of rape



1	or incest.
2	(2) unless An the abortion is necessary to avert the pregnant
3	
4	woman's death or a substantial and irreversible impairment of a
	major bodily function of the pregnant woman. permitted under
5	IC 16-34-2-1.
6	SECTION 18. IC 16-34-1-9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
7	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]. Sec. 9. (a) The general assembly finds the
8	following:
9	(1) There is substantial medical evidence that a fetus at twenty
0	(20) weeks of postfertilization age has the physical structures
1	necessary to experience pain.
2	(2) There is substantial medical evidence that a fetus of at least
3	twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age seeks to evade certain
4	stimuli in a manner similar to an infant's or adult's response to
5	pain.
6	(3) Anesthesia is routinely administered to a fetus of at least
7	twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age when prenatal surgery
8	is performed.
9	(4) A fetus has been observed to exhibit hormonal stress
20	responses to painful stimuli earlier than at twenty (20) weeks of
21	postfertilization age.
.2	(b) Indiana asserts a compelling state interest in protecting the life
23	of a fetus from the state at which substantial medical evidence indicates
24	that the fetus is capable of feeling pain.
25	SECTION 19. IC 16-34-1-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2017,
26	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 10. If the state or an agency of the state
28	has wardship or guardianship of an unemancipated pregnant minor, the
.9	state or agency of the state may not consent to an abortion unless the
0	abortion is necessary to avert the pregnant minor's death or a
1	substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of
2	the pregnant minor, as determined by a physician who certifies the
3	determination in writing. permitted under IC 16-34-2-1.
4	SECTION 20. IC 16-34-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2021,
5	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) Abortion shall in all instances be a
7	criminal act, except when performed under the following
8	circumstances:
9	(1) Except as prohibited in IC 16-34-4, during the first trimester
0	of pregnancy before the earlier of viability of the fetus or
-1	twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age of the fetus, if:
-2	(A) for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment
-	(-)



1	of the pregnant woman's physician, if either:
2	(i) the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial
3	permanent impairment of the life or physical health of
4	the pregnant woman; or
5	(ii) the fetus is diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly;
6	(A) (B) the abortion is performed by the physician in a
7	hospital licensed under IC 16-21 or an ambulatory
8	outpatient surgical center (as defined in IC 16-18-2-14)
9	that has a majority ownership by a hospital licensed under
10	IC 16-21;
11	(B) (C) the woman submitting to the abortion has filed her
12	consent with her physician. However, if in the judgment of the
13	physician the abortion is necessary to preserve the life of the
14	woman, her consent is not required; and
15	(C) (D) the woman submitting to the abortion has filed with
16	her physician the written consent of her parent or legal
17	guardian if required under section 4 of this chapter; and
18	(E) before the abortion, the attending physician shall
19	certify in writing to the hospital in which the abortion is to
20	be performed, that in the attending physician's
21	professional, medical judgment, after proper examination
22	and review of the woman's history, the abortion is
23	necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment
24	of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman or the
25	fetus has been diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly. All
26	facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set
27	forth by the physician in writing and attached to the
28	certificate.
29	However, under this article, an abortion inducing drug may not
30	be dispensed, prescribed, administered, or otherwise given to a
31	pregnant woman after eight (8) weeks of postfertilization age. A
32	physician must dispense the abortion inducing drug in person and
33	have the pregnant woman consume the drug in the presence of the
34	physician. A physician shall examine a pregnant woman in person
35	before prescribing or dispensing an abortion inducing drug. The
36	physician shall provide the pregnant woman with a copy of the
37	manufacturer's instruction sheets and require that the pregnant
38	woman sign the manufacturer's patient agreement form. A
39	physician shall also provide, orally and in writing, along with

other discharge information, the following statement: "Some

evidence suggests that the effects of Mifepristone may be avoided, ceased, or reversed if the second pill, Misoprostol, has



40 41

1	not been taken. Immediately contact the following for more
2	information at (insert applicable abortion inducing drug reversal
3	Internet web site and corresponding hotline number)." The
4	physician shall retain a copy of the signed patient agreement
5	form, and the signed physician's agreement form required by the
6	manufacturer, in the patient's file. As used in this subdivision, "in
7	person" does not include the use of telehealth or telemedicine
8	services.
9	(2) Except as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, after the first trimester of
10	pregnancy and before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty
11	(20) during the first ten (10) weeks of postfertilization age of
12	the fetus, for reasons based upon the professional, medical
13	judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if:
14	(A) the pregnancy is a result of rape or incest;
15	(B) all the circumstances and provisions required for legal
16	abortion during the first trimester set forth in subdivision
17	(1)(C) through (1)(D) are present and adhered to; and
18	(B) (C) the abortion is performed in a hospital licensed under
19	IC 16-21 or ambulatory outpatient surgical center (as defined
20	in IC 16-18-2-14) that has a majority ownership by a
21	hospital licensed under IC 16-21; and
	•
22	(D) before the abortion, the attending physician shall
22 23	(D) before the abortion, the attending physician shall certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical
	(D) before the abortion, the attending physician shall certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed,
23	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical
23 24	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed,
23 24 25	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed
23 24 25 26	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result
23 24 25 26 27	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the
23 24 25 26 27 28	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20)
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20)
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if:
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if: (A) either:
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if: (A) either: (i) the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman; or
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if: (A) either: (i) the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman; or (ii) the fetus is diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly;
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if: (A) either: (i) the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman; or (ii) the fetus is diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly; (B) all the circumstances and provisions required for legal
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate. (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if: (A) either: (i) the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman; or (ii) the fetus is diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly;



(1)(C) through (1)(D) are present and adhered to;
(C) the abortion is performed in a hospital licensed under
IC 16-21;
(B) (D) the abortion is performed in compliance with section
3 of this chapter; and
(C) (E) before the abortion, the attending physician shall
certify in writing to the hospital in which the abortion is to be
performed, that in the attending physician's professional,
medical judgment, after proper examination and review of the
woman's history, the abortion is necessary to prevent a
substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health
of the pregnant woman or the fetus is diagnosed with a lethal
fetal anomaly. All facts and reasons supporting the
certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and
attached to the certificate.
(b) A person may not knowingly or intentionally perform a partial
birth abortion unless a physician reasonably believes that:
(1) performing the partial birth abortion is necessary to save the
mother's life; and
(2) no other medical procedure is sufficient to save the mother's
life.
(c) A person may not knowingly or intentionally perform a
dismemberment abortion unless reasonable medical judgment dictates
that performing the dismemberment abortion is necessary:
(1) to prevent any serious health risk to the mother; or
(2) to save the mother's life.
(d) Telehealth and telemedicine may not be used to provide any
abortion, including the writing or filling of a prescription for any
purpose that is intended to result in an abortion.
SECTION 21. IC 16-34-2-1.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2022,
SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1.1. (a) An abortion shall not be
performed except with the voluntary and informed consent of the
pregnant woman upon whom the abortion is to be performed. Except
in the case of a medical emergency, consent to an abortion is voluntary
and informed only if the following conditions are met:
(1) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion and in the
private, not group, presence of the pregnant woman, the physician
who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a
physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced
practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a

certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom



1	the responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to
2	perform the abortion or the referring physician has informed the
3	pregnant woman orally and in writing of the following:
2 3 4	(A) The name of the physician performing the abortion, the
5	physician's medical license number, and an emergency
6	telephone number where the physician or the physician's
7	designee may be contacted on a twenty-four (24) hour a day,
8	seven (7) day a week basis.
9	(B) That follow-up care by the physician or the physician's
10	designee (if the designee is licensed under IC 25-22.5) is
11	available on an appropriate and timely basis when clinically
12	necessary.
13	(C) The nature of the proposed procedure or information
14	concerning the abortion inducing drug that includes the
15	following statement: "Some evidence suggests that effects of
16	Mifespristone may be avoided, ceased, or reversed if the
17	second pill, Misoprostol, has not been taken. Immediately
18	contact the following for more information at (insert
19	applicable abortion inducing drug reversal Internet web site
20	and corresponding hotline number)."
21	(D) Objective scientific information of the risks of and
22	alternatives to the procedure or the use of an abortion inducing
23	drug, including:
24	(i) the risk of infection and hemorrhage;
25	(ii) the potential danger to a subsequent pregnancy; and
26	(iii) the potential danger of infertility.
27	(E) That human physical life begins when a human ovum is
28	fertilized by a human sperm.
29	(F) The probable gestational age of the fetus at the time the
30	abortion is to be performed, including:
31	(i) a picture of a fetus;
32	(ii) the dimensions of a fetus; and
33	(iii) relevant information on the potential survival of an
34	unborn fetus;
35	at this stage of development.
36	(G) That objective scientific information shows that a fetus
37	can feel pain at or before twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization
38	age.
39	(H) The medical risks associated with carrying the fetus to
40	term.
41	(I) The availability of fetal ultrasound imaging and
42	auscultation of fetal heart tone services to enable the pregnant
	and programme



woman to view the image and hear the heartbeat of the fetus
and how to obtain access to these services.
(J) That the pregnancy of a child less than fifteen (15) years of
age may constitute child abuse under Indiana law if the act
included an adult and must be reported to the department of
child services or the local law enforcement agency under
IC 31-33-5.
(K) That Indiana does not allow a fetus to be aborted solely
because of the fetus's race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex,
or diagnosis or potential diagnosis of the fetus having Down
syndrome or any other disability.
(L) That no one has the right to coerce the pregnant woman to
have an abortion.
(2) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion, the pregnant
woman will be informed orally and in writing of the following:
(A) That medical assistance benefits may be available for
prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal care from the county
office of the division of family resources.
(B) That the father of the unborn fetus is legally required to
assist in the support of the child. In the case of rape, the
information required under this clause may be omitted.
(C) That adoption alternatives are available and that adoptive
parents may legally pay the costs of prenatal care, childbirth,
and neonatal care.
(D) That there are physical risks to the pregnant woman in
having an abortion, both during the abortion procedure and
after.
(E) That Indiana has enacted the safe haven law under
IC 31-34-2.5.
(F) The:
(i) Internet web site address of the state department of
health's web site; and
(ii) description of the information that will be provided on
the web site and that is;
described in section 1.5 of this chapter.
(G) For the facility in which the abortion is to be performed,
an emergency telephone number that is available and
answered on a twenty-four (24) hour a day, seven (7) day a
week basis.
(H) On a form developed by the state department and as
described in IC 16-34-3, that the pregnant woman has a right
to determine the final disposition of the remains of the aborted



1	fetus.
2	(I) On a form developed by the state department, that the
3	pregnant woman has a right, after a surgical abortion, to:
4	(i) dispose of the remains of the aborted fetus by interment
5	in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a
6	licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance
7	with IC 23-14-31; or
8	(ii) have the health care facility or abortion clinic dispose of
9	the remains of the aborted fetus by interment in compliance
0	with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as
11	defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with
12	IC 23-14-31, and ask which method of disposition will be
13	used by the health care facility. or abortion clinic.
14	(J) On a form developed by the state department:
15	(i) that a pregnant woman, after an abortion induced by an
16	abortion inducing drug, will expel an aborted fetus; and
17	(ii) the disposition policy of the health care facility or the
18	abortion elinie concerning the disposition of the aborted
9	fetus. The disposition policy must allow the pregnant
20	woman to return the aborted fetus to the health care facility
21	or abortion elinic for disposition by interment in compliance
22	with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as
23	defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with
24	IC 23-14-31.
25 26	(K) On a form developed by the state department, information
26	concerning any counseling that is available to a pregnant
27	woman after having an abortion.
28	The state department shall develop and distribute the forms
29	required by clauses (H) through (K).
30	(3) The pregnant woman certifies in writing, on a form developed
31	by the state department, before the abortion is performed, that:
32	(A) the information required by subdivisions (1) and (2) has
33	been provided to the pregnant woman;
34	(B) the pregnant woman has been offered by the provider the
35	opportunity to view the fetal ultrasound imaging and hear the
36	auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is
37	audible and that the woman has:
38	(i) viewed or refused to view the offered fetal ultrasound
39	imaging; and
10	(ii) listened to or refused to listen to the offered auscultation
11	of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is audible; and
12	(C) the pregnant woman has been given a written copy of the



1	printed materials described in section 1.5 of this chapter.
2	(4) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion and in the
3	presence of the pregnant woman, the physician who is to perform
4	the abortion, the referring physician or a physician assistant (as
5	defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered
6	nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife
7	(as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom the responsibility has
8	been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or
9	the referring physician has provided the pregnant woman with a
0	color copy of the informed consent brochure described in section
1	1.5 of this chapter by printing the informed consent brochure from
2	the state department's Internet web site and including the
3	following information on the back cover of the brochure:
4	(A) The name of the physician performing the abortion and the
5	physician's medical license number.
6	(B) An emergency telephone number where the physician or
7	the physician's designee may be contacted twenty-four (24)
8	hours a day, seven (7) days a week.
9	(C) A statement that follow-up care by the physician or the
20	physician's designee who is licensed under IC 25-22.5 is
21	available on an appropriate and timely basis when clinically
22	necessary.
22 23 24 25	(5) At least eighteen (18) hours before an abortion is performed
.4	and at the same time that the pregnant woman receives the
25	information required by subdivision (1), the provider shall
26	perform, and the pregnant woman shall view, the fetal ultrasound
27	imaging and hear the auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the
28	fetal heart tone is audible unless the pregnant woman certifies in
.9	writing, on a form developed by the state department, before the
0	abortion is performed, that the pregnant woman:
1	(A) does not want to view the fetal ultrasound imaging; and
2	(B) does not want to listen to the auscultation of the fetal heart
3	tone if the fetal heart tone is audible.
4	A pregnant woman must be advised, prior to the pregnant
5	woman's decision concerning fetal ultrasound imaging, that an
6	ultrasound image of the fetus will be provided to the pregnant
7	woman to keep at no charge to the pregnant woman if the fetal
8	ultrasound is performed.
9	(6) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion, the physician
0	who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a
-1	physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced

practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a



certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom the responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician shall, in the private, not group, presence of the pregnant woman, verbally ask the pregnant woman if she is being coerced to have an abortion.

- (b) This subsection applies to a pregnant woman whose unborn child has been diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly. The requirements of this subsection are in addition to the other requirements of this section. At least eighteen (18) hours before an abortion is performed on the pregnant woman, the physician who will perform the abortion shall:
 - (1) orally and in person, inform the pregnant woman of the availability of perinatal hospice services; and
 - (2) provide the pregnant woman copies of the perinatal hospice brochure developed by the state department under IC 16-25-4.5-4 and the list of perinatal hospice providers and programs developed under IC 16-25-4.5-5, by printing the perinatal hospice brochure and list of perinatal hospice providers from the state department's Internet web site.
- (c) If a pregnant woman described in subsection (b) chooses to have an abortion rather than continuing the pregnancy in perinatal hospice care, the pregnant woman shall certify in writing, on a form developed by the state department under IC 16-25-4.5-6, at least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion is performed, that the pregnant woman has been provided the information described in subsection (b) in the manner required by subsection (b).
- (d) For any abortion performed under this article, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom the responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician shall include, or ensure the inclusion of, a copy of a pregnant woman's ultrasound report in the pregnant woman's patient file.
- (e) If the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician, a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) suspects a pregnant woman is being coerced to have an abortion after making the inquiry required under subsection (a)(6), the physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, or certified nurse midwife shall:



1	(1) inform the pregnant woman that coercing a pregnant woman
2	to have an abortion is illegal;
3	(2) inform the pregnant woman that a demand by the father to
4	have an abortion does not relieve him of financial support
5	responsibilities; and
6	(3) provide the pregnant woman with:
7	(A) information about:
8	(i) assistance;
9	(ii) counseling; and
10	(iii) protective services offered by social programs and local
11	or state law enforcement agencies;
12	(B) access to a telephone if she needs to make a private
13	telephone call; and
14	(C) access to an alternate exit from the health care facility.
15	(f) Except as provided in subsection (g), if a physician, physician
16	assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), advanced practice registered
17	nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or certified nurse midwife (as
18	defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) has specific and credible information that
19	a pregnant woman is being coerced into having an abortion, then an
20	abortion may not be provided to the pregnant woman during the
21	twenty-four (24) hour period after the physician, physician assistant (as
22	defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), advanced practice registered nurse (as
23	defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or certified nurse midwife (as defined in
24	IC 34-18-2-6.5) makes a report under IC 16-34-6-6(b).
25	(g) The twenty-four (24) hour period described in subsection (f) may
26	be waived if a physician, in the physician's best medical judgment,
27	determines that an abortion is necessary to prevent the death of the
28	pregnant woman or to prevent substantial and irreversible injury to a
29	major bodily function of the pregnant woman.
30	SECTION 22. IC 16-34-2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2011,
31	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 3. (a) All abortions performed on and
33	after the earlier of the time a fetus is viable or the time the
34	postfertilization age of the fetus is at least twenty (20) weeks shall be:
35	(1) governed by section 1(a)(3) and 1(b) section 1 of this chapter;
36	(2) performed in a hospital having premature birth intensive care
37	units, unless compliance with this requirement would result in an
38	increased risk to the life or health of the mother; and
39	(3) performed in the presence of a second physician as provided
40	in subsection (b).

(b) An abortion may be performed after the earlier of the time a

fetus is viable or the time the postfertilization age of the fetus is at least



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- twenty (20) weeks only if there is in attendance a physician, other than the physician performing the abortion, who shall take control of and provide immediate care for a child born alive as a result of the abortion. During the performance of the abortion, the physician performing the abortion, and after the abortion, the physician required by this subsection to be in attendance, shall take all reasonable steps in keeping with good medical practice, consistent with the procedure used, to preserve the life and health of the viable unborn child. However, this subsection does not apply if compliance would result in an increased risk to the life or health of the mother.
- (c) Any fetus born alive shall be treated as a person under the law, and a birth certificate shall be issued certifying the child's birth even though the child may subsequently die, in which event a death certificate shall be issued. Failure to take all reasonable steps, in keeping with good medical practice, to preserve the life and health of the live born person shall subject the responsible persons to Indiana laws governing homicide, manslaughter, and civil liability for wrongful death and medical malpractice.
- (d) If, before the abortion, the mother, and if married, her husband, has or have stated in writing that she does or they do not wish to keep the child in the event that the abortion results in a live birth, and this writing is not retracted before the abortion, the child, if born alive, shall immediately upon birth become a ward of the department of child services.
- SECTION 23. IC 16-34-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2021, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to a minor who is less than eighteen (18) years of age who is pregnant as a result of rape or incest by a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the unemancipated minor.
- (a) (b) No physician shall perform an abortion on an unemancipated pregnant minor less than eighteen (18) years of age without first having obtained from one (1) of the parents, a legal guardian, or a custodian accompanying the unemancipated pregnant minor:
 - (1) the notarized written consent of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor;
 - (2) government issued proof of identification of the parent or the legal guardian or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor; and
 - (3) some evidence, which may include identification or other written documentation that provides an articulable basis for a reasonably prudent person to believe that the person is the parent



or legal guardian or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor.

The physician shall keep records of the documents required under this subsection in the unemancipated pregnant minor's medical file for at least seven (7) years.

(b) (c) A minor:

- (1) who objects to having to obtain the written consent of her parent or legal guardian or custodian under this section; or
- (2) whose parent or legal guardian or custodian refuses to consent to an abortion;

may petition, on her own behalf or by next friend, the juvenile court in the county in which the pregnant minor resides or in which the abortion is to be performed, for a waiver of the parental consent requirement under subsection (a) (b) and the parental notification requirement under subsection (d). (e). A next friend may not be a physician or provider of abortion services, representative of the physician or provider, or other person that may receive a direct financial benefit from the performance of an abortion.

- (e) (d) A physician who feels that compliance with the parental consent requirement in subsection (a) (b) would have an adverse effect on the welfare of the pregnant minor or on her pregnancy may petition the juvenile court within twenty-four (24) hours of the abortion request for a waiver of the parental consent requirement under subsection (a) (b) and the parental notification requirement under subsection (d). (e).
- (d) (e) Unless the juvenile court finds that it is in the best interests of an unemancipated pregnant minor to obtain an abortion without parental notification following a hearing on a petition filed under subsection (b) (c) or (c), (d), a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a pregnant unemancipated minor is entitled to receive notice of the emancipated minor's intent to obtain an abortion before the abortion is performed on the unemancipated pregnant minor. The attorney representing the unemancipated pregnant minor shall serve the notice required by this subsection by certified mail or by personal service and provide the court with documentation of the attorney's good faith effort to serve the notice, including any return receipt for a certified mailing. The court shall retain the documentation provided in the confidential records of the waiver proceedings held under this section.
- (e) (f) The juvenile court must rule on a petition filed by a pregnant minor under subsection (b) (c) or by her physician under subsection (e) (d) within forty-eight (48) hours of the filing of the petition. Before ruling on the petition, the court shall consider the concerns expressed by the pregnant minor and her physician. The requirement of parental



consent under this section shall be waived by the juvenile court if the court finds that the minor is mature enough to make the abortion decision independently or that an abortion would be in the minor's best interests. The juvenile court shall waive the requirement of parental notification under subsection (d) (e) if the court finds that obtaining an abortion without parental notification is in the best interests of the unemancipated pregnant minor. If the juvenile court does not find that obtaining an abortion without parental notification is in the best interests of the unemancipated pregnant minor, the court shall, subject to an appeal under subsection (g), (h), order the attorney representing the unemancipated pregnant minor to serve the notice required under subsection (d). (e).

- (f) (g) Unless the juvenile court finds that the pregnant minor is already represented by an attorney, the juvenile court shall appoint an attorney to represent the pregnant minor in a waiver proceeding brought by the minor under subsection (b) (c) and on any appeals. The cost of legal representation appointed for the minor under this section shall be paid by the county.
- (g) (h) A minor or the minor's physician who desires to appeal an adverse judgment of the juvenile court in a waiver proceeding under subsection (b) (c) or (e) (d) is entitled to an expedited appeal, under rules to be adopted by the supreme court.
- (h) (i) All records of the juvenile court and of the supreme court or the court of appeals that are made as a result of proceedings conducted under this section are confidential.
- (i) (j) A minor who initiates legal proceedings under this section is exempt from the payment of filing fees.
- (j) (k) This section does not apply where there is an emergency need for a medical procedure to be performed to avert the pregnant minor's death or a substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the pregnant minor, and the attending physician certifies this in writing.
- (k) (l) A physician receiving parental consent under subsection (a) (b) shall execute an affidavit for inclusion in the unemancipated pregnant minor's medical record. The affidavit must contain the following information:
 - (1) The physician's name.
 - (2) Certification that, to the physician's best information and belief, a reasonable person under similar circumstances would rely on the information provided by the unemancipated pregnant minor and the unemancipated pregnant minor's parent or legal guardian or custodian as sufficient evidence of identity and



1	relationship.
2	(3) The physician's signature.
3	(1) (m) A person who, with intent to avoid the parental notification
4	requirements described in subsection (a), (b), falsely claims to be the
5	parent or legal guardian or custodian of an unemancipated pregnant
6	minor by:
7	(1) making a material misstatement while purportedly providing
8	the written consent described in subsection $\frac{(a)(1)}{(b)(1)}$; or
9	(2) providing false or fraudulent identification to meet the
10	requirement described in subsection $\frac{(a)(2)}{(b)(2)}$;
11	commits a Level 6 felony.
12	SECTION 24. IC 16-34-2-4.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2016,
13	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4.5. (a) A physician may not perform an
15	abortion, including an abortion using an abortion inducing drug,
16	unless the physician:
17	(1) has admitting privileges in writing at a hospital located in the
18	county where abortions are provided or in a contiguous county; or
19	(2) has entered into a written agreement with a physician who has
20	written admitting privileges at a hospital in the county or
21	contiguous county concerning the management of possible
22	complications of the services provided.
23	A written agreement described in subdivision (2) must be renewed
24	annually.
25	(b) A physician who performs an abortion, including an abortion
26	using an abortion inducing drug, shall notify the patient of the
27	location of the hospital at which the physician or a physician with
28	whom the physician has entered into an agreement under subsection
29	(a)(2) has admitting privileges and where the patient may receive
30	follow-up care by the physician if complications arise.
31	(c) An abortion elinic A hospital or ambulatory outpatient
32	surgical center in which abortions are performed shall:
33	(1) keep at the abortion elinie hospital or ambulatory outpatient
34	surgical center a copy of the admitting privileges of a physician
35	described in subsection (a)(1) and (a)(2) who is performing
36	abortions at the hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical
37	center; and
38	(2) submit a copy of the admitting privileges described in
39	subdivision (1) to the state department. as part of the abortion
40	clinic's licensure. The state department shall verify the validity of
41	the admitting privileges document. The state department shall

remove any identifying information from the admitting privileges



1	document before releasing the document under IC 5-14-3.
2	(d) The state department shall annually submit a copy of the
3	admitting privileges described in subsection (a)(1) and a copy of the
4	written agreement described in subsection (a)(2) to:
5	(1) each hospital located in the county in which the hospita
6	granting the admitting privileges described in subsection (a) is
7	located; and
8	(2) each hospital located in a county that is contiguous to the
9	county described in subdivision (1);
10	where abortions are performed.
11	(e) The state department shall confirm to a member of the public
12	upon request, that the admitting privileges required to be submitted
13	under this section for an abortion elinic a hospital or ambulatory
14	outpatient surgical center have been received by the state department
15	(f) Notwithstanding IC 5-14-3-6 and IC 5-14-3-6.5, this section only
16	allows for the redaction of information that is described in subsection
17	(c). This section does not allow the state department to limit the
18	disclosure of information in other public documents.
19	SECTION 25. IC 16-34-2-4.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2019
20	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21 22	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4.7. (a) As used in this section, "abortion
22	complication" means only the following physical or psychologica
23	conditions arising from the induction or performance of an abortion:
24	(1) Uterine perforation.
25 26	(2) Cervical laceration.
26	(3) Infection.
27	(4) Vaginal bleeding that qualifies as a Grade 2 or higher adverse
28	event according to the Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse
29	Events (CTCAE).
30	(5) Pulmonary embolism.
31	(6) Deep vein thrombosis.
32	(7) Failure to terminate the pregnancy.
33	(8) Incomplete abortion (retained tissue).
34	(9) Pelvic inflammatory disease.
35	(10) Missed ectopic pregnancy.
36	(11) Cardiac arrest.
37	(12) Respiratory arrest.
38	(13) Renal failure.
39	(14) Shock.
40	(15) Amniotic fluid embolism.
41	(16) Coma.
12	(17) Placenta previa in subsequent pregnancies



1	(18) Pre-term delivery in subsequent pregnancies.
2	(19) Free fluid in the abdomen.
3	(20) Hemolytic reaction due to the administration of
4	ABO-incompatible blood or blood products.
5	(21) Hypoglycemia occurring while the patient is being treated at
6	the abortion facility. hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical
7	center.
8	(22) Allergic reaction to anesthesia or abortion inducing drugs.
9	(23) Psychological complications, including depression, suicidal
10	ideation, anxiety, and sleeping disorders.
11	(24) Death.
12	(25) Any other adverse event as defined by criteria provided in
13	the Food and Drug Administration Safety Information and
14	Adverse Event Reporting Program.
15	(b) The following persons shall report to the state department each
16	case in which the person treated a patient suffering from an abortion
17	complication:
18	(1) A physician licensed under IC 25-22.5.
19	(2) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21.
20	(3) An abortion clinic licensed under IC 16-21-2-2.5. Beginning
	September 1, 2022, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center
21 22 23 24	licensed under IC 16-21-2.
23	(c) The state department shall develop a process for the submission
24	of a report under this section.
25	(d) A report under this section shall be submitted to the state
26	department in the manner prescribed by the state department.
27	(e) The report under this section must include the following
28	information concerning the abortion complication:
29	(1) The date the patient presented for treatment for the abortion
30	complication.
31	(2) The age of the patient.
32	(3) The race of the patient.
33	(4) The county and state of the patient's residence.
34	(5) The type of abortion obtained by the patient.
35	(6) The date of abortion obtained by the patient.
36	(7) The name of the:
37	(A) abortion clinic;
38	(B) medical facility; or
39	(C) hospital; or
40	(B) ambulatory outpatient surgical center;
41	where the patient obtained the abortion.
42.	(8) Whether the patient obtained abortion medication via mail



1	order or Internet web site, and if so, information identifying the
2	source of the medication.
3	(9) Whether the complication was previously managed by the
4	abortion provider or the abortion provider's required back-up
5	physician.
6	(10) The name of the medications taken by the patient as part of
7	the pharmaceutical abortion regimen, if any.
8	(11) A list of each diagnosed complication.
9	(12) A list of each treated complication, with a description of the
10	treatment provided.
11	(13) Whether the patient's visit to treat the complications was the
12	original visit or a follow-up visit.
13	(14) The date of each follow-up visit, if any.
14	(15) A list of each complication diagnosed at a follow-up visit, if
15	any.
16	(16) A list of each complication treated at a follow-up visit, if any.
17	(f) Before February 1, 2020, the state department shall inform in
18	writing all providers described in subsection (b) of the new reporting
19	requirements for abortion complications. This subsection expires
20	December 31, 2020.
21	(g) (f) Not later than June 30 of each year, On a quarterly basis,
22	the state department shall compile a public report summarizing the
23	information collected under this section. The report must include
24	statistics for the previous calendar year, quarter, with updated
25	information for the most recent calendar year. quarter.
26	(h) (g) The state department shall summarize the aggregate data
27	from the data submitted under this section and submit the data, on or
28	before June 30 of each year, to the United States Centers for Disease
29	Control and Prevention for its inclusion in the annual Vital Statistics
30	Report.
31	(i) (h) The state department shall ensure that no identifying
32	information of a pregnant woman is included in the report described in
33	subsection (g). (f).
34	(j) (i) This subsection applies after August 31, 2020. Each failure to
35	report an abortion complication as required under this section is a Class
36	B misdemeanor.
37	(k) (j) Before January 1, 2020, The state department shall adopt
38	rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this section.
39	SECTION 26. IC 16-34-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2021,
40	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 5. (a) Every health care provider who

performs a surgical abortion or provides, prescribes, administers, or



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1	dispenses an abortion inducing drug for the purposes of inducing an
2	abortion shall report the performance of the abortion or the provision,
3	prescribing, administration, or dispensing of an abortion inducing drug
4	on a form drafted by the state department, the purpose and function of
5	which shall be the improvement of maternal health and life through the
6	compilation of relevant maternal life and health factors and data, and
7	a further purpose and function shall be to monitor all abortions
8	performed in Indiana to assure the abortions are done only under the
9	authorized provisions of the law. For each abortion performed and
10	abortion inducing drug provided, prescribed, administered, or
11	dispensed, the report shall include, among other things, the following:
12	(1) The age of the patient.
13	(2) Whether a waiver of consent under section 4 of this chapter
14	was obtained.
15	(3) Whether a waiver of notification under section 4 of this
16	chapter was obtained.
17	(4) The date and location, including the facility name and city or
18	town, where the:
19	(A) pregnant woman:
20	(i) provided consent; and
21	(ii) received all information;
22	required under section 1.1 of this chapter; and
23	(B) abortion was performed or the abortion inducing drug was
24	provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed.
25	(5) The health care provider's full name and address, including the
26	name of the physicians performing the abortion or providing,
27	prescribing, administering, or dispensing the abortion inducing
28	drug.
29	(6) The city and county where the pregnancy termination
30	occurred.

- occurred.
 - (7) The age of the father, or the approximate age of the father if the father's age is unknown.
 - (8) The patient's county and state of residence.
 - (9) The marital status of the patient.
 - (10) The educational level of the patient.
 - (11) The race of the patient.
- 37 (12) The ethnicity of the patient.
 - (13) The number of the patient's previous live births.
- 39 (14) The number of the patient's deceased children.
- 40 (15) The number of the patient's spontaneous pregnancy 41 terminations.
- 42 (16) The number of the patient's previous induced terminations.



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1	(17) The date of the patient's last menses.
2	(18) The physician's determination of the gestation of the fetus in
3	weeks.
4	(19) The reason for the abortion.
5	(19) (20) Whether the patient indicated that the patient was
6	seeking an abortion as a result of being:
7	(A) abused;
8	(B) coerced;
9	(C) harassed; or
10	(D) trafficked.
11	(20) (21) The following information concerning the abortion or
12	the provision, prescribing, administration, or dispensing of the
13	abortion inducing drug:
14	(A) The postfertilization age of the fetus (in weeks).
15	(B) The manner in which the postfertilization age was
16	determined.
17	(C) The gender of the fetus, if detectable.
18	(D) Whether the fetus has been diagnosed with or has a
19	potential diagnosis of having Down syndrome or any other
20	disability.
21	(E) If after the earlier of the time the fetus obtains viability or
22	the time the postfertilization age of the fetus is at least twenty
23	(20) weeks, the medical reason for the performance of the
24	abortion. or the provision, prescribing, administration, or
25	dispensing of the abortion inducing drug.
26	(21) (22) For a surgical abortion, the medical procedure used for
27	the abortion and, if the fetus was viable or had a postfertilization
28	age of at least twenty (20) weeks:
29	(A) whether the procedure, in the reasonable judgment of the
30	health care provider, gave the fetus the best opportunity to
31	survive;
32	(B) the basis for the determination that the pregnant woman
33	had a condition described in this chapter that required the
34	abortion to avert the death of or serious impairment to the
35	pregnant woman; and
36	(C) the name of the second doctor present, as required under
37	IC 16-34-2-3(a)(3).
38	(22) (23) For a nonsurgical abortion, the precise drugs provided,
39	prescribed, administered, or dispensed, and the means of delivery
40	of the drugs to the patient.
41	(23) (24) For a nonsurgical abortion, that the manufacturer's
42	instructions were provided to the patient and that the patient



1	signed the patient agreement.
2	(24) (25) For an early pre-viability termination, abortion
3	performed before twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age of
4	the fetus, the medical indication by diagnosis code for the fetus
5	and the mother.
6	(25) (26) The mother's obstetrical history, including dates of other
7	abortions, if any.
8	(26) (27) Any preexisting medical conditions of the patient that
9	may complicate the abortion.
10	(27) (28) The results of pathological examinations if performed.
11	(28) (29) For a surgical abortion, whether the fetus was delivered
12	alive, and if so, how long the fetus lived.
13	(29) (30) Records of all maternal deaths occurring at the location
14	where the abortion was performed or the abortion inducing drug
15	was provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed.
16	(30) (31) The date the form was transmitted to the state
17	department and, if applicable, separately to the department of
18	child services.
19	(b) The health care provider shall complete the form provided for in
20	subsection (a) and shall transmit the completed form to the state
21	department, in the manner specified on the form, within thirty (30) days
22	after the date of each abortion. However, if an abortion is for a female
23	who is less than sixteen (16) years of age, the health care provider shall
24	transmit the form to the state department of health and separately to the
25	department of child services within three (3) days after the abortion is
26	performed.
27	(c) The dates supplied on the form may not be redacted for any
28	reason before the form is transmitted as provided in this section.
29	(d) Each failure to complete or timely transmit a form, as required
30	under this section, for each abortion performed or abortion inducing
31	drug that was provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed, is a
32	Class B misdemeanor.
33	(e) Not later than June 30 of each year, On a quarterly basis, the
34	state department shall compile a public report providing the following:
35	(1) Statistics for the previous calendar year quarter from the
36	information submitted under this section.
37	(2) Statistics for previous calendar years compiled by the state
38	department under this subsection, with updated information for
39	the calendar year quarter that was submitted to the state
40	department after the compilation of the statistics.
41	The state department shall ensure that no identifying information of a



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pregnant woman is contained in the report.

(f) The state department shall:(1) summarize aggregate data from all data submitted under this section; and(2) submit the data, before July 1 of each year, to the United

(2) submit the data, before July 1 of each year, to the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for its inclusion in the annual Vital Statistics Report.

SECTION 27. IC 16-34-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2019, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), a person who knowingly or intentionally performs an abortion not expressly provided for in prohibited by section 1 of this chapter commits a Level 5 felony.

- (b) A physician who performs an abortion intentionally or knowingly in violation of section $\frac{1(a)(1)(C)}{C}$ section $\frac{1(a)(1)(D)}{C}$ or 4 of this chapter commits a Class A misdemeanor.
- (c) A person who knowingly or intentionally performs an abortion in violation of section 1.1 of this chapter commits a Class A infraction.
- (d) A woman upon whom a partial birth abortion is performed may not be prosecuted for violating or conspiring to violate section 1(b) of this chapter.
- (e) A woman upon whom a dismemberment abortion is performed may not be prosecuted for violating or conspiring to violate section 1(c) of this chapter.

SECTION 28. IC 16-34-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.77-2020, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 2. (a) A pregnant woman who has an abortion under this article has the right to have the health care facility or abortion clinic hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center dispose of the aborted fetus by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31. The pregnant woman who selects to have the health care facility or abortion clinic hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center dispose of the aborted fetus has the right to ask which method will be used by the health care facility or abortion clinic. hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center.

- (b) After receiving the notification and information required by IC 16-34-2-1.1(a)(2)(H), IC 16-34-2-1.1(a)(2)(I), and IC 16-34-2-1.1(a)(2)(J), the pregnant woman shall inform the abortion clinic or the health care facility: hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center:
 - (1) in writing; and



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1	(2) on a form prescribed by the state department;
2	of the pregnant woman's decision for final disposition of the aborted
3	fetus by cremation or interment and, in an abortion induced by an
4	abortion inducing drug, whether the pregnant woman will return the
5	aborted fetus to the health care facility or abortion clinic hospital or
6	ambulatory outpatient surgical center for disposition by interment
7	in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as
8	defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31.
9	(c) If the pregnant woman is a minor, the abortion elinie or health
10	care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center shall
11	obtain parental consent in the disposition of the aborted fetus unless the
12	minor has received a waiver of parental consent under IC 16-34-2-4.
13	(d) The abortion clinic or the health care facility hospital or
14	ambulatory outpatient surgical center shall document the pregnant
15	woman's decision concerning disposition of the aborted fetus in the
16	pregnant woman's medical record.
17	(e) In the case of an abortion induced by an abortion inducing drug,

(e) In the case of an abortion induced by an abortion inducing drug, the pregnant woman may return the aborted fetus to the health care facility or abortion clinic hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center for disposition by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31.

SECTION 29. IC 16-34-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 3. If the pregnant woman chooses a location for final disposition other than the location of final disposition that is usual and customary for an abortion clinic or a health care facility, a hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center, the pregnant woman is responsible for the costs related to the final disposition of the aborted fetus at the chosen location.

SECTION 30. IC 16-34-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.77-2020, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) An abortion clinic or health care facility A hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center having possession of an aborted fetus shall provide for the final disposition of the aborted fetus. The burial transit permit requirements of IC 16-37-3 apply to the final disposition of an aborted fetus, which must be interred or cremated. However:

- (1) a person is not required to designate a name for the aborted fetus on the burial transit permit and the space for a name may remain blank; and
- (2) any information submitted under this section that may be used



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1 to identify the pregnant woman is confidential and must be 2 redacted from any public records maintained under IC 16-37-3. 3 Aborted fetuses may be cremated by simultaneous cremation. (b) If the abortion clinic or health care facility hospital or 4 5 ambulatory outpatient surgical center conducts the cremation of 6 aborted fetal remains on site, the abortion clinic or health care facility 7 hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center must comply with 8 all state laws concerning the cremation of human remains as prescribed 9 in IC 23-14-31. The abortion clinic or health care facility hospital or 10 ambulatory outpatient surgical center must make the onsite cremation equipment available to the state department for inspection 11 12 at the time the abortion clinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center is inspected. When the 13 14 abortion clinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory 15 outpatient surgical center contracts with a licensed funeral home for the disposal of the aborted fetal remains, the contract must be made 16 17 available for review by the state department at the time the abortion 18 clinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient 19 surgical center is inspected. 20 (c) Except in extraordinary circumstances where the required 21 information is unavailable or unknown, a burial transit permit issued 22 under IC 16-37-3 that includes multiple fetal remains must be 23 accompanied by a log prescribed by the state department containing the following information about each fetus included under the burial transit 24 25 permit: 26 (1) The date of the abortion. 27 (2) Whether the abortion was surgical or induced by an abortion 28 inducing drug. 29 (3) The name of the funeral director licensee who will be 30 retrieving the aborted fetus. 31 (4) In the case of an abortion induced by an abortion inducing 32 drug: 33 (A) whether the pregnant woman will cremate or inter the 34 fetus, or will return the fetus to the health care facility or 35 abortion clinic hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical 36 center for disposition; and 37 (B) if the pregnant woman returns the fetus to the health care 38 facility or abortion clinic, hospital or ambulatory outpatient

surgical center, whether the returned fetus is included in the

The abortion clinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory

outpatient surgical center must keep a copy of the burial transit



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41 42 burial transit permit.

permit and accompanying log in a permanent file.

- (d) Each time the fetal remains are transported from one entity to another for disposition, the entity receiving the fetal remains must confirm that the number of fetal remains matches the information contained in the burial transit permit and accompanying log. After final disposition, a copy of the log will be sent back to the health care facility or abortion clinic. hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center. The final log will be attached to the original log described in subsection (c) and will be made available for review by the state department at the time of inspection.
- (e) An abortion clinic or a health care facility A hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center is responsible for demonstrating to the state department that the abortion clinic or the health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center has complied with the protocol provided in this section.
- (f) A certificate of stillbirth is not required to be issued for an aborted fetus with a gestational age of less than twenty (20) weeks of age.
- (g) IC 23-14-31-26, IC 23-14-55-2, IC 25-15-9-18, and IC 29-2-19-17 concerning the authorization of disposition of human remains apply to this section.
- SECTION 31. IC 16-34-4-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 5. (a) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking a sex selective abortion.
- (b) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion after viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking a sex selective abortion.
 - (c) This section is severable as specified in IC 1-1-1-8.
- SECTION 32. IC 16-34-4-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 6. (a) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because the fetus has been diagnosed with Down syndrome or has a potential diagnosis of Down syndrome.
 - (b) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an



abortion after viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because the fetus has been diagnosed with Down syndrome or has a potential diagnosis of Down syndrome.

(c) This section is severable as specified in IC 1-1-1-8.

SECTION 33. IC 16-34-4-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 7. (a) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because the fetus has been diagnosed with any other disability or has a potential diagnosis of any other disability.

- (b) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion after viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because the fetus has been diagnosed with any other disability or has a potential diagnosis of any other disability.
 - (c) This section is severable as specified in IC 1-1-1-8.

SECTION 34. IC 16-34-4-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 8. (a) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because of the race, color, national origin, or ancestry of the fetus.

- (b) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion after viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because of the race, color, national origin, or ancestry of the fetus.
 - (c) This section is severable as specified in IC 1-1-1-8.

SECTION 35. IC 16-34-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]. (Miscellaneous Provisions).

SECTION 36. IC 16-41-16-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to persons and facilities that handle infectious waste, including the following:

(1) Hospitals.



1	(2) Ambulatory surgical facilities.
2	(3) Medical laboratories.
3	(4) Diagnostic laboratories.
4	(5) Blood centers.
5	(6) Pharmaceutical companies.
6	(7) Academic research laboratories.
7	(8) Industrial research laboratories.
8	(9) Health facilities.
9	(10) Offices of health care providers.
10	(11) Diet or health care clinics.
11	(12) Offices of veterinarians.
12	(13) Veterinary hospitals.
13	(14) Emergency medical services providers.
14	(15) Mortuaries.
15	(16) Abortion clinics.
16	(b) Except as provided in sections 2, 4, and 7.5 of this chapter, this
17	chapter does not apply to:
18	(1) home health agencies; or
19	(2) hospice services delivered in the home of a hospice patient.
20	SECTION 37. IC 16-50-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.65-2021,
21	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22 23	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) The state department shall establish a
23	statewide maternal mortality review committee to:
24	(1) review cases of maternal morbidity and maternal mortality;
25	(2) determine factors contributing to maternal morbidity and
26	maternal mortality;
27	(3) identify public health and clinical interventions to improve
28	systems of care and enhance coordination; and
29	(4) develop strategies for the prevention of maternal morbidity
30	and maternal mortality;
31	in Indiana.
32	(b) The statewide maternal mortality review committee:
33	(1) shall review cases involving the death of a woman occurring
34	during pregnancy, irrespective of the duration and site of the
35	pregnancy, through one (1) year after the pregnancy; and
36	(2) shall study how changes in the state's abortion laws affect
37	maternal mortality in Indiana; and
38	(3) may review cases of maternal morbidity;
39	to carry out the duties set forth in this chapter.
40	SECTION 38. IC 16-50-1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.65-2021,
41	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. This article expires June 30, 2025. June 30,



1	2027.
2	SECTION 39. IC 25-1-9.8-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2022
3	SECTION 46, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 10. (a) As used in this chapter, "provider
5	facility" means any of the following:
6	(1) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21-2.
7	(2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center licensed under
8	IC 16-21-2.
9	(3) An abortion clinic licensed under IC 16-21-2.
10	(4) (3) A birthing center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
11	(5) (4) Except for an urgent care facility (as defined by
12	IC 27-1-46-10.5), a facility that provides diagnostic services to
13	the medical profession or the general public.
14	(6) (5) A laboratory where clinical pathology tests are carried our
15	on specimens to obtain information about the health of a patient
16	(7) (6) A facility where radiologic and electromagnetic images are
17	made to obtain information about the health of a patient.
18	(8) (7) An infusion center that administers intravenous
19	medications.
20	(b) The term does not include the following:
21	(1) A private mental health institution licensed under IC 12-25.
22	(2) A Medicare certified, freestanding rehabilitation hospital.
23	SECTION 40. IC 25-22.5-8-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2017
24	SECTION 40. 1C 23-22.3-6-0, AS ADDED BY 1.E.173-2017 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "abortion"
26	has the meaning set forth in IC 16-18-2-1.
27	
28	(b) Notwithstanding IC 25-1-9, the board:
29	(1) may revoke the license of a physician if, after appropriate
30	notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the attorney general proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the physician
31	
32	(1) failed to transmit the form to the state department of health as
	described in IC 16-34-2-5(b); or and
33	(2) shall revoke the license of a physician if, after appropriate
34	notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the attorney general
35	proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the physician
36	performed an abortion in violation of IC 16-34-2-7(a) through
37	IC 16-34-2-7(c) with the intent to avoid the requirements of
38	I C 16-34-2. 16-34-2-1.
39	SECTION 41. IC 25-36.1-2-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.97-2009
40	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "health care
42	facility" means the following:



1	(1) A hospital that is licensed under IC 16-21-2.
2	(2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center licensed under
3	IC 16-21-2.
4	(3) A birthing center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
5	(4) An abortion clinic licensed under IC 16-21-2.
6	SECTION 42. IC 27-1-46-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2022,
7	SECTION 49, AND BY P.L.36-2022, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED
8	TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec.
9	10. (a) As used in this chapter, "provider facility" means any of the
10	following:
11	(1) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21-2.
12	(2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center licensed under
13	IC 16-21-2.
14	(3) An abortion clinic licensed under IC 16-21-2.
15	(4) (3) A birthing center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
16	(5) (4) Except for an urgent care facility, a facility that provides
17	diagnostic services to the medical profession or the general
18	public, including outpatient facilities.
19	(6) (5) A laboratory where clinical pathology tests are carried out
20	on specimens to obtain information about the health of a patient.
21	(7) (6) A facility where radiologic and electromagnetic images are
22	made to obtain information about the health of a patient.
23	(8) (7) An infusion center that administers intravenous
24	medications.
25	(b) The term does not include the following:
26	(1) A private mental health institution licensed under IC 12-25.
27	(2) A Medicare certified, freestanding rehabilitation hospital.
28	SECTION 43. IC 27-2-25-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2022,
29	SECTION 51, AND BY P.L.36-2022, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED
30	TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec.
31	11. As used in this chapter, "provider facility" means any of the
32	following:
33	(1) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21-2.
34	(2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center licensed under
35	IC 16-21-2.
36	(3) An abortion elinic licensed under IC 16-21-2.
37	(4) (3) A birthing center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
38	(5) (4) Except for an urgent care facility (as defined by
39	IC 27-1-46-10.5), a facility that provides diagnostic services to
40	the medical profession or the general public.
41	(6) (5) A laboratory where clinical pathology tests are carried out
42	on specimens to obtain information about the health of a patient.



1	(7) (6) A facility where radiologic and electromagnetic images are
2	made to obtain information about the health of a patient.
3	(8) (7) An infusion center that administers intravenous
4	medications.
5	SECTION 44. IC 27-8-33-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.193-2011
6	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "abortion"
8	means the termination of human pregnancy with an intention other than
9	to produce a live birth or to remove a dead fetus. has the meaning set
10	forth in IC 16-18-2-1.
l 1	SECTION 45. IC 27-8-33-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.193-2011
12	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. A qualified health plan offered under
14	Subtitle D of Title 1 of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable
15	Care Act may not provide coverage for abortion, except in the
16	following cases:
17	(1) The pregnant woman became pregnant through an act of rape
18	or incest.
19	(2) An when an abortion is necessary to avert the pregnant
20	woman's death or a substantial and irreversible impairment of a
21	major bodily function of the pregnant woman. permitted under
22	IC 16-34-2-1.
23	SECTION 46. IC 27-13-7-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.124-2014
24	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 7.5. (a) A health maintenance
26	organization that provides coverage for basic health care services and
27	that is entered into, delivered, amended, or renewed after December 31
28	2014, under a group contract or an individual contract may not provide
29	coverage for abortion unless the abortion is permitted under
30	IC 16-34-2-1. except in the following cases:
31	(1) The pregnant woman became pregnant through an act of rape
32	or incest.
33	(2) An abortion is necessary to avert the pregnant woman's death
34	or a substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily
35	function of the pregnant woman.
36	(b) A health maintenance organization that enters into a group
37	contract or an individual contract described in subsection (a) may offer
38	coverage for an abortion permitted under IC 16-34-2-1 through a
39	rider or an endorsement.

SECTION 47. IC 35-41-3-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: **Sec. 12. (a) It is a defense to**



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1	any crime involving the death of or injury to a fetus that the
2	defendant was a pregnant woman who committed the unlawful act
3	with the intent to terminate her pregnancy.
4	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), it is a defense to any
5	crime involving the death of or injury to a fetus that the mother of
6	the fetus requested that the defendant terminate her pregnancy,
7	and that the death or injury to the fetus was the result of the
8	defendant's termination or attempted termination of her
9	pregnancy.
10	(c) Subsection (b) is not a defense to:
11	(1) performing an unlawful abortion under IC 16-34-2-7; or
12	(2) feticide (IC 35-42-1-6).
13	SECTION 48. IC 35-42-1-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2018,
14	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 6. (a) This section does not apply to:
16	(1) the pregnant mother whose pregnancy is terminated;
17	(2) a person who in good faith provides medical treatment to
18	a pregnant woman that results in the accidental or
19	unintentional termination of the pregnancy; or
20	(3) a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 who, upon the
21	request of a pregnant woman, performs a medical procedure
22	to terminate her pregnancy, even if the procedure is not
23	authorized under IC 16-34-2-1.
24	(b) Except as provided in section 6.5 of this chapter, A person who
25	knowingly or intentionally terminates a human pregnancy with an
26	intention other than to produce a live birth or to remove a dead fetus
27	commits feticide, a Level 3 felony.
28	SECTION 49. IC 35-42-1-6.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.203-2018,
29	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 6.5. (a) The following sections of this
31	chapter do not apply to an abortion performed in compliance with
32	IC 16-34 or IC 35-1-58.5 (before its repeal): IC 16-34-2:
33	(1) Section 1 (murder).
34	(2) Section 3 (voluntary manslaughter).
35	(3) Section 4 (involuntary manslaughter).
36	(4) Section 6 (feticide).
37	(b) The following sections of this chapter do not apply to a pregnant
38	woman who terminates her own pregnancy or kills a fetus that she is
39	carrying:
40	(1) Section 1 (murder).
41	(2) Section 3 (voluntary manslaughter).



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(3) Section 4 (involuntary manslaughter).

1	(4) Section 6 (feticide).
2	SECTION 50. [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022] (a) 410 IAC 26
3	is void. The publisher of the Indiana Administrative Code and
4	Indiana Register shall remove this article from the Indiana
5	Administrative Code.
6	(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2024.
7	SECTION 51. [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022] (a) 410
8	IAC 26.5 is void. The publisher of the Indiana Administrative Code
9	and Indiana Register shall remove this article from the Indiana
10	Administrative Code.
11	(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2024.
12	SECTION 52. [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022] (a) The
13	prosecutorial oversight task force is created. The task force shall
14	consist of the following members:
15	(1) Four (4) members of the house of representatives,
16	appointed as follows:
17	(A) Three (3) members appointed by the speaker of the
18	house of representatives, one (1) of whom shall serve as the
19	co-chairperson of the task force.
20	(B) One (1) member appointed by the minority leader of
21	the house of representatives.
22 23 24	(2) Four (4) members of the senate, appointed as follows:
23	(A) Three (3) member appointed by the president pro
	tempore of the senate, one (1) of whom shall serve as the
25	co-chairperson of the task force.
26	(B) One (1) member appointed by the minority leader.
27	(3) The executive director of the prosecuting attorneys council
28	of Indiana, or the executive director's designee.
29	(4) The executive director of the public defender council of
30	Indiana, or the executive director's designee.
31	(5) The president of the Indiana judges association, or the
32	president's designee.
33	The legislative services agency shall provide staff support to the
34	task force. The task force may not have more than five (5)
35	meetings.
36	(b) The task force shall:
37	(1) study the circumstances in which a county prosecutor
38	makes a blanket refusal to enforce a specific statute or
39	constitutional provision; and
10	(2) consider appropriate methods of enforcing the statute or
‡1	constitutional provision, including:
12	(A) granting the attorney general concurrent jurisdiction



1	to enforce the statute or constitutional provision under
2	certain circumstances;
3	(B) granting another prosecuting attorney concurrent
4	jurisdiction to enforce the statute or constitutional
5	provision under certain circumstances;
6	(C) establishing a procedure to appoint a special
7	prosecuting attorney under certain circumstances; or
8	(D) any other method the task force determines should be
9	recommended; and
10	(3) make recommendations under subsection (c) resulting
11	from the task force's study and considerations under this
12	subsection.
13	(c) Before December 1, 2022, the task force shall make
14	recommendations to the general assembly in an electronic format
15	under IC 5-14-6 concerning the task force's study and findings
16	under subsection (b).
17	(d) Each member of the task force who is not a state employee
18	is entitled to the minimum salary per diem provided by
19	IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). The member is also entitled to reimbursement
20	for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other
21	expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties
22	as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the
23	Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget
24	agency.
25	(e) Each member of the task force who is a state employee but
26	who is not a member of the general assembly is entitled to
27	reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under
28	IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection
29	with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and
30	procedures established by the Indiana department of
31	administration and approved by the budget agency.
32	(f) Each member of the task force who is a member of the
33	general assembly is entitled to receive the same per diem, mileage,
34	and travel allowances paid to legislative members of interim study
35	committees established by the legislative council. Per diem,
36	mileage, and travel allowances paid under this subsection shall be
37	paid from appropriations made to the legislative council or the
38	legislative services agency.

(g) This SECTION expires December 31, 2022.

SECTION 53. An emergency is declared for this act.



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COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 1(ss), has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, line 12, after "drugs." insert "The termination of a pregnancy described in subdivision (3) is subject to the reporting requirements of IC 16-34-2-5."

Page 8, delete lines 33 through 42, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(6) Any of the following apply:
 - (A) The physician determines, based on reasonable medical judgment, that an abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life of the pregnant woman.
 - (B) If the pregnant woman is less than sixteen (16) years of age, the:
 - (i) pregnancy was the result of rape or incest;
 - (ii) postfertilization age of the fetus is less than twelve
 - (12) weeks; and
 - (iii) pregnant woman provides the physician with an affidavit, signed by the woman under penalties of perjury, attesting to the rape or incest. The physician shall place the affidavit in the woman's permanent health record. The affidavit provided under this item is confidential.
 - (C) If the pregnant woman is at least sixteen (16) years of age, the:
 - (i) pregnancy was the result of rape or incest;
 - (ii) postfertilization age of the fetus is less than eight (8) weeks; and
 - (iii) pregnant woman provides the physician with an affidavit, signed by the woman under penalties of perjury, attesting to the rape or incest. The physician shall place the affidavit in the woman's permanent health record. The affidavit provided under this item is confidential."

Page 9, delete line 1.

Page 11, line 18, delete "section 1(b) or" and insert "section 1 of".



Page 11, line 19, delete "1(c) of".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 1(ss) as introduced.)

BRAY, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 7, Nays

5.

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 1(ss) be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 4-6-2-1.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 54, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1.1. (a) As used in this section, "categorically refusing to enforce" means a blanket refusal to enforce one (1) or more specified laws. The term includes the refusal to enforce a specified law unless certain conditions are met. The term does not include the refusal to enforce a law in one (1) or more particular instances, if the determination not to enforce the specified law is based on an individual investigation of the facts and circumstances of each particular case.

- **(b)** The attorney general has concurrent jurisdiction with the prosecuting attorney in the prosecution of the following:
 - (1) Actions in which a person is accused of committing, while a member of an unlawful assembly as defined in IC 35-45-1-1, a homicide (IC 35-42-1).
 - (2) Actions in which a person is accused of assisting a criminal (IC 35-44.1-2-5), if the person alleged to have been assisted is a person described in subdivision (1).
 - (3) Actions in which a sheriff is accused of any offense that involves a failure to protect the life of a prisoner in the sheriff's custody.
 - (4) Actions in which a violation of IC 2-8.2-4-6 (concerning constitutional convention delegates) has occurred.



(5) Any violation of a criminal law if the prosecuting attorney is categorically refusing to enforce this law.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 1(ss) as printed July 27, 2022.)

FREEMAN

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 1(ss) be amended to read as follows:

Page 10, between lines 28 and 29, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 13. IC 16-34-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2021, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to a minor who is less than eighteen (18) years of age who:

- (1) is pregnant as a result of rape or incest by a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the unemancipated minor; and
- (2) provides the physician with an affidavit, signed under the penalties of perjury, attesting to the rape or incest.
- (a) (b) No physician shall perform an abortion on an unemancipated pregnant minor less than eighteen (18) years of age without first having obtained from one (1) of the parents, a legal guardian, or a custodian accompanying the unemancipated pregnant minor:
 - (1) the notarized written consent of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor;
 - (2) government issued proof of identification of the parent or the legal guardian or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor; and
 - (3) some evidence, which may include identification or other written documentation that provides an articulable basis for a reasonably prudent person to believe that the person is the parent or legal guardian or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor.

The physician shall keep records of the documents required under this subsection in the unemancipated pregnant minor's medical file for at least seven (7) years.

(b) (c) A minor:

(1) who objects to having to obtain the written consent of her parent or legal guardian or custodian under this section; or



(2) whose parent or legal guardian or custodian refuses to consent to an abortion;

may petition, on her own behalf or by next friend, the juvenile court in the county in which the pregnant minor resides or in which the abortion is to be performed, for a waiver of the parental consent requirement under subsection (a) (b) and the parental notification requirement under subsection (d). (e). A next friend may not be a physician or provider of abortion services, representative of the physician or provider, or other person that may receive a direct financial benefit from the performance of an abortion.

- (c) (d) A physician who feels that compliance with the parental consent requirement in subsection (a) (b) would have an adverse effect on the welfare of the pregnant minor or on her pregnancy may petition the juvenile court within twenty-four (24) hours of the abortion request for a waiver of the parental consent requirement under subsection (a) (b) and the parental notification requirement under subsection (d). (e).
- (d) (e) Unless the juvenile court finds that it is in the best interests of an unemancipated pregnant minor to obtain an abortion without parental notification following a hearing on a petition filed under subsection (b) (c) or (c), (d), a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a pregnant unemancipated minor is entitled to receive notice of the emancipated minor's intent to obtain an abortion before the abortion is performed on the unemancipated pregnant minor. The attorney representing the unemancipated pregnant minor shall serve the notice required by this subsection by certified mail or by personal service and provide the court with documentation of the attorney's good faith effort to serve the notice, including any return receipt for a certified mailing. The court shall retain the documentation provided in the confidential records of the waiver proceedings held under this section.
- (e) (f) The juvenile court must rule on a petition filed by a pregnant minor under subsection (b) (c) or by her physician under subsection (c) (d) within forty-eight (48) hours of the filing of the petition. Before ruling on the petition, the court shall consider the concerns expressed by the pregnant minor and her physician. The requirement of parental consent under this section shall be waived by the juvenile court if the court finds that the minor is mature enough to make the abortion decision independently or that an abortion would be in the minor's best interests. The juvenile court shall waive the requirement of parental notification under subsection (d) (e) if the court finds that obtaining an abortion without parental notification is in the best interests of the unemancipated pregnant minor. If the juvenile court does not find that obtaining an abortion without parental notification is in the best



interests of the unemancipated pregnant minor, the court shall, subject to an appeal under subsection (g), (h), order the attorney representing the unemancipated pregnant minor to serve the notice required under subsection (d). (e).

- (f) (g) Unless the juvenile court finds that the pregnant minor is already represented by an attorney, the juvenile court shall appoint an attorney to represent the pregnant minor in a waiver proceeding brought by the minor under subsection (b) (c) and on any appeals. The cost of legal representation appointed for the minor under this section shall be paid by the county.
- (g) (h) A minor or the minor's physician who desires to appeal an adverse judgment of the juvenile court in a waiver proceeding under subsection (b) (c) or (c) (d) is entitled to an expedited appeal, under rules to be adopted by the supreme court.
- (h) (i) All records of the juvenile court and of the supreme court or the court of appeals that are made as a result of proceedings conducted under this section are confidential.
- (i) (j) A minor who initiates legal proceedings under this section is exempt from the payment of filing fees.
- (j) (k) This section does not apply where there is an emergency need for a medical procedure to be performed to avert the pregnant minor's death or a substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the pregnant minor, and the attending physician certifies this in writing.
- (k) (l) A physician receiving parental consent under subsection (a) (b) shall execute an affidavit for inclusion in the unemancipated pregnant minor's medical record. The affidavit must contain the following information:
 - (1) The physician's name.
 - (2) Certification that, to the physician's best information and belief, a reasonable person under similar circumstances would rely on the information provided by the unemancipated pregnant minor and the unemancipated pregnant minor's parent or legal guardian or custodian as sufficient evidence of identity and relationship.
 - (3) The physician's signature.
- (1) (m) A person who, with intent to avoid the parental notification requirements described in subsection (a), (b), falsely claims to be the parent or legal guardian or custodian of an unemancipated pregnant minor by:
 - (1) making a material misstatement while purportedly providing the written consent described in subsection (a)(1); (b)(1); or



(2) providing false or fraudulent identification to meet the requirement described in subsection (a)(2); (b)(2); commits a Level 6 felony.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 1(ss) as printed July 27, 2022.)

LANANE

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 1(ss) be amended to read as follows:

Page 12, between lines 6 and 7, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 15. IC 16-50-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.65-2021, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) The state department shall establish a statewide maternal mortality review committee to:

- (1) review cases of maternal morbidity and maternal mortality;
- (2) determine factors contributing to maternal morbidity and maternal mortality;
- (3) identify public health and clinical interventions to improve systems of care and enhance coordination; and
- (4) develop strategies for the prevention of maternal morbidity and maternal mortality;

in Indiana.

- (b) The statewide maternal mortality review committee:
 - (1) shall review cases involving the death of a woman occurring during pregnancy, irrespective of the duration and site of the pregnancy, through one (1) year after the pregnancy; and
 - (2) shall study how changes in the state's abortion laws affect maternal mortality in Indiana; and
- (3) may review cases of maternal morbidity; to carry out the duties set forth in this chapter.

SECTION 16. IC 16-50-1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.65-2021, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. This article expires June 30, 2025. **June 30, 2027.**".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 1(ss) as printed July 27, 2022.)

BREAUX

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 1(ss) be amended to read as follows:

Page 9, line 3, delete "an" and insert "a notarized".

Page 9, line 7, delete "The affidavit provided under this item is".

Page 9, delete line 8.

Page 9, line 14, delete "an" and insert "a notarized".

Page 9, line 18, delete "The affidavit provided under this item is".

Page 9, delete line 19.

(Reference is to SB 1(ss) as printed July 27, 2022.)

BROWN L

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Courts and Criminal Code, to which was referred Senate Bill 1(ss), has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 17, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 16-18-2-1.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]. Sec. 1.5. (a) "Abortion clinic", for purposes of IC 16-21-2, IC 16-34-2-4.7, IC 16-34-3, and IC 16-41-16, means a health care provider (as defined in section 163(e)(1) of this chapter) that:

- (1) performs surgical abortion procedures; or
- (2) beginning January 1, 2014, provides an abortion inducing drug for the purpose of inducing an abortion.
- (b) The term does not include the following:
 - (1) A hospital that is licensed as a hospital under IC 16-21-2.
 - (2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center that is licensed as an



ambulatory outpatient surgical center under IC 16-21-2.

(3) A health care provider that provides, prescribes, administers, or dispenses an abortion inducing drug to fewer than five (5) patients per year for the purposes of inducing an abortion.

SECTION 2. IC 16-18-2-9.4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]. Sec. 9.4. "Affiliate", for purposes of IC 16-21-2-11, means any person who directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control of another person.

SECTION 3. IC 16-18-2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2019, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 14. (a) "Ambulatory outpatient surgical center", for purposes of IC 16-21, IC 16-32-5, and IC 16-38-2, means a public or private institution that meets the following conditions:

- (1) Is established, equipped, and operated primarily for the purpose of performing surgical procedures and services.
- (2) Is operated under the supervision of at least one (1) licensed physician or under the supervision of the governing board of the hospital if the center is affiliated with a hospital.
- (3) Permits a surgical procedure to be performed only by a physician, dentist, or podiatrist who meets the following conditions:
 - (A) Is qualified by education and training to perform the surgical procedure.
 - (B) Is legally authorized to perform the procedure.
 - (C) Is privileged to perform surgical procedures in at least one
 - (1) hospital within the county or an Indiana county adjacent to the county in which the ambulatory outpatient surgical center is located.
 - (D) Is admitted to the open staff of the ambulatory outpatient surgical center.
- (4) Requires that a licensed physician with specialized training or experience in the administration of an anesthetic supervise the administration of the anesthetic to a patient and remain present in the facility during the surgical procedure, except when only a local infiltration anesthetic is administered.
- (5) Provides at least one (1) operating room and, if anesthetics other than local infiltration anesthetics are administered, at least one (1) postanesthesia recovery room.
- (6) Is equipped to perform diagnostic x-ray and laboratory examinations required in connection with any surgery performed.
- (7) Does not provide accommodations for patient stays of longer than twenty-four (24) hours.



- (8) Provides full-time services of registered and licensed nurses for the professional care of the patients in the postanesthesia recovery room.
- (9) Has available the necessary equipment and trained personnel to handle foreseeable emergencies such as a defibrillator for cardiac arrest, a tracheotomy set for airway obstructions, and a blood bank or other blood supply.
- (10) Maintains a written agreement with at least one (1) hospital for immediate acceptance of patients who develop complications or require postoperative confinement.
- (11) Provides for the periodic review of the center and the center's operations by a committee of at least three (3) licensed physicians having no financial connections with the center.
- (12) Maintains adequate medical records for each patient.
- (13) Meets all additional minimum requirements as established by the state department for building and equipment requirements.
- (14) Meets the rules and other requirements established by the state department for the health, safety, and welfare of the patients.
- (b) The term does not include a birthing center.
- (c) "Ambulatory outpatient surgical center", for purposes of IC 16-34, refers to an institution described in subsection (a) and that has a majority ownership by a hospital licensed under IC 16-21.

SECTION 4. IC 16-18-2-163, AS AMENDED BY P.L.50-2021, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 163. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), "health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-21 and IC 16-41, means any of the following:

(1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital, a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3), a dentist, a registered or licensed practical nurse, a midwife, an optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a physical therapist, a respiratory care practitioner, an occupational therapist, a psychologist, a paramedic, an emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician, an athletic trainer, or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual, partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or institution acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.



- (2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health care to a student, a faculty member, or an employee, and the governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
- (3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community intellectual disability center, community health center, or migrant health center.
- (4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
- (5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in IC 27-13-1-19).
- (6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
- (7) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not otherwise qualified under this subsection that:
 - (A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
 - (B) is organized or registered under state law; and
 - (C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's health care function.

Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this subdivision is limited to the health care provider's health care functions and does not extend to other causes of action.

- (b) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-35, has the meaning set forth in subsection (a). However, for purposes of IC 16-35, the term also includes a health facility (as defined in section 167 of this chapter).
- (c) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-32-5, IC 16-36-5, IC 16-36-6, and IC 16-41-10 means an individual licensed or authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services as:
 - (1) a licensed physician;
 - (2) a registered nurse;
 - (3) a licensed practical nurse;
 - (4) an advanced practice registered nurse;
 - (5) a certified nurse midwife;
 - (6) a paramedic;
 - (7) an emergency medical technician;
 - (8) an advanced emergency medical technician;
 - (9) an emergency medical responder, as defined by section 109.8 of this chapter;



- (10) a licensed dentist;
- (11) a home health aide, as defined by section 174 of this chapter; or
- (12) a licensed physician assistant.

The term includes an individual who is an employee or agent of a health care provider acting in the course and scope of the individual's employment.

- (d) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-36-7, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-36-7-12.
- (e) "Health care provider", for purposes of section 1.5 of this chapter and IC 16-40-4, means any of the following:
 - (1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or authorized by the state to provide health care or professional services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital, a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3), an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, a dentist, an optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a psychologist, or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual, partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or institution acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
 - (2) A blood bank, laboratory, community mental health center, community intellectual disability center, community health center, or migrant health center.
 - (3) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
 - (4) A health maintenance organization (as defined in IC 27-13-1-19).
 - (5) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
 - (6) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not otherwise specified in this subsection that:
 - (A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
 - (B) is organized or registered under state law; and
 - (C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's health care function.
 - (7) A person that is designated to maintain the records of a person described in subdivisions (1) through (6).
- (f) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-45-4, has the meaning set forth in 47 CFR 54.601(a).".



Delete page 2.

Page 3, delete lines 1 through 9.

Page 3, delete lines 26 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. IC 16-21-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.264-2019, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 7. (a) The executive board may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary to protect the health, safety, rights, and welfare of patients, including the following:

- (1) Rules pertaining to the operation and management of hospitals, ambulatory outpatient surgical centers, abortion clinics, and birthing centers.
- (2) Rules establishing standards for equipment, facilities, and staffing required for efficient and quality care of patients.
- (b) Notwithstanding 410 IAC 15-1.7-1 and 410 IAC 15-2.7-1, the following apply to a publication that is referred to in 410 IAC 15:
 - (1) The Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital and Medical Facilities refers to the following:
 - (A) The 2018 edition or most recent publication of the Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals.
 - (B) The 2018 edition or most recent publication of the Guidelines for Design and Construction of Outpatient Facilities.
 - (2) The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101, Life Safety Code Handbook publication refers to the 2018 edition or most recent publication.
 - (3) The National Fire Protection Association 99, Health Care Facilities publication refers to the 2018 edition or most recent publication.
 - (4) A publication incorporated by reference is not effective until one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of publication.

The executive board shall amend 410 IAC 15-1.7-1 and 410 IAC 15-2.7-1 to reflect the requirements in this subsection. This subsection expires July 1, 2021.

SECTION 7. IC 16-21-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this chapter applies to all hospitals, ambulatory outpatient surgical centers, abortion clinics, and birthing centers.

- (b) This chapter does not apply to a hospital operated by the federal government.
 - (c) This chapter does not affect a statute pertaining to the placement



and adoption of children.

SECTION 8. IC 16-21-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 2. The state department shall license and regulate:

- (1) hospitals;
- (2) ambulatory outpatient surgical centers; and
- (3) birthing centers. and
- (4) abortion clinics.

SECTION 9. IC 16-21-2-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2018, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 2.5. (a) The state department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to do the following concerning birthing centers and abortion clinics: and other facilities as specified:

- (1) Establish minimum license qualifications.
- (2) Establish the following requirements:
 - (A) Sanitation standards.
 - (B) Staff qualifications.
 - (C) Necessary emergency equipment.
 - (D) Procedures to provide emergency care.
 - (E) Procedures to monitor patients after the administration of anesthesia.
 - (F) Procedures to provide follow-up care for patient complications.
 - (G) Quality assurance standards.
 - (H) Infection control.
 - (I) Provision of informed consent brochures, as described in IC 16-34-2-1.5, to hospitals and ambulatory outpatient surgical centers in English, Spanish, and a third language determined by the state department. inside abortion clinics.
 - (J) Provision of a hotline telephone number that provides assistance for patients who are:
 - (i) coerced into an abortion; or
 - (ii) victims of sex trafficking.
 - (K) Annual training by law enforcement officers on identifying and assisting women who are:
 - (i) coerced into an abortion; or
 - (ii) victims of sex trafficking.
- (3) Prescribe the operating policies, supervision, and maintenance of medical records, including the requirement that all forms that require a patient signature be stored in the patient's medical record.



- (4) Establish procedures for the issuance, renewal, denial, and revocation of licenses under this chapter. The rules adopted under this subsection must address the following:
 - (A) The form and content of the license.
 - (B) The collection of an annual license fee.
- (5) Prescribe the procedures and standards for inspections.
- (6) Prescribe procedures for:
 - (A) implementing a plan of correction to address any violations of any provision of this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter; and
 - (B) implementing a system for the state department to follow if the abortion clinic or birthing center fails to comply with the plan of correction described in clause (A) and disciplinary action is needed.
- (b) A person who knowingly or intentionally:
 - (1) operates a birthing center or an abortion elinie that is not licensed under this chapter; or
 - (2) advertises the operation of a birthing center or an abortion clinic that is not licensed under this chapter;

commits a Class A misdemeanor.

- (c) Not later than January 1, 2019, the state department shall:
 - (1) adopt separate rules under IC 4-22-2, including those required under subsection (a), for existing and future abortion clinics that perform only surgical abortions;
 - (2) adopt separate rules under IC 4-22-2, including those required under subsection (a), for existing and future abortion clinics that perform abortions only through the provision of an abortion inducing drug; and
 - (3) establish procedures regarding the issuance of licenses to existing and future abortion clinics that:
 - (A) perform only surgical abortions;
 - (B) perform abortions only through the provision of an abortion inducing drug; or
 - (C) perform both surgical abortions and abortions through the provision of abortion inducing drugs.
- (d) A rule or emergency rule adopted under subsection (c)(1), (c)(2), or (c)(3) applies, respectively, to every abortion clinic of the type described in subsection (c)(1), (c)(2), or (c)(3), regardless of the date of adoption of the rule or emergency rule.
- (e) Before January 1, 2019, the state department shall adopt emergency rules in the manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to earry out the duties established in this section under the following:



- (1) Subsection (a)(2)(E).
- (2) Subsection (a)(2)(F).
- (3) Subsection (a)(2)(I).
- (4) Subsection (a)(2)(J).
- (5) Subsection (a)(2)(K).
- (6) Subsection (a)(3).
- (7) Subsection (a)(5).
- (8) Subsection (a)(6).

This subsection expires July 1, 2019.

SECTION 10. IC 16-21-2-2.6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]. Sec. 2.6. The state department shall inspect an abortion clinic at least one (1) time per calendar year and may conduct a complaint inspection as needed.

SECTION 11. IC 16-21-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 10. A:

- (1) person;
- (2) state, county, or local governmental unit; or
- (3) division, a department, a board, or an agency of a state, county, or local governmental unit;

must obtain a license from the state health commissioner under IC 4-21.5-3-5 before establishing, conducting, operating, or maintaining a hospital, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an abortion clinic, or a birthing center.

SECTION 12. IC 16-21-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2018, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 11. (a) An applicant must submit an application for a license on a form prepared by the state department showing that:

- (1) the applicant is of reputable and responsible character;
- (2) the applicant is able to comply with the minimum standards for a hospital, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an abortion clinic, or a birthing center, and with rules adopted under this chapter; and
- (3) the applicant has complied with section 15.4 of this chapter.
- (b) The application must contain the following additional information:
 - (1) The name of the applicant.
 - (2) The type of institution to be operated.
 - (3) The location of the institution.
 - (4) The name of the person to be in charge of the institution.
 - (5) If the applicant is a hospital, the range and types of services to



be provided under the general hospital license, including any service that would otherwise require licensure by the state department under the authority of IC 16-19.

- (6) Other information the state department requires.
- (c) If the department of state revenue notifies the department that a person is on the most recent tax warrant list, the department shall not issue or renew the person's license until:
 - (1) the person provides to the department a statement from the department of state revenue that the person's tax warrant has been satisfied; or
 - (2) the department receives a notice from the commissioner of the department of state revenue under IC 6-8.1-8-2(k).
- (d) An application for an abortion clinic license must require the applicant to do the following:
 - (1) Disclose whether the applicant, or an owner or affiliate of the applicant, operated an abortion elinic that was closed as a direct result of patient health and safety concerns.
 - (2) Disclose whether a principal or clinic staff member was convicted of a felony.
 - (3) Disclose whether a principal or clinic staff member was ever employed by a facility owned or operated by the applicant that closed as a result of administrative or legal action.
 - (4) Provide copies of:
 - (A) administrative and legal documentation relating to the information required under subdivisions (1) and (2);
 - (B) inspection reports; and
 - (C) violation remediation contracts;

if any.

SECTION 13. IC 16-21-2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2021, SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 14. A license to operate a hospital, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an abortion clinic, or a birthing center:

- (1) expires:
 - (A) one (1) year after the date of issuance for:
 - (i) an ambulatory outpatient surgical center; and
 - (ii) an abortion clinic;
 - (iii) (ii) a birthing center; and
 - (iv) a hospital until April 30, 2020; and
 - (B) beginning May 1, 2020, two (2) years after the date of issuance for a hospital;
- (2) is not assignable or transferable;



- (3) is issued only for the premises named in the application;
- (4) must be posted in a conspicuous place in the facility; and
- (5) may be renewed each year, or every two (2) years for a hospital, upon the payment of a renewal fee at the rate adopted by the state department under IC 4-22-2.

SECTION 14. IC 16-21-2-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 16. A hospital, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an abortion elinic, or a birthing center that provides to a patient notice concerning a third party billing for a service provided to the patient shall ensure that the notice:

- (1) conspicuously states that the notice is not a bill;
- (2) does not include a tear-off portion; and
- (3) is not accompanied by a return mailing envelope.

SECTION 15. IC 16-31-6.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2005, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 2. This chapter does not apply to the following:

- (1) A licensed physician.
- (2) A hospital, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an abortion clinic, or a birthing center.
- (3) A person providing health care in a hospital, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, an abortion elinic, or a birthing center licensed under IC 16-21.
- (4) A person or entity certified under IC 16-31-3.".

Page 4, delete lines 1 through 42.

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 39, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 16. IC 16-34-1-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: **Sec. 0.5. This article does not apply to in vitro fertilization.**".

Page 6, delete lines 38 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 20. IC 16-34-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2021, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) Abortion shall in all instances be a criminal act, except when performed under the following circumstances:

- (1) Except as prohibited in IC 16-34-4, during the first trimester of pregnancy before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age of the fetus, if:
 - (A) for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment



of the pregnant woman's physician, if either:

- (i) the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman; or
- (ii) the fetus is diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly;
- (A) (B) the abortion is performed by the physician in a hospital licensed under IC 16-21 or an ambulatory outpatient surgical center (as defined in IC 16-18-2-14) that has a majority ownership by a hospital licensed under IC 16-21;
- (B) (C) the woman submitting to the abortion has filed her consent with her physician. However, if in the judgment of the physician the abortion is necessary to preserve the life of the woman, her consent is not required; and
- (C) (D) the woman submitting to the abortion has filed with her physician the written consent of her parent or legal guardian if required under section 4 of this chapter; and
- (E) before the abortion, the attending physician shall certify in writing to the hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, that in the attending physician's professional, medical judgment, after proper examination and review of the woman's history, the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman or the fetus has been diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate.

However, **under this article**, an abortion inducing drug may not be dispensed, prescribed, administered, or otherwise given to a pregnant woman after eight (8) weeks of postfertilization age. A physician must dispense the abortion inducing drug in person and have the pregnant woman consume the drug in the presence of the physician. A physician shall examine a pregnant woman in person before prescribing or dispensing an abortion inducing drug. The physician shall provide the pregnant woman with a copy of the manufacturer's instruction sheets and require that the pregnant woman sign the manufacturer's patient agreement form. A physician shall also provide, orally and in writing, along with other discharge information, the following statement: "Some evidence suggests that the effects of Mifepristone may be avoided, ceased, or reversed if the second pill, Misoprostol, has



not been taken. Immediately contact the following for more information at (insert applicable abortion inducing drug reversal Internet web site and corresponding hotline number)." The physician shall retain a copy of the signed patient agreement form, and the signed physician's agreement form required by the manufacturer, in the patient's file. As used in this subdivision, "in person" does not include the use of telehealth or telemedicine services.

- (2) Except as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, after the first trimester of pregnancy and before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) during the first ten (10) weeks of postfertilization age of the fetus, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if:
 - (A) the pregnancy is a result of rape or incest;
 - (B) all the circumstances and provisions required for legal abortion during the first trimester set forth in subdivision (1)(C) through (1)(D) are present and adhered to; and
 - (B) (C) the abortion is performed in a hospital licensed under IC 16-21 or ambulatory outpatient surgical center (as defined in IC 16-18-2-14) that has a majority ownership by a hospital licensed under IC 16-21; and
 - (D) before the abortion, the attending physician shall certify in writing to the ambulatory outpatient surgical center or hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, after proper examination, the abortion is being performed at the woman's request because the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if:
 - (A) either:
 - (i) the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman; or
 - (ii) the fetus is diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly;
 - **(B)** all the circumstances and provisions required for legal abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age set forth in subdivision



- (1)(C) through (1)(D) are present and adhered to;
- (C) the abortion is performed in a hospital licensed under IC 16-21;
- (B) (D) the abortion is performed in compliance with section 3 of this chapter; and
- (C) (E) before the abortion, the attending physician shall certify in writing to the hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, that in the attending physician's professional, medical judgment, after proper examination and review of the woman's history, the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman or the fetus is diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate.
- (b) A person may not knowingly or intentionally perform a partial birth abortion unless a physician reasonably believes that:
 - (1) performing the partial birth abortion is necessary to save the mother's life; and
 - (2) no other medical procedure is sufficient to save the mother's life.
- (c) A person may not knowingly or intentionally perform a dismemberment abortion unless reasonable medical judgment dictates that performing the dismemberment abortion is necessary:
 - (1) to prevent any serious health risk to the mother; or
 - (2) to save the mother's life.
- (d) Telehealth and telemedicine may not be used to provide any abortion, including the writing or filling of a prescription for any purpose that is intended to result in an abortion.

SECTION 21. IC 16-34-2-1.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2022, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1.1. (a) An abortion shall not be performed except with the voluntary and informed consent of the pregnant woman upon whom the abortion is to be performed. Except in the case of a medical emergency, consent to an abortion is voluntary and informed only if the following conditions are met:

(1) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion and in the private, not group, presence of the pregnant woman, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom



the responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician has informed the pregnant woman orally and in writing of the following:

- (A) The name of the physician performing the abortion, the physician's medical license number, and an emergency telephone number where the physician or the physician's designee may be contacted on a twenty-four (24) hour a day, seven (7) day a week basis.
- (B) That follow-up care by the physician or the physician's designee (if the designee is licensed under IC 25-22.5) is available on an appropriate and timely basis when clinically necessary.
- (C) The nature of the proposed procedure or information concerning the abortion inducing drug that includes the following statement: "Some evidence suggests that effects of Mifespristone may be avoided, ceased, or reversed if the second pill, Misoprostol, has not been taken. Immediately contact the following for more information at (insert applicable abortion inducing drug reversal Internet web site and corresponding hotline number)."
- (D) Objective scientific information of the risks of and alternatives to the procedure or the use of an abortion inducing drug, including:
 - (i) the risk of infection and hemorrhage;
 - (ii) the potential danger to a subsequent pregnancy; and
 - (iii) the potential danger of infertility.
- (E) That human physical life begins when a human ovum is fertilized by a human sperm.
- (F) The probable gestational age of the fetus at the time the abortion is to be performed, including:
 - (i) a picture of a fetus;
 - (ii) the dimensions of a fetus: and
 - (iii) relevant information on the potential survival of an unborn fetus:
- at this stage of development.
- (G) That objective scientific information shows that a fetus can feel pain at or before twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age.
- (H) The medical risks associated with carrying the fetus to term.
- (I) The availability of fetal ultrasound imaging and auscultation of fetal heart tone services to enable the pregnant



woman to view the image and hear the heartbeat of the fetus and how to obtain access to these services.

- (J) That the pregnancy of a child less than fifteen (15) years of age may constitute child abuse under Indiana law if the act included an adult and must be reported to the department of child services or the local law enforcement agency under IC 31-33-5.
- (K) That Indiana does not allow a fetus to be aborted solely because of the fetus's race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, or diagnosis or potential diagnosis of the fetus having Down syndrome or any other disability.
- (L) That no one has the right to coerce the pregnant woman to have an abortion.
- (2) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion, the pregnant woman will be informed orally and in writing of the following:
 - (A) That medical assistance benefits may be available for prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal care from the county office of the division of family resources.
 - (B) That the father of the unborn fetus is legally required to assist in the support of the child. In the case of rape, the information required under this clause may be omitted.
 - (C) That adoption alternatives are available and that adoptive parents may legally pay the costs of prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal care.
 - (D) That there are physical risks to the pregnant woman in having an abortion, both during the abortion procedure and after.
 - (E) That Indiana has enacted the safe haven law under IC 31-34-2.5.
 - (F) The:
 - (i) Internet web site address of the state department of health's web site; and
 - (ii) description of the information that will be provided on the web site and that is;

described in section 1.5 of this chapter.

- (G) For the facility in which the abortion is to be performed, an emergency telephone number that is available and answered on a twenty-four (24) hour a day, seven (7) day a week basis.
- (H) On a form developed by the state department and as described in IC 16-34-3, that the pregnant woman has a right to determine the final disposition of the remains of the aborted



fetus.

- (I) On a form developed by the state department, that the pregnant woman has a right, after a surgical abortion, to:
 - (i) dispose of the remains of the aborted fetus by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31; or
 - (ii) have the health care facility or abortion clinic dispose of the remains of the aborted fetus by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31, and ask which method of disposition will be used by the health care facility. or abortion clinic.
- (J) On a form developed by the state department:
 - (i) that a pregnant woman, after an abortion induced by an abortion inducing drug, will expel an aborted fetus; and
 - (ii) the disposition policy of the health care facility or the abortion elinie concerning the disposition of the aborted fetus. The disposition policy must allow the pregnant woman to return the aborted fetus to the health care facility or abortion elinie for disposition by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31.
- (K) On a form developed by the state department, information concerning any counseling that is available to a pregnant woman after having an abortion.

The state department shall develop and distribute the forms required by clauses (H) through (K).

- (3) The pregnant woman certifies in writing, on a form developed by the state department, before the abortion is performed, that:
 - (A) the information required by subdivisions (1) and (2) has been provided to the pregnant woman;
 - (B) the pregnant woman has been offered by the provider the opportunity to view the fetal ultrasound imaging and hear the auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is audible and that the woman has:
 - (i) viewed or refused to view the offered fetal ultrasound imaging; and
 - (ii) listened to or refused to listen to the offered auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is audible; and
 - (C) the pregnant woman has been given a written copy of the



printed materials described in section 1.5 of this chapter.

- (4) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion and in the presence of the pregnant woman, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom the responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician has provided the pregnant woman with a color copy of the informed consent brochure described in section 1.5 of this chapter by printing the informed consent brochure from the state department's Internet web site and including the following information on the back cover of the brochure:
 - (A) The name of the physician performing the abortion and the physician's medical license number.
 - (B) An emergency telephone number where the physician or the physician's designee may be contacted twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week.
 - (C) A statement that follow-up care by the physician or the physician's designee who is licensed under IC 25-22.5 is available on an appropriate and timely basis when clinically necessary.
- (5) At least eighteen (18) hours before an abortion is performed and at the same time that the pregnant woman receives the information required by subdivision (1), the provider shall perform, and the pregnant woman shall view, the fetal ultrasound imaging and hear the auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is audible unless the pregnant woman certifies in writing, on a form developed by the state department, before the abortion is performed, that the pregnant woman:
 - (A) does not want to view the fetal ultrasound imaging; and
 - (B) does not want to listen to the auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is audible.
- A pregnant woman must be advised, prior to the pregnant woman's decision concerning fetal ultrasound imaging, that an ultrasound image of the fetus will be provided to the pregnant woman to keep at no charge to the pregnant woman if the fetal ultrasound is performed.
- (6) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a



- certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom the responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician shall, in the private, not group, presence of the pregnant woman, verbally ask the pregnant woman if she is being coerced to have an abortion.
- (b) This subsection applies to a pregnant woman whose unborn child has been diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly. The requirements of this subsection are in addition to the other requirements of this section. At least eighteen (18) hours before an abortion is performed on the pregnant woman, the physician who will perform the abortion shall:
 - (1) orally and in person, inform the pregnant woman of the availability of perinatal hospice services; and
 - (2) provide the pregnant woman copies of the perinatal hospice brochure developed by the state department under IC 16-25-4.5-4 and the list of perinatal hospice providers and programs developed under IC 16-25-4.5-5, by printing the perinatal hospice brochure and list of perinatal hospice providers from the state department's Internet web site.
- (c) If a pregnant woman described in subsection (b) chooses to have an abortion rather than continuing the pregnancy in perinatal hospice care, the pregnant woman shall certify in writing, on a form developed by the state department under IC 16-25-4.5-6, at least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion is performed, that the pregnant woman has been provided the information described in subsection (b) in the manner required by subsection (b).
- (d) For any abortion performed under this article, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom the responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician shall include, or ensure the inclusion of, a copy of a pregnant woman's ultrasound report in the pregnant woman's patient file.
- (e) If the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician, a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) suspects a pregnant woman is being coerced to have an abortion after making the inquiry required under subsection (a)(6), the physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, or certified nurse midwife shall:



- (1) inform the pregnant woman that coercing a pregnant woman to have an abortion is illegal;
- (2) inform the pregnant woman that a demand by the father to have an abortion does not relieve him of financial support responsibilities; and
- (3) provide the pregnant woman with:
 - (A) information about:
 - (i) assistance;
 - (ii) counseling; and
 - (iii) protective services offered by social programs and local or state law enforcement agencies;
 - (B) access to a telephone if she needs to make a private telephone call; and
 - (C) access to an alternate exit from the health care facility.
- (f) Except as provided in subsection (g), if a physician, physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) has specific and credible information that a pregnant woman is being coerced into having an abortion, then an abortion may not be provided to the pregnant woman during the twenty-four (24) hour period after the physician, physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) makes a report under IC 16-34-6-6(b).
- (g) The twenty-four (24) hour period described in subsection (f) may be waived if a physician, in the physician's best medical judgment, determines that an abortion is necessary to prevent the death of the pregnant woman or to prevent substantial and irreversible injury to a major bodily function of the pregnant woman.".

Delete pages 7 through 9.

Page 10, delete lines 1 through 14.

Page 11, delete lines 10 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 23. IC 16-34-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2021, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to a minor who is less than eighteen (18) years of age who is pregnant as a result of rape or incest by a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the unemancipated minor.

(a) (b) No physician shall perform an abortion on an unemancipated pregnant minor less than eighteen (18) years of age without first having obtained from one (1) of the parents, a legal guardian, or a custodian



accompanying the unemancipated pregnant minor:

- (1) the notarized written consent of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor;
- (2) government issued proof of identification of the parent or the legal guardian or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor; and
- (3) some evidence, which may include identification or other written documentation that provides an articulable basis for a reasonably prudent person to believe that the person is the parent or legal guardian or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor.

The physician shall keep records of the documents required under this subsection in the unemancipated pregnant minor's medical file for at least seven (7) years.

(b) (c) A minor:

- (1) who objects to having to obtain the written consent of her parent or legal guardian or custodian under this section; or
- (2) whose parent or legal guardian or custodian refuses to consent to an abortion;

may petition, on her own behalf or by next friend, the juvenile court in the county in which the pregnant minor resides or in which the abortion is to be performed, for a waiver of the parental consent requirement under subsection (a) (b) and the parental notification requirement under subsection (d). (e). A next friend may not be a physician or provider of abortion services, representative of the physician or provider, or other person that may receive a direct financial benefit from the performance of an abortion.

- (e) (d) A physician who feels that compliance with the parental consent requirement in subsection (a) (b) would have an adverse effect on the welfare of the pregnant minor or on her pregnancy may petition the juvenile court within twenty-four (24) hours of the abortion request for a waiver of the parental consent requirement under subsection (a) (b) and the parental notification requirement under subsection (d). (e).
- (d) (e) Unless the juvenile court finds that it is in the best interests of an unemancipated pregnant minor to obtain an abortion without parental notification following a hearing on a petition filed under subsection (b) (c) or (c), (d), a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a pregnant unemancipated minor is entitled to receive notice of the emancipated minor's intent to obtain an abortion before the abortion is performed on the unemancipated pregnant minor. The attorney representing the unemancipated pregnant minor shall serve the notice required by this subsection by certified mail or by personal service and



provide the court with documentation of the attorney's good faith effort to serve the notice, including any return receipt for a certified mailing. The court shall retain the documentation provided in the confidential records of the waiver proceedings held under this section.

- (e) (f) The juvenile court must rule on a petition filed by a pregnant minor under subsection (b) (c) or by her physician under subsection (c) (d) within forty-eight (48) hours of the filing of the petition. Before ruling on the petition, the court shall consider the concerns expressed by the pregnant minor and her physician. The requirement of parental consent under this section shall be waived by the juvenile court if the court finds that the minor is mature enough to make the abortion decision independently or that an abortion would be in the minor's best interests. The juvenile court shall waive the requirement of parental notification under subsection (d) (e) if the court finds that obtaining an abortion without parental notification is in the best interests of the unemancipated pregnant minor. If the juvenile court does not find that obtaining an abortion without parental notification is in the best interests of the unemancipated pregnant minor, the court shall, subject to an appeal under subsection (g), (h), order the attorney representing the unemancipated pregnant minor to serve the notice required under subsection (d). (e).
- (f) (g) Unless the juvenile court finds that the pregnant minor is already represented by an attorney, the juvenile court shall appoint an attorney to represent the pregnant minor in a waiver proceeding brought by the minor under subsection (b) (c) and on any appeals. The cost of legal representation appointed for the minor under this section shall be paid by the county.
- (g) (h) A minor or the minor's physician who desires to appeal an adverse judgment of the juvenile court in a waiver proceeding under subsection (b) (c) or (e) (d) is entitled to an expedited appeal, under rules to be adopted by the supreme court.
- (h) (i) All records of the juvenile court and of the supreme court or the court of appeals that are made as a result of proceedings conducted under this section are confidential.
- (i) (j) A minor who initiates legal proceedings under this section is exempt from the payment of filing fees.
- (j) (k) This section does not apply where there is an emergency need for a medical procedure to be performed to avert the pregnant minor's death or a substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the pregnant minor, and the attending physician certifies this in writing.
 - (k) (l) A physician receiving parental consent under subsection (a)



- **(b)** shall execute an affidavit for inclusion in the unemancipated pregnant minor's medical record. The affidavit must contain the following information:
 - (1) The physician's name.
 - (2) Certification that, to the physician's best information and belief, a reasonable person under similar circumstances would rely on the information provided by the unemancipated pregnant minor and the unemancipated pregnant minor's parent or legal guardian or custodian as sufficient evidence of identity and relationship.
 - (3) The physician's signature.
- (h) (m) A person who, with intent to avoid the parental notification requirements described in subsection (a), (b), falsely claims to be the parent or legal guardian or custodian of an unemancipated pregnant minor by:
 - (1) making a material misstatement while purportedly providing the written consent described in subsection (a)(1); (b)(1); or
- (2) providing false or fraudulent identification to meet the requirement described in subsection (a)(2); (b)(2); commits a Level 6 felony.

SECTION 24. IC 16-34-2-4.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4.5. (a) A physician may not perform an abortion, including an abortion using an abortion inducing drug, unless the physician:

- (1) has admitting privileges in writing at a hospital located in the county where abortions are provided or in a contiguous county; or
- (2) has entered into a written agreement with a physician who has written admitting privileges at a hospital in the county or contiguous county concerning the management of possible complications of the services provided.

A written agreement described in subdivision (2) must be renewed annually.

- (b) A physician who performs an abortion, including an abortion using an abortion inducing drug, shall notify the patient of the location of the hospital at which the physician or a physician with whom the physician has entered into an agreement under subsection (a)(2) has admitting privileges and where the patient may receive follow-up care by the physician if complications arise.
- (c) An abortion clinic A hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center in which abortions are performed shall:
 - (1) keep at the abortion elinie hospital or ambulatory outpatient



surgical center a copy of the admitting privileges of a physician described in subsection (a)(1) and (a)(2) who is performing abortions at the hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center; and

- (2) submit a copy of the admitting privileges described in subdivision (1) to the state department. as part of the abortion elinic's licensure. The state department shall verify the validity of the admitting privileges document. The state department shall remove any identifying information from the admitting privileges document before releasing the document under IC 5-14-3.
- (d) The state department shall annually submit a copy of the admitting privileges described in subsection (a)(1) and a copy of the written agreement described in subsection (a)(2) to:
 - (1) each hospital located in the county in which the hospital granting the admitting privileges described in subsection (a) is located; and
 - (2) each hospital located in a county that is contiguous to the county described in subdivision (1);

where abortions are performed.

- (e) The state department shall confirm to a member of the public, upon request, that the admitting privileges required to be submitted under this section for an abortion clinic a hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center have been received by the state department.
- (f) Notwithstanding IC 5-14-3-6 and IC 5-14-3-6.5, this section only allows for the redaction of information that is described in subsection (c). This section does not allow the state department to limit the disclosure of information in other public documents.

SECTION 25. IC 16-34-2-4.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2019, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4.7. (a) As used in this section, "abortion complication" means only the following physical or psychological conditions arising from the induction or performance of an abortion:

- (1) Uterine perforation.
- (2) Cervical laceration.
- (3) Infection.
- (4) Vaginal bleeding that qualifies as a Grade 2 or higher adverse event according to the Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE).
- (5) Pulmonary embolism.
- (6) Deep vein thrombosis.
- (7) Failure to terminate the pregnancy.
- (8) Incomplete abortion (retained tissue).



- (9) Pelvic inflammatory disease.
- (10) Missed ectopic pregnancy.
- (11) Cardiac arrest.
- (12) Respiratory arrest.
- (13) Renal failure.
- (14) Shock.
- (15) Amniotic fluid embolism.
- (16) Coma.
- (17) Placenta previa in subsequent pregnancies.
- (18) Pre-term delivery in subsequent pregnancies.
- (19) Free fluid in the abdomen.
- (20) Hemolytic reaction due to the administration of ABO-incompatible blood or blood products.
- (21) Hypoglycemia occurring while the patient is being treated at the abortion facility. hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center.
- (22) Allergic reaction to anesthesia or abortion inducing drugs.
- (23) Psychological complications, including depression, suicidal ideation, anxiety, and sleeping disorders.
- (24) Death.
- (25) Any other adverse event as defined by criteria provided in the Food and Drug Administration Safety Information and Adverse Event Reporting Program.
- (b) The following persons shall report to the state department each case in which the person treated a patient suffering from an abortion complication:
 - (1) A physician licensed under IC 25-22.5.
 - (2) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21.
 - (3) An abortion clinic licensed under IC 16-21-2-2.5. Beginning September 1, 2022, an ambulatory outpatient surgical center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (c) The state department shall develop a process for the submission of a report under this section.
- (d) A report under this section shall be submitted to the state department in the manner prescribed by the state department.
- (e) The report under this section must include the following information concerning the abortion complication:
 - (1) The date the patient presented for treatment for the abortion complication.
 - (2) The age of the patient.
 - (3) The race of the patient.
 - (4) The county and state of the patient's residence.



- (5) The type of abortion obtained by the patient.
- (6) The date of abortion obtained by the patient.
- (7) The name of the:
 - (A) abortion clinic;
 - (B) medical facility; or
 - (C) hospital; or
 - (B) ambulatory outpatient surgical center;

where the patient obtained the abortion.

- (8) Whether the patient obtained abortion medication via mail order or Internet web site, and if so, information identifying the source of the medication.
- (9) Whether the complication was previously managed by the abortion provider or the abortion provider's required back-up physician.
- (10) The name of the medications taken by the patient as part of the pharmaceutical abortion regimen, if any.
- (11) A list of each diagnosed complication.
- (12) A list of each treated complication, with a description of the treatment provided.
- (13) Whether the patient's visit to treat the complications was the original visit or a follow-up visit.
- (14) The date of each follow-up visit, if any.
- (15) A list of each complication diagnosed at a follow-up visit, if any.
- (16) A list of each complication treated at a follow-up visit, if any.
- (f) Before February 1, 2020, the state department shall inform in writing all providers described in subsection (b) of the new reporting requirements for abortion complications. This subsection expires December 31, 2020.
- (g) (f) Not later than June 30 of each year, On a quarterly basis, the state department shall compile a public report summarizing the information collected under this section. The report must include statistics for the previous calendar year, quarter, with updated information for the most recent calendar year, quarter.
- (h) (g) The state department shall summarize the aggregate data from the data submitted under this section and submit the data, on or before June 30 of each year, to the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for its inclusion in the annual Vital Statistics Report.
- (i) (h) The state department shall ensure that no identifying information of a pregnant woman is included in the report described in subsection (g). (f).



- (j) (i) This subsection applies after August 31, 2020. Each failure to report an abortion complication as required under this section is a Class B misdemeanor.
- (k) (j) Before January 1, 2020, The state department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this section.

SECTION 26. IC 16-34-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2021, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 5. (a) Every health care provider who performs a surgical abortion or provides, prescribes, administers, or dispenses an abortion inducing drug for the purposes of inducing an abortion shall report the performance of the abortion or the provision, prescribing, administration, or dispensing of an abortion inducing drug on a form drafted by the state department, the purpose and function of which shall be the improvement of maternal health and life through the compilation of relevant maternal life and health factors and data, and a further purpose and function shall be to monitor all abortions performed in Indiana to assure the abortions are done only under the authorized provisions of the law. For each abortion performed and abortion inducing drug provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed, the report shall include, among other things, the following:

- (1) The age of the patient.
- (2) Whether a waiver of consent under section 4 of this chapter was obtained.
- (3) Whether a waiver of notification under section 4 of this chapter was obtained.
- (4) The date and location, including the facility name and city or town, where the:
 - (A) pregnant woman:
 - (i) provided consent; and
 - (ii) received all information;
 - required under section 1.1 of this chapter; and
 - (B) abortion was performed or the abortion inducing drug was provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed.
- (5) The health care provider's full name and address, including the name of the physicians performing the abortion or providing, prescribing, administering, or dispensing the abortion inducing drug.
- (6) The city and county where the pregnancy termination occurred.
- (7) The age of the father, or the approximate age of the father if the father's age is unknown.
- (8) The patient's county and state of residence.



- (9) The marital status of the patient.
- (10) The educational level of the patient.
- (11) The race of the patient.
- (12) The ethnicity of the patient.
- (13) The number of the patient's previous live births.
- (14) The number of the patient's deceased children.
- (15) The number of the patient's spontaneous pregnancy terminations.
- (16) The number of the patient's previous induced terminations.
- (17) The date of the patient's last menses.
- (18) The physician's determination of the gestation of the fetus in weeks.

(19) The reason for the abortion.

- (19) (20) Whether the patient indicated that the patient was seeking an abortion as a result of being:
 - (A) abused;
 - (B) coerced;
 - (C) harassed; or
 - (D) trafficked.
- (20) (21) The following information concerning the abortion or the provision, prescribing, administration, or dispensing of the abortion inducing drug:
 - (A) The postfertilization age of the fetus (in weeks).
 - (B) The manner in which the postfertilization age was determined.
 - (C) The gender of the fetus, if detectable.
 - (D) Whether the fetus has been diagnosed with or has a potential diagnosis of having Down syndrome or any other disability.
 - (E) If after the earlier of the time the fetus obtains viability or the time the postfertilization age of the fetus is at least twenty
 - (20) weeks, the medical reason for the performance of the abortion. or the provision, prescribing, administration, or dispensing of the abortion inducing drug.
- (21) (22) For a surgical abortion, the medical procedure used for the abortion and, if the fetus was viable or had a postfertilization age of at least twenty (20) weeks:
 - (A) whether the procedure, in the reasonable judgment of the health care provider, gave the fetus the best opportunity to survive:
 - (B) the basis for the determination that the pregnant woman had a condition described in this chapter that required the



- abortion to avert the death of or serious impairment to the pregnant woman; and
- (C) the name of the second doctor present, as required under IC 16-34-2-3(a)(3).
- (22) (23) For a nonsurgical abortion, the precise drugs provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed, and the means of delivery of the drugs to the patient.
- (23) (24) For a nonsurgical abortion, that the manufacturer's instructions were provided to the patient and that the patient signed the patient agreement.
- (24) (25) For an early pre-viability termination, abortion performed before twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age of the fetus, the medical indication by diagnosis code for the fetus and the mother.
- (25) (26) The mother's obstetrical history, including dates of other abortions, if any.
- (26) (27) Any preexisting medical conditions of the patient that may complicate the abortion.
- (27) (28) The results of pathological examinations if performed. (28) (29) For a surgical abortion, whether the fetus was delivered alive, and if so, how long the fetus lived.
- (29) (30) Records of all maternal deaths occurring at the location where the abortion was performed or the abortion inducing drug was provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed.
- (30) (31) The date the form was transmitted to the state department and, if applicable, separately to the department of child services.
- (b) The health care provider shall complete the form provided for in subsection (a) and shall transmit the completed form to the state department, in the manner specified on the form, within thirty (30) days after the date of each abortion. However, if an abortion is for a female who is less than sixteen (16) years of age, the health care provider shall transmit the form to the state department of health and separately to the department of child services within three (3) days after the abortion is performed.
- (c) The dates supplied on the form may not be redacted for any reason before the form is transmitted as provided in this section.
- (d) Each failure to complete or timely transmit a form, as required under this section, for each abortion performed or abortion inducing drug that was provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed, is a Class B misdemeanor.
 - (e) Not later than June 30 of each year, On a quarterly basis, the



state department shall compile a public report providing the following:

- (1) Statistics for the previous calendar year quarter from the information submitted under this section.
- (2) Statistics for previous calendar years compiled by the state department under this subsection, with updated information for the calendar year quarter that was submitted to the state department after the compilation of the statistics.

The state department shall ensure that no identifying information of a pregnant woman is contained in the report.

- (f) The state department shall:
 - (1) summarize aggregate data from all data submitted under this section; and
 - (2) submit the data, before July 1 of each year, to the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for its inclusion in the annual Vital Statistics Report.".

Delete pages 12 through 14.

Page 15, delete line 1.

Page 15, line 9, delete "1(a)(5)" and insert "1(a)(1)(D)".

Page 15, between lines 18 and 19, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 28. IC 16-34-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.77-2020, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 2. (a) A pregnant woman who has an abortion under this article has the right to have the health care facility or abortion clinic hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center dispose of the aborted fetus by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31. The pregnant woman who selects to have the health care facility or abortion clinic hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center dispose of the aborted fetus has the right to ask which method will be used by the health care facility or abortion clinic. hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center.

- (b) After receiving the notification and information required by IC 16-34-2-1.1(a)(2)(H), IC 16-34-2-1.1(a)(2)(I), and IC 16-34-2-1.1(a)(2)(J), the pregnant woman shall inform the abortion clinic or the health care facility: hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center:
 - (1) in writing; and
 - (2) on a form prescribed by the state department;

of the pregnant woman's decision for final disposition of the aborted fetus by cremation or interment and, in an abortion induced by an abortion inducing drug, whether the pregnant woman will return the



aborted fetus to the health care facility or abortion clinic hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center for disposition by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31.

- (c) If the pregnant woman is a minor, the abortion clinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center shall obtain parental consent in the disposition of the aborted fetus unless the minor has received a waiver of parental consent under IC 16-34-2-4.
- (d) The abortion clinic or the health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center shall document the pregnant woman's decision concerning disposition of the aborted fetus in the pregnant woman's medical record.
- (e) In the case of an abortion induced by an abortion inducing drug, the pregnant woman may return the aborted fetus to the health care facility or abortion clinic hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center for disposition by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31.

SECTION 29. IC 16-34-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 3. If the pregnant woman chooses a location for final disposition other than the location of final disposition that is usual and customary for an abortion elinic or a health care facility, a hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center, the pregnant woman is responsible for the costs related to the final disposition of the aborted fetus at the chosen location.

SECTION 30. IC 16-34-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.77-2020, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) An abortion clinic or health care facility A hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center having possession of an aborted fetus shall provide for the final disposition of the aborted fetus. The burial transit permit requirements of IC 16-37-3 apply to the final disposition of an aborted fetus, which must be interred or cremated. However:

- (1) a person is not required to designate a name for the aborted fetus on the burial transit permit and the space for a name may remain blank; and
- (2) any information submitted under this section that may be used to identify the pregnant woman is confidential and must be redacted from any public records maintained under IC 16-37-3.

Aborted fetuses may be cremated by simultaneous cremation.

(b) If the abortion clinic or health care facility hospital or



ambulatory outpatient surgical center conducts the cremation of aborted fetal remains on site, the abortion elinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center must comply with all state laws concerning the cremation of human remains as prescribed in IC 23-14-31. The abortion elinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center must make the onsite cremation equipment available to the state department for inspection at the time the abortion elinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center is inspected. When the abortion elinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center contracts with a licensed funeral home for the disposal of the aborted fetal remains, the contract must be made available for review by the state department at the time the abortion elinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center is inspected.

- (c) Except in extraordinary circumstances where the required information is unavailable or unknown, a burial transit permit issued under IC 16-37-3 that includes multiple fetal remains must be accompanied by a log prescribed by the state department containing the following information about each fetus included under the burial transit permit:
 - (1) The date of the abortion.
 - (2) Whether the abortion was surgical or induced by an abortion inducing drug.
 - (3) The name of the funeral director licensee who will be retrieving the aborted fetus.
 - (4) In the case of an abortion induced by an abortion inducing drug:
 - (A) whether the pregnant woman will cremate or inter the fetus, or will return the fetus to the health care facility or abortion clinic hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center for disposition; and
 - (B) if the pregnant woman returns the fetus to the health care facility or abortion clinic, hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center, whether the returned fetus is included in the burial transit permit.

The abortion clinic or health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center must keep a copy of the burial transit permit and accompanying log in a permanent file.

(d) Each time the fetal remains are transported from one entity to another for disposition, the entity receiving the fetal remains must confirm that the number of fetal remains matches the information



contained in the burial transit permit and accompanying log. After final disposition, a copy of the log will be sent back to the health care facility or abortion clinic. hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center. The final log will be attached to the original log described in subsection (c) and will be made available for review by the state department at the time of inspection.

- (e) An abortion clinic or a health care facility A hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center is responsible for demonstrating to the state department that the abortion clinic or the health care facility hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center has complied with the protocol provided in this section.
- (f) A certificate of stillbirth is not required to be issued for an aborted fetus with a gestational age of less than twenty (20) weeks of age.
- (g) IC 23-14-31-26, IC 23-14-55-2, IC 25-15-9-18, and IC 29-2-19-17 concerning the authorization of disposition of human remains apply to this section.

SECTION 31. IC 16-34-4-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 5. (a) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking a sex selective abortion.

- (b) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion after viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking a sex selective abortion.
 - (c) This section is severable as specified in IC 1-1-1-8.

SECTION 32. IC 16-34-4-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 6. (a) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because the fetus has been diagnosed with Down syndrome or has a potential diagnosis of Down syndrome.

(b) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion after viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because the fetus has been diagnosed with Down syndrome or has a potential



diagnosis of Down syndrome.

(c) This section is severable as specified in IC 1-1-1-8.

SECTION 33. IC 16-34-4-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 7. (a) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because the fetus has been diagnosed with any other disability or has a potential diagnosis of any other disability.

- (b) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion after viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because the fetus has been diagnosed with any other disability or has a potential diagnosis of any other disability.
 - (c) This section is severable as specified in IC 1-1-1-8.

SECTION 34. IC 16-34-4-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 8. (a) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because of the race, color, national origin, or ancestry of the fetus.

- (b) A person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion after viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age allowed under IC 16-34-2 if the person knows that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion solely because of the race, color, national origin, or ancestry of the fetus.
 - (c) This section is severable as specified in IC 1-1-1-8.

SECTION 35. IC 16-34-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]. (Miscellaneous Provisions).

SECTION 36. IC 16-41-16-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2016, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to persons and facilities that handle infectious waste, including the following:

- (1) Hospitals.
- (2) Ambulatory surgical facilities.
- (3) Medical laboratories.
- (4) Diagnostic laboratories.
- (5) Blood centers.



- (6) Pharmaceutical companies.
- (7) Academic research laboratories.
- (8) Industrial research laboratories.
- (9) Health facilities.
- (10) Offices of health care providers.
- (11) Diet or health care clinics.
- (12) Offices of veterinarians.
- (13) Veterinary hospitals.
- (14) Emergency medical services providers.
- (15) Mortuaries.
- (16) Abortion clinics.
- (b) Except as provided in sections 2, 4, and 7.5 of this chapter, this chapter does not apply to:
 - (1) home health agencies; or
- (2) hospice services delivered in the home of a hospice patient.". Page 16, delete lines 1 through 13, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 39. IC 25-1-9.8-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2022, SECTION 46, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 10. (a) As used in this chapter, "provider facility" means any of the following:

- (1) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (3) An abortion clinic licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (4) (3) A birthing center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (5) (4) Except for an urgent care facility (as defined by IC 27-1-46-10.5), a facility that provides diagnostic services to the medical profession or the general public.
- (6) (5) A laboratory where clinical pathology tests are carried out on specimens to obtain information about the health of a patient.
- (7) (6) A facility where radiologic and electromagnetic images are made to obtain information about the health of a patient.
- (8) (7) An infusion center that administers intravenous medications.
- (b) The term does not include the following:
 - (1) A private mental health institution licensed under IC 12-25.
 - (2) A Medicare certified, freestanding rehabilitation hospital.

SECTION 40. IC 25-22.5-8-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2017, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "abortion" has the meaning set forth in IC 16-18-2-1.



- (b) Notwithstanding IC 25-1-9, the board:
 - (1) may revoke the license of a physician if, after appropriate notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the attorney general proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the physician
 - (1) failed to transmit the form to the state department of health as described in IC 16-34-2-5(b); or and
 - (2) shall revoke the license of a physician if, after appropriate notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the attorney general proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the physician performed an abortion in violation of IC 16-34-2-7(a) through IC 16-34-2-7(c) with the intent to avoid the requirements of IC 16-34-2. 16-34-2-1.

SECTION 41. IC 25-36.1-2-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.97-2009, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "health care facility" means the following:

- (1) A hospital that is licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (3) A birthing center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (4) An abortion clinic licensed under IC 16-21-2.

SECTION 42. IC 27-1-46-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2022, SECTION 49, AND BY P.L.36-2022, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 10. (a) As used in this chapter, "provider facility" means any of the following:

- (1) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (3) An abortion clinic licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (4) (3) A birthing center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- (5) (4) Except for an urgent care facility, a facility that provides diagnostic services to the medical profession or the general public, including outpatient facilities.
- (6) (5) A laboratory where clinical pathology tests are carried out on specimens to obtain information about the health of a patient.
- (7)(6) A facility where radiologic and electromagnetic images are made to obtain information about the health of a patient.
- (8) (7) An infusion center that administers intravenous medications.
- (b) The term does not include the following:
 - (1) A private mental health institution licensed under IC 12-25.



- (2) A Medicare certified, freestanding rehabilitation hospital. SECTION 43. IC 27-2-25-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2022, SECTION 51, AND BY P.L.36-2022, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 11. As used in this chapter, "provider facility" means any of the following:
 - (1) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21-2.
 - (2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
 - (3) An abortion clinic licensed under IC 16-21-2.
 - (4) (3) A birthing center licensed under IC 16-21-2.
 - (5) (4) Except for an urgent care facility (as defined by IC 27-1-46-10.5), a facility that provides diagnostic services to the medical profession or the general public.
 - (6) (5) A laboratory where clinical pathology tests are carried out on specimens to obtain information about the health of a patient.
 - (7) (6) A facility where radiologic and electromagnetic images are made to obtain information about the health of a patient.
 - (8) (7) An infusion center that administers intravenous medications.".

Page 17, delete lines 7 through 11.

Page 17, delete lines 27 through 42.

Page 18, delete lines 1 through 6.

Page 18, delete lines 22 through 39, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 49. IC 35-42-1-6.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.203-2018, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022]: Sec. 6.5. (a) The following sections of this chapter do not apply to an abortion performed in compliance with IC 16-34 or IC 35-1-58.5 (before its repeal): IC 16-34-2:

- (1) Section 1 (murder).
- (2) Section 3 (voluntary manslaughter).
- (3) Section 4 (involuntary manslaughter).
- (4) Section 6 (feticide).
- (b) The following sections of this chapter do not apply to a pregnant woman who terminates her own pregnancy or kills a fetus that she is carrying:
 - (1) Section 1 (murder).
 - (2) Section 3 (voluntary manslaughter).
 - (3) Section 4 (involuntary manslaughter).
 - (4) Section 6 (feticide).

SECTION 50. [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022] (a) 410 IAC 26



is void. The publisher of the Indiana Administrative Code and Indiana Register shall remove this article from the Indiana Administrative Code.

(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2024.

SECTION 51. [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022] (a) 410 IAC 26.5 is void. The publisher of the Indiana Administrative Code and Indiana Register shall remove this article from the Indiana Administrative Code.

(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2024.

SECTION 52. [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2022] (a) The prosecutorial oversight task force is created. The task force shall consist of the following members:

- (1) Four (4) members of the house of representatives, appointed as follows:
 - (A) Three (3) members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, one (1) of whom shall serve as the co-chairperson of the task force.
 - (B) One (1) member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives.
- (2) Four (4) members of the senate, appointed as follows:
 - (A) Three (3) member appointed by the president protempore of the senate, one (1) of whom shall serve as the co-chairperson of the task force.
 - (B) One (1) member appointed by the minority leader.
- (3) The executive director of the prosecuting attorneys council of Indiana, or the executive director's designee.
- (4) The executive director of the public defender council of Indiana, or the executive director's designee.
- (5) The president of the Indiana judges association, or the president's designee.

The legislative services agency shall provide staff support to the task force. The task force may not have more than five (5) meetings.

- (b) The task force shall:
 - (1) study the circumstances in which a county prosecutor makes a blanket refusal to enforce a specific statute or constitutional provision; and
 - (2) consider appropriate methods of enforcing the statute or constitutional provision, including:
 - (A) granting the attorney general concurrent jurisdiction to enforce the statute or constitutional provision under certain circumstances;



- (B) granting another prosecuting attorney concurrent jurisdiction to enforce the statute or constitutional provision under certain circumstances;
- (C) establishing a procedure to appoint a special prosecuting attorney under certain circumstances; or
- (D) any other method the task force determines should be recommended; and
- (3) make recommendations under subsection (c) resulting from the task force's study and considerations under this subsection.
- (c) Before December 1, 2022, the task force shall make recommendations to the general assembly in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 concerning the task force's study and findings under subsection (b).
- (d) Each member of the task force who is not a state employee is entitled to the minimum salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). The member is also entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency.
- (e) Each member of the task force who is a state employee but who is not a member of the general assembly is entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency.
- (f) Each member of the task force who is a member of the general assembly is entitled to receive the same per diem, mileage, and travel allowances paid to legislative members of interim study committees established by the legislative council. Per diem, mileage, and travel allowances paid under this subsection shall be paid from appropriations made to the legislative council or the legislative services agency.



(g) This SECTION expires December 31, 2022.". Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 1(ss) as reprinted July 29, 2022.)

MCNAMARA

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 5.

