Introduced Version

## HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No.

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED RESOLUTION

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION honoring Frieda and Winifred Parker for their bravery and commending their dedication to equality.

## Campbell

\_\_\_\_\_, read first time and referred to Committee on



2022

Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

## HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION honoring Frieda and
 Winifred Parker for their bravery and commending their
 dedication to equality.

Whereas, Frieda and Winifred Parker changed the course
of history at Purdue University and set a precedent of justice
and equality in higher education by fighting for the
desegregation of campus housing well before the
groundbreaking ruling of the United States Supreme Court in
Brown v. Board of Education;

10 Whereas, Frieda and Winifred Parker started their college education at Purdue University in 1946, and were barred from 11 on-campus housing as a matter of "tradition". This forced the 12 young women to leave campus early to get safely to their 13 boarding house in Lafavette. The daily commute prevented the 14 sisters from socializing and networking with their peers or 15 engaging in additional educational opportunities offered 16 outside of normal class hours; 17

Whereas, Their father, Fred Parker, supported his daughters 18 in this struggle by starting a letter writing campaign to 19 administrators at Purdue and state government officials, 20 including Governor Ralph Gates. He pointed out that there was 21 no rule against African-Americans living on campus and that 22 it was Purdue University's policy for all other freshmen to live 23 in the dormitories. He also pointed out that as a land-grant 24 school, his taxes supported Purdue University and, therefore, 25 his daughters should be treated as equals to their peers. 26 Governor Gates supported the Parker family in their fight; 27



1	Whereas, In January 1947, Purdue desegregated the
2	residence halls and the Parker sisters, along with several of
3	their African-American peers, took their rightful places among
4	their peers and classmates in the residence halls;
5	Whereas, University historian John Norberg wrote about the
6	sisters in his book "A Force for Change: The Class of 1950"
7	and they were featured in a 2009 documentary titled "Black
8	Purdue";
9	Whereas, In June 2021, the Purdue Board of Trustees
10	renamed the Griffin Residence Hall buildings as Frieda Parker
11	Hall and Winifred Parker Hall in the sisters' honor. These
12	residence halls are close to where the sisters lived on campus
13	and they are adjacent to the Black Cultural Center on campus;
14	and
15	Whereas, Frieda and Winifred Parker had a lasting impact on
16	Purdue University and their community by bringing to light
17	injustice and working to correct it: Therefore,
18	Be it resolved by the House of Representatives
19	of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,
20	the Senate concurring:
21	SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly honors the
22	courage of Frieda and Winifred Parker for improving their
23	community and the State of Indiana in the name of justice and
24	equality.
25	SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of
26	Representatives shall transmit copies of this resolution to the
27	office of State Representative Christine Campbell.

