First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE ENROLLED ACT No. 1577

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 16-18-2-225.8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 225.8. "Mental health provider", for purposes of IC 16-36-1.5 and **IC 16-34-1-4**, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-36-1.5-2.

SECTION 2. IC 16-18-2-267 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 267. "Parental consent", for purposes of IC 16-34, means the **notarized** written consent of the parent or legal guardian of an unemancipated pregnant woman less than eighteen (18) years of age to the performance of an abortion on the minor pregnant woman **or for the final disposition of the aborted fetus by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54 or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31.**

SECTION 3. IC 16-34-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.72-2019, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. No:

- (1) physician;
- (2) nurse;
- (3) physician assistant;
- (4) pharmacist; or



(5) employee or member of the staff of a hospital or other facility in which an abortion may be performed; **or**

(6) mental health provider;

shall be required to perform an abortion, to prescribe, administer, or dispense an abortion inducing drug, **to provide advice or counsel to a pregnant woman concerning medical procedures resulting in, or intended to result in, an abortion, or** to assist or participate in the medical procedures resulting in, or intended to result in an abortion, **or to handle or dispose of aborted remains,** if that individual objects to such procedures on ethical, moral, or religious grounds.

SECTION 4. IC 16-34-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2019, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. (a) Abortion shall in all instances be a criminal act, except when performed under the following circumstances:

(1) Except as prohibited in IC 16-34-4, during the first trimester of pregnancy for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if:

(A) the abortion is performed by the physician;

(B) the woman submitting to the abortion has filed her consent with her physician. However, if in the judgment of the physician the abortion is necessary to preserve the life of the woman, her consent is not required; and

(C) the woman submitting to the abortion has filed with her physician the written consent of her parent or legal guardian if required under section 4 of this chapter.

However, an abortion inducing drug may not be dispensed, prescribed, administered, or otherwise given to a pregnant woman after nine (9) weeks eight (8) weeks of postfertilization age. unless the Food and Drug Administration has approved the abortion inducing drug to be used for abortions later than nine (9) weeks of postfertilization age. A physician must dispense the abortion inducing drug in person and have the pregnant woman consume the drug in the presence of the physician. A physician shall examine a pregnant woman in person before prescribing or dispensing an abortion inducing drug. In accordance with FDA guidelines, The physician shall provide the pregnant woman with a copy of the manufacturer's instruction sheets and require that the pregnant woman sign the manufacturer's patient agreement form. A physician shall also provide, orally and in writing, along with other discharge information, the following statement: "Some evidence suggests that the effects of Mifepristone may be avoided,



ceased, or reversed if the second pill, Misoprostol, has not been taken. Immediately contact the following for more information at (insert applicable abortion inducing drug reversal Internet web site and corresponding hotline number)." The physician shall retain a copy of the signed patient agreement form, and the signed physician's agreement form required by the manufacturer, in the patient's file. As used in this subdivision, "in person" does not include the use of telehealth or telemedicine services.

(2) Except as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, after the first trimester of pregnancy and before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if:

(A) all the circumstances and provisions required for legal abortion during the first trimester are present and adhered to; and

(B) the abortion is performed in a hospital or ambulatory outpatient surgical center (as defined in IC 16-18-2-14).

(3) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as prohibited by IC 16-34-4, at the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age and any time after, for reasons based upon the professional, medical judgment of the pregnant woman's physician if:

(A) all the circumstances and provisions required for legal abortion before the earlier of viability of the fetus or twenty(20) weeks of postfertilization age are present and adhered to;(B) the abortion is performed in compliance with section 3 of this chapter; and

(C) before the abortion the attending physician shall certify in writing to the hospital in which the abortion is to be performed, that in the attending physician's professional, medical judgment, after proper examination and review of the woman's history, the abortion is necessary to prevent a substantial permanent impairment of the life or physical health of the pregnant woman. All facts and reasons supporting the certification shall be set forth by the physician in writing and attached to the certificate.

(b) A person may not knowingly or intentionally perform a partial birth abortion unless a physician reasonably believes that:

(1) performing the partial birth abortion is necessary to save the mother's life; and



(2) no other medical procedure is sufficient to save the mother's life.

(c) A person may not knowingly or intentionally perform a dismemberment abortion unless reasonable medical judgment dictates that performing the dismemberment abortion is necessary:

(1) to prevent any serious health risk to the mother; or

(2) to save the mother's life.

(d) Telehealth and telemedicine may not be used to provide any abortion, including the writing or filling of a prescription for any purpose that is intended to result in an abortion.

SECTION 5. IC 16-34-2-1.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.77-2020, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1.1. (a) An abortion shall not be performed except with the voluntary and informed consent of the pregnant woman upon whom the abortion is to be performed. Except in the case of a medical emergency, consent to an abortion is voluntary and informed only if the following conditions are met:

(1) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion and in the private, not group, presence of the pregnant woman, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom the responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician has informed the pregnant woman orally and in writing of the following:

(A) The name of the physician performing the abortion, the physician's medical license number, and an emergency telephone number where the physician or the physician's designee may be contacted on a twenty-four (24) hour a day, seven (7) day a week basis.

(B) That follow-up care by the physician or the physician's designee (if the designee is licensed under IC 25-22.5) is available on an appropriate and timely basis when clinically necessary.

(C) The nature of the proposed procedure or information concerning the abortion inducing drug that includes the following statement: "Some evidence suggests that effects of Mifespristone may be avoided, ceased, or reversed if the second pill, Misoprostol, has not been taken. Immediately contact the following for more information at (insert applicable abortion inducing drug reversal Internet web

site and corresponding hotline number)."

(D) Objective scientific information of the risks of and alternatives to the procedure or the use of an abortion inducing drug, including:

(i) the risk of infection and hemorrhage;

(ii) the potential danger to a subsequent pregnancy; and

(iii) the potential danger of infertility.

(E) That human physical life begins when a human ovum is fertilized by a human sperm.

(F) The probable gestational age of the fetus at the time the abortion is to be performed, including:

(i) a picture of a fetus;

(ii) the dimensions of a fetus; and

(iii) relevant information on the potential survival of an unborn fetus;

at this stage of development.

(G) That objective scientific information shows that a fetus can feel pain at or before twenty (20) weeks of postfertilization age.

(H) The medical risks associated with carrying the fetus to term.

(I) The availability of fetal ultrasound imaging and auscultation of fetal heart tone services to enable the pregnant woman to view the image and hear the heartbeat of the fetus and how to obtain access to these services.

(J) That the pregnancy of a child less than fifteen (15) years of age may constitute child abuse under Indiana law if the act included an adult and must be reported to the department of child services or the local law enforcement agency under IC 31-33-5.

(K) That Indiana does not allow a fetus to be aborted solely because of the fetus's race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, or diagnosis or potential diagnosis of the fetus having Down syndrome or any other disability.

(2) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion, the pregnant woman will be informed orally and in writing of the following:

(A) That medical assistance benefits may be available for prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal care from the county office of the division of family resources.

(B) That the father of the unborn fetus is legally required to assist in the support of the child. In the case of rape, the information required under this clause may be omitted.



(C) That adoption alternatives are available and that adoptive parents may legally pay the costs of prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal care.

(D) That there are physical risks to the pregnant woman in having an abortion, both during the abortion procedure and after.

(E) That Indiana has enacted the safe haven law under IC 31-34-2.5.

(F) The:

(i) Internet web site address of the state department of health's web site; and

(ii) description of the information that will be provided on the web site and that are;

described in section 1.5 of this chapter.

(G) For the facility in which the abortion is to be performed, an emergency telephone number that is available and answered on a twenty-four (24) hour a day, seven (7) day a week basis.

(H) On a form developed by the state department and as described in IC 16-34-3, that the pregnant woman has a right to determine the final disposition of the remains of the aborted fetus.

(I) On a form developed by the state department, that the pregnant woman has a right, after a surgical abortion, to:

(i) dispose of the remains of the aborted fetus by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31; or

(ii) have the health care facility or abortion clinic dispose of the remains of the aborted fetus by interment in compliance with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31, and ask which method of disposition will be used by the health care facility or abortion clinic.

- (J) On a form developed by the state department:
- (i) that a pregnant woman, after an abortion induced by an abortion inducing drug, will expel an aborted fetus; and
 (ii) the disposition policy of the health care facility or the abortion clinic concerning the disposition of the aborted fetus. The disposition policy must allow the pregnant woman to return the aborted fetus to the health care facility or abortion clinic for disposition by interment in compliance



with IC 23-14-54, or cremation through a licensee (as defined in IC 25-15-2-19) and in compliance with IC 23-14-31.

(K) On a form developed by the state department, information concerning any counseling that is available to a pregnant woman after having an abortion.

The state department shall develop and distribute the forms required by clauses (H) through (K).

(3) The pregnant woman certifies in writing, on a form developed by the state department, before the abortion is performed, that:

(A) the information required by subdivisions (1) and (2) has been provided to the pregnant woman;

(B) the pregnant woman has been offered by the provider the opportunity to view the fetal ultrasound imaging and hear the auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is audible and that the woman has:

(i) viewed or refused to view the offered fetal ultrasound imaging; and

(ii) listened to or refused to listen to the offered auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is audible; and

(C) the pregnant woman has been given a written copy of the printed materials described in section 1.5 of this chapter.

(4) At least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion and in the presence of the pregnant woman, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom the responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician has provided the pregnant woman with a color copy of the informed consent brochure described in section 1.5 of this chapter by printing the informed consent brochure from the state department's Internet web site and including the following information on the back cover of the brochure:

(A) The name of the physician performing the abortion and the physician's medical license number.

(B) An emergency telephone number where the physician or the physician's designee may be contacted twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week.

(C) A statement that follow-up care by the physician or the physician's designee who is licensed under IC 25-22.5 is available on an appropriate and timely basis when clinically



necessary.

(5) At least eighteen (18) hours before an abortion is performed and at the same time that the pregnant woman receives the information required by subdivision (1), the provider shall perform, and the pregnant woman shall view, the fetal ultrasound imaging and hear the auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is audible unless the pregnant woman certifies in writing, on a form developed by the state department, before the abortion is performed, that the pregnant woman:

(A) does not want to view the fetal ultrasound imaging; and

(B) does not want to listen to the auscultation of the fetal heart tone if the fetal heart tone is audible.

A pregnant woman must be advised, prior to the pregnant woman's decision concerning fetal ultrasound imaging, that an ultrasound image of the fetus will be provided to the pregnant woman to keep at no charge to the pregnant woman if the fetal ultrasound is performed.

(b) This subsection applies to a pregnant woman whose unborn child has been diagnosed with a lethal fetal anomaly. The requirements of this subsection are in addition to the other requirements of this section. At least eighteen (18) hours before an abortion is performed on the pregnant woman, the physician who will perform the abortion shall:

(1) orally and in person, inform the pregnant woman of the availability of perinatal hospice services; and

(2) provide the pregnant woman copies of the perinatal hospice brochure developed by the state department under IC 16-25-4.5-4 and the list of perinatal hospice providers and programs developed under IC 16-25-4.5-5, by printing the perinatal hospice brochure and list of perinatal hospice providers from the state department's Internet web site.

(c) If a pregnant woman described in subsection (b) chooses to have an abortion rather than continuing the pregnancy in perinatal hospice care, the pregnant woman shall certify in writing, on a form developed by the state department under IC 16-25-4.5-6, at least eighteen (18) hours before the abortion is performed, that the pregnant woman has been provided the information described in subsection (b) in the manner required by subsection (b).

(d) For any abortion performed under this article, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a physician assistant (as defined in IC 25-27.5-2-10), an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined in IC 25-23-1-1(b)), or a certified nurse midwife (as defined in IC 34-18-2-6.5) to whom the



responsibility has been delegated by the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician shall include, or ensure the inclusion of, a copy of a pregnant woman's ultrasound report in the pregnant woman's patient file.

SECTION 6. IC 16-34-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2017, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) No physician shall perform an abortion on an unemancipated pregnant minor less than eighteen (18) years of age without first having obtained from one (1) of the parents, a legal guardian, or a custodian accompanying the unemancipated pregnant minor:

(1) the **notarized** written consent of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor;

(2) government issued proof of identification of the parent or the legal guardian or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor; and

(3) some evidence, which may include identification or other written documentation that provides an articulable basis for a reasonably prudent person to believe that the person is the parent or legal guardian or custodian of the unemancipated pregnant minor.

The physician shall keep records of the documents required under this subsection in the unemancipated pregnant minor's medical file for at least seven (7) years.

(b) A minor:

(1) who objects to having to obtain the written consent of her parent or legal guardian or custodian under this section; or

(2) whose parent or legal guardian or custodian refuses to consent to an abortion;

may petition, on her own behalf or by next friend, the juvenile court in the county in which the pregnant minor resides or in which the abortion is to be performed, for a waiver of the parental consent requirement under subsection (a) and the parental notification requirement under subsection (d). A next friend may not be a physician or provider of abortion services, representative of the physician or provider, or other person that may receive a direct financial benefit from the performance of an abortion.

(c) A physician who feels that compliance with the parental consent requirement in subsection (a) would have an adverse effect on the welfare of the pregnant minor or on her pregnancy may petition the juvenile court within twenty-four (24) hours of the abortion request for a waiver of the parental consent requirement under subsection (a) and



the parental notification requirement under subsection (d).

(d) Unless the juvenile court finds that it is in the best interests of an unemancipated pregnant minor to obtain an abortion without parental notification following a hearing on a petition filed under subsection (b) or (c), a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a pregnant unemancipated minor is entitled to receive notice of the emancipated minor's intent to obtain an abortion before the abortion is performed on the unemancipated pregnant minor. The attorney representing the unemancipated pregnant minor shall serve the notice required by this subsection by certified mail or by personal service and provide the court with documentation of the attorney's good faith effort to serve the notice, including any return receipt for a certified mailing. The court shall retain the documentation provided in the confidential records of the waiver proceedings held under this section.

(e) The juvenile court must rule on a petition filed by a pregnant minor under subsection (b) or by her physician under subsection (c) within forty-eight (48) hours of the filing of the petition. Before ruling on the petition, the court shall consider the concerns expressed by the pregnant minor and her physician. The requirement of parental consent under this section shall be waived by the juvenile court if the court finds that the minor is mature enough to make the abortion decision independently or that an abortion would be in the minor's best interests. The juvenile court shall waive the requirement of parental notification under subsection (d) if the court finds that obtaining an abortion without parental notification is in the best interests of the unemancipated pregnant minor. If the juvenile court does not find that obtaining an abortion without parental notification is in the best interests of the unemancipated pregnant minor, the court shall, subject to an appeal under subsection (g), order the attorney representing the unemancipated pregnant minor to serve the notice required under subsection (d).

(f) Unless the juvenile court finds that the pregnant minor is already represented by an attorney, the juvenile court shall appoint an attorney to represent the pregnant minor in a waiver proceeding brought by the minor under subsection (b) and on any appeals. The cost of legal representation appointed for the minor under this section shall be paid by the county.

(g) A minor or the minor's physician who desires to appeal an adverse judgment of the juvenile court in a waiver proceeding under subsection (b) or (c) is entitled to an expedited appeal, under rules to be adopted by the supreme court.

(h) All records of the juvenile court and of the supreme court or the



court of appeals that are made as a result of proceedings conducted under this section are confidential.

(i) A minor who initiates legal proceedings under this section is exempt from the payment of filing fees.

(j) This section does not apply where there is an emergency need for a medical procedure to be performed to avert the pregnant minor's death or a substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the pregnant minor, and the attending physician certifies this in writing.

(k) A physician receiving parental consent under subsection (a) shall execute an affidavit for inclusion in the unemancipated pregnant minor's medical record. The affidavit must contain the following information:

(1) The physician's name.

(2) Certification that, to the physician's best information and belief, a reasonable person under similar circumstances would rely on the information provided by the unemancipated pregnant minor and the unemancipated pregnant minor's parent or legal guardian or custodian as sufficient evidence of identity and relationship.

(3) The physician's signature.

(1) A person who, with intent to avoid the parental notification requirements described in subsection (a), falsely claims to be the parent or legal guardian or custodian of an unemancipated pregnant minor by:

(1) making a material misstatement while purportedly providing the written consent described in subsection (a)(1); or

(2) providing false or fraudulent identification to meet the requirement described in subsection (a)(2);

commits a Level 6 felony.

SECTION 7. IC 16-34-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2018, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) Every health care provider who performs a surgical abortion or provides, prescribes, administers, or dispenses an abortion inducing drug for the purposes of inducing an abortion shall report the performance of the abortion or the provision, prescribing, administration, or dispensing of an abortion inducing drug on a form drafted by the state department, the purpose and function of which shall be the improvement of maternal health and life through the compilation of relevant maternal life and health factors and data, and a further purpose and function shall be to monitor all abortions performed in Indiana to assure the abortions are done only under the authorized provisions of the law. For each abortion performed and abortion



inducing drug provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed, the report shall include, among other things, the following:

(1) The age of the patient.

(2) Whether a waiver of consent under section 4 of this chapter was obtained.

(3) Whether a waiver of notification under section 4 of this chapter was obtained.

(4) The date and location, including the facility name and city or town, where the:

(A) pregnant woman:

(i) provided consent; and

(ii) received all information;

required under section 1.1 of this chapter; and

(B) the abortion was performed or the abortion inducing drug was provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed.

(5) The health care provider's full name and address, including the name of the physicians performing the abortion or providing, prescribing, administering, or dispensing the abortion inducing drug.

(6) The city and county where the pregnancy termination occurred.

(7) The age of the father, or the approximate age of the father if the father's age is unknown.

(8) The patient's county and state of residence.

(9) The marital status of the patient.

(10) The educational level of the patient.

(11) The race of the patient.

(12) The ethnicity of the patient.

(13) The number of the patient's previous live births.

(14) The number of the patient's deceased children.

(15) The number of the patient's spontaneous pregnancy terminations.

(16) The number of the patient's previous induced terminations.

(17) The date of the patient's last menses.

(18) The physician's determination of the gestation of the fetus in weeks.

(19) Whether the patient indicated that the patient was seeking an abortion as a result of being:

- (A) abused;
- (B) coerced;
- (C) harassed; or
- (D) trafficked.



(20) The following information concerning the abortion or the provision, prescribing, administration, or dispensing of the abortion inducing drug:

(A) The postfertilization age of the fetus (in weeks).

(B) The manner in which the postfertilization age was determined.

(C) The gender of the fetus, if detectable.

(D) Whether the fetus has been diagnosed with or has a potential diagnosis of having Down syndrome or any other disability.

(E) If after the earlier of the time the fetus obtains viability or the time the postfertilization age of the fetus is at least twenty (20) weeks, the medical reason for the performance of the abortion or the provision, prescribing, administration, or dispensing of the abortion inducing drug.

(21) For a surgical abortion, the medical procedure used for the abortion and, if the fetus was viable or had a postfertilization age of at least twenty (20) weeks:

(A) whether the procedure, in the reasonable judgment of the health care provider, gave the fetus the best opportunity to survive;

(B) the basis for the determination that the pregnant woman had a condition described in this chapter that required the abortion to avert the death of or serious impairment to the pregnant woman; and

(C) the name of the second doctor present, as required under IC 16-34-2-3(a)(3).

(22) For a nonsurgical abortion, the precise drugs provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed, and the means of delivery of the drugs to the patient.

(23) For a nonsurgical abortion, that the manufacturer's instructions were provided to the patient and that the patient signed the patient agreement.

(24) For an early pre-viability termination, the medical indication by diagnosis code for the fetus and the mother.

(25) The mother's obstetrical history, including dates of other abortions, if any.

(26) Any preexisting medical conditions of the patient that may complicate the abortion.

(27) The results of pathological examinations if performed.

(28) For a surgical abortion, whether the fetus was delivered alive, and if so, how long the fetus lived.



(29) Records of all maternal deaths occurring at the location where the abortion was performed or the abortion inducing drug was provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed.

(30) The date the form was transmitted to the state department and, if applicable, separately to the department of child services.

(b) The health care provider shall complete the form provided for in subsection (a) and shall transmit the completed form to the state department, in the manner specified on the form, within thirty (30) days after the date of each abortion. However, if an abortion is for a female who is less than sixteen (16) years of age, the health care provider shall transmit the form to the state department of health and separately to the department of child services within three (3) days after the abortion is performed.

(c) The dates supplied on the form may not be redacted for any reason before the form is transmitted as provided in this section.

(d) Each failure to complete or timely transmit a form, as required under this section, for each abortion performed or abortion inducing drug that was provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed, is a Class B misdemeanor.

(e) Not later than June 30 of each year, the state department shall compile a public report providing the following:

(1) Statistics for the previous calendar year from the information submitted under this section.

(2) Statistics for previous calendar years compiled by the state department under this subsection, with updated information for the calendar year that was submitted to the state department after the compilation of the statistics.

The state department shall ensure that no identifying information of a pregnant woman is contained in the report.

(f) The state department shall:

(1) summarize aggregate data from all data submitted under this section; and

(2) submit the data, before July 1 of each year, to the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for its inclusion in the annual Vital Statistics Report.

SECTION 8. IC 16-34-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]:

Chapter 5. Miscellaneous Provisions

Sec. 1. (a) The state department shall consider the results of an abortion clinic inspection when making a determination concerning the renewal of an abortion clinic license.



(b) The state department may not renew the license of an abortion clinic until any noncompliance discovered during the course of an inspection is remedied in a manner prescribed by the state department under 410 IAC 26-2-8.

Sec. 2. (a) During the course of an abortion clinic's annual inspection, the state department shall randomly select and review patient files to ensure compliance with inspection form requirements and IC 16-34-2-1.1(d). The number of files selected and reviewed under this subsection shall be consistent with applicable administrative state department provisions concerning patient file inspections.

(b) An abortion clinic's failure to comply with IC 16-34-2-1.1(d) shall constitute an inspection violation for purposes of section 1(b) of this chapter.



Speaker of the House of Representatives

President of the Senate

President Pro Tempore

Governor of the State of Indiana

Date: _____ Time: _____

