HOUSE BILL No. 1547

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 16-18-2; IC 16-31-3-14; IC 16-42-27-2; IC 16-51; IC 22-15-5-16; IC 25-1-1.1-2; IC 34-30-2; IC 35-38-2; IC 35-48; IC 35-52-16.

Synopsis: Medical cannabis. Establishes a medical cannabis program, administered by the state department of health, to permit the use of medical cannabis in Indiana. Reduces the penalty for possession of marijuana, hashish, hash oil, and salvia to: (1) a Class C infraction for a first offense; (2) a Class C misdemeanor for a second or subsequent offense; and (3) a Class A misdemeanor for a second or subsequent offense if the person possesses more than a specified amount. Reduces the penalty for possession of marijuana, hashish, hash oil, or salvia packaged in a container labeled as containing low THC hemp extract to a Class C misdemeanor. Provides that a person's probation may not be revoked solely on the basis that the person tested positive for marijuana or a metabolite of marijuana. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: July 1, 2021.

Payne, Teshka, VanNatter

 $\label{eq:lambda} \textit{January 14, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.}$



First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1547

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 16-18-2-1.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2021]: Sec. 1.9. "Adequate supply", for purposes of IC 16-51, has
4	the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.
5	SECTION 2. IC 16-18-2-37.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 37.9. "Bona fide medical
8	physician-patient relationship", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the
9	meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.
10	SECTION 3. IC 16-18-2-48.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
11	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 48.1. "Cannabis", for purposes
13	of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.
14	SECTION 4. IC 16-18-2-48.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
15	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
16	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 48.2. "Cannabis plant monitoring
17	system", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in



1	IC 16-51-1-1.
2	SECTION 5. IC 16-18-2-48.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
3	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 48.4. "Cardholder", for purposes
5	of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.
6	SECTION 6. IC 16-18-2-88.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
7	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 88.6. "Cultivation center", for
9	purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.
10	SECTION 7. IC 16-18-2-88.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
11	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 88.7. "Cultivation center agent",
13	for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.
14	SECTION 8. IC 16-18-2-88.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
15	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
16	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 88.8. "Cultivation center agent
17	identification card", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set
18	forth in IC 16-51-1-1.
19	SECTION 9. IC 16-18-2-92.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
20	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 92.2. "Debilitating medical
21 22	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 92.2. "Debilitating medical condition", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in
22	condition", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in
22 23	condition", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.
22 23 24	condition", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1. SECTION 10. IC 16-18-2-96.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	condition", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1. SECTION 10. IC 16-18-2-96.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 96.6. "Dispensing organization", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1. SECTION 11. IC 16-18-2-96.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 96.7. "Dispensing organization agent identification card", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1. SECTION 12. IC 16-18-2-114.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 114.8. "Enclosed, locked facility", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1. SECTION 13. IC 16-18-2-118.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS



[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 223.1. "Medical cannabis infused product", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.

SECTION 15. IC 16-18-2-223.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 223.8. "Medical use of cannabis"**, for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.

SECTION 16. IC 16-18-2-277.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 277.4.** "**Personal caregiver**", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.

SECTION 17. IC 16-18-2-282, AS AMENDED BY P.L.153-2018, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 282. (a) "Physician", except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), means a licensed physician (as defined in section 202 of this chapter).

- (b) "Physician", for purposes of IC 16-41-12, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-41-12-7.
- (c) "Physician", for purposes of IC 16-37-1-3.1 and IC 16-37-3-5, means an individual who:
 - (1) was the physician last in attendance (as defined in section 282.2 of this chapter); or
 - (2) is licensed under IC 25-22.5.
- (d) "Physician", for purposes of IC 16-48-1, is subject to IC 16-48-1-2.
- (e) "Physician", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.

SECTION 18. IC 16-18-2-302.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 302.7. "Qualifying patient", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.**

SECTION 19. IC 16-18-2-361.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 361.6.** "Usable cannabis", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.

SECTION 20. IC 16-18-2-363.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 363.4.** "Verification system", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-51-1-1.

SECTION 21. IC 16-18-2-378.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 378.5.** "**Written**



1	recommendation", for purposes of IC 16-51, has the meaning set
2	forth in IC 16-51-1-1.
3	SECTION 22. IC 16-31-3-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.142-2020,
4	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 14. (a) A person holding a certificate or license
6	issued under this article must comply with the applicable standards and
7	rules established under this article. A certificate holder or license
8	holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if the
9	department of homeland security determines that the certificate holder
10	or license holder:
11	(1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material
12	deception in order to obtain a certificate or license, including
13	cheating on a certification or licensure examination;
14	(2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of
15	professional services or activities;
16	(3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading manner;
17	(4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify
18	attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing
19	education courses required under this article or rules adopted
20	under this article;
21	(5) is convicted of a crime, if the act that resulted in the
22	conviction has a direct bearing on determining if the certificate
23	holder or license holder should be entrusted to provide emergency
24	medical services;
25	(6) is convicted of violating IC 9-19-14.5;
26	(7) fails to comply and maintain compliance with or violates any
27	applicable provision, standard, or other requirement of this article
28	or rules adopted under this article;
29	(8) continues to practice if the certificate holder or license holder
30	becomes unfit to practice due to:
31	(A) professional incompetence that includes the undertaking
32	of professional activities that the certificate holder or license
33	holder is not qualified by training or experience to undertake;
34	(B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or
35	practice;
36	(C) physical or mental disability; or
37	(D) addiction to, abuse of, or dependency on alcohol or other
38	drugs that endanger the public by impairing the certificate
39	holder's or license holder's ability to practice safely;
40	(9) engages in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connection
41	with the delivery of services to the public;
42	(10) allows the certificate holder's or license holder's name or a



1	certificate or license issued under this article to be used in
2	connection with a person who renders services beyond the scope
3	of that person's training, experience, or competence;
4	(11) is subjected to disciplinary action in another state or
5	jurisdiction on grounds similar to those contained in this chapter.
6	For purposes of this subdivision, a certified copy of a record of
7	disciplinary action constitutes prima facie evidence of a
8	disciplinary action in another jurisdiction;
9	(12) assists another person in committing an act that would
10	constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this chapter;
11	or
12	(13) allows a certificate or license issued by the commission to
13	be:
14	(A) used by another person; or
15	(B) displayed to the public when the certificate or license is
16	expired, inactive, invalid, revoked, or suspended.
17	(b) The department of homeland security may issue an order under
18	IC 4-21.5-3-6 to impose one (1) or more of the following sanctions if
19	the department of homeland security determines that a certificate
20	holder or license holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions under
21	subsection (a):
22	(1) Revocation of a certificate holder's certificate or license
23	holder's license for a period not to exceed seven (7) years.
24	(2) Suspension of a certificate holder's certificate or license
25	holder's license for a period not to exceed seven (7) years.
26	(3) Censure of a certificate holder or license holder.
27	(4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
28	(5) Assessment of a civil penalty against the certificate holder or
29	license holder in accordance with the following:
30	(A) The civil penalty may not exceed five hundred dollars
31	(\$500) per day per violation.
32	(B) If the certificate holder or license holder fails to pay the
33	civil penalty within the time specified by the department of
34	homeland security, the department of homeland security may
35	suspend the certificate holder's certificate or license holder's
36	license without additional proceedings.
37	(6) Placement of a certificate holder or license holder on
38	probation status and requirement of the certificate holder or
39	license holder to:
40	(A) report regularly to the department of homeland security
41	upon the matters that are the basis of probation;



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(B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the department

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of homeland security;

- (C) continue or renew professional education approved by the department of homeland security until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those areas that are the basis of the probation; or
- (D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including community restitution or service without compensation, that the department of homeland security considers appropriate to the public interest or to the rehabilitation or treatment of the certificate holder or license holder.

The department of homeland security may withdraw or modify this probation if the department of homeland security finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required disciplinary action is remedied or that changed circumstances warrant a modification of the order.

- (c) If an applicant or a certificate holder or license holder has engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception to obtain a certificate or license, including cheating on the certification or licensure examination, the department of homeland security may rescind the certificate or license if it has been granted, void the examination or other fraudulent or deceptive material, and prohibit the applicant from reapplying for the certificate or license for a length of time established by the department of homeland security.
- (d) The department of homeland security may deny certification or licensure to an applicant who would be subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if that person were a certificate holder or license holder, has had disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the applicant's certificate or license to practice in another state or jurisdiction, or has practiced without a certificate or license in violation of the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.
- (e) The department of homeland security may order a certificate holder or license holder to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the certificate holder's or license holder's physical or mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a department of homeland security order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes a certificate holder or license holder liable to temporary suspension under subsection (i).
- (f) Except as provided under subsection (a), subsection (g), and section 14.5 of this chapter, a certificate or license may not be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant, certificate holder, or



1	license holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which
2	the applicant's, certificate holder's, or license holder's conviction
3	resulted may be considered as to whether the applicant or certificate
4	holder or license holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a
5	specific capacity.
6	(g) The department of homeland security may deny, suspend, or
7	revoke a certificate or license issued under this article if the individual
8	who holds or is applying for the certificate or license is convicted of
9	any of the following:
10	(1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
11	(2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
12	(3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
13	(4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under
14	IC 35-48-4-7(c).
15	(5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
16	committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime
17	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
18	(6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
19	committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime
20	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
21 22 23	(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
22	committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime
23	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before
24	its amendment on July 1, 2015).
25	(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class
26	D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6
27	felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014, and before
28	July 1, 2021) under IC 35-48-4-11.
29	(9) A felony offense under IC 35-48-4 involving:
30	(A) possession of a synthetic drug (as defined in
31	IC 35-31.5-2-321);
32	(B) possession of a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as
33	defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1,
34	2019)) as a:
35	(i) Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
36	2014); or
37	(ii) Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30,
38	2014);
39	under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019); or
40	(C) possession of a controlled substance analog (as defined in
11	IC 25 49 1 0 2)

(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13



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- (repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a controlled substance.
 - (11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
- (h) A decision of the department of homeland security under subsections (b) through (g) may be appealed to the commission under IC 4-21.5-3-7.
- (i) The department of homeland security may temporarily suspend a certificate holder's certificate or license holder's license under IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if the department of homeland security finds that a certificate holder or license holder would represent a clear and immediate danger to the public's health, safety, or property if the certificate holder or license holder were allowed to continue to practice.
- (j) On receipt of a complaint or information alleging that a person certified or licensed under this chapter or IC 16-31-3.5 has engaged in or is engaging in a practice that is subject to disciplinary sanctions under this chapter, the department of homeland security must initiate an investigation against the person.
- (k) The department of homeland security shall conduct a factfinding investigation as the department of homeland security considers proper in relation to the complaint.
- (l) The department of homeland security may reinstate a certificate or license that has been suspended under this section if the department of homeland security is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the department of homeland security may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this chapter.
- (m) The department of homeland security may not reinstate a certificate or license that has been revoked under this chapter.
- (n) The department of homeland security must be consistent in the application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the department of homeland security's findings or orders.
- (o) A certificate holder may not surrender the certificate holder's certificate, and a license holder may not surrender the license holder's license, without the written approval of the department of homeland security, and the department of homeland security may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered certificate or license.
 - (p) For purposes of this section, "certificate holder" means a person



	,
1	who holds:
2	(1) an unlimited certificate;
3	(2) a limited or probationary certificate; or
4	(3) an inactive certificate.
5	(q) For purposes of this section, "license holder" means a person
6	who holds:
7	(1) an unlimited license;
8	(2) a limited or probationary license; or
9	(3) an inactive license.
10	SECTION 23. IC 16-42-27-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.80-2019,
11	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2. (a) A prescriber may, directly or by standing
13	order, prescribe or dispense an overdose intervention drug without
14	examining the individual to whom it may be administered if all of the
15	following conditions are met:
16	(1) The overdose intervention drug is dispensed or prescribed to:
17	(A) a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related
18	overdose; or
19	(B) a family member, a friend, or any other individual or entity
20	in a position to assist an individual who, there is reason to
21	believe, is at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.
22	(2) The prescriber instructs the individual receiving the overdose
23	intervention drug or prescription to summon emergency services
24	either immediately before or immediately after administering the
25	overdose intervention drug to an individual experiencing an
26	opioid-related overdose.
27	(3) The prescriber provides education and training on drug
28	overdose response and treatment, including the administration of
29	an overdose intervention drug.
30	(4) The prescriber provides drug addiction treatment information
31	and referrals to drug treatment programs, including programs in
32	the local area and programs that offer medication assisted
33	treatment that includes a federal Food and Drug Administration
34	approved long acting, nonaddictive medication for the treatment
35	of opioid or alcohol dependence.
36	(b) A prescriber may provide a prescription of an overdose
37	intervention drug to an individual as a part of the individual's addiction
38	treatment plan.
39	(c) An individual described in subsection (a)(1) may administer an
40	overdose intervention drug to an individual who is suffering from an
41	overdose.

(d) An individual described in subsection (a)(1) may not be



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1	considered to be practicing medicine without a license in violation of
2	IC 25-22.5-8-2, if the individual, acting in good faith, does the
3	following:
4	(1) Obtains the overdose intervention drug from a prescriber or
5	entity acting under a standing order issued by a prescriber.
6	(2) Administers the overdose intervention drug to an individua
7	who is experiencing an apparent opioid-related overdose.
8	(3) Attempts to summon emergency services either immediately
9	before or immediately after administering the overdose
10	intervention drug.
11	(e) An entity acting under a standing order issued by a prescriber
12	must do the following:
13	(1) Annually register with either the:
14	(A) state department; or
15	(B) local health department in the county where services wil
16	be provided by the entity;
17	in a manner prescribed by the state department.
18	(2) Provide education and training on drug overdose response and
19	treatment, including the administration of an overdose
20	intervention drug.
	(3) Provide drug addiction treatment information and referrals to
21 22	drug treatment programs, including programs in the local area and
23	programs that offer medication assisted treatment that includes a
23 24 25	federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting
25	nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol
26	dependence.
27	(4) Submit an annual report to the state department containing:
28	(A) the number of sales of the overdose intervention drug
29	dispensed;
30	(B) the dates of sale of the overdose intervention drug
31	dispensed; and
32	(C) any additional information requested by the state
33	department.
34	(f) The state department shall ensure that a statewide standing order
35	for the dispensing of an overdose intervention drug in Indiana is issued
36	under this section. The state health commissioner or a designated
37	public health authority who is a licensed prescriber may, as part of the
38	individual's official capacity, issue a statewide standing order that may
39	be used for the dispensing of an overdose intervention drug under this
10	section. The immunity provided in IC 34-13-3-3 applies to ar
11	individual described in this subsection

(g) A law enforcement officer may not take an individual into



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1	custody based solely on the commission of an offense described in
2	subsection (h), if the law enforcement officer, after making a
3	reasonable determination and considering the facts and surrounding
4	circumstances, reasonably believes that the individual:
5	(1) obtained the overdose intervention drug as described in
6	subsection (a)(1);
7	(2) complied with the provisions in subsection (d);
8	(3) administered an overdose intervention drug to an individual
9	who appeared to be experiencing an opioid-related overdose;
10	(4) provided:
11	(A) the individual's full name; and
12	(B) any other relevant information requested by the law
13	enforcement officer;
14	(5) remained at the scene with the individual who reasonably
15	appeared to be in need of medical assistance until emergency
16	medical assistance arrived;
17	(6) cooperated with emergency medical assistance personnel and
18	law enforcement officers at the scene; and
19	(7) came into contact with law enforcement because the
20	individual requested emergency medical assistance for another
21	individual who appeared to be experiencing an opioid-related
22	overdose.
23	(h) An individual who meets the criteria in subsection (g) is immune
24	from criminal prosecution for the following:
25	(1) IC 35-48-4-6 (possession of cocaine).
26	(2) IC 35-48-4-6.1 (possession of methamphetamine).
27	(3) IC 35-48-4-7 (possession of a controlled substance).
28	(4) IC 35-48-4-8.3 (possession of paraphernalia).
29	(5) IC 35-48-4-11 (possession of marijuana).
30	(6) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving possession of a
31	synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), possession of a
32	controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or
33	possession of a substance represented to be a controlled substance
34	(as described in IC 35-48-4-4.6).
35	(i) An individual who meets the criteria in subsection (g) is
36	immune from prosecution for an infraction for a violation of
37	IC 35-48-4-11 (possession of marijuana).
38	SECTION 24. IC 16-51 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
39	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
40	2021]:
41	ARTICLE 51. MEDICAL CANNABIS PROGRAM
42	Chapter 1. Definitions



1	Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this article:
2	(1) "Adequate supply" means two and one-half (2 1/2) ounces
3	of usable cannabis, derived solely from an intrastate source,
4	during a period of fourteen (14) days, unless a physician has
5	authorized a larger amount in accordance with rules adopted
6	by the state department. The term includes the premixed
7	weight of medical cannabis used in making a cannabis infused
8	product.
9	(2) "Bona fide medical physician-patient relationship" means
10	a relationship between a physician and a patient that includes:
11	(A) a physical examination and review of medical history,
12	or a referral from a primary care practitioner;
13	(B) an explanation of the benefits and risks of medical use
14	of cannabis; and
15	(C) an ongoing expectation of care.
16	(3) "Cannabis" means any part of the plant genus Cannabis,
17	including the seeds, the resin extracted from any part of the
18	plant, and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
19	mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or its resin.
20	(4) "Cannabis plant monitoring system" means a system that
21	includes testing and data collection established and
22	maintained by a cultivation center and available to the state
23	department for the purposes of documenting each cannabis
24	plant and for monitoring plant development throughout the
25	life cycle of a cannabis plant cultivated for the intended use by
26	a qualifying patient from seed planting to final packaging.
27	(5) "Cardholder" means a qualifying patient or personal
28	caregiver holding a valid registry identification card
29	authorizing the purchase of medical cannabis.
30	(6) "Cultivation center" means a facility operated by a person
31	that is registered with and authorized by the state department
32	to perform necessary activities to provide usable medical
33	cannabis to only medical cannabis dispensing organizations.
34	(7) "Cultivation center agent" means a principal officer,
35	board member, employee, or agent of a cultivation center.
36	(8) "Cultivation center agent identification card" means a
37	document issued by the state department that identifies a
38	person as a cultivation center agent.
39	(9) "Debilitating medical condition" means:
10	(A) cancer;
1 1	(B) glaucoma;
12	(C) positive status for human immunodeficiency virus



1	(HIV);
2	(D) acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS);
3	(E) hepatitis C;
4	(F) amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;
5	(G) Crohn's disease;
6	(H) Alzheimer's disease;
7	(I) nail patella syndrome;
8	(J) multiple sclerosis;
9	(K) injury or disease to the spinal cord, spinal column, or
10	vertebra, including arachnoiditis, Tarlov cysts,
11	hydromyelia, rheumatoid arthritis, fibrous dysplasia,
12	spinal cord injury, traumatic brain injury, and
13	postconcussion syndrome;
14	(L) myelomalacia;
15	(M) celiac disease;
16	(N) sickle cell disease;
17	(O) muscular dystrophy;
18	(P) severe fibromyalgia;
19	(Q) Arnold-Chiari malformation;
20	(R) syringomyelia;
21	(S) spinocerebellar ataxia (SCA);
22	(T) Parkinson's disease;
23	(U) Tourette syndrome;
24	(V) myoclonus;
25	(W) dystonia;
26	(X) reflex sympathetic dystrophy (RSD);
27	(Y) complex regional pain syndrome (CRPS) type I and II;
28	(Z) causalgia;
29	(AA) neurofibromatosis;
30	(BB) chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy;
31	(CC) Sjogren's syndrome;
32	(DD) lupus;
33	(EE) interstitial cystitis;
34	(FF) myasthenia gravis;
35	(GG) hydrocephalus;
36	(HH) residual limb pain;
37	(II) posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD);
38	(JJ) a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition
39	or the treatment for a chronic or debilitating disease or
40	medical condition that produces:
41	(i) cachexia or wasting syndrome;
42	(ii) savara ar chranic nain:



1	(iii) severe or chronic nausea;
2	(iv) seizures, including seizures that are characteristic of
3	epilepsy; or
4	(v) severe or persistent muscle spasms;
5	(KK) a condition that is, or would otherwise be, treated by
6	prescribing opioids for more than fourteen (14) days; and
7	(LL) any other disease, condition, or symptom that the
8	state department determines by its rulemaking authority
9	under IC 4-22-2 to be a debilitating medical condition.
10	(10) "Dispensing organization" means a facility operated by
11	a person that is registered by the state department to acquire
12	medical cannabis from a cultivation center for the purpose of
13	dispensing cannabis, paraphernalia, or related supplies and
14	educational materials to qualifying patients and personal
15	caregivers.
16	(11) "Dispensing organization agent identification card"
17	means a document issued by the state department that
18	identifies a person as a medical cannabis dispensing
19	organization agent.
20	(12) "Enclosed, locked facility" means a room, greenhouse,
21	building, or other enclosed area equipped with locks or other
22	security devices that permit access only by a cultivation
23 24	center's agents or a dispensing organization's agent working
24	for the cultivation center or the registered dispensing
25	organization to cultivate, store, and distribute cannabis for
26	qualifying patients.
27	(13) "Excluded offense" for cultivation center agents and
28	dispensing organizations means:
29	(A) a crime of violence (as defined by IC 35-50-1-2) or a
30	substantially similar offense in another jurisdiction;
31	(B) a violation of IC 35-48 involving the possession or
32	delivery of a controlled substance; or
33	(C) a violation of the controlled substances law of another
34	state that is a felony, unless the state department finds that
35	the conviction was for the possession, cultivation, transfer,
36	or delivery of a reasonable amount of cannabis intended
37	for medical use.
38	(14) "Medical cannabis infused product" means food, oils,
39	ointments, or other products containing usable cannabis that
10	are not smoked.
11	(15) "Medical use of cannabis" means the acquisition,
12	cultivation, possession, processing, manufacturing, transfer,



1	transportation, sale, distribution, dispensing, or
2	administration of cannabis or cannabis infused products for
3	the benefit of qualifying patients.
4	(16) "Personal caregiver" means a person who has agreed to
5	assist with a qualifying patient's medical use of cannabis.
6	(17) "Physician" means a person having an unlimited license
7	to practice medicine under IC 25-22.5.
8	(18) "Qualifying patient" means a person who has a written
9	recommendation from a physician for the medical use of
10	cannabis.
11	(19) "Usable cannabis" means the seeds, leaves, buds, and
12	flowers of the cannabis plant and any mixture or preparation
13	thereof, but does not include the stalks and roots of the plant.
14	It does not include the weight of any noncannabis ingredients
15	combined with cannabis, such as ingredients added to prepare
16	a topical administration, food, or drink.
17	(20) "Verification system" means an Internet based system
18	established and maintained by the state department that is
19	available to the department of agriculture, law enforcement
20	officers, and registered medical cannabis dispensing
21	organization agents for the verification of registry
22	identification cards, the tracking of delivery of medical
23	cannabis to medical cannabis dispensing organizations, and
24	the tracking of the date of sale, amount, and price of medical
25	cannabis purchased by a qualifying patient.
26	(21) "Written recommendation" means a document
27	authorizing a qualifying patient's medical use of cannabis that
28	is:
29	(A) written on tamper resistant paper;
30	(B) signed by a physician; and
31	(C) made only in the course of a bona fide medical
32	physician-patient relationship.
33	The written recommendation must include a description of
34	the debilitating medical condition.
35	Chapter 2. Medical Cannabis Program
36	Sec. 1. The medical cannabis program is established to permit
37	the use of medical cannabis in Indiana. The state department shall
38	administer and enforce the provisions of this article.
39	Sec. 2. (a) A physician is immune from civil and criminal
40	liability for:
41	(1) advising a qualifying patient about the risks and benefits
42	of the medical use of cannabis; or



1	(2) providing a qualifying patient with a written
2	recommendation based upon a full assessment of the
3	qualifying patient's medical history and condition.
4	However, the immunity described in this subsection does not apply
5	to a physician who commits gross negligence or engages in willful
6	or wanton misconduct.
7	(b) The medical licensing board may not take any action against
8	a physician who is immune under subsection (a) for performing an
9	act described in subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2).
10	(c) Unless required by federal law or to obtain federal funding,
11	a person may not discriminate in employment or housing based
12	solely on a person's:
13	(1) status as a cardholder; or
14	(2) positive test for use of cannabis if the person is a
15	cardholder.
16	However, this subsection does not prevent an employer from
17	taking an adverse employment action against an employee who is
18	impaired by the use of cannabis while on the employer's premises
19	or while carrying out the employee's duties.
20	Chapter 3. Medical Cannabis Fund
21	Sec. 1. (a) The medical cannabis fund is established for the
22	purpose of defraying the expenses of the medical cannabis
23	program. The fund shall be administered by the state department.
24	(b) The fund consists of fees collected under this article.
25	(c) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from
26	money in the fund.
27	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not
28	currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
29	manner as other public money may be invested. Interest that
30	accrues from these investments shall be deposited in the fund.
31	(e) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not
32	revert to the state general fund.
33	Chapter 4. Immunities and Privileges
34	Sec. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this article, a qualifying
35	patient is not subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right
36	or privilege, including imposition of a civil penalty or a disciplinary
37	action by an occupational or professional licensing board, for the
38	medical use of cannabis in accordance with this article if:
39	(1) the qualifying patient possesses an amount of cannabis
40	that does not exceed an adequate supply; and
41	(2) in the case of a qualifying patient who is a licensed

professional, the use of cannabis does not impair the licensed



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professional while the licensed professional is engaged in the practice of the licensed profession.

- Sec. 2. Except as otherwise provided in this article, a personal caregiver is not subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right or privilege, including imposition of a civil penalty or a disciplinary action by an occupational or professional licensing board, for acting in accordance with this article to assist a qualifying patient to whom the personal caregiver is connected through the registration process with the medical use of cannabis, if the caregiver possesses an amount of cannabis that does not exceed an adequate supply. The total amount possessed between the qualifying patient and caregiver may not exceed the patient's adequate supply.
- Sec. 3. Except as otherwise provided in this article, a qualifying patient or personal caregiver is not subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right or privilege, including imposition of a civil penalty or a disciplinary action by an occupational or professional licensing board, for possession of cannabis that is incidental to medical use, but is not usable cannabis.
- Sec. 4. (a) There is a rebuttable presumption that a qualifying patient is engaged in, or a personal caregiver is assisting with, the medical use of cannabis in accordance with this article if the qualifying patient or designated caregiver is in possession of:
 - (1) a valid registry identification card; and
 - (2) not more than an adequate supply of cannabis.
- (b) The presumption under subsection (a) may be rebutted by evidence that conduct related to cannabis was not for the purpose of treating or alleviating the qualifying patient's debilitating medical condition or symptoms associated with the debilitating medical condition in compliance with this article.
- Sec. 5. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, a physician is not subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right or privilege, including imposition of a civil penalty or a disciplinary action by the medical licensing board, or by any other occupational or professional licensing board, solely for providing written certifications or for otherwise stating that, in the physician's professional opinion, a patient is likely to receive therapeutic or palliative benefit from the medical use of cannabis to treat or alleviate the patient's debilitating medical condition or symptoms associated with the debilitating medical condition.
- (b) This section does not prevent the medical licensing board or another disciplinary board from sanctioning a physician for:



1	(1) issuing a written certification to a patient who is not under
2	the physician's care for a debilitating medical condition; or
3	(2) failing to properly evaluate a patient's medical condition
4	or otherwise violating the standard of care for evaluating
5	medical conditions.
6	Sec. 6. Except as otherwise provided in this article, no person
7	may be subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right or
8	privilege, including imposition of a civil penalty or a disciplinary
9	action by an occupational or professional licensing board, solely
0	for:
l 1	(1) selling cannabis paraphernalia to a cardholder upon
12	presentation of an unexpired registry identification card in
13	the recipient's name, if employed and registered as a
14	dispensing organization agent by a registered dispensing
15	organization;
16	(2) being in the presence or vicinity of the medical use of
17	cannabis as allowed under this article; or
18	(3) assisting a qualifying patient with the act of administering
19	cannabis.
20	Sec. 7. Except as otherwise provided by this article, a cultivation
21	center is not subject to:
22	(1) prosecution;
23 24	(2) search or inspection;
24	(3) seizure;
25	(4) penalty in any manner; or
26	(5) denial of any right or privilege, including imposition of a
27	civil penalty or a disciplinary action, by a business licensing
28	board or entity;
29	for acting under this article to acquire, possess, cultivate,
30	manufacture, deliver, transfer, transport, supply, or sell cannabis
31	to registered dispensing organizations.
32	Sec. 8. Except as otherwise provided by this article, a cultivation
33	center agent is not subject to:
34	(1) prosecution;
35	(2) search or inspection;
36	(3) seizure;
37	(4) penalty in any manner; or
38	(5) denial of any right or privilege, including imposition of a
39	civil penalty or a disciplinary action, by a business licensing
10	board or entity;
11	for working or volunteering for a registered cannabis cultivation

center under this article, including for performing the actions



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1	listed under section 7 of this chapter.
2	Sec. 9. Except as otherwise provided by this article, a dispensing
3	organization is not subject to:
4	(1) prosecution;
5	(2) search or inspection;
6	(3) seizure;
7	(4) penalty in any manner; or
8	(5) denial of any right or privilege, including imposition of a
9	civil penalty or a disciplinary action, by a business licensing
10	board or entity;
11	for acting under this article to acquire, possess, or dispense
12	cannabis, or related supplies and educational materials, to or for
13	qualifying patients or personal caregivers on behalf of qualifying
14	patients.
15	Sec. 10. Except as otherwise provided by this article, a
16	dispensing organization agent is not subject to:
17	(1) prosecution;
18	(2) search or inspection;
19	(3) seizure;
20	(4) penalty in any manner; or
21	(5) denial of any right or privilege, including imposition of a
22	civil penalty or a disciplinary action, by a business licensing
23	board or entity;
24	for acting under this article to work or volunteer for a dispensing
25	organization under this article, including performing the actions
26	listed under section 9 of this chapter.
27	Sec. 11. Except as otherwise provided by this article, any
28	cannabis, cannabis paraphernalia, legal property, or interest in
29	legal property that is possessed, owned, or used in connection with
30	the medical use of cannabis as allowed under this article, or acts
31	incidental to that use, may not be seized or forfeited. This article
32	does not prevent the seizure or forfeiture of cannabis exceeding the
33	amounts allowed under this article, nor does it prevent seizure or
34	forfeiture if the basis for the action is unrelated to the cannabis
35	that is possessed, manufactured, transferred, or used under this
36	article.
37	Sec. 12. Mere possession of, or application for, a registry
38	identification card or registration certificate does not constitute
39	probable cause or reasonable suspicion, nor shall it be used as the
40	sole basis to support the search of the person, property, or home of
41	the person possessing or applying for the registry identification

the person possessing or applying for the registry identification

card. The possession of, or application for, a registry identification



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1	card does not preclude the existence of probable cause if probable
2	cause exists on other grounds.
3	Sec. 13. Nothing in this article precludes a law enforcement
4	agency from searching a cultivation center where there is probable
5	cause to believe that a criminal law has been violated.
6	Sec. 14. Nothing in this article precludes a law enforcement
7	agency from searching a dispensing organization where there is
8	probable cause to believe that a criminal law has been violated.
9	Sec. 15. No individual employed by the state may be subject to
10	criminal or civil penalties for taking any action in accordance with
1	the provisions of this article if the action is within the scope of
12	employment.
13	Sec. 16. No law enforcement or correctional agency and no
14	person employed by a law enforcement or correctional agency is
15	subject to criminal or civil liability, except for willful and wanton
16	misconduct, as a result of taking any action within the scope of the
17	official duties of the agency or individual to prohibit or prevent the
18	possession or use of cannabis by a cardholder who is incarcerated
19	in a correctional facility or jail, on probation, on parole, or on
20	other supervised release, or otherwise under the lawful jurisdiction
21	of the agency or individual.
22	Chapter 5. Prohibited Activities
22 23 24	Sec. 1. This article does not permit a person to engage in any one
24	(1) or more of the following activities:
25	(1) Undertaking any task under the influence of cannabis,
26	when doing so would constitute negligence, professional
27	malpractice, operating while intoxicated, or professional
28	misconduct.
29	(2) Possessing cannabis:
30	(A) in a school bus;
31	(B) on school property;
32	(C) in a penal facility;
33	(D) in a motor vehicle, including a common carrier, unless
34	the medical cannabis is in a reasonably secured, sealed,
35	tamper evident container and reasonably inaccessible
36	while the vehicle is moving; or
37	(E) in a private residence that is used at any time to
38	provide licensed child care, foster care, or other similar
39	social service care on the premises.
10	(3) Using cannabis in any place where an individual could
11	reasonably be expected to be observed by others, including all
12	parts of buildings owned in whole or in part, or leased, by the



1	state or a local unit of government. However, this subdivision
2	does not apply to a:
3	(A) private residence unless the private residence is used to
4	provide licensed child care, foster care, or other similar
5	social service care on the premises; or
6	(B) health care facility, including a hospital, nursing home
7	hospice care center, and long term care facility.
8	(4) Knowingly using cannabis in close physical proximity to a
9	child.
10	(5) Smoking medical cannabis in any place where smoking is
11	prohibited.
12	(6) Operating, navigating, or being in actual physical contro
13	of any motor vehicle, aircraft, or motorboat while using or
14	under the influence of cannabis.
15	(7) Allowing any person who is not allowed to use cannabis
16	under this article to use cannabis that a cardholder is allowed
17	to possess under this article.
18	(8) The use of medical cannabis by an active duty law
19	enforcement officer, correctional officer, correctiona
20	probation officer, or firefighter.
21	(9) The use of medical cannabis by a person who has a
22	commercial driver's license.
23	Sec. 2. A person who knowingly or intentionally makes a
24	material misrepresentation of a medical condition to a physician to
25	obtain a written certification commits a Class B misdemeanor.
26	Sec. 3. The state department shall revoke the registry
27	identification card of a cardholder or personal caregiver who
28	unlawfully sells cannabis.
29	Sec. 4. The state department shall revoke the registry
30	identification card of a qualifying patient who refuses a chemical
31	test under IC 9-30-6-2.
32	Sec. 5. No qualifying patient or personal caregiver may
33	knowingly obtain, seek to obtain, or possess, individually or
34	collectively, an amount of usable cannabis from a registered
35	medical cannabis dispensing organization that exceeds an adequate
36	supply.
37	Sec. 6. Nothing in this article prevents a private business from
38	restricting or prohibiting the medical use of cannabis on its
39	property.
40	Sec. 7. Nothing in this article prevents a postsecondary
41	educational institution from restricting or prohibiting the use of
42	medical cannabis on its property.

medical cannabis on its property.



1	Chapter 6. Physician Requirements
2	Sec. 1. A physician who certifies a debilitating medical condition
3	for a qualifying patient shall comply with all of the following
4	requirements:
5	(1) The physician shall comply with generally accepted
6	standards of medical practice.
7	(2) The physical examination required by this article may not
8	be performed by remote means, including telemedicine.
9	(3) The physician shall maintain a record keeping system for
0	all patients for whom the physician has certified a patient's
l 1	medical condition. These records shall be accessible to and
12	subject to review by the state department.
13	Sec. 2. A physician may not:
14	(1) accept, solicit, or offer any form of remuneration from or
15	to a qualifying patient, personal caregiver, cultivation center,
16	or dispensing organization, including each principal officer,
17	board member, agent, and employee, to certify a patient,
18	other than accepting payment from a patient for the fee
9	associated with the required examination;
20	(2) offer a discount of any other item of value to a qualifying
21	patient who uses or agrees to use a particular primary
22	caregiver or dispensing organization to obtain medical
23	cannabis;
24 25	(3) conduct a personal physical examination of a patient for
25	purposes of diagnosing a debilitating medical condition at a
26	location where medical cannabis is sold or distributed or at
27	the address of a principal officer, agent, or employee of a
28	medical cannabis organization;
29	(4) hold a direct or indirect economic interest in a cultivation
30	center or dispensing organization if the physician
31	recommends the use of medical cannabis to qualified patients
32	or is in a partnership or other fee or profit sharing
33	relationship with a physician who recommends medical
34	cannabis, except for the limited purpose of performing a
35	medical cannabis related research study;
36	(5) serve on the board of directors or as an employee of a
37	cultivation center or dispensing organization;
38	(6) refer patients to a cultivation center, a dispensing
39	organization, or a personal caregiver; or
10	(7) advertise in a cultivation center or a dispensing
11	organization

Sec. 3. If the state department believes that a physician has



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1	improperly certified a patient as having a debilitating condition,
2	the state department shall refer the physician to the medical
2 3	licensing board.
4	Sec. 4. A physician who violates this article is subject to
5	disciplinary sanctions by the medical licensing board.
6	Sec. 5. A physician who certifies a debilitating medical condition
7	for a qualifying patient must notify the state department in
8	writing:
9	(1) if the physician has reason to believe that the qualifying
10	patient has ceased to suffer from a debilitating medical
11	condition;
12	(2) that the bona fide medical physician-patient relationship
13	has ended; or
14	(3) that continued use of medical cannabis would result in
15	contraindication with the patient's other medication.
16	The state department shall revoke the qualifying patient's registry
17	identification card upon receipt of the physician's notification.
18	Chapter 7. Written Certification
19	Sec. 1. A certification confirming a patient's debilitating medical
20	condition shall be written on a form provided by the state
21	department and shall include at least the following:
22	(1) The qualifying patient's name, date of birth, home address,
23	and primary telephone number.
24	(2) The physician's name, business address, business telephone
25	number, electronic mail address, medical license number, and
26	any other information required by the state department.
27	(3) A description of the qualifying patient's debilitating
28	medical condition.
29	(4) A statement that the physician:
30	(A) has confirmed a diagnosis of a debilitating condition;
31	(B) is treating or managing treatment of the patient's
32	debilitating condition;
33	(C) has a bona fide medical physician-patient relationship
34	with the patient;
35	(D) has conducted an in person physical examination; and
36	(E) has conducted a review of the patient's medical history,
37	including reviewing medical records from other treating
38	physicians, if any, from the previous twelve (12) months.
39	(5) The physician's signature and date of certification.
40	(6) A statement that a participant in possession of a written
41	certification indicating a debilitating medical condition is not
42	an unlawful user or addicted to narcotics solely as a result of



1	the person's pending application to or participation in the
2	medical cannabis program.
3	Sec. 2. A written certification does not constitute a prescription
4	for medical cannabis.
5	Sec. 3. An application for a qualifying patient who is less than
6	eighteen (18) years of age requires a written certification from a
7	physician and a reviewing physician.
8	Sec. 4. A person who knowingly submits a false or fraudulent
9	certification to be a qualifying patient shall be permanently banned
10	from participating in the medical cannabis program.
11	Chapter 8. Discrimination Prohibited
12	Sec. 1. A school, landlord, or employer may not refuse to enroll,
13	lease to, employ, or otherwise penalize a person solely for the
14	person's status as a qualifying patient or a personal caregiver,
15	unless it is necessary to avoid:
16	(1) violating federal law; or
17	(2) loss of a monetary or licensing related benefit under
18	federal law or federal regulations.
19	However, this section does not prevent a landlord from prohibiting
20	the smoking of cannabis on the premises.
21	Sec. 2. For the purposes of medical care, including organ
22	transplants, a qualifying patient's authorized use of cannabis in
23	accordance with this article:
24	(1) is considered the equivalent of the authorized use of any
25	other medication used at the direction of a physician; and
26	(2) does not constitute the use of an illicit substance or
27	otherwise disqualify a qualifying patient from needed medical
28	care.
29	Sec. 3. A person otherwise entitled to custody of or visitation or
30	parenting time with a minor may not be denied that right, and
31	there is no presumption of neglect or child endangerment for
32	conduct allowed under this article unless the person's actions in
33	relation to cannabis created an unreasonable danger to the safety
34	of the minor as established by clear and convincing evidence.
35	Sec. 4. No school, landlord, or employer may be penalized or
36	denied any benefit under state law for enrolling, leasing to, or
37	employing a cardholder.
38	Sec. 5. Nothing in this article may be construed to require a
39	government medical assistance program, employer, property and
40	casualty insurer, or private health insurer to reimburse a person
41	for costs associated with the medical use of cannabis.
42	Sec. 6. Nothing in this article may be construed to require any



- person or establishment in lawful possession of property to allow a guest, client, customer, or visitor who is a qualifying patient to use cannabis on or in that property.
- Sec. 7. Nothing in this article prohibits an employer from adopting reasonable regulations concerning the consumption, storage, or timekeeping requirements for qualifying patients related to the use of medical cannabis.
- Sec. 8. Nothing in this article prohibits an employer from enforcing a policy concerning drug testing, zero tolerance, or a drug free workplace, provided the policy is applied in a nondiscriminatory manner.
- Sec. 9. Nothing in this article limits an employer from disciplining a qualifying patient for violating a workplace drug policy.
- Sec. 10. Nothing in this article limits an employer's ability to discipline an employee for failing a drug test if failing to discipline the employee would put the employer in violation of federal law or cause the employer to lose a federal contract or funding.
- Sec. 11. Nothing in this article shall be construed to create a defense for a third party who fails a drug test.
- Sec. 12. An employer may consider a qualifying patient to be impaired when the patient manifests specific, articulable symptoms while working that decrease or lessen the patient's performance of the duties or tasks of the employee's job position, including symptoms of the employee's speech, physical dexterity, agility, coordination, demeanor, irrational or unusual behavior, negligence or carelessness in operating equipment or machinery, disregard for the safety of the employee or others, or involvement in an accident that results in serious damage to equipment or property, disruption of a production or manufacturing process, or carelessness that results in any injury to the employee or others. If an employer elects to discipline a qualifying patient under this section, the employer must afford the employee a reasonable opportunity to contest the basis of the determination.
- Sec. 13. Nothing in this article may be construed to create a cause of action for any person against an employer for:
 - (1) an action based on the employer's good faith belief that a qualifying patient used or possessed cannabis while on the employer's premises or during the hours of employment;
 - (2) an action based on the employer's good faith belief that a qualifying patient was impaired while working on the employer's premises during the hours of employment; or



(3) injury or loss to a third party if the employer did not know

2	or have reason to know that the employee was impaired.
3	Sec. 14. Nothing in this article may be construed to interfere
4	with any federal restrictions on employment, including United
5	States Department of Transportation regulation 49 CFR 40.151(e).
6	Chapter 9. Addition of Medical Conditions
7	Sec. 1. Any resident of Indiana may petition the state
8	department to add debilitating conditions, diseases, or treatments
9	to the list of debilitating medical conditions under this article. The
10	state department shall approve or deny a petition within one
11	hundred eighty (180) days of its submission, and, upon approval,
12	shall proceed to add that condition by rule. The approval or denial
13	of any petition is a final order.
14	Sec. 2. The state department shall accept petitions once annually
15	during a one (1) month period determined by the state department.
16	During this open period, the state department shall accept petitions
17	from any resident of Indiana requesting the addition of a new
18	debilitating medical condition, disease, or treatment to the list of
19	approved debilitating medical conditions for which the use of
20	cannabis has been shown to have a therapeutic or palliative effect.
21	The state department shall provide public notice at least thirty (30)
22	days before the open period for accepting petitions, which shall
23	describe the time period for submission, the required format of the
24	submission, and the address to which the submission may be sent.
25	Sec. 3. Each petition shall be limited to one (1) proposed
26	debilitating medical condition, disease, or treatment.
27	Sec. 4. A petitioner shall file one (1) original petition in the
28	format provided by the state department and in the manner
29	specified by the state department. For a petition to be processed
30	and reviewed, all information required by the state department
31	shall be included.
32	Sec. 5. Upon receipt of a petition, the state department shall
33	evaluate the petition for completeness and determine whether it
34	meets the requirements established by the state department.
35	Sec. 6. (a) If the petition is complete and compliant, the state
36	department shall accept the petition for further review.
37	(b) If the petition does not meet the required standards, the state
38	department shall summarily deny the petition. A petition denied
39	under this subsection may be resubmitted, with deficiencies
40	corrected, during the next open period.
41	Sec. 7. The state department shall review all accepted petitions
42	and issue a determination on the merits.



2021

1	Sec. 8. (a) The state department shall convene a medical
2	cannabis advisory board composed of the following sixteen (16)
3	members:
4	(1) A medical cannabis patient advocate or personal
5	caregiver.
6	(2) A parent or personal caregiver of a child who is a qualified
7	medical cannabis patient.
8	(3) Two (2) registered nurses or nurse practitioners.
9	(4) Three (3) qualifying patients, including one (1) veteran of
10	the armed forces of the United States.
1	(5) Nine (9) physicians.
12	(b) To the extent possible, the health care providers appointed
13	to the advisory board shall practice in one (1) or more of the
14	following areas:
15	(1) Neurology.
16	(2) Pain management.
17	(3) Medical oncology.
18	(4) Psychiatry or mental health.
19	(5) Infectious disease.
20	(6) Family medicine.
21	(7) General primary care.
22	(8) Medical ethics.
23	(9) Pharmacy.
24	(10) Pediatrics.
25	(11) Psychiatry or mental health for children or adolescents.
26	At least one (1) appointed health care practitioner shall have direct
27	experience related to the health care needs of veterans, and at least
28	one (1) individual shall have pediatric experience.
29	Sec. 9. (a) The governor shall appoint the members of the
30	advisory board.
31	(b) A member shall serve a term of four (4) years, or until a
32	successor is appointed and qualified. A member serves at the
33	pleasure of the governor.
34	(c) If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint a
35	replacement to complete the original term created by the vacancy.
36	(d) The governor shall select a chairperson.
37	(e) A member may serve multiple terms.
38	(f) No member may be affiliated with, serve on the board of, or
39	have a business relationship with a cultivation center or a
10	registered medical cannabis dispensing organization.
11	(g) A member shall disclose any real or apparent conflicts of

interest that may have a direct bearing on the subject matter, such



1	as relationships with pharmaceutical companies, biomedical device
2	manufacturers, or corporations whose products or services are
3	related to the medical condition, disease, or treatment to be
4	reviewed.
5	(h) A member who is not a state employee is not entitled to a
6	minimum salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). The
7	member is, however, entitled to reimbursement for traveling
8	expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses
9	actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as
10	provided in the state policies and procedures established by the
11	Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget
12	agency.
13	Sec. 10. The advisory board shall convene at the call of the
14	chairperson:
15	(1) to examine debilitating conditions or diseases that would
16	benefit from the medical use of cannabis; and
17	(2) to review new medical and scientific evidence related to
18	currently approved conditions.
19	Sec. 11. The advisory board shall issue an annual report of its
20	activities before November 1 of each year.
21	Sec. 12. The advisory board shall receive administrative support
22	from the state department.
23	Chapter 10. Registration of Qualifying Patients and Personal
24	Caregivers
25	Sec. 1. The state department shall issue registry identification
26	cards to qualifying patients and personal caregivers who submit a
27	completed application, and at minimum, the following, in
28	accordance with state department rules:
29	(1) A written certification from a physician, completed not
30	more than ninety (90) days immediately preceding the
31	application date.
32	(2) Upon the execution of applicable privacy waivers, medical
33	documentation related to the qualifying patient's debilitating
34	condition, and any other information that may be reasonably
35	required by the state department to confirm that the
36	physician and patient have a bona fide medical
37	physician-patient relationship, that the qualifying patient is in
38	the physician's care for the patient's debilitating medical

condition, and to substantiate the patient's diagnosis.

be deposited in the medical cannabis fund.

(3) The application or renewal fee as set by rule. The fee shall

(4) The name, address, date of birth, driver's license number,



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- and Social Security number of the qualifying patient, except that if the applicant is homeless, no address is required.
 - (5) The name, business address, driver's license number, and business telephone number of the qualifying patient's physician.
 - (6) The name, address, and date of birth of the personal caregiver, if any, chosen by the qualifying patient.
 - (7) The name of the registered medical cannabis dispensing organization the qualifying patient designates.
 - (8) Signed statements from the qualifying patient and designated personal caregiver affirming that they will not divert medical cannabis.
 - Sec. 2. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a person provided a written certification for a debilitating medical condition who has submitted a completed electronic application to the state department shall receive a provisional registration and be entitled to purchase medical cannabis from a specified licensed dispensing organization for a period of ninety (90) days, or until the application has been denied or until the patient receives a registry identification card, whichever is earlier. However, a person may obtain an additional provisional registration after the expiration of ninety (90) days from the date of application if the state department does not provide the person with a registry identification card or deny the person's application within those ninety (90) days.
 - (b) The provisional registration may not be extended if the person does not respond to the state department's request for additional information or corrections to required application documentation.
 - (c) In order for a person to receive medical cannabis under this article, a person must present the person's provisional registration along with a valid driver's license or state identification card to the licensed dispensing organization specified in the application. The dispensing organization shall verify the person's provisional registration through the state department's online verification system.
 - (d) Upon verification of the provided documents, the dispensing organization shall dispense not more than an adequate supply of medical cannabis during a fourteen (14) day period to the person for a period of ninety (90) days, until the application has been denied, or until the person receives a registry identification card from the state department, whichever is earlier. A person with a



1	provisional registration must keep the provisional registration in
2	the person's possession at all times when transporting or engaging
3	in the medical use of cannabis.
4	Sec. 3. (a) A person may not charge a fee for assistance in the
5	preparation, compilation, or submission of an application to the
6	medical cannabis program.
7	(b) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section
8	commits a Class C misdemeanor.
9	(c) All application forms issued by the state department must
10	state that no person or business may charge a fee for assistance in
11	the preparation, compilation, or submission of an application.
12	Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to a qualifying patient who is less
13	than eighteen (18) years of age.
14	(b) A qualifying patient who is less than eighteen (18) years of
15	age may have two (2) personal caregivers in accordance with this
16	section.
17	(c) If both parents or two (2) legal guardians of a qualifying
18	patient who is less than eighteen (18) years of age each have
19	significant decision making responsibilities over the qualifying
20	patient, both may serve as a designated personal caregiver if they
21	otherwise qualify under this article.
22	(d) If only one (1) parent or legal guardian has significant
23	decision making responsibilities for the qualifying patient who is
24	less than eighteen (18) years of age, the parent or legal guardian
25	may appoint a second personal caregiver who is qualified under
26	this article.
27	Chapter 11. Issuance of Registry Identification Cards
28	Sec. 1. Except as provided in section 2 of this chapter, the state
29	department shall:
30	(1) verify the information contained in an application or
31	renewal for a registry identification card submitted under this
32	article, and approve or deny an application or renewal, within
33	ninety (90) days of receiving a completed application or
34	renewal application and all supporting documentation;
35	(2) issue a registry identification card to a qualifying patient
36	and the patient's personal caregiver, if any, within fifteen (15)
37	business days of approving the application or renewal;
38	(3) enter into the verification system the registry identification
39	number of the dispensing organization the qualifying patient
40	designates; and
41	(4) allow for an electronic application process, and provide a

confirmation by electronic or other methods that an



application has been submitted.

Sec. 2. The state department may not issue a registry identification card to a qualifying patient who is less than eighteen (18) years of age unless that patient suffers from seizures, including those characteristic of epilepsy, or unless the state department has adopted a rule expressly permitting the use of medical cannabis by a person less than eighteen (18) years of age. The state department shall adopt rules for the issuance of a registry identification card for qualifying patients who are less than eighteen (18) years of age and suffering from seizures. The state department may adopt rules to allow other individuals less than eighteen (18) years of age to become qualifying patients under this article with the consent of a parent or legal guardian. Qualifying patients less than eighteen (18) years of age may not consume any form of cannabis other than medical cannabis infused products or purchase usable cannabis.

Sec. 3. For purposes of this article, a veteran who has received treatment at a Veterans Administration hospital has a bona fide medical physician-patient relationship with a Veterans Administration physician if the veteran has been examined for the veteran's debilitating medical condition at the Veterans Administration hospital in accordance with Veterans Administration hospital protocols. All reasonable inferences regarding the existence of a bona fide medical physician-patient relationship shall be drawn in favor of an applicant who is a veteran and has undergone treatment at a Veterans Administration hospital.

Sec. 4. An individual who submits an application as someone who is terminally ill shall have all fees waived. The state department shall adopt emergency rules in the manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to expedite approval for terminally ill individuals. These rules shall require that an application by an individual with a terminal illness shall be approved or denied within fourteen (14) days of submission.

Sec. 5. Upon the approval of the registration and issuance of a registry card, the state department shall forward the personal caregiver's and qualified patient's driver's license number to the bureau of motor vehicles and certify that the individual is permitted to engage in the medical use of cannabis. For the purposes of law enforcement, the bureau shall make a notation on the person's driving record stating the person is a qualifying patient or a personal caregiver who is entitled to the lawful medical use of cannabis. If the person no longer holds a valid registry card,



the state department shall notify the bureau of motor vehicles and the bureau shall remove the notation from the person's driving record. The state department and the bureau of motor vehicles may establish a system by which the information may be shared electronically.

Sec. 6. Upon the approval of the registration and issuance of a registry card, the state department shall electronically forward the qualifying patient's and personal caregiver's identification card information to INSPECT (as defined in IC 25-1-13-3) and certify that the individual is permitted to engage in the medical use of cannabis. For the purposes of patient care, INSPECT shall make a notation on the person's prescription record stating that the person is a qualifying patient who is entitled to the lawful medical use of cannabis. If the person no longer holds a valid registry card, the state department shall notify INSPECT to remove the notation from the person's record.

Chapter 12. Denial of a Registry Identification Card

- Sec. 1. The state department may deny an application or renewal of a qualifying patient's registry identification card only if the applicant:
 - (1) does not provide the required information and materials;
 - (2) previously had a registry identification card revoked;
 - (3) does not meet the requirements of this article;
 - (4) provided false or falsified information; or
 - (5) violated any requirement of this article.
- Sec. 2. The state department may deny an application or renewal for a personal caregiver chosen by a qualifying patient whose registry identification card was granted only if:
 - (1) the personal caregiver does not meet the requirements of this article;
 - (2) the applicant did not provide the information required;
 - (3) the prospective patient's application was denied;
 - (4) the personal caregiver previously had a registry identification card revoked;
 - (5) the applicant or the personal caregiver provided false or falsified information; or
 - (6) the applicant or the personal caregiver violated any requirement of this article.
- Sec. 3. The state department shall notify the qualifying patient who has designated a personal caregiver if a registry identification card will not be issued to the personal caregiver.
 - Sec. 4. Denial of an application or renewal is a final order.



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1	Chapter 13. Registry Identification Cards
2	Sec. 1. A qualifying patient or personal caregiver shall keep the
3	registry identification card in the patient's or caregiver's
4	possession at all times when engaging in the medical use of
5	cannabis.
6	Sec. 2. A registry identification card shall contain the following
7	(1) The name of the cardholder.
8	(2) A designation of whether the cardholder is a persona
9	caregiver or qualifying patient.
10	(3) The date of issuance and expiration date of the registry
l 1	identification card.
12	(4) A random alphanumeric identification number that is
13	unique to the cardholder.
14	(5) If the cardholder is a personal caregiver, the random
15	alphanumeric identification number of the qualifying patient
16	the personal caregiver is receiving the registry identification
17	card to assist.
18	(6) A photograph of the cardholder, if required by state
19	department rules.
20	Sec. 3. To maintain a valid registry identification card, a
21	qualifying patient or personal caregiver must annually submit, a
22	least forty-five (45) days before the expiration date stated on the
23	registry identification card, a completed renewal application
24	renewal fee, and accompanying documentation as described in
25	state department rules. The state department shall send a
26	notification to a qualifying patient or personal caregiver ninety
27	(90) days before the expiration of the registry identification card
28	If the state department fails to grant or deny a renewal application
29	received in accordance with this chapter, the renewal shall be
30	conditionally granted and the qualifying patient or persona
31	caregiver may continue to use the expired registry identification
32	card until the state department denies the renewal or issues a new
33	registry identification card.
34	Sec. 4. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the
35	expiration date of a registry identification card is three (3) years
36	from the date of issuance of the card.

- from the date of issuance of the card.

 Sec. 5. The state department may electronically store on the card any or all of the information listed in this chapter, along with
- card any or all of the information listed in this chapter, along with the address and date of birth of the cardholder and the qualifying patient's designated dispensing organization, to allow the information to be read by law enforcement agents.
 - Sec. 6. The renewal fee shall be deposited in the medical



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1	cannabis fund.
2	Chapter 14. Notification to the Indiana State Department of
3	Health
4	Sec. 1. The following notifications and state department
5	responses are required:
6	(1) A qualifying patient shall notify the state department of
7	any change in the patient's name or address, or if the
8	qualifying patient ceases to have the debilitating medical
9	condition, within ten (10) days of the change.
10	(2) A personal caregiver shall notify the state department of
11	any change in the personal caregiver's name or address, or if
12	the caregiver becomes aware that the qualifying patient has
13	died, within ten (10) days of the change.
14	(3) Before a qualifying patient changes a personal caregiver,
15	the qualifying patient must notify the state department.
16	(4) If a cardholder loses the cardholder's registry
17	identification card, the cardholder shall notify the state
18	department within ten (10) days of becoming aware the card
19	has been lost.
20	Sec. 2. If a cardholder notifies the state department under this
21	chapter, but remains eligible under this article, the state
22	department shall issue the cardholder a new registry identification
23	card with a new random alphanumeric identification number
24	within fifteen (15) business days of receiving the updated
25	information and a fee as specified in state department rules. The
26	fee shall be deposited in the medical cannabis fund. If the person
27	notifying the state department is a qualifying patient, the state
28	department shall also issue the patient's personal caregiver, if any,
29	a new registry identification card within fifteen (15) business days
30	of receiving the updated information.
31	Sec. 3. If a qualifying patient ceases to be a qualifying patient or
32	changes the personal caregiver, the state department shall
33	promptly notify the personal caregiver. The former personal
34	caregiver's protections under this article as to that qualifying
35	patient expire fifteen (15) days after notification by the state
36	department.
37	Sec. 4. A cardholder who fails to notify the state department as
38	required by this chapter commits a Class C infraction.
39	Sec. 5. A qualifying patient shall notify the state department of
40	any change in the designated dispensing organization.
41	Sec. 6. If a qualifying patient's certifying physician notifies the
42	state department in writing that the qualifying patient has ceased



1	to suffer from a debilitating medical condition, the bona fide
2	medical physician-patient relationship has ended, or the continued
3	use of medical cannabis would result in contraindication with the
4	patient's other medications, the qualifying patient's registry
5	identification card shall become null and void. However, the
6	qualifying patient has fifteen (15) days after the notice to destroy
7	the patient's remaining medical cannabis and related
8	paraphernalia.
9	Chapter 15. Cannabis Infused Products
10	Sec. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither the
11	state department nor a local health department may regulate the
12	service of food by a cultivation center or dispensing organization
13	if all of the following conditions are met:
14	(1) No cannabis infused products requiring refrigeration or
15	hot-holding are manufactured at a cultivation center for sale
16	or distribution at a dispensing organization.
17	(2) The products are allowable for sale only at dispensing
18	organizations.
19	(3) All items shall be individually wrapped at the original
20	point of preparation. The packaging of the medical cannabis
21	infused product must contain a label displaying all of the
22	following:
23	(A) The name and address of the cultivation center where
24	the item was manufactured.
25	(B) The common or usual name of the item.
26	(C) All ingredients of the item, including any colors,
27	artificial flavors, and preservatives, listed in descending
28	order by predominance of weight and shown with common
29	or usual names.
30	(D) A notice stating "This product was produced in a
31	medical cannabis cultivation center not subject to public
32	health inspection that may also process common food
33	allergens.".
34	(E) Allergen labeling as required by federal law.
35	(F) The total weight of usable cannabis in the package.
36	(G) A warning that the item:
37	(i) is a medical cannabis infused product and not a food;
38	and
39	(ii) contains medical cannabis and is intended for
40	consumption by qualifying patients only.

(H) The date of manufacture and the "use by" date.

(4) The dispensing organization that sells edible cannabis



- displays a placard stating "Edible cannabis infused products were produced in a kitchen not subject to public health inspections that may also process common food allergens.". The placard may not be smaller than twenty-four (24) inches tall by thirty-six (36) inches wide, with typed letters not smaller than two (2) inches. The placard must be clearly visible, readable by customers, and written in English.
- (5) Cannabis infused products for sale or distribution at a dispensing organization must be prepared by an approved staff member of a cultivation center.
- (6) A cultivation center that prepares cannabis infused products for sale or distribution at a dispensing organization shall be under the operational supervision of a state department certified food service sanitation manager.
- Sec. 2. The state department shall adopt rules for the manufacture of medical cannabis infused products and shall enforce these provisions, and for that purpose, the state department may at all times enter every building, room, basement, enclosure, or premises occupied or used or suspected of being occupied or used for the production, preparation, manufacture for sale, storage, sale, distribution, or transportation of edible medical infused cannabis products, and to inspect the premises and all utensils, fixtures, furniture, and machinery used for the preparation of these products.
- Sec. 3. If a local health department has a reasonable belief that a cultivation center's cannabis infused product poses a public health hazard, it may refer the cultivation center to the state department. If the state department finds that a cannabis infused product poses a health hazard, it may bring an action for immediate injunctive relief.

Chapter 16. Cannabis Cultivation Permits

- Sec. 1. The state department may register up to thirteen (13) cultivation centers for operation. The state department may not issue more than one (1) registration per each Indiana state police district (as specified on July 1, 2021). The state department may not issue less than the thirteen (13) registrations if there are qualified applicants that have applied with the state department.
- Sec. 2. The registrations shall be issued and renewed annually as determined by rule.
- Sec. 3. The state department shall establish a registration fee by rule. The registration fee shall be deposited in the medical cannabis fund.



1	Sec. 4. A cultivation center may operate only if the cultivation
2	center has been issued a valid registration from the state
3	department. When applying for a cultivation center registration,
4	the applicant shall submit the following in accordance with state
5	department rules:
6	(1) The proposed legal name of the cultivation center.
7	(2) The proposed physical address of the cultivation center
8	and description of the enclosed, locked facility as it applies to
9	cultivation centers where medical cannabis will be grown,
0	harvested, manufactured, packaged, or otherwise prepared
1	for distribution to a dispensing organization.
2	(3) The name, address, and date of birth of each principal
3	officer and board member of the cultivation center, each of
4	whom must be at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
5	(4) Any instance in which a business that any of the
6	prospective board members of the cultivation center managed
7	or for which a prospective board member served on the board
8	and was convicted, fined, censured, or had a registration or
9	license suspended or revoked in any administrative or judicial
20	proceeding.
21	(5) Cultivation, inventory, and packaging plans.
22	(6) Proposed operating bylaws that include procedures for the
22 23 24	oversight of the cultivation center, development and
.4	implementation of a cannabis plant monitoring system,
2.5	medical cannabis container tracking system, accurate record
26	keeping, staffing plan, and security plan reviewed by the state
27	police department that are in accordance with the rules issued
28	by the state department under this article. A physical
.9	inventory must be performed of all cannabis plants and
0	medical cannabis containers on a weekly basis.
1	(7) Experience with agricultural cultivation techniques and
2	industry standards.
3	(8) Any academic degrees, certifications, or relevant
4	experience with related businesses.
5	(9) The identity of every person, association, trust, or
6	corporation having any direct or indirect pecuniary interest
7	in the cultivation center operation with respect to which the
8	registration is sought. If the disclosed entity is:
9	(A) a trust, the application shall disclose the names and
0.	addresses of the beneficiaries;
-1	(B) a corporation, the names and addresses of all
-2	stockholders and directors; or



1	(C) a partnership, the names and addresses of all partners,
2	both general and limited.
3	(10) Verification from the state police department that all
4	background checks of the principal officer, board members,
5	and registered agents have been conducted and those
6	individuals have not been convicted of an excluded offense.
7	(11) A copy of any current local zoning ordinance to the state
8	department and verification that the proposed cultivation
9	center is in compliance with the local zoning rules.
10	(12) An application fee set by the state department by rule.
11	The application fee shall be deposited in the medical cannabis
12	fund.
13	(13) Any other information required by state department
14	rules, including a cultivation center applicant's experience
15	with the cultivation of agricultural or horticultural products,
16	operating an agriculturally related business, or operating a
17	horticultural business.
18	Sec. 5. The state department shall deny an application for a
19	cultivation center permit if any of the following conditions are met:
20	(1) The applicant failed to submit the materials required by
21	this chapter, or the applicant's plans do not satisfy the
	security, oversight, inventory, or record keeping rules issued
22 23 24 25	by the state department.
24	(2) The applicant would not be in compliance with local
25	zoning requirements.
26	(3) One (1) or more of the prospective principal officers or
27	board members has been convicted of an excluded offense.
28	(4) One (1) or more of the prospective principal officers or
29	board members has served as a principal officer or board
30	member for a dispensing organization or cultivation center
31	that has had its registration revoked.
32	(5) One (1) or more of the prospective principal officers or
33	board members is less than twenty-one (21) years of age.
34	(6) A prospective principal officer or board member has been
35	convicted of a felony under the laws of this state, the United
36	States, or any other state.
37	(7) The person has submitted an application for a certificate
38	under this article that contains false information.
39	Chapter 17. Renewal of Cultivation Center Permits
40	Sec. 1. (a) A cultivation center permit must be renewed
41	annually

(b) The state department shall notify the cultivation center in



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1	writing, at least ninety (90) days before the expiration of its current
2	registration, that the current registration will expire.
3	Sec. 2. The state department shall grant a renewal application
4	within forty-five (45) days of its submission if:
5	(1) the cultivation center submits a complete renewal
6	application and the required renewal fee established by the
7	state department by rule; and
8	(2) the state department has not suspended or revoked the
9	registration of the cultivation center for a violation of this
10	article.
11	The renewal fee shall be deposited in the medical cannabis fund.
12	Chapter 18. Background Checks
13	Sec. 1. Before granting the initial permit, the state department
14	shall require each prospective:
15	(1) principal officer;
16	(2) board member; and
17	(3) registered agent;
18	to submit the necessary information, forms, or consents for the
19	state department to obtain a national criminal history background
20	check or, as allowed by the state department, a fingerprint based
21	criminal history check, through the state police department under
22	IC 10-13-3-39.
23	Sec. 2. The state department shall require each person applying
24	as a cultivation center agent to submit the necessary information,
25	forms, or consents for the state department, to obtain a national
26	criminal history background check or, as allowed by the state
27	department, a fingerprint based criminal history check, through
28	the state police department under IC 10-13-3-39.
29	Sec. 3. Each principal officer, board member, registered agent,
30	and applicant is responsible for the cost of the national criminal
31	history background check.
32	Chapter 19. Cultivation Center Agent Identification Card
33	Sec. 1. The state department shall:
34	(1) verify the information contained in an application or
35	renewal for a cultivation center agent identification card
36	submitted under this article, and approve or deny an
37	application or renewal, within thirty (30) days of receiving a
38	completed application or renewal application and all
39	supporting documentation required by rule;
40	(2) issue a cultivation center agent identification card to a
41	qualifying agent within fifteen (15) business days of approving

the application or renewal;



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1	(3) enter the registry identification number of the cultivation
2	center where the agent works; and
3	(4) allow for an electronic application process, and provide a
4	confirmation by electronic or other methods that an
5	application has been submitted.
6	Sec. 2. A cultivation center agent must keep the agent's
7	identification card visible at all times when on the property of a
8	cultivation center and during the transportation of medical
9	cannabis to a dispensing organization.
10	Sec. 3. A cultivation center agent identification card must
11	contain:
12	(1) the name of the cardholder;
13	(2) the date of issuance and expiration date of the cultivation
14	center agent identification card;
15	(3) a random ten (10) digit alphanumeric identification
16	number, unique to the cardholder, containing at least four (4)
17	numbers and at least four (4) letters; and
18	(4) a photograph of the cardholder.
19	Sec. 4. A cultivation center agent must immediately return the
20	identification card to the cultivation center upon termination of
21	employment.
22	Sec. 5. Any identification card lost by a cultivation center agent
23	shall be reported to the state police department and the state
24	department immediately upon discovery of the loss.
25	Sec. 6. A cultivation center agent must be at least twenty-one
26	(21) years of age.
27	Sec. 7. The state department shall deny a cultivation center
28	agent an identification card if the person has been convicted of an
29	excluded offense.
30	Chapter 20. Cultivation Center Operations
31	Sec. 1. The operating documents of a cultivation center must
32	include procedures for the oversight of the cultivation center, a
33	cannabis plant monitoring system, including a physical inventory
34	recorded weekly, a cannabis container system, including a physical
35	inventory recorded weekly, accurate record keeping, and a staffing
36	plan.
37	Sec. 2. A cultivation center shall implement a security plan
38	reviewed by the state police department. The plan must include
39	facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection systems,
40	personnel identification systems, and a twenty-four (24) hour
41	surveillance system to monitor the interior and exterior of the
42	cultivation center facility. The surveillance system must be



accessible to authorized law enforcement agencies and the state department in real time.

- Sec. 3. A cultivation center may not be located within two thousand five hundred (2,500) feet of school property or be located in an area zoned for residential use.
- Sec. 4. All cultivation of cannabis for distribution to a dispensing organization must take place in an enclosed, locked facility as it applies to cultivation centers at the physical address provided to the state department during the registration process. The cultivation center location must be restricted to the cultivation center agents working for the cultivation center, state department staff performing inspections, law enforcement or other emergency personnel, and contractors working on jobs unrelated to medical cannabis, such as installing or maintaining security devices or performing electrical wiring.
- Sec. 5. A cultivation center may not sell or distribute any cannabis to any individual or entity other than a dispensing organization registered under this article.
- Sec. 6. All harvested cannabis intended for distribution to a dispensing organization must be packaged in a labeled medical cannabis container and entered into a data collection system.
- Sec. 7. A person who has been convicted of an excluded offense may not be a cultivation center agent.
- Sec. 8. Cultivation centers are subject to random inspection by the state police department.
- Sec. 9. Cultivation centers are subject to random inspections by the state department.
- Sec. 10. A cultivation center agent shall notify local law enforcement, state law enforcement, and the state department within twenty-four (24) hours of the discovery of any loss or theft from the cultivation center. Notification shall be made by telephone or in person, or by written or electronic communication.
- Sec. 11. A cultivation center must comply with all state and federal laws regarding the use of pesticides.
 - **Chapter 21. Penalties for Cultivation Centers and Agents**
- Sec. 1. Notwithstanding any other criminal penalties related to the unlawful possession of cannabis, the state department may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, issue cease and desist orders, refuse to issue or renew a registration, or take any other disciplinary or other action as the state department finds appropriate with regard to a cultivation center or cultivation center agent, including imposing a civil penalty not to exceed fifty



thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each violation, for any violations of this article and for a violation of rules adopted under this article. The procedures for disciplining a cultivation center or cultivation center agent and for administrative hearings shall be determined by rule.

Chapter 22. Registration of Dispensing Organizations

- Sec. 1. The state department may issue up to forty (40) dispensing organization registrations for operation. The state department may not issue less than the forty (40) registrations if there are qualified applicants that have applied with the state department. The organizations must be geographically dispersed throughout Indiana to allow all qualifying patients reasonable proximity and access to a dispensing organization.
- Sec. 2. A dispensing organization may operate only if it has been issued a registration from the state department. The state department shall adopt rules establishing the procedures for applicants for dispensing organizations.
- Sec. 3. When applying for a dispensing organization registration, the applicant shall submit, in accordance with state department rules:
 - (1) a nonrefundable application fee established by rule, which shall be deposited in the medical cannabis fund;
 - (2) the legal name of the dispensing organization;
 - (3) the proposed physical address of the dispensing organization;
 - (4) the name, address, and date of birth of each prospective principal officer and board member of the dispensing organization, all of whom must be at least twenty-one (21) years of age;
 - (5) information, in writing, regarding any instances in which a business or nonprofit entity that any of the prospective board members managed or for which a prospective board member served on the board was convicted, fined, censured, or had a registration suspended or revoked in any administrative or judicial proceeding;
 - (6) proposed operating bylaws that include procedures for the oversight of the medical cannabis dispensing organization and procedures to ensure accurate record keeping and security measures that are in accordance with the rules applied by the state department under this article and that include a description of the enclosed, locked facility where medical cannabis will be stored by the dispensing organization; and



1	(7) signed statements from each dispensing organization agent
2	stating that the agent will not divert medical cannabis.
3	Sec. 4. The state department shall require each person applying
4	as a dispensing organization agent to submit the necessary
5	information, forms, or consents for the state department to obtain
6	a national criminal history background check or, as allowed by the
7	state department, a fingerprint based criminal history check,
8	through the state police department under IC 10-13-3-39.
9	Sec. 5. A dispensing organization must pay a registration fee set
10	by the state department. The fee shall be deposited in the medical
11	cannabis fund.
12	Sec. 6. The state department shall deny an application for a
13	medical cannabis dispensing organization registration if:
14	(1) the applicant failed to submit the materials required by
15	this chapter, or the applicant's plans do not satisfy the
16	security, oversight, or record keeping rules issued by the state
17	department;
18	(2) the applicant would not be in compliance with local zoning
19	rules;
20	(3) the applicant does not meet other requirements of this
21	article;
22	(4) one (1) or more of the prospective principal officers or
23	board members has been convicted of an excluded offense;
24	(5) one (1) or more of the prospective principal officers or
25	board members has served as a principal officer or board
26	member for a registered medical cannabis dispensing
27	organization that has had its registration revoked;
28	(6) one (1) or more of the prospective principal officers or
29	board members is less than twenty-one (21) years of age; or
30	(7) one (1) or more of the prospective principal officers or
31	board members is a registered qualified patient or a personal
32	caregiver.
33	Chapter 23. Dispensing Organization Agent Identification Card
34	Sec. 1. The state department shall:
35	(1) verify the information contained in an application or
36	renewal for a dispensing organization agent identification
37	card submitted under this article, and approve or deny an
38	application or renewal within thirty (30) days of receiving a
39	completed application or renewal application and all
40	supporting documentation required by rule;
41	(2) issue a dispensing organization agent identification card to

a qualifying agent within fifteen (15) business days of



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1	approving the application or renewal;
2	(3) enter the registry identification number of the dispensing
3	organization where the agent works; and
4	(4) allow for an electronic application process and provide a
5	confirmation by electronic or other methods that an
6	application has been submitted.
7	Sec. 2. A dispensing organization agent must keep the agent's
8	identification card visible at all times when on the property of a
9	dispensing organization.
10	Sec. 3. A dispensing organization agent identification card must
11	contain:
12	(1) the name of the cardholder;
13	(2) the date of issuance and expiration date of the dispensing
14	organization agent identification card;
15	(3) a random ten (10) digit alphanumeric identification
16	number, unique to the cardholder, containing at least four (4)
17	numbers and at least four (4) letters; and
18	(4) a photograph of the cardholder.
19	Sec. 4. A dispensing organization agent must immediately
20	return the identification card to the dispensing organization upon
21 22	termination of employment.
22	Sec. 5. Any identification card lost by a dispensing organization
23	agent shall be reported to the state police department and the state
24	department immediately upon discovery of the loss.
25	Sec. 6. The state department shall deny a dispensing
26 27	organization agent an identification card if the person has been
	convicted of an excluded offense.
28	Chapter 24. Renewal of Dispensing Organization Permits
29	Sec. 1. (a) A dispensing organization permit must be renewed
30	annually.
31	(b) The state department shall notify the dispensing
32	organization in writing, at least ninety (90) days before the
33	expiration of its current registration, that the current registration
34	will expire.
35	Sec. 2. The state department shall grant a renewal application
36	within forty-five (45) days of its submission if:
37	(1) the dispensing organization submits a renewal application
38	and the required renewal fee established by the state
39	department by rule; and
40	(2) the state department has not suspended or revoked the
41	registration of the dispensing organization for a violation of
42	this article.



The fee shall be deposited in the medical cannabis fund.

Chapter 25. Dispensing Organization Operations

- Sec. 1. The operating documents of a dispensing organization must include procedures for the oversight of the dispensing organization, a cannabis inventory monitoring system, including a physical inventory recorded weekly, a cannabis container system, including a physical inventory recorded weekly, accurate record keeping, and a staffing plan.
- Sec. 2. A dispensing organization shall implement appropriate security measures.
- Sec. 3. A dispensing organization may not be located within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property or be located in an area zoned for residential use.
- Sec. 4. All cultivation of cannabis for distribution to a dispensing organization must take place in an enclosed, locked facility as it applies to cultivation centers at the physical address provided to the state department during the registration process. The cultivation center location must be restricted to the cultivation center agents working for the cultivation center, state department staff performing inspections, law enforcement or other emergency personnel, and contractors working on jobs unrelated to medical cannabis, such as installing or maintaining security devices or performing electrical wiring.
- Sec. 5. A dispensing organization is prohibited from acquiring cannabis from anyone other than a cultivation center. A dispensing organization is prohibited from obtaining cannabis from outside Indiana.
- Sec. 6. A dispensing organization is prohibited from dispensing cannabis for any purpose except to assist qualifying patients with the medical use of cannabis directly or through the qualifying patients' designated caregivers.
- Sec. 7. The dispensing organization must restrict access to the area where medical cannabis is stored to dispensing organization agents working for the dispensing organization, state department staff performing inspections, law enforcement or other emergency personnel, and contractors working on jobs unrelated to medical cannabis, such as installing or maintaining security devices or performing electrical wiring.
- Sec. 8. A dispensing organization may not dispense more than an adequate supply of cannabis to a qualifying patient.
- Sec. 9. Before medical cannabis may be dispensed to a personal caregiver or a qualifying patient, a dispensing organization agent



must determine that the individual is a current cardholder in the verification system and must verify:

- (1) that the registry identification card presented to the dispensing organization is valid;
- (2) that the person presenting the card is the person identified on the registry identification card presented to the dispensing organization agent;
- (3) that the dispensing organization is the designated dispensing organization for the qualifying patient who is obtaining the cannabis directly or via personal caregiver; and
- (4) that the qualifying patient has not exceeded the patient's adequate supply.

Sec. 10. Dispensing organizations shall ensure compliance with dispensing limits by maintaining internal, confidential records that include records specifying how much medical cannabis is dispensed to each qualifying patient and whether it was dispensed directly to the patient or to the personal caregiver. Each entry must include the date and time the medical cannabis was dispensed. Additional record keeping requirements may be set by rule.

- Sec. 11. A person may not consume cannabis on the property of the dispensing organization.
- Sec. 12. A dispensing organization may not share office space with or refer patients to a physician.
- Sec. 13. Notwithstanding any other criminal penalties related to the unlawful possession of cannabis, the state department may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, issue cease and desist orders, refuse to issue or renew a registration, or take any other disciplinary or other action as the state department finds appropriate with regard to a dispensing organization or dispensing organization agent, including imposing a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation, for any violations of this article, and for a violation of rules adopted under this article. The procedures for disciplining a cultivation center or cultivation center agent and for administrative hearings shall be determined by rule.
- Sec. 14. A dispensing organization is subject to random inspection and cannabis testing by the state department and state police department as provided by rule.
 - **Chapter 26. Transfer of Designated Dispensing Organization**
- Sec. 1. A qualifying patient may obtain medical cannabis only at the dispensing organization designated by the qualifying patient during registration, unless the qualifying patient transfers the



1	designation.
2	Sec. 2. A qualifying patient may transfer the designation to a
3	new dispensing organization electronically under rules adopted by
4	the state department.
5	Chapter 27. Zoning
6	Sec. 1. A unit of local government may adopt a reasonable
7	zoning ordinance concerning medical cannabis cultivation centers
8	and medical cannabis dispensing organizations. However, a unit
9	may not:
10	(1) unreasonably prohibit the cultivation, dispensing, or use
11	of medical cannabis authorized by this article; or
12	(2) otherwise regulate medical cannabis except as provided in
13	this article.
14	Chapter 28. Confidentiality
15	Sec. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this article, or as
16	provided in section 2 of this chapter, for purposes of
17	IC 5-14-3-4(a)(1), the following information is confidential, may
18	not be published, and is not open to public inspection:
19	(1) Information submitted by a patient or caregiver to obtain
20	a registry identification card.
21	(2) Information obtained by a federal, state, or local
22	governmental entity in the course of an investigation
23	concerning a patient or caregiver who applies to obtain a
24	registry identification card.
25	(3) The name and address of the patient or caregiver, and any
26	other information that may be used to identify an individual
27	who holds a registry identification card.
28	Sec. 2. Notwithstanding section 1 of this chapter:
29	(1) any information concerning a patient or caregiver who
30	applies for, or a patient or caregiver who holds, a registry
31	identification card may be released to a federal, state, or local
32	governmental entity:
33	(A) for law enforcement purposes; or
34	(B) to determine the validity of a registry identification
35	card; and
36	(2) general information concerning the issuance of a registry
37	identification card in Indiana may be released to a person
38	conducting journalistic or academic research, but only if all
39	personal information that may be used to identify any patient
40	or caregiver has been removed from the general information.
41	Sec. 3. A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this

chapter by releasing confidential information commits a disclosure



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1	of confidential medical information, a Class B misdemeanor.
2	Chapter 29. Registry Identification and Registration Certificate
3	Verification
4	Sec. 1. The state department shall maintain a confidential list of
5	the persons to whom the state department has issued registry
6	identification cards and their addresses, telephone numbers, and
7	registry identification numbers. This confidential list may not be
8	combined or linked in any manner with any other list or data base
9	except as provided in this chapter.
10	Sec. 2. Before January 1, 2022, the state department shall
11	establish a computerized data base or verification system. The data
12	base or verification system must allow law enforcement personnel
13	and medical cannabis dispensing organization agents to determine
14	whether or not the identification number corresponds with a
15	current, valid registry identification card. The system may disclose
16	only whether the identification card is valid, whether the
17	cardholder is a qualifying patient or a personal caregiver, the
18	registry identification number of the medical cannabis dispensing
19	organization designated to serve the qualifying patient who holds
20	the card, and the registry identification number of the patient who
21	is assisted by a personal caregiver who holds the card.
22	Sec. 3. The state department may issue registry cards during the
23	period in which the data base is being established to:
24	(1) qualifying patients and their designated personal
25	caregivers;
26	(2) medical cannabis dispensing organizations; and
27	(3) medical cannabis cultivation organizations;
28	that meet the requirements of this article.
29	Chapter 30. Annual Reports
30	Sec. 1. Before November 1, 2021, and November 1 of each year
31	thereafter, the state department shall submit an annual report to
32	the legislative council. The report must contain:
33	(1) the number of applications and renewals filed for registry
34	identification cards or registrations;
35	(2) the number of qualifying patients and personal caregivers
36	served by each dispensing organization during the report
37	year;
38	(3) the nature of the debilitating medical conditions of the
39	qualifying patients;
10	(4) the number of registry identification cards or registrations
11	royaled for missandust.

(5) the number of physicians providing written certifications



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for qualifying patients; and

2	(6) the number of registered medical cannabis cultivation
3	centers or dispensing organizations.
4	Sec. 2. The report required under this chapter must be in an
5	electronic format under IC 5-14-6.
6	Chapter 31. Rulemaking
7	Sec. 1. As soon as practicable after June 30, 2021, the state
8	department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2, including emergency
9	rules adopted in the manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1, to
10	implement, administer, and enforce this article.
11	Sec. 2. If the state department does not make a good faith effort
12	to adopt rules as required by section 1 of this chapter, any person
13	may bring an action, including an original action, to enforce
14	section 1 of this chapter.
15	Chapter 32. Destruction of Medical Cannabis
16	Sec. 1. A cultivation center shall destroy and dispose of all
17	cannabis byproduct, cannabis scrap, and harvested cannabis not
18	intended for distribution to a medical cannabis organization. The
19	cultivation center shall retain, at the cultivation center,
20	documentation of the destruction and disposal for a period of not
21	less than five (5) years, including the date of destruction and
22	amount destroyed.
23	Sec. 2. A cultivation center shall notify the state department and
24	the state police department before destroying the cannabis.
25	Sec. 3. A dispensing organization shall destroy all cannabis,
26	including medical cannabis infused products, that is not sold to
27	qualifying patients. Documentation of destruction and disposal
28	shall be retained at the dispensing organization for a period of not
29	less than five (5) years.
30	Sec. 4. A dispensing organization shall notify the state
31	department and the state police department before destroying the
32	cannabis.
33	SECTION 25. IC 22-15-5-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.142-2020,
34	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 16. (a) A practitioner shall comply with the
36	standards established under this licensing program. A practitioner is
37	subject to the exercise of the disciplinary sanctions under subsection
38	(b) if the department finds that a practitioner has:
39	(1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material
40	deception in order to obtain a license to practice, including
41	cheating on a licensing examination;
42	(2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of



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1	professional services or activities;
2	(3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading manner
3	(4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify
4	attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing
5	education courses provided under this chapter;
6	(5) been convicted of a crime that has a direct bearing on the
7	practitioner's ability to continue to practice competently;
8	(6) knowingly violated a state statute or rule or federal statute or
9	regulation regulating the profession for which the practitioner is
10	licensed;
11	(7) continued to practice although the practitioner has become
12	unfit to practice due to:
13	(A) professional incompetence;
14	(B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or
15	practice;
16	(C) physical or mental disability; or
17	(D) addiction to, abuse of, or severe dependency on alcohol or
18	other drugs that endanger the public by impairing a
19	practitioner's ability to practice safely;
20	(8) engaged in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connection
21	with the delivery of services to the public;
22	(9) allowed the practitioner's name or a license issued under this
23	chapter to be used in connection with an individual or business
24	who renders services beyond the scope of that individual's or
25	business's training, experience, or competence;
26	(10) had disciplinary action taken against the practitioner or the
27	practitioner's license to practice in another state or jurisdiction or
28	grounds similar to those under this chapter;
29	(11) assisted another person in committing an act that would
30	constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this chapter
31	or
32	(12) allowed a license issued by the department to be:
33	(A) used by another person; or
34	(B) displayed to the public when the license has expired, is
35	inactive, is invalid, or has been revoked or suspended.
36	For purposes of subdivision (10), a certified copy of a record or
37	disciplinary action constitutes prima facie evidence of a disciplinary
38	action in another jurisdiction.
39	(b) The department may impose one (1) or more of the following
10	sanctions if the department finds that a practitioner is subject to
11	disciplinary sanctions under subsection (a):
12	(1) Permanent revocation of a practitioner's license.



1	(2) Suspension of a practitioner's license.
2	(3) Censure of a practitioner.
3	(4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
4	(5) Assessment of a civil penalty against the practitioner in
5	accordance with the following:
6	(A) The civil penalty may not be more than one thousand
7	dollars (\$1,000) for each violation listed in subsection (a),
8	except for a finding of incompetency due to a physical or
9	mental disability.
10	(B) When imposing a civil penalty, the department shall
11	consider a practitioner's ability to pay the amount assessed. If
12	the practitioner fails to pay the civil penalty within the time
13	specified by the department, the department may suspend the
14	practitioner's license without additional proceedings. However,
15	a suspension may not be imposed if the sole basis for the
16	suspension is the practitioner's inability to pay a civil penalty.
17	(6) Placement of a practitioner on probation status and
18	requirement of the practitioner to:
19	(A) report regularly to the department upon the matters that
20	are the basis of probation;
21	(B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the department;
22	(C) continue or renew professional education approved by the
23	department until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained
24	in those areas that are the basis of the probation; or
25	(D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including
26	community restitution or service without compensation, that
27	the department considers appropriate to the public interest or
28	to the rehabilitation or treatment of the practitioner.
29	The department may withdraw or modify this probation if the
30	department finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required
31	disciplinary action has been remedied or that changed
32	circumstances warrant a modification of the order.
33	(c) If an applicant or a practitioner has engaged in or knowingly
34	cooperated in fraud or material deception to obtain a license to
35	practice, including cheating on the licensing examination, the
36	department may rescind the license if it has been granted, void the
37	examination or other fraudulent or deceptive material, and prohibit the
38	applicant from reapplying for the license for a length of time
39	established by the department.
40	(d) The department may deny licensure to an applicant who has had
41	disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the applicant's license
42	to practice in another state or jurisdiction or who has practiced without



- a license in violation of the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.

 (e) The department may order a practitioner to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the practitioner's physical or mental examination accordingly to practice and administrative in a string in a
- reasonable physical or mental examination if the practitioner's physical or mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a department order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes a practitioner liable to temporary suspension under subsection (j).

 (f) Except as provided under subsection (g) or (h), a license may not
- (f) Except as provided under subsection (g) or (h), a license may not be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant or holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which the applicant's or holder's conviction resulted may, however, be considered as to whether the applicant or holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a specific capacity.
- (g) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license issued under this chapter if the individual who holds the license is convicted of any of the following:
 - (1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
 - (2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
 - (3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
 - (4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(b) (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or IC 35-48-4-7(c) (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014).
 - (5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
 - (6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
 - (7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before its amendment on July 1, 2015).
 - (8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014, **and before July 1, 2021)** under IC 35-48-4-11.
 - (9) A felony offense under IC 35-48-4 involving possession of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), possession of a controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or possession of a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in



1	IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) as a:
2	(A) Class D felony for a crime committed before July 1, 2014;
3	or
4	(B) Level 6 felony for a crime committed after June 30, 2014;
5	under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019).
6	(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13
7	(repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a
8	controlled substance.
9	(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription
10	forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
11	(h) The department shall deny, revoke, or suspend a license issued
12	under this chapter if the individual who holds the license is convicted
13	of any of the following:
14	(1) Dealing in a controlled substance resulting in death under
15	IC 35-42-1-1.5.
16	(2) Dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-1.
17	(3) Dealing in methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.1.
18	(4) Manufacturing methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.2.
19	(5) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under
20	IC 35-48-4-2.
21 22	(6) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under
22	IC 35-48-4-3.
23 24	(7) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under
24	IC 35-48-4-4.
25 26	(8) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled
26	substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5 (repealed).
27	(9) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising,
28	distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise,
29	or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance
30	under IC 35-48-4-4.6.
31	(10) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.
32	(11) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a felony
33	under IC 35-48-4-10.
34	(12) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving the manufacture or
35	sale of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a
36	synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in
37	IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) under
38	IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019), a controlled
39	substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or a substance
40	represented to be a controlled substance (as described in
41	IC 35-48-4-4.6).
42	(13) A violation of any federal or state drug law or rule related to



- wholesale legend drug distributors licensed under IC 25-26-14.
- (i) A decision of the department under subsections (b) through (h) may be appealed to the commission under IC 4-21.5-3-7.
- (j) The department may temporarily suspend a practitioner's license under IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if the department finds that a practitioner represents a clear and immediate danger to the public's health, safety, or property if the practitioner is allowed to continue to practice.
- (k) On receipt of a complaint or an information alleging that a person licensed under this chapter has engaged in or is engaging in a practice that jeopardizes the public health, safety, or welfare, the department shall initiate an investigation against the person.
- (l) Any complaint filed with the office of the attorney general alleging a violation of this licensing program shall be referred to the department for summary review and for its general information and any authorized action at the time of the filing.
- (m) The department shall conduct a fact finding investigation as the department considers proper in relation to the complaint.
- (n) The department may reinstate a license that has been suspended under this section if, after a hearing, the department is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill, safety, and competency to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the department may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this chapter.
- (o) The department may not reinstate a license that has been revoked under this chapter. An individual whose license has been revoked under this chapter may not apply for a new license until seven (7) years after the date of revocation.
- (p) The department shall seek to achieve consistency in the application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the department's findings or orders.
- (q) A practitioner may petition the department to accept the surrender of the practitioner's license instead of having a hearing before the commission. The practitioner may not surrender the practitioner's license without the written approval of the department, and the department may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered license.
- (r) A practitioner who has been subjected to disciplinary sanctions may be required by the commission to pay the costs of the proceeding. The practitioner's ability to pay shall be considered when costs are assessed. If the practitioner fails to pay the costs, a suspension may not



1	be imposed solely upon the practitioner's inability to pay the amount
2	assessed. The costs are limited to costs for the following:
3	(1) Court reporters.
4	(2) Transcripts.
5	(3) Certification of documents.
6	(4) Photo duplication.
7	(5) Witness attendance and mileage fees.
8	(6) Postage.
9	(7) Expert witnesses.
10	(8) Depositions.
11	(9) Notarizations.
12	SECTION 26. IC 25-1-1.1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.142-2020,
13	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2. Notwithstanding IC 25-1-7, a board, a
15	commission, or a committee may suspend, deny, or revoke a license or
16	certificate issued under this title by the board, the commission, or the
17	committee without an investigation by the office of the attorney general
18	if the individual who holds the license or certificate is convicted of any
19	of the following and the board, commission, or committee determines,
20	after the individual has appeared in person, that the offense affects the
21	individual's ability to perform the duties of the profession:
22	(1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
23	(2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
24	(3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
25	(4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under
26	IC 35-48-4-7(c).
27	(5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
28	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
29	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
30	(6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
31	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
32	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
33	(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
34	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
35	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before
36	its amendment on July 1, 2015).
37	(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class
38	D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level
39	6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014, and before
40	July 1, 2021) under IC 35-48-4-11.



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(9) A felony offense under IC 35-48-4 involving possession of a

synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), possession of a

1	controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or
2	possession of a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in
3	IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) as a:
4	(A) Class D felony for a crime committed before July 1, 2014;
5	or
6	(B) Level 6 felony for a crime committed after June 30, 2014;
7	under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019).
8	(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13
9	(repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a
10	controlled substance.
11	(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription
12	forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
13	(12) A sex crime under IC 35-42-4.
14	(13) A felony that reflects adversely on the individual's fitness to
15	hold a professional license.
16	SECTION 27. IC 34-30-2-60.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
17	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 60.5. IC 16-51-2-2 (Concerning
19	a physician and medical cannabis).
20	SECTION 28. IC 34-30-2-60.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
21	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 60.6. IC 16-51-4-16 (Concerning
23	medical cannabis).
24	SECTION 29. IC 35-38-2-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.161-2018,
25	SECTION 123, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2.3. (a) As a condition of probation,
27	the court may require a person to do a combination of the following:
28	(1) Work faithfully at suitable employment or faithfully pursue a
29	course of study or career and technical education that will equip
30	the person for suitable employment.
31	(2) Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment and
32	remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose.
33	(3) Attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction,
34	recreation, or residence of persons on probation.
35	(4) Participate in a treatment program, educational class, or
36	rehabilitative service provided by a probation department or by
37	referral to an agency.
38	(5) Support the person's dependents and meet other family
39	responsibilities.
40	(6) Make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for
41	damage or injury that was sustained by the victim. When



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restitution or reparation is a condition of probation, the court shall

1	fix the amount, which may not exceed an amount the person can
2	or will be able to pay, and shall fix the manner of performance.
3	(7) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
4	governmental entity to repay the full amount of public relief or
5	assistance wrongfully received, and make repayments according
6	to a repayment schedule set out in the agreement.
7	(8) Pay a fine authorized by IC 35-50.
8	(9) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other deadly weapon
9	unless granted written permission by the court or the person's
10	probation officer.
11	(10) Report to a probation officer at reasonable times as directed
12	by the court or the probation officer.
13	(11) Permit the person's probation officer to visit the person at
14	reasonable times at the person's home or elsewhere.
15	(12) Remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless granted
16	permission to leave by the court or by the person's probation
17	officer.
18	(13) Answer all reasonable inquiries by the court or the person's
19	probation officer and promptly notify the court or probation
20	officer of any change in address or employment.
21	(14) Perform uncompensated work that benefits the community.
22	(15) Satisfy other conditions reasonably related to the person's
23	rehabilitation.
24	(16) Undergo home detention under IC 35-38-2.5.
25	(17) Undergo a laboratory test or series of tests approved by the
26	state department of health to detect and confirm the presence of
27	the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen or antibodies
28	to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), if:
29	(A) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
30	criminal sexual act and the offense created an
31	epidemiologically demonstrated risk of transmission of the
32	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); or
33	(B) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
34	controlled substance and the offense involved:
35	(i) the delivery by any person to another person; or
36	(ii) the use by any person on another person;
37	of a contaminated sharp (as defined in IC 16-41-16-2) or other
38	paraphernalia that creates an epidemiologically demonstrated
39	risk of transmission of HIV by involving percutaneous contact.
40	(18) Refrain from any direct or indirect contact with an individual
41	and, if convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3, any animal
42	belonging to the individual.



1	(19) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
2	governmental entity or with a person for reasonable costs incurred
2 3	because of the taking, detention, or return of a missing child (as
4	defined in IC 10-13-5-4).
5	(20) Periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined
6	in IC 9-13-2-22) or series of chemical tests as specified by the
7	court to detect and confirm the presence of a controlled substance
8	(as defined in IC 35-48-1-9). The person on probation is
9	responsible for any charges resulting from a test and shall have
10	the results of any test under this subdivision reported to the
11	person's probation officer by the laboratory.
12	(21) If the person was confined in a penal facility, execute a
13	reimbursement plan as directed by the court and make repayments
14	under the plan to the authority that operates the penal facility for
15	all or part of the costs of the person's confinement in the penal
16	facility. The court shall fix an amount that:
17	(A) may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able
18	to pay;
19	(B) does not harm the person's ability to reasonably be self
20	supporting or to reasonably support any dependent of the
21	person; and
22	(C) takes into consideration and gives priority to any other
23	restitution, reparation, repayment, or fine the person is
24	required to pay under this section.
25	(22) Refrain from owning, harboring, or training an animal.
26	(23) Participate in a reentry court program.
27	(24) Receive:
28	(A) addiction counseling;
29	(B) mental health counseling;
30	(C) inpatient detoxification; and
31	(D) medication assisted treatment, including a federal Food
32	and Drug Administration approved long acting, nonaddictive
33	medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
34	(b) When a person is placed on probation, the person shall be given
35	a written statement specifying:
36	(1) the conditions of probation; and
37	(2) that if the person violates a condition of probation during the
38	probationary period, a petition to revoke probation may be filed
39	before the earlier of the following:
40	(A) One (1) year after the termination of probation.
41	(B) Forty-five (45) days after the state receives notice of the
42	violation.



1	(c) As a condition of probation, the court may require that the
2	person serve a term of imprisonment in an appropriate facility at the
3	time or intervals (consecutive or intermittent) within the period of
4	probation the court determines.
5	(d) Intermittent service may be required only for a term of not more
6	than sixty (60) days and must be served in the county or local penal
7	facility. The intermittent term is computed on the basis of the actual
8	days spent in confinement and shall be completed within one (1) year.
9	A person does not earn good time credit while serving an intermittent
10	term of imprisonment under this subsection. When the court orders
11	intermittent service, the court shall state:
12	(1) the term of imprisonment;
13	(2) the days or parts of days during which a person is to be
14	confined; and
15	(3) the conditions.
16	(e) Supervision of a person may be transferred from the court that
17	placed the person on probation to a court of another jurisdiction, with
18	the concurrence of both courts. Retransfers of supervision may occur
19	in the same manner. This subsection does not apply to transfers made
20	under IC 11-13-4 or IC 11-13-5.
21	(f) When a court imposes a condition of probation described in
22	subsection (a)(18):
23	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
24	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
25	prescribed or approved by the office of judicial administration
26	with the clerk.
27	(g) As a condition of probation, a court shall require a person:
28	(1) who is described in IC 10-13-6-10(a);
29	(2) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in accordance
30	with IC 10-13-6; and
31	(3) whose sentence does not involve a commitment to the
32	department of correction;
33	to provide a DNA sample as a condition of probation.
34	(h) If a court imposes a condition of probation described in
35	subsection (a)(4), the person on probation is responsible for any costs
36	resulting from the participation in a program, class, or service. Any
37	costs collected for services provided by the probation department shall
38	be deposited in the county or local supplemental adult services fund.
39	(i) If a court imposes a condition of probation described in

subsection (a)(20), the court may not revoke the person's probation

solely on the basis that the person tested positive for marijuana or

a metabolite of marijuana.



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1	SECTION 30. IC 35-38-2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.74-2015,
2	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3. (a) The court may revoke a person's probation
4	if:
5	(1) the person has violated a condition of probation during the
6	probationary period; and
7	(2) the petition to revoke probation is filed during the
8	probationary period or before the earlier of the following:
9	(A) One (1) year after the termination of probation.
10	(B) Forty-five (45) days after the state receives notice of the
11	violation.
12	(b) When a petition is filed charging a violation of a condition of
13	probation, the court may:
14	(1) order a summons to be issued to the person to appear; or
15	(2) order a warrant for the person's arrest if there is a risk of the
16	person's fleeing the jurisdiction or causing harm to others.
17	(c) The issuance of a summons or warrant tolls the period of
18	probation until the final determination of the charge.
19	(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), the court shall conduct a
20	hearing concerning the alleged violation. The court may admit the
21	person to bail pending the hearing. A person who is not admitted to bail
22	pending the hearing may not be held in jail for more than fifteen (15)
23	days without a hearing on the alleged violation of probation.
24	(e) A person may admit to a violation of probation and waive the
25	right to a probation violation hearing after being offered the
26	opportunity to consult with an attorney. If the person admits to a
27	violation and requests to waive the probation violation hearing, the
28	probation officer shall advise the person that by waiving the right to a
29	probation violation hearing the person forfeits the rights provided in
30	subsection (f). The sanction administered must follow the schedule of
31	progressive probation violation sanctions adopted by the judicial
32	conference of Indiana under IC 11-13-1-8.
33	(f) Except as provided in subsection (e), the state must prove the
34	violation by a preponderance of the evidence. The evidence shall be
35	presented in open court. The person is entitled to confrontation,
36	cross-examination, and representation by counsel.
37	(g) Probation may not be revoked for failure to comply with
38	conditions of a sentence that imposes financial obligations on the
39	person unless the person recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally fails to
40	pay.
41	(h) If the court finds that the person has violated a condition at any
42	time before termination of the period, and the petition to revoke is filed
	* * *



1	within the probationary period, the court may impose one (1) or more
2	of the following sanctions:
3 4	(1) Continue the person on probation, with or without modifying
	or enlarging the conditions.
5	(2) Extend the person's probationary period for not more than one
6	(1) year beyond the original probationary period.
7	(3) Order execution of all or part of the sentence that was
8	suspended at the time of initial sentencing.
9	(i) If the court finds that the person has violated a condition of home
10	detention at any time before termination of the period, and the petition
11	to revoke probation is filed within the probationary period, the court
12	shall:
13	(1) order one (1) or more sanctions as set forth in subsection (h);
14	and
15	(2) provide accrued time and good time credit, if applicable, as set
16	forth under IC 35-38-2.5-5.
17	(j) If the court finds that the person has violated a condition during
18	any time before the termination of the period, and the petition is filed
19	under subsection (a) after the probationary period has expired, the court
20	may:
21	(1) reinstate the person's probationary period, with or without
22	enlarging the conditions, if the sum of the length of the original
23	probationary period and the reinstated probationary period does
24	not exceed the length of the maximum sentence allowable for the
25	offense that is the basis of the probation; or
26	(2) order execution of all or part of the sentence that was
27	suspended at the time of the initial sentencing.
28	(k) If the court finds that the person has violated a condition of
29	home detention during any time before termination of the period, and
30	the petition is filed under subsection (a) after the probation period has
31	expired, the court shall:
32	(1) order a sanction as set forth in subsection (j); and
33	
	(2) provide accrued time and good time credit, if applicable, as set
34	forth under IC 35-38-2.5-5.
35	(l) A judgment revoking probation is a final appealable order.
36	(m) Failure to pay fines or costs (including fees) required as a
37	condition of probation may not be the sole basis for commitment to the
38	department of correction.
39	(n) Failure to pay fees or costs assessed against a person under
40	IC 33-40-3-6, IC 33-37-2-3(e), or IC 35-33-7-6 is not grounds for
41	revocation of probation.
42	(o) A positive result on a chemical test showing the presence of



1	marijuana or a metabolite of marijuana in the person's body or
2	blood may not be the sole basis for revocation of probation.
3	SECTION 31. IC 35-48-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
4	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2021]:
6	Chapter 0.5. Defense to a Prosecution
7	Sec. 1. It is a defense to a prosecution for an offense under this
8	article that:
9	(1) the acts constituting the offense are authorized under
10	IC 16-51 (medical cannabis); and
11	(2) the person substantially complied with the requirements
12	of IC 16-51 (medical cannabis).
13	SECTION 32. IC 35-48-4-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.153-2018,
14	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 11. (a) A person who:
16	(1) knowingly or intentionally possesses (pure or adulterated)
17	marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia;
18	(2) knowingly or intentionally grows or cultivates marijuana; or
19	(3) knowing that marijuana is growing on the person's premises,
20	fails to destroy the marijuana plants;
21	commits possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, a Class
22	B misdemeanor, Class C infraction, except as provided in subsections
23 24	(b) through (c).
24	(b) The offense described in subsection (a) is a Class A
25	misdemeanor Class C misdemeanor if:
26	(1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug offense; or
27	(2) the:
28	(A) marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia is packaged in a
29	manner that appears to be low THC hemp extract; and
30	(B) person knew or reasonably should have known that the
31	product was marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia.
32	(c) The offense described in subsection (a) is a Level 6 felony Class
33	A misdemeanor if:
34	(1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug offense; and
35	(2) the person possesses:
36	(A) at least thirty (30) grams of marijuana; or
37	(B) at least five (5) grams of hash oil, hashish, or salvia.
38	SECTION 33. IC 35-52-16-94 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
39	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 94. IC 16-51-5-2 defines a crime
41	concerning medical cannabis.
42	SECTION 34. IC 35-52-16-95 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 95. IC 16-51-10-3 defines a crime
3	concerning medical cannabis.
4	SECTION 35. IC 35-52-16-96 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
5	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 96. IC 16-51-28-3 defines a crime
7	concerning medical cannabis

