

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1487

DIGEST OF HB 1487 (Updated March 13, 2019 10:23 am - DI 128)

Citations Affected: IC 4-5; IC 8-1; IC 23-0.5; IC 23-0.6; IC 24-2; IC 26-1; IC 33-42; IC 34-33; noncode.

Synopsis: Business services of the secretary of state. Amends the law concerning the business practices of the secretary of state, including: (1) access to information maintained by the secretary of state; (2) use of electronic information and transmissions; (3) striking the current Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) financing statement form; adding use of a format that meets certain criteria for the filings; and amending the UCC fees; (4) adding to the requirement to include a notary public's Indiana county on an authentication certificate; (5) amending requirements concerning notary public examination and education; (6) prohibiting performance of a notarial act: (a) to benefit oneself or one's spouse; or (b) when a commission is suspended or revoked; (7) specifying a notarial act fee applies; (8) providing for issuance of a certificate of fact for a notary public per signature; (9) requiring maintenance of a remote notary public electronic journal for 10 years; and (10) providing for nonresident corporate service of process on the secretary of state. Repeals current law concerning excavation (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; June 1, 2019; July 1, 2019; October 1, 2019.

Carbaugh

(SENATE SPONSORS — KOCH, LANANE)

January 16, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
January 29, 2019, amended, reported — Do Pass. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means pursuant to Rule 127.
February 14, 2019, amended, reported — Do Pass.
February 18, 2019, read second time, ordered engrossed.
February 19, 2019, engrossed. Read third time, passed. Yeas 80, nays 14.

SENATE ACTION

March 5, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. March 14, 2019, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

contractor filings and precontracting documentation of compliance with underground facility damage law. Requires the formatting of certain documents to be approved by the International Association of Commercial Administrators or the secretary of state. Specifies October 1, 2019, as the date for a fee increase concerning the indexing of certain documents. Makes the law concerning remote notarial acts applicable only to a remote notarial act performed after the earlier of the effective date of certain administrative rules or July 1, 2020. Increases the fee that a notary public may charge for a remote notarial act from \$15 to \$25. Provides that, for certain filings, the provision of an electronic mail address is discretionary. Makes a technical amendment and conforming changes.



First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1487

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning business and other associations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 4-5-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. The secretary of state may:
3	(1) establish; and
4	(2) modify;
5	at any time fees to provide electronic, expedited, and enhanced access
6	to information maintained by the secretary of state.
7	SECTION 2. IC 4-5-10-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.114-2011,
8	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The electronic and enhanced access
10	fund is established to do the following:
11	(1) Improve and enhance the technology necessary and desirable
12	to fulfill the duties of the secretary of state and state agencies as
13	provided in section 1 of this chapter.
14	(2) Improve service to customers of the secretary of state and state
15	agencies as provided in section 1 of this chapter.
16	(3) Provide the public electronic and other enhanced access to
17	information maintained by:



1	(A) the secretary of state under IC 23, IC 24, or IC 26, or
2	IC 33; and
3	(B) the secretary of state and state agencies as provided in section 1 of this chapter.
5	(4) Allow the public to conduct business electronically with the
6	secretary of state and state agencies as provided in section 1 of
7	this chapter.
8	(5) Acquire and finance technology necessary or desirable to
9	accomplish the purposes stated in subdivisions (1) through (4),
10	including the purchase or lease of hardware, software, and other
11	appropriate goods and services.
12	The secretary of state may enter into one (1) or more agreements in
13	furtherance of the purposes of this chapter.
14	(b) The fund consists solely of the following:
15	(1) Electronic and enhanced access fees established and collected
16	by the secretary of state under section 2 of this chapter.
17	(2) Other money specifically provided to the fund by law.
18	Fees collected by the secretary of state under IC 23, IC 24, or IC 26, or
19	IC 33 may not be deposited into the fund.
20	(c) The secretary of state shall administer the fund.
21	(d) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from
22	money in the fund.
23	(e) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert
24	to the state general fund.
25	(f) The secretary of state may use money in the fund to pay expenses
26	related to the purposes of the fund as set forth in section 5 of the
27	chapter, to make payments under any agreement authorized by
28	subsection (a) or authorized by law and directly relating to the purpose
29	of the fund, and monies in the fund are continuously appropriated for
30	the purposes set forth in this chapter.
31	(g) Money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations
32	of the fund may be invested by either of the following:
33	(1) The treasurer of state in the same manner as other public
34	funds may be invested.
35	(2) A financial institution designated by trust agreement with the
36	secretary of state.
37	Interest that accrues from investment of money in the fund shall be
38	deposited into the fund.
39	SECTION 3. IC 8-1-26.5-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
40	PASSAGE]. Sec. 7. In an entity filing required or permitted under
41	IC 23-0.5, a filing entity that is a contractor must include a statement,
42	signed by or on behalf of a person authorized to sign the filing, that the



1	filing entity and its employees will comply with IC 8-1-26. An entity
2	filing, including a biennial report filed under IC 23-0.5-2-13, that is
3	submitted to the secretary of state before July 1, 2018, shall be:
4	(1) corrected in the manner prescribed by IC 23-0.5-2-5 to include
5	the statement required by this section; and
6	(2) delivered to the secretary of state;
7	before the filing entity to whom the entity filing applies may commence
8	a new excavation or demolition described in IC 8-1-26.
9	SECTION 4. IC 8-1-26.5-8 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
10	PASSAGE]. Sec. 8. A contractor that is a filing entity shall provide
11	documentation of the contractor's compliance with section 7 of this
12	chapter to a communications service provider or a utility before
13	entering into a contract described in section 4 of this chapter with the
14	communications service provider or the utility.
15	SECTION 5. IC 23-0.5-1.5-15, AS ADDED BY P.L.118-2017,
16	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 15. "Governing person" means:
18	(1) a director of a business corporation;
19	(2) a director or trustee of a nonprofit corporation;
20	(3) a general partner of a general partnership;
21	(4) a general partner of a limited partnership;
22	(5) a manager of a manager-managed limited liability company;
23	(6) a member of a member-managed limited liability company; or
24	(7) any other person individual under whose authority the powers
25	of an entity are exercised and under whose direction the activities
26	and affairs of the entity are managed under the organic law and
27	organic rules of the entity.
28	SECTION 6. IC 23-0.5-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018,
29	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 3. (a) A registered agent must be an individual, a
31	general partnership, a domestic filing entity, or a registered foreign
32	entity.
33	(b) A registered agent filing must provide either:
34	(1) if the entity has a commercial registered agent, the name of the
35	entity's commercial registered agent; or
36	(2) if the entity does not have a commercial registered agent:
37	(A) the name of the individual, general partnership, domestic
38	filing entity, or registered foreign entity; and
39	(B) the address of the entity's registered agent. and
40	(C)
41	(c) If the entity does not have a commercial registered agent, a
42	registered agent filing may provide the electronic mail address of the



1	registered agent at which the registered agent will accept electronic
2	service of process only in the manner prescribed by the Indiana
3	supreme court in the Indiana trial rules.
4	(c) (d) A registered agent filing must state:
5	(1) the registered agent's consent; or
6	(2) a representation that the registered agent has consented.
7	(d) (e) Each entity registered under the laws of Indiana shall provide
8	to the entity's registered agent, and update from time to time as
9	necessary, the name, business address, and business telephone number
10	of an individual who is:
11	(1) an officer, a director, an employee, or a designated agent of
12	the entity; and
13	(2) authorized to receive communications from the registered
14	agent.
15	The individual is considered to be the communications contact for the
16	entity.
17	(e) (f) A registered agent shall retain, in paper or electronic form,
18	the information provided by an entity under subsection (d). (e).
19	(f) (g) If an entity fails to provide the registered agent with the
20	information required under subsection (d), (e), the registered agent may
21	resign, as provided in section 9 of this chapter, as the registered agent
22	for the entity.
23 24	(h) The secretary of state may provide to the Indiana supreme
24	court the electronic mail address of a registered agent.
25	SECTION 7. IC 23-0.5-5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018,
26	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 7. (a) A registered foreign entity may withdraw its
28	registration by delivering a statement of withdrawal to the secretary of
29	state for filing. The statement of withdrawal must be signed by the
30	entity and state:
31	(1) the name of the entity and its jurisdiction of formation;
32	(2) that the entity is not doing business in Indiana and that it
33	withdraws its registration to do business in Indiana;
34	(3) that the entity revokes the authority of its registered agent to
35	accept service of process on its behalf in Indiana;
36	(4) an address and electronic mail address to which service of
37	process may be made under subsection (b); (c); and
38	(5) a commitment to notify the secretary of state in the future of
39	any change in its street or electronic mail address.
40	(b) A statement of withdrawal may include an electronic mail
41	address to which service of process may be made under subsection
12	(a) If an alastronia mail address is included in the statement of



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1	withdrawal, the statement of withdrawal must include a
2 3	commitment to notify the secretary of state in the future of any
	change in its electronic mail address.
4	(b) (c) After the withdrawal of the registration of an entity, service
5	of process in any action or proceeding based on a cause of action
6	arising during the time the entity was registered to do business in
7	Indiana may be made under IC 23-0.5-4-10.
8	SECTION 8. IC 23-0.5-5-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018,
9	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 9. (a) A registered foreign entity that has
11	dissolved and completed winding up or has converted to a domestic or
12	foreign entity that is not a filing entity shall deliver a statement of
13	withdrawal to the secretary of state for filing. The statement must be
14	signed by the dissolved or converted entity and state:
15	(1) in the case of a foreign entity that has completed winding up:
16	(A) its name and jurisdiction of formation; and
17	(B) that the foreign entity surrenders its registration to do
18	business in Indiana; and
19	(2) in the case of a foreign entity that has converted to a domestic
20	or foreign entity that is not a filing entity:
21	(A) the name of the converting foreign entity and its
22	jurisdiction of formation;
23	(B) the type of entity other than a filing entity to which it has
24	converted and its jurisdiction of formation;

- converted and its jurisdiction of formation;
- (C) that it surrenders its registration to do business in Indiana and revokes the authority of its registered agent to accept service on its behalf; and
- (D) a street or electronic mail address to which service of process may be made under subsection (b). (c).
- (b) A statement of withdrawal under this section may include an electronic mail address to which service of process may be made under subsection (c).
- (b) (c) After a withdrawal under this section is effective, service of process in any action or proceeding based on a cause of action arising during the time the foreign entity was registered to do business in Indiana may be made under IC 23-0.5-4-10.

SECTION 9. IC 23-0.5-6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018, SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) If the secretary of state determines that one (1) or more grounds exist under section 1 of this chapter for administratively dissolving an entity, the secretary of state shall provide to the entity written notice of the determination unless the secretary of



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1	state:
2	(1) receives a receipt showing failure of a previous attempt of
3	service of process upon the entity's registered agent at the address
4	of the registered office; and
5	(2) determines that the secretary of state's office has no record of
6	the filing entity's principal office address.
7	(b) If a domestic filing entity, not later than sixty (60) days after
8	receiving the notice provided under subsection (a), does not cure or
9	demonstrate to the satisfaction of the secretary of state the nonexistence
10	of each ground determined by the secretary of state, the secretary of
11	state shall administratively dissolve the entity by signing a certificate
12	of administrative dissolution that recites the grounds for dissolution
13	and the effective date of dissolution. The secretary of state shall file the
14	certificate and provide to the entity a copy of the certificate.
15	(c) A domestic filing entity that is dissolved administratively
16	continues its existence as the same type of entity but may not carry on
17	any activities except:
18	(1) to apply for reinstatement under section 3 of this chapter;
19	or
20	(2) as necessary to wind up its activities and affairs and liquidate
21	its assets in the manner provided in its organic law as follows:
22	(A) For corporations, under:
23	(i) IC 6-8.1-10-9;
24	(ii) IC 23-1-45-5;
25	(iii) IC 23-1-45-6; and
26	(iv) IC 23-1-45-7.
27	(B) For nonprofit corporations, under:
28	(i) IC 6-8.1-10-9;
29	(ii) IC 23-17-22-5;
30	(iii) IC 23-17-22-6; and
31	(iv) IC 23-17-22-7.
32	(C) For limited liability companies, under:
33	(i) IC 23-18-9-4;
34	(ii) IC 23-18-9-8; and
35	(iii) IC 23-18-9-9.
36	(D) For limited partnerships, under:
37	(i) IC 23-16-9-3; and
38	(ii) IC 23-16-9-4.
39	(E) For limited liability partnerships, under:
40	(i) IC 23-4-1-36; and
41	(ii) IC 23-4-1-37.
42	or to apply for reinstatement under section 3 of this chapter.



1	(d) The administrative dissolution of a domestic filing entity does
2	not terminate the authority of its registered agent.
3	SECTION 10. IC 23-0.6-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018,
4	SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 5. (a) Articles of merger must be signed by each
6	merging entity and delivered to the secretary of state for filing.
7	(b) Articles of merger must contain:
8	(1) the name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity of each
9	merging entity that is not the surviving entity;
10	(2) the name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity of the
11	surviving entity;
12	(3) if the articles of merger are not effective upon filing, the later
13	date and time on which the articles of merger will become
14	effective, which may not be more than ninety (90) days after the
15	date of filing;
16	(4) a statement that the merger was approved by each domestic
17	merging entity, if any, in accordance with this chapter and by each
18	foreign merging entity, if any, in accordance with the law of its
19	jurisdiction of formation;
20	(5) if the surviving entity is a domestic filing entity, any
21	amendment to its public organic record approved as part of the
22	plan of merger; and
23	(6) if the surviving entity is a foreign entity that is not a registered
24	foreign entity, a mailing address and an electronic mail address to
25	which the secretary of state may send any process served on the
26	secretary of state under section 6(e) of this chapter.
27	(c) Articles of merger may contain an electronic mail address to
28	which service of process may be made under section 6(e) of this
29	chapter.
30	(c) (d) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), articles of
31	merger may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.
32	(d) (e) If the surviving entity is a domestic entity, its public organic
33	record, if any, must satisfy the requirements of the law of Indiana,
34	except that the public organic record does not need to be signed and
35	may omit any provision that is not required to be included in a
36	restatement of the public organic record.
37	(e) (f) A plan of merger that is signed by all the merging entities and
38	meets all the requirements of subsection (b) may be delivered to the
39	secretary of state for filing instead of articles of merger and on filing

has the same effect. If a plan of merger is filed as provided in this

subsection, references in this article to articles of merger refer to the



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plan of merger filed under this subsection.

1	(f) (g) Articles of merger are effective on the date and time of filing
2	or the later date and time specified in the articles of merger.
3	(g) (h) If the surviving entity is a domestic entity, the merger
4	becomes effective when the articles of merger are effective. If the
5	surviving entity is a foreign entity, the merger becomes effective on the
6	later of:
7	(1) the date and time provided by the organic law of the surviving
8	entity; or
9	(2) when the articles of merger are effective.
10	(h) (i) The surviving entity resulting from a merger may, after the
11	merger has become effective, file for record with the county recorder
12	of each county in Indiana in which the entity has real property at the
13	time of the merger, the title to which will be transferred by the merger,
14	a file-stamped copy of the articles of merger. If the articles of merger
15	set forth amendments to the articles of incorporation of the surviving
16	corporation that change its entity name, a file-stamped copy of the
17	articles of merger may be filed for record with the county recorder of
18	each county in Indiana in which the surviving entity has any real
19	property at the time the merger becomes effective. A failure to record
20	a copy of the articles of merger under this subsection does not affect
21	the validity of the merger or the change in corporate name.
22	SECTION 11. IC 23-0.6-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018,
23	SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 5. (a) Articles of conversion must be signed by the
25	converting entity and delivered to the secretary of state for filing.
26	(b) Articles of conversion must contain:
27	(1) the name, jurisdiction of organization, and type of the
28	converting entity;
29	(2) the name (which must satisfy the requirements of applicable
30	law), jurisdiction of organization, and type of the converted entity;
31	(3) if the articles of conversion are not to be effective upon filing,
32	the later date and time on which it will become effective, which
33	may not be more than ninety (90) days after the date of filing;
34	(4) if the converting entity is a domestic entity, a statement that
35	the plan of conversion was approved in accordance with this
36	article or, if the converting entity is a foreign entity, a statement
37	that the conversion was approved by the foreign entity in
38	accordance with the law of its jurisdiction of formation;

(5) if the converted entity is a domestic filing entity, its public

(6) if the converted entity is a foreign entity, a mailing address

and an electronic mail address to which the secretary of state may



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organic record, as an attachment; and

6(e) of this chapter.
(c) Articles of conversion may contain an electronic mail
address to which service of process may be made under section 6(e)
of this chapter.
(c) (d) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), articles of
conversion may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.
(d) (e) If the converted entity is a domestic entity, its public organic
record, if any, must satisfy the requirements of the law of this state,
except that the public organic record does not need to be signed and
may omit any provision that is not required to be included in a
restatement of the public organic record.
(e) (f) A plan of conversion that is signed by a domestic converting
entity and meets all the requirements of subsection (b) may be
delivered to the secretary of state for filing instead of articles of
conversion and on filing has the same effect. If a plan of conversion is
filed as provided in this subsection, references in this article to articles
of conversion refer to the plan of conversion filed under this
subsection.
(f) (g) Articles of conversion are effective upon the date and time of
filing or the later date and time specified in the articles of conversion.
(g) (h) If the converted entity is a domestic entity, the conversion
becomes effective when the articles of conversion are effective. If the
converted entity is a foreign entity, the conversion becomes effective
on the later of:
(1) the date and time provided by the organic law of the converted
entity; or
(2) when the articles of conversion are effective.
SECTION 12. IC 23-0.6-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018,
SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 5. (a) Articles of domestication must be signed by
the domesticating entity and delivered to the secretary of state for
filing.
(b) Articles of domestication must contain:
(1) the name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity of the
domesticating entity;
(2) the name (which must satisfy the requirements of applicable
law) and jurisdiction of formation of the domesticated entity;
(3) if the articles of domestication are not to be effective upon
filing, the later date and time on which the articles of
domestication will become effective, which may not be more than
ninety (90) days after the date of filing;



1	(4) if the domesticating entity is a domestic entity, a statement
2	that the plan of domestication was approved in accordance with
3	this article or, if the domesticating entity is a foreign entity, a
4	statement that the domestication was approved in accordance with
5	the law of its jurisdiction of formation;
6	(5) if the domesticated entity is a domestic filing entity, its public
7	organic record, as an attachment; and
8	(6) if the domesticated entity is a foreign entity that is not a
9	registered foreign entity, a mailing address and an electronic mail
10	address to which the secretary of state may send any process
11	served on the secretary of state pursuant to section 6(e) of this
12	chapter.
13	(c) Articles of domestication may contain an electronic mail
14	address to which service of process may be made under section 6(e)
15	of this chapter.
16	(e) (d) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), articles of
17	domestication may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.
18	(d) (e) If the domesticated entity is a domestic entity, its public
19	organic record, if any, must satisfy the requirements of the law of this
20	state, but the public organic record does not need to be signed and may
21	omit any provision that is not required to be included in a restatement
22	of the public organic record.
23	(e) (f) A plan of domestication that is signed by a domesticating
24	domestic entity and meets all the requirements of subsection (b) may
25	be delivered to the secretary of state for filing instead of articles of
26	domestication and on filing has the same effect. If a plan of
27	domestication is filed as provided in this subsection, references in this
28	article to articles of domestication refer to the plan of domestication
29	filed under this subsection.
30	(f) (g) Articles of domestication are effective on the date and time
31	of filing or the later date and time specified in the articles of
32	domestication.
33	(g) (h) A domestication in which the domesticated entity is a
34	domestic entity becomes effective when the articles of domestication
35	are effective. A domestication in which the domesticated entity is a
36	foreign entity becomes effective on the later of:
37	(1) the date and time provided by the organic law of the
38	domesticated entity; or
39	(2) when the articles of domestication become effective.
40	SECTION 13. IC 24-2-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.135-2006,
41	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) A mark and the registration of a mark



1	under this chapter are assignable with the:
2	(1) good will of the business in which the mark is used; or
3	(2) part of the good will of the business:
4	(A) connected with the use of the mark; and
5	(B) symbolized by the mark.
6	(b) An assignment:
7	(1) must be made by an instrument in writing duly executed; and
8	(2) may be electronically recorded with the secretary upon the
9	payment of a recording fee to the secretary.
10	(c) The secretary, after recording an assignment, shall issue in the
11	name of the assignee a new certificate of registration for the remainder
12	of the term of the:
13	(1) registration; or
14	(2) most recent renewal of the registration.
15	(d) An assignment of a registration under this chapter is void against
16	a subsequent purchaser for valuable consideration without notice
17	unless the assignment is recorded with the secretary not more than
18	three (3) months:
19	(1) after the date of the assignment; or
20	(2) before the subsequent purchase.
21	SECTION 14. IC 26-1-1-108.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 108.1. (a) The
23	secretary of state may provide that a document required to be filed
24	under this article with the secretary of state may be filed by telecopy,
25	facsimile, or other form of electronic transmission meeting the
26	requirements established by the secretary of state.
27	(b) The secretary of state may accept payment of a filing fee for a
28	document filed by electronic transmission by credit card, debit card,
29	charge card, or similar method. However, if the filing fee is paid by
30	credit card, debit card, charge card, or similar method, the liability is
31	not finally discharged until the secretary of state receives payment or
32	credit from the institution responsible for making the payment or credit.
33	(c) The secretary of state may contract with a bank or credit card
34	vendor for acceptance of bank or credit cards. However, if there is a
35	vendor transaction charge or discount fee, whether billed to the
36	secretary of state or charged directly to the secretary of state's account,
37	the secretary of state or the credit card vendor may collect from the
38	person using the bank or credit card a fee that may not exceed the
39	highest transaction charge or discount fee charged to the secretary of
40	state by the bank or credit card vendor during the most recent
41	collection period. The fee may be collected regardless of any

agreement between the bank and a credit card vendor or regardless of



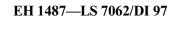
1	any internal policy of the credit card vendor that may prohibit this type
2	of fee. The fee is a permitted additional charge under IC 24-4.5-3-202.
3	SECTION 15. IC 26-1-1.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.54-2011,
4	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. The forms A format described in
6	IC 26-1-9.1-521 may be used for filings under IC 26-1.
7	SECTION 16. IC 26-1-9.1-521, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2013,
8	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 521. Except for a reason set forth in
10	IC 26-1-9.1-516(b) or IC 26-1-9.1-901, a filing office that accepts
1	written records may not refuse to accept a written initial financing
12	statement in the following form and format except for a reason set forth
13	in IC 26-1-9.1-516(b) or IC 26-1-9.1-901: document for a filing
14	authorized by this chapter if the document conforms to a format
15	that is:
16	(1) approved by the International Association of Commercial
17	Administrators; or
18	(2) adopted by rule by the secretary of state under
19	IC 26-1-9.1-526.
20	UCC FINANCING STATEMENT
21	FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS
22 23	A. NAME & PHONE OF CONTACT AT FILER (optional)
24 25	B: E-MAIL CONTACT AT FILER (optional)
26	C. SEND ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO: (Name and Address)
27 28	THE ABOVE SPACE IS FOR
29	FILING OFFICE USE ONLY
30	1. DEBTOR'S NAME = provide only one Debtor name (1a or 1b) (use
31	exact, full name;
32	do not omit, modify, or abbreviate any word in the Debtor's name)
33	1a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME
34	
35	
36	OR
37	1b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME FIRST PERSONAL
38	NAME
39 10	ADDITIONAL MANGON/BUTTAL (C) THAT A DE
10 11	ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S) THAT ARE PART OF THE NAME OF THIS DEBTOR SUFFIX
11	PART OF THE NAME OF THIS DEBTOR SUFFIX



	1c. MAILING ADDI		
	CITY COUNTRY	STATE	POSTAL CODE
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U 2	do not omit, modify,	or abbreviate an	v word in the Debto
	2a. ORGANIZATION	•	,
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θ	K 2 b. INDIVIDUAL'S S	URNAME	FIRST PERSONA
=	 ADDITIONAL NAM	IF(S)/INITIAL(S	— ————————————————————————————————————
	ARE PART OF THE	` '	,
	2c. MAILING ADDR	XESS	·
	CITY COUNTRY	STATE	POSTAL CODE
3.	SECURED PARTY	S NAME (or	NAME of ASSIC
A	SSIGNOR SECURED	·	
	PARTY) = provide or 3a. ORGANIZATION		Party name (3a or अ
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	3b. INDIVIDUAL'S	SURNAME	F I
	3b. INDIVIDUAL'S SERSONAL NAME	SURNAME	F-I



1	
2	CITY STATE POSTAL CODE
3	COUNTRY
4	
5	
6	4. COLLATERAL: This financing statement covers the following
7	collateral:
8	
9	
10	5. Check only if applicable and check only one box:
11	Collateral is □ held in a Trust (see
12	Instructions)
13	□ being administered by a Decedent's Personal
14	Representative.
15	6a. Check only if applicable and check only one box:
16	□ Public-Finance Transaction □ Manufactured-Home Transaction
17	□ A Debtor is a Transmitting Utility
18	6b. Check only if applicable and check only one box:
19	□ Agricultural Lien □ Non-UCC Filing
20	7. ALTERNATIVE DESIGNATION (if applicable): □ Lessee/Lessor
21	□ Consignee/Consignor □ Seller/Buyer □ Bailee/Bailor □
22	Licensee/Licensor
23	8. OPTIONAL FILER REFERENCE DATA
24	
25	
26	[UCC FINANCING STATEMENT (Form UCC1)]
27	UCC FINANCING STATEMENT ADDENDUM
28	FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS
29	9. NAME OF FIRST DEBTOR (same as item 1a or 1b on Financing
30	Statement)
31	9a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME
32	
33	
34	OR
35	9b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME
36	
37	FIRST PERSONAL NAME
38	
39	ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S) SUFFIX
40	
41	THE ABOVE SPACE IS FOR
42	FILING OFFICE USE ONLY





	do not omit, modify,	or abbreviate any wo
Debtor's name)	THO HOLD ALL A CE	
10a. ORGANIZA	TION'S NAME	
OR		
OK 10b. INDIVIDUA	L'S SURNAME	FIRST PERSONA
ADDITIONAL N	HAME(S)/INITIAL(S	S) THAT
ARE PART OF T	THE NAME OF TH	I S DEBTOR SUFI
10c. MAILING ₽	ADDRESS	
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11		ONAL SECTIOED D
11. NAME or 🗆 ASSICI		ONAL SECURED P
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NAME of □ ASSIGNATE PARTY'S NAME 11a. ORGANIZA OR 11b. INDIVIDUA PERSONAL NAME ADDITIONAL NAME 11c. MAILING A	NOR SECURED E = provide only one ATION'S NAME AL'S SURNAME E HAME(S)/INITIAL(S) ADDRESS	F S SUFFIX
NAME or □ ASSIGNAME PARTY'S NAME 11a. ORGANIZA OR 11b. INDIVIDUA PERSONAL NAME ADDITIONAL N	NOR SECURED E = provide only one ATION'S NAME AL'S SURNAME E HAME(S)/INITIAL(S	name (11a or 11b)





13.	– □ This FINANCING STATEMENT is to
be filed [for reco	ord] (or recorded) in the
_	TE RECORDS (if applicable)
14.	This FINANCING STATEMENT:
□ covers timb	oer to be cut □ covers as-extracted collateral □ is file
as a fixture filing	}
15.	Name and address of a RECORI
OWNER of real	estate described in item 16 (if
Debtor does r	not have a record interest):
16. ————	Description of real estate:
	MISCELLANEOUS:
17.	MISCELLANEOUS.
ILICC EN	ANCING STATEMENT ADDENIUM (Fam.
[UCC FINA UCC1Ad)]	ANCING STATEMENT ADDENDUM (For
/-	office that accepts written records may not refuse t
	record in the following form and format except for
	Him IC 26-1-9.1-516(b):
	NG STATEMENT AMENDMENT
FOLLOW INST	
	ONE OF CONTACT AT FILER (optional)
B. E-MAIL CON	NTACT AT FILER (optional)
C. SEND ACKN	WOWLEDGMENT TO: (Name and Address)
THE ABOVE	SPACE IS FOR
FILING OFF	ICE USE ONLY
1a. INITIAL	FINANCING STATEMENT FILE NUMBER
	INANCING STATEMENT AMENDMENT is to b
filed [for record]	(or
filed [for record] recorded) in t	



1	Debtor's name in
2	item 13.
3	2. □ TERMINATION: Effectiveness of the Financing Statement
4	identified above is
5	terminated with respect to the security interest(s) of
6	Secured Party authorizing this Termination Statement
7	3. □ ASSIGNMENT (full or partial): Provide name of Assignee in
8	item 7a or 7b, <u>and</u>
9	address of Assignce in item 7e and name of Assignor in item 9. For
10	partial assignment,
11	complete items 7 and 9 and also indicate affected collateral in item
12	8
13	4. □ CONTINUATION: Effectiveness of the Financing Statement
14	identified above with
15	respect to the security interest(s) of Secured
16	Party authorizing this Continuation Statement is continued for the
17	additional period
18	provided by applicable law
19	5. □ PARTY INFORMATION CHANGE:
20	Check one of these two boxes:
21	This Change affects □ Debtor or □ Secured Party of record.
22	AND
23	Check one of these three boxes to:
24	☐ CHANGE name and/or address: Complete item 6a or 6b, and item
25	7a or 7b and item
26	7 c.
27	□ ADD name: Complete item 7a or 7b, and item 7c.
28	□ DELETE name: Give record name to be deleted in item 6a or 6b.
29	6. CURRENT RECORD INFORMATION: Complete for Party
30	Information Change =
31	provide only one name (6a or 6b) (use exact, full name; do not omit,
32	modify, or
33	abbreviate any word in the Debtor's name)
34	6a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME
35	Ou. OROM VEZITION O TAME
36	
37	
38	6b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME FIRST PERSONAL NAME
39	
40	
40 41	——————————————————————————————————————
41 12	

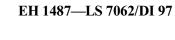


	CHANGED OR ADDED INFORMATION: Complete for
A	ssignment or Party
	Information Change = provide only one name (7a or 7b) (use exact
tu	ill name; do not
	omit, modify, or abbreviate any word in the Debtor's name)
	7a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME
0	
0.	7 b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME FIRST PERSONAL NAME
	ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S) THAT ARE
	PART OF THE NAME OF THIS DEBTOR SUFFIX
	<u> </u>
	7c. MAILING ADDRESS
	COLINITRY STATE POSTAL CODE
	COUNTRY
8	= COLLATERAL CHANGE:
٠.	Also check one of these four boxes:
	□ ADD collateral □ DELETE collateral □ RESTATE covered
cc	ollateral
	□ ASSIGN collateral
	Indicate collateral:
9.	NAME OF SECURED PARTY OF RECORD AUTHORIZING
Ŧ	HIS AMENDMENT
	- provide only one name (9a or 9b) (name of Assignor, if this is an
A	ssignment)
	If this is an Amendment authorized by a DEBTOR, check here
ar	nd provide name of
	authorizing Debtor
	9a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME
0	<u></u>
J.	r 9b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME
	ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S) SUFFIX



11. INITIAL FINANCING STATEM FILE NUMBER (same as item 1a on Amendment form) 12. NAME OF PARTY AUTHORE THIS AMENDMENT (same as item 9 on Amendment form) 12a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME
FILE NUMBER (same as item 1a on Amendment form)
FILE NUMBER (same as item 1a on Amendment form)
12. NAME OF PARTY AUTHORE THIS AMENDMENT (same as item 9 on Amendment form) 12a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME OR
THIS AMENDMENT (same as item 9 on Amendment form) 12a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME OR
THIS AMENDMENT (same as item 9 on Amendment form) 12a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME OR
Amendment form) 12a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME OR
12a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME OR
12h INDIVIDHAL'S SHRNAME FIRST PERSONAL N
ADDITIONAL NAME(C)/INITIAL(C) CLIEFLY
ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S) SUFFIX
THE ABOVE SPACE IS FOR
FILING OFFICE USE ONLY
13. Name of DEBTO
related financing statement (Name of a current Debtor of record
required for indexing purposes only in some filing offices
Instruction for item 13 =
insert only one Debtor name (13a or 13b) (use exact, full name
not omit, modify, or
abbreviate any word in the Debtor's name)
13a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME

13b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME FIRST PERSONAL N
ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S) SUFFIX
14 ADDITIONAL SI





FC	OR ITEM 8 (Collateral)
== 15 ST	This FINANCINC FATEMENT AMENDMENT: □ covers timber to be cut
	□ covers as-extracted collateral □ is filed as a fixture filing
16	
RI	ECORD OWNER of real estate described in item 17 (if Debtor does not have a record interest):
	Description of real estate
-	
FC Be su IC	[UCC FINANCING STATEMENT AMENDMENT ADDENDUM orm UCC3Ad)]". SECTION 17. IC 26-1-9.1-525 IS AMENDED TO READ A DLLOWS [EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1, 2019]: Sec. 525. (a reginning on October 1, 2019, and except as otherwise provided i bsection (e), the fee for filing and indexing a record under 26-1-9.1-501 through IC 26-1-9.1-527, other than an initial nancing statement of the kind described in IC 26-1-9.1-502(c), is: (1) four twelve dollars (\$4) (\$12) if the record is communicate
	in writing; including by facsimile, and consists of one (1) or tw (2) pages;
	(2) eight dollars (\$8) if the record is communicated in writing including by facsimile, and consists of more than two (2) page and
	(3) (2) no statutory fee if the record is communicated by
	electronic filing.
	(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e), the fee for filir
	d indexing an initial financing statement of the kind described 26-1-9.1-502(c) is:
IC	(1) eight twelve dollars (\$8) (\$12) if the financing stateme
	indicates that it is filed in connection with a public-financing
	transaction; and
	(2) eight twelve dollars (\$8) (\$12) if the financing stateme
	indicates that it is filed in connection with a manufactured-hon transaction.



1	(c) The number of names under which a record must be indexed
2	does not affect the amount of a fee under subsection (a) or (b).
3	(e) (d) The fee for responding to a request for information from the
4	filing office, including for issuing a certificate showing whether there
5	is on file any financing statement naming a particular debtor, is:
6	(1) five dollars (\$5) if the request is communicated in writing;
7	including by facsimile; and
8	(2) no statutory fee if the request is communicated electronically.
9	(d) (e) This section does not require a fee with respect to a record of
10	a mortgage which is effective as a financing statement filed as a fixture
11	filing or as a financing statement covering as-extracted collateral or
12	timber to be cut under IC 26-1-9.1-502(c). However, the recording and
13	satisfaction fees that otherwise would be applicable to the record of the
14	mortgage apply.
15	SECTION 18. IC 33-42-9-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.128-2017,
16	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) A notarial act must be authenticated
18	by a certificate bearing the date of the notarial act and the signature of
19	the notarial officer. A properly completed certificate must conform to
20	the following conditions:
21	(1) The certificate must be completed contemporaneously with
22	the performance of the notarial act.
23	(2) The certificate must be signed and dated by the notarial
24	officer. If the notarial officer is a notary public, the certificate
25	must be signed in the manner on file with the secretary of state for
26	the specific notary public.
27	(3) The certificate must identify the jurisdiction in which the
28	notarial act is performed.
29	(4) The certificate must display the title of the notarial officer.
30	(5) If the notarial officer is a notary public, the certificate must
31	display:
32	(A) the expiration date of the notary public's commission; and
33	(B) either of the following:
34	(i) The Indiana county of the notary public's commission.
35	(ii) If the notary public is not a resident of Indiana but is
36	primarily employed in Indiana, the Indiana county
37	where the notary public is primarily employed.
38	(b) A notary public who performs a notarial act shall do the
39	following:
40	(1) affix, display, or emboss the notary's official seal; and
41	(2) print or type the notary public's name underneath the notary
42	public's signature on a certificate of acknowledgment, jurat, or



1	.4
1	other official record unless the name of the notary public:
2 3	(A) appears in printed form on the record; or(B) appears as part of the notary public's seal; and
4	is legible when the record is photocopied.
5	
6	(c) If a notarial act is performed on a public record by a notarial officer other than a notary public, the information described in
7	
8	subsection (a)(2) through (a)(4) must be affixed, displayed, or embossed upon the certificate and accompanied by an official seal.
9	
10	(d) A certificate of a notarial act is sufficient if it meets the
11	requirements described in subsections (a) and (b) and:
12	(1) is in a form permitted by the laws of this state;
13	(2) is in a form permitted by the laws of the jurisdiction in which
	the notarial act was performed; or
14	(3) sets forth the actions of the notarial officer.
15	(e) By executing a certificate of a notarial act, a notarial officer
16	certifies that the officer has complied with the requirements of this
17	chapter.
18	(f) A notarial officer may not affix a signature to or associate a
19	certificate with a record until a notarial act has been performed.
20	(g) All notarized records must have a certificate attached or
21	associated with them. The affixing, attaching, or associating or
22	certificates to notarial acts must conform to subsections (a) through (d)
23	(h) An official certificate bearing a notary public's seal constitutes
24	presumptive evidence of the facts stated in cases, where, by law, the
25	notary public is authorized to certify facts.
26	(i) A notarial officer may subsequently correct any information
27	included or omitted from a certificate executed by the notarial officer
28	(j) Changes or corrections may never be made to the impression of
29	an official seal.
30	SECTION 19. IC 33-42-9-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.128-2017
31	SECTION 18, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.59-2018, SECTION 52
32	IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1
33	2019]: Sec. 12. (a) A notarial act must be authenticated by a certificate
34	bearing the date of the notarial act and the signature of the notaria
35	officer. A properly completed certificate must conform to the following
36	conditions:
37	(1) The certificate must be completed contemporaneously with
38	the performance of the notarial act.
39	(2) The certificate must be signed and dated by the notaria
40	officer. If the notarial officer is a notary public, the certificate
41	must be signed in the manner on file with the secretary of state for
42	the specific notary public.
	* * *



1	(3) The certificate must identify the jurisdiction in which the
2	notarial act is performed as follows:
3	(A) For a notarial act that is not a remote notarial act, the
4	county and state in which the principal appears before the
5	notarial officer.
6	(B) For a remote notarial act, the information required by
7	IC 33-42-17-7(a)(3).
8	(4) The certificate must display the title of the notarial officer.
9	(5) If the notarial officer is a notary public, the certificate must
10	display:
11	(A) the expiration date of the notary public's commission; and
12	(B) either of the following:
13	(i) The Indiana county of the notary public's commission.
14	(ii) If the notary public is not a resident of Indiana but is
15	primarily employed in Indiana, the Indiana county
16	where the notary public is primarily employed.
17	(b) A notary public who performs a notarial act on a tangible record
18	shall:
19	(1) affix, display, or emboss the notary public's official seal; and
20	(2) print or type the notary public's name underneath the notary
21	public's signature on a certificate of acknowledgment, jurat, or
22	other official record unless the name of the notary public:
23	(A) appears in printed form on the record; or
24	(B) appears as part of the notary public's official seal; and
25	is legible when the record is photocopied.
26	(c) If a notarial act is performed on a public record by a notarial
27	officer other than a notary public, the information described in
28	subsection (a)(2) through (a)(4) must be affixed, displayed, or
29	embossed upon the certificate and accompanied by the notarial officer's
30	official seal.
31	(d) If a notarial act is performed on an electronic record by a notary
32	public:
33	(1) the electronic notarial certificate must contain the information
34	described in subsection (a)(2) through (a)(5); and
35	(2) the notary public's electronic seal must be attached to or
36	associated with the electronic notarial certificate.
37	(e) If a notarial act is performed on an electronic record by a notarial
38	officer other than a notary public:
39	(1) the electronic notarial certificate must contain the information
40	described in subsection (a)(2) through (a)(4); and
41	(2) the notarial officer's official seal must be attached to or

associated with the electronic notarial certificate.



1	(f) A certificate of a notarial act or an electronic notarial certificate
2	is sufficient if it meets the requirements described in subsections (a)
3	and (b) and:
4	(1) is in a form permitted by the laws of this state;
5	(2) is in a form permitted by the laws of the jurisdiction in which
6	the notarial act was performed; or
7	(3) sets forth the actions of the notarial officer.
8	(g) By executing a certificate of a notarial act or an electronic
9	notarial certificate, a notarial officer certifies that the notarial officer
0	has complied with this chapter.
1	(h) A notarial officer may not affix a signature to or associate a
2	certificate of a notarial act or an electronic notarial certificate with a
3	record until a notarial act has been performed.
4	(i) A certificate of a notarial act or an electronic notarial certificate
5	must be attached to or associated with each tangible record or
6	electronic record in a manner consistent with the applicable
7	requirements of subsections (a) through (f).
8	(j) An official:
9	(1) certificate of a notarial act bearing a notarial officer's official
20	seal; or
21	(2) electronic notarial certificate bearing a notarial officer's
22 23 24	electronic seal;
.3	constitutes presumptive evidence of the facts stated in cases, where, by
	law, the notarial officer is authorized to certify facts.
25 26	(k) A notarial officer may subsequently correct any information
	included or omitted from a certificate of a notarial act or an electronic
27	notarial certificate executed by the notarial officer.
28	(l) Changes or corrections may never be made to the impression of
.9	an official seal.
0	SECTION 20. IC 33-42-12-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.128-2017,
1	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) An applicant seeking a commission as
3	a notary public, including an applicant reapplying for a subsequent
4	commission, must complete:
5	(1) a course of education; and
6	(2) an examination.
7	administered by the secretary of state.
8	(b) A notary public must fulfill a continuing education requirement
9	administered by the secretary of state, not to exceed two (2) hours of
0	continuing education every two (2) years.
1	SECTION 21. IC 33-42-13-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.128-2017,
-2	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) A commission as a notary public does
2	not allow a person to perform the following:
3	(1) Provide legal advice or otherwise practice law.
4	(2) Act as an immigration consultant or provide advice on
5	immigration matters.
6	(3) Represent a person in an administrative or judicial proceeding
7	related to citizenship or immigration.
8	(4) Use an initial or name, other than the initial or name under
9	which the notary public has been commissioned, to sign an
10	acknowledgment.
11	(5) At the time the notary takes the acknowledgment or
12	administers an oath to any person the notary public knows to be:
13	(A) adjudicated mentally incompetent; or
14	(B) under a guardianship described in IC 29-3.
15	(6) Take an acknowledgment from any person who is blind
16	without first reading the record to the person who is blind.
17	(7) Take the acknowledgment of any person who does not speak
18	or understand the English language unless the nature and effect
19	of the record is translated into a language the person speaks or
20	understands.
21	(8) Take the acknowledgment of a record without witnessing a
22	signature or receiving an acknowledgment from the principal that
23	the signature is authentic.
24	(9) Take a verification of an affidavit or oath in the absence of an
25	affirmation of truth by the affiant.
26	(10) Perform a notarial act for:
27	(A) oneself;
28	(B) one's spouse; or
29	(C) any party;
30	that may directly benefit any a person described in clauses clause
31	(A) through (C). or (B).
32	(b) A notary public may not engage in false or deceptive advertising.
33	(c) A notary public, other than an attorney licensed to practice law
34	in Indiana, may not use the term "notario" or "notario publico".
35	(d) Except as provided in subsection (g), a notary public may not
36	advertise or represent that the notary public can draft legal documents,
37	provide legal advice, or otherwise practice law. Any notary public who
38	advertises notarial services shall include the following statement in
39	each advertisement:
40	"I am not an attorney licensed to practice law in Indiana. I am not
41	allowed to draft legal records, give advice on legal matters, including
42	immigration, or charge a fee for those activities.".



1	(e) The disclaimer described in subsection (d) shall be translated
2	into every language used in an advertisement.
3	(f) If size or space restrictions make it impossible for the disclaimer
4	to be incorporated into an advertisement, the disclaimer described in
5	subsection (d) shall be prominently displayed at the site of the notarial
6	service. A display described in this subsection must be shown before
7	the performance of a notarial act.
8	(g) Subsections (c) through (f) do not apply to a notary public who
9	is licensed to practice law in Indiana.
10	(h) Unless otherwise permitted by law, a notary public may not
11	withhold access to or possession of an original record provided by a
12	person seeking the performance of a notarial act by a notary public.
13	(i) A notary public who violates this chapter may have the notary
14	public's commission revoked by a judge with jurisdiction in the county
15	in which the notary public resides or is primarily employed.
16	(j) The secretary of state may:
17	(1) investigate any violation of this chapter by a notary public;
18	and
19	(2) revoke the commission of a notary public as described in
20	section 1 of this chapter.
21	(k) A notary public whose commission has been revoked may not
22	reapply for a new commission until five (5) years after the revocation.
23	(l) A notary public who has been convicted of notario publico
24	deception under section 4 of this chapter may not reapply for a new
25	commission.
26	(m) If the secretary of state revokes the commission of a notary
27	public, the notary public may not reapply for a new commission for five
28	(5) years.
29	(n) A notary public may not perform a notarial act when the
30	notary public's commission is suspended or revoked.
31	SECTION 22. IC 33-42-13-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.128-2017,
32	SECTION 21, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.59-2018, SECTION 58,
33	IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
34	2019]: Sec. 3. (a) A commission as a notary public does not allow a
35	person to do the following:
36	(1) Provide legal advice or otherwise practice law.
37	(2) Act as an immigration consultant or provide advice on
38	immigration matters.
39	(3) Represent a person in an administrative or judicial proceeding



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41 42 related to citizenship or immigration.

(4) Use an initial or name, other than the initial or name under

which the notary public has been commissioned, to sign an

1	acknowledgment.
	(5) Take an acknowledgment or administer an oath to any person
2 3	the notary public knows at the time to be:
4	(A) adjudicated mentally incompetent; or
5	(B) under a guardianship described in IC 29-3.
6	(6) Take an acknowledgment from any person who is blind
7	without first reading the record to the person who is blind.
8	(7) Take the acknowledgment of any person who does not speak
9	or understand the English language unless the nature and effect
10	of the record is translated into a language the person speaks or
11	understands.
12	(8) Take the acknowledgment of a record without witnessing a
13	signature or receiving an acknowledgment from the principal that
14	the signature is authentic.
15	(9) Take a verification of an affidavit or oath in the absence of an
16	affirmation of truth by the affiant.
17	(10) Perform a notarial act for:
18	(A) oneself;
19	(B) one's spouse; or
20	(C) any party;
21	that may directly benefit any a person described in clauses clause
22	(A) through (C). or (B).
23	(b) A notary public may not engage in false or deceptive advertising.
24	(c) A notary public, other than an attorney licensed to practice law
25	in Indiana, may not use the term "notario" or "notario publico".
26	(d) Except as provided in subsection (g), a notary public may not
27	advertise or represent that the notary public can draft legal documents,
28	provide legal advice, or otherwise practice law. Any notary public who
29	advertises notarial services shall include the following statement in
30	each advertisement:
31	"I am not an attorney licensed to practice law in Indiana. I am not
32	allowed to draft legal records, give advice on legal matters,
33	including immigration, or charge a fee for those activities.".
34	(e) The statement described in subsection (d) shall be translated into
35	every language used in an advertisement.
36	(f) If size or space restrictions make it impossible for the statement
37	to be incorporated into an advertisement, the statement described in
38	subsection (d) shall be prominently displayed at the site where the
39	notarial act is performed. A display described in this subsection must
40	be shown before the performance of a notarial act.
41	(g) Subsections (c) through (f) do not apply to a notary public who
42	is licensed to practice law in Indiana.



1	(h) Unless otherwise permitted by law, a notary public may not
2	withhold access to or possession of an original record provided by a
3	person seeking the performance of a notarial act by a notary public.
4	(i) A notary public who violates this chapter may have the notary
5	public's commission revoked by a judge with jurisdiction in the county
6	in which the notary public resides or is primarily employed.
7	(j) A notary public whose commission has been revoked may not
8	reapply for a new commission until five (5) years after the revocation.
9	(k) A notary public who has been convicted of notario publico
10	deception under section 4 of this chapter may not reapply for a new
11	commission.
12	(1) If the secretary of state revokes the commission of a notary
13	public, the notary public may not reapply for a new commission for five
14	(5) years.
15	(m) A notary public may not perform a notarial act when the
16	notary public's commission is suspended or revoked.
17	SECTION 23. IC 33-42-14-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.128-2017,
18	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A notary public may charge a fee of not
20	more than ten dollars (\$10) per signature for each of the following
21	notarial acts:
22	(1) Taking an acknowledgment.
23	(2) Administering an affirmation or oath.
24	(3) Attesting to or witnessing a signature.
25	(4) Taking a verification on an oath or affirmation.
26	(5) Attesting to or certifying a copy.
27	(b) Fees for notarial acts not described in subsection (a) are
28	negotiable.
29	(c) If a fee is charged for a notarial act, the notary public shall
30	display, in advance, a list of the fees that the notary public will charge.
31	(d) Notarial acts that:
32	(1) are performed as part of the notary public's employment; or
33	(2) do not require record keeping;
34	are subject to private agreement and are not governed by this section.
35	(e) A notary public may charge a reasonable fee for traveling to
36	perform a notarial act. The travel fee requested may not exceed the
37	federal travel fees established by the United States General Services
38	Administration.
39	(f) Every as provided in subsection (g) a person who is a
	(f) Except as provided in subsection (g), a person who is a:
40	(1) public official; or
40 41 42	



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1	official business of that office or any other office belonging to the
2	governmental unit in which the person serves.
3	(g) Subsection (f) does not apply to a person or transaction
4	authorized to charge a fee for notarial services by another statute.
5	SECTION 24. IC 33-42-14-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.128-2017,
6	SECTION 22, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.59-2018, SECTION 60,
7	IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
8	2019]: Sec. 1. (a) A notary public may charge a fee of not more than
9	ten dollars (\$10) per signature for each of the following notarial acts:
10	(1) Taking an acknowledgment.
11	(2) Administering an affirmation or oath.
12	(3) Attesting to or witnessing a signature.
13	(4) Taking a verification on an oath or affirmation.
14	(5) Attesting to or certifying a copy.
15	(b) Fees for notarial acts not described in subsection (a) are
16	negotiable.
17	(c) If a fee is charged for a notarial act, the notary public shall
18	display, in advance, a list of the fees that the notary public will charge.
19	(d) Notarial acts that:
20	(1) are performed as part of the notary public's employment; or
	(2) do not require record keeping;
22	are subject to private agreement and are not governed by this section.
23	(e) A notary public may charge a reasonable fee for traveling to
24	perform a notarial act. The travel fee requested may not exceed the
21 22 23 24 25	federal travel fees established by the United States General Services
26	Administration.
27	(f) Except as provided in subsection (g), an individual who is a:
28	(1) public official; or
29	(2) deputy or appointee of a public official;
30	may not charge for notarial acts performed by the individual in
31	connection with any official business of the public official or any other
32	office belonging to the governmental unit in which the individual
33	serves.
34	(g) Subsection (f) does not apply to a person or transaction
35	authorized by another statute to charge a fee for performing notarial
36	acts.
37	SECTION 25. IC 33-42-15-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.128-2017,
38	SECTION 23. IC 33-42-13-2, AS ADDED BY 1.E.128-2017, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
39 40	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The secretary of state shall collect two
	dollars (\$2) for each attestation provided under this chapter. However,
41	no fee may be collected for an attestation pertaining to the following:
42	(1) An adoption.



1	(2) A birth certificate issued by the state of Indiana.
2	(3) A death certificate issued by the state of Indiana.
3	(4) A student:
4	(A) transcript; or
5	(B) diploma;
6	issued by an academic institution domiciled in Indiana and
7	attested to in a notarial act by the academic institution's
8	registrar or equivalent official.
9	(5) A document prepared by the secretary of state.
10	(b) A fee collected under subsection (a) is nonrefundable.
11	SECTION 26. IC 33-42-16-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.59-2018,
12	SECTION 61, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The secretary of state shall adopt rules
14	under IC 4-22-2 to implement this article, including rules to do the
15	following:
16	(1) Prescribe the process for conditioning, denying, granting,
17	renewing, revoking, or suspending the following:
18	(A) A commission as a notary public.
19	(B) A remote notary public registration.
20	(2) Prescribe standards to ensure the trustworthiness of
21	individuals applying for or in possession of the following:
22	(A) A commission as a notary public.
23	(B) A remote notary public registration.
24	(3) Establish processes for accepting and approving assurances.
25	(4) Prescribe the manner by which notarial acts are performed
26	with respect to tangible records and electronic records.
27	(5) Ensure that a change to or tampering with a record bearing an
28	electronic notarial certificate is self-evident.
29	(6) Specify requirements to ensure the secure creation, storage,
30	transmission, and authentication of electronic records, electronic
31	seals, and electronic signatures.
32	(7) Establish standards for approval of the following for use in
33	Indiana:
34	(A) Audio visual communication technology.
35	(B) Identity proofing.
36	(C) Credential analysis.
37	(D) Dynamic knowledge based authentication.
38	(E) Biometrics.
39	(F) Other methods of identification.
40	(8) Establish standards related to electronic notarial certificates.
41	(b) When adopting, amending, or repealing rules governing
42	electronic records or remote notarial acts, the secretary of state shall



1	consider the following:
2	(1) Recent standards regarding electronic records issued by
3	national bodies, including the National Association of Secretaries
4	of State.
5	(2) The customs, practices, and standards of other jurisdictions.
6	(3) Actions of other governmental entities and officials.
7	(c) The administrative rules for remote notarial acts must be in
8	effect before the secretary of state approves vendors of technology
9	under IC 33-42-17-6.
10	(d) Remote notary public applications will not be accepted for
11	processing until the administrative rules are in effect and vendors of
12	technology are approved by the secretary of state.
13	(e) The secretary of state may amend rules adopted under this
14	section as determined necessary as a result of changes in electronic
15	and remote notarial act technology.
16	SECTION 27. IC 33-42-16-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
17	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 5. (a) On the request of any
19	person, the secretary of state shall issue a certificate of fact for a
20	notary public.
21	(b) A certificate of fact issued under subsection (a) must state
22	the following:
23	(1) The notary public's name.
24	(2) The notary public's commission expiration date.
25	(3) The notary public's county of commission.
26	(4) That the records of the secretary of state indicate that the
27	notary public's commission is active.
28	(c) Subject to any qualification specified in a certificate of fact
29	issued under subsection (a), the certificate may be relied upon as
30	conclusive evidence of the facts stated in the certificate.
31	SECTION 28. IC 33-42-17-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.59-2018,
32	SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies only to a remote
34	notarial act performed after June 30, 2019. the earlier of:
35	(1) the effective date of rules adopted under IC 33-42-16-2; or
36	(2) July 1, 2020.
37	(b) To the extent that this chapter conflicts with another provision
38	of this article concerning remote notarial acts, this chapter is
39	controlling.
40	SECTION 29. IC 33-42-17-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.59-2018,

 ${\tt SECTION\,64, IS\, AMENDED\, TO\, READ\, AS\, FOLLOWS\, [EFFECTIVE}$

JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 2. (a) A notary public may perform a remote



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1	notarial act only after registering as a remote notary public with the
2	secretary of state.
3	(b) A notary public is eligible to register under subsection (a) if the
4	notary public:
5	(1) holds a current commission as a notary public in Indiana;
6	(2) complies with the continuing education requirements
7	described in IC 33-42-12-2, and prescribed under IC 33-42-16-2;
8	(3) is able to competently:
9	(A) operate audiovisual communication technology; and
10	(B) use identity proofing and credential analysis technology;
11	and
12	(4) pays a registration fee in the amount of five dollars (\$5); and
13	(5) passes a remote notarial act examination administered by
14	the secretary of state.
15	(c) The registration fee described in subsection (b) is in addition to
16	the processing fee described in IC 33-42-12-1(c).
17	(d) Unless a registration under this section is revoked under
18	IC 33-42-13, the term of registration:
19	(1) begins on the registration starting date set by the secretary of
20	state; and
21	(2) expires on the date on which the remote notary public's current
22	commission ends.
23	(e) A remote notary public whose registration expires under
24	subsection (d) may not perform a remote notarial act until the remote
25	notary public has reregistered under this section.
26	(f) A notary public is not required to perform remote notarial acts.
27	(g) A remote notary public may perform a remote notarial act only
28	if the remote notary public is physically present in Indiana at the time
29	the remote notarial act is performed.
30	SECTION 30. IC 33-42-17-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.59-2018,
31	SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 3. (a) A remote notary public:
33	(1) is a notary public subject to IC 33-42-12 to the same extent as
34	a notary public who is not registered under this chapter;
35	(2) may perform notarial acts under IC 33-42-9 in addition to
36	performing remote notarial acts; and
37	(3) may perform remote notarial acts in accordance with this
38	chapter.
39	(b) A remote notary public who is physically present in Indiana may
40	perform the following notarial acts as remote notarial acts:
41	(1) Taking an acknowledgment.
42	(2) Administering an affirmation or oath.



1	(3) Taking a verification on an oath or affirmation.
2	(4) Attesting to or witnessing a signature.
3	(5) Attesting to or certifying a copy of a document or record.
4	(c) A remote notary public may use audiovisual communication
5	technology in performance of a remote notarial act described in
6	subsection (b) if the remote notary public has first:
7	(1) selected an audiovisual communication technology that has
8	been approved by the secretary of state under rules adopted under
9	IC 4-22-2; and
10	(2) notified the secretary of state of the selection.
11	(d) Subject to subsection (e), a remote notarial act performed:
12	(1) by a remote notary public commissioned in Indiana; and
13	(2) using audiovisual communication technology described in
14	subsection (c);
15	is considered to have been performed in Indiana, regardless of the
16	physical location of the principal at the time the remote notarial act is
17	performed, and is governed by Indiana law.
18	(e) A remote notary public may perform a remote notarial act using
19	audiovisual communication technology described in subsection (c) for
20	a principal that is present:
21	(1) in Indiana;
22	(2) outside Indiana, but within the United States; or
23	(3) outside the United States if:
24	(A) the requested notarial act is not prohibited in the
25	jurisdiction where the principal is present at the time of the
26	remote notarial act; and
27	(B) the remote notarial act concerns a matter that:
28	(i) is before a court, a governmental entity, or another entity
29	in;
30	(ii) concerns a property located in; or
31	(iii) relates to a transaction substantially connected to a
32	territory or jurisdiction of;
33	the United States.
34	(f) A remote notarial act that is performed using audiovisua
35	communication technology described in subsection (c) must be
36	captured by an audiovisual recording, regardless of whether the
37	requested remote notarial act is completed.
38	(g) Before performing a remote notarial act described in subsections
39	(b) and (c), a remote notary public shall inform the participating parties
40	that the remote notarial act will be captured by an audiovisua
41	recording.

(h) An audiovisual recording of a remote notarial act must include



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recording.

1	the following:
2	(1) A recitation of the following by the remote notary public:
3	(A) Identifying information sufficient to identify the specific
4	remote notarial act performed.
5	(B) A statement explaining one (1) of the following:
6	(i) That the principal's identity is authenticated through the
7	remote notary public's personal knowledge of the principal's
8	identity.
9	(ii) That the identity of the principal is authenticated by a
10	credible witness.
11	(2) A confirmation by the principal that the principal's electronic
12	signature is freely and voluntarily issued.
13	(i) Regardless of the physical location of the principal at the time of
14	the notarial act, the validity of a remote notarization notarial act
15	performed by a remote notary public commissioned in Indiana must be
16	determined under the laws of this state.
17	SECTION 31. IC 33-42-17-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.59-2018,
18	SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 6. (a) Technology used by a remote notary public
20	for use in performing remote notarial acts must first be approved by the
21	secretary of state.
22	(b) The secretary of state may approve technology described in
23	subsection (a) only if the:
24	(1) technology:
25	(A) is tamper evident;
26	(B) allows a remote notarial act to be completed in accordance
27	with this article;
28	(C) conforms to rules adopted by the secretary of state under
29	IC 4-22-2; and
30	(D) if the technology is to be used for a remote notarial act
31	described in section 4(a) of this chapter, allows for audiovisual
32	communication between the parties; and
33	(2) vendor of the technology described in subdivision (1):
34	(A) uses a traditional or cloud based backup strategy that is
35	acceptable to the secretary of state for use as a record keeper
36	for any record that is related to a remote notarial act; and
37	(B) signs an agreement with the owner of the backup strategy
38	described in clause (A) that, in the event that the vendor
39	ceases business operations, the owner is required to release to
40	the secretary of state any record described in clause (A).
41	(c) A remote notary public:
42	(1) may select one (1) or more technologies approved by the



1	secretary of state under this section to perform remote notarial
2	acts; and
3	(2) may not be required to use a particular technology not
4	previously selected by the remote notary public.
5	(d) A remote notary public shall do the following:
6	(1) Take reasonable steps to ensure that audiovisual technology
7	used in a remote notarial act is secure from unauthorized
8	interception.
9	(2) Not later than thirty (30) days after the change occurs, notify
10	the secretary of state of any change in technology used by the
11	remote notary public to perform remote notarial acts.
12	SECTION 32. IC 33-42-17-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.59-2018,
13	SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 8. (a) A remote notary public who performs a
15	remote notarial act shall personally do the following:
16	(1) Enter each remote notarial act in an electronic journal.
17	(2) Maintain the electronic journal.
18	(3) Keep the electronic journal in the exclusive control of the
19	remote notary public.
20	(4) Use commercially reasonable means to prevent unauthorized
21	access to the electronic journal.
22	(5) Provide for the lawful copying and inspection of the electronic
23	journal.
24	(b) An employer may not perform the responsibilities described in
25	subsection (a) on behalf of a remote notary public.
26	(c) A remote notary public may maintain more than one (1)
27	electronic journal.
28	(d) The following apply to an electronic journal:
29	(1) Access to the information contained in the electronic journal
30	must be contingent upon the use of a password or other secure
31	means of authentication.
32	(2) It must be possible to print or produce a tangible record of any
33	entry logged in the electronic journal.
34	(e) A journal entry for each remote notarial act must consist of the
35	following:
36	(1) The date and time of the remote notarial act.
37	(2) The type of remote notarial act.
38	(3) A title or description of the electronic record for each remote
39	notarial act.
40	(4) The full name of the principal.
41	(5) A description of the manner by which the identity of the
42	principal was authenticated or verified.



1	(6) A description of any credential and the credential's
2	corresponding date of expiration used to authenticate or verify the
3	identity of the principal.
4	(7) A listing of:
5	(A) every type of fee; and
6	(B) every fee amount;
7	charged by the remote notary public for each remote notarial act.
8	(8) Any other information required by the secretary of state.
9	(f) A remote notary public shall not delete, destroy, overwrite, or
10	render inaccessible an electronic journal unless the remote notary
11	public is ordered to do so by the secretary of state or judicial order.
12	(g) Upon a remote notary public's learning that an electronic journal
13	is lost, stolen, or compromised, the remote notary public shall notify
14	the secretary of state.
15	(h) A remote notary public who resigns or whose commission
16	expires shall maintain the contents of an electronic journal for at least
17	five (5) ten (10) years after the performance of the last recorded remote
18	notarial act.
19	SECTION 33. IC 33-42-17-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.59-2018,
20	SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 9. (a) A remote notary public may charge a fee of
22	not more than fifteen dollars (\$15) twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each
23	remote notarial act.
24	(b) A remote notary public may charge a reasonable fee to recover
25	expenses related to the copying of:
26	(1) electronic journal entries; or
27	(2) audiovisual recording of remote notarial acts.
28	SECTION 34. IC 34-33-3-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. An action may
30	be filed in the county:
31	(1) where the plaintiff resides; or
32	(2) where the accident or collision occurred;
33	at the election of the plaintiff. Service of process shall be made by
34	leaving a copy of the action and a fee of five dollars (\$5) with the
35	secretary of state for the defendant to be served. on the secretary of
36	state in accordance with Trial Rule 4.10 of the Indiana Rules of
37	Trial Procedure, together with the fee set forth in IC 23-0.5-9-56.
38	The service is sufficient service upon the person if notice of service and
39	a copy of the process are immediately sent by registered mail to the
40	defendant and the defendant's return receipt is appended to the original
41	process and filed in the court.
42	SECTION 35. IC 34-33-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. If a defendan
2	refuses to accept or claim registered mail, the secretary of state shal
3	return the registered mail to the plaintiff or to the plaintiff's attorney
4	The mail shall be appended to the original process, together with an
5	affidavit of the plaintiff or of the attorney or agent that the summons
6	was delivered to the secretary of state together with a fee of five dollars
7	(\$5), in accordance with Trial Rule 4.10 of the Indiana Rules o
8	Trial Procedure, together with the fee set forth in IC 23-0.5-9-56
9	and was returned unclaimed by the United States Postal Service. The
10	affidavit, together with the returned envelope including the summons
11	is considered sufficient service upon the defendant.
12	SECTION 36. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) It is the inten-
13	of the general assembly that the following sections amended by this
14	act are effective until July 1, 2019:
15	(1) IC 33-42-9-12, as added by P.L.128-2017, SECTION 18, as
16	amended by this act.
17	(2) IC 33-42-13-3, as added by P.L.128-2017, SECTION 21, as
18	amended by this act.
19	(3) IC 33-42-14-1, as added by P.L.128-2017, SECTION 22, as
20	amended by this act.
21	(b) It is the intent of the general assembly that the following
22	sections amended by this act are effective July 1, 2019:
23	(1) IC 33-42-9-12, as added by P.L.128-2017, SECTION 18
24	and as amended by P.L.59-2018, SECTION 52, as amended by
25	this act.
26	(2) IC 33-42-13-3, as added by P.L.128-2017, SECTION 21
27	and as amended by P.L.59-2018, SECTION 58, as amended by
28	this act.
29	(3) IC 33-42-14-1, as added by P.L.128-2017, SECTION 22
30	and as amended by P.L.59-2018, SECTION 60, as amended by
31	this act.
32	(c) This SECTION expires July 1, 2020.
33	SECTION 37. An emergency is declared for this act.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1487, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, between lines 14 and 15, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 5. IC 23-0.5-1.5-15, AS ADDED BY P.L.118-2017, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 15. "Governing person" means:

- (1) a director of a business corporation;
- (2) a director or trustee of a nonprofit corporation;
- (3) a general partner of a general partnership;
- (4) a general partner of a limited partnership;
- (5) a manager of a manager-managed limited liability company;
- (6) a member of a member-managed limited liability company; or
- (7) any other person individual under whose authority the powers of an entity are exercised and under whose direction the activities and affairs of the entity are managed under the organic law and organic rules of the entity."

Page 4, line 19, reset in roman "an instrument in writing duly executed;".

Page 4, line 20, delete "electronic application;".

Page 5, line 29, delete "established" and insert "approved".

Page 5, line 30, delete "Administrators;" and insert "Administrators; or".

Page 5, line 31, delete "a rule adopted" and insert "rule".

Page 5, line 32, delete "; and" and insert ".".

Page 5, delete line 33.

Page 13, line 35, delete "Except as" and insert "Beginning on October 1, 2019, and except as".

Page 29, between lines 23 and 24, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 25. IC 33-42-17-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.59-2018, SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 9. (a) A remote notary public may charge a fee of not more than fifteen dollars (\$15) twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each remote notarial act.

(b) A remote notary public may charge a reasonable fee to recover expenses related to **the** copying of:



- (1) electronic journal entries; or
- (2) audiovisual recording of remote notarial acts.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1487 as introduced.)

TORR

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 1.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1487, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Replace the effective date in SECTION 11 with "[EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1, 2019]".

Page 25, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 22. IC 33-42-17-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.59-2018, SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies only to a remote notarial act performed after June 30, 2019. the earlier of:

- (1) the effective date of rules adopted under IC 33-42-16-2; or
- (2) July 1, 2020.
- (b) To the extent that this chapter conflicts with another provision of this article concerning remote notarial acts, this chapter is controlling.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1487 as printed January 29, 2019.)

HUSTON

Committee Vote: yeas 15, nays 7.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill No. 1487, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 3, delete lines 28 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. IC 23-0.5-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 3. (a) A registered agent must be an individual, a general partnership, a domestic filing entity, or a registered foreign entity.

- (b) A registered agent filing must provide either:
 - (1) if the entity has a commercial registered agent, the name of the entity's commercial registered agent; or
 - (2) if the entity does not have a commercial registered agent:
 - (A) the name of the individual, general partnership, domestic filing entity, or registered foreign entity; **and**
 - (B) the address of the entity's registered agent. and (C)
- (c) If the entity does not have a commercial registered agent, a registered agent filing may provide the electronic mail address of the registered agent at which the registered agent will accept electronic service of process only in the manner prescribed by the Indiana supreme court in the Indiana trial rules.
 - (c) (d) A registered agent filing must state:
 - (1) the registered agent's consent; or
 - (2) a representation that the registered agent has consented.
- (d) (e) Each entity registered under the laws of Indiana shall provide to the entity's registered agent, and update from time to time as necessary, the name, business address, and business telephone number of an individual who is:
 - (1) an officer, a director, an employee, or a designated agent of the entity; and
 - (2) authorized to receive communications from the registered agent.

The individual is considered to be the communications contact for the entity.

- (e) (f) A registered agent shall retain, in paper or electronic form, the information provided by an entity under subsection (d). (e).
 - (f) (g) If an entity fails to provide the registered agent with the



information required under subsection (d), (e), the registered agent may resign, as provided in section 9 of this chapter, as the registered agent for the entity.

(h) The secretary of state may provide to the Indiana supreme court the electronic mail address of a registered agent.

SECTION 7. IC 23-0.5-5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 7. (a) A registered foreign entity may withdraw its registration by delivering a statement of withdrawal to the secretary of state for filing. The statement of withdrawal must be signed by the entity and state:

- (1) the name of the entity and its jurisdiction of formation;
- (2) that the entity is not doing business in Indiana and that it withdraws its registration to do business in Indiana;
- (3) that the entity revokes the authority of its registered agent to accept service of process on its behalf in Indiana;
- (4) an address and electronic mail address to which service of process may be made under subsection (b); (c); and
- (5) a commitment to notify the secretary of state in the future of any change in its street or electronic mail address.
- (b) A statement of withdrawal may include an electronic mail address to which service of process may be made under subsection (c). If an electronic mail address is included in the statement of withdrawal, the statement of withdrawal must include a commitment to notify the secretary of state in the future of any change in its electronic mail address.
- (b) (c) After the withdrawal of the registration of an entity, service of process in any action or proceeding based on a cause of action arising during the time the entity was registered to do business in Indiana may be made under IC 23-0.5-4-10.

SECTION 8. IC 23-0.5-5-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018, SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 9. (a) A registered foreign entity that has dissolved and completed winding up or has converted to a domestic or foreign entity that is not a filing entity shall deliver a statement of withdrawal to the secretary of state for filing. The statement must be signed by the dissolved or converted entity and state:

- (1) in the case of a foreign entity that has completed winding up:
 - (A) its name and jurisdiction of formation; and
 - (B) that the foreign entity surrenders its registration to do business in Indiana; and
- (2) in the case of a foreign entity that has converted to a domestic



or foreign entity that is not a filing entity:

- (A) the name of the converting foreign entity and its jurisdiction of formation;
- (B) the type of entity other than a filing entity to which it has converted and its jurisdiction of formation;
- (C) that it surrenders its registration to do business in Indiana and revokes the authority of its registered agent to accept service on its behalf; and
- (D) a street or electronic mail address to which service of process may be made under subsection (b). (c).
- (b) A statement of withdrawal under this section may include an electronic mail address to which service of process may be made under subsection (c).
- (b) (c) After a withdrawal under this section is effective, service of process in any action or proceeding based on a cause of action arising during the time the foreign entity was registered to do business in Indiana may be made under IC 23-0.5-4-10.

SECTION 9. IC 23-0.5-6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018, SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) If the secretary of state determines that one (1) or more grounds exist under section 1 of this chapter for administratively dissolving an entity, the secretary of state shall provide to the entity written notice of the determination unless the secretary of state:

- (1) receives a receipt showing failure of a previous attempt of service of process upon the entity's registered agent at the address of the registered office; and
- (2) determines that the secretary of state's office has no record of the filing entity's principal office address.
- (b) If a domestic filing entity, not later than sixty (60) days after receiving the notice provided under subsection (a), does not cure or demonstrate to the satisfaction of the secretary of state the nonexistence of each ground determined by the secretary of state, the secretary of state shall administratively dissolve the entity by signing a certificate of administrative dissolution that recites the grounds for dissolution and the effective date of dissolution. The secretary of state shall file the certificate and provide to the entity a copy of the certificate.
- (c) A domestic filing entity that is dissolved administratively continues its existence as the same type of entity but may not carry on any activities except:
 - (1) to apply for reinstatement under section 3 of this chapter; or



- (2) as necessary to wind up its activities and affairs and liquidate its assets in the manner provided in its organic law as follows:
 - (A) For corporations, under:
 - (i) IC 6-8.1-10-9;
 - (ii) IC 23-1-45-5;
 - (iii) IC 23-1-45-6; and
 - (iv) IC 23-1-45-7.
 - (B) For nonprofit corporations, under:
 - (i) IC 6-8.1-10-9;
 - (ii) IC 23-17-22-5;
 - (iii) IC 23-17-22-6; and
 - (iv) IC 23-17-22-7.
 - (C) For limited liability companies, under:
 - (i) IC 23-18-9-4;
 - (ii) IC 23-18-9-8; and
 - (iii) IC 23-18-9-9.
 - (D) For limited partnerships, under:
 - (i) IC 23-16-9-3; and
 - (ii) IC 23-16-9-4.
 - (E) For limited liability partnerships, under:
 - (i) IC 23-4-1-36; and
 - (ii) IC 23-4-1-37.

or to apply for reinstatement under section 3 of this chapter.

(d) The administrative dissolution of a domestic filing entity does not terminate the authority of its registered agent.

SECTION 10. IC 23-0.6-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018, SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 5. (a) Articles of merger must be signed by each merging entity and delivered to the secretary of state for filing.

- (b) Articles of merger must contain:
 - (1) the name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity of each merging entity that is not the surviving entity;
 - (2) the name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity of the surviving entity;
 - (3) if the articles of merger are not effective upon filing, the later date and time on which the articles of merger will become effective, which may not be more than ninety (90) days after the date of filing;
 - (4) a statement that the merger was approved by each domestic merging entity, if any, in accordance with this chapter and by each foreign merging entity, if any, in accordance with the law of its jurisdiction of formation;



- (5) if the surviving entity is a domestic filing entity, any amendment to its public organic record approved as part of the plan of merger; and
- (6) if the surviving entity is a foreign entity that is not a registered foreign entity, a mailing address and an electronic mail address to which the secretary of state may send any process served on the secretary of state under section 6(e) of this chapter.
- (c) Articles of merger may contain an electronic mail address to which service of process may be made under section 6(e) of this chapter.
- (c) (d) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), articles of merger may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.
- (d) (e) If the surviving entity is a domestic entity, its public organic record, if any, must satisfy the requirements of the law of Indiana, except that the public organic record does not need to be signed and may omit any provision that is not required to be included in a restatement of the public organic record.
- (e) (f) A plan of merger that is signed by all the merging entities and meets all the requirements of subsection (b) may be delivered to the secretary of state for filing instead of articles of merger and on filing has the same effect. If a plan of merger is filed as provided in this subsection, references in this article to articles of merger refer to the plan of merger filed under this subsection.
- (f) (g) Articles of merger are effective on the date and time of filing or the later date and time specified in the articles of merger.
- (g) (h) If the surviving entity is a domestic entity, the merger becomes effective when the articles of merger are effective. If the surviving entity is a foreign entity, the merger becomes effective on the later of:
 - (1) the date and time provided by the organic law of the surviving entity; or
 - (2) when the articles of merger are effective.
- (h) (i) The surviving entity resulting from a merger may, after the merger has become effective, file for record with the county recorder of each county in Indiana in which the entity has real property at the time of the merger, the title to which will be transferred by the merger, a file-stamped copy of the articles of merger. If the articles of merger set forth amendments to the articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation that change its entity name, a file-stamped copy of the articles of merger may be filed for record with the county recorder of each county in Indiana in which the surviving entity has any real property at the time the merger becomes effective. A failure to record



a copy of the articles of merger under this subsection does not affect the validity of the merger or the change in corporate name.

SECTION 11. IC 23-0.6-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018, SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 5. (a) Articles of conversion must be signed by the converting entity and delivered to the secretary of state for filing.

- (b) Articles of conversion must contain:
 - (1) the name, jurisdiction of organization, and type of the converting entity;
 - (2) the name (which must satisfy the requirements of applicable law), jurisdiction of organization, and type of the converted entity;
 - (3) if the articles of conversion are not to be effective upon filing, the later date and time on which it will become effective, which may not be more than ninety (90) days after the date of filing;
 - (4) if the converting entity is a domestic entity, a statement that the plan of conversion was approved in accordance with this article or, if the converting entity is a foreign entity, a statement that the conversion was approved by the foreign entity in accordance with the law of its jurisdiction of formation;
 - (5) if the converted entity is a domestic filing entity, its public organic record, as an attachment; and
 - (6) if the converted entity is a foreign entity, a mailing address and an electronic mail address to which the secretary of state may send any process served on the secretary of state under section 6(e) of this chapter.
- (c) Articles of conversion may contain an electronic mail address to which service of process may be made under section 6(e) of this chapter.
- (c) (d) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), articles of conversion may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.
- (d) (e) If the converted entity is a domestic entity, its public organic record, if any, must satisfy the requirements of the law of this state, except that the public organic record does not need to be signed and may omit any provision that is not required to be included in a restatement of the public organic record.
- (e) (f) A plan of conversion that is signed by a domestic converting entity and meets all the requirements of subsection (b) may be delivered to the secretary of state for filing instead of articles of conversion and on filing has the same effect. If a plan of conversion is filed as provided in this subsection, references in this article to articles of conversion refer to the plan of conversion filed under this subsection.



- (f) (g) Articles of conversion are effective upon the date and time of filing or the later date and time specified in the articles of conversion.
- (g) (h) If the converted entity is a domestic entity, the conversion becomes effective when the articles of conversion are effective. If the converted entity is a foreign entity, the conversion becomes effective on the later of:
 - (1) the date and time provided by the organic law of the converted entity; or
 - (2) when the articles of conversion are effective.

SECTION 12. IC 23-0.6-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2018, SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JUNE 1, 2019]: Sec. 5. (a) Articles of domestication must be signed by the domesticating entity and delivered to the secretary of state for filing.

- (b) Articles of domestication must contain:
 - (1) the name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity of the domesticating entity;
 - (2) the name (which must satisfy the requirements of applicable law) and jurisdiction of formation of the domesticated entity;
 - (3) if the articles of domestication are not to be effective upon filing, the later date and time on which the articles of domestication will become effective, which may not be more than ninety (90) days after the date of filing;
 - (4) if the domesticating entity is a domestic entity, a statement that the plan of domestication was approved in accordance with this article or, if the domesticating entity is a foreign entity, a statement that the domestication was approved in accordance with the law of its jurisdiction of formation;
 - (5) if the domesticated entity is a domestic filing entity, its public organic record, as an attachment; and
 - (6) if the domesticated entity is a foreign entity that is not a registered foreign entity, a mailing address and an electronic mail address to which the secretary of state may send any process served on the secretary of state pursuant to section 6(e) of this chapter.
- (c) Articles of domestication may contain an electronic mail address to which service of process may be made under section 6(e) of this chapter.
- (c) (d) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), articles of domestication may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.
- (d) (e) If the domesticated entity is a domestic entity, its public organic record, if any, must satisfy the requirements of the law of this



state, but the public organic record does not need to be signed and may omit any provision that is not required to be included in a restatement of the public organic record.

- (e) (f) A plan of domestication that is signed by a domesticating domestic entity and meets all the requirements of subsection (b) may be delivered to the secretary of state for filing instead of articles of domestication and on filing has the same effect. If a plan of domestication is filed as provided in this subsection, references in this article to articles of domestication refer to the plan of domestication filed under this subsection.
- (f) (g) Articles of domestication are effective on the date and time of filing or the later date and time specified in the articles of domestication.
- (g) (h) A domestication in which the domesticated entity is a domestic entity becomes effective when the articles of domestication are effective. A domestication in which the domesticated entity is a foreign entity becomes effective on the later of:
 - (1) the date and time provided by the organic law of the domesticated entity; or
 - (2) when the articles of domestication become effective.".

Page 4, delete lines 1 through 22.

Page 5, line 34, delete "UPON PASSAGE]:" and insert "JUNE 1, 2019]:".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1487 as printed February 15, 2019.)

HEAD, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

