

HOUSE BILL No. 1476

DIGEST OF HB 1476 (Updated February 18, 2015 6:56 pm - DI 113)

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1.

Synopsis: County option property tax replacement fee. Permits a county council or county income tax council to establish an annual property tax replacement fee on any parcel receiving assessed value deductions or property tax credits that reduce the annual property tax liability on the parcel to less than \$200. Provides that in an adopting county the minimum annual amount due in property taxes plus the property tax replacement fee is an amount established by ordinance of between \$100 and \$200. Changes the county option amount from \$25 to \$100 for requiring the payment of property taxes and the property tax replacement fee, if any, in one installment.

Effective: January 1, 2016.

Karickhoff, Clere, DeLaney

January 14, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means. February 19, 2015, amended, reported — Do Pass.



First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1476

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-7-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008, SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. (a) The owner of a mobile home on the assessment date of a year is liable for the taxes imposed upon the mobile home for that year. Except as provided in subsection (b), the owner shall pay the taxes in two (2) equal, semi-annual installments. These semi-annual installments are due on May 10 and November 10 of the year of assessment.

(b) A county council may adopt an ordinance to require an owner to pay his the owner's property tax liability and property tax replacement fee, if any, for his the owner's mobile home in one (1) installment, if the tax liability plus property tax replacement fee, if any, for a particular year is less than twenty-five dollars (\$25). one hundred dollars (\$100) or less. If the county council has adopted such an ordinance, then whenever a tax statement mailed under

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1	IC 6-1.1-22-8.1 shows that an owner's property tax liability and
2	property tax replacement fee, if any, for a particular year for a
3	mobile home is less than twenty-five dollars (\$25), one hundred
4	dollars (\$100) or less, the owner shall pay the entire tax liability and
5	property tax replacement fee, if any, for the mobile home for that
6	year on May 10 of that year.
7	SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-20.6-8.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2010,
8	SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 8.5. (a) This section applies to an individual
10	who:
11	(1) qualified for a standard deduction granted under
12	IC 6-1.1-12-37 for the individual's homestead property in the
13	immediately preceding calendar year (or was married at the time
14	of death to a deceased spouse who qualified for a standard
15	deduction granted under IC 6-1.1-12-37 for the individual's
16	homestead property in the immediately preceding calendar year);
17	(2) qualifies for a standard deduction granted under
18	IC 6-1.1-12-37 for the same homestead property in the current
19	calendar year;
20	(3) is or will be at least sixty-five (65) years of age on or before
21	December 31 of the calendar year immediately preceding the
22	current calendar year; and
23	(4) had:
24	(A) in the case of an individual who filed a single return,
25	adjusted gross income (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal
26	Revenue Code) not exceeding thirty thousand dollars
27	(\$30,000); or
28	(B) in the case of an individual who filed a joint income tax
29	return with the individual's spouse, combined adjusted gross
30	income (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue
31	Code) not exceeding forty thousand dollars (\$40,000);
32	for the calendar year preceding by two (2) years the calendar year
33	in which property taxes are first due and payable.
34	(b) This section does not apply if the gross assessed value of the
35	homestead on the assessment date for which property taxes are
36	imposed is at least one hundred sixty thousand dollars (\$160,000).
37	(c) An individual is entitled to an additional credit under this section
38	for property taxes first due and payable for a calendar year on a
39	homestead if:

(1) the individual and the homestead qualify for the credit under

(2) the homestead is not disqualified for the credit under



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subsection (a) for the calendar year;

subsection (b) for the calendar year; and

- (3) the filing requirements under subsection (e) are met.
- (d) If the qualified homestead property is located in a county that has adopted a property tax replacement fee under IC 6-1.1-22-9 and the annual property tax liability first due and payable on the qualified homestead property is one hundred dollars (\$100) or less for the immediately preceding year after the application of the credit granted under this section for that year, the credit is the amount by which the property tax liability first due and payable on the homestead property for the calendar year exceeds one hundred dollars (\$100). If the property tax liability first due and payable on the qualified homestead property for the immediately preceding year after the application of the credit granted under this section for that year is greater than one hundred dollars (\$100), the amount of the credit is equal to the greater of zero (0) or the result of:
 - (1) the property tax liability first due and payable on the homestead property for the calendar year; minus
 - (2) the result of:
 - (A) the property tax liability first due and payable on the qualified homestead property for the immediately preceding year after the application of the credit granted under this section for that year; multiplied by
 - (B) one and two hundredths (1.02).
- However, property tax liability imposed on any improvements to or expansion of the homestead property after the assessment date for which property tax liability described in subdivision (2) was imposed shall not be considered in determining the credit granted under this section in the current calendar year.
- (e) Applications for a credit under this section shall be filed in the manner provided for an application for a deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-9. However, an individual who remains eligible for the credit in the following year is not required to file a statement to apply for the credit in the following year. An individual who receives a credit under this section in a particular year and who becomes ineligible for the credit in the following year shall notify the auditor of the county in which the homestead is located of the individual's ineligibility not later than sixty (60) days after the individual becomes ineligible.
- (f) The auditor of each county shall, in a particular year, apply a credit provided under this section to each individual who received the credit in the preceding year unless the auditor determines that the individual is no longer eligible for the credit.



1	SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-22-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2013,
2	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
4	the property taxes assessed for a year under this article are due in two
5	(2) equal installments on May 10 and November 10 of the following
6	year.
7	(b) Subsection (a) does not apply if any of the following apply to the
8	property taxes assessed for the year under this article:
9	(1) Subsection (c).
10	(2) Subsection (d).
11	(3) IC 6-1.1-7-7.
12	(4) Section 9.5 of this chapter.
13	(5) Section 9.7 of this chapter.
14	(6) Section 9.9 of this chapter.
15	(c) A county council may adopt an ordinance to require a person to
16	pay the person's property tax liability and property tax replacement
17	fee, if any, in one (1) installment, if the tax liability plus any property
18	tax replacement fee, if any, for a particular year is less than
19	twenty-five dollars (\$25), one hundred dollars (\$100) or less. If the
20	county council has adopted such an ordinance, then whenever a tax
21	statement mailed under section 8.1 of this chapter shows that the
22	person's property tax liability and property tax replacement fee, if
23	any, for a year is less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) one hundred
24	dollars (\$100) or less for the property covered by that statement, the
25	tax liability and property tax replacement fee, if any, for that year is
26	due in one (1) installment on May 10 of that year.
27	(d) If the county treasurer receives a copy of an appeal petition
28	under IC 6-1.1-18.5-12(d) before the county treasurer mails or
29	transmits statements under section 8.1 of this chapter, the county
30	treasurer may:
31	(1) mail or transmit the statements without regard to the pendency
32	of the appeal and, if the resolution of the appeal by the department
33	of local government finance results in changes in levies, mail or
34	transmit reconciling statements under subsection (e); or
35	(2) delay the mailing or transmission of statements under section
36	8.1 of this chapter so that:
37	(A) the due date of the first installment that would otherwise
38	be due under subsection (a) is delayed by not more than sixty
39	(60) days; and
40	(B) all statements reflect any changes in levies that result from
41	the resolution of the appeal by the department of local



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government finance.

1	(e) A reconciling statement under subsection (d)(1) must indicate:
2	(1) the total amount due for the year;
3	(2) the total amount of the installments paid that did not reflect
4	the resolution of the appeal under IC 6-1.1-18.5-12(d) by the
5	department of local government finance;
6	(3) if the amount under subdivision (1) exceeds the amount under
7	subdivision (2), the adjusted amount that is payable by the
8	taxpayer:
9	(A) as a final reconciliation of all amounts due for the year;
10	and
11	(B) not later than:
12	(i) November 10; or
13	(ii) the date or dates established under section 9.5 of this
14	chapter; and
15	(4) if the amount under subdivision (2) exceeds the amount under
16	subdivision (1), that the taxpayer may claim a refund of the excess
17	under IC 6-1.1-26.
18	(f) If property taxes are not paid on or before the due date, the
19	penalties prescribed in IC 6-1.1-37-10 shall be added to the delinquent
20	taxes.
21	(g) Notwithstanding any other law, a property tax liability of less
22	than five dollars (\$5) is increased to five dollars (\$5). the difference
22 23 24	between the actual liability and the five dollar (\$5) amount that appears
24	on the statement is a statement processing charge. The statement
25	processing charge is considered a part of the tax liability.
26	Notwithstanding any other law, a county fiscal body or a county
27 28	income tax council established by IC 6-3.5-6-2 for the county may
	adopt an ordinance to impose a property tax replacement fee on
29	any parcel receiving assessed value deductions under this article or
30	property tax credits under any other law that results in the annual
31	property tax liability on the parcel to be less than two hundred
32	dollars (\$200), including when a zero dollar (\$0) amount is due.
33	The fee must be set in terms of a maximum combined amount of
34	the property tax liability on a parcel plus the fee. The maximum
35	combined amount must be at least one hundred dollars (\$100) but
36	not more than two hundred dollars (\$200). If such an ordinance is
37	in effect in the county, the county treasurer shall collect a property
38	tax replacement fee equal to the difference between the maximum

combined amount minus the property tax liability on the parcel.

The revenue from the fee shall be allocated in the same manner

and at the same time as property taxes. The body that adopted the ordinance under this subsection is the only body that may rescind



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the ordinance.

- (h) This subsection applies only if a statement for payment of property taxes and special assessments by electronic mail is transmitted to a person under section 8.1(h) of this chapter. If a response to the transmission of electronic mail to a person indicates that the electronic mail was not received, the county treasurer shall mail to the person a hard copy of the statement in the manner required by section 8.1(a) of this chapter for persons who do not opt to receive statements by electronic mail. The due date for the property taxes and special assessments under a statement mailed to a person under this subsection is the due date indicated in the statement transmitted to the person by electronic mail.
- (i) In a county in which an authorizing ordinance is adopted under section 8.1(h) of this chapter, a person may direct the county treasurer to transmit a reconciling statement under subsection (d)(1) by electronic mail under section 8.1(h) of this chapter.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1476, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 5, line 31, delete "one" and insert "two".

Page 5, line 32, delete "(\$100)" and insert "(\$200)".

Page 5, line 32, after "due." insert "The fee must be set in terms of a maximum combined amount of the property tax liability on a parcel plus the fee. The maximum combined amount must be at least one hundred dollars (\$100) but not more than two hundred dollars (\$200)."

Page 5, line 35, delete "the actual liability and one hundred dollars (\$100)." and insert "the maximum combined amount minus the property tax liability on the parcel.".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1476 as introduced.)

BROWN T

Committee Vote: yeas 15, nays 6.

