## **HOUSE BILL No. 1440**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 12-7-2; IC 12-23-11.1-1; IC 12-26-6.5.

**Synopsis:** Involuntary commitment for addiction treatment. Establishes a proceeding for the commitment of an individual who suffers from substance abuse. Provides that the petitioner must agree to pay the cost of the respondent's commitment. Establishes requirements before the court may issue an order for commitment. Allows the court to order the respondent to receive treatment and to appear at an evaluation.

Effective: July 1, 2023.

## Ledbetter, Steuerwald

January 17, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.



First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1440**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning human services.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 12-7-2-82, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2007,
2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 82. "Facility" means the following:
4	(1) For purposes of IC 12-17-12, the meaning set forth in
5	IC 12-17-12-3.
6	(2) For purposes of IC 12-17-13, the meaning set forth in
7	IC 12-17-13-2.
8	(3) For purposes of IC 12-26, a hospital, a health and hospital
9	corporation established under IC 16-22-8, a psychiatric hospital,
10	a community mental health center, another institution, a program,
11	a managed care provider, or a child caring institution:
12	(A) where an individual with a mental illness or who is a
13	substance abuser can receive rehabilitative treatment, or
14	habilitation and care, in the least restrictive environment
15	suitable for the necessary care, treatment, and protection of the
16	individual and others; and
17	(B) that has adequate space and treatment staff appropriate to



1	the needs of the individual as determined by the
2	superintendent of the facility.
3	The term includes all services, programs, and centers of the
4	facility, wherever located.
5	(4) For purposes of IC 12-15-32, the meaning set forth in
6	IC 12-15-32-1.
7	SECTION 2. IC 12-7-2-154.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
8	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 154.9. "Qualified health
10	professional", for purposes of IC 12-26-6.5, has the meaning set
11	forth in IC 12-26-6.5-1.
12	SECTION 3. IC 12-7-2-187.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
13	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
14	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 187.5. "Substance abuser", for
15	purposes of IC 12-26, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-26-6.5-2.
16	SECTION 4. IC 12-23-11.1-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.187-2015,
17	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), an
19	individual who is:
20	(1) an alcoholic;
21	(2) incapacitated by alcohol; or
22	(3) a drug abuser; <b>or</b>
23	(4) diagnosed with a substance use disorder as published in
24	the most current version of the American Psychiatric
25	Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental
26	Disorders;
27	may be involuntarily committed to the care of the division under
28	IC 12-26.
29	(b) A drug abuser who is charged with or convicted of an offense
30	that makes the individual ineligible to make an election for treatment
31	under IC 12-23-6.1 may not be involuntarily committed under
32	subsection (a).
33	SECTION 5. IC 12-26-6.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
34	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2023]:
36	Chapter 6.5. Commitment for Alcohol and Drug Abuse
37	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "qualified health professional"
38	means:
39	(1) a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5;
40	(2) an addiction counselor or clinical addiction counselor
41	licensed under IC 25-23.6; and
42	(3) a licensed health care professional licensed under IC 25



1	acting within the scope of the individual's license and who has
2	training and experience in addiction counseling.
3	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "substance abuser" means an
4	individual who is:
5	(1) an alcoholic;
6	(2) an alcohol abuser;
7	(3) a drug abuser; or
8	(4) diagnosed with a substance use disorder as published in
9	the most current version of the American Psychiatric
10	Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental
11	Disorders.
12	Sec. 3. This chapter applies to a proceeding for commitment of
13	an individual:
14	(1) alleged to be a substance abuser;
15	(2) who presents an imminent threat of danger to self, family
16	or others as a result of a substance use disorder, or who has
17	a substantial likelihood of such a threat in the near future;
18	(3) whose commitment is reasonably expected to require
19	custody, care, and treatment that is expected to require sixty
20	(60) to three hundred sixty (360) days of treatment; and
21	(4) whose treatment will be paid for by the petitioner.
22	Sec. 4. An individual suffering from substance abuse may be
23	ordered to undergo treatment if the individual:
24	(1) is:
25	(A) an alcoholic, alcohol abuser, drug abuser; or
26	(B) diagnosed with a substance abuse disorder as published
27	in the most current version of the American Psychiatric
28	Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental
29	Disorders;
30	(2) presents an imminent threat of danger to self, family, or
31	others as a result of a substance abuse, or there exists a
32	substantial likelihood of such a threat in the near future; and
33	(3) can reasonably benefit from treatment.
34	Sec. 5. (a) A proceeding for the commitment of an individual
35	who appears to be suffering from substance abuse may be begun
36	by filing with a court having jurisdiction a verified written petition
37	by a:
38	(1) spouse;
39	(2) relative;
40	(3) friend; or
41	(4) guardian;
42	of the individual.



1	(b) The petition must include the following information:
2	(1) The petitioner's relationship to the respondent.
2 3	(2) The respondent's name, residence, and current location, if
4	known.
5	(3) If known, the name and residence of the respondent's:
6	(A) parents, if living; or
7	(B) legal guardian, if any.
8	(4) The name and residence of the respondent's spouse, if any
9	and if known.
10	(5) If known, the name and address of:
11	(A) the person having custody of the respondent, if any; or
12	(B) the name and address of a close relative.
13	(6) The petitioner's belief, including the factual basis, that the
14	respondent is suffering from substance abuse and presents a
15	danger or threat of danger to self, family, or others if not
16	treated for substance abuse.
17	(c) A petition filed under this section must be accompanied by
18	a guarantee, signed by the petitioner or other person authorized
19	under subsection (a), obligating that person to pay all costs for
20	treatment of the respondent for substance abuse that is ordered by
21	the court.
22	Sec. 6. (a) Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall examine
23	the petitioner under oath as to the contents of the petition.
24	(b) If, after reviewing the allegations contained in the petition
25	and examining the petitioner under oath, it appears to the court
26	that there is probable cause to believe the respondent should be
27	ordered to undergo treatment, then the court shall:
28	(1) set a date for a hearing within fourteen (14) days to
29	determine if the respondent should be ordered to undergo
30	treatment for substance abuse;
31	(2) notify:
32	(A) the respondent;
33	(B) if known, the respondent's legal guardian; and
34	(C) the spouse, parents, or closest relative or friend of the
35	respondent;
36	concerning the allegations and contents of the petition and the
37	date and purpose of the hearing, and the name, address, and
38	telephone number of the attorney appointed to represent the
39	respondent; and
40	(3) cause the respondent to be examined not later than
41	twenty-four (24) hours before the hearing date by two (2)
42	qualified health professionals, at least one (1) of whom is a



1	physician. The qualified health professionals:
2	(A) shall certify their findings to the court within
3	twenty-four (24) hours of the examinations; and
4	(B) may be subject to subpoena for cross-examination a
5	the hearing, either in person, by telephone, or by
6	videoconference.
7	(c) If, upon completion of the hearing, the court finds by proof
8	beyond a reasonable doubt that the respondent should be ordered
9	to undergo treatment, the court shall order the treatment for a
10	period from sixty (60) consecutive days from the date of the cour
11	order to a period of not more than three hundred sixty (360
12	consecutive days from the date of the court order, whatever was
13	the period of time that was requested in the petition or otherwise
14	agreed to at the hearing. Failure of a respondent to undergo
15	treatment ordered under this subsection may place the responden
16	in contempt of court.
17	(d) If, at any time after the petition is filed, the court finds tha
18	there is not probable cause to continue treatment or if the
19	petitioner withdraws the petition, then the proceedings against the
20	respondent must be dismissed.
21	Sec. 7. (a) Following an examination by a qualified health
22	professional and a certification by that professional that the
23	respondent meets the criteria specified in section 3 of this chapter
24	the court may order the individual hospitalized for a period not to
25	exceed seventy-two (72) hours if the court finds, by clear and
26	convincing evidence, that the respondent presents an imminent
27	threat of danger to self, family, or others as a result of a substance
28	abuse.
29	(b) An individual who has been admitted to a hospital under
30	subsection (a) must be released from the hospital within
31	seventy-two (72) hours of admittance.
32	(c) A respondent ordered hospitalized under this section may
33	not be held in jail pending transportation to the hospital or
34	evaluation unless the court has previously found the respondent to
35	be in contempt of court for either failure to undergo treatment or
36	failure to appear at the examination ordered under section 6 of this
37	chapter.
38	Sec. 8. When the court is authorized to issue an order that the
39	respondent be transported to a facility, the court:
40	(1) may; or
41	(2) if the respondent fails to attend an examination scheduled

before the hearing provided for under section 6 of this



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chapter, then the court shall;

issue a summons. A summons issued must be directed to the respondent and command the respondent to appear at a specified time and place. If a respondent who has been issued a summons fails to appear at the facility or for the examination, then the court may order a law enforcement officer to transport the respondent to a facility designated by the division. The law enforcement officer may, upon agreement of a person authorized by the law enforcement officer, authorize the division, a private agency on contract with the division, or an ambulance service designated by the division to transport the respondent to the facility. The transportation costs of the law enforcement officer, ambulance service, or other private agency on contract with the division are considered to be a part of the costs of treatment for substance abuse to be paid by the petitioner.

