

## **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1419**

DIGEST OF HB 1419 (Updated February 28, 2018 4:23 pm - DI 106)

**Citations Affected:** IC 6-8.1; IC 7.1-1; IC 7.1-3; IC 7.1-4; IC 7.1-5.

**Synopsis:** Various alcoholic beverage matters. Allows alcoholic beverages of any type to be sold from a portable structure or cart on a golf course. Repeals provisions regarding the following: (1) Malt manufacturer's permit. (2) Malt wholesaler's permit. (3) Malt dealer's permit. (4) Malt excise tax. (5) Seasonal resort hotel permit. Maintains the escrow process for retailer or dealer permits issued before July 1, 2019. Provides that for a retailer or dealer permit issued after June 30, 2019, the permit may be deposited in escrow for not more than three (3) years. Amends for consistency provisions that allow a manufacturer of two types of alcoholic beverages, which has both production facilities in one building, to serve alcohol from both production facilities at a single bar. Adds a similar provision in the law regarding artisan distilleries. Specifies that the holder of an artisan distiller's permit may hold only one other manufacturer's permit. Defines "river" for purposes of a municipal riverfront development district project established after June 30, 2018, under the alcoholic beverage law. (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2018.

## Smaltz, GiaQuinta

(SENATE SPONSORS — ALTING, LANANE)

January 11, 2018, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Policy. January 25, 2018, amended, reported — Do Pass. January 29, 2018, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed. January 30, 2018, engrossed. January 31, 2018, read third time, passed. Yeas 85, nays 7.

SENATE ACTION February 1, 2018, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Policy. March 1, 2018, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



### Digest Continued

Provides that if a river is determined to be navigable, the determination has no legal effect beyond satisfying a requirement for establishing a municipal riverfront development district project. Allows the holder of a retailer's permit to "run a tab" for a customer purchasing alcohol for personal use. Provides that an artisan distillery, a microbrewery, and a farm winery may operate a bar or service bar: (1) indoors or outdoors; and (2) that may be viewed from a street or public highway. Allows a retailer permittee or a holder of a supplemental caterer's permit operating at certain collegiate stadiums to purchase alcoholic beverages and have the alcoholic beverages stored in areas approved by the alcohol and tobacco commission to be later served at the stadium. Provides that an "entertainment complex" includes a premises that is used by a nonprofit organization primarily for the professional performance of musical or theatrical entertainment that: (1) has audience seating for at least 200 individuals; and (2) is located entirely within a one mile radius of the center of the consolidated city. Allows the ATC to issue additional alcoholic beverage restaurant permits to the public-private partnership, economic development area, redevelopment district, or economic revitalization area in Munster, Bargersville, Martinsville, Greenwood, and Speedway. Allows the ATC to issue retailer's permits for two types of licensed premises within a bottling district in a consolidated city as follows: (1) A threeway retailer's permit for a designated food hall containing multiple food and beverage vendors. (2) A three-way permit for an owner or lessee of a building in the bottling district that contains retail store space. Authorizes the ATC to issue a permit for a premises located near a church under certain conditions, and permits the premises of a retailer or dealer permittee to be located within 200 feet of the wall of a school or church if the school or church states in writing that they do not object to the location of the premises. Allows the ATC to issue a boat beer permit, a boat liquor permit, or a boat wine permit to a concessionaire of the proprietor of a boat. Defines "accredited hospitality management program" as a nationally accredited program offered by a state educational institution. Allows a person to work as a waiter or waitress at a licensed premises if: (1) the licensed premises is a restaurant operated by an accredited hospitality management program for educational purposes; (2) the person is a student enrolled in a course offered by the accredited hospitality management program; (3) the licensed premises, state educational institution, or accredited hospitality management program does not pay the person to work at the licensed premises; and (4) the person works under the supervision of an instructor employed by the state educational institution.



Second Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2018)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2017 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1419

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



(IC 6-6-2.5); the motor carrier fuel tax (IC 6-6-4.1); a motor fuel tax collected under a reciprocal agreement under IC 6-8.1-3; the vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5); the aviation fuel excise tax (IC 6-6-13); the commercial vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5.5); the excise tax imposed on recreational vehicles and truck campers (IC 6-6-5.1); the hazardous waste disposal tax (IC 6-6-6.6) (repealed); the cigarette tax (IC 6-7-1); the beer excise tax (IC 7.1-4-2); the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3); the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4); the hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-5); the malt excise tax (IC 7.1-4-5); the petroleum severance tax (IC 6-8-1); the various innkeeper's taxes (IC 6-9); the various food and beverage taxes (IC 6-9); the county admissions tax (IC 6-9-13 and IC 6-9-28); the oil inspection fee (IC 16-44-2); the penalties assessed for oversize vehicles (IC 9-20-3 and IC 9-20-18); the fees and penalties assessed for overweight vehicles (IC 9-20-4 and IC 9-20-18); and any other tax or fee that the department is required to collect or administer.

SECTION 2. IC 6-8.1-7-1, AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2018 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. (a) This subsection does not apply to the disclosure of information concerning a conviction on a tax evasion charge. Unless in accordance with a judicial order or as otherwise provided in this chapter, the department, its employees, former employees, counsel, agents, or any other person may not divulge the amount of tax paid by any taxpayer, terms of a settlement agreement executed between a taxpayer and the department, investigation records, investigation reports, or any other information disclosed by the reports filed under the provisions of the law relating to any of the listed taxes, including required information derived from a federal return, except to any of the following when it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for official purposes:

- (1) Members and employees of the department.
- (2) The governor.
- (3) A member of the general assembly or an employee of the house of representatives or the senate when acting on behalf of a taxpayer located in the member's legislative district who has provided sufficient information to the member or employee for the department to determine that the member or employee is acting on behalf of the taxpayer.
- (4) An employee of the legislative services agency to carry out the responsibilities of the legislative services agency under IC 2-5-1.1-7 or another law.
- (4) (5) The attorney general or any other legal representative of



the state in any action in respect to the amount of tax due under the provisions of the law relating to any of the listed taxes. or (5) (6) Any authorized officers of the United States.

when it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for official purposes.

- (b) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed upon the receipt of a certified request of any designated officer of the state tax department of any other state, district, territory, or possession of the United States when:
  - (1) the state, district, territory, or possession permits the exchange of like information with the taxing officials of the state; and
  - (2) it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for tax collection purposes.
- (c) The information described in subsection (a) relating to a person on public welfare or a person who has made application for public welfare may be revealed to the director of the division of family resources, and to any director of a county office of the division of family resources located in Indiana, upon receipt of a written request from either director for the information. The information shall be treated as confidential by the directors. In addition, the information described in subsection (a) relating to a person who has been designated as an absent parent by the state Title IV-D agency shall be made available to the state Title IV-D agency upon request. The information shall be subject to the information safeguarding provisions of the state and federal Title IV-D programs.
- (d) The name, address, Social Security number, and place of employment relating to any individual who is delinquent in paying educational loans owed to a postsecondary educational institution may be revealed to that institution if it provides proof to the department that the individual is delinquent in paying for educational loans. This information shall be provided free of charge to approved postsecondary educational institutions (as defined by IC 21-7-13-6(a)). The department shall establish fees that all other institutions must pay to the department to obtain information under this subsection. However, these fees may not exceed the department's administrative costs in providing the information to the institution.
- (e) The information described in subsection (a) relating to reports submitted under IC 6-6-1.1-502 concerning the number of gallons of gasoline sold by a distributor and IC 6-6-2.5 concerning the number of gallons of special fuel sold by a supplier and the number of gallons of special fuel exported by a licensed exporter or imported by a licensed transporter may be released by the commissioner upon receipt of a



written request for the information.

- (f) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed upon the receipt of a written request from the administrative head of a state agency of Indiana when:
  - (1) the state agency shows an official need for the information; and
  - (2) the administrative head of the state agency agrees that any information released will be kept confidential and will be used solely for official purposes.
- (g) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed upon the receipt of a written request from the chief law enforcement officer of a state or local law enforcement agency in Indiana when it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for official purposes.
- (h) The name and address of retail merchants, including township, as specified in IC 6-2.5-8-1(k) may be released solely for tax collection purposes to township assessors and county assessors.
- (i) The department shall notify the appropriate innkeeper's tax board, bureau, or commission that a taxpayer is delinquent in remitting innkeepers' taxes under IC 6-9.
- (j) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of the *motor* vehicle excise tax may be disclosed to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana and may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.
- (k) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of commercial vehicle excise taxes payable to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana may be disclosed to the bureau and may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.5.
- (l) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of commercial vehicle excise taxes payable under the International Registration Plan may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.5.
- (m) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of the excise taxes imposed on recreational vehicles and truck campers that are payable to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana may be disclosed to the bureau and may be disclosed to another state if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.1.



1	(n) This section does not apply to:
2	(1) the beer excise tax, including brand and packaged type
3	(IC 7.1-4-2);
4	(2) the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3);
5	(3) the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4);
6	(4) the hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4.5);
7	(5) the malt excise tax (IC 7.1-4-5);
8	(6) (5) the <i>motor</i> vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5);
9	(7) (6) the commercial vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5.5); and
10	(8) (7) the fees under IC 13-23.
11	(o) The name and business address of retail merchants within each
12	county that sell tobacco products may be released to the division of
13	mental health and addiction and the alcohol and tobacco commission
14	solely for the purpose of the list prepared under IC 6-2.5-6-14.2.
15	(p) The name and business address of a person licensed by the
16	department under IC 6-6 or IC 6-7 may be released for the purpose of
17	reporting the status of the person's license.
18	(q) The department may release information concerning total
19	incremental tax amounts under:
20	(1) IC 5-28-26;
21	(2) IC 36-7-13;
22	(3) IC 36-7-26;
23	(4) IC 36-7-27;
24	(5) IC 36-7-31;
25	(6) IC 36-7-31.3; or
26	(7) any other statute providing for the calculation of incremental
27	state taxes that will be distributed to or retained by a political
28	subdivision or other entity;
29	to the fiscal officer of the political subdivision or other entity that
30	established the district or area from which the incremental taxes were
31	received if that fiscal officer enters into an agreement with the
32	department specifying that the political subdivision or other entity will
33	use the information solely for official purposes.
34	(r) The department may release the information as required in
35	IC 6-8.1-3-7.1 concerning:
36	(1) an innkeeper's tax, a food and beverage tax, or an admissions
37	tax under IC 6-9;
38	(2) the supplemental auto rental excise tax under IC 6-6-9.7; and
39	(3) the covered taxes allocated to a professional sports
40	development area fund, sports and convention facilities operating
41	fund, or other fund under IC 36-7-31 and IC 36-7-31.3.

(s) Information concerning state gross retail tax exemption



1	certificates that relate to a person who is exempt from the state gross
2	retail tax under IC 6-2.5-4-5 may be disclosed to a power subsidiary (as
3	defined in IC 6-2.5-4-5) or a person selling the services or commodities
4	listed in IC 6-2.5-4-5(b) for the purpose of enforcing and collecting the
5	state gross retail and use taxes under IC 6-2.5.
6	SECTION 3. IC 7.1-1-3-16.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 16.5. The term
8	"entertainment complex" means a premises that:
9	(1) is a site for the performance of musical, theatrical, or other
10	entertainment;
11	(2) if located in a county containing a consolidated city:
12	(A) either:
13	(i) includes an area where at least two thousand (2,000)
14	individuals may be seated at one (1) time in permanent
15	seating; and
16	(B) (ii) is located in a facility that is (i) on the National
17	Register of Historic Places or (ii) is located in a facility that
18	is within the boundaries of a historic district that is
19	established by ordinance under IC 36-7-11-7; or
20	(B) is used by a nonprofit organization primarily for the
21 22	professional performance of musical or theatrical entertainment that:
23	(i) has audience seating in one (1) or more performance
23 24	spaces for at least two hundred (200) individuals; and
25	(ii) is located entirely within a one (1) mile radius of the
26	center of the consolidated city; and
27	(3) if located in a county other than a county containing a
28	consolidated city, includes an area where at least twelve thousand
29	(12,000) individuals may be seated at one (1) time in permanent
30	seating.
31	SECTION 4. IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3.5. This section
33	applies to a retailer or dealer permit issued before July 1, 2019. A
34	permittee to whom a retailer or dealer permit has been issued under this
35	title may deposit that permit with the commission for a period of one
36	(1) year if the permittee is unable to immediately operate the business
37	to which the permit applies. The commission may extend the term of
38	the deposit for not more than four (4) additional one (1) year periods if
39	the permittee is able to show to the satisfaction of the commission that
40	the permittee is making a good faith effort to put the permit into

SECTION 5. IC 7.1-3-1-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE



41 42 operation.

1	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
2	1, 2018]: Sec. 3.7. (a) This section applies to a retailer or dealer
3	permit issued after June 30, 2019.
4	(b) A retailer or dealer permit that has been issued under this
5	title may be deposited with the commission for a total of not more
6	than three (3) years.
7	(c) The three (3) year deposit period described in subsection (b):
8	(1) does not have to be consecutive;
9	(2) can transfer to a new permittee;
10	(3) is tied to the individual permit; and
11	(4) cannot be extended.
12	(d) The commission shall track the amount of time that a permit
13	has been deposited with the commission under this section and
14	make this information available to the permittee.
15	(e) A retailer or dealer permit that is in escrow at the end of the
16	three (3) year deposit period reverts to the commission. The permit
17	holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
18	SECTION 6. IC 7.1-3-1-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.196-2015,
19	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided in subsections (d) and
21	(e), if publication of notice of application for a permit is required under
22	this title, the publication shall be made in one (1) newspaper of general
23	circulation published in the county where the permit is to be in effect.
24	(b) Publication required under subsection (a) may be made in any
25	newspaper of general circulation published one (1) or more times each
26	week.
27	(c) The rates which shall be paid for the advertising of a notice
28	required under this title shall be those required to be paid in case of
29	other notices published for or on behalf of the state.
30	(d) The commission may publish notice of application for a
31	(1) three-way permit for a restaurant described in
32	IC 7.1-3-20-12(4) <del>or</del>
33	(2) seasonal permit granted under IC 7.1-3-20-22;
34	by posting the notice on the commission's Internet web site.
35	(e) If:
36	(1) the commission is unable to procure advertising of a notice as
37	required under subsection (a) at the rates set forth in IC 5-3-1; or
38	(2) the newspaper published in the county as described in
39	subsection (a) refuses to publish the notice;
40	the commission may, instead of publication in a newspaper as required
41	under subsection (a), require the designated member of the local board
42	of the county to post printed notices in three (3) prominent locations in



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1	the county.
2	SECTION 7. IC 7.1-3-1.5-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2013,
3	SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 13. (a) Except as provided in IC 7.1-3-1.7, a
5	retailer permittee or dealer permittee who operates an establishment
6	where alcoholic beverages are served or sold must:
7	(1) ensure that each alcohol server completes a server program or
8	a trainer program established or approved under section 5.5 or 6
9	of this chapter not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after
10	the date the alcohol server begins employment at the
11	establishment;
12	(2) require each alcohol server to attend a refresher course that
13	includes the dissemination of new information concerning the
14	server program subject areas described in section 6 of this chapter
15	or subject areas of a trainer program every three (3) years after the
16	date the alcohol server completes a server program or a trainer
17	program; and
18	(3) maintain training verification records of each alcohol server.
19	(b) A retailer permittee, a dealer permittee, or a management
20	representative of a retailer or dealer permittee must complete a server
21	program or a trainer program established or approved under section 5.5
22	or 6 of this chapter:
	(1) not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date:
23	(A) the dealer permittee is issued a permit described in section
25	2 of this chapter; or
23 24 25 26	(B) the retailer permittee is issued a permit described in
27	
	section 4 of this chapter; and
28	(2) every five (5) years after the date the retailer permittee, dealer
29	permittee, or management representative of the retailer or dealer
30	permittee completes a server program or a trainer program.
31	(c) The commission shall notify a:
32	(1) dealer permittee at the time the dealer permittee renews a
33	permit described in section 2 of this chapter; and
34	(2) retailer permittee at the time the retailer permittee renews a
35	permit described in section 4 of this chapter;
36	of the requirements under subsections (a) and (b).
37	(d) The commission may suspend or revoke a retailer permittee's or
38	dealer permittee's permit or fine a retailer permittee or dealer permittee
39	for noncompliance with this section in accordance with IC 7.1-3-23.
10	SECTION 8. IC 7.1-3-1.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
11	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2018]:



1 Chapter 1.7. Exempt Servers 2 Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this	_
2 Sec. 1. The following definitions apply thi oughout this	is chapter:
3 (1) "Accredited hospitality management program"	-
4 hospitality management program that is:	
5 (A) accredited by the Accreditation Commi	ission for
6 Programs in Hospitality Administration or	
7 nationally recognized accrediting organization;	
8 (B) offered by a state educational institution.	,
9 (2) "State educational institution" has the meaning	g set forth
10 in IC 21-7-13-32.	8
11 Sec. 2. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a perso	n at least
eighteen (18) years of age may work as a waiter or waitr	
licensed premises of a retailer permittee without having	
a server program or obtained a server certificate or	_
permit if all of the following requirements are met:	1 0
16 (1) The licensed premises is a restaurant operat	ted by an
accredited hospitality management program prin	•
18 educational purposes.	•
19 (2) The person is a student enrolled in a:	
20 (A) state educational institution; and	
21 (B) course offered by the accredited h	hospitality
22 management program.	
23 (3) The licensed premises, state educational insti	itution, or
24 accredited hospitality management program does n	ot pay the
person to work at the licensed premises.	
26 (4) The person works under the supervision of an i	instructor
employed by the state educational institution.	
28 (b) This section does not permit a person to w	ork as a
29 bartender.	
30 SECTION 9. IC 7.1-3-2-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.I	L.97-2015,
31 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EF	FFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies only if	the permit
33 premises of if:	
34 (1) the holder of a brewer's permit under section 7	<b>7(5)</b> of this
35 chapter also holds:	
36 (1) (A) a farm winery permit; and or	
37 (2) (B) a brewery under section 7(5) of this el	<del>hapter;</del> an
38 artisan distiller's permit; and	
39 (2) the brewery and the holder's other production	on facility
40 occupy the same building.	
41 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision, a person who had	olds <del>a farm</del>
42 winery permit and a brewery permit two (2) permits may	sell by the



1	glass for consumption on the premises (1) the farm winery's wine; and
2	(2) the brewery's beer; from the same service bar, without a partition,
3	wall, or any other structure separating the service of wine and the
4	service of beer. all alcoholic beverages:
5	(1) manufactured by the holder's two (2) production facilities:
6	and
7	(2) from one (1) or more bars located in a single tasting room.
8	The commission may not require any physical separation at the
9	bar between the service of alcoholic beverages manufactured by
10	one (1) production facility and the service of alcoholic beverages
11	manufactured by the permit holder's other production facility.
12	(c) This section does not exempt a permit holder from
13	complying with permit restrictions that affect the sales and service
14	of only one (1) of the alcoholic beverages manufactured by the
15	permit holder.
16	SECTION 10. IC 7.1-3-6-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12. Boat Beer Permits:
18	Application. The commission may issue a boat beer permit to:
19	(1) the proprietor of a boat; or
20	(2) a concessionaire of the proprietor of a boat;
21	engaged in regular passenger service and which makes regular runs in
22	seasonable weather between established termini.
23	SECTION 11. IC 7.1-3-11-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,2018]: Sec. 9. Boat Liquor Permits.
25	The commission may issue a boat liquor permit to a person who is:
26	(1) the proprietor of a boat; or
27	(2) a concessionaire of the proprietor of a boat;
28	and who is, and continues to be, the holder of a boat beer permit and
29	boat wine permit. The commission may issue a boat liquor permit
30	without publication of notice or having an investigation before a local
31	board.
32	SECTION 12. IC 7.1-3-12-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.97-2015,
33	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies if: the permit
35	premises of any combination of the following:
36	(1) the holder of a farm winery permit also holds:
37	(1) a farm winery;
38	(2) (A) a brewery brewer's permit under IC 7.1-3-2-7(5); and
39	or
40	(3) (B) an artisan distillery permit; and
41	(2) the farm winery and the holder's other production facility
42	occupy the same building.



(b) Notwithstanding any other provision, a person who holds any
combination of a farm winery permit, a brewery permit under
IC 7.1-3-2-7(5), and an artisan distiller's permit, two (2) permits may
sell by the glass for consumption on the premises (1) the farm winery's
wine; (2) the brewery's beer; and (3) an artisan distillery's liquor; from
the same service bar, without a partition, wall, or any other structure
separating the service of wine, the service of beer, and the service of
liquor. all alcoholic beverages:
•

- (1) manufactured at the holder's two (2) production facilities; and
- (2) from one (1) or more bars located in a single tasting room. The commission may not require any physical separation at the bar between the service of alcoholic beverages manufactured by one (1) production facility and the service of alcoholic beverages manufactured by the permit holder's other production facility.
- (c) Except as provided in this chapter, the restrictions and provisions of a permittee's permit governing the sale or service of the alcoholic beverage that is the subject of the permit apply to the sale and service of the alcoholic beverage under this chapter. This section does not exempt a permit holder from complying with permit restrictions affecting the sales and service of only one (1) of the alcoholic beverages manufactured by the permit holder.

SECTION 13. IC 7.1-3-16-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. Boat Wine Permits. The commission may issue a boat wine permit to a person who is:

- (1) the proprietor of a boat; or
- (2) a concessionaire of the proprietor of a boat; and who also is, and continues to be, the holder of a boat beer permit. The commission may issue a boat wine permit without publication of notice or having an investigation before a local board.

SECTION 14. IC 7.1-3-19-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2016, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. (a) This section applies to a permit issued under IC 7.1-3-20-16(d), IC 7.1-3-20-16(g), IC 7.1-3-20-16(k), IC 7.1-3-20-16(l), or IC 7.1-3-20-16.8, IC 7.1-3-20-16.9, IC 7.1-3-20-28, IC 7.1-3-20-29, or IC 7.1-3-20-31, if a municipal legislative body has adopted an ordinance requiring a formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a permit, as described in subsection (b).

(b) As a condition of eligibility for a permit, the applicant must enter into a formal written commitment with the municipal legislative body regarding the character or type of business that will be conducted



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1	on the permit premises. The municipal legislative body must adopt an
2	ordinance approving the formal written commitment. A formal written
3	commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee or
4	proprietor of the permit premises. When an application for renewal of
5	a permit is filed, the applicant shall forward a copy of the application
6	to the municipal legislative body. The municipal legislative body shall
7	receive notice of any filings, hearings, or other proceedings on the
8	application for renewal from the applicant.
9	(c) A formal written commitment may be modified by the municipal
10	legislative body with the agreement of the permit holder.
11	(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), the amount of time that a
12	formal written commitment is valid may not be limited or restricted.
13	(e) A formal written commitment is terminated at the time a permit
14	is revoked or not renewed.
15	(f) If the character or type of business violates the formal written
16	commitments, the municipality may adopt a recommendation to the

- (1) deny the permit holder's application to renew the permit; or
- (2) revoke the permit holder's permit.

local board and the commission to:

- (g) The commission shall consider evidence at the hearing on the issue of whether the business violated the formal written commitments. If the commission determines there is sufficient evidence that the commitments have been violated by the permittee, the commission may:
  - (1) deny the application to renew the permit; or
  - (2) revoke the permit;

27 as applicable.

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SECTION 15. IC 7.1-3-20-13.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13.6. (a) As used in this section, "clubhouse" means a facility:

- (1) that is located on a golf course; and
- (2) where alcoholic beverages are sold under a retailer's permit or a club permit issued by the commission.
- (b) The holder of a retailer's permit or a club permit for the sale of alcoholic beverages at a clubhouse may, under the same permit, sell alcoholic malt beverages at a permanent, semipermanent, or portable structure or cart that meets the following requirements:
  - (1) Is on the same golf course premises as the clubhouse.
  - (2) Is within reasonable proximity of the clubhouse.
  - (3) Provides minimum food service.
- (4) Has a floor plan or design that meets the following requirements:



1	(A) Is on file with the commission.
2	(B) Has been approved by the commission.
3	(c) All employees of a permittee described in subsection (b), who
4	are involved in the furnishing, supplying, conveying, selling or serving
5	of alcoholic beverages, shall have an employee's permit or bartender's
6	permit, as applicable.
7	SECTION 16. IC 7.1-3-20-16.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,
8	SECTION 131, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 16.1. (a) This section applies to a
10	municipal riverfront development project authorized under section
11	16(d) of this chapter.
12	(b) In order to qualify for a permit, an applicant must demonstrate
13	that the municipal riverfront development project area where the permit
14	is to be located meets the following criteria:
15	(1) The project boundaries must border on at least one (1) side of
16	a river.
17	(2) The proposed permit premises may not be located more than:
18	(A) one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet; or
19	(B) three (3) city blocks;
20	from the river, whichever is greater. However, if the area adjacent
21	to the river is incapable of being developed because the area is in
22	a floodplain, or for any other reason that prevents the area from
23	being developed, the distances described in clauses (A) and (B)
24	are measured from the city blocks located nearest to the river that
25	are capable of being developed.
26	(3) The permit premises are located within:
27	(A) an economic development area, a redevelopment project
28	area, an urban renewal area, or a redevelopment area
29	established under IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-14.5, or IC 36-7-15.1;
30	(B) an economic development project district under
31	IC 36-7-15.2 or IC 36-7-26; or
32	(C) a community revitalization enhancement district
33	designated under IC 36-7-13-12.1.
34	(4) The project must be funded in part with state and city money.
35	(5) The boundaries of the municipal riverfront development
36	project must be designated by ordinance or resolution by the
37	legislative body (as defined in IC 36-1-2-9(3) or IC 36-1-2-9(4))
38	of the city in which the project is located.
39	(6) This subdivision applies only to a municipal riverfront
40	development district project established after June 30, 2018.
41	The river that is the location of the municipal riverfront
42	development district project must meet the requirements set



1	forth in section 16.4 of this chapter.
2	(c) Proof of compliance with subsection (b) must consist of the
3	following documentation, which is required at the time the permit
4	application is filed with the commission:
5	(1) A detailed map showing:
6	(A) definite boundaries of the entire municipal riverfront
7	development project; and
8	(B) the location of the proposed permit within the project.
9	(2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local
10	governing body authorizing the municipal riverfront development
11	project.
12	(3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state and
13	city funds on the municipal riverfront development project.
14	(4) This subdivision applies only to a municipal riverfront
15	development district project established after June 30, 2018.
16	The report submitted to the city legislative body (as defined
17	in IC 36-1-2-9(3) or IC 36-1-2-9(4)) under section 16.4(b) of
18	this chapter.
19	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the commission may issue a
20	permit for premises, the location of which does not meet the criteria of
21	subsection (b)(2), if all the following requirements are met:
22	(1) All other requirements of this section and section 16(d) of this
23	chapter are satisfied.
24	(2) The proposed premises is located not more than:
25	(A) three thousand (3,000) feet; or
26	(B) six (6) blocks;
27	from the river, whichever is greater. However, if the area adjacent
28	to the river is incapable of being developed because the area is in
29	a floodplain, or for any other reason that prevents the area from
30	being developed, the distances described in clauses (A) and (B)
31	are measured from the city blocks located nearest to the river that
32	are capable of being developed.
33	(3) The permit applicant satisfies the criteria established by the
34	commission by rule adopted under IC 4-22-2. The criteria
35	established by the commission may require that the proposed
36	premises be located in an area or district set forth in subsection
37	(b)(3).
38	(4) The permit premises may not be located less than two hundred
39	(200) feet from facilities owned by a state educational institution.
40	(e) A permit may not be issued if the proposed permit premises is
41	the location of an existing three-way permit subject to IC 7.1-3-22-3.

SECTION 17. IC 7.1-3-20-16.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 16.4. (a) "River" for purposes of
3	this title, means a natural or manmade watercourse or channel.
4	(b) A city may not establish a municipal riverfront development
5	district project under section 16.1 of this chapter unless the length
6	of the river within the city's corporate boundaries is navigable in
7	fact:
8	(1) by a boat having a draft of not less than three (3) feet; and
9	(2) on the date the city legislative body adopts the ordinance
10	or resolution that establishes the riverfront district.
11	The city shall have the river examined by a person with knowledge
12	and expertise regarding watercourses. The person shall submit a
13	written report to the city legislative body (as defined in
14	IC 36-1-2-9(3) or IC 36-1-2-9(4)) regarding the extent to which the
15	river is navigable in accordance with subdivision (1).
16	(c) A determination under this chapter that a river is navigable
17	in accordance with subsection (b)(1) affects only whether a
18	requirement for establishing a municipal riverfront development
19	district project is satisfied and does not:
20	(1) impose any duty upon the riparian landowner or tenant;
21	(2) affect ownership of the bed of the river; or
22	(3) affect a determination of the river's navigability for
23	purposes other than establishing a riverfront development
24	district under this title.
25	SECTION 18. IC 7.1-3-20-16.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
26	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 16.9. (a) A permit that is
28	authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the
29	quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.
30	(b) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the
31	commission may issue not more than three (3) new three-way
32	permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to
33	applicants within a public-private partnership redevelopment in
34	the town of Munster.
35	(c) The following apply to permits issued under this section:
36	(1) An applicant for a permit under this section must be a
37	proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located
38	within a municipality's public-private partnership
39	development.
40	(2) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars
41	(\$40,000).

(3) If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked



1	or not renewed, the commission may issue only enough new
2	permits to bring the total number of permits to three (3)
3	active permits.
4	(4) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under
5	IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a
6	formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a
7	permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written
8	commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee
9	or proprietor of the permit premises.
10	(5) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5, if business operations
11	cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the
12	permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder
13	is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
14	(6) Except as provided in subdivision (8), the ownership of a
15	permit may not be transferred.
16	(7) A permit may not be transferred outside the area of the
17	public-private partnership redevelopment for which the
18	permit was issued.
19	(8) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no
20	longer designated a public-private partnership
21	redevelopment, a permit issued under this section may be
22 23	renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred,
23	but the permit may not be transferred from the public-private
24	partnership redevelopment.
25	(d) An application for a permit under this section must include
26	the following documentation, which is required at the time the
27	permit application is filed with the commission:
28	(1) A detailed map showing:
29	(A) definite boundaries of the entire public-private
30	partnership redevelopment project; and
31	(B) the location of the proposed permit premises within the
32	project.
33	(2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local
34	governing body authorizing the public-private partnership
35	redevelopment project.
36	(3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state
37	and city funds on the public-private partnership
38	redevelopment project.
39	SECTION 19. IC 7.1-3-20-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. Service Bars. (a)
41	An A retail establishment which is licensed under the provisions of

this article and which has a gross annual business of at least one



hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), of which at least fifty percent
(50%) is in the retail sale of food, may have, subject to the approval of
the commission, a service bar which is not in full, free and
unobstructed view that can be viewed from a street or public highway.
(b) An A retail establishment shall qualify as to the gross annual
hyginass provision described in subsection (a) if the projection of the

- (b) An A retail establishment shall qualify as to the gross annual business provision described in subsection (a), if the projection of the first ninety (90) days of business for the establishment for one (1) year equals, or is greater than, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), in the proportions set forth in subsection (a), as shown by the books and records of the establishment.
- (c) An artisan distillery, a brewery described under IC 7.1-3-2-7(5), and a farm winery may operate a bar, as defined in 905 IAC 1-41-1, or a service bar, as defined in IC 7.1-1-3-42:
  - (1) indoors or outdoors; and

(2) that may be viewed from a street or public highway.

SECTION 20. IC 7.1-3-20-22 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]. Sec. 22. Resort Hotels: Seasonal Permits. The commission may grant a seasonal permit to a resort hotel upon the application of its owner or manager if he possesses the same qualifications that are required for the issuance of corresponding permits to other applicants. The seasonal permit shall entitle the permittee to sell beer, liquor, or wine, from the fifteenth day of April to the fifteenth day of October, both dates inclusive.

SECTION 21. IC 7.1-3-20-28 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 28. (a) This section applies only to:** 

- (1) Bargersville; and
- (2) Martinsville.
- (b) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.
- (c) The commission may issue not more than five (5) three-way retailer's permits to applicants for premises located within an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14 in a municipality's:
  - (1) redevelopment district; or
  - (2) economic revitalization area.
- An applicant for a permit under this section must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within the area or district.
  - (d) The following apply to permits issued under this section:



I	(1) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars
2	(\$40,000).
3	(2) If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked
4	or not renewed, the commission may issue new permits.
5	However, the total number of active permits issued under this
6	section may not exceed ten (10) permits at any time. If any of
7	the permits issued under this section are revoked or not
8	renewed, the commission may issue only enough new permits
9	to bring the total number of permits to ten (10) active permits,
10	with not more than five (5) in each municipality.
11	(3) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under
12	IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a
13	formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a
14	permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written
15	commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee
16	or proprietor of the permit premises.
17	(4) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5, if business operations
18	cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the
19	permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder
20	is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
21	(5) Except as provided in subdivision (7), the ownership of a
22	permit may not be transferred.
23	(6) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for
24	which the permit was issued.
25	(7) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no
26	longer designated a redevelopment district or an economic
27	revitalization area, a permit issued under this section may be
28	renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred,
29	but the permit may not be transferred from the permit
30	premises.
31	(e) An application for a permit under this section must include
32	the following documentation, which is required at the time the
33	permit application is filed with the commission:
34	(1) A detailed map showing:
35	(A) definite boundaries of the entire:
36	(i) economic development area;
37	(ii) area needing redevelopment; or
38	(iii) redevelopment district in the municipality's
39	redevelopment district or economic revitalization area;
40	and
41	(B) the location of the proposed permit premises within the
42	project.



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1	(2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local
2	governing body authorizing the economic development area,
2 3	area needing redevelopment, or redevelopment district in the
4	municipality's redevelopment district or economic
5	revitalization area.
6	(3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state
7	and city funds on the economic development area, area
8	needing redevelopment, or redevelopment district in the
9	municipality's redevelopment district or economic
10	revitalization area.
11	SECTION 22. IC 7.1-3-20-29 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
12	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 29. (a) This section applies only
14	to the city of Greenwood.
15	(b) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued
16	without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.
17	(c) The commission may issue not more than ten (10) three-way
18	retailer's permits to applicants for premises located in the city's
19	Eastside Economic Development Area. An applicant for a permit
20	must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant
21	located within the economic development area.
22	(d) The commission may issue not more than ten (10) three-way
23	retailer's permits to applicants for premises located in the city's
24	State Road 135 Economic Development Area. An applicant for a
25	permit must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a
26	restaurant located within the economic development area.

- (e) The following apply to permits issued under this section:
  - (1) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
  - (2) If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue new permits. However, each economic development area may not have more than ten (10) active permits issued under this section at any time. The total number of active permits issued under this section may not exceed twenty (20) permits at any time. If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue only enough new permits to bring the total number of permits to twenty (20) active permits, with not more than ten (10) in each economic development area listed in subsections (c) and (d).
  - (3) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a



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1	formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a
2	permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written
3	commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee
4	or proprietor of the permit premises.
5	(4) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5, if business operations
6	cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the
7	permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder
8	is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
9	(5) Except as provided in subdivision (7), the ownership of a
0	permit may not be transferred.
l 1	(6) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for
12	which the permit was issued.
13	(7) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no
14	longer designated an economic development area, a permit
15	issued under this section may be renewed, and the ownership
16	of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be
17	transferred from the permit premises.
18	(f) An application for a permit under this section must include
19	the following documentation, which is required at the time the
20	permit application is filed with the commission:
21	(1) A detailed map showing:
22 23 24 25	(A) definite boundaries of the entire:
23	(i) Eastside Economic Development Area; or
24	(ii) State Road 135 Economic Development Area;
	as applicable; and
26	(B) the location of the proposed permit premises within the
27	relevant economic development area.
28	(2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local
29	governing body authorizing the relevant economic
30	development area.
31	(3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state
32	and city funds on the relevant economic development area.
33	SECTION 23. IC 7.1-3-20-30 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
34	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 30. (a) This section applies only
36	to a bottling district.
37	(b) As used in this section, "bottling district" means a retail
38	shopping and food service district that has the following
39	characteristics:
10	(1) The district consists of an area that:
11	(A) has been redeveloped, renovated, or environmentally

remediated in part with grants from the federal, state, or



1	local government; and
2	(B) is entirely located within a one and one-half (1 1/2) mile
3	radius of the center of a consolidated city.
4	(2) The district consists of land and a building or group of
5	buildings that are part of a common development and that:
6	(A) contains more than ten (10) retail stores;
7	(B) is developed in a manner such that the district is
8	self-contained upon a single plat;
9	(C) is located within a locally designated historic district of
10	a consolidated city; and
11	(D) contains at least one (1) building that:
12	(i) was formerly a bottling facility; and
13	(ii) has been approved for present commercial use by the
14	local historic preservation commission of the
15	consolidated city.
16	(c) The commission may issue not more than five (5) three-way
17	retailer's permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises
18	consumption to applicants who own or lease, or both, a building
19	within the bottling district that contains retail space. The cost of an
20	initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
21	(d) The commission may also issue a three-way retailer's permit
22	to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to an
23	applicant that is the owner or developer of a building in the
24	bottling district designated as a "food hall". A food hall is a single
25	licensed permit premises that meets the following requirements:
26	(1) The food hall contains at least ten (10) different food and
27	beverage vendors. A food and beverage vending space is not
28	subject to section 9(b) of this chapter.
29	(2) The food hall has a seating capacity of at least one
30	hundred (100) people.
31	(3) The food hall and the managers operating in the food hall
32	are exempt from IC 7.1-5-7-9 and IC 7.1-5-7-10.
33	(e) The commission may allow multiple managers that have
34	each filed a manager's questionnaire, as required under
35	IC 7.1-5-9-15, to operate concurrently within the permit premises
36	of the designated food hall. A manager operating under a
37	manager's questionnaire is subject to the following:
38	(1) The manager shall:
39	(A) maintain the manager's own retail merchant's
40	certificate; and
41	(B) be responsible for the payment of the manager's own
42	taxes.



1	(2) The manager shall conform to all health and safety
2	requirements of local and state agencies.
3	(3) The manager shall comply with all requirements under
4	IC 7.1-5-9-15.
5	(4) The manager shall comply with IC 7.1-5-10-20 with regard
6	to the manager's own food and beverage vending space.
7	However, IC 7.1-5-10-20 does not prohibit a manager from
8	establishing sale prices for drinks that are different from the
9	sale prices for comparable drinks that are set by other
10	managers of food and beverage vending spaces in the food
11	hall.
12	(5) The manager is not required to comply with section 9(b)
13	of this chapter.
14	(f) A permit authorized by this section may be issued without
15	regard to the proximity provisions of IC 7.1-3-21-11 or the quota
16	provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.
17	(g) A permit issued under this section may not be transferred to
18	a location outside the bottling district.
19	SECTION 24. IC 7.1-3-20-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
20	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 31. (a) This section applies only
22	to the town of Speedway.
23	(b) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued
24	without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.
25	(c) The commission may issue not more than five (5) three-way
26	retailer's permits to applicants for premises located within an
27	economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a
28	redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14 in the town
29	of Speedway's:
30	(1) redevelopment district; or
31	(2) economic revitalization area.
32	An applicant for a permit under this section must be a proprietor,
33	as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within the area
34	or district.
35	(d) The following apply to permits issued under this section:
36	(1) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars
37	(\$40,000).
38	(2) If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked
39	or not renewed, the commission may issue new permits.
40	However, the total number of active permits issued under this
41	section may not exceed five (5) permits at any time. If any of

the permits issued under this section are revoked or not



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1	renewed, the commission may issue only enough new permits
2	to bring the total number of permits to five (5) active permits.
3	(3) The town of Speedway may adopt an ordinance under
4	IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a
5	formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a
6	permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written
7	commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee
8	or proprietor of the permit premises.
9	(4) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5, if business operations
10	cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the
11	permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder
12	is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
13	(5) Except as provided in subdivision (7), the ownership of a
14	permit may not be transferred.
15	(6) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for
16	which the permit was issued.
17	(7) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no
18	longer designated a redevelopment district or an economic
19	revitalization area, a permit issued under this section may be
20	renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred,
21	but the permit may not be transferred from the permit
22	premises.
23	(e) An application for a permit under this section must include
24	the following documentation, which is required at the time the
25	permit application is filed with the commission:
26	(1) A detailed map showing:
27	(A) definite boundaries of the entire:
28	(i) economic development area;
29	(ii) area needing redevelopment; or
30	(iii) redevelopment district in the municipality's
31	redevelopment district or economic revitalization area;
32	and
33	(B) the location of the proposed permit premises within the
34	project.
35	(2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local
36	governing body authorizing the economic development area,
37	area needing redevelopment, or redevelopment district in the
38	municipality's redevelopment district or economic
39	revitalization area.
40	(3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state
41	and city funds on the economic development area, area

needing redevelopment, or redevelopment district in the



1	municipality's redevelopment district or economic
2	revitalization area.
3	SECTION 25. IC 7.1-3-21-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.196-2015,
4	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section, "wall" means a
6	wall of a building. The term does not include a boundary wall.
7	(b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (g), the commission
8	may not issue a permit for a premises if a wall of the premises is
9	situated within two hundred (200) feet from a wall of a school or
10	church, if no permit has been issued for the premises under the
11	provisions of Acts 1933, Chapter 80. However, the commission may
12	issue a permit for a premises if the wall of the premises and the
13	wall of a church are separated by at least eighty-five (85) feet,
14	including a two (2) lane road having a width of at least thirty (30)
15	feet.
16	(c) This section does not apply to the premises of a:
17	(1) grocery store, drug store, restaurant, hotel, catering hall, or
18	location for which the use of a supplemental catering permit has
19	been approved retailer or dealer permittee if:
20	(A) a wall of the premises is situated within two hundred (200)
21	feet from a wall of a church or school;
22	(B) the commission receives a written statement from the
23	authorized representative of the church or school stating
24	expressly that the church or school does not object to the
25	issuance of the permit for the premises; and
26	(C) the commission determines that the church or school does
27	not object to the issuance of the permit for the premises; or
28	(2) church or school that applies for a temporary beer or wine
29	permit.
30	(d) The commission shall base its determination under subsection
31	(c)(1)(C) solely on the written statement of the authorized
32	representative of the church or school.
33	(e) If the commission does not receive the written statement of the
34	authorized representative of the church or school, the premises of the
35	grocery store, drug store, restaurant, hotel, catering hall, or location for
36	which the use of a supplemental catering permit has been approved
37	retailer or dealer permittee may not obtain the waiver allowed under
38	this section.
39	(f) If the commission determines that the church or school does not
40	object, this section and IC 7.1-3-21-10 do not apply to the permit
41	premises of the grocery store, drug store restaurant, hotel, or catering

hall retailer or dealer permittee on a subsequent renewal or transfer



1	of ownership.
2	(g) If the commission:
3	(1) receives a written statement from the authorized
4	representative of a church or school as described in subsection
5	(c)(1)(B); and
6	(2) determines the church or school does not object as described
7	in subsection $(c)(1)(C)$ ;
8	the commission may not consider subsequent objections from the
9	church or school to the issuance of the same permit type at the same
10	premises location.
11	SECTION 26. IC 7.1-3-27-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.79-2015,
12	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6. (a) A holder of an artisan distiller's permit may
14	also hold <b>only</b> one (1) of the following:
15	(1) A farm winery permit.
16	(2) A brewer's permit issued under IC 7.1-3-2-2(b).
17	(3) A distiller's permit under IC 7.1-3-7.
18	(b) A holder of an artisan distiller's permit who also holds a permit
19	described under subsection (a)(2) may hold a beer retailer's permit, a
20	wine retailer's permit, or a liquor retailer's permit for a restaurant as
21	described in IC 7.1-3-2-7(5)(C).
22	SECTION 27. IC 7.1-3-27-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
23	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8.5. (a) This section applies if:
25	(1) the holder of an artisan distillery permit also holds:
26	(A) a farm winery permit; or
27	(B) a brewer's permit under IC 7.1-3-2-7(5); and
28	(2) the artisan distillery and the holder's other production
29	facility occupy the same building.
30	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision, a person who holds
31	two (2) permits may sell for consumption on the premises all
32	alcoholic beverages:
33	(1) manufactured at the holder's two (2) production facilities;
34	and
35	(2) from one (1) or more bars located in a single tasting room.
36	The commission may not require any physical separation at the
37	bar between the service of alcoholic beverages manufactured by
38	one (1) production facility and the service of alcoholic beverages
39	manufactured by the permit holder's other production facility.
40	(c) This section does not exempt a permit holder from
41	complying with permit restrictions affecting the sales and service
42	of only one (1) of the alcoholic beverages manufactured by the



1	
1	permit holder. SECTION 28. IC 7.1-3-28 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2 3	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	UPON PASSAGE]:
5	-
6	Chapter 28. College Stadiums
7	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "stadium" means ar intercollegiate stadium that has a permanent seating capacity of a
8	least seventy thousand (70,000) people.
9	Sec. 2. (a) A stadium may:
10	(1) submit a floor plan of proposed storage locations to the
11	commission for approval; and
12	(2) indicate the primary concessionaire operating at the
13	stadium;
14	if the stadium intends to allow alcoholic beverages to be stored a
15	the stadium for use by a retailer permittee or supplemental caterer
16	operating at the stadium.
17	(b) The stadium may change the primary concessionaire
18	operating at the stadium with notification to the commission.
19	Sec. 3. A retailer permittee or a holder of a supplementa
20	caterer's permit that operates at a stadium may purchase alcoholic
21	beverages from a wholesaler or a brewery described in
22	IC 7.1-3-2-7(5) and the wholesaler or brewery described in
23	IC 7.1-3-2-7(5) may deliver the alcoholic beverages to the stadium
24	to be stored in an area that has been approved by the commission
25 26	The alcoholic beverages may be stored temporarily or permanently
	to be served later by a retailer permittee or a holder of a
27	supplemental caterer's permit.
28	Sec. 4. This chapter does not restrict or limit the use of a
29	supplemental caterer's permit at a stadium.
30	SECTION 29. IC 7.1-4-4.1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2016
31	SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. (a) This section applies to the following
33	biennial permits:
34	(1) Beer retailer's permit.
35	(2) Liquor retailer's permit.
36	(3) Wine retailer's permit.
37	(4) One-way permit.
38	(5) Two-way permit.
39	(6) Three-way permit.
10	(7) Airplane beer permit.
11 12	(8) Airplane liquor permit.
12	(9) Airplane wine permit.



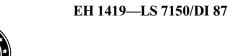
1	(10) Boat beer permit.
2	(11) Boat liquor permit.
3	(12) Boat wine permit.
4	(13) Dining car beer permit.
5	(14) Dining car liquor permit.
6	(15) Dining car wine permit.
7	(16) Hotel seasonal permit.
8	(b) The commission shall charge a single fee for the issuance of any
9	combination of retailer's permits issued for the same location or
10	conveyance.
11	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), an annual permit fee in the
12	following amount is imposed on a retailer:
13	(1) Five hundred dollars (\$500), if the retailer serves only beer or
14	only wine.
15	(2) Seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750), if the retailer serves both
16	beer and wine but no liquor.
17	(3) One thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the retailer serves beer,
18	wine, and liquor.
19	(d) An annual permit fee for a three-way permit issued to a state
20	park under IC 7.1-3-17.8-1 is two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
21	SECTION 30. IC 7.1-4-4.1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2005,
21 22	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23 24	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12. (a) This section applies to the following
24	biennial permits:
25	(1) Beer dealer's permit.
26	(2) Liquor dealer's permit.
27	(3) Malt dealer's permit.
28	(4) (3) Wine dealer's permit.
29	(b) The commission shall charge a single fee for the issuance of any
30	combination of dealers' permits issued for the same location. The fee
31	is equal to the sum of the amount determined under subsection (c).
32	(c) An annual permit fee in the following amount is imposed on a
33	dealer:
34	(1) Five hundred dollars (\$500), if the dealer sells only beer, only
35	liquor, or only wine.
36	(2) Seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750), if the dealer sells:
37	(A) both beer and wine but no liquor;
38	(B) both wine and liquor but no beer; or
39	(C) both beer and liquor but no wine.
40	(3) One thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the dealer sells beer, wine,
41	and liquor.
12	SECTION 31 IC 7 1-4-4 1-13 AS AMENDED BY PT 165-2006



1	SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 13. (a) This section applies to the following
3	permits:
4	(1) Beer wholesaler's permit.
5	(2) Malt wholesaler's permit.
6	(3) (2) Liquor wholesaler's permit.
7	(4) (3) Wine wholesaler's permit.
8	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a permit fee of two
9	thousand dollars (\$2,000) is annually imposed for the issuance of each
10	of the permits described in subsection (a).
11	(c) A permit fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) is annually imposed
12	for the issuance of a wine wholesaler's permit to a permit applicant
13	who:
14	(1) has never previously held a wine wholesaler's permit and
15	anticipates selling less than twelve thousand (12,000) gallons of
16	wine and brandy in a year; or
17	(2) previously held a wine wholesaler's permit and certifies to the
18	commission that the permit applicant sold less than twelve
19	thousand (12,000) gallons of wine and brandy in the previous
20	year.
21	SECTION 32. IC 7.1-4-4.1-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.79-2015,
22	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 14. (a) This section applies to the following
23 24 25	permits:
25	(1) Brewer's permit for the manufacture of more than ninety
26	thousand (90,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year for sale or
27	distribution within Indiana.
28	(2) Distiller's permit.
29	(3) Malt manufacturer's permit.
30	(4) (3) Rectifier's permit.
31	(5) (4) Vintner's permit.
32	(6) (5) Wine bottler's permit.
33	(b) A permit fee of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) is annually
34	imposed for the issuance of each permit described in subsection (a).
35	SECTION 33. IC 7.1-4-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
36	2018]. (Malt Excise Tax).
37	SECTION 34. IC 7.1-4-7-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. The department shall
39	deposit:
40	(1) four cents (\$0.04) of the beer excise tax rate collected on each
41	gallon of beer or flavored malt beverage;
42	(2) one dollar (\$1) of the liquor excise tax rate collected on each



1	gallon of liquor;
2	(3) twenty cents (\$0.20) of the wine excise tax rate collected on
3	each gallon of wine; and
4	(4) the entire amount of malt excise tax collected; and
5	(5) (4) the entire amount of hard cider excise tax collected;
6	daily with the treasurer of state and not later than the fifth day of the
7	following month shall cover them into the general fund of the state for
8	distribution as provided in this chapter.
9	SECTION 35. IC 7.1-5-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2014
10	SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) It is unlawful for a person to act as a clerk
12	in a package liquor store, or as a bartender, waiter, waitress, or
13	manager for a retailer permittee unless that person has applied for and
14	been issued the appropriate permit. This section does not apply to
15	dining car or boat employees, to a person described in IC 7.1-3-1.7
16	or to a person described in IC 7.1-3-18-9(d). A person who knowingly
17	or intentionally violates this subsection commits a Class B
18	misdemeanor.
19	(b) It is a defense to a charge under this section if, not later than
20	thirty (30) days after being cited by the commission, the person who
21	was cited produces evidence that the appropriate permit was issued by
22	the commission on the date of the citation.
23 24 25	(c) It is a defense to a charge under this section for a new applicant
24	for a permit if, not later than thirty (30) days after being cited by the
25	commission, the new applicant who was cited produces a receipt for a
26	cashier's check or money order showing that an application for the
27	appropriate permit was applied for on the date of the citation.
28	SECTION 36. IC 7.1-5-7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.270-2017,
29	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 11. (a) The provisions of sections 9 and 10 of this
31	chapter shall not apply if the public place involved is one (1) of the
32	following:
33	(1) Civic center.
34	(2) Convention center.
35	(3) Sports arena.
36	(4) Bowling center.
37	(5) Bona fide club.
38	(6) Drug store.
39	(7) Grocery store.
40	(8) Boat.
41	(9) Dining car.
42	(10) Pullman car.





1	(11) Club car.
2	(12) Passenger airplane.
3	(13) Horse racetrack facility holding a recognized meeting permit
4	under IC 4-31-5.
5	(14) Satellite facility (as defined in IC 4-31-2-20.5).
6	(15) Catering hall under IC 7.1-3-20-24 that is not open to the
7	public.
8	(16) That part of a restaurant which is separate from a room in
9	which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or
10	dispensed by the drink.
11	(17) Entertainment complex.
12	(18) Indoor golf facility.
13	(19) A recreational facility such as a golf course, bowling center,
14	or similar facility that has the recreational activity and not the sale
15	of food and beverages as the principal purpose or function of the
16	person's business.
17	(20) A licensed premises owned or operated by a postsecondary
18	educational institution described in IC 21-17-6-1.
19	(21) An automobile racetrack.
20	(22) An indoor theater under IC 7.1-3-20-26.
21	(23) A senior residence facility campus (as defined in
22	IC 7.1-3-1-29(c)) at which alcoholic beverages are given or
23	furnished as provided under IC 7.1-3-1-29.
24	(24) A hotel other than a part of a hotel that is a room in a
25	restaurant in which a bar is located over which alcoholic
26	beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.
27	(25) The location of an allowable event to which IC 7.1-3-6.1
28	applies.
29	(26) The location of a charity auction to which IC 7.1-3-6.2
30	applies.
31	(27) A farm winery and any additional locations of the farm
32	winery under IC 7.1-3-12, if the minor is in the company of a
33	parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at
34	least twenty-one (21) years of age.
35	(28) An artisan distillery under IC 7.1-3-27, if:
36	(A) the person who holds the artisan distiller's permit also
37	holds a farm winery permit under IC 7.1-3-12; and
38	(B) the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or
39	custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21)
40	years of age.
41	(29) A food hall (as described in IC 7.1-3-20-30(d)) in a
42	bottling district under IC 7.1-3-20-30.



(b) For the purpose of this subsection, "food" means meals prepared on the licensed premises. It is lawful for a minor to be on licensed premises in a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink if all the following conditions are met: (1) The minor is eighteen (18) years of age or older. (2) The minor is in the company of a parent, guardian, or family member who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older. (3) The purpose for being on the licensed premises is the consumption of food and not the consumption of alcoholic beverages. 

SECTION 37. IC 7.1-5-10-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2017, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) through (d) and subsection (f), it is unlawful for a permittee to sell, offer to sell, purchase or receive, an alcoholic beverage for anything other than cash. A permittee who extends credit in violation of this section shall have no right of action on the claim.

- (b) A permittee may credit to a purchaser the actual price charged for a package or an original container returned by the original purchaser as a credit on a sale and refund to a purchaser the amount paid by the purchaser for a container, or as a deposit on a container, if it is returned to the permittee.
- (c) A manufacturer may extend usual and customary credit for alcoholic beverages sold to a customer who maintains a place of business outside this state when the alcoholic beverages are actually shipped to a point outside this state.
- (d) An artisan distiller, a distiller, or a liquor or wine wholesaler may extend credit on liquor, flavored malt beverages, and wine sold to a permittee for a period of fifteen (15) days from the date of invoice, date of invoice included. However, if the fifteen (15) day period passes without payment in full, the wholesaler shall sell to that permittee on a cash on delivery basis only.
- (e) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section commits a Class B misdemeanor.
- (f) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit a retailer or dealer from **doing the following:** 
  - (1) Except as provided in subsection (g), extending credit to a consumer purchasing alcohol for personal use at any time as long as any amount owed to the retailer or dealer by a consumer for alcohol is paid in full before the consumer leaves the permittee's premises. or



1	(2) Accepting a:
2	(A) credit card;
3	(B) debit card;
4	(C) charge card; or
5	(D) stored value card;
6	from a consumer purchasing alcohol for personal use.
7	(g) A holder of a retailer's permit may extend credit at any time
8	to a consumer who:
9	(1) is a customer of the retailer; and
10	(2) purchases alcohol for personal use.
11	The consumer does not have to pay any amount owed by the
12	consumer to the retailer permittee before the consumer leaves the
13	permittee's premises.
14	SECTION 38. An emergency is declared for this act.



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Policy, to which was referred House Bill 1419, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 8, delete lines 23 through 42.

Page 9, delete lines 1 through 3, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3.5. **This section applies to a retailer or dealer permit that is deposited in escrow before July 1, 2019.** A permittee to whom a retailer or dealer permit has been issued under this title may deposit that permit with the commission for a period of one (1) year if the permittee is unable to immediately operate the business to which the permit applies. The commission may extend the term of the deposit for not more than four (4) additional one (1) year periods if the permittee is able to show to the satisfaction of the commission that the permittee is making a good faith effort to put the permit into operation.

SECTION 8. IC 7.1-3-1-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 3.7.** (a) This section applies to a retailer or dealer permit issued after June 30, 2019.

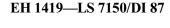
- (b) A retailer or dealer permit that has been issued under this title may be deposited with the commission for a total of not more than three (3) years.
  - (c) The three (3) year deposit period described in subsection (b):
    - (1) does not have to be consecutive;
    - (2) can transfer to a new permittee;
    - (3) is tied to the individual permit; and
    - (4) cannot be extended.
- (d) The commission shall track the amount of time that a permit has been deposited with the commission under this section and make this information available to the permittee.
- (e) A retailer or dealer permit that is in escrow at the end of the three (3) year deposit period reverts to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.".

Page 17, line 21, strike "only".

Page 17, line 22, after "permit," insert "a two-way permit, or a three-way permit,".

Page 20, delete lines 19 through 29 and insert "this title, means a natural or manmade watercourse or channel.".

Page 20, line 38, delete "natural".





Page 21, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 25. IC 7.1-3-20-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. Service Bars. (a) An establishment which is licensed under the provisions of this article and which has a gross annual business of at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), of which at least fifty percent (50%), is in the retail sale of food, may have subject to the approval of the commission, a service bar which is not in full, free and unobstructed view that can be viewed from a street or public highway.

(b) An establishment shall qualify as to the gross annual business provision if the projection of the first ninety (90) days of business for the establishment for one (1) year equals, or is greater than, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), in the proportions set forth in subsection (a), as shown by the books and records of the establishment."

Page 24, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 31. IC 7.1-3-28 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]:

### **Chapter 28. College Stadiums**

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "stadium" means an intercollegiate stadium that has a permanent seating capacity of at least seventy thousand (70,000) people.
  - Sec. 2. (a) A stadium may:
    - (1) submit a floor plan of proposed storage locations to the commission for approval; and
    - (2) indicate the primary concessionaire operating at the stadium:

if the stadium intends to allow alcoholic beverages to be stored at the stadium for use by a retailer permittee or supplemental caterer operating at the stadium.

- (b) The stadium may change the primary concessionaire operating at the stadium with notification to the commission.
- Sec. 3. A retailer permittee or a holder of a supplemental caterer's permit that operates at a stadium may purchase alcoholic beverages from a wholesaler or a brewery described in IC 7.1-3-2-7(5) and the wholesaler or brewery described in IC 7.1-3-2-7(5) may deliver the alcoholic beverages to the stadium to be stored in an area that has been approved by the commission. The alcoholic beverages may be stored temporarily or permanently to be served later by a retailer permittee or a holder of a supplemental caterer's permit.



Sec. 4. This chapter does not restrict or limit the use of a supplemental caterer's permit at a stadium."

Page 30, line 28, delete "wine".

Page 30, line 33, delete "wine retailer permittee." and insert "holder of a wine retailer permit, two-way permit, or three-way permit.".

Page 31, delete lines 28 through 42.

Page 32, delete lines 1 through 21, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 43. IC 7.1-5-10-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2017, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) through (d) and subsection (f), it is unlawful for a permittee to sell, offer to sell, purchase or receive, an alcoholic beverage for anything other than cash. A permittee who extends credit in violation of this section shall have no right of action on the claim.

- (b) A permittee may credit to a purchaser the actual price charged for a package or an original container returned by the original purchaser as a credit on a sale and refund to a purchaser the amount paid by the purchaser for a container, or as a deposit on a container, if it is returned to the permittee.
- (c) A manufacturer may extend usual and customary credit for alcoholic beverages sold to a customer who maintains a place of business outside this state when the alcoholic beverages are actually shipped to a point outside this state.
- (d) An artisan distiller, a distiller, or a liquor or wine wholesaler may extend credit on liquor, flavored malt beverages, and wine sold to a permittee for a period of fifteen (15) days from the date of invoice, date of invoice included. However, if the fifteen (15) day period passes without payment in full, the wholesaler shall sell to that permittee on a cash on delivery basis only.
- (e) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section commits a Class B misdemeanor.
- (f) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit a retailer or dealer from **doing the following:** 
  - (1) Except as provided in subsection (g), extending credit to a consumer purchasing alcohol for personal use at any time as long as any amount owed to the retailer or dealer by a consumer for alcohol is paid in full before the consumer leaves the permittee's premises. or
  - (2) Accepting a:
    - (A) credit card;
    - (B) debit card;



- (C) charge card; or
- (D) stored value card;

from a consumer purchasing alcohol for personal use.

- (g) A holder of a retailer's permit for a social club or fraternal club may extend credit at any time to a consumer who:
  - (1) is a member of the club; and
  - (2) purchases alcohol for personal use.

The consumer does not have to pay any amount owed by the consumer to the retailer permittee before the consumer leaves the permittee's premises.".

Page 38, after line 21, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 49. An emergency is declared for this act.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1419 as introduced.)

**SMALTZ** 

Committee Vote: yeas 13, nays 0.

#### HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1419 be amended to read as follows:

Page 33, line 30, after "to" insert ":

(1) a grocery store that is generally known as a convenience store or food mart that is engaged in the retail sale of automotive fuels as described in IC 7.1-1-3-18.5(a)(2)(B); and (2)".

Page 33, line 30, delete "store." and insert "store.

**(b)**".

Page 33, line 32, delete "(b)" and insert "(c)".

(Reference is to HB 1419 as printed January 26, 2018.)

**LEHMAN** 



#### HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1419 be amended to read as follows:

Page 21, delete lines 6 through 18, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 24. IC 7.1-3-20-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. Service Bars. (a) An A retail establishment which is licensed under the provisions of this article and which has a gross annual business of at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), of which at least fifty percent (50%) is in the retail sale of food, may have, subject to the approval of the commission, a service bar which is not in full, free and unobstructed view that can be viewed from a street or public highway.

- (b) An A retail establishment shall qualify as to the gross annual business provision described in subsection (a), if the projection of the first ninety (90) days of business for the establishment for one (1) year equals, or is greater than, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), in the proportions set forth in subsection (a), as shown by the books and records of the establishment.
- (c) An artisan distillery, a brewery described under IC 7.1-3-2-7(5), and a farm winery may operate a bar, as defined in 905 IAC 1-41-1, or a service bar, as defined in IC 7.1-1-3-42:
  - (1) indoors or outdoors; and
  - (2) that may be viewed from a street or public highway.".

(Reference is to HB 1419 as printed January 26, 2018.)

**GIAQUINTA** 

## COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Public Policy, to which was referred House Bill No. 1419, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Replace the effective date in SECTION 21 with "[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]".

Page 6, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 3. IC 7.1-1-3-16.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 16.5. The term



"entertainment complex" means a premises that:

- (1) is a site for the performance of musical, theatrical, or other entertainment;
- (2) if located in a county containing a consolidated city:

### (A) either:

- (i) includes an area where at least two thousand (2,000) individuals may be seated at one (1) time in permanent seating; and
- (B) (ii) is located in a facility that is (i) on the National Register of Historic Places or (ii) is located in a facility that is within the boundaries of a historic district that is established by ordinance under IC 36-7-11-7; or
- (B) is used by a nonprofit organization primarily for the professional performance of musical or theatrical entertainment that:
  - (i) has audience seating in one (1) or more performance spaces for at least two hundred (200) individuals; and
  - (ii) is located entirely within a one (1) mile radius of the center of the consolidated city; and
- (3) if located in a county other than a county containing a consolidated city, includes an area where at least twelve thousand (12,000) individuals may be seated at one (1) time in permanent seating.".

Page 6, delete lines 6 through 42.

Delete page 7.

Page 8, delete lines 1 through 22.

Page 8, line 25, delete "that is deposited in escrow" and insert "**issued**".

Page 9, delete lines 36 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 12. IC 7.1-3-1.5-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2013, SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 13. (a) **Except as provided in IC 7.1-3-1.7**, a retailer permittee or dealer permittee who operates an establishment where alcoholic beverages are served or sold must:

- (1) ensure that each alcohol server completes a server program or a trainer program established or approved under section 5.5 or 6 of this chapter not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date the alcohol server begins employment at the establishment;
- (2) require each alcohol server to attend a refresher course that includes the dissemination of new information concerning the



server program subject areas described in section 6 of this chapter or subject areas of a trainer program every three (3) years after the date the alcohol server completes a server program or a trainer program; and

- (3) maintain training verification records of each alcohol server.
- (b) A retailer permittee, a dealer permittee, or a management representative of a retailer or dealer permittee must complete a server program or a trainer program established or approved under section 5.5 or 6 of this chapter:
  - (1) not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date:
    - (A) the dealer permittee is issued a permit described in section 2 of this chapter; or
    - (B) the retailer permittee is issued a permit described in section 4 of this chapter; and
  - (2) every five (5) years after the date the retailer permittee, dealer permittee, or management representative of the retailer or dealer permittee completes a server program or a trainer program.
  - (c) The commission shall notify a:
    - (1) dealer permittee at the time the dealer permittee renews a permit described in section 2 of this chapter; and
    - (2) retailer permittee at the time the retailer permittee renews a permit described in section 4 of this chapter;
- of the requirements under subsections (a) and (b).
- (d) The commission may suspend or revoke a retailer permittee's or dealer permittee's permit or fine a retailer permittee or dealer permittee for noncompliance with this section in accordance with IC 7.1-3-23.

SECTION 13. IC 7.1-3-1.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]:

## Chapter 1.7. Exempt Servers

- Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:
  - (1) "Accredited hospitality management program" means a hospitality management program that is:
    - (A) accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Programs in Hospitality Administration or a similar nationally recognized accrediting organization; and
    - (B) offered by a state educational institution.
  - (2) "State educational institution" has the meaning set forth in IC 21-7-13-32.
- Sec. 2. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a person at least eighteen (18) years of age may work as a waiter or waitress on the licensed premises of a retailer permittee without having attended



a server program or obtained a server certificate or employee permit if all of the following requirements are met:

- (1) The licensed premises is a restaurant operated by an accredited hospitality management program primarily for educational purposes.
- (2) The person is a student enrolled in a:
  - (A) state educational institution; and
  - (B) course offered by the accredited hospitality management program.
- (3) The licensed premises, state educational institution, or accredited hospitality management program does not pay the person to work at the licensed premises.
- (4) The person works under the supervision of an instructor employed by the state educational institution.
- (b) This section does not permit a person to work as a bartender.".

Page 10, line 20, delete "a single service bar." and insert "one (1) or more bars located in a single tasting room.".

Page 10, line 22, before "bar" delete "service".

Page 10, delete lines 30 through 42.

Delete pages 11 through 12.

Page 13, delete lines 1 through 38.

Page 13, between lines 38 and 39, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 16. IC 7.1-3-6-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12. Boat Beer Permits: Application. The commission may issue a boat beer permit to:

- (1) the proprietor of a boat; or
- (2) a concessionaire of the proprietor of a boat;

engaged in regular passenger service and which makes regular runs in seasonable weather between established termini.

SECTION 17. IC 7.1-3-11-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. Boat Liquor Permits. The commission may issue a boat liquor permit to a person who is:

- (1) the proprietor of a boat; or
- (2) a concessionaire of the proprietor of a boat;

and who is, and continues to be, the holder of a boat beer permit and boat wine permit. The commission may issue a boat liquor permit without publication of notice or having an investigation before a local board.".

Page 14, line 16, after "holder's" delete "the".

Page 14, line 18, delete "a single service bar." and insert "one (1) or more bars located in a single tasting room.".



Page 14, line 20, before "bar" delete "service".

notice or having an investigation before a local board.".

Page 14, between lines 30 and 31, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 19. IC 7.1-3-16-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. Boat Wine Permits. The commission may issue a boat wine permit to a person who is:

- (1) the proprietor of a boat; or
- (2) a concessionaire of the proprietor of a boat; and who also is, and continues to be, the holder of a boat beer permit. The commission may issue a boat wine permit without publication of

Page 14, delete lines 31 through 42.

Delete pages 15 through 17, begin a new paragraph, and insert:

"SECTION 23. IC 7.1-3-19-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2016, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. (a) This section applies to a permit issued under IC 7.1-3-20-16(d), IC 7.1-3-20-16(g), IC 7.1-3-20-16(k), IC 7.1-3-20-16(l), or IC 7.1-3-20-16.8, IC 7.1-3-20-16.9, IC 7.1-3-20-28, IC 7.1-3-20-29, or IC 7.1-3-20-31, if a municipal legislative body has adopted an ordinance requiring a formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a permit, as described in subsection (b).

- (b) As a condition of eligibility for a permit, the applicant must enter into a formal written commitment with the municipal legislative body regarding the character or type of business that will be conducted on the permit premises. The municipal legislative body must adopt an ordinance approving the formal written commitment. A formal written commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises. When an application for renewal of a permit is filed, the applicant shall forward a copy of the application to the municipal legislative body. The municipal legislative body shall receive notice of any filings, hearings, or other proceedings on the application for renewal from the applicant.
- (c) A formal written commitment may be modified by the municipal legislative body with the agreement of the permit holder.
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), the amount of time that a formal written commitment is valid may not be limited or restricted.
- (e) A formal written commitment is terminated at the time a permit is revoked or not renewed.
- (f) If the character or type of business violates the formal written commitments, the municipality may adopt a recommendation to the local board and the commission to:
  - (1) deny the permit holder's application to renew the permit; or



- (2) revoke the permit holder's permit.
- (g) The commission shall consider evidence at the hearing on the issue of whether the business violated the formal written commitments. If the commission determines there is sufficient evidence that the commitments have been violated by the permittee, the commission may:
  - (1) deny the application to renew the permit; or
  - (2) revoke the permit;

as applicable.".

Page 18, delete lines 1 through 8.

Page 21, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 28. IC 7.1-3-20-16.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 16.9. (a) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.

- (b) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than three (3) new three-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants within a public-private partnership redevelopment in the town of Munster.
  - (c) The following apply to permits issued under this section:
    - (1) An applicant for a permit under this section must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within a municipality's public-private partnership development.
    - (2) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
    - (3) If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue only enough new permits to bring the total number of permits to three (3) active permits.
    - (4) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises.
    - (5) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.



- (6) Except as provided in subdivision (8), the ownership of a permit may not be transferred.
- (7) A permit may not be transferred outside the area of the public-private partnership redevelopment for which the permit was issued.
- (8) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no longer designated a public-private partnership redevelopment, a permit issued under this section may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the public-private partnership redevelopment.
- (d) An application for a permit under this section must include the following documentation, which is required at the time the permit application is filed with the commission:
  - (1) A detailed map showing:
    - (A) definite boundaries of the entire public-private partnership redevelopment project; and
    - (B) the location of the proposed permit premises within the project.
  - (2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local governing body authorizing the public-private partnership redevelopment project.
  - (3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state and city funds on the public-private partnership redevelopment project."

Page 21, between lines 32 and 33, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 31. IC 7.1-3-20-28 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 28. (a) This section applies only to:** 

- (1) Bargersville; and
- (2) Martinsville.
- (b) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.
- (c) The commission may issue not more than five (5) three-way retailer's permits to applicants for premises located within an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14 in a municipality's:
  - (1) redevelopment district; or
  - (2) economic revitalization area.

An applicant for a permit under this section must be a proprietor,



as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within the area or district.

- (d) The following apply to permits issued under this section:
  - (1) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
  - (2) If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue new permits. However, the total number of active permits issued under this section may not exceed ten (10) permits at any time. If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue only enough new permits to bring the total number of permits to ten (10) active permits, with not more than five (5) in each municipality.
  - (3) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises.
  - (4) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
  - (5) Except as provided in subdivision (7), the ownership of a permit may not be transferred.
  - (6) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for which the permit was issued.
  - (7) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no longer designated a redevelopment district or an economic revitalization area, a permit issued under this section may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.
- (e) An application for a permit under this section must include the following documentation, which is required at the time the permit application is filed with the commission:
  - (1) A detailed map showing:
    - (A) definite boundaries of the entire:
      - (i) economic development area;
      - (ii) area needing redevelopment; or
      - (iii) redevelopment district in the municipality's redevelopment district or economic revitalization area;



and

- (B) the location of the proposed permit premises within the project.
- (2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local governing body authorizing the economic development area, area needing redevelopment, or redevelopment district in the municipality's redevelopment district or economic revitalization area.
- (3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state and city funds on the economic development area, area needing redevelopment, or redevelopment district in the municipality's redevelopment district or economic revitalization area.

SECTION 32. IC 7.1-3-20-29 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 29. (a) This section applies only to the city of Greenwood.** 

- (b) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.
- (c) The commission may issue not more than ten (10) three-way retailer's permits to applicants for premises located in the city's Eastside Economic Development Area. An applicant for a permit must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within the economic development area.
- (d) The commission may issue not more than ten (10) three-way retailer's permits to applicants for premises located in the city's State Road 135 Economic Development Area. An applicant for a permit must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within the economic development area.
  - (e) The following apply to permits issued under this section:
    - (1) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
    - (2) If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue new permits. However, each economic development area may not have more than ten (10) active permits issued under this section at any time. The total number of active permits issued under this section may not exceed twenty (20) permits at any time. If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue only enough new permits to bring the total number of permits to twenty (20) active permits, with not more than ten (10) in each economic



- development area listed in subsections (c) and (d).
- (3) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises.
- (4) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
- (5) Except as provided in subdivision (7), the ownership of a permit may not be transferred.
- (6) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for which the permit was issued.
- (7) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no longer designated an economic development area, a permit issued under this section may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.
- (f) An application for a permit under this section must include the following documentation, which is required at the time the permit application is filed with the commission:
  - (1) A detailed map showing:
    - (A) definite boundaries of the entire:
      - (i) Eastside Economic Development Area; or
    - (ii) State Road 135 Economic Development Area; as applicable; and
    - (B) the location of the proposed permit premises within the relevant economic development area.
  - (2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local governing body authorizing the relevant economic development area.
  - (3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state and city funds on the relevant economic development area.
- SECTION 33. IC 7.1-3-20-30 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 30. (a) This section applies only to a bottling district.**
- (b) As used in this section, "bottling district" means a retail shopping and food service district that has the following characteristics:



- (1) The district consists of an area that:
  - (A) has been redeveloped, renovated, or environmentally remediated in part with grants from the federal, state, or local government; and
  - (B) is entirely located within a one and one-half (1 1/2) mile radius of the center of a consolidated city.
- (2) The district consists of land and a building or group of buildings that are part of a common development and that:
  - (A) contains more than ten (10) retail stores;
  - (B) is developed in a manner such that the district is self-contained upon a single plat;
  - (C) is located within a locally designated historic district of a consolidated city; and
  - (D) contains at least one (1) building that:
    - (i) was formerly a bottling facility; and
    - (ii) has been approved for present commercial use by the local historic preservation commission of the consolidated city.
- (c) The commission may issue not more than five (5) three-way retailer's permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants who own or lease, or both, a building within the bottling district that contains retail space. The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
- (d) The commission may also issue a three-way retailer's permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to an applicant that is the owner or developer of a building in the bottling district designated as a "food hall". A food hall is a single licensed permit premises that meets the following requirements:
  - (1) The food hall contains at least ten (10) different food and beverage vendors. A food and beverage vending space is not subject to section 9(b) of this chapter.
  - (2) The food hall has a seating capacity of at least one hundred (100) people.
  - (3) The food hall and the managers operating in the food hall are exempt from IC 7.1-5-7-9 and IC 7.1-5-7-10.
- (e) The commission may allow multiple managers that have each filed a manager's questionnaire, as required under IC 7.1-5-9-15, to operate concurrently within the permit premises of the designated food hall. A manager operating under a manager's questionnaire is subject to the following:
  - (1) The manager shall:
    - (A) maintain the manager's own retail merchant's



certificate; and

- (B) be responsible for the payment of the manager's own taxes.
- (2) The manager shall conform to all health and safety requirements of local and state agencies.
- (3) The manager shall comply with all requirements under IC 7.1-5-9-15.
- (4) The manager shall comply with IC 7.1-5-10-20 with regard to the manager's own food and beverage vending space. However, IC 7.1-5-10-20 does not prohibit a manager from establishing sale prices for drinks that are different from the sale prices for comparable drinks that are set by other managers of food and beverage vending spaces in the food hall.
- (5) The manager is not required to comply with section 9(b) of this chapter.
- (f) A permit authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the proximity provisions of IC 7.1-3-21-11 or the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.
- (g) A permit issued under this section may not be transferred to a location outside the bottling district.

SECTION 34. IC 7.1-3-20-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 31. (a) This section applies only to the town of Speedway.** 

- (b) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.
- (c) The commission may issue not more than five (5) three-way retailer's permits to applicants for premises located within an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14 in the town of Speedway's:
  - (1) redevelopment district; or
  - (2) economic revitalization area.

An applicant for a permit under this section must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within the area or district.

- (d) The following apply to permits issued under this section:
  - (1) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
  - (2) If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue new permits.



However, the total number of active permits issued under this section may not exceed five (5) permits at any time. If any of the permits issued under this section are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue only enough new permits to bring the total number of permits to five (5) active permits.

- (3) The town of Speedway may adopt an ordinance under IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises.
- (4) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
- (5) Except as provided in subdivision (7), the ownership of a permit may not be transferred.
- (6) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for which the permit was issued.
- (7) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no longer designated a redevelopment district or an economic revitalization area, a permit issued under this section may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.
- (e) An application for a permit under this section must include the following documentation, which is required at the time the permit application is filed with the commission:
  - (1) A detailed map showing:
    - (A) definite boundaries of the entire:
      - (i) economic development area;
      - (ii) area needing redevelopment; or
      - (iii) redevelopment district in the municipality's redevelopment district or economic revitalization area; and
    - (B) the location of the proposed permit premises within the project.
  - (2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local governing body authorizing the economic development area, area needing redevelopment, or redevelopment district in the municipality's redevelopment district or economic revitalization area.



(3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state and city funds on the economic development area, area needing redevelopment, or redevelopment district in the municipality's redevelopment district or economic revitalization area.

SECTION 35. IC 7.1-3-21-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.196-2015, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section, "wall" means a wall of a building. The term does not include a boundary wall.

- (b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (g), the commission may not issue a permit for a premises if a wall of the premises is situated within two hundred (200) feet from a wall of a school or church, if no permit has been issued for the premises under the provisions of Acts 1933, Chapter 80. However, the commission may issue a permit for a premises if the wall of the premises and the wall of a church are separated by at least eighty-five (85) feet, including a two (2) lane road having a width of at least thirty (30) feet.
  - (c) This section does not apply to the premises of a:
    - (1) grocery store, drug store, restaurant, hotel, catering hall, or location for which the use of a supplemental eatering permit has been approved retailer or dealer permittee if:
      - (A) a wall of the premises is situated within two hundred (200) feet from a wall of a church or school;
      - (B) the commission receives a written statement from the authorized representative of the church or school stating expressly that the church or school does not object to the issuance of the permit for the premises; and
      - (C) the commission determines that the church or school does not object to the issuance of the permit for the premises; or
    - (2) church or school that applies for a temporary beer or wine permit.
- (d) The commission shall base its determination under subsection (c)(1)(C) solely on the written statement of the authorized representative of the church or school.
- (e) If the commission does not receive the written statement of the authorized representative of the church or school, the premises of the grocery store, drug store, restaurant, hotel, eatering hall, or location for which the use of a supplemental eatering permit has been approved retailer or dealer permittee may not obtain the waiver allowed under this section.
  - (f) If the commission determines that the church or school does not



object, this section and IC 7.1-3-21-10 do not apply to the permit premises of the grocery store, drug store restaurant, hotel, or catering hall retailer or dealer permittee on a subsequent renewal or transfer of ownership.

- (g) If the commission:
  - (1) receives a written statement from the authorized representative of a church or school as described in subsection (c)(1)(B); and
  - (2) determines the church or school does not object as described in subsection (c)(1)(C);

the commission may not consider subsequent objections from the church or school to the issuance of the same permit type at the same premises location.".

Page 21, delete lines 33 through 42.

Delete pages 22 through 23.

Page 24, delete lines 1 through 13.

Page 24, line 38, delete "a single service bar." and insert "one (1) or more bars located in a single tasting room.".

Page 24, line 40, before "bar" delete "service".

Page 28, delete lines 13 through 42, begin a new paragraph, and insert:

"SECTION 39. IC 7.1-5-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2014, SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) It is unlawful for a person to act as a clerk in a package liquor store, or as a bartender, waiter, waitress, or manager for a retailer permittee unless that person has applied for and been issued the appropriate permit. This section does not apply to dining car or boat employees, **to a person described in IC 7.1-3-1.7**, or to a person described in IC 7.1-3-18-9(d). A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this subsection commits a Class B misdemeanor.

- (b) It is a defense to a charge under this section if, not later than thirty (30) days after being cited by the commission, the person who was cited produces evidence that the appropriate permit was issued by the commission on the date of the citation.
- (c) It is a defense to a charge under this section for a new applicant for a permit if, not later than thirty (30) days after being cited by the commission, the new applicant who was cited produces a receipt for a cashier's check or money order showing that an application for the appropriate permit was applied for on the date of the citation."

Delete pages 29 through 31, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 48. IC 7.1-5-7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.270-2017,



SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 11. (a) The provisions of sections 9 and 10 of this chapter shall not apply if the public place involved is one (1) of the following:

- (1) Civic center.
- (2) Convention center.
- (3) Sports arena.
- (4) Bowling center.
- (5) Bona fide club.
- (6) Drug store.
- (7) Grocery store.
- (8) Boat.
- (9) Dining car.
- (10) Pullman car.
- (11) Club car.
- (12) Passenger airplane.
- (13) Horse racetrack facility holding a recognized meeting permit under IC 4-31-5.
- (14) Satellite facility (as defined in IC 4-31-2-20.5).
- (15) Catering hall under IC 7.1-3-20-24 that is not open to the public.
- (16) That part of a restaurant which is separate from a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.
- (17) Entertainment complex.
- (18) Indoor golf facility.
- (19) A recreational facility such as a golf course, bowling center, or similar facility that has the recreational activity and not the sale of food and beverages as the principal purpose or function of the person's business.
- (20) A licensed premises owned or operated by a postsecondary educational institution described in IC 21-17-6-1.
- (21) An automobile racetrack.
- (22) An indoor theater under IC 7.1-3-20-26.
- (23) A senior residence facility campus (as defined in IC 7.1-3-1-29(c)) at which alcoholic beverages are given or furnished as provided under IC 7.1-3-1-29.
- (24) A hotel other than a part of a hotel that is a room in a restaurant in which a bar is located over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.
- (25) The location of an allowable event to which IC 7.1-3-6.1 applies.



- (26) The location of a charity auction to which IC 7.1-3-6.2 applies.
- (27) A farm winery and any additional locations of the farm winery under IC 7.1-3-12, if the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
- (28) An artisan distillery under IC 7.1-3-27, if:
  - (A) the person who holds the artisan distiller's permit also holds a farm winery permit under IC 7.1-3-12; and
  - (B) the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.

# (29) A food hall (as described in IC 7.1-3-20-30(d)) in a bottling district under IC 7.1-3-20-30.

- (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "food" means meals prepared on the licensed premises. It is lawful for a minor to be on licensed premises in a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink if all the following conditions are met:
  - (1) The minor is eighteen (18) years of age or older.
  - (2) The minor is in the company of a parent, guardian, or family member who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older.
  - (3) The purpose for being on the licensed premises is the consumption of food and not the consumption of alcoholic beverages."
  - Page 32, delete lines 1 through 30.
  - Page 33, line 26, delete "for a social club or fraternal".
  - Page 33, line 27, delete "club".
  - Page 33, line 28, delete "member" and insert "customer".
  - Page 33, line 28, delete "club;" and insert "retailer;".
  - Page 33, delete lines 33 through 42.
  - Delete pages 34 through 38.
  - Page 39, delete lines 1 through 36.
  - Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1419 as reprinted January 30, 2018.)

ALTING, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

