

February 9, 2021

HOUSE BILL No. 1405

DIGEST OF HB 1405 (Updated February 8, 2021 9:16 pm - DI 55)

Citations Affected: IC 12-15; IC 16-39; IC 27-1; IC 27-4; IC 27-7.

Synopsis: Insurance matters. Establishes the long term care insurance partnership program and requires the office of the secretary of family and social services to apply before December 31, 2021, for a Medicaid state plan amendment to effectuate the program. Provides that after June 30, 2022, an individual will be able to participate in either the long term care insurance partnership program or the state's current long term care insurance program. Requires a provider to provide the health records requested by a patient within 30 days after the date the written request is made, and allows the state department of health to impose a fine against a provider for not complying with this requirement. Provides that if a resident insurance producer completed more than 24 hours of credit in continuing education courses before the effective date of the producer's last license renewal, not more than 12 of the excess hours of credit for those continuing education courses may apply toward satisfaction of the continuing education requirement for the producer's next license renewal, subject to certain restrictions. Provides that a merchant or other seller that acts as an agent for purposes of the sale of an auto service contract is not a person contractually obligated under the service contract by virtue of acting as the seller. Provides, as an exception to the general prohibition against rebates, that: (1) an insurer, an employee of an insurer, or a producer may offer and give gifts of limited value in connection with marketing of insurance and may conduct a drawing for prizes of limited value; (2) an insurer, (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2021.

Carbaugh

January 14, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance. February 9, 2021, amended, reported — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

through its employees, affiliates, insurance producers, or third-party representatives, may provide, for free or at a discount, products or services that relate to or are provided in conjunction with a policy and are exclusively intended to educate about, assess, monitor, control, or prevent risk of loss; (3) a person holding an insurance license may offer or provide, for free or for less than fair market value, services that are at least tangentially related to an insurance contract but are not contingent upon the purchase of insurance, subject to conditions. Amends the law requiring an insurer to provide 10 days' advance notice to the insurance producer who procured an automobile policy when the insurer intends to cancel or not to renew the policy to make the law applicable only if the insurance producer. Amends code sections requiring an insurer to "deliver" or "provide" certain notices within a certain time period to make those sections provide instead that the insurer is required to "mail" the notices. Provides that if a party procures a policy of insurance through an online platform: (1) the party affirmatively consents to have all notices and other documents related to the policy delivered to the party electronically; and (2) other statutory prerequisites to the electronic delivery of notices do not apply.



February 9, 2021

First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1405

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 12-15-1.3-22 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 22. (a) Before December 31, 2021,
4	the office must apply to the United States Department of Health
5	and Human Services for a state plan amendment that establishes
6	the long term care partnership program as described in
7	IC 12-15-39.8.
8	(b) If the office receives approval for the state plan amendment
9	applied for under this section, the office shall comply with
10	IC 12-15-39.8.
11	SECTION 2. IC 12-15-39.6-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
12	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 0.5. Notwithstanding
14	IC 12-15-39.8, the asset disregard under section 10 of this chapter
15	applies to any qualified long term care policy to which this chapter
16	applies.
17	SECTION 3. IC 12-15-39.6-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 7. (a) The department 2 of insurance or the agency with which the department of insurance has 3 contracted under section 6(b) of this chapter shall make available to 4 any individual interested in participating in the Indiana a long term 5 care program information concerning the following: 6 (1) The Indiana long term care program established under this 7 chapter. 8 (2) The Indiana long term care insurance partnership 9 program established under IC 12-15-39.8. (2) (3) Long term care insurance policies, including: 10 (A) qualified long term care policies that meet the 11 definition set forth in section 5 of this chapter; and 12 13 (B) qualified long term care insurance policies that meet the definition set forth in IC 12-15-39.8-3. 14 15 (3) (4) Medicare supplement insurance policies. (4) (5) Parts A and B of the Medicare program (42 U.S.C. 1395 16 17 et seq.). 18 (5) (6) Health maintenance organizations under IC 27-13 that are 19 contracted with the Medicare program. 20 (6) (7) The Medicaid program. (b) If an individual elects to pursue any of the options under 21 22 subsection (a), the department of insurance shall assist the individual 23 in doing so. 24 SECTION 4. IC 12-15-39.6-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 25 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 26 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 7.5. An individual interested in 27 participating in a long term care program after June 30, 2022, may 28 participate in: 29 (1) the Indiana long term care program established under this 30 chapter; or 31 (2) the Indiana long term care insurance partnership program 32 established under IC 12-15-39.8. 33 SECTION 5. IC 12-15-39.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 34 AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 35 JULY 1, 2021]: 36 Chapter 39.8. Long Term Care Insurance Partnership Program 37 Sec. 1. This chapter applies to qualified long term care insurance policies that are entered into, issued, or renewed after 38 39 June 30, 2022. 40 Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "program" means the Indiana 41 long term care insurance partnership program established by 42 section 4(a) of this chapter.

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1	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "qualified long term care
2	insurance policy" means an insurance policy that meets the
3	following requirements:
4	(1) The policy covers an individual who was a resident of the
5	state when the coverage first became effective under the
6	policy.
7	(2) The policy was not issued before the effective date of the
8	state plan amendment applied for under IC 12-15-1.3-22.
9	(3) The policy meets the definition of a qualified long term
10	care insurance contract under 26 U.S.C. 7702B.
11	(4) The policy meets the model regulations and requirements
12	of the model act of the National Association of Insurance
13	Commissioners provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396p(b)(5).
14	(5) The policy includes inflation protection as follows:
15	(A) If the policy is sold to an individual who was less than
16	sixty-one (61) years of age as of the date of purchase, the
17	policy must provide compound inflation protection.
18	(B) If the policy is sold to an individual who was at least
19	sixty-one (61) years of age but less than seventy-six (76)
20	years of age as of the date of purchase, the policy must
21	provide some level of inflation protection.
22	(C) If the policy is sold to an individual who is at least
23	seventy-six (76) years of age, the policy may, but is not
24	required to, provide some level of inflation protection.
25	(6) The department of insurance certifies that the policy meets
26	the requirements of subdivisions (3), (4), and (5).
27	Sec. 4. (a) The Indiana long term care insurance partnership
28	program is established.
29	(b) The office of Medicaid policy and planning and the
30	department of insurance shall administer the program in
31	accordance with Section 6021 of the federal Deficit Reduction Act
32	of 2005.
33	Sec. 5. Under the program, the office of Medicaid policy and
34	planning must exclude and disregard an amount equal to the
35	amount of benefits an individual receives under a qualified long
36	term care insurance policy when determining the following:
37	(1) The individual's resources for purposes of determining
38	eligibility for Medicaid under IC 12-15-3.
39	(2) The amount to be recovered from the individual's estate
40	under IC 12-15-9 if the individual is eligible for Medicaid.
41	Sec. 6. (a) The department of insurance shall develop a training
42	program for insurance producers who sell qualified long term care



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1	insurance policies that includes a certified prelicensing course and
2	continuing education courses. The courses must cover, at a
3	minimum, the following topics:
4 5	(1) State and federal regulations and requirements and the
	relationship between qualified long term care insurance
6	policies and other public and private coverage of long term
7	care services, including Medicaid.
8	(2) Available long term care services and providers.
9	(3) Changes or improvements in long term care services or
10	providers.
11	(4) Alternatives to the purchase of private long term care
12	insurance.
13	(5) The effect of inflation on benefits and the importance of
14	inflation protection.
15	(6) Consumer suitability standards and guidelines.
16	(b) An insurance producer must:
17	(1) complete the certified prelicensing course established
18	under subsection (a) before the insurance producer may sell,
19	solicit, or negotiate a qualified long term care insurance
20	policy; and
21	(2) attend a continuing education course established under
22	subsection (a) at least once every twenty-four (24) months to
23	continue to sell, solicit, or negotiate a qualified long term care
24	insurance policy.
25	Sec. 7. An insurer that issues a qualified long term care
26	insurance policy shall provide regular reports to:
27	(1) the Secretary of the United States Department of Health
28	and Human Services, as required by federal regulations; and
29	(2) the office of Medicaid policy and planning and the
30	department of insurance, as required by those entities.
31	Sec. 8. The secretary of family and social services and the
32	department of insurance may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2
33	necessary to implement this chapter.
34	SECTION 6. IC 16-39-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.157-2006,
35	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. (a) This section applies to all health records
37	except mental health records, which are governed by IC 16-39-2,
38	IC 16-39-3, and IC 16-39-4.
39	(b) This article applies to all health records, except:
40	(1) records regarding communicable diseases, which are governed
41	by IC 16-41-8-1; or
42	(2) records regarding alcohol and other drug abuse patient



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1	records, which are governed by 42 CFR, Part 2.
2	(c) On written request and reasonable notice, a provider shall supply
3	to a patient the health records possessed by the provider concerning the
4	patient. Subject to 15 U.S.C. 7601 et seq. and 16 CFR Part 315,
4 5	information regarding contact lenses must be given using the following
6	guidelines:
7	(1) After the release of a patient from an initial fitting and
8	follow-up period of not more than six (6) months, the contact lens
9	prescription must be released to the patient at the patient's
10	request.
11	(2) A prescription released under subdivision (1) must contain all
12	information required to properly duplicate the contact lenses.
13	(3) A contact lens prescription must include the following:
14	(A) An expiration date of one (1) year.
15	(B) The number of refills permitted.
16	(4) Instructions for use must be consistent with:
17	(A) recommendations of the contact lens manufacturer;
18	(B) clinical practice guidelines; and
19	(C) the professional judgment of the prescribing optometrist
20	or physician licensed under IC 25-22.5.
21	After the release of a contact lens prescription under this subsection,
22	liability for future fittings or dispensing of contact lenses under the
23	original prescription lies with the dispensing company or practitioner.
24	(d) On a patient's written request and reasonable notice, a provider
25	shall furnish to the patient or the patient's designee the following:
26	(1) A copy of the patient's health record used in assessing the
27	patient's health condition.
28	(2) At the option of the patient, the pertinent part of the patient's
29	health record relating to a specific condition, as requested by the
30	patient.
31	(e) Subject to section 5 of this chapter, a request made provider
32	shall provide the health records requested under this section is valid
33	for sixty (60) within thirty (30) days after the date the written request
34	is made.
35	(f) In addition to any action taken under IC 16-19-3-18, the state
36	department may impose a fine against a provider not to exceed five
37 38	thousand dollars (\$5,000) for not complying with the requirements
38 39	of this section. SECTION 7. IC 27-1-15.7-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2017,
39 40	SECTION 7. IC 27-1-15.7-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2017, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40 41	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), to
42	renew a license issued under IC 27-1-15.6, a resident insurance
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1 producer must complete at least twenty-four (24) hours of credit in 2 continuing education courses, not more than four (4) hours of which 3 may be in courses concerning one (1) or a combination of the 4 following:

- (1) Sales promotion.
- (2) Sales technique.
- (3) Motivation.

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- (4) Psychology.
 - (5) Time management.

10 If the insurance producer has a qualification described in 11 IC 27-1-15.6-7(a)(1), IC 27-1-15.6-7(a)(2), or IC 27-1-15.6-7(a)(5), for a license renewal that occurs after June 30, 2014, at least three (3) of 12 13 the hours of credit required by this subsection must be related to ethical practices in the marketing and sale of life, health, or annuity insurance 14 15 products. An attorney in good standing who is admitted to the practice of law in Indiana and holds a license issued under IC 27-1-15.6 may 16 17 complete all or any number of hours of continuing education required 18 by this subsection by completing an equivalent number of hours in 19 continuing legal education courses that are related to the business of 20 insurance.

21 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), to renew a license issued 22 under IC 27-1-15.6, a limited lines producer with a title qualification 23 under IC 27-1-15.6-7(a)(8) must complete at least seven (7) hours of 24 credit in continuing education courses related to the business of title 25 insurance with at least one (1) hour of instruction in a structured setting 26 or comparable self-study in each of the following:

27 (1) Ethical practices in the marketing and selling of title 28 insurance. 29

- (2) Title insurance underwriting.
- 30 (3) Escrow issues.

(4) Principles of the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. 2608).

33 An attorney in good standing who is admitted to the practice of law in 34 Indiana and holds a license issued under IC 27-1-15.6 with a title 35 qualification under IC 27-1-15.6-7(a)(8) may complete all or any number of hours of continuing education required by this subsection by 36 37 completing an equivalent number of hours in continuing legal 38 education courses related to the business of title insurance or any 39 aspect of real property law.

40 (c) The following insurance producers are not required to complete 41 continuing education courses to renew a license under this chapter:

42 (1) A limited lines producer who is licensed without examination



1 under IC 27-1-15.6-18(1). 2 (2) A limited line credit insurance producer. 3 (3) A nonresident limited lines producer with a title qualification: 4 (A) whose home state requires continuing education for a title 5 qualification; and 6 (B) who has met the continuing education requirements 7 described in clause (A). 8 (d) Except as provided in section 2.2 of this chapter, to satisfy the 9 requirements of subsection (a) or (b), a licensee may use only those credit hours earned in continuing education courses completed by the 10 11 licensee: 12 (1) after the effective date of the licensee's last renewal of a 13 license under this chapter; or 14 (2) if the licensee is renewing a license for the first time, after the 15 date on which the licensee was issued the license under this 16 chapter. 17 (e) If an insurance producer receives qualification for a license in more than one (1) line of authority under IC 27-1-15.6, the insurance 18 19 producer may not be required to complete a total of more than 20 twenty-four (24) hours of credit in continuing education courses to 21 renew the license. 22 (f) Except as provided in subsection (g), a licensee may receive 23 credit only for completing the following continuing education courses: 24 (1) Continuing education courses that have been approved by the 25 commissioner under section 4 of this chapter. 26 (2) Continuing education courses that are required for the licensee 27 under IC 27-19-4-14. 28 (g) A licensee who teaches a course approved by the commissioner 29 under section 4 of this chapter shall receive continuing education credit 30 for teaching the course. 31 (h) When a licensee renews a license issued under this chapter, the 32 licensee must submit: 33 (1) a continuing education statement that: 34 (A) is in a format authorized by the commissioner; 35 (B) is signed by the licensee under oath; and 36 (C) lists the continuing education courses completed by the 37 licensee to satisfy the continuing education requirements of 38 this section; and 39 (2) any other information required by the commissioner. 40 (i) A continuing education statement submitted under subsection (h) 41 may be reviewed and audited by the department. 42 (j) A licensee shall retain a copy of the original certificate of



1	completion received by the licensee for completion of a continuing
2	education course.
3	(k) A licensee who completes a continuing education course that:
4	(1) is approved by the commissioner under section 4 of this
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	chapter;
6	(2) is held in a classroom setting; and
7	(3) concerns ethics;
8	shall receive continuing education credit not to exceed four (4) hours
9	in a renewal period.
10	SECTION 8. IC 27-1-15.7-2.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
11	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2.2. (a) This section applies to the
13	renewal of a license under this chapter after December 31, 2021.
14	(b) If a resident insurance producer completed more than
15	twenty-four (24) hours of credit in continuing education courses
16	before the effective date of the producer's last renewal under this
17	chapter of a license issued under IC 27-1-15.6, the producer,
18	instead of completing twenty-four (24) hours of credit in continuing
19	education courses after the effective date of the producer's last
20	license renewal as otherwise required under section 2(d) of this
21	chapter, may satisfy the continuing education requirement of
22	section 2 of this chapter for the producer's next license renewal
23	through a combination of:
24	(1) credit for continuing education courses completed by the
25	producer before the effective date of the producer's last
26	license renewal; and
27	(2) credit for continuing education courses completed by the
28	producer after the effective date of the producer's last license
29	renewal.
30	(c) To apply toward satisfaction of the continuing education
31	requirement for a producer's next license renewal under
32	subsection (b)(1), credit for a continuing education course
33	completed by the producer before the effective date of the
34	producer's last license renewal must not have applied toward
35	satisfaction of the continuing education requirement for the
36	producer's last license renewal.
37	(d) A producer satisfies the continuing education requirement
38	of section 2 of this chapter under subsection (b) for the producer's
39	next license renewal if the sum of:
40	(1) the credit hours applied toward the requirement under
40	subsection (b)(1); plus
42	(2) the credit hours applied toward the requirement under
74	(2) the create nours apprece toward the requirement under



subsection (b)(2);

is twenty-four (24).

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(e) Not more than twelve (12) hours of credit in continuing education courses completed by a producer before the effective date of the producer's last license renewal may be applied toward satisfying the continuing education requirement of section 2 of this chapter for the producer's next license renewal under subsection (b)(1).

(f) The credit for a producer's completion of a continuing education course may not be applied toward satisfying the continuing education requirement of section 2 of this chapter under subsection (b)(1) unless the producer completed the continuing education course not more than one hundred twenty (120) days before the effective date of the producer's last license renewal.

(g) Credit for a producer's completion of a continuing education course on the subject of:

(1) ethics; or

(2) long term care insurance;

before the effective date of the producer's last license renewal may not be applied toward satisfying the continuing education requirement of section 2 of this chapter for the producer's next license renewal under subsection (b)(1).

(h) The credit for a producer's completion of a continuing education course, whether applied toward the continuing education requirement of section 2 of this chapter under subsection (b)(1), subsection (b)(2), or section 2(d) of this chapter, may be applied toward the requirement only once.

(i) The commissioner shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this section.

SECTION 9. IC 27-1-20-30 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 30. (a) This section does not prohibit activities allowed under IC 27-1-47.

(a) (b) No company acting through its officers or members, attorney-in-fact, or by any other party, no officer of a company acting on the officer's own behalf and no insurance producer, broker, or solicitor, personally or by any other party, shall offer, promise, allow, give, set off or pay, directly or indirectly, any rebate of or part of the premium payable on a policy, or any insurance producer's commission thereon, or earnings, profits, dividends or other benefits founded, arising, accruing, or to accrue thereon or therefrom, or any special advantage in date of policy or age of issue, or any paid employment or



1 contract for services of any kind, or any other valuable consideration 2 or inducement, to or for insurance on any risk in this state, now or 3 hereafter to be written, or for or upon any renewal of any such 4 insurance, which is not specified in the policy contract of insurance, or 5 offer, promise, give, option, sell or purchase any stocks, bonds, 6 securities, or property, or any dividends or profits accruing or to accrue 7 thereon, or other thing of value whatsoever as inducement to insurance 8 or in connection therewith, or any renewal thereof, which is not 9 specified in the policy. Nothing in this section shall prevent a company 10 which transacts industrial life insurance on a weekly payment plan 11 from returning to policyholders who have made a premium payment for 12 a period of at least one (1) year directly to the company at its home or 13 district office a percentage of premium which the company would 14 otherwise have paid for the weekly collection of such premium, nor 15 shall this section be construed to prevent the taking of a bona fide obligation, with legal interest, in payment of any premium. 16

(b) (c) No insured person or party or applicant for insurance shall
directly or indirectly, receive or accept, or agree to receive or accept,
any rebate of premium or of any part thereof, or all or any part of any
insurance producer's or broker's commission thereon, or any favor or
advantage, or share in any benefit to accrue under any policy of
insurance, or any valuable consideration or inducement, other than
such as are specified in the policy.
SECTION 10, IC 27-1-22-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

SECTION 10. IC 27-1-22-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 18. (a) This section does not prohibit activities allowed under IC 27-1-47.

27 (b) No insurer, broker, or insurance producer shall knowingly 28 charge, demand, or receive a premium for any policy of insurance 29 except in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. No insurer or 30 employee thereof, and no broker or insurance producer shall pay, allow, 31 or give, directly or indirectly, as an inducement to insurance, or after 32 insurance has been effected, any rebate, discount, abatement, credit, or reduction of the premium named in a policy of insurance, or any 33 34 special favor or advantage in the dividends or other benefits to accrue 35 thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever, not specified in the policy of insurance, except to the extent provided for 36 37 in applicable filings. No insured named in any policy of insurance shall 38 knowingly receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any such rebate, 39 discount, abatement, credit or reduction of premium, or any such 40 special favor or advantage or valuable consideration or inducement. 41 Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the payment 42 of, nor permitting the regulation of the payment of, commissions or

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1 2	other compensation to duly licensed insurance producers and brokers, nor as prohibiting, or permitting the regulation of, any insurer from
3	allowing or returning to its participating policyholders or members,
4	dividends or savings.
5	SECTION 11. IC 27-1-31-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6 7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2. (a) An insurer may
8	not cancel a policy of insurance that the insurer has written that has
o 9	been in effect more than ninety (90) days unless:
9 10	(1) the insured under the policy has failed to pay the premium; (2) there is a substantial sharps in the scale of risk sourced by the
	(2) there is a substantial change in the scale of risk covered by the
11	policy;
12	(3) the insured has perpetrated a fraud or material
13 14	misrepresentation upon the insurer;
	(4) the insured has failed to comply with reasonable safety
15 16	recommendations; or (5) reinsurance of the risk associated with the policy has been
10	cancelled.
17	(b) An insurer shall provide mail a written notice of cancellation to
10	a person insured under a policy issued by the insurer at least:
20	(1) forty-five (45) days before cancelling the policy for any reason
20 21	
21	set forth in subsection $(a)(2)$, $(a)(4)$, or $(a)(5)$;
22	(2) twenty (20) days before cancelling the policy for the reason set for the in subsection $(a)(2)$ or
23 24	forth in subsection $(a)(3)$; or (2) ten (10) down before concelling the policy for the reason set
24 25	(3) ten (10) days before cancelling the policy for the reason set for the in subsection $(a)(1)$
23 26	forth in subsection (a)(1). SECTION 12. IC 27-1-31-2.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20 27	
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2.5. An insurer may
28 29	cancel a policy of insurance that the insurer has written that has been in affact ningty (00) down or loss by providing mailing a written notice
29 30	in effect ninety (90) days or less by providing mailing a written notice of cancellation to a person insured under the policy at least:
30 31	(1) ten (10) days before cancelling if an insured has failed to pay
31	a premium;
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33 34	(2) twenty (20) days before cancelling if the insured has
34	perpetrated a fraud or material misrepresentation upon the insurer; or
35 36	(3) thirty (30) days before cancelling for any other reason.
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37	SECTION 13. IC 27-1-31-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2017, SECTION 7. IS AMENDED TO BE AD AS FOLLOWS DEFECTIVE
38 39	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3. (a) If an insurer refuses to renew a policy of
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40 41	insurance written by the insurer, the insurer shall provide mail written notice of nonrenewal to the insured:
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42	(1) at least forty-five (45) days before the expiration date of the



1	policy, if the coverage provided is for one (1) year, or less; or
2	(2) at least forty-five (45) days before the anniversary date of the
3	policy, if the coverage provided is for more than one (1) year.
4	(b) A notice of nonrenewal is not required if:
5	(1) the insured is transferred from an insurer to an affiliate of the
6	insurer for future coverage; and
7	(2) the transfer results in the same or broader coverage.
8	SECTION 14. IC 27-1-43-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2014,
9	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this section, "online platform"
11	means a web site or other digital application designed to facilitate
12	the purchase of insurance policies by parties from a licensed
13	insurer.
14	(a) (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), (d), a notice to a party,
15	or another document, that:
16	(1) is legally required in an insurance transaction; or
17	(2) serves as evidence of insurance coverage;
18	may be electronically delivered, stored, and presented in compliance
19	with IC 26-2-8.
20	(b) (c) Electronic delivery of a notice or document under this section
$\frac{-3}{21}$	is considered to be equivalent to any legally required delivery method,
22	including delivery by:
23	(1) first class mail;
24	(2) first class mail, postage prepaid;
25	(3) certified mail;
26	(4) certificate of mail; or
27	(5) certificate of mailing.
28	(c) (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), electronic delivery of
29	a notice or document by an insurer to a party is permitted under this
30	chapter if all the following apply:
31	(1) The party has affirmatively consented to electronic delivery
32	and has not withdrawn the consent.
33	(2) The party, before giving consent, is provided with a clear and
34	conspicuous statement informing the party of all the following:
35	(A) Any right or option of the party to have the notice or
36	document provided or made available in paper or another
37	nonelectronic form.
38	(B) The right of the party to withdraw consent to electronic
39	delivery of a notice or document and any fees, conditions, or
40	consequences that will be imposed on the party if the party
41	withdraws consent.
42	(C) Whether the party's consent applies:
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1	(i) only to the particular transaction as to which the notice or
2	document must be given; or
3	(ii) to identified categories of notices or documents subject
4 5	to electronic delivery during the course of the party's
5	relationship with the insurer.
6	(D) The:
7	(i) means, after consent is given, by which the party may
8	obtain a paper copy of an electronically delivered notice or
9	document; and
10	(ii) applicable fee for the paper copy.
11	(E) The procedure the party must follow to:
12	(i) withdraw consent to electronic delivery of a notice or
13	document; and
14	(ii) update information needed to contact the party
15	electronically.
16	(3) The party:
17	(A) before giving consent, is provided with a statement of the
18	hardware and software requirements for access to and
19	retention of an electronically delivered notice or document;
20	and
21	(B) electronically:
22	(i) consents; or
23	(ii) confirms consent;
24	in a manner that reasonably demonstrates that the party is able
25	to access information in the electronic form that will be used
26	for electronic delivery of notices or documents to which the
27	party has given consent.
28	(4) If, after the party has consented to electronic delivery of
29	notices or documents, a change in the hardware or software
30	requirements needed for the party to access or retain an
31	electronically delivered notice or document creates a material risk
32	that the party will not be able to access or retain a subsequent
33	notice or document to which the consent applies, the insurer:
34	(A) provides the party with a statement of the:
35	(i) revised hardware and software requirements for access to
36	and retention of an electronically delivered notice or
37	document; and
38	(ii) right of the party to withdraw consent without the
39	imposition of a fee, condition, or consequence that was not
40	disclosed under subdivision (2)(B); and
41	(B) complies with subdivision (2).
42	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a
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1 party procures a policy of insurance through an online platform: 2 (1) the party affirmatively consents to have all notices and 3 other documents related to the policy delivered to the party 4 electronically; and 5 (2) the conditions set forth in subsection (d)(2) through (d)(4) 6 do not apply to the electronic delivery to the party of notices 7 and other documents related to the policy procured through 8 the online platform. 9 However, if a party described in this subsection requests to receive 10 notices and documents in paper format, the insurer shall provide all notices and other documents related to the policy to the party 11 12 in paper format. 13 SECTION 15. IC 27-1-43-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2014, 14 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 15 JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) This chapter does not affect any applicable legal requirement related to content or timing of a notice or document. 16 17 (b) If another law requiring a notice or document to be provided to a party expressly requires verification or acknowledgment of receipt of 18 19 the notice or document, electronic delivery of the notice or document 20 is permitted only if the method of electronic delivery provides for 21 verification or acknowledgment of receipt. 22 (c) The legal effectiveness, validity, or enforceability of a contract 23 or policy of insurance executed by a party may not be denied solely 24 because of the failure of the insurer to obtain electronic consent or 25 confirmation of consent of the party in accordance with section 26 $\frac{3(c)(3)(B)}{3(d)(3)(B)}$ of this chapter. SECTION 16. IC 27-1-43-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2014, 27 28 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 29 JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) A withdrawal of consent by a party does not 30 affect the legal effectiveness, validity, or enforceability of a notice or 31 document that is electronically delivered to the party before the 32 withdrawal of consent is effective. 33 (b) A withdrawal of consent by a party is effective thirty (30) days 34 after the insurer receives notice of the withdrawal. 35 (c) An insurer's failure to comply with section $\frac{3(c)(4)}{3(d)(4)}$ of this 36 chapter is, at the election of the party, considered to be a withdrawal of 37 the party's consent under this chapter. 38 SECTION 17. IC 27-1-43.2-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.129-2014, 39 SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 40 JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "provider" means 41 a person who is contractually obligated to a holder under a service 42 contract.



1	(b) A monohant on other calles of a complex contract is not a
2	(b) A merchant or other seller of a service contract is not a "provider" for the purposes of this chapter by virtue of acting as
$\frac{2}{3}$	the seller of the service contract.
4	SECTION 18. IC 27-1-47 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
5	
6	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2021]:
	Chapter 47. Activities Not Prohibited as Rebates
8	Sec. 1. (a) The following definitions apply throughout this
9	section:
10	(1) "Drawing" means an activity in which:
11	(A) multiple participating persons could possibly receive a
12	prize; and
13	(B) the person or persons who receive a prize are
14	determined by chance, as by randomly drawing one (1) or
15	more names or numbers from among many names or
16	numbers.
17	(2) "Gift" means the voluntary transfer of anything of value
18	without consideration.
19	(3) "Prize" means something of value received by a person as
20	the result of a drawing.
21	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an insurer,
22	an employee of an insurer, or a producer may do the following:
23	(1) Offer and give one (1) or more gifts to a person in
24	connection with marketing for the sale or retention of a
25	contract of insurance if the reasonable value of all gifts given
26	by the insurer, employee, or producer to a person in one (1)
27	year does not exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
28	(2) Conduct a drawing if:
29	(A) persons participating in the drawing do not pay or
30	incur a cost for their participation; and
31	(B) the value of the prize or prizes received by any single
32	person participating in the drawing does not exceed five
33	hundred dollars (\$500).
34	(c) Neither:
35	(1) a gift given under subsection (b)(1); nor
36	(2) a prize received in a drawing conducted under subsection
37	(b)(2);
38	may be in the form of cash.
39 40	Sec. 2. (a) An insurer, by or through its employees, affiliates,
40	insurance producers, or third-party representatives, may offer or
41	provide, for free or at a discounted price, products or services that:
42	(1) relate to or are provided in conjunction with a policy of



1	insurance; and
2	(2) are exclusively intended to:
3	(A) educate about;
4	(B) assess;
5	(C) monitor;
6	(D) control; or
7	(E) prevent;
8	risk of loss to persons or to persons' lives, health, or property.
9	(b) Offering or providing products or services under this section
10	is not a violation of IC 27-1-20-30, IC 27-1-22-18, or
11	IC 27-4-1-4(a)(8).
12	Sec. 3. (a) Subject to subsection (b), a person holding a license
13	under this title may offer or provide, for free or for less than fair
14	market value, services that are at least tangentially related to an
15	insurance contract or the administration of an insurance contract
16	if the services:
17	(1) are not contingent upon the purchase of insurance; and
18	(2) are offered on the same terms to all potential insurance
19	customers.
20	(b) Before:
21	(1) the recipient of services described in subsection (a):
22	(A) receives a quote of insurance; or
23	(B) purchases insurance; or
24	(2) an agent of record is assigned to the recipient of the
25	services;
26	the person offering or providing services under subsection (a) must
27	disclose conspicuously in writing to the recipient of the services
28	that receiving the services is not contingent on the purchase of
29	insurance.
30	Sec. 4. The insurance commissioner may adopt rules under
31	IC 4-22-2 to administer this chapter.
32	SECTION 19. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.50-2020,
33	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) The following are hereby defined as unfair
35	methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in
36	the business of insurance:
37	(1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or
38	circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:
39	(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be
40	issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the
41	dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;
42	(B) making any false or misleading statement as to the



1dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar2policies;

3 (C) making any misleading representation or any 4 misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer, 5 or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer 6 operates;

7 (D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies
8 misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or

9 (E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured 10 in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to 11 induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender the 12 policyholder's insurance.

13 (2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing 14 before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made, 15 published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, 16 in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of 17 a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or 18 television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, 19 announcement, or statement containing any assertion, 20 representation, or statement with respect to any person in the 21 conduct of the person's insurance business, which is untrue, 22 deceptive, or misleading.

(3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or
indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making,
publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written
statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is
false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial
condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any
person engaged in the business of insurance.

30 (4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by
31 a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or
32 intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable
33 restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.

34 (5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making, 35 publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person, 36 or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to 37 be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any 38 person, or placed before the public, any false statement of 39 financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making 40 any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer 41 with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed 42 to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any



1 public official to which such insurer is required by law to report, 2 or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into 3 any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a 4 true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such 5 insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.

6 (6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or 7 employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other 8 capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law 9 corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board 10 contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and profits as an inducement to insurance. 11

12 (7) Making or permitting any of the following:

13 (A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same 14 class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments 15 charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or 16 in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any 17 other of the terms and conditions of such contract. However, 18 in determining the class, consideration may be given to the 19 nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected 20 expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant 21 factor.

22 (B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same 23 class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of 24 premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made 25 for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or 26 27 conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever. 28 However, in determining the class, consideration may be given 29 to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or 30 expected expense of conducting the business, or any other 31 relevant factor.

(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy 33 fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair 34 discrimination between persons of the same class involving essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums, 36 policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:

(i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance, or abstract and title insurance;

39 (ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage 40 to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership, 41 maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft, 42 their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and

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1	indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine,
2 3	as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or
	(iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of
4	insurance whatsoever.
5	However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to
6	apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A)
7	and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance.
8	Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or
9	permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory
10	charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department
11	or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance
12	rate regulatory law of this state.
13	(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by IC 27-1-47 or
14	another law, knowingly permitting or offering to make or making
15	any contract or policy of insurance of any kind or kinds
16	whatsoever, including but not in limitation, life annuities, or
17	agreement as to such contract or policy other than as plainly
18	expressed in such contract or policy issued thereon, or paying or
19	allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or
20	indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate
21	of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or
22	advantage in the dividends, savings, or other benefits thereon, or
23	any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified
24	in the contract or policy; or giving, or selling, or purchasing or
25	offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to such insurance
26	or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other
27	securities of any insurance company or other corporation,
28	association, limited liability company, or partnership, or any
29	dividends, savings, or profits accrued thereon, or anything of
30	value whatsoever not specified in the contract. Nothing in this
31	subdivision and subdivision (7) shall be construed as including
32	within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the
33	following practices:
34	(A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their
35	premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from
36	nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or
37	abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders
38	and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders.
39	(B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the
40	industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who
41	have continuously for a specified period made premium
42	payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount
74	payments uncerty to an office of the insurer in all allount



1	which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.
2	(C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance
2 3	policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at
4	the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance
5	thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such
6	policy year.
7	(D) Paying by an insurer or insurance producer thereof duly
8	licensed as such under the laws of this state of money,
9	commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer
10	or such licensed insurance producer thereof anything of value,
11	for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies
12	or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, an
12	insurance producer, or a solicitor duly licensed under the laws
14	of this state, but such broker, insurance producer, or solicitor
15	receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow
16	credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part,
17	directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate.
18	(9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the
19	security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the
20	property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy
20	of insurance covering such real property through a particular
22	insurance producer or broker or brokers. However, this
22	subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of the
23 24	lender's right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company
25	selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance.
26	(10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust
20 27	or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the
28	business of insurance.
28 29	
29 30	(11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or
30 31	conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any
31 32	part of commerce in the business of insurance. However,
	participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of
33	any nonprofit organization of insurance producers or other
34	workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in
35	itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as
36	combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision
37	and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific
38	unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and
39	practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or
40	restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or
41	department or of any court of review under section 8 of this
42	chapter.



1	(12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or
2	personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales
3	contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a
4	chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any
5	policy of insurance covering such property through a particular
6	insurance company, insurance producer, or broker or brokers.
7	However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any
8	seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon of the
9	right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected
10	by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.
10	(13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer,
12	any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as
12	an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or
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14	mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is
15	not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of
	insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the
17	following:
18	(A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit
19	unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit
20	unions.
21	(B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the
22	performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers
23	or users of such goods.
24	(C) Title insurance.
25	(D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and
26	intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the
27	event of the death or disability of the insured.
28	(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs
29	or associations.
30	(F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an
31	air transportation ticket and that:
32	(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during
33	the flight to which the ticket relates;
34	(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that
35	occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common
36	carrier immediately before or after the flight;
37	(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which
38	the ticket relates; or
39	(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket
40	relates.
41	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
42	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made



1	under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an
2	insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical
3	facility licensed by the state department of health.
4	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue
5	insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of
6	coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a
0 7	different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that
8	individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the
9	refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial
10	principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
10	experience.
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	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
13	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
14	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
15	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
16	individual's coverage under an individual or group health
17	insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or
18	physical condition.
19	(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation
20	of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
21	(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25, IC 27-1-22-26, or IC 27-1-22-26.1
22	concerning motor vehicle insurance rates.
23	(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring
24	to interest rate guarantees.
25	(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan
26	coverage for victims of abuse.
27	(22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.
28	(23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of
29	insurance producers.
30	(24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.
31	(25) Violating IC 27-8-28-17(c) or IC 27-13-10-8(c) concerning
32	the resolution of an appealed grievance decision.
33	(26) Violating IC 27-8-5-2.5(e) through IC 27-8-5-2.5(j) (expired
34	July 1, 2007, and removed) or IC 27-8-5-19.2 (expired July 1,
35	2007, and repealed).
36	(27) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning use of credit information.
37	(28) Violating IC 27-4-9-3 concerning recommendations to
38	consumers.
39	(29) Engaging in dishonest or predatory insurance practices in
40	marketing or sales of insurance to members of the United States
41	Armed Forces as:
42	(A) described in the federal Military Personnel Financial
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1	Services Protection Act, P.L.109-290; or
2	(B) defined in rules adopted under subsection (b).
3	(30) Violating IC 27-8-19.8-20.1 concerning stranger originated
4	life insurance.
5	(31) Violating IC 27-2-22 concerning retained asset accounts.
6	(32) Violating IC 27-8-5-29 concerning health plans offered
7	through a health benefit exchange (as defined in IC 27-19-2-8).
8	(33) Violating a requirement of the federal Patient Protection and
9	Affordable Care Act (P.L. 111-148), as amended by the federal
10	Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (P.L.
11	111-152), that is enforceable by the state.
12	(34) After June 30, 2015, violating IC 27-2-23 concerning
13	unclaimed life insurance, annuity, or retained asset account
14	benefits.
15	(35) Willfully violating IC 27-1-12-46 concerning a life insurance
16	policy or certificate described in IC 27-1-12-46(a).
17	(36) Violating IC 27-1-37-7 concerning prohibiting the disclosure
18	of health care service claims data.
19	(b) Except with respect to federal insurance programs under
20	Subchapter III of Chapter 19 of Title 38 of the United States Code, the
21	commissioner may, consistent with the federal Military Personnel
22	Financial Services Protection Act (10 U.S.C. 992 note), adopt rules
23	under IC 4-22-2 to:
24	(1) define; and
25	(2) while the members are on a United States military installation
26	or elsewhere in Indiana, protect members of the United States
27	Armed Forces from;
28	dishonest or predatory insurance practices.
29 20	SECTION 20. IC 27-7-6-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30 31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) No A notice of
31	cancellation of a policy to which section 4 of this chapter applies shall be is not effective:
33	(1) unless it is mailed or delivered by the insurer to the named
33	insured at least twenty (20) days prior to the effective date of
35	cancellation; provided , however , that where or
36	(2) if the cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, unless it is:
37	(A) mailed by the insurer to the named insured at least ten
38	(10) days notice before the effective date of cancellation; and
39	(B) accompanied by the a written statement of the reason
40	therefor shall be given. for the cancellation.
41	(b) In the event such If a policy was procured by an independent
42	insurance producer duly licensed by the state of Indiana, notice of
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1 intent to cancel the policy shall be mailed or delivered to the 2 independent insurance producer at least ten (10) days prior to such the 3 mailing or delivery of the notice of cancellation to the named insured 4 under subsection (a), unless such notice of intent to cancel is or has 5 been waived in writing by the **independent** insurance producer.

6 (c) Unless a written statement of the reason for the cancellation 7 accompanies or is included in the notice of cancellation, the notice of 8 cancellation of a policy that is mailed under subsection (a) shall state 9 or be accompanied by a statement that, upon the written request of the 10 named insured that is mailed or delivered to the insurer not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the effective date of cancellation, the insurer 11 12 will specify the reason for such cancellation.

(d) This section shall does not apply to nonrenewal.

14 SECTION 21. IC 27-7-6-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2017, 15 SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 16 JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 6. (a) No An insurer shall not fail to renew a 17 policy unless it shall mail or deliver mails to the named insured, at the 18 address shown in the policy, at least twenty (20) days advance notice 19 of its intention not to renew the policy. 20

(b) In the event such If a policy was procured by an independent insurance producer duly licensed by the state of Indiana, a notice of intent not to renew the policy shall be mailed or delivered to the independent insurance producer at least ten (10) days prior to such the mailing or delivery of the notice of intention not to renew to the named insured under subsection (a), unless such notice of intent is or has been waived in writing by the **independent** insurance producer.

(b) (c) This section shall does not apply:

(1) if the insurer has manifested its willingness to renew; or

(2) in case of nonpayment of premium.

30 However, notwithstanding the failure of an insurer to comply with this 31 section, the policy shall terminate on the effective date of any other 32 insurance policy with respect to any automobile designated in both 33 policies. 34

(c) (d) A notice of intention not to renew is not required under this section if:

(1) the insured is transferred from an insurer to an affiliate of the insurer for future coverage; and

(2) the transfer results in the same or broader coverage.

39 (d) (e) Renewal of a policy shall not constitute a waiver or estoppel 40 with respect to grounds for cancellation which existed before the 41 effective date of such renewal. 42

SECTION 22. IC 27-7-12-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.116-2011,

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1	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2 3	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3. (a) Notice of cancellation of property insurance coverage by an insurer must:
3 4	(1) be in writing;
5	(1) be in writing, (2) be delivered or mailed to the named insured at the last known
6	address of the named insured;
7	(3) state the effective date of the cancellation; and
8	
8 9	(4) upon request of the named insured, be accompanied by a written explanation of the specific reasons for the cancellation.
10	
10	(b) An insurer shall provide mail written notice of cancellation to the named insured at least:
11	
12	(1) ten (10) days before canceling a policy, if the cancellation is
13 14	for nonpayment of a premium;
	(2) twenty (20) days before canceling a policy, if:
15 16	(A) the cancellation occurs more than sixty (60) days after the
	date of issuance of the policy; or (D) the insurance has maximal a same of a complaint up day
17 18	(B) the insurer has received a copy of a complaint under IC_{22}^{22} 20, 10,5, $\Re(4)(2)$ concerning the memory and
18 19	IC 32-30-10.5-8(d)(2) concerning the property; and (2) two (10) down before exampling a policy if the correctletion
	(3) ten (10) days before canceling a policy, if the cancellation $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^$
20	occurs not more than sixty (60) days after the date of issuance of
21 22	the policy.
	(c) If the policy was procured by an independent insurance producer
23	licensed in Indiana, the insurer shall deliver or mail notice of
24 25	cancellation to the insurance producer not less than ten (10) days
25 26	before the insurer delivers or mails the notice to the named insured,
20 27	unless the obligation to notify the insurance producer is waived in
27	writing by the insurance producer. SECTION 23. IC 27-7-12-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2017,
28 29	SECTION 25. IC 27-7-12-4, AS AMENDED BY F.L.148-2017, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29 30	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) Notice of nonrenewal by an insurer must:
31	(1) be in writing;
32	(1) be in writing, (2) be delivered or mailed to the named insured at the last known
33	address of the named insured;
34	(3) state the insurer's intention not to renew the policy upon
35	expiration of the current policy period;
36	(4) upon request of the named insured, be accompanied by a
30 37	written explanation of the specific reasons for the nonrenewal;
38	and
38 39	(5) be provided mailed to the named insured at least twenty (20)
40	days before the expiration of the current policy period.
40 41	(b) If the policy was procured by an independent insurance producer
41	licensed in Indiana, the insurer shall deliver or mail notice of
τ∠	neensee in mutana, the institut shall deliver of mail house of



1	nonrenewal to the insurance producer not less than ten (10) days before
2	the insurer delivers or mails the notice to the named insured under
3	subsection (a), unless the obligation to notify the insurance producer
4	is waived in writing by the insurance producer.
5	(c) Notice of nonrenewal under this section is not required if:
6	(1) the named insured is transferred from an insurer to an affiliate
7	of the insurer for future coverage; and
8	(2) the transfer results in the same or broader coverage.
9	(d) If an insurer mails or delivers to an insured a renewal notice,
10	bill, certificate, or policy indicating the insurer's willingness to renew
11	a policy and the insured does not respond, the insurer is not required to
12	provide mail to the insured notice of intention not to renew.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance, to which was referred House Bill 1405, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 13, delete "(a) This chapter applies to".

Page 1, delete lines 14 through 15.

Page 1, line 16, delete "(b)".

Page 1, run in lines 13 through 16.

Page 2, between lines 1 and 2, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 3. IC 12-15-39.6-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 7. (a) The department of insurance or the agency with which the department of insurance has contracted under section 6(b) of this chapter shall make available to any individual interested in participating in the Indiana a long term care program information concerning the following:

(1) The Indiana long term care program **established under this chapter.**

(2) The Indiana long term care insurance partnership program established under IC 12-15-39.8.

(2) (3) Long term care insurance policies, including:

(A) qualified long term care policies that meet the definition set forth in section 5 of this chapter; and

(B) qualified long term care insurance policies that meet the definition set forth in IC 12-15-39.8-3.

(3) (4) Medicare supplement insurance policies.

(4) (5) Parts A and B of the Medicare program (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.).

(5) (6) Health maintenance organizations under IC 27-13 that are contracted with the Medicare program.

(6) (7) The Medicaid program.

(b) If an individual elects to pursue any of the options under subsection (a), the department of insurance shall assist the individual in doing so.

SECTION 4. IC 12-15-39.6-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 7.5. An individual interested in participating in a long term care program after June 30, 2022, may participate in:

(1) the Indiana long term care program established under this chapter; or



(2) the Indiana long term care insurance partnership program established under IC 12-15-39.8.".

Page 8, after line 41, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 9. IC 27-1-20-30 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 30. (a) This section does not prohibit activities allowed under IC 27-1-47.

(a) (b) No company acting through its officers or members, attorney-in-fact, or by any other party, no officer of a company acting on the officer's own behalf and no insurance producer, broker, or solicitor, personally or by any other party, shall offer, promise, allow, give, set off or pay, directly or indirectly, any rebate of or part of the premium payable on a policy, or any insurance producer's commission thereon, or earnings, profits, dividends or other benefits founded, arising, accruing, or to accrue thereon or therefrom, or any special advantage in date of policy or age of issue, or any paid employment or contract for services of any kind, or any other valuable consideration or inducement, to or for insurance on any risk in this state, now or hereafter to be written, or for or upon any renewal of any such insurance, which is not specified in the policy contract of insurance, or offer, promise, give, option, sell or purchase any stocks, bonds, securities, or property, or any dividends or profits accruing or to accrue thereon, or other thing of value whatsoever as inducement to insurance or in connection therewith, or any renewal thereof, which is not specified in the policy. Nothing in this section shall prevent a company which transacts industrial life insurance on a weekly payment plan from returning to policyholders who have made a premium payment for a period of at least one (1) year directly to the company at its home or district office a percentage of premium which the company would otherwise have paid for the weekly collection of such premium, nor shall this section be construed to prevent the taking of a bona fide obligation, with legal interest, in payment of any premium.

(b) (c) No insured person or party or applicant for insurance shall directly or indirectly, receive or accept, or agree to receive or accept, any rebate of premium or of any part thereof, or all or any part of any insurance producer's or broker's commission thereon, or any favor or advantage, or share in any benefit to accrue under any policy of insurance, or any valuable consideration or inducement, other than such as are specified in the policy.

SECTION 10. IC 27-1-22-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 18. (a) This section does not prohibit activities allowed under IC 27-1-47.

(b) No insurer, broker, or insurance producer shall knowingly



charge, demand, or receive a premium for any policy of insurance except in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. No insurer or employee thereof, and no broker or insurance producer shall pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as an inducement to insurance, or after insurance has been effected, any rebate, discount, abatement, credit, or reduction of the premium named in a policy of insurance, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends or other benefits to accrue thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever, not specified in the policy of insurance, except to the extent provided for in applicable filings. No insured named in any policy of insurance shall knowingly receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any such rebate, discount, abatement, credit or reduction of premium, or any such special favor or advantage or valuable consideration or inducement. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the payment of, nor permitting the regulation of the payment of, commissions or other compensation to duly licensed insurance producers and brokers, nor as prohibiting, or permitting the regulation of, any insurer from allowing or returning to its participating policyholders or members, dividends or savings.

SECTION 11. IC 27-1-31-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2. (a) An insurer may not cancel a policy of insurance that the insurer has written that has been in effect more than ninety (90) days unless:

(1) the insured under the policy has failed to pay the premium;

(2) there is a substantial change in the scale of risk covered by the policy;

(3) the insured has perpetrated a fraud or material misrepresentation upon the insurer;

(4) the insured has failed to comply with reasonable safety recommendations; or

(5) reinsurance of the risk associated with the policy has been cancelled.

(b) An insurer shall provide mail a written notice of cancellation to a person insured under a policy issued by the insurer at least:

(1) forty-five (45) days before cancelling the policy for any reason set forth in subsection (a)(2), (a)(4), or (a)(5);

(2) twenty (20) days before cancelling the policy for the reason set forth in subsection (a)(3); or

(3) ten (10) days before cancelling the policy for the reason set forth in subsection (a)(1).

SECTION 12. IC 27-1-31-2.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2.5. An insurer may



cancel a policy of insurance that the insurer has written that has been in effect ninety (90) days or less by providing mailing a written notice of cancellation to a person insured under the policy at least:

(1) ten (10) days before cancelling if an insured has failed to pay a premium;

(2) twenty (20) days before cancelling if the insured has perpetrated a fraud or material misrepresentation upon the insurer; or

(3) thirty (30) days before cancelling for any other reason.

SECTION 13. IC 27-1-31-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2017, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3. (a) If an insurer refuses to renew a policy of insurance written by the insurer, the insurer shall provide mail written notice of nonrenewal to the insured:

(1) at least forty-five (45) days before the expiration date of the policy, if the coverage provided is for one (1) year, or less; or (2) at least forty-five (45) days before the anniversary date of the policy, if the coverage provided is for more than one (1) year.

(b) A notice of nonrenewal is not required if:

(1) the insured is transferred from an insurer to an affiliate of the insurer for future coverage; and

(2) the transfer results in the same or broader coverage.

SECTION 14. IC 27-1-43-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2014, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this section, "online platform" means a web site or other digital application designed to facilitate the purchase of insurance policies by parties from a licensed insurer.

(a) (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), (d), a notice to a party, or another document, that:

(1) is legally required in an insurance transaction; or

(2) serves as evidence of insurance coverage;

may be electronically delivered, stored, and presented in compliance with IC 26-2-8.

(b) (c) Electronic delivery of a notice or document under this section is considered to be equivalent to any legally required delivery method, including delivery by:

(1) first class mail;

(2) first class mail, postage prepaid;

(3) certified mail;

(4) certificate of mail; or

(5) certificate of mailing.



(c) (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), electronic delivery of a notice or document by an insurer to a party is permitted under this chapter if all the following apply:

(1) The party has affirmatively consented to electronic delivery and has not withdrawn the consent.

(2) The party, before giving consent, is provided with a clear and conspicuous statement informing the party of all the following:

(A) Any right or option of the party to have the notice or document provided or made available in paper or another nonelectronic form.

(B) The right of the party to withdraw consent to electronic delivery of a notice or document and any fees, conditions, or consequences that will be imposed on the party if the party withdraws consent.

(C) Whether the party's consent applies:

(i) only to the particular transaction as to which the notice or document must be given; or

(ii) to identified categories of notices or documents subject to electronic delivery during the course of the party's relationship with the insurer.

(D) The:

(i) means, after consent is given, by which the party may obtain a paper copy of an electronically delivered notice or document; and

(ii) applicable fee for the paper copy.

(E) The procedure the party must follow to:

(i) withdraw consent to electronic delivery of a notice or document; and

(ii) update information needed to contact the party electronically.

(3) The party:

(A) before giving consent, is provided with a statement of the hardware and software requirements for access to and retention of an electronically delivered notice or document; and

(B) electronically:

(i) consents; or

(ii) confirms consent;

in a manner that reasonably demonstrates that the party is able to access information in the electronic form that will be used for electronic delivery of notices or documents to which the party has given consent.



(4) If, after the party has consented to electronic delivery of notices or documents, a change in the hardware or software requirements needed for the party to access or retain an electronically delivered notice or document creates a material risk that the party will not be able to access or retain a subsequent notice or document to which the consent applies, the insurer:

(A) provides the party with a statement of the:

(i) revised hardware and software requirements for access to and retention of an electronically delivered notice or document; and

(ii) right of the party to withdraw consent without the imposition of a fee, condition, or consequence that was not disclosed under subdivision (2)(B); and

(B) complies with subdivision (2).

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a party procures a policy of insurance through an online platform:

(1) the party affirmatively consents to have all notices and other documents related to the policy delivered to the party electronically; and

(2) the conditions set forth in subsection (d)(2) through (d)(4) do not apply to the electronic delivery to the party of notices and other documents related to the policy procured through the online platform.

However, if a party described in this subsection requests to receive notices and documents in paper format, the insurer shall provide all notices and other documents related to the policy to the party in paper format.

SECTION 15. IC 27-1-43-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2014, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) This chapter does not affect any applicable legal requirement related to content or timing of a notice or document.

(b) If another law requiring a notice or document to be provided to a party expressly requires verification or acknowledgment of receipt of the notice or document, electronic delivery of the notice or document is permitted only if the method of electronic delivery provides for verification or acknowledgment of receipt.

(c) The legal effectiveness, validity, or enforceability of a contract or policy of insurance executed by a party may not be denied solely because of the failure of the insurer to obtain electronic consent or confirmation of consent of the party in accordance with section 3(c)(3)(B) 3(d)(3)(B) of this chapter.

SECTION 16. IC 27-1-43-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2014,



SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) A withdrawal of consent by a party does not affect the legal effectiveness, validity, or enforceability of a notice or document that is electronically delivered to the party before the withdrawal of consent is effective.

(b) A withdrawal of consent by a party is effective thirty (30) days after the insurer receives notice of the withdrawal.

(c) An insurer's failure to comply with section 3(c)(4) 3(d)(4) of this chapter is, at the election of the party, considered to be a withdrawal of the party's consent under this chapter.

SECTION 17. IC 27-1-43.2-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.129-2014, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "provider" means a person who is contractually obligated to a holder under a service contract.

(b) A merchant or other seller of a service contract is not a "provider" for the purposes of this chapter by virtue of acting as the seller of the service contract.

SECTION 18. IC 27-1-47 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]:

Chapter 47. Activities Not Prohibited as Rebates

Sec. 1. (a) The following definitions apply throughout this section:

(1) "Drawing" means an activity in which:

(A) multiple participating persons could possibly receive a prize; and

(B) the person or persons who receive a prize are determined by chance, as by randomly drawing one (1) or more names or numbers from among many names or numbers.

(2) "Gift" means the voluntary transfer of anything of value without consideration.

(3) "Prize" means something of value received by a person as the result of a drawing.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an insurer, an employee of an insurer, or a producer may do the following:

(1) Offer and give one (1) or more gifts to a person in connection with marketing for the sale or retention of a contract of insurance if the reasonable value of all gifts given by the insurer, employee, or producer to a person in one (1) year does not exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).



(2) Conduct a drawing if:

(A) persons participating in the drawing do not pay or incur a cost for their participation; and

(B) the value of the prize or prizes received by any single person participating in the drawing does not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).

(c) Neither:

(1) a gift given under subsection (b)(1); nor

(2) a prize received in a drawing conducted under subsection(b)(2);

may be in the form of cash.

Sec. 2. (a) An insurer, by or through its employees, affiliates, insurance producers, or third-party representatives, may offer or provide, for free or at a discounted price, products or services that:

(1) relate to or are provided in conjunction with a policy of insurance; and

(2) are exclusively intended to:

- (A) educate about;
- (B) assess;
- (C) monitor;
- (D) control; or
- (E) prevent;

risk of loss to persons or to persons' lives, health, or property.

(b) Offering or providing products or services under this section is not a violation of IC 27-1-20-30, IC 27-1-22-18, or IC 27-4-1-4(a)(8).

Sec. 3. (a) Subject to subsection (b), a person holding a license under this title may offer or provide, for free or for less than fair market value, services that are at least tangentially related to an insurance contract or the administration of an insurance contract if the services:

(1) are not contingent upon the purchase of insurance; and

(2) are offered on the same terms to all potential insurance customers.

(b) Before:

(1) the recipient of services described in subsection (a):

(A) receives a quote of insurance; or

(B) purchases insurance; or

(2) an agent of record is assigned to the recipient of the services;

the person offering or providing services under subsection (a) must disclose conspicuously in writing to the recipient of the services



that receiving the services is not contingent on the purchase of insurance.

Sec. 4. The insurance commissioner may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to administer this chapter.

SECTION 19. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.50-2020, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in the business of insurance:

(1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:

(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;

(B) making any false or misleading statement as to the dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar policies;

(C) making any misleading representation or any misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer, or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer operates;

(D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or

(E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender the policyholder's insurance.

(2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement, or statement containing any assertion, representation, or statement with respect to any person in the conduct of the person's insurance business, which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading.

(3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial



condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any person engaged in the business of insurance.

(4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.

(5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false statement of financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any public official to which such insurer is required by law to report, or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.

(6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and profits as an inducement to insurance.

(7) Making or permitting any of the following:

(A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract. However, in determining the class, consideration may be given to the nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant factor.

(B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever.



However, in determining the class, consideration may be given to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or expected expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant factor.

(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair discrimination between persons of the same class involving essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:

(i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance, or abstract and title insurance;

(ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft, their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine, as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or

(iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of insurance whatsoever.

However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A) and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance. Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance rate regulatory law of this state.

(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by **IC 27-1-47 or another** law, knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends, savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation,



association, limited liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following practices:

(A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders.(B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.

(C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such policy year.

(D) Paying by an insurer or insurance producer thereof duly licensed as such under the laws of this state of money, commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer or such licensed insurance producer thereof anything of value, for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, an insurance producer, or a solicitor duly licensed under the laws of this state, but such broker, insurance producer, or solicitor receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate.

(9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy of insurance covering such real property through a particular insurance producer or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of the lender's right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance.

(10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the



business of insurance.

(11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any part of commerce in the business of insurance. However, participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of any nonprofit organization of insurance producers or other workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or department or of any court of review under section 8 of this chapter.

(12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any policy of insurance covering such property through a particular insurance company, insurance producer, or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon of the right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.

(13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer, any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the following:

(A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit unions.

(B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers or users of such goods.

(C) Title insurance.

(D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the event of the death or disability of the insured.



(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs or associations.

(F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an air transportation ticket and that:

(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during the flight to which the ticket relates;

(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common carrier immediately before or after the flight;

(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which the ticket relates; or

(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket relates.

(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical facility licensed by the state department of health.

(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated experience.

(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).

(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an individual's coverage under an individual or group health insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or physical condition.

(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation of coverage as described in subdivision (17).

(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25, IC 27-1-22-26, or IC 27-1-22-26.1 concerning motor vehicle insurance rates.

(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring to interest rate guarantees.

(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan coverage for victims of abuse.

(22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.





(23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of insurance producers.

(24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.

(25) Violating IC 27-8-28-17(c) or IC 27-13-10-8(c) concerning the resolution of an appealed grievance decision.

(26) Violating IC 27-8-5-2.5(e) through IC 27-8-5-2.5(j) (expired July 1, 2007, and removed) or IC 27-8-5-19.2 (expired July 1, 2007, and repealed).

(27) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning use of credit information.(28) Violating IC 27-4-9-3 concerning recommendations to consumers.

(29) Engaging in dishonest or predatory insurance practices in marketing or sales of insurance to members of the United States Armed Forces as:

(A) described in the federal Military Personnel Financial Services Protection Act, P.L.109-290; or

(B) defined in rules adopted under subsection (b).

(30) Violating IC 27-8-19.8-20.1 concerning stranger originated life insurance.

(31) Violating IC 27-2-22 concerning retained asset accounts.

(32) Violating IC 27-8-5-29 concerning health plans offered through a health benefit exchange (as defined in IC 27-19-2-8).

(33) Violating a requirement of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (P.L. 111-148), as amended by the federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-152), that is enforceable by the state.

(34) After June 30, 2015, violating IC 27-2-23 concerning unclaimed life insurance, annuity, or retained asset account benefits.

(35) Willfully violating IC 27-1-12-46 concerning a life insurance policy or certificate described in IC 27-1-12-46(a).

(36) Violating IC 27-1-37-7 concerning prohibiting the disclosure of health care service claims data.

(b) Except with respect to federal insurance programs under Subchapter III of Chapter 19 of Title 38 of the United States Code, the commissioner may, consistent with the federal Military Personnel Financial Services Protection Act (10 U.S.C. 992 note), adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to:

(1) define; and

(2) while the members are on a United States military installation or elsewhere in Indiana, protect members of the United States Armed Forces from;



dishonest or predatory insurance practices.

SECTION 20. IC 27-7-6-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) No A notice of cancellation of a policy to which section 4 of this chapter applies shall be is not effective:

(1) unless it is mailed or delivered by the insurer to the named insured at least twenty (20) days prior to the effective date of cancellation; provided, however, that where or

(2) if the cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, unless it is:

(A) mailed by the insurer to the named insured at least ten

(10) days notice before the effective date of cancellation; and
(B) accompanied by the a written statement of the reason therefor shall be given. for the cancellation.

(b) In the event such If a policy was procured by an independent insurance producer duly licensed by the state of Indiana, notice of intent to cancel the policy shall be mailed or delivered to the independent insurance producer at least ten (10) days prior to such the mailing or delivery of the notice of cancellation to the named insured under subsection (a), unless such notice of intent to cancel is or has been waived in writing by the independent insurance producer.

(c) Unless a written statement of the reason for the cancellation accompanies or is included in the notice of cancellation, the notice of cancellation of a policy that is mailed under subsection (a) shall state or be accompanied by a statement that, upon the written request of the named insured that is mailed or delivered to the insurer not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the effective date of cancellation, the insurer will specify the reason for such cancellation.

(d) This section shall does not apply to nonrenewal.

SECTION 21. IC 27-7-6-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2017, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 6. (a) No **An** insurer shall **not** fail to renew a policy unless it shall mail or deliver **mails** to the named insured, at the address shown in the policy, at least twenty (20) days advance notice of its intention not to renew **the policy**.

(b) In the event such If a policy was procured by an independent insurance producer duly licensed by the state of Indiana, a notice of intent not to renew the policy shall be mailed or delivered to the independent insurance producer at least ten (10) days prior to such the mailing or delivery of the notice of intention not to renew to the named insured under subsection (a), unless such notice of intent is or has been waived in writing by the independent insurance producer.

(b) (c) This section shall does not apply:



(1) if the insurer has manifested its willingness to renew; or

(2) in case of nonpayment of premium.

However, notwithstanding the failure of an insurer to comply with this section, the policy shall terminate on the effective date of any other insurance policy with respect to any automobile designated in both policies.

(c) (d) A notice of intention not to renew is not required **under this** section if:

(1) the insured is transferred from an insurer to an affiliate of the insurer for future coverage; and

(2) the transfer results in the same or broader coverage.

(d) (e) Renewal of a policy shall not constitute a waiver or estoppel with respect to grounds for cancellation which existed before the effective date of such renewal.

SECTION 22. IC 27-7-12-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.116-2011, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3. (a) Notice of cancellation of property insurance coverage by an insurer must:

(1) be in writing;

(2) be delivered or mailed to the named insured at the last known address of the named insured;

(3) state the effective date of the cancellation; and

(4) upon request of the named insured, be accompanied by a written explanation of the specific reasons for the cancellation.

(b) An insurer shall provide mail written notice of cancellation to the named insured at least:

(1) ten (10) days before canceling a policy, if the cancellation is for nonpayment of a premium;

(2) twenty (20) days before canceling a policy, if:

(A) the cancellation occurs more than sixty (60) days after the date of issuance of the policy; or

(B) the insurer has received a copy of a complaint under IC 32-30-10.5-8(d)(2) concerning the property; and

(3) ten (10) days before canceling a policy, if the cancellation occurs not more than sixty (60) days after the date of issuance of the policy.

(c) If the policy was procured by an independent insurance producer licensed in Indiana, the insurer shall deliver or mail notice of cancellation to the insurance producer not less than ten (10) days before the insurer delivers or mails the notice to the named insured, unless the obligation to notify the insurance producer is waived in writing by the insurance producer.



SECTION 23. IC 27-7-12-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2017, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) Notice of nonrenewal by an insurer must:

(1) be in writing;

(2) be delivered or mailed to the named insured at the last known address of the named insured;

(3) state the insurer's intention not to renew the policy upon expiration of the current policy period;

(4) upon request of the named insured, be accompanied by a written explanation of the specific reasons for the nonrenewal; and

(5) be provided mailed to the named insured at least twenty (20) days before the expiration of the current policy period.

(b) If the policy was procured by an independent insurance producer licensed in Indiana, the insurer shall deliver or mail notice of nonrenewal to the insurance producer not less than ten (10) days before the insurer delivers or mails the notice to the named insured under subsection (a), unless the obligation to notify the insurance producer is waived in writing by the insurance producer.

(c) Notice of nonrenewal under this section is not required if:

(1) the named insured is transferred from an insurer to an affiliate of the insurer for future coverage; and

(2) the transfer results in the same or broader coverage.

(d) If an insurer mails or delivers to an insured a renewal notice, bill, certificate, or policy indicating the insurer's willingness to renew a policy and the insured does not respond, the insurer is not required to provide **mail** to the insured notice of intention not to renew.".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1405 as introduced.)

CARBAUGH

Committee Vote: yeas 13, nays 0.

