HOUSE BILL No. 1404

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 20-24-2.2-2; IC 20-30-10-5; IC 20-31-8.

Synopsis: School accountability. Provides that a high school may count a: (1) work based learning course; or (2) career and technical educational course that is an approved course under the rules established by the state board of education; as satisfying an Indiana diploma with a Core 40 with academic honors designation or another designation requirement. Provides that, before July 1, 2020, the state board of education shall establish new standards of measuring school performance. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2019.

Cook, Behning

January 14, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Education.



First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1404

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 20-24-2.2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.250-2017,
SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The minimum standard for renewal and
the standard to avoid closure imposed by authorizers on a charter
school is a requirement that the charter school not remain in the lowest
category or designation of school improvement, including any
alternative accountability category or designation, in the third year after
initial placement in the lowest category or designation established
under IC 20-31-8-4.

(b) An authorizer of a charter school that does not meet the minimum standard for charter school renewal described in subsection (a) may petition the state board at any time to request permission to renew the charter school's charter notwithstanding the fact that the charter school does not meet the minimum standard. If timely notification is made, the state board shall hold a hearing to consider the authorizer's request at the state board's next regularly scheduled board meeting.



1	(c) In determining whether to grant a request under subsection (b),
2	the state board shall consider the following:
3	(1) Enrollment of students with special challenges, such as drug
4	or alcohol addiction, prior withdrawal from school, prior
5	incarceration, or other special circumstances.
6	(2) High mobility of the student population resulting from the
7	specific purpose of the charter school.
8	(3) Annual improvement in the performance of students enrolled
9	in the charter school, as measured by IC 20-31-8-1, under
10	IC 20-31-8, compared with the performance of students enrolled
11	in the charter school in the immediately preceding school year.
12	(d) After the hearing, the state board must implement one (1) or
13	more of the following actions:
14	(1) Grant the authorizer's request to renew the charter of the
15	charter school. The state board may determine the length of the
16	renewal and any conditions of the renewal placed upon either the
17	charter school or the authorizer.
18	(2) Order the closure of the charter school at the end of the
19	current school year.
20	(3) Order the reduction of any administrative fee collected under
21	IC 20-24-7-4 that is applicable to the charter school identified in
22	subsection (b). The reduction must become effective at the
23	beginning of the month following the month of the authorizer's
24	hearing before the state board.
25	A charter school that is closed by the state board under this section may
26	not be granted a charter by any authorizer.
27	SECTION 2. IC 20-30-10-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2018(ss),
28	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 5. Notwithstanding any other law, a high school
30	may:
31	(1) replace high school courses on the high school transcript with
32	dual credit courses (as defined in IC 21-43-1-2.5), Cambridge
33	International courses, or advanced placement courses on the same
34	subject matter with equal or greater rigor to the required high
35	school course; and may
36	(2) count such a:
37	(A) course described in subdivision (1);
38	(B) work based learning course (as defined in
39	IC 20-43-8-0.7); or
40	(C) career and technical education course that is an
41	approved high school course under the rules established by
42	the state board;



1	as satisfying an Indiana diploma with a Core 40 with academic
2	honors designation or another designation requirement.
3	A dual credit course must be authorized by an eligible institution (as
4	described in IC 21-43-4-3.5) that is a member of a national dual credit
5	accreditation organization, or the eligible institution must make
6	assurances that the final assessment for the course given for dual credit
7	under this section is substantially equivalent to the final assessment
8	given in the college course in that subject.
9	SECTION 3. IC 20-31-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2018,
10	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) The performance of a school's students
12	on the statewide assessment program test and other assessments
13	recommended by the department of education and approved by the
14	state board are the primary and majority means of assessing a school's
15	improvement.
16	(b) The department of education shall examine and make
17	recommendations to the state board concerning:
18	(1) performance indicators to be used as a secondary means of
19	determining school progress;
20	(2) expected progress levels, continuous improvement measures,
21	distributional performance levels, and absolute performance
22	levels for schools; and
23	(3) an orderly transition from the performance based accreditation
24	system to the assessment system set forth in this article.
25	(c) The department of education shall consider methods of
26	measuring improvement and progress used in other states in developing
27	recommendations under this section.
28	(d) The department of education may consider:
29	(1) the likelihood that a student may fail a graduation exam
30	(before July 1, 2022) or fail to meet a postsecondary readiness
31	competency established by the state board under
32	IC 20-32-4-1.5(c) and require a graduation waiver under
33	IC 20-32-4-4, IC 20-32-4-4.1, or IC 20-32-4-5; and
34	(2) remedial needs of students who are likely to require remedial
35	work while the students attend a postsecondary educational
36	institution or workforce training program;
37	when making recommendations under this section.
38	(e) This section expires June 30, 2020.
39	SECTION 4. IC 20-31-8-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.242-2017,
40	SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) In addition to scores on the statewide
42	assessment program test and other assessments, The department shall



1	use the performance indicators developed by the state board under this
2	chapter and the benchmarks and indicators of performance in each
3	school corporation's annual performance report as a secondary means
4	of assessing the performance of each school and school corporation.
5	(b) The department shall assess school performance in the following
6	manner:
7	(1) Compare the academic performance and growth of the
8	individual students in each school and each school corporation
9	with the prior academic performance and growth of the individual
10	students in the school or school corporation and not to the
11	performance of other schools or school corporations.
12	(2) Compare the results in the annual report under IC 20-20-8
13	with the benchmarks and indicators of performance established in
14	the plan for the same school.
15	(3) Compare the results for a school by comparing each student's
16	results for each grade with the student's prior year results, with an
17	adjustment for student mobility rate.
18	(4) Compare the results for a school with the state average and the
19	ninety-fifth percentile level for all assessments and performance
20	indicators.
21	SECTION 5. IC 20-31-8-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018,
22	SECTION 181, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The state board shall
24	establish a number of categories, using an "A" through "F" grading
25	scale, to designate school performance. based on the individual student
26	academic performance and growth to proficiency in each school.
27	(b) The state board, in consultation with the department, shall define
28	"low population schools" and shall determine the criteria for placing
29	low population schools in categories established under subsection (a).
30	In setting the definition and criteria for low population schools, the
31	state board shall not penalize schools based on population. An eligible
32	school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) may not be penalized under
33	IC 20-51-4-9 for the sole reason that the eligible school is considered
34	a low population school under this subsection. The state board's
35	definition and criteria may include the placement of a school that fits
36	the state board's definition in a "null" or "no letter grade" category.
37	(c) In developing metrics for the categories established under
38	subsection (a), the state board, in consultation with the department, to
39	the extent not inconsistent with federal law, shall consider the severity
40	of tested students' disabilities when using statewide assessment scores
41	as a means of assessing school performance.
42	(d) In developing metrics for the categories established under



subsection (a), the state board shall consider the mobility of high
school students who are credit deficient and whether any high school
should be rewarded for enrolling credit deficient students or penalized
for transferring out credit deficient students.

SECTION 6. IC 20-31-8-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2015, SECTION 197, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) The state board shall place each school in a category or designation of school performance once annually based on the department's findings from the assessment of performance and academic growth under section 2 of this chapter. from indicators established by the state board under this chapter.

- (b) The state board may place a school in a category or designation of school performance only if:
 - (1) the department has provided each school the opportunity to review, add to, or supplement the data, and to correct any errors in the data; and
 - (2) the state board's staff has had an opportunity to review and analyze the school corporation, school, and student level data.
- (c) The state board may obtain assistance from another entity or, with the approval of the legislative council, the legislative services agency, to ensure the validity and reliability of the performance category or designation placements calculated by the department under section 2 of this chapter. The department shall provide all the data necessary to complete those calculations to the legislative services agency or to an entity designated by the state board.

SECTION 7. IC 20-31-8-5.4, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2014, SECTION 88, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.4. (a) Not later than November 15, 2013, the state board shall establish new categories or designations of school performance under the requirements of this chapter to replace 511 IAC 6.2-6. The new standards of assessing school performance:

- (1) must be based on a measurement of individual student academic performance and growth to proficiency; and
- (2) may not be based on a measurement of student performance or growth compared with peers.
- 511 IAC 6.2-6 is void on the effective date of the emergency or final rules adopted under this section.
 - (b) After July 1, 2013, the state board:
 - (1) shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2; and
- (2) may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided in IC 4-22-2-37.1;
- to implement this chapter.



1	(c) An emergency rule adopted under subsection (b) expires on the
2	earlier of:
3	(1) November 15, 2014; or
4	(2) the effective date of a rule that establishes categories or
5	designations of school improvement described in this section and
6	supersedes the emergency rule.
7	(d) Before beginning the rulemaking process to establish new
8	categories or designations of school improvement, the state board shall
9	report to the general assembly the proposed new categories or
10	designations in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.
11	(e) This section expires June 30, 2020.
12	SECTION 8. IC 20-31-8-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
13	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.5. (a) Before July 1, 2020, the state board
15	shall establish new categories or designations of school
16	performance under this section to replace 511 IAC 6.2-10. The new
17	standards of assessing school performance shall include the
18	following requirements:
19	(1) For an elementary school, the following:
20	(A) The school performance assessment must be based on
21	indicators that measure the school level proficiency rate
22	and participation rate that must be measured annually
23	under IC 20-32-5.1 (ILEARN program) in the subject
24	areas of English/language arts and mathematics for grades
25	3 through 8.
26	(B) The school performance assessment must be based on
27	school level student growth indicators determined using a
28	growth to proficiency table in the subject areas of
29	English/language arts and mathematics for grades 4
30	through 8 that shall be measured annually under
31	IC 20-32-5.1 (ILEARN program).
32	(C) The school performance assessment must be based on
33	indicators established by the state board that measure the
34	percentage of applicable students who have fulfilled either:
35	(i) career engagement activities, as determined by the
36	governor's workforce cabinet in consultation with the
37	state board for kindergarten through grade 5; or
38	(ii) career exploration activities, as determined by the
39	governor's workforce cabinet in consultation with the
40	state board for grades 6 through 8.
41	(D) The school performance assessment must be based on
42	an indicator that uses a growth to target model to measure



1	school wide applicable growth in English learners (as
2	defined in 20 U.S.C. 7801(20)) using an English language
3	proficiency assessment.
4	(2) For a high school, the following:
5	(A) The school performance assessment must be based on
6	indicators established by the state board that measure the
7	number of applicable students who attend the high school
8	who demonstrate college or career readiness based on any
9	of the following graduation pathway requirements
0	approved by the state board under IC 20-32-4-1.5:
1	(i) International baccalaureate exams.
2	(ii) Nationally recognized college entrance assessments.
3	(iii) Advanced placement exams.
4	(iv) Assessments necessary to receive college credit for
5	dual credit courses.
6	(v) Industry recognized certificates, credentials,
7	apprenticeships, or completion of career or technical
8	concentrator courses.
9	(vi) The Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery.
20	(vii) A locally established graduation pathway.
1	(viii) A graduation exam (before July 1, 2022).
.2	(B) The school performance assessment must be based on
23 24	an indicator established by the state board that measures
24	the number of students who attend the high school who
.5 .6	participate in a work based learning course (as defined in
	IC 20-43-8-0.7) that has been approved by rules
27	established by the state board under IC 4-22-2.
28	(C) The school performance assessment must be based on
.9	an indicator that measures the percentage of applicable
0	students who have fulfilled career experience activities, as
1	defined by the governor's workforce cabinet in
2	consultation with the state board.
3	(D) The school performance assessment must be based on
4	an indicator that uses a growth to target model to measure
5	school wide applicable growth in English learners (as
6	defined in 20 U.S.C. 7801(20)) using an English language
7	proficiency assessment.
8	(E) Student postsecondary outcomes to measure a student
9	six (6) months after graduation. Indicators may include:
0.	(i) employment;
-1	(ii) enlistment in armed forces of the United States or
-2	National Guard; or



1	(iii) enrollment in a postsecondary educational
2	institution.
3	(F) An indicator to measure whether a student is on track
4	to timely graduate based on credit or skill attainment.
5	(b) 511 IAC 6.2-10 is void on the earlier of:
6	(1) the effective date of the emergency or final rules adopted
7	under this section; or
8	(2) July 1, 2020.
9	(c) The state board:
10	(1) shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2; and
11	(2) may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided in
12	IC 4-22-2-37.1;
13	to implement this section.
14	(d) An emergency rule adopted under subsection (c) expires on
15	the earlier of:
16	(1) July 1, 2020; or
17	(2) the effective date of a rule that establishes categories or
18	designations of school improvement described in this section
19	and supersedes the emergency rule.
20	SECTION 9. An emergency is declared for this act.

