HOUSE BILL No. 1350

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 8-1-2-125; IC 13-26-5; IC 16-41-25-5.

Synopsis: Connection of certain properties to sewer systems. Amends the law under which a property of at least 10 acres may be exempt from mandatory connection to the sewer system of a not-for-profit utility to provide that: (1) a property owner seeking the exemption may provide to the utility a written determination from a qualified inspector that the system is not failing; and (2) the utility shall provide a property owner with any forms needed, shall promptly respond in writing to any application, shall explain in writing any rejection of a property owner's application, and shall allow a property owner at least 270 days after a rejection to revise the property owner's application or otherwise attempt to prove that the property owner is entitled to the exemption. Amends the law under which a property of at least 10 acres may be exempt from mandatory connection to the sewer system of a regional sewage district to provide that: (1) the minimum area of a property qualifying for the exemption is the lesser of: (A) five acres; or (B) the minimum acreage required in the county in which the property is located for the installation of an onsite septic system; (2) a property owner seeking the exemption may provide to the district a written determination from a qualified inspector that the system is not failing; and (3) the district must provide a property owner with any forms needed, shall promptly respond in writing to any application, shall explain in writing any rejection of a property owner's application, and shall allow a property owner at least 270 days after a rejection to revise the property owner's application or otherwise attempt to prove that the property owner is entitled to the exemption. Allows a property owner who connects to the sewer system of a regional sewage district to provide, at the owner's (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage.

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January 12, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Environmental Affairs.



expense, labor, equipment, materials, or any combination of labor, equipment, and materials to accomplish the connection, subject to inspection and approval by the district. Prohibits a local health department from denying an application for a residential septic system installation permit if the applicant demonstrates that: (1) the area of the property on which the residential septic system will be installed is at least 10 acres; (2) there are on the property at least two areas that may be used for the collection and treatment of sewage and that, if used, will protect human health and the environment; (3) the waste stream from the property is limited to domestic sewage from a residence or business; and (4) the residential septic system will have a maximum design flow of at least 750 gallons per day.



Second Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1350

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-125, AS AMENDED BY P.L.292-2013
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 125. (a) As used in this section, "not-for-profi
4	utility" means a public water or sewer utility that:
5	(1) does not have shareholders;
6	(2) does not engage in any activities for the profit of its trustees
7	directors, incorporators, or members; and
8	(3) is organized and conducts its affairs for purposes other than
9	the pecuniary gain of its trustees, directors, incorporators, or
0	members.
1	The term does not include a regional district established under
2	IC 13-26, a conservancy district established under IC 14-33, or, for
3	purposes of subsections (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), and (k), (l), and (m), a
4	utility company owned, operated, or held in trust by a consolidated city
5	(b) As used in this section, "sewage disposal system" means a privy



1	cesspool, septic tank, or other similar structure. The term includes a
2	septic tank soil absorption system (as defined in IC 13-11-2-199.5).
3	The term does not include a sewer system operated by a not-for-profit
4	public sewer utility.
5	(c) A not-for-profit utility shall be required to furnish reasonably
6	adequate services and facilities. The charge made by any not-for-profit
7	utility for any service rendered or to be rendered, either directly or in
8	connection with the service, must be nondiscriminatory, reasonable,
9	and just. Each discriminatory, unjust, or unreasonable charge for the
10	service is prohibited and unlawful.
11	(d) A reasonable and just charge for water or sewer service within
12	the meaning of this section is a charge that will produce sufficient
13	revenue to pay all legal and other necessary expense expenses incident
14	to the operation of the not-for-profit utility's system, including the
15	following:
16	(1) Maintenance and repair costs.
17	(2) Operating charges.
18	(3) Interest charges on bonds or other obligations.
19	(4) Provision for a sinking fund for the liquidation of bonds or
20	other evidences of indebtedness.
21	(5) Provision for a debt service reserve for bonds or other
22	obligations in an amount not to exceed the maximum annual debt
23	service on the bonds or obligations.
24	(6) Provision of adequate funds to be used as working capital.
25	(7) Provision for making extensions and replacements.
26	(8) The payment of any taxes that may be assessed against the
27	not-for-profit utility or its property.
28	The charges must produce an income sufficient to maintain the
29	not-for-profit utility's property in sound physical and financial
30	condition to render adequate and efficient service. A rate too low to
31	meet these requirements is unlawful.
32	(e) Except as provided in subsections (f) and (h), through (i) and
33	subsections (k) through (l), a not-for-profit public sewer utility may
34	require connection to its sewer system of property producing sewage
35	or similar waste and require the discontinuance of use of a sewage
36	disposal system if:
37	(1) there is an available sanitary sewer within three hundred (300)
38	feet of:
39	(A) the property line, if the property is:
40	(i) located in a consolidated city;
41	(ii) adjacent to a body of water, including a lake, river, or
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reservoir; or

(iii) any part of a subdivision, or land that is divided or
proposed to be divided into lots, whether contiguous or
subject to zoning requirements, for the purpose of sale or
lease as part of a larger common plan of development or
sale; or
(B) for all other properties, the improvement or other structure
from which the sewage or similar waste is discharged; and
(2) the utility has given written notice by certified mail to the
property owner at the address of the property at least ninety (90)
days before the date for connection stated in the notice.
The notice given under subdivision (2) must also inform the property
owner, other than an owner of property located in a consolidated city,
that the property owner may qualify for an exemption as set forth in
subsection (f).
(f) Subject to subsection (h), a property owner is exempt from the
requirement to connect to a not-for-profit public sewer utility's sewer
system and to discontinue use of a sewage disposal system if the
following conditions are met:
(1) The property owner's sewage disposal system is a septic tank
soil absorption system that was new at the time of installation and
approved in writing by the local health department.
(2) The property owner, at the property owner's expense, obtains
a written determination from the local health department or the
department's designee that the septic tank soil absorption system
is not failing. The local health department or the department's
designee shall provide the owner with a written determination not
later than sixty (60) days after receipt of the owner's request. If the
local health department or the department's designee fails to
provide a written determination within the time established in this
subdivision, the owner, at the owner's expense, may obtain a
written determination from a qualified inspector. If the local
health department or the department's designee determines that a
septic tank soil absorption system is failing, the property owner
may appeal the determination to the board of the local health
department. The decision of the board is final and binding.
(3) The property owner provides the not-for-profit public sewer
utility with:
(A) the written notification of potential qualification for the
exemption described in subsection (i); and
(B) the written determination described in subdivision (2);
within the time limits set forth in subsection (i).
(g) If a property owner, within the time allowed under subsection



(i), notifies a not-for-profit public sewer utility in writing that the
property owner qualifies for the exemption under this section,
provided by subsection (f), the not-for-profit public sewer utility shall,
until the property owner's eligibility for an exemption under this section
subsection (f) is determined, suspend the requirement that the property
owner discontinue use of a sewage disposal system and connect to the
not-for-profit public sewer utility's sewer system.
(h) A property owner who qualifies for the exemption provided
under this section by subsection (f) may not be required to connect to
the not-for-profit public sewer utility's sewer system for a period of ten

- (h) A property owner who qualifies for the exemption provided under this section by subsection (f) may not be required to connect to the not-for-profit public sewer utility's sewer system for a period of ten (10) years beginning on the date the new sewage disposal system was installed. A property owner may apply for two (2) five (5) year extensions of the exemption provided under this section by following the procedures set forth in subsections (f) and (g). If ownership of an exempt property is transferred during a valid exemption period, including during an extension of an initial exemption:
 - (1) the exemption applies to the subsequent owner of the property for the remainder of the exemption period during which the transfer occurred; and
 - (2) the subsequent owner may apply for any remaining extensions.

However, the total period during which a property may be exempt from the requirement to connect to a district's sewer system under this section subsection (f) may not exceed twenty (20) years, regardless of ownership of the property.

- (i) To qualify for an exemption under this section, subsection (f), a property owner must:
 - (1) within sixty (60) days after the date of the written notice given to the property owner under subsection (e), notify the not-for-profit public sewer utility in writing that the property owner qualifies for the exemption under this section; and
 - (2) within one hundred twenty (120) days after the not-for-profit public sewer utility receives the written notice provided under subdivision (1), provide the not-for-profit public sewer utility with the written determination required under subsection (f)(2).
- (j) When a property owner who qualifies for an exemption under this section subsequently discontinues use of the property owner's sewage disposal system and connects to the not-for-profit public sewer utility's sewer system, the property owner may be required to pay only the following to connect to the sewer system:
 - (1) The connection fee the property owner would have paid if the property owner connected to the sewer system on the first date the



1	property owner could have connected to the sewer system.
2	(2) Any additional costs:
3	(A) considered necessary by; and
4	(B) supported by documentary evidence provided by;
5	the not-for-profit public sewer utility.
6	(k) A not-for-profit public sewer utility may not require a property
7	owner to connect to the not-for-profit public sewer utility's sewer
8	system if:
9	(1) the property is located on at least ten (10) acres;
10	(2) the owner can demonstrate the availability of at least two (2)
11	areas on the property for the collection and treatment of sewage
12	that will protect human health and the environment;
13	(3) the waste stream from the property is limited to domestic
14	sewage from a residence or business;
15	(4) the system used to collect and treat the domestic sewage has
16	a maximum design flow of seven hundred fifty (750) gallons per
17	day; and
18	(5) the owner, at the owner's expense, obtains and provides to the
19	district utility a certification written determination from the
20	local health department or the department's designee a qualified
21	inspector that the system is not failing.
22 23 24	(l) A not-for-profit utility:
23	(1) shall provide a property owner with any forms needed to
24	comply with the requirements of subsection (k);
25	(2) shall promptly respond in writing to any application for
26 27	the exemption provided by subsection (k);
27	(3) if the utility rejects the application of a property owner for
28	the exemption provided by subsection (k), shall explain in
29	writing to the property owner:
30	(A) why the property owner's application was rejected;
31	and
32	(B) what steps, if any, the property owner could take to
33	qualify for the exemption; and
34	(4) after rejecting a property owner's application for the
35	exemption provided by subsection (k):
36	(A) may not require the property owner to connect to the
37	not-for-profit utility's sewer system; and
38	(B) shall allow the property owner to revise the property
39	owner's application or otherwise attempt to prove that the
40	property owner is entitled to the exemption provided by
41	subsection (k);
42	for a period of two hundred seventy (270) days after the



1	property owner receives the not-for-profit utility's written
2	rejection under subdivision (3) or for a longer period if the
3	property owner requests an extension of the period for good
4	cause.
5	(1) (m) A property owner who connects to a not-for-profit public
6	sewer utility's sewer system may provide, at the owner's expense, labor,
7	equipment, materials, or any combination of labor, equipment, and
8	materials from any source to accomplish the connection to the sewer
9	system, subject to inspection and approval by the not-for-profit public
10	sewer utility.
11	(m) (n) This section does not affect the authority of the state
12	department of health, a local health department, or a county health
13	officer with respect to a sewage disposal system.
14	(n) (o) For purposes of this section, a sewage disposal system is
15	"failing" if one (1) or more of the following apply:
16	(1) The system refuses to accept sewage at the rate of design
17	application and interferes with the normal use of plumbing
18	fixtures.
19	(2) Effluent discharge exceeds the absorptive capacity of the soil
20	into which the system discharges, resulting in ponding, seepage,
21	or other discharge of the effluent to the ground surface or to
22	surface waters.
23	(3) Effluent discharged from the system contaminates a potable
24	water supply, ground water, or surface waters.
25	(o) (p) As used in this section, "qualified inspector" means any of
26	the following:
27	(1) An employee of a local health department who is designated
28	by the local health department as having sufficient knowledge of
29	onsite sewage systems to determine if an onsite sewage system is
30	failing.
31	(2) An individual who is certified by the Indiana Onsite
32	Wastewater Professionals Association as an onsite sewage system
33	installer or inspector.
34	(3) An individual listed by the state department of health or the
35	local health department with jurisdiction over the service area of
36	the property inspected as having sufficient knowledge of onsite
37	sewage systems to determine if an onsite sewage system is failing.
38	SECTION 2. IC 13-26-5-2.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.97-2012,
39	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.6. (a) A district may not require the owner
41	of a property described in section 2(8) of this chapter to connect to the
42	district's sewer system if:



1	(1) the property is located on at least:
2	(A) ten (10) five (5) acres; or
3	(B) the minimum acreage required in the county in which
4	the property is located for the installation of an onsite
5	septic system;
6	whichever is less;
7	(2) the owner can demonstrate the availability of at least two (2)
8	areas on the property for the collection and treatment of sewage
9	that will protect human health and the environment;
10	(3) the waste stream from the property is limited to domestic
l 1	sewage from a residence or business;
12	(4) the system on the property used to collect and treat the
13	domestic sewage has a maximum design flow of seven hundred
14	fifty (750) gallons per day; and
15	(5) the owner, at the owner's expense, obtains and provides to the
16	district a certification written determination from the loca
17	health department or the department's designee a qualified
18	inspector that the system is functioning satisfactorily. not failing
19	(b) A district:
20	(1) shall provide a property owner with any forms needed to
21	comply with the requirements of subsection (a);
22	(2) shall promptly respond in writing to any application for
23	the exemption provided by subsection (a);
24	(3) if it rejects the application of a property owner for the
25 26	exemption provided by subsection (a), shall explain in writing
26	to the property owner:
27	(A) why the property owner's application was rejected
28	and
29	(B) what steps, if any, the property owner could take to
30	qualify for the exemption; and
31	(4) after rejecting a property owner's application for the
32	exemption provided by subsection (a):
33	(A) may not require the property owner to connect to the
34	not-for-profit utility's sewer system; and
35	(B) shall allow the property owner to revise the property
36	owner's application or otherwise attempt to prove that the
37	property owner is entitled to the exemption provided by
38	subsection (a);
39	for a period of two hundred seventy (270) days after the
1 0	property owner receives the not-for-profit utility's written
‡1 ‡2	rejection under subdivision (3) or for a longer period if the
L /	nronerty owner requests an extension of the period for good



1	cause.
2	(c) For purposes of this section, a sewage disposal system is
3	"failing" if one (1) or more of the following apply:
4	(1) The system refuses to accept sewage at the rate of design
5	application and interferes with the normal use of plumbing
6	fixtures.
7	(2) Effluent discharge exceeds the absorptive capacity of the
8	soil into which the system discharges, resulting in ponding,
9	seepage, or other discharge of the effluent to the ground
10	surface or to surface waters.
11	(3) Effluent discharged from the system contaminates a
12	potable water supply, ground water, or surface waters.
13	(d) As used in this section, "qualified inspector" means any of
14	the following:
15	(1) An employee of a local health department who is
16	designated by the local health department as having sufficient
17	knowledge of onsite sewage systems to determine whether an
18	onsite sewage system is failing.
19	(2) An individual who is certified by the Indiana Onsite
20	Wastewater Professionals Association as an onsite sewage
21	system installer or inspector.
22	(3) An individual listed by the state department of health or
23	the local health department with jurisdiction over the service
24	area of the property inspected as having sufficient knowledge
25	of onsite sewage systems to determine whether an onsite
26	sewage system is failing.
27	(e) This section does not affect the authority of the state
28	department of health, a local health department, or a county health
29	officer with respect to a sewage disposal system.
30	SECTION 3. IC 13-26-5-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
31	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.7. A property owner who connects to the
33	sewer system of a regional sewage district may provide, at the
34	owner's expense:
35	(1) labor;
36	(2) equipment;
37	(3) materials; or
38	(4) any combination of labor, equipment, and materials;
39	from any source to accomplish the connection to the sewer system,
40	subject to inspection and approval by the district.
41	SECTION 4. IC 16-41-25-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
42	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. A local health department may not deny
2	an application for a residential septic system installation permit if
3	the applicant demonstrates that:
4	(1) the property on which the residential septic system will be
5	installed has an area of at least ten (10) acres;
6	(2) there are on the property at least two (2) areas that may be
7	used for the collection and treatment of sewage and that, if
8	used, will protect human health and the environment;
9	(3) the waste stream from the property is limited to domestic
10	sewage from a residence or business; and
11	(4) the residential septic system that will collect and treat the
12	domestic sewage from the property has a maximum design
13	flow of at least seven hundred fifty (750) gallons per day.
14	SECTION 5. An emergency is declared for this act.

