HOUSE BILL No. 1339

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 22-3.

Synopsis: Choice of physician for worker injury or disease. Permits an employee to choose the attending physician who will provide services and goods resulting from an employment injury or occupational disease for purposes of the worker's compensation law.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2021.

Lucas, Hatfield, Pryor

January 14, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions.



Introduced

First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1339

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 22-3-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.275-2013,
2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) After an injury and prior to an adjudication
4	of permanent impairment, the employer shall furnish or cause to be
5	furnished, is responsible for providing, free of charge to the
6	employee, an attending physician for the treatment of the employee's
7	injuries, and in addition thereto such the services and products as that
8	the attending physician or the worker's compensation board may deem
9	reasonably necessary. After June 30, 2021, the employee is entitled
10	to choose the attending physician that the employer is required to
11	provide, free of charge, regardless of whether the injury occurred
12	before July 1, 2021. If, due to the nature of the injury, the employee
13	is unable to select an attending physician or does not select an
14	attending physician and the nature of the injury requires
15	immediate treatment and care, the employer shall select an
16	attending physician for the employee as required or appropriate to
17	provide immediate treatment and care. The employer shall provide



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1 or cause to be provided an attending physician during any time 2 that the employee has not chosen an attending physician. When 3 medically necessary or advisable, or at the request of the employee, 4 the attending physician shall consult with the employee's personal 5 physician. Notice that the employee has chosen an attending 6 physician and notice of the provision of services and products as 7 they occur shall be given to the employer and the employer's 8 insurance carrier as required under rules adopted by the worker's 9 compensation board. If the employee is requested or required by the 10 employer to submit to treatment outside the county of employment, the 11 employer shall also pay the reasonable expense of travel, food, and 12 lodging necessary during the travel, but not to exceed the amount paid 13 at the time of the travel by the state to its employees under the state 14 travel policies and procedures established by the department of 15 administration and approved by the state budget agency. If the treatment or travel to or from the place of treatment causes a loss of 16 working time to the employee, the employer shall reimburse the 17 18 employee for the loss of wages using the basis of the employee's 19 average daily wage.

20 (b) During the period of temporary total disability resulting from the 21 injury, the employer shall furnish is responsible for providing to the 22 employee, free of charge, the physician, services, and products, and 23 the worker's compensation board may, on proper application of either 24 party, require that treatment by the physician and services and products 25 be furnished by or on behalf of the employer as the worker's 26 compensation board may deem reasonably necessary. After June 30, 27 2021, the employee is entitled to choose the physician and obtain 28 the services and products that the chosen physician or the worker's 29 compensation board deem reasonably necessary, free of charge, 30 regardless of whether the injury occurred before July 1, 2021. The 31 employer shall provide or cause to be provided an attending 32 physician during any time that the employee has not chosen an 33 attending physician. When medically necessary or advisable, or at 34 the request of the employee, the attending physician shall consult 35 with the employee's personal physician. Notice that the employee 36 has received physician services and products chosen by the 37 employee shall be given to the employer and the employer's 38 insurance carrier as required under the rules of the worker's 39 compensation board. 40

(c) After an employee's injury has been adjudicated by agreement or award on the basis of permanent partial impairment and within the statutory period for review in such case as provided in section 27 of



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1 this chapter, the employer may continue to furnish provide to the 2 employee, free of charge, a physician or surgeon and other medical 3 services and products, and the worker's compensation board may within 4 the statutory period for review as provided in section 27 of this chapter, 5 on a proper application of either party, require that treatment by that 6 physician and other services and products be furnished by and on 7 behalf of the employer as the worker's compensation board may deem 8 necessary to limit or reduce the amount and extent of the employee's 9 impairment. If the employer chooses to continue providing a physician or surgeon, after June 30, 2021, the employee is entitled 10 11 to choose the physician or surgeon and obtain the services and 12 products that the chosen physician or surgeon or the worker's 13 compensation board deem reasonably necessary, regardless of 14 whether the injury occurred before July 1, 2021. The employer 15 may provide or cause to be provided the physician or surgeon 16 during any time that the employee has not chosen an attending 17 physician. When medically necessary or advisable, or at the 18 request of the employee, the attending physician shall consult with 19 the employee's personal physician. Notice that the employee has 20 received physician or surgeon services and products chosen by the 21 employee shall be given to the employer and the employer's 22 insurance carrier as required under the rules of the worker's 23 compensation board. The refusal of the employee to accept such 24 services and products, when provided by or on behalf of the employer, 25 shall bar the employee from all compensation otherwise payable during 26 the period of the refusal, and the employee's right to prosecute any proceeding under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 shall be suspended and 27 abated until the employee's refusal ceases. The employee must be 28 29 served with a notice setting forth the consequences of the refusal under 30 this section. The notice must be in a form prescribed by the worker's 31 compensation board. No compensation for permanent total impairment, 32 permanent partial impairment, permanent disfigurement, or death shall 33 be paid or payable for that part or portion of the impairment, 34 disfigurement, or death which is the result of the failure of the 35 employee to accept the services and products required under this 36 section. However, an employer may at any time permit an employee to 37 have treatment for the employee's injuries by spiritual means or prayer 38 in lieu of the physician or surgeon and other services and products 39 required under this section. 40

40 (d) If, because of an emergency, or because of the employer's failure
41 to provide an attending physician or services and products, or treatment
42 by spiritual means or prayer, as required by this section, or because of



any other good reason, a physician other than that provided by the employer chosen by the employee and not otherwise furnished by the employer treats the injured employee during the period of the employee's temporary total disability, or necessary and proper services and products are procured within the period, the reasonable cost of those services and products shall, subject to the approval of the worker's compensation board, be paid by the employer.

8 (e) An employer or employer's insurance carrier may not delay the 9 provision of emergency medical care whenever emergency medical 10 care is considered necessary in the professional judgment of the 11 attending health care facility physician.

12 (f) Regardless of when it occurs, where a compensable injury results 13 in the amputation of a body part, the enucleation of an eye, or the loss of natural teeth, the employer shall furnish an appropriate artificial 14 15 member, braces, and prosthodontics. The cost of repairs to or 16 replacements for the artificial members, braces, or prosthodontics that result from a compensable injury pursuant to a prior award and are 17 18 required due to either medical necessity or normal wear and tear, 19 determined according to the employee's individual use, but not abuse, 20 of the artificial member, braces, or prosthodontics, shall be paid from 21 the second injury fund upon order or award of the worker's 22 compensation board. The employee is not required to meet any other 23 requirement for admission to the second injury fund.

(g) If an accident arising out of and in the course of employment
after June 30, 1997, results in the loss of or damage to an artificial
member, a brace, an implant, eyeglasses, prosthodontics, or other
member, brace, implant, eyeglasses, prosthodontics, or other medically
prescribed device or furnish an identical or a reasonably equivalent
replacement.

(h) This section may not be construed to prohibit an agreement
between an employer and the employer's employees that has the
approval of the board and that binds the parties to:

- (1) medical care furnished by medical service providers selected by agreement before or after injury; or
- (2) the findings of a medical service provider who was chosen by agreement.

38 SECTION 2. IC 22-3-7-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.275-2013,
39 SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40 JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 17. (a) During the period of disablement, the
41 employer shall furnish or cause to be furnished, is responsible for
42 providing, free of charge to the employee, an attending physician for



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1 the treatment of the employee's occupational disease, and in addition 2 thereto such services and products as the attending physician or the 3 worker's compensation board may deem necessary. After June 30, 4 2021, the employee is entitled to choose the attending physician 5 that the employer is required to provide, free of charge, regardless 6 of whether the occupational disease occurred before July 1, 2021. 7 If, due to the nature of the occupational disease, the employee is 8 unable to select an attending physician or does not select an 9 attending physician and the nature of the occupational disease 10 requires immediate treatment and care, the employer shall select 11 an attending physician for the employee as required or appropriate 12 to provide immediate treatment and care. The employer shall 13 provide or cause to be provided an attending physician during any 14 time that the employee has not chosen an attending physician. 15 When medically necessary or advisable, or at the request of the 16 employee, the attending physician shall consult with the employee's 17 personal physician. Notice that the employee has chosen an 18 attending physician and notice of the provision of services and 19 products as they occur shall be given to the employer and the 20 employer's insurance carrier as required under rules adopted by 21 the worker's compensation board. If the employee is requested or 22 required by the employer to submit to treatment outside the county of 23 employment, the employer shall also pay the reasonable expense of 24 travel, food, and lodging necessary during the travel, but not to exceed 25 the amount paid at the time of the travel by the state of Indiana to its 26 employees. If the treatment or travel to or from the place of treatment 27 causes a loss of working time to the employee, the employer shall 28 reimburse the employee for the loss of wages using the basis of the 29 employee's average daily wage. 30

(b) During the period of disablement resulting from the occupational 31 disease, the employer shall furnish is responsible for providing to the 32 employee, free of charge, such physician, services and products, and 33 the worker's compensation board may, on proper application of either 34 party, require that treatment by such physician and such services and 35 products be furnished by or on behalf of the employer as the board may 36 deem reasonably necessary. After June 30, 2021, the employee is 37 entitled to choose the physician and obtain the services and 38 products that the chosen physician or the worker's compensation 39 board deem reasonably necessary, free of charge, regardless of 40 whether the occupational disease occurred before July 1, 2021. The 41 employer shall provide or cause to be provided an attending 42 physician during any time that the employee has not chosen an



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1 attending physician. When medically necessary or advisable, or at 2 the request of the employee, the attending physician shall consult 3 with the employee's personal physician. Notice that the employee 4 has received physician services and products chosen by the 5 employee shall be given to the employer and the employer's 6 insurance carrier as required under the rules of the worker's 7 compensation board. After an employee's occupational disease has 8 been adjudicated by agreement or award on the basis of permanent 9 partial impairment and within the statutory period for review in such 10 case as provided in section 27(i) of this chapter, the employer may 11 continue to furnish a physician or a surgeon and other services and 12 products, and the board may, within such statutory period for review as 13 provided in section 27(i) of this chapter, on a proper application of 14 either party, require that treatment by such physician or surgeon and 15 such services and products be furnished by and on behalf of the employer as the board may deem necessary to limit or reduce the 16 17 amount and extent of such impairment. If the employer chooses to 18 continue providing a physician or surgeon, after June 30, 2021, the 19 employee is entitled to choose the physician or surgeon and obtain 20 the services and products that the chosen physician or surgeon or 21 the worker's compensation board deem reasonably necessary, 22 regardless of whether the occupational disease occurred before 23 July 1, 2021. The employer may provide or cause to be provided 24 the physician or surgeon during any time that the employee has not 25 chosen an attending physician. When medically necessary or 26 advisable, or at the request of the employee, the attending 27 physician shall consult with the employee's personal physician. 28 Notice that the employee has received physician or surgeon 29 services and products chosen by the employee shall be given to the employer and the employer's insurance carrier as required under 30 31 the rules of the worker's compensation board. The refusal of the 32 employee to accept such services and products when so provided by or 33 on behalf of the employer, shall bar the employee from all 34 compensation otherwise payable during the period of such refusal and 35 the employee's right to prosecute any proceeding under this chapter 36 shall be suspended and abated until such refusal ceases. The employee 37 must be served with a notice setting forth the consequences of the 38 refusal under this section. The notice must be in a form prescribed by 39 the worker's compensation board. No compensation for permanent total 40 impairment, permanent partial impairment, permanent disfigurement, 41 or death shall be paid or payable for that part or portion of such 42 impairment, disfigurement, or death which is the result of the failure of



such employee to accept such services and products, provided that an employer may at any time permit an employee to have treatment for the employee's disease or injury by spiritual means or prayer in lieu of such physician, services and products.

5 (c) Regardless of when it occurs, where a compensable occupational 6 disease results in the amputation of a body part, the enucleation of an 7 eye, or the loss of natural teeth, the employer shall furnish an 8 appropriate artificial member, braces, and prosthodontics. The cost of 9 repairs to or replacements for the artificial members, braces, or prosthodontics that result from a compensable occupational disease 10 11 pursuant to a prior award and are required due to either medical 12 necessity or normal wear and tear, determined according to the 13 employee's individual use, but not abuse, of the artificial member, 14 braces, or prosthodontics, shall be paid from the second injury fund 15 upon order or award of the worker's compensation board. The 16 employee is not required to meet any other requirement for admission 17 to the second injury fund.

(d) If an emergency or because of the employer's failure to provide 18 19 such attending physician or such services and products or such 20 treatment by spiritual means or prayer as specified in this section, or for other good reason, a physician other than that provided by the employer 21 22 chosen by the employee and not otherwise furnished by the 23 employer treats the diseased employee within the period of disability, 24 or necessary and proper services and products are procured within the 25 period, the reasonable cost of such services and products shall, subject 26 to approval of the worker's compensation board, be paid by the 27 employer.

(e) An employer or employer's insurance carrier may not delay the
 provision of emergency medical care whenever emergency medical
 care is considered necessary in the professional judgment of the
 attending health care facility physician.

(f) This section may not be construed to prohibit an agreement between an employer and employees that has the approval of the board and that:

(1) binds the parties to medical care furnished by medical service providers selected by agreement before or after disablement; or(2) makes the findings of a medical service provider chosen in this manner binding upon the parties.

(g) The employee and the employee's estate do not have liability to
a medical service provider for payment for services obtained under this
section. The right to order payment for all services provided under this
chapter is solely with the board. All claims by a medical service



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1 provider for payment for services are against the employer and the 2 employer's insurance carrier, if any, and must be made with the board 3 under this chapter. After June 30, 2011, a medical service provider 4 must file an application for adjustment of a claim for a medical service 5 provider's fee with the board not later than two (2) years after the 6 receipt of an initial written communication from the employer, the 7 employer's insurance carrier, if any, or an agent acting on behalf of the 8 employer after the medical service provider submits a bill for services. 9 To offset a part of the board's expenses related to the administration of 10 medical service provider reimbursement disputes, a medical service 11 facility shall pay a filing fee of sixty dollars (\$60) in a balance billing 12 case. The filing fee must accompany each application filed with the 13 board. If an employer, employer's insurance carrier, or an agent acting 14 on behalf of the employer denies or fails to pay any amount on a claim 15 submitted by a medical service facility, a filing fee is not required to accompany an application that is filed for the denied or unpaid claim. 16 17 A medical service provider may combine up to ten (10) individual 18 claims into one (1) application whenever: 19 (1) all individual claims involve the same employer, insurance 20 carrier, or billing review service; and 21 (2) the amount of each individual claim does not exceed two 22 hundred dollars (\$200). 23 SECTION 3. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The worker's 24 compensation board may adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement the amendments made by this act to 25 26 IC 22-3-3-4 and IC 22-3-7-17. 27 (b) This SECTION expires December 31, 2022. 28 SECTION 4. An emergency is declared for this act.

