HOUSE BILL No. 1336

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-5; IC 3-6; IC 3-7; IC 3-8; IC 3-9; IC 3-10-1-33; IC 3-11; IC 3-11.5-4; IC 3-12; IC 3-13; IC 3-14-5-2; IC 5-4-1-4; IC 5-8-6-3; IC 20-46; IC 29-1-8-12; IC 36-2-3-4; IC 36-6-6-2.3.

Synopsis: Various election law matters. Provides that electronic signatures may be used for the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures. Requires the election division to declare a form obsolete if the form is incorporated into the statewide voter registration system. Provides that an individual is considered to have resigned as an elected official of a unit when the person becomes an employee of the unit the individual serves as an elected official. Provides that the secretary of state may provide registration information, upon written request, to a law enforcement official conducting an investigation. Repeals the law concerning the affidavit eligibility of a precinct election officer. Requires the bureau of motor vehicles commission to forward the voter registration part of an application and any declination to register to the election division for transmittal to the appropriate county voter registration office. Provides that the statewide voter registration system must contain a feature that identifies potential nonresidential addresses submitted on voter registration applications. Provides that a notice to an absentee voter to supply additional residence documentation does not need approval by forms management. Revises the procedure concerning the cancellation of duplicate voter registrations. Provides that, for purposes of determining whether a candidate is affiliated with a particular major political party, the candidate must have voted in that party's two most recent primary elections. (Under current law, a (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2023.

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January 17, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment.



candidate is required to have voted in the political party's most recent primary election.) Provides that if an election district is included entirely within one precinct, and does not include the entire precinct, the petition of nomination must be signed by at least five voters of the election district. Makes changes to the procedure for filing a political party device with the election commission. Provides that an officeholder is not entitled to salary until a statement of economic interest is filed, if required. Requires a campaign finance report or statement to be filed electronically. Clarifies that the permitted methods for filing a campaign finance report with a county election board would apply to candidates for local office and their candidate's committees, regular party committees, and political action committees that are not required to file with the election division. Provides for a civil penalty for failure to file a campaign finance report or statement electronically. Provides that the statute requiring reporting of "large" campaign contributions does not require the reporting of a contribution unless it is accepted by the candidate's candidate committee. Eliminates the requirement that counties send duplicate copies of state election returns to the election division. Provides that a county executive is not required to establish precincts so that a precinct contains not more than 2,000 active voters or 2,300 active voters if the precinct is in a county designated as a vote center county. Provides that in addition to precinct boundaries, the name of a precinct as included in the federal decennial census data becomes the official name of the precinct. Provides that all absentee ballots must be printed on security paper that incorporates features that can be used to authenticate the ballot. Provides that a voter must file residence documentation before 6 p.m. on election day. Provides that a county election board may send a signed form from a public test to the election division by electronic mail. Provides that an application fee for certification of a voting system is waived if the application is for a de minimis change. Provides that a county election board may scan a voted absentee ballot card using an optical scan ballot scanner not earlier than seven calendar days before election day if the optical scan ballot system permits the retraction of a previously scanned absentee ballot card. Revises the procedure concerning the updating of electronic poll books and the counting of absentee ballots. Requires a county election board to notify the absentee ballot counters of the receipt of the absentee ballots for consideration. Revises the procedure concerning when an absentee ballot mismatch has occurred. Provides that if there is a discrepancy between political party primary ballot choice between the federal write-in absentee ballot and the federal post card application, the federal post card application will supersede. Provides that a post-election audit must be completed not later than: (1) the final Friday in June following a primary election; or (2) December 20 following a general election. Exempts a member of à fiscal or legislative body from assuming certain duties during a vacancy. Requires a magistrate to deposit a copy of the magistrate's oath in the office of the circuit court clerk of the county in which the magistrate resides or serves. Requires the certification of a question on a referendum to occur not later than noon 74 days before a special election. Provides that a personal representative of a decedent who was a treasurer or candidate for office may disband the committee associated with the decedent's office or campaign. Makes technical corrections.



First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1336

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 3-5-4-1.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2019,
SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1.7. (a) Except as otherwise expressly authorized
or required under this title, a filing by a person with a commission, the
election division, an election board, or a county voter registration office
may not be made by fax or electronic mail, including a signature
described in IC 26-2-8-106.

- (b) A petition of nomination filed with a county voter registration office under IC 3-8-2, IC 3-8-2.5, IC 3-8-3, or IC 3-8-6 or a petition to place a public question on the ballot, or any other petition filed that requires the county voter registration office to certify the validity of signatures, may not contain the electronic signature, **including a signature described in IC 26-2-8-106**, digital signature, digitized signature, or photocopied signature of a voter.
 - (c) An electronic signature, digital signature, digitized signature,



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or	photocopied	signature	of	a	candidate,	campaign	finance
cor	nmittee chair	man, or ca	mp	aig	n finance co	ommittee ti	reasurer
ma	y be used for	campaign	fin	an	ce statement	ts and repo	rts filed
une	der IC 3-9.						

SECTION 2. IC 3-5-4-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 8. (a) This section does not apply to a form incorporated into the statewide voter registration system under IC 3-7-26.3-3 by the secretary of state, with the consent of the co-directors of the election division.

- (a) (b) Except as provided in subsection (e), (f), but notwithstanding any other statute, whenever the election division acts under IC 3-6-4.2-12 to approve a uniform election or registration form for use throughout Indiana or to approve a revision to an existing form, a person must use the most recent version of the form approved by the election division to comply with this title after the effective date of the election division's order approving the form.
- (b) (c) Except as provided in subsection (d) (e) or (f), (g), before an order approving a form takes effect under this section, the election division shall transmit a copy of each form or revised form approved by the order to the following:
 - (1) Each circuit court clerk, if the election division determines that the form is primarily used by a candidate, a county election board member, a county or town political party, or for absentee or provisional ballot purposes.
 - (2) Each county voter registration office, if the election division determines that the form is primarily used in voter registration.
 - (3) The state chairman of each major political party.
 - (4) The state chairman of any other political party who has filed a written request with the election division during the preceding twelve (12) months to be furnished with copies of forms.
- (e) (d) The election division, an election board, a circuit court clerk, a county voter registration office, or any other official responsible for receiving a filing under this title shall reject a filing that does not comply with this section.
- (d) (e) The election division shall specify the effective date of the form or revised form and may do any of the following:
 - (1) Delay the effective date of the approval of a form or revised form.
 - (2) Permit an earlier approved version of the form or an alternative form to be used before the effective date of the form.
 - (3) Provide for a retroactive effective date for the approval of the



1	form.
2	(e) (f) The election division may allow an earlier approved version
3	of the form to be used if the:
4	
5	(1) earlier version of the form complies with all other requirements imposed under federal law or this title; and
6	
7	(2) election division determines that the existing stock of the form
8	should be exhausted to prevent waste and unnecessary expense.
9	(f) (g) This subsection applies to a form that the election division
	determines is used primarily by the election division. The election
10	division may provide that an order concerning a form described by this
11	subsection is effective immediately upon adoption, without any
12	requirement to distribute the form to other persons.
13	(g) (h) A form approved by the commission under this section
14	before July 1, 2015, is considered to be approved by the election
15	division without any further action by the election division being
16	required.
17	(i) A form previously approved under this section that is
18	incorporated into the statewide voter registration system is
19	obsolete in the format prescribed by the forms order previously
20	issued by the election division.
21	SECTION 3. IC 3-5-9-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.135-2012, SECTION
22	1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
23	2023]: Sec. 5. Except as provided in section 7 of this chapter, an
24	individual is considered to have resigned as:
25	(1) a government employee when the individual assumes an
26	elected office of the unit that employs the individual; or
27	(2) an elected official of the unit when the person becomes a
28	government employee of the unit.
29	SECTION 4. IC 3-6-3.7-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
30	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
31	1, 2023]: Sec. 7. The secretary of state may provide the registration
32	information described in IC 3-7-26.4-8, including an individual's
33	voting history, upon written request, to a law enforcement official
34	conducting an investigation.
35	SECTION 5. IC 3-6-6-12 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
36	2023]. Sec. 12. (a) A county election board shall remove a precinct
37	election officer and declare the office vacant if:
38	(1) at any time before or during an election the county election
39	board is notified by the affidavit of two (2) or more voters of the
40	precinct that the officer is not qualified; and
41	(2) the board determines that the statements made in the affidavit
42	concerning the disqualification of the precinct election officer are



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1	true.
2	(b) If the disqualified officer has taken the oath of office required by
3	this chapter, the circuit court clerk shall attach the oath to the poll list
4	and shall place the affidavit and oath before the next grand jury of the
5	county.
6	SECTION 6. IC 3-7-14-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015,
7	SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. (a) An applicant who completes a voter
9	registration application under section 4 of this chapter is not required
10	to submit the application to a county voter registration office.
11	(b) The bureau of motor vehicles commission shall forward the
12	voter registration part of the application and any declination to
13	register under this section to the election division for transmittal to
14	the appropriate county voter registration office on an expedited basis
15	in accordance with IC 3-7-26.3, IC 9-24-2.5, and 52 U.S.C.
16	20504(c)(2)(E).
17	SECTION 7. IC 3-7-33-4.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015,
18	SECTION 114, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
19	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4.5. (a) Except as provided in
20	subsection (b), this section applies to an individual who:
21	(1) submits an application to register to vote by mail under
22	IC 3-7-22; and
23	(2) has not previously voted in:
24	(A) a general election in Indiana (or a special election for
25	federal office in Indiana); or
26	(B) a general election (or a special election for federal office)
27	in the county where the individual has submitted an
28	application under this chapter if the application was received
29	by the county voter registration office after December 31,
30	2002, and before January 1, 2006.
31	(b) This section does not apply to an individual who complies with
32	the requirements in any of the following:
33	(1) The individual submits an application to register to vote by
34	mail under this chapter and includes with that mailing a copy of:
35	(A) a current and valid photo identification; or
36	(B) a current utility bill, bank statement, government check,
37	paycheck, or government document;
38	that shows the name and residence address of the voter stated on
39	the voter registration application.
40	(2) The individual submits an application to register to vote by
41	mail under this chapter that includes:
42	(A) the individual's Indiana driver's license number; or



1	(B) the last four (4) digits of the individual's Social Security
2	number;
3	and the county voter registration office or election division
4	matches the information submitted by the applicant with ar
5	existing Indiana identification record bearing the same number
6	name, and date of birth set forth in the voter registration
7	application.
8	(3) The individual is an absent uniformed services voter or
9	overseas voter.
10	(4) The individual is entitled to vote other than in person under
11	the federal Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and Handicapped
12	Act (52 U.S.C. 20102(b)(2)(B)(ii)) due to a determination by the
13	election division that a permanent or temporarily accessible
14	polling place cannot be provided for the individual.
15	(5) The individual is entitled to vote other than in person under
16	any other federal law.
17	(c) When a county voter registration office receives a voter
18	registration application by mail, the office shall determine whether the
19	applicant is subject to the requirements to provide additional
20	documentation under this section and 52 U.S.C. 21083.
21	(d) As required by 52 U.S.C. 21083, a county voter registration
22	office shall administer the requirements of this section in a uniform and
23	nondiscriminatory manner.
24	(e) If the county voter registration office determines that the
25	applicant:
26	(1) is not required to submit additional documentation under this
27	section; or
28	(2) has provided the documentation required under this section;
29	the county voter registration office shall process the application in
30	accordance with section 5 of this chapter.
31	(f) If the county voter registration office determines that the
32	applicant is required to submit additional documentation under this
33	section and 52 U.S.C. 21083, the office shall process the application
34	under section 5 of this chapter and, if the applicant is otherwise eligible
35	to vote, add the information concerning this documentation to the
36	voter's computerized registration entry under IC 3-7-27-20.2. A notice
37	to an absentee voter to supply additional residence documentation
38	does not need approval by forms management.
39	(g) The county voter registration office shall remove the notation
40	described in subsection (f) after the voter votes in an election for a
41	federal office.

SECTION 8. IC 3-7-33-5.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE



1	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
2	1, 2023]: Sec. 5.7. Subject to IC 3-7-38.2-18, the statewide voter
3	registration system must contain a feature that identifies potentia
4	nonresidential addresses submitted on voter registration
5	applications.
6	SECTION 9. IC 3-7-38.2-5.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021
7	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5.5. (a) The Indiana data enhancement association
9	(IDEA) is established. IDEA shall be administered by the NVRA
10	official in accordance with IC 3-7-11-1.
11	(b) The NVRA official shall adopt an order for the administration
12	of voter list maintenance programs to be performed by IDEA. The
13	NVRA official may amend the order. If the NVRA official does no
14	amend the order when necessary to perform voter list maintenance
15	duties under this chapter, the secretary of state shall adopt or amend the
16	order under section 18 of this chapter. The order establishing IDEA
17	and any amendments to the order subsequently issued, shall provide the
18	following:
19	(1) The member states of IDEA are not required to pay to Indiana
20	any fee for the processing of the data from the member state.
21	(2) The member states of IDEA are not required to engage in any
22	activity other than actions necessary to comply with standards for
23	voter list maintenance set forth in the order as a condition for
24	obtaining data from Indiana or other member states.
25	(3) The method for a state to join or withdraw from IDEA.
26	(4) The tenure of the membership of each state and duration of the
27	order.
28	(5) Indiana shall:
29	(A) use the confidence factors set forth in subsection (c) to
30	determine whether the name of an individual registered in that
31	member state appears to be the same as an individua
32	registered to vote in Indiana or any other member state; and
33	(B) only forward potential matches of the names of individuals
34	in a state who meet or exceed the confidence factor threshold
35	under subsection (c).
36	(6) Any registration data provided to Indiana by another state
37	member:
38	(A) is confidential under Indiana law;
39	(B) must be safely secured by Indiana for the duration of a
40	particular instance of a voter list maintenance activity; and



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(C) shall be destroyed immediately following the provision of

data concerning potential duplicate voter registrations to IDEA

1	member states.
2	(7) Any other provisions necessary for the proper and effective
3	administration of IDEA.
4	(c) Not later than thirty (30) days following the receipt of
5	information under subsection (b) indicating that a voter of Indiana may
6	also be registered to vote in another state, the NVRA official shall
7	provide the appropriate county voter registration office with the name
8	of and any other information obtained under this subsection concerning
9	that voter, if both of the following apply:
10	(1) The first name, last name, and date of birth of the Indiana
11	voter is identical to the first name, last name, and date of birth of
12	the voter registered in the other state.
13	(2) A comparison of the records indicates that there is a
14	confidence factor that the records are for the same individual
15	resulting from the accumulation of at least seventy-five (75)
16	points based on the following criteria:
17	(A) Full Social Security number: 40 points.
18	(B) Last four (4) digits of Social Security number: 10 points.
19	(C) Indiana driver's license or identification card number: 50
20	points.
21	(D) Date of birth: 25 points.
22	(E) Last Name: 15 points.
23	(F) First Name: 15 points.
24	(G) Middle Name: 5 points.
25	(H) Suffix: 5 points.
26	(I) Street Address 1: 10 points.
27	(J) Zip Code (first five (5) digits): 5 points.
28	(d) The county voter registration office shall determine whether the
29	individual:
30	(1) identified in the report provided by the NVRA official under
31	subsection (c) is the same individual who is a registered voter of
32	the county;
33	(2) registered to vote in another state on a date following the date
34	that voter registered in Indiana; and
35	(3) authorized the cancellation of any previous registration by the
36	voter when the voter registered in another state.
37	(e) If the county voter registration office determines that the voter
38	is described by subsection (d), the county voter registration office shall
39	cancel the voter registration of that voter. If the county voter
40	registration office determines that the voter is described by subsection
41	(d)(1) and (d)(2), but has not authorized the cancellation of any
42	previous registration, the county voter registration office shall send an



1	address confirmation notice to the Indiana address of the voter.
2	(f) The county voter registration office may rely on written
3	information provided either directly by a voter registration office in
4	another state or forwarded from the election division from the office in
5	the other state. as follows:
6	(1) If this Information: is
7	(1) provided directly from the other state to the Indiana county
8	voter registration official; the out-of-state voter registration
9	official or
10	(2) forwarded by the election division;
11	must provide include a copy of the voter's signed voter registration
12	application which indicates the individual authorizes cancellation of
13	the individual's previous registration.
14	(2) If the election division forwards written notice from another
15	state to an Indiana county voter registration official, the county
16	should consider this notice as confirmation that the individual is
17	registered in another jurisdiction and has requested cancellation
18	of the Indiana registration. A copy of the actual voter signature is
19	not required to be provided to the county for the voter's status to
20	be canceled if the written notice is forwarded by the election
21	division.
22	County voter registration officials shall review the date the individual
23	registered out of state and the date the individual registered in Indiana
24	to confirm which registration is more recent when performing the
25	officials' analysis under this subsection.
26	SECTION 10. IC 3-8-1-21, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
27	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 21. A candidate for the office of county
29	commissioner must:
30	(1) have resided in the county for at least one (1) year before the
31	election, as provided in Article 6, Section 4 of the Constitution of
32	the State of Indiana; and
33	(2) have resided in the district in which seeking election if
34	applicable, for at least six (6) months before the election.
35	SECTION 11. IC 3-8-5-10.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021,
36	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 10.5. (a) A person who desires to be nominated
38	for a town office by a major political party must file a declaration of
39	candidacy with the circuit court clerk of the county containing the
40	greatest percentage of population of the town.
41	(b) A declaration of candidacy must be filed:

(1) not earlier than the first date that a declaration of candidacy



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1	for a primary election may be filed under IC 3-8-2-4; and
2	(2) not later than:
3	(A) noon August 1 before a municipal election if the town
4	nominates its candidates by convention; and
5	(B) the date that a declaration of candidacy must be filed under
6	IC 3-8-2-4 if the town nominates its candidates by a primary
7	election.
8	(c) The declaration must be subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed)
9	before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths.
10	(d) The declaration of each candidate required by this section must
11	certify the following information:
12	(1) The candidate's name, printed or typewritten as:
13	(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the
14	ballot; and
15	(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot
16	under IC 3-5-7.
17	(2) That the candidate is a registered voter and the location of the
18	candidate's precinct and township (or the ward, if applicable, and
19	town), county, and state.
20	(3) The candidate's complete residence address and the
21	candidate's mailing address if the mailing address is different
22	from the residence address.
23	(4) The majority party candidate's party affiliation and the office
24	to which the candidate seeks nomination, including the district
25	designation if the candidate is seeking a town legislative body
26	seat. For purposes of this subdivision, a candidate is considered
27	to be affiliated with a political party only if one (1) of the
28	following applies:
29	(A) The two (2) most recent primary elections in
30	Indiana in which the candidate voted was a were primary
31	election elections held by the party with which the candidate
32	claims affiliation. If the candidate cast a nonpartisan ballot at
33	an election held at the most recent primary election in which
34	the candidate voted, a certification by the county chairman
35	under clause (B) is required.
36	(B) The county chairman of:
37	(i) the political party with which the candidate claims
38	affiliation; and
39	(ii) the county in which the candidate resides;
40	certifies in writing that the candidate is a member of the
41	political party.
42	The declaration of candidacy must inform a candidate how party



1	affiliation is determined under this subdivision and permit the
2	candidate to indicate on the declaration of candidacy whether
3	clause (A) or (B) applies to the candidate. If a candidate claims
4	party affiliation under clause (B), the candidate must attach to the
5	candidate's declaration of candidacy the written certification of
6	the county chairman required by clause (B).
7	(5) That the candidate complies with all requirements under the
8	laws of Indiana to be a candidate for the above named office,
9	including any applicable residency requirements, and is not
10	ineligible to be a candidate due to a criminal conviction that
11	would prohibit the candidate from serving in the office.
12	(6) That the candidate has attached either of the following to the
13	declaration:
14	(A) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped
15	by the office required to receive the statement of economic
16	interests.
17	(B) A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a
18	statement of economic interests has been filed.
19	(7) That the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected
20	to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an
21	individual surety bond before serving in the office.
22	(8) That the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected
23	to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully
24	complete training or have attained certification related to service
25	in an elected office.
26	(9) That the candidate:
27	(A) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign
28	finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and
29	expenditures; and
30	(B) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.
31	(10) A statement indicating whether or not the candidate:
32	(A) has been a candidate for state, legislative, local, or school
33	board office in a previous primary, municipal, special, or
34	general election; and
35	(B) has filed all reports required by IC 3-9-5-10 for all
36	previous candidacies.
37	(11) The candidate's signature.
38	(e) This subsection does not apply to a town whose municipal
39	election is to be conducted by a county. Immediately after the deadline
40	for filing, the circuit court clerk shall do all of the following:
41	(1) Certify to the town clerk-treasurer and release to the public a



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list of the candidates of each political party for each office. The

- list shall indicate any candidates of a political party nominated for an office under this chapter because of the failure of any other candidates of that political party to file a declaration of candidacy for that office.
 - (2) Post a copy of the list in a prominent place in the circuit court clerk's office.
 - (3) File a copy of each declaration of candidacy with the town clerk-treasurer.
 - (f) A person who files a declaration of candidacy for an elected office for which a per diem or salary is provided for by law is disqualified from filing a declaration of candidacy for another office for which a per diem or salary is provided for by law until the original declaration is withdrawn.
 - (g) A person who files a declaration of candidacy for an elected office may not file a declaration of candidacy for that office in the same year as a member of a different political party until the original declaration is withdrawn.
 - (h) A person who files a declaration of candidacy under this section may file a written notice withdrawing the person's declaration of candidacy in the same manner as the original declaration was filed, if the notice of withdrawal is filed not later than:
 - (1) noon August 1 before the municipal election if the town nominates its candidates by convention; and
 - (2) the date that a declaration of candidacy may be withdrawn under IC 3-8-2-20 if the town nominates its candidates in a primary election.
 - (i) A declaration of candidacy must include a statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the declaration of candidacy. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's declaration of candidacy and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the declaration of candidacy is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the candidate's declaration of candidacy.
 - SECTION 12. IC 3-8-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) A petition of nomination must be signed by the number of voters equal to two percent (2%) of the total vote cast at the last election for secretary of state in the election district that the candidate seeks to represent.



- (b) In determining the number of signatures required under this section, any fraction in excess of a whole number must be disregarded.
 (c) If an election district is included entirely within one (1) precinct, and does not include the entire precinct, the petition of nomination must be signed by at least five (5) voters of the election district.
 - SECTION 13. IC 3-8-7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011, SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in subsection (f), if a political party has filed a statement with the election division (or any of its predecessors) that the device selected by the political party be used to designate the candidates of the political party on the ballot for all elections throughout the state, the device must be used until:
 - (1) the device is changed in accordance with party rules; and
 - (2) a statement concerning the use of the new device is filed with the election division.
 - (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the device may be any appropriate symbol.
 - (c) A political party or an independent candidate may not use any of the following as a device:
 - (1) A symbol that has previously been filed by a political party or candidate with the election division (or any of its predecessors).
 - (2) The coat of arms or seal of the state or of the United States.
 - (3) The national or state flag.
 - (4) Any other emblem common to the people.
 - (d) Not later than noon on the date specified under section 16 of this chapter for the certification of candidates and public questions by the election division, the election division shall provide each county election board with a camera-ready copy of the device under which the candidates of the political party or the petitioner are to be listed so that ballots may be prepared using the best possible reproduction of the device.
 - (e) This subsection applies to a candidate or political party whose device is not filed with the election division under subsection (a) and is to be printed only on ballots to identify candidates for election to a local office. Not later than noon on the date specified under section 16 of this chapter for the certification of candidates and public questions by the election division, the chairman of the political party or the petitioner of nomination shall file a camera-ready copy of the device under which the candidates of the political party or the petitioner are to be listed with the county election board of each county in which the name of the candidate or party will be placed on the ballot. The county



1	election board shall provide the camera-ready copy of the device to the
2	town election board of a town located wholly or partially within the
3	county upon request by the town election board.
4	(f) If a copy of the device is not filed in accordance with subsection
5	(a) or (e), or unless a device is designated in accordance with section
6	26 or 27 of this chapter, the county election board or town election
7	board is not required to use any device to designate the list of
8	candidates.
9	(g) If a device is filed with the election division or an election board
10	after the commencement of printing of ballots for use at an election
11	conducted under this title, the election board responsible for printing
12	the ballots is not required to alter the ballots to include the device filed
13	under this subsection.
14	SECTION 14. IC 3-8-9-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
15	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
16	1, 2023]: Sec. 10. (a) This section applies to any individual required
17	to file a statement in accordance with section 5 of this chapter.
18	(b) If:
19	(1) the individual (or another individual acting on behalf of
20	that individual) fails to file the statement with the individual's
21	declaration of candidacy, petition of nomination, certificate of
22	nomination, consent to be a replacement candidate, certificate
23	of candidate selection, declaration of intent to be a write-in
24	candidate, or following the individual's assumption of a
25	vacant elected office during the period described by section 5;
26	and
27	(2) notwithstanding the requirements of section 6 of this
28	chapter, the statement is accepted by the circuit court clerk;
29	the individual, if elected to an office or receiving an appointment
30	pro tempore to an office, is not entitled to receive a salary for
31	service in that office until the statement is filed.
32	SECTION 15. IC 3-9-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.91-2019,
33	CECTION 1 10 1 1 CENTED TO DE 1 D 1 CECTI ON CETEDE CTUTE
	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) The election division shall develop a filing
34 35	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) The election division shall develop a filing and coding system consistent with the purposes of this article. The
343536	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) The election division shall develop a filing and coding system consistent with the purposes of this article. The election division and each county election board shall use the filing and
34 35 36 37	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) The election division shall develop a filing and coding system consistent with the purposes of this article. The election division and each county election board shall use the filing and coding system. The coding system must provide:
34 35 36 37 38	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) The election division shall develop a filing and coding system consistent with the purposes of this article. The election division and each county election board shall use the filing and coding system. The coding system must provide: (1) not more than ten (10) codes to account for various campaign
34 35 36 37	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) The election division shall develop a filing and coding system consistent with the purposes of this article. The election division and each county election board shall use the filing and coding system. The coding system must provide:

be accounted for under each code.

(b) The election division shall develop and use a computer system



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1	to store campaign finance reports required to be filed under IC 3-9-5-6,
2	IC 3-9-5-10, and IC 3-9-5-20.1. The computer system must enable the
3	election division to do the following:
4	(1) Identify all candidates or committees that received
5	contributions from a contributor over the past three (3) years.
6	(2) Identify all contributors to a candidate or committee over the
7	past three (3) years.
8	(3) Provide for electronic submission, retrieval, storage, and
9	disclosure of campaign finance reports of candidates for the
10	following:
11	(A) Legislative office.
12	(B) State office.
13	The election division shall provide training at no cost to
14	candidates to enable candidates described in this subdivision to
15	file campaign finance reports electronically.
16	(c) The election division shall notify each candidate's committee
17	that the election division will provide at the committee's request at no
18	cost a standardized software program to permit the committee to install
19	the software on a computer and generate an electronic version of the
20	reports and statements required to be filed with the election division
21	under this article. However, the election division is not required to
22	provide or alter the software program to make the program compatible
23	for installation or operation on a specific computer.
24	(d) This subsection applies to the following committees:
25	(1) A committee for a candidate seeking election to a state office.
26	(2) A committee for a candidate seeking election to a legislative
27	office.
28	(3) A political action committee that has received more than fifty
29	thousand dollars (\$50,000) in contributions since the close of the
30	previous reporting period. all committees required to file a
31	report or statement with the election division.
32	The committee must file electronically the report or statement required
33	under this article with the election division using a standardized
34	software program supplied to the committee without charge under
35	subsection (c) or another format approved by the election division. An
36	electronic filing approved by the election division under this subsection
37	may not require manual reentry into a computer system of the data
38	contained in the report or statement in order to make the data available
39	to the general public under subsection (g).
40	(e) This subsection applies to an electronic submission under
41	subsection (b)(3). An electronic submission must be in a format
42	previously approved by the election division that permits the election



1	division to print out a hard copy of the report after the receipt of the
2	electronic submission from the candidate. Filing of a report occurs
3	under IC 3-5-2-24.5 on the date and at the time electronically recorded
4	by the election division's computer system. If a discrepancy exists
5	between the text of the electronic submission and the printed report, the
6	text of the printed report prevails until an amendment is filed under this
7	article to correct the discrepancy.
8	(f) The election division is not required to accept an electronic
9	submission unless the submission complies with subsection (b)(3).
10	Upon receiving approval from the commission, the election division
11	may accept an electronic submission from candidates, committees, or
12	persons described in subsection (b)(3).
13	(g) The election division shall make campaign finance reports stored
14	on the computer system under subsection (b) available to the general
15	public through an on-line service.
16	SECTION 16. IC 3-9-4-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 14. (a) The election
18	division and each county election board shall do all of the following:
19	(1) Ascertain whether candidates, committees, or other persons
20	have:
21	(A) failed to file statements of organization or reports; or
22	(B) filed defective statements of organization or reports.
23	(2) Give the following notices:
24	(A) To delinquents to file a statement of organization or a
25	report immediately upon receipt of the notice. A delinquency
26	notice for a report must be given not later than thirty (30) days
27	after the date the report was required to be filed. The election
28	division or a county election board may, but is not required to,
29	give delinquency notices at other times.
30	(B) To persons filing defective reports to make a supplemental
31	statement or report correcting all defects not later than noon
32	five (5) calendar days after receipt of the notice.
33	(3) Make available for public inspection a list of delinquents and
34	persons who have failed to file the required supplemental
35	statement or report. The election division and each county
36	election board shall post a list of delinquents in a public place at
37	or near the entrance of the commission's or board's respective
38	offices.
39	(b) The election division shall mail:
40	(1) to each candidate required to file a campaign finance report
41	with the election division; and



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(2) twenty-one (21) days before the campaign finance reports are

1	due;
2	the proper campaign finance report forms and a notice that states the
3	date the campaign finance reports are due. The election division is
4	required to mail notices and forms only to candidates for state offices
5	and legislative offices. A county election board may, but is not required
6	to, implement this subsection for candidates for local offices.
7	(c) Notwithstanding any notice given to a delinquent under
8	subsection (a) or (b), the delinquent remains liable for a civil penalty
9	in the full amount permitted under this chapter for failing to file a
10	campaign finance report or statement of organization not later than the
11	date and time prescribed under this article.
12	SECTION 17. IC 3-9-4-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011,
13	SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 16. (a) In addition to any other penalty imposed,
15	a person who does any of the following is subject to a civil penalty
16	under this section:
17	(1) Fails to file with the election division a report in the manner
18	required under IC 3-9-5.
19	(2) Fails to file a statement of organization required under
20	IC 3-9-1.
21	(3) Is a committee or a member of a committee who disburses or
22	expends money or other property for any political purpose before
23	the money or other property has passed through the hands of the
24	treasurer of the committee.
25	(4) Makes a contribution other than to a committee subject to this
26	article or to a person authorized by law or a committee to receive
27	contributions on the committee's behalf.
28	(5) Is a corporation or labor organization that exceeds any of the
29	limitations on contributions prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4.
30	(6) Makes a contribution in the name of another person.
31	(7) Accepts a contribution made by one (1) person in the name of
32	another person.
33	(8) Is not the treasurer of a committee subject to this article, and
34	pays any expenses of an election or a caucus except as authorized
35	by this article.
36	(9) Commingles the funds of a committee with the personal funds
37	of an officer, a member, or an associate of the committee.
38	(10) Wrongfully uses campaign contributions in violation of
39	IC 3-9-3-4.
40	(11) Violates IC 3-9-2-12.
41	(12) Fails to designate a contribution as required by IC 3-9-2-5(c).
42	(13) Violates IC 3-9-3-5.



1	(14) Serves as a treasurer of a committee in violation of any of the
2	following:
3	(A) IC 3-9-1-13(1).
4	(B) IC 3-9-1-13(2).
5	(C) IC 3-9-1-18.
6	(15) Fails to comply with section 4(d) of this chapter.
7	(16) Violates IC 3-9-3-2.5 by making a communication that
8	contains a disclaimer that is not presented in a clear and
9	conspicuous manner required by IC 3-9-3-2.5(d) and
10	IC 3-9-3-2.5(e). This subdivision does not apply to a person
11	whose sole act is, in the normal course of business, participating
12	in the preparation, printing, distribution, or broadcast of the
13	communication containing the disclaimer.
14	(17) Fails to file campaign finance reports electronically in a
15	manner required under section 4 of this chapter.
16	(b) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
17	penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for filing a defective report or
18	statement. If the commission determines that a person failed to file the
19	amended report or statement of organization not later than noon five (5)
20	days after being given notice under section 14 of this chapter, the
21	commission may assess a civil penalty. The penalty is ten dollars (\$10)
22	
	for each day the report is late after the expiration of the five (5) day
23	period, not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) plus any investigative
24	costs incurred and documented by the election division. The civil
25	penalty limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.
26	(c) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
27	penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for a delinquent report or
28	statement. If the commission determines that a person failed to file the
29	report or statement of organization by the deadline prescribed under
30	this article, the commission shall assess a civil penalty. The penalty is
31	fifty dollars (\$50) for each day the report or statement is late, with the
32	afternoon of the final date for filing the report or statement being
33	calculated as the first day. The civil penalty under this subsection may
34	not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) plus any investigative costs
35	incurred and documented by the election division. The civil penalty
36	limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.
37	(d) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
38	penalty under subsection (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(6), (a)(7), (a)(8), (a)(9), or
39	(a)(10). If the commission determines that a person is subject to a civil
40	penalty under subsection (a), the commission may assess a civil penalty
41	of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), plus any investigative
42	costs incurred and documented by the election division.
74	oosis mourrou and documented by the election division.



- (e) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(5). If the commission determines that a person is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(5), the commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than three (3) times the amount of the contribution in excess of the limit prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
- (f) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(11). If the commission determines that a candidate or the candidate's committee has violated IC 3-9-2-12, the commission shall assess a civil penalty equal to the greater of the following, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division:
 - (1) Two (2) times the amount of any contributions received.
 - (2) One thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (g) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(12). If the commission determines that a corporation or a labor organization has failed to designate a contribution in violation of IC 3-9-2-5(c), the commission shall assess a civil penalty equal to the greater of the following, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division:
 - (1) Two (2) times the amount of the contributions undesignated.
 - (2) One thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (h) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(13). If the commission determines, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the commission, that a person has violated IC 3-9-3-5, the commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
- (i) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(14). If the commission determines, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the commission, that a person has served as the treasurer of a committee in violation of any of the statutes listed in subsection (a)(14), the commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
- (j) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(15). The commission may assess a civil penalty equal to the costs incurred by the election division for the manual entry of the data contained in the report or statement, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
 - (k) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil



penalty under subsection (a)(16). If the commission determines that a
person is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(16), the
commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than one thousand
dollars (\$1,000) for each communication circulated or published (but
not for each of the copies of the communication actually circulated or
published), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by
the election division.

- (l) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(17). If the commission determines that a person failed to file the report electronically in a manner required under section 4 of this chapter, the commission shall assess a civil penalty. The penalty is one hundred dollars (\$100) for each report that has not been filed electronically in a manner required under section 4 of this chapter, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division. The civil penalty limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.
- (1) (m) All civil penalties collected under this section shall be deposited with the treasurer of state in the campaign finance enforcement account.
- (m) (n) Proceedings of the commission under this section are subject to IC 4-21.5.

SECTION 18. IC 3-9-5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 7. (a) **This subsection applies to a committee required to file with a county election board under section 4 of this chapter.** A person may deliver reports to the appropriate office as follows:

(1) By hand.

- (2) By mail.
- (3) By electronic mail, if the appropriate office has the capacity to do all of the following:
 - (A) Receive electronic mail.
 - (B) Electronically record the date and time that electronic mail is received by the office.
 - (C) Print out a hard copy of the report after the receipt of the electronic mail by the office.
- (b) Reports must be filed as follows:
 - (1) Hand delivered reports or reports transmitted by mail must be filed with the appropriate office a county election board during regular office hours not later than noon seven (7) days after the date of the report.
 - (2) Reports delivered by electronic mail must be filed with the



1	appropriate office a county election board not later than noon
2	seven (7) days after the date of the report.
3	(3) Reports electronically filed with the election division in
4	accordance with IC 3-9-4-4 or with a county election board
5	under IC 3-9-4-4.5 must be filed not later than noon seven (7)
6	days after the date of the report.
7	(c) This subsection applies to a report delivered to a county
8	election board by electronic mail. Filing of a report occurs under
9	IC 3-5-2-24.5 on the date and at the time electronically recorded by the
10	office's computer system. If a discrepancy exists between the text of the
l 1	electronic mail and the printed report, the text of the printed report
12	prevails until an amendment is filed under this article to correct the
13	discrepancy.
14	(d) An office is not required to A county election board may
15	accept a report or statement required under this article by facsimile
16	transmission. Upon approval of a policy by the commission or a county
17	election board to receive reports or statements by facsimile
18	transmission, the election division or the county election board may
19	accept the facsimile transmission of a report or statement.
20	SECTION 19. IC 3-9-5-20.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015,
21	SECTION 76, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 20.1. (a) This section:
23 24 25	(1) applies only to a large contribution that is received and
24	accepted by a candidate, the candidate's committee, or the
	treasurer of the candidate's committee; and
26	(2) does not apply to a candidate for a state office, the candidate's
27	committee, or the treasurer of the candidate's committee.
28	(b) As used in this section, "election" refers to any of the following:
29	(1) A primary election.
30	(2) A general election.
31	(3) A municipal election.
32	(4) A special election.
33	(5) For candidates nominated at a state convention, the state
34	convention.
35	(c) As used in this section, "large contribution" means contributions:
36	(1) that total at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
37	(2) that are received and accepted:
38	(A) not more than twenty-five (25) days before an election;
39	and
10	(B) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.
11	(d) The treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file a
12	supplemental large contribution report with the election division or a



1	county election board not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the
2	contribution is received and accepted. A candidate for a legislative
3	office shall file a report required by this section with the election
4	division and the county election board as required by section 3 of this
5	chapter. A report filed under this section may be filed by facsimile
6	(fax) transmission.
7	(e) A report required by subsection (d) must contain the following
8	information for each large contribution:
9	(1) The name of the person making the contribution.
10	(2) The address of the person making the contribution.
11	(3) If the person making the contribution is an individual, the
12	individual's occupation.
13	(4) The total amount of the contribution.
14	(5) The dates and times the contributions making up the large
15	contribution were received and accepted by the treasurer, the
16	candidate, or the candidate's committee.
17	(f) The election division shall prescribe the form for the report
18	required by this section.
19	SECTION 20. IC 3-9-5-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015,
20	SECTION 77, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies only to a large
22	contribution that is received and accepted by a candidate for a state
	office, the candidate's committee, or the treasurer of the candidate's
23 24 25 26	committee.
25	(b) As used in this section, "election" refers to any of the following:
26	(1) For a candidate nominated at a primary election, the primary
27	election.
28	(2) For a candidate nominated at a state convention, the state
29	convention.
30	(3) A general election.
31	(c) As used in this section, "large contribution" means either of the
32	following:
33	(1) Contributions:
34	(A) that total at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
35	(B) that are received and accepted:
36	(i) after the end of a reporting period and before the deadline
37	for the candidate's committee to file a report under section
38	6 of this chapter; and
39	(ii) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.
10	(2) A single contribution that is at least ten thousand dollars

(\$10,000) that is received and accepted at any time.

(d) The treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file a



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1	supplemental large contribution report with the election division not
2	later than:
3	(1) forty-eight (48) hours after a contribution described by
4	subsection (c)(1) is received and accepted; or
5	(2) noon seven (7) days after a contribution described by
6	subsection (c)(2) is received and accepted.
7	(e) A report filed under this section may be filed by facsimile
8	transmission or as an electronic report when the requirements of
9	IC 3-9-4 or this chapter have been met. A report required by subsection
10	(d) must contain the following information for each large contribution:
l 1	(1) The name of the person making the contribution.
12	(2) The address of the person making the contribution.
13	(3) If the person making the contribution is an individual, the
14	individual's occupation.
15	(4) The total amount of the contribution.
16	(5) The dates and times the contributions making up the large
17	contribution described in subsection (c)(1) or a large contribution
18	described in subsection (c)(2) were received and accepted by the
19	treasurer, the candidate, or the candidate's committee.
20	(f) The election division shall prescribe the form for the report
21	required by this section.
22	SECTION 21. IC 3-10-1-33 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
23	2023]. Sec. 33. (a) The county election board shall also make an
24	additional duplicate showing the votes cast for each candidate required
25	to file a declaration of candidacy with the election division under
26	IC 3 -8-2.
27	(b) The circuit court clerk shall, not later than noon on the second
28	Monday following the primary election, send to the election division by
29	certified mail or hand deliver to the election division one (1) complete
30	copy of all returns for these candidates.
31	(c) The circuit court clerk may send the document described in
32	subsection (b) using the computerized list established under
33	IC 3-7-26.3. A document sent under this subsection complies with any
34	requirement for the document to be certified or sealed.
35	SECTION 22. IC 3-11-1.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015,
36	SECTION 88, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in:
38	(1) subsection (b);
39	(2) subsection (c);
10	(3) section 3.2 of this chapter; or
11	(4) section 3.5 of this chapter;
12	a county executive shall establish precincts so that a precinct contains



1	not more than two thousand (2,000) active voters.
2	(b) This subsection applies to a precinct that includes:
3	(1) an entire township, but does not cross a township boundary in
4	violation of section 4 of this chapter;
5	(2) an entire city legislative body district, but does not cross the
6	boundary of a city legislative body district;
7	(3) an entire town legislative body district, but does not cross the
8	boundary of a town legislative body district; or
9	(4) one (1) residential structure containing more than two
10	thousand (2,000) active voters and no other residential structure
11	containing voters.
12	In changing precincts or establishing new precincts, a county executive
13	shall arrange a precinct so that it will contain not more than two
14	thousand three hundred (2,300) active voters.
15	(c) A county executive is not required to establish precincts so that
16	a precinct contains not more than two thousand (2,000) active voters
17	if the precinct:
18	(1) was established by the county executive in compliance with
19	subsection (a) within the preceding forty-eight (48) months; and
20	(2) contains not more than two thousand two hundred (2,200)
21	active voters.
22	(d) A county executive is not required to establish precincts so
23	that a precinct contains not more than two thousand (2,000) active
24	voters or two thousand three hundred (2,300) active voters if the
25	precinct is in a county designated as a vote center county.
26	SECTION 23. IC 3-11-1.5-38.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.108-2021,
27	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 38.1. (a) This section applies to the boundaries of
29	a precinct as established before January 1, 2021.
30	(b) As used in this chapter, "federal decennial census" has the
31	meaning set forth in IC 1-1-3.5-2(a).
32	(c) The office shall file with the election division the following
33	information for a precinct described in subsection (a):
34	(1) A list of the census blocks comprising the voting tabulation
35	districts used by the United States Department of Commerce,
36	Bureau of the Census, in reporting the 2020 federal decennial
37	census of Indiana, as supplemented by the office.
38	(2) A file in a format prescribed by the election division depicting
20	the boundaries of the precinct as shown by maps included in the
39	the boundaries of the preemet as shown by maps meraded in the
40	GIS.



1	board (or the board of elections and registration) of the county in which
2	the precinct is located.
3	(e) Not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the notice
4	described in subsection (d), the county executive shall notify the
5	election division if the filing described in subsection (c) contains errors
6	or is otherwise incorrect or incomplete. The notice must state one (1)
7	of the following:
8	(1) The county executive will submit to the election division, not
9	later than January 1, 2022, additional information for or
10	corrections to the filing, which will become the precinct
11	boundaries for the county for purposes of an election conducted
12	after January 1, 2022, and until a new precinct establishment
13	order for the county is adopted as provided in this chapter.
14	(2) The county executive will adopt a new precinct establishment
15	order for the county as provided in this chapter.
16	(f) The election division shall provide the office with the additional
17	information and corrections submitted by a county executive under
18	subsection (e)(1), and the office shall add the additional information
19	and corrections to the GIS.
20	(g) If a county executive does not file a notice under subsection (e),
21	the following apply:
22	(1) The precinct descriptions filed by the office under subsection
23	(c) become the precinct boundaries for the county for purposes of
24	an election conducted after January 1, 2022, and until a new
25	precinct establishment order for the county is adopted as provided
26	in this chapter.
27	(2) A registered voter of the county may not file an objection
28	under section 18 of this chapter to the precinct descriptions filed
29	by the office under subsection (c).
30	(h) This subsection applies to an order to establish precinct
31	boundaries approved under this chapter before January 1, 2021. Not
32	later than January 1, 2022, the county executive shall do the following:
33	(1) Correct any precinct boundaries that contain incorrect
34	information as the result of the enactment of any of the following:
35	(A) The 2021 Indiana congressional district plan.
36	(B) The 2021 senate district plan.
37	(C) The 2021 house district plan.
38	(2) File with the election division any corrections as described in
39	subdivision (1) on a form prescribed by the election division or
40	through the module on the computerized list established under
41	IC 3-7-26.3 as described in section 12.1 of this chapter.

(i) This section does not prohibit the establishment of precincts in



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a county using a precinct establishment order as provided in this chapter.

(j) This section expires December 31, 2024. In addition to precinct boundaries, the name of a precinct as included in the federal decennial census data becomes the official name of the precinct.

SECTION 24. IC 3-11-4-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2010, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 14. (a) All absentee ballots other than those specified in section 12.5 of this chapter shall be:

- (1) prepared and printed under the direction of each county election board; and
- (2) printed on security paper that incorporates features which can be used to authenticate the ballot as an official ballot but which do not make the ballot identifiable to a particular elector.

After completing the estimate required by section 10 of this chapter and receiving all certifications from the election division required under IC 3-8 or IC 3-10, the county election board shall immediately proceed to prepare and have printed the ballots.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), ballots prepared by the county election board under this section must provide space for the voter to cast a write-in ballot.
- (c) Space for write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for federal offices.

SECTION 25. IC 3-11-4-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.100-2018, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 18. (a) If a voter satisfies any of the qualifications described in IC 3-11-10-24 that entitle a voter to cast an absentee ballot by mail, the county election board shall, at the request of the voter, mail the official ballot, postage fully prepaid, to the voter at the address stated in the application. Each ballot may be assigned a unique tracking number as prescribed by the election division using IMb Tracing or a similar automated tracking method to provide real-time tracking information for the envelope containing the ballot. As used in this subsection, "IMb Tracing" refers to a real-time mail tracking service offered through the United States Postal Service.

(b) If the county election board mails an absentee ballot to a voter required to file additional documentation with the county voter registration office before voting by absentee ballot under this chapter, the board shall include a notice to the voter in the envelope mailed to



the voter under section 20 of this chapter. The notice must inform the
voter that the voter must file the additional documentation required
under IC 3-7-33-4.5 with the county voter registration office not later
than noon on election day for the absentee ballot to be counted as an
absentee ballot, and that, if the documentation required under
IC 3-7-33-4.5 is filed after noon and before 6 p.m. on election day. the
ballot will be processed as a provisional ballot. The election division
shall prescribe the form of this notice under IC 3-5-4-8.

- (c) Except as provided in this subsection, section 18.5 of this chapter, or IC 3-11-10-26.5, the ballot shall be transmitted:
 - (1) on the day of the receipt of the voter's application; or
 - (2) not more than five (5) days after the date of delivery of the ballots under section 15 of this chapter;

whichever is later. If the election board determines that the county voter registration office has received an application from the applicant for registration at an address within the precinct indicated on the application, and the election board determines that this application is pending under IC 3-7-33, the ballot shall be mailed on the date the county voter registration office indicates under IC 3-7-33-5(g) that the applicant is a registered voter.

- (d) As required by 52 U.S.C. 21081, an election board shall establish a voter education program (specific to a paper ballot or optical scan ballot card provided as an absentee ballot under this chapter) to notify a voter of the effect of casting multiple votes for a single office.
- (e) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, when an absentee ballot is transmitted under this section, the mailing must include:
 - (1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for an office; and
 - (2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.

SECTION 26. IC 3-11-11-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 10. If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group of petitioners, the voter may make a voting mark on or in a large circle enclosing the device and before the name under which the candidates of the party or group of petitioners are printed. The voter's vote shall then be counted for all the candidates under that party name. or for the two (2) candidates comprising an independent ticket.

SECTION 27. IC 3-11-13-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.135-2020, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies to:
2	(1) a ballot card voting system; and
3	(2) a voting system that includes features of a ballot card voting
4	system and a direct record electronic voting system.
5	(b) Not later than seventy-four (74) days before election day, for
6	each county planning to use automatic tabulating machines at the next
7	election, VSTOP shall provide each county election board with a
8	randomly sorted list of unique identification numbers for the inventory
9	of machines in the county maintained under IC 3-11-16-4. Starting at
10	the top of the list, the county election board shall select machines in the
11	list in the order listed so that:
12	(1) if a machine to be selected in the list is not scheduled to be
13	used in the upcoming election, the selection process will move to
14	the next machine in the order listed;
15	(2) each selected machine is scheduled to be used in the
16	upcoming election; and
17	(3) the number of machines selected is not less than five percent
18	(5%) of the machines in the county scheduled by the county
19	election board to be used in the upcoming election.
20	(c) The county election board shall test the machines as described
21	in subsection (b) to ascertain that the machines will correctly count the
22	votes cast for straight party tickets, for all candidates (including
23	write-in candidates), and on all public questions. If an individual
24	attending the public test requests that additional automatic tabulating
25	machines be tested, then the county election board shall select and test
26	additional machines from the list in the manner described in subsection
27	(b).
28	(d) If VSTOP does not provide the lists under subsection (b) not
29	later than sixty (60) days before the election, the county election board
30	shall establish and implement a procedure for random selection of not
31	less than five percent (5%) of the machines in the county to be used in
32	the upcoming election. The county election board shall then test the
33	machines selected as described in subsection (c).
34	(e) Not later than seven (7) days after conducting the test under
35	subsection (c), the county election board shall certify to the election
36	division that the test has been conducted in conformity with subsection
37	(c). The testing under subsection (c) must begin before absentee voting
38	begins in the office of the circuit court clerk under IC 3-11-10-26.
39	(f) Public notice of the time and place shall be given at least
40	forty-eight (48) hours before the test. The notice shall be published

once in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4.

(g) If a county election board determines that:



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1	(1) a ballot:
2	(A) must be reprinted or corrected as provided by
3	IC 3-11-2-16 because of the omission of a candidate, political
4	party, or public question from the ballot; or
5	(B) is an absentee ballot that a voter is entitled to recast under
6	IC 3-11.5-4-2 because the absentee ballot includes a candidate
7	for election to office who:
8	(i) ceased to be a candidate; and
9	(ii) has been succeeded by a candidate selected under
10	IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; and
l 1	(2) ballots used in the test conducted under this section were not
12	reprinted or corrected to remove the omission of a candidate,
13	political party, or public question, or indicate the name of the
14	successor candidate;
15	the county election board shall conduct an additional public test
16	described in subsection (c) using the reprinted or corrected ballots.
17	Notice of the time and place of the additional test shall be given in
18	accordance with IC 5-14-1.5, but publication of the notice in
19	accordance with IC 5-3-1-4 is not required.
20	(h) Notwithstanding IC 3-5-4-1.7, a county election board may
21	send a signed form from a public test to the election division by
22 23 24	electronic mail.
23	SECTION 28. IC 3-11-13-31.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016,
	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 31.7. (a) This section is enacted to comply with
26	52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory
27	standards to define what constitutes a vote on an optical scan voting
28	system.
29	(b) After receiving ballot cards, a voter shall, without leaving the
30	room, go alone into one (1) of the booths or compartments that is
31	unoccupied and indicate:
32	(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by marking
33	the connectable arrows, circles, ovals, or squares immediately
34	beside:
35	(A) the candidates' names; or
36	(B) the numbers referring to the candidates; and
37	(2) the voter's preference on each public question by marking the
38	connectable arrow, oval, or square beside:
39	(A) the word "yes" or "no" under the question; or
10	(B) the number referring to the word "yes" or "no" on the
11	ballot.

(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter



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desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party, or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the voter may mark:

(1) the circle enclosing the device; or

(2) the connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square described in section 11 of this chapter; that designates the candidates of that political party. or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6). Except as provided by IC 3-11-7-4(b), the voter's vote shall then be counted for all the

- ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6). Except as provided by IC 3-11-7-4(b), the voter's vote shall then be counted for all the candidates of that political party. or included in the independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6). However, if the voter marks the circle, arrow, oval, or square of an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the vote shall not be counted for any other independent candidate on the ballot.
- (d) This subsection applies to a voter casting a ballot on a voting system that includes features of both an optical scan ballot card voting system and a direct record electronic voting system. After entering into a booth used with the voting system, the voter shall indicate the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote and the voter's preference on each public question by:
 - (1) inserting a paper ballot or an optical scan ballot into the voting system; or
 - (2) using headphones to listen to a recorded list of political parties, candidates, and public questions.
- (e) A voter using a voting system described in subsection (d) may indicate the voter's selections by:
 - (1) touching a device on or in the squares immediately adjacent to the name of a political party, candidate, or response to a public question; or
 - (2) indicating the voter's choices by using a sip puff device that enables the voter to indicate a choice by inhaling or exhaling.
- SECTION 29. IC 3-11-14.5-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: **Sec. 11. Notwithstanding IC 3-5-4-1.7**, a county election board may send by electronic mail a signed form from a public test to the election division.
- SECTION 30. IC 3-11-15-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.71-2019, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to an application for a de minimis change.
- **(b)** Each application for certification of a voting system shall be accompanied by a fee of five thousand dollars (\$5,000). All fees collected under this section shall be deposited with the treasurer of



state in the voting system technical oversight program account established by IC 3-11-17-6.

SECTION 31. IC 3-11-18.1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021, SECTION 69, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. (a) Notwithstanding section 1 of this chapter, this section applies to an electronic poll book to be used in:

- (1) a precinct polling place, office of the circuit court clerk, or a satellite office in accordance with IC 3-7-29-6; or
- (2) a vote center under this chapter.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other law, the electronic poll book used must satisfy all of the following:
 - (1) The electronic poll book must comply with IC 3-11-8-10.3.
 - (2) The electronic poll book must be approved by the secretary of state in accordance with this section.
 - (3) Except with prior written authorization by the VSTOP, the electronic poll book must have been delivered to the county election board not less than sixty (60) days before an election at which the electronic poll book is used.
- (c) This subsection does not apply to an application for a de minimis change. A person who wishes to market, sell, lease, or provide an electronic poll book for use in an election in Indiana must first file an application for certification with the election division on a form prescribed by the secretary of state. Except as provided in subsection (i), a person may not market, sell, lease, or provide an electronic poll book for use in an election in Indiana until the secretary of state has approved the application for certification under this section. The application must state that the vendor has complied, and will continue to comply, with subsection (d) following certification of the electronic poll book. Each application for certification of an electronic poll book must be accompanied by a fee of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500). All fees collected under this section shall be deposited with the treasurer of state in the voting system technical oversight program account established by IC 3-11-17-6.
- (d) The person seeking certification of an electronic poll book shall conduct a background check at least once each year on each individual employed or contracted by the vendor who has access to the electronic poll book to determine if the individual has been convicted of a felony. An individual described by this subsection who has been convicted of a felony may not have access to an electronic poll book in the individual's capacity as an employee or contractor of the vendor.
- (e) The secretary of state shall refer the application to the person or entity conducting the VSTOP.



1	(f) The VSTOP shall examine the electronic poll book with its
2	accompanying documentation and file a report with the secretary of
3	state indicating all of the following:
4	(1) Whether the electronic poll book would operate in compliance
5	with this title.
6	(2) Whether VSTOP has reviewed tests conducted by an approved
7	voting system testing laboratory.
8	(3) Whether VSTOP has conducted a field test.
9	(4) Whether the electronic poll book complies with additional
10	requirements for the electronic poll book application for
11	certification and acceptance testing, as described in the Indiana
12	Electronic Poll Book Certification Test Protocol approved by the
13	secretary of state (as in effect January 1, 2021). 2023).
14	(5) Any recommendations regarding the acquisition or use of the
15	electronic poll book.
16	(6) Whether documentation of the escrow of the electronic poll
17	book's software, firmware, source codes, and executable images
18	with an escrow agent approved by the election division has been
19	received by VSTOP.
20	(7) Whether VSTOP recommends that the secretary of state
21	approve the electronic poll book under this section, including any
22	recommended restrictions that should be placed on the secretary
23	of state's approval.
24	(g) After the report required by subsection (f) is filed, the secretary
25	of state may approve the application for certification permitting the
26	electronic poll book to be used in an election in Indiana.
27	(h) A certification under this section expires on December 31 of the
28	year following the date of its issuance, unless earlier revoked by the
29	secretary of state upon a written finding of good cause for the
30	revocation, including a violation of IC 3-11-17-7(b).
31	(i) A person may display or demonstrate an electronic poll book that
32	has not been certified under this section if the person complies with all
33	the following requirements:
34	(1) The display or demonstration occurs at a conference of
35	election officials sponsored by:
36	(A) a state agency; or
37	(B) an association of circuit court clerks or voter registration
38	officers.
39	(2) The person files a notice with the election division at least
40	seven (7) days before the scheduled starting date of a conference
41	referred to in subdivision (1) setting forth the following:
42	(A) The name of the person and each representative scheduled



1	to display or demonstrate the electronic poll book.
2	(B) The address and telephone number of the person.
3	(C) The model name of the electronic poll book.
4	(D) The name and manufacturer of the electronic poll book.
5	(E) The date and location of the display or demonstration of
6	the electronic poll book.
7	(3) The person displays the electronic poll book with a notice that
8	(A) is at least 16 point type size;
9	(B) is posted on the surface of the electronic poll book; and
10	(C) states that the electronic poll book is "Not Approved for
11	Use in Indiana".
12	(4) The person ensures that each communication concerning the
13	electronic poll book that is available or made at a conference
14	referred to in subdivision (1) includes a statement that the
15	electronic poll book is "Not Approved for Use in Indiana". A
16	printed communication must include the statement in a type size
17	that is at least as large as the largest type size used in the
18	communication.
19	SECTION 32. IC 3-11.5-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021
20	SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5. (a) Upon receipt of the absentee ballot and no
22	later than election day, the county election board, or the absentee board
23	members in the office of the circuit court clerk, shall compare the
24	signature of the voter on the absentee ballot application, or, if there is
25	no application, with the signature on the electronic poll book, with the
26	signature on:
27	(1) the voter's absentee ballot envelope or ballot secrecy waive
28	form; or
29	(2) the computerized list, if there is no envelope or ballot secrecy
30	waiver form.
31	(b) If a county election board unanimously finds that the signature
32	on a ballot envelope or transmitted affidavit is genuine, the board shal
33	enclose immediately the accepted and unopened ballot envelope
34	together with the voter's application for the absentee ballot, in a large
35	or carrier envelope. If the county election board does not unanimously
36	determine that the signature on a ballot envelope is genuine, the board
37	shall also write on the ballot envelope described in subsection (c) or the
38	transmitted affidavit from a voter under IC 3-11-4-6, the words
39	"SIGNATURE DISPUTED". The board shall enclose in the same
40	carrier envelope all absentee ballot envelopes and applications for the
41	same precinct.

(c) The envelope shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the



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1	name and official title of the circuit court clerk and the following
2	words: "This envelope contains an absentee ballot and must be opened
3	only on election day under IC 3-11.5.".
4	SECTION 33. IC 3-11.5-4-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.108-2021,
5	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 6. (a) Each circuit court clerk shall keep all
7	accepted ballot envelopes securely sealed in the clerk's office until the
8	ballot envelopes are opened by absentee ballot counters in accordance
9	with this chapter.
10	(b) A county election board may scan a voted absentee ballot card
11	using an optical scan ballot scanner not earlier than seven (7) calendar
12	days before election day if the optical scan ballot system permits the
13	retraction of a previously scanned absentee ballot card under this
14	subsection. However, the county election board
15	(1) may not tabulate the ballots before election day and
16	(2) shall retract if the optical scan ballot card system is unable
17	to tabulate without first retracting a previously scanned
18	absentee ballot card of a voter who is later found disqualified or
19	whose ballot may not be counted for any other reason under this
20	title.
21	SECTION 34. IC 3-11.5-4-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021,
22	SECTION 58, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) Upon receipt of the absentee ballot and not
24	later than election day, the county election board shall examine the
25	signature on the absentee ballot.
26	(b) This subsection applies to a county that has not adopted an order
27	to use an electronic poll book under IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1) or is a vote
28	center county under IC 3-11-18.1. Except as provided in subsection (c),
29	(d), or (e), at any time after the couriers return the certificate under
30	section 9 of this chapter, absentee ballot counters appointed under
31	section 22 of this chapter, in the presence of the county election board,
32	shall, except for a ballot rejected under section 13 of this chapter:
33	(1) open the outer or carrier envelope containing an absentee
34	ballot envelope and application;
35	(2) announce the absentee voter's name; and
36	(3) compare the signature upon the ballot application or, if there
37	is no application, with the signature on the electronic poll book
38	with the signature upon the:
39	(A) voter's absentee ballot envelope; or
40	(B) if there is no envelope, computerized list.

(c) This subsection applies to a county (other than a county

described in subsection (d) or (e)) that:



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(1)	has	adopted	an	order	to	use	an	electronic	poll	book	under
IC:	3-7-2	29-6(a)(1); (or							

- (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1; and has not updated the computerized list to reflect absentee ballots received on election day. Immediately after the electronic poll books used at each polling place or vote center have been updated to indicate that the county received, not later than noon on election day, an absentee ballot from a voter, the absentee ballot counters shall, in a central counting location designated by the county election board, count the absentee ballot votes east for each candidate for each office and on each public question in the precinct. After the receipt and processing required under sections 12 and 12.5 of this chapter to process an absentee ballot from a voter and after ensuring that the electronic poll books used in each polling place or vote center have been updated to reflect all absentee ballots received by the county not later than 12:01 a.m. on election day, the absentee ballot counters shall, at any time after 6:00 a.m. on election day, in a central counting location designated by the county election board, count the absentee ballot votes cast for each candidate, for each office, and on each public question.
- (d) This subsection applies to a county having a consolidated city, if the county:
 - (1) has adopted an order to use an electronic poll book under IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or
 - (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1.
- After the receipt and processing required under sections 12 and 12.5 of this chapter to process an absentee ballot from a voter and after ensuring that the electronic poll books used in each polling place or vote center have been updated to reflect all absentee ballots received by the county not later than 12:01 a.m. on election day, the absentee ballot counters shall, at any time after 6:00 a.m. on election day, in a central counting location designated by the county election board, count the absentee ballot votes cast for each candidate, for each office, and on each public question.
- (e) This subsection applies to a county other than a county having a consolidated city, if the county election board has adopted a resolution by the unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board to use procedures set forth in this subsection, and the county:
 - (1) has adopted an order to use an electronic poll book under IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or
 - (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1.

After the receipt and processing required under section 12 of this



chapter to process an absentee ballot from a voter and after ensuring that the electronic poll books used in each polling place or vote center have been updated to reflect all absentee ballots received by the county not later than 12:01 a.m. on election day, the absentee ballot counters shall, at any time after 6:00 a.m. on election day, in a central counting location designated by the county election board, count the absentee ballot votes cast for each candidate, for each office, and on each public question.

(f) A resolution adopted under subsection (e) may be repealed or amended only by the unanimous vote of the entire membership of the county election board.

SECTION 35. IC 3-11.5-4-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.210-2018, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. (a) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this chapter, in a county described by subsection (e) or (f), the signature review process described in this section may be conducted at any time after receipt of an absentee ballot by the county election board.

- (b) If the absentee ballot counters find under section 11 of this chapter that:
 - (1) the affidavit is properly executed;
 - (2) the signatures correspond;
 - (3) the absentee voter is a qualified voter of the precinct;
 - (4) the absentee voter is registered and is not required to file additional information with the county voter registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5; and
 - (5) in case of a primary election, if the absentee voter has not previously voted, the absentee voter has executed the proper declaration relative to age and qualifications and the political party with which the absentee voter intends to affiliate;

the absentee ballot counters shall open the envelope containing the absentee ballots so as not to deface or destroy the affidavit and take out each ballot enclosed without unfolding or permitting a ballot to be unfolded or examined.

- (c) If the absentee ballot counters find under subsection (b) that the voter has not filed the additional information required to be filed with the county voter registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5, but that all of the other findings listed under subsection (b) apply, the absentee ballot shall be processed as a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.
- (d) The absentee ballot counters shall then deposit the ballots in a secure envelope with the name of the precinct set forth on the outside of the envelope. After the absentee ballot counters or the county



election board has made the findings described in subsection (b) or
section 13 of this chapter for all absentee ballots of the precinct, the
absentee ballot counters shall remove all the ballots deposited in the
envelope under this section for counting under IC 3-11.5-5 or
IC 3-11.5-6.
(e) This subsection applies to a county having a consolidated city.

- (e) This subsection applies to a county having a consolidated city. For an absentee ballot cast in person by a voter under IC 3-11-10-25, IC 3-11-10-26, or IC 3-11-10-26.3, the absentee ballot counters may, but are not required to, make the findings required under subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3). of this section.
 - (f) This subsection applies to a county:
 - (1) that does not have a consolidated city; and
 - (2) when the county election board has adopted a resolution by the unanimous vote of its entire membership to use the procedures set forth in this subsection.

For an absentee ballot cast in person by a voter under IC 3-11-10-25, IC 3-11-10-26, or IC 3-11-10-26.3, the absentee ballot counters may, but are not required to, make the findings required under subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3). of this section.

- (g) A resolution adopted under subsection (f) may be repealed or amended only by the unanimous vote of the entire membership of the county election board.
- (h) The county election board shall notify the absentee ballot counters of the receipt of the absentee ballots to the absentee ballot counters for consideration.

SECTION 36. IC 3-11.5-4-13.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.109-2021, SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 13.6. (a) This section applies to an absentee ballot where there is a finding that the voter's signature on the absentee ballot security envelope affidavit is missing and therefore does not correspond to the signature on the voter's absentee ballot application or electronic poll book.

- (b) Section 13.5(c), 13.5(d), and 13.5(f) of this chapter apply to this section.
- (c) The county election board or board of elections and registration shall not reject an absentee ballot with a missing security envelope signature if either of the following conditions is satisfied and the county election board or board of elections and registration determines that the unsigned absentee ballot affidavit is truthful and otherwise in compliance with this section:
 - (1) The voter delivers:
 - (A) in person;



1	(B) by mail;
2	(C) by facsimile; or
3	(D) by electronic mail;
4	an affidavit of unsigned ballot that is signed by the voter, and the
5	county election board or board of elections and registration
6	receives the affidavit not later than noon eight (8) days after
7	election day.
8	(2) Before the close of the polls on election day, the votes
9	completes and files an affidavit of unsigned ballot with the
10	inspector or other chief election official of the precinct or vote
11	center within the county. The inspector or vote center officia
12	shall forward the affidavit of unsigned ballot to the county
13	election board or board of elections and registration with the other
14	materials from the precinct.
15	(d) Upon receipt of the affidavit of unsigned ballot, the county
16	election board or county board of elections and registration shall oper
17	the provisional ballot envelope to access the voter's absentee ballo
18	security envelope to:
19	(1) compare the signature on the affidavit of unsigned ballot with
20	the most recent signature on the voter's registration record in the
21	statewide voter registration system, or the signature on the
22	absentee ballot application; or
23	(2) if the ballot is for a military or overseas voter who transmitted
24	the ballot by facsimile or electronic mail, compare the affidavi
25	found under IC 3-11-4-6(h) and, if applicable, the signature found
26	in the voter's registration record or the signature on the absented
27	ballot application.
28	(e) If:
29	(1) upon conducting the comparison of the signatures, the board
30	determines that the signatures match and there are no other
31	challenges that have been made to the ballot, the board shall oper
32	the absentee ballot security envelope and add the votes cast on the
33	ballot to the tally for the voter's precinct; or
34	(2) an absentee ballot signature mismatch has occurred, the
35	county election board or board of elections and registration
36	shall send a notice produced from the computerized system
37	established by IC 3-7-26.3 to the voter of the determination of
38	the absentee voter board, absentee ballot counters, county
39	election board, or board of elections and registration that ar
40	absentee ballot signature mismatch has occurred. The county
41	election board shall:



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(A) mail the notice by first class United States mail to the

1	registration address of the voter;
2	(B) send the notice by electronic mail to the voter if an
3	electronic mail address for the voter is available; and
4	(C) call the voter by telephone to provide notice of the
5	signature mismatch determination, if a telephone number
6	for the voter is available;
7	not later than the close of business two (2) business days after
8	the signature mismatch determination by the county occurs.
9	(f) If, upon conducting the comparison of the signatures, the board
10	determines that the signatures are mismatched, the voter's absentee
11	ballot security envelope shall not be opened and the ballot may not be
12	counted. The board shall write "this ballot has been rejected because
13	of a mismatched signature" on the face of the security envelope. The
14	provisional ballot envelope must be resealed and the status of the
15	rejected ballot must be set forth under the "County Election Board
16	Findings" on the affidavit.
17	(g) The affidavit of unsigned ballot shall be prescribed by the
18	election division under IC 3-5-4-8, shall be produced from the
19	computerized list established under IC 3-7-26.3, must be in
20	substantially the following form, and may be included on the same
21	page as the notice and instructions:
22	AFFIDAVIT OF UNSIGNED BALLOT
23	I, [voter's name], am a registered voter of [voter's county of
24	residence] County, State of Indiana. I declare under the penalties
25	of perjury that I requested and returned an absentee ballot. I am
26	a resident of the precinct in which I have voted (or I am entitled
27	to vote in this precinct under Indiana law), and I am the person
28	whose name appears on the absentee ballot envelope. I understand
29	that if I commit or attempt any fraud in connection with voting, or
30	if I aid or abet fraud or attempt to aid or abet fraud in connection
31	with voting, I may be convicted of a felony punishable by
32	imprisonment, a fine, or both. I understand that my failure to sign
33	this statement means that my absentee ballot will not be counted.
34	·
35	Voter's Signature
36	Č
37	Voter's Printed Name
38	
39	Voter's Registration Address
40	The computerized list shall preprint the name of the voter in the
41	appropriate parts of the affidavit.
	rr r

(h) The following instructions, prescribed by the election division



1	under IC 3-5-4-8 and produced from the computerized list established
2	under IC 3-7-26.3, shall accompany the affidavit of unsigned ballot in
3	substantially the following form:
4	NOTICE FROM COUNTY ELECTION BOARD
5	REGARDING AN AFFIDAVIT OF UNSIGNED BALLOT FOR
6	ABSENTEE BALLOT
7	Read these instructions carefully before completing the statement.
8	Failure to follow these instructions may cause your ballot to not
9	be counted.
10	(1) We have determined that your signature is missing on your
1	absentee ballot security envelope. To ensure that your absentee
12	ballot will be counted, you must complete and return an
13	affidavit of unsigned ballot.
14	(2) Your affidavit of unsigned ballot must be received by the
15	county election board or board of elections and registration not
16	later than noon, local prevailing time, eight (8) days after the
17	election, with the statement specifying the day on which the
18	eighth day after the election will fall.
19	(3) You must sign your name where specified on the affidavit
20	of unsigned ballot.
21	(4) Place the affidavit of unsigned ballot into a mailing
22	envelope addressed to your county election official. Mail, hand
23	deliver, or have your completed affidavit delivered to the
23 24	board. Be sure to include sufficient postage if mailed, and
25	include the address of the county election board provided
26	below.
27	(5) If you do not wish to send your affidavit of unsigned ballot
28	by mail or have it hand delivered, you may submit your
29	completed affidavit by electronic mail or facsimile
30	transmission to the county election board using the following
31	information provided by your county [insert county electronic
32	mail address and facsimile number].
33	(6) Include your name on the affidavit.
34	(i) A ballot may not be removed from the security envelope until the
35	time for processing the ballot.
36	(j) Except where clearly inapplicable under IC 3-11.7, an unsigned
37	absentee ballot security envelope is to be treated as a provisional ballot
38	and is subject to the same confidentiality restrictions under
39	IC 3-11.7-6-3. The affidavit of unsigned ballot and the signature
10	verification statement executed by the voter are confidential under

SECTION 37. IC 3-12-1-18, AS ADDED BY P.L.66-2010,



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IC 3-11.7-6-3.

1	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 18. (a) This section applies to a federal write-in
3	absentee ballot cast in a primary election as provided in
4	IC 3-11-4-12.5(b)(1) by an absent uniformed services voter or overseas
5	voter.
6	(b) If a voter does any of the following, the voter's vote is void:
7	(1) The voter votes for more than one (1) candidate, and the
8	candidates are not on the official primary ballot of the same
9	political party.
10	(2) The voter votes for a candidate who is not on the official
11	primary ballot of any political party.
12	(3) The voter votes for a candidate who is on the official primary
13	ballot of a political party, but the voter does not indicate the office
14	for which the candidate seeks to be nominated.
15	(c) If the voter votes for a political party, but the voter does not vote
16	for any individual candidates who are on that political party's officia
17	primary ballot, the voter's vote is void.
18	(d) If there is a discrepancy between political party primary
19	ballot choice between the federal write-in absentee ballot described
20	in subsection (a) and the federal post card application, the federa
21	post card application supersedes the federal write-in absented
22	ballot.
23	SECTION 38. IC 3-12-3-2.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.193-2021
24	SECTION 86, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2.2. (a) This section does not apply to ar
26	electronic poll book or voting system subject to an impoundment order
27	issued by a court or a recount commission until the impoundment order
28	is rescinded.
29	(b) This subsection applies to an electronic poll book. The inspector
30	and judge of the opposite political party shall immediately deliver al
31	electronic poll books from a precinct polling location or vote center to
32	the county election board with the other election material under section
33	2(b) of this chapter. The county election board shall secure the
34	electronic poll books in accordance with the requirements of
35	IC 3-11-15-46.
36	(c) This subsection applies to a voting system. At any time after the
37	polls close on election day:
38	(1) the county election board;
39	(2) teams consisting of at least two (2) individuals that:
10	(A) are designated by the county election board:



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(B) are affiliated with a political party entitled to nominate an

individual to serve as an appointed member of the county

1	election board; and
2	(C) have at least two (2) individuals on the team who are not
3	members of the same political party; or
4	(3) a commercial delivery entity operating under a contract with
5	the county election board;
6	shall return all voting systems from the polls for the precinct or from
7	the vote centers to a storage facility to be secured under IC 3-11-15-46.
8	(d) The county election board may not:
9	(1) designate any individual to serve on a team if the individual
10	is:
11	(A) imprisoned;
12	(B) subject to lawful detention;
13	(C) on probation;
14	(D) on parole;
15	(E) subject to home detention; or
16	(F) placed in a community corrections program; or
17	(2) permit a commercial delivery entity to allow any individual
18	who is:
19	(A) imprisoned;
20	(B) subject to lawful detention;
21	(C) on probation;
21 22 23 24	(D) on parole;
23	(E) subject to home detention; or
24	(F) placed in a community corrections program;
25	to have access to or return a voting system.
26	(e) If a county election board uses the teams or a commercial
27	delivery entity described in subsection (c), the board shall require that:
28	(1) two (2) members of each team who are not members of the
29	same political party; or
30	(2) the commercial delivery entity;
31	execute a certificate setting forth the information set forth in subsection
32	(f).
33	(f) The certificate required in subsection (e) must be signed by the
34	two (2) members of each team described in subsection (c) or by an
35	individual authorized to act on behalf of the commercial delivery entity
36	described in subsection (c). The certificate must include the following:
37	(1) That the voting systems remained in the custody and control
38	of each individual during the period beginning when the voting
39	systems were received from the county election board at the polls
40	and ending when the voting systems were returned to the location
41	designated for securing voting systems under IC 3-11-15-46.
42	(2) That no individual other than a team member or an individual



1	acting on benalf of the commercial delivery entity had access to
2	any voting system.
3	(3) That an individual documented receipt of the voting system at
4	the location when the system was returned.
5	(4) The:
6	(A) written name and signature of the individual; and
7	(B) date that the voting system was delivered to the custody of
8	that individual.
9	(g) Immediately upon any return of a voting system, the completed
10	certificate must be filed with the county election board.
11	SECTION 39. IC 3-12-3.5-4.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.193-2021,
12	SECTION 91, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4.5. (a) This section does not apply to an
14	electronic poll book or voting system subject to an impoundment order
15	issued by a court or a recount commission until the impoundment order
16	is rescinded.
17	(b) This subsection applies to an electronic poll book. The inspector
18	and judge of the opposite political party shall immediately deliver all
19	electronic poll books from a precinct polling location or vote center to
20	the county election board with the other election material described in
21	IC 3-12-3-2(b). The county election board shall secure the electronic
22	poll books in accordance with the requirements of IC 3-11-15-46.
23	(c) This subsection applies to a voting system. At any time after the
21 22 23 24	polls close on election day:
25	(1) the county election board;
26	(2) teams consisting of at least two (2) individuals that:
27	(A) are designated by the county election board;
28	(B) are affiliated with a political party entitled to nominate an
29	individual to serve as an appointed member of the county
30	election board; and
31	(C) have at least two (2) individuals on the team who are not
32	members of the same political party; or
33	(3) a commercial delivery entity operating under a contract with
34	the county election board;
35	shall return all voting systems from the polls for the precinct or from
36	the vote centers to a storage facility to be secured under IC 3-11-15-46.
37	(d) The county election board may not:
38	(1) designate any individual to serve on a team if the individual
39	is:
40	(A) imprisoned;
41	(B) subject to lawful detention;
42 .	(C) on probation:



1	(D) on parole;
2	(E) subject to home detention; or
3	(F) placed in a community corrections program; or
4	(2) permit a commercial delivery entity to allow any individual
5	who is:
6	(A) imprisoned;
7	(B) subject to lawful detention;
8	(C) on probation;
9	(D) on parole;
10	(E) subject to home detention; or
11	(F) placed in a community corrections program;
12	to have access to or return a voting system.
13	(e) If a county election board uses the teams or a commercial
14	delivery entity described in subsection (c), the board shall require that:
15	(1) two (2) members of each team who are not members of the
16	same political party; or
17	(2) the commercial delivery entity;
18	execute a certificate setting forth the information set forth in subsection
19	(f).
20	(f) The certificate required in subsection (e) must be signed by the
21	two (2) members of each team described in subsection (c) or by an
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	individual authorized to act on behalf of the commercial delivery entity
23	described in subsection (c). The certificate must include the following:
24	(1) That the voting systems remained in the custody and control
25	of each individual during the period beginning when the voting
26	systems were received from the county election board at the polls
	and ending when the voting systems were returned to the location
28	designated for securing voting systems under IC 3-11-15-46.
29	(2) That no individual other than a team member or an individual
30	acting on behalf of the commercial delivery entity had access to
31	any voting system.
32	(3) That an individual documented receipt of the voting system at
33	the location when the system was returned.
34	(4) The:
35	(A) written name and signature of the individual; and
36	(B) date that the voting system was delivered to the custody of
37	that individual.
38	(g) Immediately upon any return of a voting system, the completed
39	certificate must be filed with the county election board.
40	SECTION 40. IC 3-12-13-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.115-2022,
41	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 7. (a) The secretary of state shall issue orders to



1	implement and administer the requirements of this chapter.
2	(b) In issuing an order under subsection (a), the secretary of state
3	shall:
4	(1) consult with recognized statistical experts, equipment vendors,
5	the election division, and county election officials; and
6	(2) consider best practices for conducting post-election audits.
7	(c) A post-election audit shall be completed not later than:
8	(1) the final Friday in June following a primary election; or
9	(2) December 20 following a general election.
0	SECTION 41. IC 3-13-10-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
1	SECTION 160, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) A vacancy in the office of
3	township trustee:
4	(1) not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or
5	(2) covered by section 1 of this chapter, but not filled by a major
6	political party by the applicable deadline set forth in
7	IC 3-13-11-3;
8	shall be filled by the board of commissioners of the county at a regular
9	or special meeting.
0.0	(b) The county auditor shall give notice of the meeting.
1	(c) The meeting shall be held not later than thirty (30) days after:
22 23 24	(1) the vacancy occurs, if the vacancy is not covered by section 1
23	of this chapter; or
24	(2) the applicable deadline for a major political party to fill the
25	vacancy as set forth in IC 3-13-11-3.
26	(d) The notice must:
27	(1) be in writing;
28	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
9	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
0	(4) be sent by first class mail to each commissioner at least ten
1	(10) days before the meeting.
2	(e) If the vacancy:
3	(1) is not covered by section 1 of this chapter; and
4	(2) exists because of the death of the township trustee;
5	the meeting required by subsection (c) shall be held not later than thirty
6	(30) days after the county auditor circuit court clerk receives notice
7	of the death under IC 5-8-6. The county auditor may not give the notice
8	required by subsection (b) until the county auditor circuit court clerk
9	receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.
0	(f) If the vacancy:
1	(1) is covered by section 1 of this chapter;
-2	(2) exists because of the death of the township trustee; and



1	(3) exists for more than thirty (30) days;
2	the meeting required under subsection (c) shall be held not later than
3	sixty (60) days after the county auditor circuit court clerk receives
4	notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The county auditor may not give the
5	notice required by subsection (b) until the county auditor circuit court
6	clerk receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.
7	SECTION 42. IC 3-13-10-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
8	SECTION 161, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) A vacancy on the township
10	board of a township:
11	(1) not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or
12	(2) covered by section 1 of this chapter, but not filled by a major
13	political party by the applicable deadline set forth in
14	IC 3-13-11-3;
15	shall be filled by the board of commissioners of the county at a regular
16	or special meeting.
17	(b) The county auditor shall give notice of the meeting.
18	(c) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), the meeting shall
19	be held not later than thirty (30) days after:
20	(1) the vacancy occurs, if the vacancy is not covered by section 1
21	of this chapter; or
22	(2) the applicable deadline for a major political party to fill the
23 24 25	vacancy as set forth in IC 3-13-11-3.
24	(d) The notice must:
25	(1) be in writing;
26	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
27	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
28	(4) be sent by first class mail to each commissioner at least ten
29	(10) days before the meeting.
30	(e) If a vacancy:
31	(1) is not covered by section 1 of this chapter; and
32	(2) exists because of the death of a township board member;
33	the meeting required by subsection (c) shall be held not later than thirty
34	(30) days after the county auditor circuit court clerk receives notice
35	of the death under IC 5-8-6. The county auditor may not give the notice
36	required under subsection (b) until the county auditor circuit court
37	clerk receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.
38	(f) If a vacancy:
39	(1) is covered by section 1 of this chapter;
10	(2) exists because of the death of a township board member; and
1 1	(3) exists for more than thirty (30) days;
12	the meeting required by subsection (c) shall be held not later than sixty



(60) days after the county auditor circuit court clerk receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The county auditor may not give the notice required by subsection (b) until the county auditor circuit court clerk receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.

SECTION 43. IC 3-13-11-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. (a) This section does not apply to the office of a judge or a member of a fiscal or legislative body.

(b) Subject to sections 13 through 17 of this chapter, the chief deputy employee of the office that is vacant assumes the duties of that office for the period of time between when a vacancy occurs and when the office is filled under this chapter in a circuit, county, city, town, or township office.

SECTION 44. IC 3-14-5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.157-2019, SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) Each precinct election board shall, at the close of the polls, place any affidavit prescribed by IC 3-6-6-12 for use on election day to determine the eligibility of a precinct election officer and any affidavit prescribed by IC 3-10-1-9 to challenge the party affiliation of a person wishing to cast a ballot in a primary election in a strong paper bag or envelope and securely seal it. Each member shall endorse that member's name on the back of the bag or envelope.

- (b) Each precinct election board shall, at the close of the polls, place any affidavit other than an affidavit described in subsection (a) that is challenging the eligibility of a person who has offered to vote at a primary election in a strong paper bag or envelope and securely seal it. Each member shall endorse that member's name on the back of the bag or envelope.
- (c) The inspector and judge of the opposite political party shall deliver the sealed bags or envelopes to the county election board. The county election board shall do the following:
 - (1) Remove the affidavits from the bag or envelope.
 - (2) Mail a copy of each affidavit to the secretary of state.
 - (3) Replace the affidavits within the bag or envelope.
 - (4) Reseal the bag or envelope with the endorsement of the name of each county election board member on the back of the bag or envelope.
 - (5) Carefully preserve the resealed bag or envelope and deliver it, with the county election board's seal unbroken, to the foreman of the grand jury when next in session.
- (d) The grand jury shall inquire into the truth or falsity of the affidavits, and the court having jurisdiction over the grand jury shall



1	specially charge the jury as to its duties under this section.
2	(e) The grand jury shall file a report of the result of its inquiry with
3	(1) the court; and
4	(2) the NVRA official if a violation of NVRA appears to have
5	occurred.
6	(f) The prosecuting attorney shall preserve the affidavits and
7	envelopes in accordance with IC 3-10-1-31.1, and shall return the
8	affidavits and envelopes to the circuit court clerk after the prosecuting
9	attorney has completed any proceeding resulting from the investigation
10	of the affidavits and envelopes.
11	SECTION 45. IC 5-4-1-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section
13	"political subdivision" has the meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-13.
14	(b) The copy of the oath under section 2 of this chapter shall be
15	deposited by the person as follows:
16	(1) Of all officers whose oath is endorsed on or attached to the
17	commission and whose duties are not limited to a particula
18	county or of a justice, judge, or prosecuting attorney, in the office
19	of the secretary of state.
20	(2) Of the circuit court clerk, officers of a political subdivision o
21	school corporation, and constables of a small claims court, in the
22	circuit court clerk's office of the county containing the greates
23	percentage of the population of the political subdivision or schoo
24	corporation.
25	(3) Of a deputy prosecuting attorney or magistrate, in the office
26	of the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the deputy
27	prosecuting attorney or magistrate resides or serves.
28	SECTION 46. IC 5-8-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019
29	SECTION 165, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) A person who knows of the
31	death of an officeholder may certify the death to the following:
32	(1) The governor, in the case of the death of any of the following
33	(A) An individual who holds a state office (as defined in
34	IC 3-5-2-48).
35	(B) An individual who is a judge of a circuit, superior, smal
36	claims, probate, or city court.
37	(2) The secretary of state, in the case of the death of an individua
38	who holds a legislative office (as defined in IC-3-5-2-28).
39	(3) The prosecuting attorney and circuit court clerk of the county
40	in which the officeholder resided, in the case of the death of an
41	officeholder of a county, city, town, township, or schoo
42	corporation not covered under subdivision (1).



- 48 1 (b) A person who certifies the death of an officeholder shall: 2 (1) state the information that causes the person to believe the 3 officeholder has died; and 4 (2) certify, under the penalties for perjury, that to the best of the 5 person's knowledge and belief, the information stated is true. 6 SECTION 47. IC 20-46-1-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 7 SECTION 175, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 8 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 14. (a) The referendum shall be 9 held in the next primary election, general election, or municipal 10 election in which all the registered voters who are residents of the appellant school corporation are entitled to vote after certification of 11 the question under IC 3-10-9-3. The certification of the question must 12 13 occur not later than noon: 14 (1) seventy-four (74) days before a primary election if the 15 question is to be placed on the primary or municipal primary 16 election ballot; or (2) August 1 if the question is to be placed on the general or 17 18 municipal election ballot. 19 (b) However, if a primary election, general election, or municipal 20 election will not be held during the first year in which the public question is eligible to be placed on the ballot under this chapter and if 21 22 the appellant school corporation requests the public question to be 23 placed on the ballot at a special election, the public question shall be
 - certification must occur not later than noon:
 (1) sixty (60) seventy-four (74) days before a special election to be held in May (if the special election is to be held in May); or

placed on the ballot at a special election to be held on the first Tuesday

after the first Monday in May or November of the year. The

- (2) on August 1 (if the special election is to be held in November).
- (c) If the referendum is not conducted at a primary election, general election, or municipal election, the appellant school corporation in which the referendum is to be held shall pay all the costs of holding the referendum.

SECTION 48. IC 20-46-9-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021, SECTION 77, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 14. (a) The referendum shall be held in the next primary election, general election, or municipal election in which all the registered voters who are residents of the school corporation are entitled to vote after certification of the question under IC 3-10-9-3. The certification of the question must occur not later than noon:

(1) seventy-four (74) days before a primary election if the



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1	question is to be placed on the primary or municipal primary
2	election ballot; or
3	(2) August 1 if the question is to be placed on the general or
4	municipal election ballot.
5	(b) However, if a primary election, general election, or municipal
6	election will not be held during the first year in which the public
7	question is eligible to be placed on the ballot under this chapter and if
8	the school corporation requests the public question to be placed on the
9	ballot at a special election, the public question shall be placed on the
10	ballot at a special election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first
11	Monday in May or November of the year. The certification must occur
12	not later than noon:
13	(1) sixty (60) seventy-four (74) days before a special election to
14	be held in May (if the special election is to be held in May); or
15	(2) August 1 (if the special election is to be held in November).
16	(c) If the referendum is not conducted at a primary election, general
17	election, or municipal election, the school corporation in which the
18	referendum is to be held shall pay all the costs of holding the

SECTION 49. IC 29-1-8-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. A personal representative of a decedent who was a treasurer or candidate for office may disband the committee associated with the decedent's office or campaign.

SECTION 50. IC 36-2-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.105-2022, SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) This subsection does not apply to the following counties:

- (1) A county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) and less than seven hundred thousand (700,000).
- (2) A county having a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) and less than three hundred thousand (300,000).

The county executive shall, by ordinance, divide the county into four (4) contiguous, single-member districts that comply with subsection (d). If necessary, the county auditor shall call a special meeting of the executive to establish or revise districts. One (1) member of the fiscal body shall be elected by the voters of each of the four (4) districts. Three (3) at-large members of the fiscal body shall be elected by the voters of the whole county.

(b) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more



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referendum.

- than four hundred thousand (400,000) and less than seven hundred thousand (700,000). The county redistricting commission established under IC 36-2-2-4 shall divide the county into seven (7) single-member districts that comply with subsection (d). One (1) member of the fiscal body shall be elected by the voters of each of these seven (7) single-member districts.
- (c) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) and less than three hundred thousand (300,000). The fiscal body shall divide the county into nine (9) single-member districts that comply with subsection (d). Three (3) of these districts must be contained within each of the three (3) districts established under IC 36-2-2-4(c). One (1) member of the fiscal body shall be elected by the voters of each of these nine (9) single-member districts.
- (d) Single-member districts established under subsection (a), (b), or (c) must:
 - (1) be compact **and be composed of contiguous territory,** subject only to natural boundary lines (such as railroads, major highways, rivers, creeks, parks, and major industrial complexes);
 - (2) not cross precinct boundary lines;
 - (3) contain, as nearly as possible, equal population; and
 - (4) include whole townships, except when a division is clearly necessary to accomplish redistricting under this section.
- (e) Except as provided by subsection (f), a division under subsection (a), (b), or (c) shall be made only at times permitted under IC 3-5-10.
- (f) If the county executive, county redistricting commission, or county fiscal body determines that a division under subsection (e) is not required, the county executive, county redistricting commission, or county fiscal body shall adopt an ordinance recertifying that the districts as drawn comply with this section.
- (g) Each time there is a division under subsection (e) or a recertification under subsection (f), the county executive, county redistricting commission, or county fiscal body shall file with the circuit court clerk of the county, not later than thirty (30) days after the division or recertification occurs, a map of the district boundaries:
 - (1) adopted under subsection (e); or
 - (2) recertified under subsection (f).
- (h) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the ordinance, but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance. The ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the ordinance violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other provisions



1	or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect without the
2	invalid provision or application. The provisions of the ordinance are
3	severable.
4	(i) IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section.
5	SECTION 51. IC 36-6-6-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
6	SECTION 192, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2.3. (a) This section does not apply
8	to a township board in a county containing a consolidated city.
9	(b) During the year preceding a general election for the members of
10	the township board conducted under section 2 of this chapter, a
11	township board may adopt a resolution under this section to provide for
12	the staggering of the terms of its members.
13	(c) The resolution described in subsection (b) must provide all the
14	following:
15	(1) That, notwithstanding section 2 of this chapter, the terms of
16	the board members elected at the next general election must be as
17	follows:
18	(A) The candidate who receives the greatest number of votes
19	among all the candidates at the election shall serve a four (4)
20	year term, beginning on January 1 after the next general
21	election.
21 22	(B) The candidate who receives the second greatest number of
23 24	votes among all the candidates at the election shall serve a two
24	(2) year term, beginning on January 1 after the next general
25	election.
26	(C) The candidate who receives the third greatest number of
27	votes among all the candidates at the election shall serve a two
28	(2) year term, beginning on January 1 after the next general
29	election.
30	(2) That the term of office of each board member elected after the
31	first election after adoption of the resolution is four (4) years,
32	beginning January 1 after each board member's general election.
33	(d) If a township board adopts a resolution under this section,
34	election of the board members must occur at the elections as provided
35	in the resolution.
36	(e) If fewer candidates are elected than the number of board
37	members to be elected, the incumbent board member or members that
38	hold office under Article 15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State
39	of Indiana shall be determined under IC 3-13-10-6.5 by the county
40	executive. The county executive shall determine the length of the term
41	of each incumbent board member if more than one (1) incumbent board
42	member continues to hold office under Article 15, Section 3 of the



1	Constitution of the State of Indiana. The county executive shall
2	consider any applicable language in the resolution adopted by the
3	township in making this determination.
4	(f) If a tie occurs among the candidates for an office elected under
5	subsection (c), the tie is resolved under IC 3-12-9-4. The authority
6	resolving the tie determines the length of the term in accordance with
7	subsection (c) for a person selected to fill an office under this
8	subsection.
9	(g) A township board may repeal a resolution adopted under
10	subsection (b) subject to the following:
11	(1) The resolution may not be repealed earlier than twelve (12)
12	years after the resolution was adopted.
13	(2) The resolution may be repealed only in a year in which an
14	election for members of the township board is not held.
15	(3) The resolution must provide for the election of all members of
16	the township board at the next general election. Notwithstanding
17	subsection (c)(2) and section 2 of this chapter, the term of all the
18	members of the township board ends January 1 after the next
19	general election.
20	(4) The term of office of the members elected at the next general
21	election is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after that general
22	election.
23	(h) A resolution described in subsection (b) or a resolution repealing
24	a resolution previously adopted under subsection (b):
25	(1) must be filed with the circuit court clerk before January 1 of
26	a year in which an election of board members is scheduled to be
27	held; and
28	(2) takes effect when the ordinance resolution is filed with the
29	circuit court clerk.

