HOUSE BILL No. 1325

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1.

Synopsis: Property tax relief. Permits counties, cities, and towns (including Marion County) to establish a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program (program) to provide an assessed value deduction for longtime owner-occupants of homesteads having an assessed value of not more than \$200,000 in certain designated areas. Authorizes the redevelopment commission (or the metropolitan development commission in the case of Marion County) to identify the areas for purposes of the program based on specified conditions. Requires the county auditor to notify each owner of property that qualifies for a deduction under a program and provide the owner with an application for the deduction. Requires an owner of property that qualifies for a deduction to apply to the county auditor to receive the deduction. Provides a penalty for wrongly receiving the deduction that is the same as the penalty for wrongly receiving the homestead standard deduction.

Effective: July 1, 2022.

Pryor

 $\label{eq:lambda} \mbox{January 11, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.}$



Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1325

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-12-17.8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2019.
SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 17.8. (a) An individual who receives a deduction
provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4 (before its expiration)
or 37 of this chapter or IC 6-1.1-48.2 in a particular year and who
remains eligible for the deduction in the following year is not required
to file a statement to apply for the deduction in the following year.
However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter.
the county auditor may, in the county auditor's discretion, terminate the
deduction for assessment dates after January 15, 2012, if the individual
does not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired
January 1, 2015), as determined by the county auditor, before January
1, 2013. Before the county auditor terminates the deduction because
the taxpayer claiming the deduction did not comply with the
requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before
January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall mail notice of the proposed
termination of the deduction to:



- (1) the last known address of each person liable for any property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or special assessment records; or
- (2) the last known address of the most recent owner shown in the transfer book.
- (b) An individual who receives a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4 (before its expiration) of this chapter in a particular year and who becomes ineligible for the deduction in the following year shall notify the auditor of the county in which the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home for which the individual claims the deduction is located of the individual's ineligibility in the year in which the individual becomes ineligible. An individual who becomes ineligible for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter shall notify the county auditor of the county in which the property is located in conformity with section 37 of this chapter.
- (c) The auditor of each county shall, in a particular year, apply a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4 (before its expiration), or 37 of this chapter **or IC 6-1.1-48.2** to each individual who received the deduction in the preceding year unless the auditor determines that the individual is no longer eligible for the deduction.
- (d) An individual who receives a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4 (before its expiration), or 37 of this chapter **or IC 6-1.1-48.2** for property that is jointly held with another owner in a particular year and remains eligible for the deduction in the following year is not required to file a statement to reapply for the deduction following the removal of the joint owner if:
 - (1) the individual is the sole owner of the property following the death of the individual's spouse; or
 - (2) the individual is the sole owner of the property following the death of a joint owner who was not the individual's spouse.

If a county auditor terminates a deduction under section 9 of this chapter, a deduction under section 37 of this chapter, or a credit under IC 6-1.1-20.6-8.5 after June 30, 2017, and before May 1, 2019, because the taxpayer claiming the deduction or credit did not comply with a requirement added to this subsection by P.L.255-2017 to reapply for the deduction or credit, the county auditor shall reinstate the deduction or credit if the taxpayer provides proof that the taxpayer is eligible for the deduction or credit and is not claiming the deduction or credit for any other property.

(e) A trust entitled to a deduction under section 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4 (before its expiration), or 37 of this chapter for real property owned by the trust and occupied by an individual in accordance with



- section 17.9 of this chapter is not required to file a statement to apply for the deduction, if:
 - (1) the individual who occupies the real property receives a deduction provided under section 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4 (before its expiration), or 37 of this chapter in a particular year; and
 - (2) the trust remains eligible for the deduction in the following year.

However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter, the individuals that qualify the trust for a deduction must comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013.

- (f) A cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) that is entitled to a deduction under section 37 of this chapter in the immediately preceding calendar year for a homestead (as defined in section 37 of this chapter) is not required to file a statement to apply for the deduction for the current calendar year if the cooperative housing corporation remains eligible for the deduction for the current calendar year. However, the county auditor may, in the county auditor's discretion, terminate the deduction for assessment dates after January 15, 2012, if the individual does not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015), as determined by the county auditor, before January 1, 2013. Before the county auditor terminates a deduction because the taxpayer claiming the deduction did not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall mail notice of the proposed termination of the deduction to:
 - (1) the last known address of each person liable for any property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or special assessment records; or
 - (2) the last known address of the most recent owner shown in the transfer book.
 - (g) An individual who:
 - (1) was eligible for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2007, or January 15, 2008, assessment date; or
 - (2) would have been eligible for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2008, or January 15, 2009, assessment date if IC 6-1.1-20.9 had not been repealed;

is not required to file a statement to apply for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter if the individual remains eligible for the deduction in the current year. An individual who filed for a homestead credit under



- IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for an assessment date after March 1, 2007 (if the property is real property), or after January 1, 2008 (if the property is personal property), shall be treated as an individual who has filed for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter. However, the county auditor may, in the county auditor's discretion, terminate the deduction for assessment dates after January 15, 2012, if the individual does not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015), as determined by the county auditor, before January 1, 2013. Before the county auditor terminates the deduction because the taxpayer claiming the deduction did not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall mail notice of the proposed termination of the deduction to the last known address of each person liable for any property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or special assessment records, or to the last known address of the most recent owner shown in the transfer book.
- (h) If a county auditor terminates a deduction because the taxpayer claiming the deduction did not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall reinstate the deduction if the taxpayer provides proof that the taxpayer is eligible for the deduction and is not claiming the deduction for any other property.
- (i) A taxpayer described in section 37(k) of this chapter is not required to file a statement to apply for the deduction provided by section 37 of this chapter for a calendar year beginning after December 31, 2008, if the property owned by the taxpayer remains eligible for the deduction for that calendar year. However, the county auditor may terminate the deduction for assessment dates after January 15, 2012, if the individual residing on the property owned by the taxpayer does not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015), as determined by the county auditor, before January 1, 2013. Before the county auditor terminates a deduction because the individual residing on the property did not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall mail notice of the proposed termination of the deduction to:
 - (1) the last known address of each person liable for any property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or special assessment records; or
 - (2) the last known address of the most recent owner shown in the transfer book.
 - SECTION 2, IC 6-1,1-48,2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE



1	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2022]:
3	Chapter 48.2. Neighborhood Enhancement Property Tax Relief
4	Program
5	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "designated area" refers to a
6	geographic territory identified as a designated area by a
7	redevelopment commission under section 7 of this chapter and
8	established as a designated area in a neighborhood enhancement
9	property tax relief program adopted under section 8 of this
10	chapter.
11	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "enhancement base value" means
12	the net assessed value for a qualified homestead on the assessment
13	date immediately preceding the assessment date to which the
14	deduction under this chapter is first being applied to that qualified
15	homestead.
16	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "homestead" refers to a
17	homestead that has been granted a standard deduction under
18	IC 6-1.1-12-37. However, the term does not include a residence that
19	an individual is entitled to occupy as a tenant-stockholder (as
20	defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) of a cooperative housing corporation (as
21	defined in 26 U.S.C. 216).
22	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "longtime owner-occupant"
23	means any individual who has, or joint property owners who all
24	have, owned and occupied the same homestead as a principa
25	residence and domicile for at least the immediately preceding ten
26	(10) annual assessment dates before the assessment date to which
27	the neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program firs
28	applies.
29	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "qualified homestead" means a
30	homestead that:
31	(1) is located in a designated area;
32	(2) is owned by a longtime owner-occupant; and
33	(3) has a gross assessed value of not more than two hundred
34	thousand dollars (\$200,000) on the assessment date of the year
35	before the year the neighborhood enhancement property tax
36	relief program first applies.
37	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "redevelopment commission"
38	refers to:
39	(1) a redevelopment commission established under
40	IC 36-7-14-3 by a county, city, or town; or

(2) the metropolitan development commission acting as the

redevelopment commission of a consolidated city under



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1	IC 36-7-15.1.
2	Sec. 7. (a) A redevelopment commission may identify an area in
3	a county, city, or town within the jurisdiction of the redevelopment
4	commission as a designated area for purposes of this chapter in
5	consultation with the county auditor, the county treasurer, and the
6	county assessor.
7	(b) Except as provided in section 9 of this chapter, a designated
8	area must meet the following conditions:
9	(1) The area must be a long established residential area with
10	deteriorated, vacant, or abandoned residences and properties
11	where homestead values are:
12	(A) currently rising; or
13	(B) expected to rise;
14	markedly as a consequence of the refurbishing or renovating
15	of deteriorating residences in the area or the construction of
16	new residences in the area.
17	(2) The area must include at least five (5) homesteads.
18	(3) All of the areas designated by the redevelopment
19	commission in the county, city, or town (whichever is
20	applicable) in the aggregate may not exceed ten percent
21	(10%) of the geographic territory of the county, city, or town.
22	(c) If a redevelopment commission determines that an area
23	meets the conditions in subsection (b), the redevelopment
24	commission may adopt written findings identifying the area as a
25	designated area for purposes of this chapter, or modifying the
26	boundaries of an existing designated area under this chapter,
27	subject to subsection (d). Any written findings adopted by a
28	redevelopment commission must include:
29	(1) the geographic boundaries of the designated area;
30	(2) identification of each qualified homestead in the
31	designated area on the date of the written findings; and
32	(3) a description of the factors supporting the required
33	conditions for designating the area.
34	A redevelopment commission must provide a certified copy of any
35	written findings adopted under this subsection to the applicable
36	adopting body under section 8 of this chapter not less than five (5)
37	days after the findings are adopted.
38	(d) A redevelopment commission may not:
39	(1) adopt findings to reduce or expand the boundaries of an
40	existing designated area in a manner that would exclude any
41	qualified homestead in the existing designated area from the
42	boundaries of the modified designated area; or



- (2) adopt findings to expand the boundaries of an existing designated area unless the designated area as expanded meets the conditions in subsection (b).
- Sec. 8. (a) The city-county council in a county having a consolidated city may, after receiving written findings identifying a designated area under section 7 of this chapter, adopt an ordinance or a resolution to establish a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program providing for a real property assessed value deduction to owners of qualified homesteads in the designated area. The designated area may only be within the territorial jurisdiction of the city. A designated area may be subsequently modified as set forth in subsection (c).
- (b) A board of county commissioners in a county not having a consolidated city, a county council, a city common council, or a town council may, after receiving written findings identifying a designated area under section 7 of this chapter, adopt an ordinance or a resolution to establish a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program providing for a real property assessed value deduction to owners of qualified homesteads in the designated area. A board of county commissioners or a county council may designate an area only within the unincorporated area of the county. For a city or town, the designated area may only be within the territorial jurisdiction of the city or town. A designated area may be subsequently modified as set forth in subsection (c).
- (c) If, after establishing a designated area under subsection (a) or (b), the adopting body receives written findings for a modification of the designated area under section 7 of this chapter, the adopting body may modify the existing designated area to either expand or reduce the geographic boundaries of the designated area using the same procedures and subject to the same restrictions that apply to the establishment of a designated area under this section.
- (d) Before adopting an ordinance or a resolution establishing or modifying a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program and a designated area under this section, the adopting body shall conduct a public hearing in compliance with IC 5-14-1.5 on the proposed ordinance or resolution.
- (e) The ordinance or resolution establishing or modifying a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program under this section must include a boundary description of each designated area in which a homestead is eligible to be a qualified homestead.
 - (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an



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adopting body may not rescind a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program establishing a designated area under this section as long as one (1) or more qualifying homesteads that
are receiving the deduction under this chapter remain in that designated area.
Sec. 9. An adopting body under section 8 of this chapter may adopt an ordinance or resolution authorizing a redevelopment
commission to apply additional requirements for an owner or homestead to qualify for purposes of designating an area under
section 7 of this chapter. The additional requirements must be the same for all designated areas. The ordinance or resolution may

- (1) A maximum geographic territory for all designated areas that is less than the maximum area otherwise specified in section 7 of this chapter.
- (2) A maximum net assessed value for a homestead to qualify under the program that is less than the maximum assessed value otherwise specified in section 5 of this chapter.
- (3) A minimum number of homesteads that must be located in an area that is greater than the minimum number of homesteads otherwise specified in section 7 of this chapter.
- (4) Allowing an individual to be considered a longtime owner-occupant who did not own the homestead for the ten (10) annual assessment dates immediately preceding the assessment date to which the program first applies but who owned the homestead for the ten (10) annual assessment dates immediately preceding the assessment date the deduction would first apply to that owner. A condition adopted under this subdivision may include a requirement for the individual to provide substantiating information in the application submitted to the county auditor for the deduction.
- (5) Any other provision not inconsistent with this chapter. However, a program may not include the income of the owner as a condition for having a qualified homestead.
- Sec. 10. (a) The deduction under this chapter is first applicable to the assessment date in the year the homestead becomes a qualified homestead under the program for property taxes first due and payable in the following year.
- (b) The amount of the deduction for a qualified homestead is determined as follows:

STEP ONE: Determine:

(A) the net assessed value for the qualified homestead for



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include the following:

1	the assessment date before applying the deduction for that
2	assessment date; minus
3	(B) that part of the assessed value that is:
4	(i) attributable to additions to the qualified homestead or
5	parcel; and
6	(ii) being included in the gross assessed value of the
7	qualified homestead since the assessment date that was
8	used to determine the enhancement base value.
9	STEP TWO: Determine:
10	(A) the enhancement base value for the qualified
11	homestead; multiplied by
12	(B) the sum of:
13	(i) one hundred three percent (103%); plus
14	(ii) three percent (3%) for each year after the first year
15	the deduction is applied.
16	STEP THREE: Determine the greater of zero (0) or:
17	(A) the STEP ONE amount; minus
18	(B) the STEP TWO amount.
19	Sec. 11. (a) If a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief
20	program is established under this chapter, the county assessor shall
21	provide to the county auditor a list by parcel number of the
22	qualified homesteads in each designated area, and the county
23 24 25	auditor shall send a letter by certified mail to the owner of each
24	qualified homestead that includes an application for a deduction
	under this chapter, notifies the owner of the deduction, and advises
26	the owner of the following:
27	(1) The owner's property is a qualified homestead that is
28	eligible for a deduction under the program.
29	(2) The owner may claim the deduction under the program by
30	completing and submitting the enclosed application to the
31	county auditor not later than a specified number of days from
32	the mailing date of the letter.
33	The redevelopment commission that identified the designated area
34	shall reimburse the county auditor for the cost of the certified
35	mailings of the letters under this subsection.
36	(b) An owner of a qualified homestead is required to apply to
37	receive the deduction provided by the program. If an owner of a
38	qualified homestead submits a completed application for a
39	deduction under the program to the county auditor, the county
40	auditor shall record and make the deduction for the person
41	qualifying for the deduction under this chapter for the next
42	following assessment date.



- (c) Each qualified homestead is eligible for only one (1) deduction under this chapter regardless of the number of owners of the homestead. If the ownership of a qualified homestead changes, the county auditor shall remove the designation as a qualified homestead and remove the deduction effective on the assessment date in that year. (d) The county auditor shall, in a particular year, apply the deduction provided under this chapter to the qualified homestead that received the deduction in the preceding year unless the county auditor determines that the homestead is no longer a qualified homestead. Sec. 12. (a) If an individual who is receiving the deduction provided by this chapter: (1) knows or should have known that the individual does not qualify for the deduction under this chapter; or (2) changes the use of the individual's property so that part or all of the property no longer qualifies for the deduction under this chapter; the individual must file a certified statement with the county auditor, notifying the county auditor of the applicable circumstance under subdivision (1) or (2), not more than sixty (60) days after the date a circumstance described in subdivision (1) or (2) first applies.
 - (b) An individual who fails to file the statement required by this section is liable for any additional taxes that would have been due on the property if the individual had filed the statement as required by this section, plus a civil penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the additional taxes due. The additional taxes owed plus the civil penalty become part of the property tax liability for purposes of this article.
 - (c) The civil penalty imposed under this section is in addition to any interest and penalties for a delinquent payment that might otherwise be due. One percent (1%) of the total civil penalty collected under this section shall be transferred by the county to the department of local government finance for use by the department in establishing and maintaining the homestead property data base under IC 6-1.1-12-37(i) and, to the extent there is money remaining, for any other purposes of the department.
 - Sec. 13. The department of local government finance may adopt rules or guidelines concerning the deduction under this chapter not later than July 1, 2023.

