

Reprinted January 27, 2015

HOUSE BILL No. 1318

DIGEST OF HB 1318 (Updated January 26, 2015 2:29 pm - DI 103)

Citations Affected: IC 8-1; IC 14-8; IC 14-18.

Synopsis: Communications services and providers. Eliminates the state requirement that a communications service provider allow a state requirement that a communications service provider anow a physical connection by other providers to its system. Establishes a uniform statewide procedure for applications for and issuance of permits for the construction and modification of structures and facilities for the provision of wireless communications service. Defines "utility" for purposes of IC 14-18-10 (the law concerning utility easements) to include a communications service provider. Provides that the director of the department of natural resources may not impose a the director of the department of natural resources may not impose a charge to issue a permit to erect or construct a utility line upon or across a public highway right-of-way that passes through state land.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

Koch, Frye R

January 13, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications. January 22, 2015, amended, reported — Do Pass. January 26, 2015, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Reprinted January 27, 2015

First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1318

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.27-2006,
2	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in section 1.1 of this
4	chapter, "public utility", as used in this chapter, means every
5	corporation, company, partnership, limited liability company,
6	individual, association of individuals, their lessees, trustees, or
7	receivers appointed by a court, that may own, operate, manage, or
8	control any plant or equipment within the state for the:
9	(1) conveyance of telegraph or telephone messages;
10	(2) production, transmission, delivery, or furnishing of heat, light,
11	water, or power; or
12	(3) collection, treatment, purification, and disposal in a sanitary
13	manner of liquid and solid waste, sewage, night soil, and
14	industrial waste.
15	The term does not include a municipality that may acquire, own, or





1 operate any of the foregoing facilities.

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(b) "Municipal council", as used in this chapter, means the legislative body of any town or city in Indiana wherein the property of the public utility or any part thereof is located.

(c) "Municipality", as used in this chapter, means any city or town of Indiana.

(d) "Rate", as used in this chapter, means every individual or joint rate, fare, toll, charge, rental, or other compensation of any utility or any two (2) or more such individual or joint rates, fares, tolls, charges, rentals, or other compensation of any utility or any schedule or tariff thereof, but nothing in this subsection shall give the commission any control, jurisdiction, or authority over the rate charged by a municipally owned utility except as in this chapter expressly provided.

(e) "Service" is used in this chapter in its broadest and most 14 15 inclusive sense and includes not only the use or accommodation afforded consumers or patrons but also any product or commodity 16 17 furnished by any public or other utility and the plant, equipment, 18 apparatus, appliances, property, and facility employed by any public or 19 other utility in performing any service or in furnishing any product or 20 commodity and devoted to the purposes in which such public or other utility is engaged and to the use and accommodation of the public. 21

22 (f) "Commission", as used in this chapter, means the commission 23 created by IC 8-1-1-2. 24

(g) "Utility", as used in this chapter, means every plant or equipment within the state used for:

(1) the conveyance of telegraph and telephone messages;

(2) the production, transmission, delivery, or furnishing of heat, light, water, or power, either directly or indirectly to the public; or

(3) collection, treatment, purification, and disposal in a sanitary manner of liquid and solid waste, sewage, night soil, and industrial waste.

The term does not include a municipality that may acquire, own, or operate facilities for the collection, treatment, purification, and disposal in a sanitary manner of liquid and solid waste, sewage, night soil, and industrial waste. A warehouse owned or operated by any person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation engaged in the business of operating a warehouse business for the storage of used household goods is not a public utility within the meaning of this chapter.

40 (h) "Municipally owned utility", as used in this chapter, includes 41 every utility owned or operated by a municipality. 42

(i) "Indeterminate permit", as used in this chapter, means every



grant, directly or indirectly from the state, to any corporation, company, partnership, limited liability company, individual, association of individuals, their lessees, trustees, or receivers appointed by a court, of power, right, or privilege to own, operate, manage, or control any plant or equipment, or any part of a plant or equipment, within this state, for the:

(1) production, transmission, delivery, or furnishing of heat, light,
water, or power, either directly or indirectly to or for the public;
(2) collection, treatment, purification, and disposal in a sanitary
manner of liquid and solid waste, sewage, night soil, and
industrial waste; or

12 (3) furnishing of facilities for the transmission of intelligence byelectricity between points within this state;

which shall continue in force until such time as the municipality shall
exercise its right to purchase, condemn, or otherwise acquire the
property of such public utility, as provided in this chapter, or until it
shall be otherwise terminated according to law.

(j) "Communications service provider", as used in this chapter, has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-2.6-13.

SECTION 2. IC 8-1-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 20 21 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5. (a) Every public utility, and 22 every communications service provider, every municipality, and 23 every person, association, limited liability company, or corporation 24 having tracks, conduits, subways, poles, or other equipment on, over, 25 or under any street or highway shall for a reasonable compensation, permit the use of the same by any other public utility or 26 27 communications service provider or by a municipality owning or 28 operating a utility, whenever public convenience and necessity require 29 such use, and such use will not result in irreparable injury to the owner 30 or other users of such equipment, nor in any substantial detriment to 31 the service to be rendered by such owners or other users. Every public 32 utility for the conveyance of telephone messages shall permit a physical 33 connection or connections to be made, and telephone service to be 34 furnished, before any telephone system operated by it, and the 35 telephone toll line operated by another such public utility or between 36 its toll line and the telephone system of another such public utility, or between its toll line and the toll line of another such public utility, or 37 38 between its telephone system and the telephone system of another such 39 public utility, whenever public convenience and necessity require such 40 physical connection or connections and such physical connection or 41 connections will not result in irreparable injury to the owner or other 42 users of the facilities of such public utilities, nor in any substantial

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1 detriment to the service to be rendered by such public utilities. If any 2 prospective consumers or patrons of any public utility for the 3 production, transmission, delivery, or furnishing of light or power, 4 living in territory outside of cities and towns, and within not to exceed 5 one-half (1/2) mile of the transmission line of such utility, shall agree 6 to and shall construct and install the necessary equipment, in 7 compliance with plans and specifications prescribed by such utility, 8 such public utility shall permit the necessary physical connection or 9 connections to be made and service to be furnished to the person or 10 persons who have constructed and installed such equipment. The term 11 "physical connection", as used in this section, shall mean such number 12 of trunk lines or complete wire circuits and connections as may be 13 required to furnish reasonably adequate telephone service between 14 such public utilities.

15 (b) In case of failure to agree upon such use or the terms and 16 conditions or compensations for such use, or in case of failure to agree 17 upon such physical connection or connections, or the terms and 18 conditions upon which the same shall be made, any public utility or any 19 person, association, limited liability company, or corporation interested 20 may apply to the commission and if after investigation the commission 21 shall ascertain that public convenience and necessity require such use, 22 or such physical connections, and that such use or such physical 23 connection or connections would not result in irreparable injury to the 24 owner or other users of such equipment or the facilities of such public 25 utilities, nor in any substantial detriment to the service to be rendered 26 by such owner or other public utilities or other users of such equipment 27 or facilities, it shall by order direct that such use be permitted and 28 prescribe reasonable conditions and compensations for such joint use. 29 and that such physical connection or connections be made and determine how and within what time such connection or connections 30 31 shall be made, and by whom the expense of making and maintaining 32 such connection or connections shall be paid.

(c) Such use so ordered shall be permitted, and such physical connection or connections so ordered shall be made and such conditions and compensation so prescribed for such use and such terms and conditions upon which such physical connection or connections shall be made, as so determined, shall be lawful conditions and compensations for such use, and the lawful terms and conditions upon which such physical connections shall be made, to be observed, followed, and paid, subject to recourse to the courts upon the complaint of any interested party as provided in sections 73 and 74 of this chapter and IC 8-1-3, and such statute so far as applicable shall

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1 apply to any action arising on such complaint so made. Any such order 2 of the commission may be from time to time revised by the commission 3 upon application of any interested party or upon its own motion. 4 SECTION 3. IC 8-1-32.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 5 AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 6 JULY 1, 2015]: 7 **Chapter 32.3. Permits for Wireless Service Providers** Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "antenna" means any 8 9 communications equipment that transmits or receives electromagnetic radio signals used in the provision of wireless 10 11 communications service. 12 Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "base station" means a station 13 located at a specific site that is authorized to communicate with 14 mobile stations. The term includes all radio transceivers, antennas, 15 coaxial cables, power supplies, and other electronics associated 16 with a station. 17 Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "collocation" means the placement or installation of wireless facilities on existing 18 19 structures, including electrical transmission towers, water towers, 20 and other buildings or structures. The term includes the placement, 21 replacement, or modification of wireless facilities within an 22 approved equipment compound. 23 Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "electrical transmission tower" 24 means a structure that physically supports high voltage overhead 25 power lines. The term does not include a utility pole. 26 Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "equipment compound" means 27 the area that: 28 (1) surrounds or is near the base of a wireless support 29 structure; and 30 (2) encloses wireless facilities. 31 Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "existing structure" does not 32 include a utility pole. 33 Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "permit authority" means a unit, 34 a board, a commission, or any other governing body that makes 35 legislative or administrative decisions concerning the construction, 36 installation, modification, or siting of wireless facilities or wireless 37 support structures. The term does not include a court or other 38 judicial body that reviews decisions or rulings made by a permit 39 authority. 40 Sec. 8. (a) As used in this chapter, "small cell facility" means: 41 (1) a personal wireless service facility (as defined by the 42

Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 as in effect on July



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1	1, 2015); or
2 3	(2) a wireless service facility that satisfies the following
	requirements:
4	(A) Each antenna, including exposed elements, has a
5	volume of three (3) cubic feet or less.
6	(B) All antennas, including exposed elements, have a total
7	volume of six (6) cubic feet or less.
8	(C) The primary equipment enclosure located with the
9	facility has a volume of seventeen (17) cubic feet or less.
10	(b) For purposes of subsection (a)(2)(C), the volume of the
11	primary equipment enclosure does not include the following
12	equipment that is located outside the primary equipment
13	enclosure:
14	(1) Electric meters.
15	(2) Concealment equipment.
16	(3) Telecommunications demarcation boxes.
17	(4) Ground based enclosures.
18	(5) Back up power systems.
19	(6) Grounding equipment.
20	(7) Power transfer switches.
21	(8) Cut off switches.
22	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "small cell network" means a
23	collection of interrelated small cell facilities designed to deliver
24	wireless service.
25	Sec. 10. (a) As used in this chapter, "substantial modification of
26	a wireless support structure" means the mounting of a wireless
27	facility on a wireless support structure in a manner that:
28	(1) increases the height of the wireless support structure by
29	the greater of: (A) two property (100()) of the project place by the first of the private state of the private sta
30	(A) ten percent (10%) of the original height of the wireless
31 32	support structure; or (D) towarts (20) facts
32 33	(B) twenty (20) feet;
	(2) adds an appurtenance to the wireless support structure
34 35	that protrudes horizontally from the wireless support
33 36	structure more than the greater of:
30 37	(A) twenty (20) feet; or (B) the width of the windless support structure at the
37 38	(B) the width of the wireless support structure at the location of the appurtenance; or
58 39	(3) increases the square footage of the equipment compound
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40 41	in which the wireless facility is located by more than two thousand five hundred (2,500) square feet.
41	(b) The term does not include the following:
T 2	(b) The term does not include the following.



1	(1) Increasing the height of a wireless support structure to
2	avoid interfering with an existing antenna.
3	(2) Increasing the diameter or area of a wireless support
4	structure to:
5	(A) shelter an antenna from inclement weather; or
6	(B) connect an antenna to the wireless support structure by
7	cable.
8	Sec. 11. As used in this chapter, "utility pole" means a structure
9	that is:
10	(1) owned or operated by:
11	(A) a public utility;
12	(B) a communications service provider;
13	(C) a municipality;
14	(D) an electric membership corporation; or
15	(E) a rural electric cooperative; and
16	(2) designed and used to:
17	(A) carry lines, cables, or wires for telephony, cable
18	television, or electricity; or
19	(B) provide lighting.
20	Sec. 12. As used in this chapter, "wireless facility" means the set
21	of equipment and network components necessary to provide
22	wireless communications service. The term does not include a
23	wireless support structure.
24	Sec. 13. As used in this chapter, "wireless support structure"
25	means a freestanding structure designed to support wireless
26	facilities. The term does not include a utility pole.
27	Sec. 14. This chapter applies to permits issued by a permit
28	authority for the following:
29	(1) Construction of a new wireless support structure.
30	(2) Substantial modification of a wireless support structure.
31	(3) Collocation of wireless facilities on an existing structure.
32	Sec. 15. (a) A permit authority may not require an applicant to
33	pay a fee associated with the submission, review, processing, or
34	approval of an application for a permit unless the permit authority
35	requires payment of the same or a similar fee for applications for
36	permits for similar types of commercial development within the
37	jurisdiction of the permit authority.
38	(b) A fee associated with the submission, review, processing, or
39	approval of an application for a permit, including a fee imposed by
40	a third party that provides review, technical, or consulting
41	assistance to a permit authority, must be based on actual, direct,
42	and reasonable costs incurred for the review, processing, and

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1 approval of the application. 2 (c) A fee described in this section may not include: 3 (1) travel expenses incurred by a third party in its review of 4 an application; or 5 (2) direct payment or reimbursement of third party fees 6 charged on a contingency basis. 7 Sec. 16. (a) A permit authority may not discriminate among 8 communications service providers or public utilities with respect 9 to the following: 10 (1) Approving applications, issuing permits, or otherwise 11 establishing terms and conditions for construction of wireless 12 or wireline communications facilities. 13 (2) Authorizing or approving tax incentives for wireless or 14 wireline communications facilities. 15 (3) Providing access to rights-of-way, infrastructure, utility 16 poles, river and bridge crossings, and other physical assets 17 owned or controlled by the permit authority. 18 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a permit authority may not 19 impose a setback or fall zone requirement for a wireless support 20 structure that is designed to collapse within an area that is smaller 21 than the setback or fall zone requirement unless the permit 22 authority demonstrates to the satisfaction of the applicant that the 23 engineering certification for the wireless support structure is 24 flawed. 25 Sec. 17. This chapter does not: 26 (1) affect the ability of a permit authority to exercise zoning, 27 land use, planning, or permitting authority otherwise allowed 28 under law with respect to the siting of new wireless support 29 structures: or 30 (2) exempt an applicant from complying with applicable laws 31 and ordinances concerning land use. 32 Sec. 18. (a) The following may apply for a permit under this 33 chapter on a form and in the manner prescribed by the 34 appropriate permit authority: 35 (1) A person that provides wireless communications service. 36 (2) A person that owns or otherwise makes available 37 infrastructure required for wireless communications service. 38 (b) An application for a permit must include the following: 39 (1) The name, business address, and point of contact for the 40 applicant. 41 (2) The location of the proposed or affected wireless support 42 structure or wireless facility.



1 Sec. 19. (a) An application for a permit to construct a new 2 wireless support structure must include only the following: 3 (1) All information required by section 18 of this chapter. 4 (2) A construction plan that describes the proposed wireless 5 support structure and all equipment and network 6 components, including antennas, transmitters, receivers, base 7 stations, power supplies, cabling, and related equipment. 8 (3) Evidence supporting the choice of location for the 9 proposed wireless support structure, including a sworn 10 statement from the individual responsible for the choice of 11 location demonstrating that collocation of wireless facilities 12 on an existing wireless support structure was not a viable 13 option because collocation: 14 (A) would not result in the same wireless service 15 functionality, coverage, and capacity; 16 (B) is technically infeasible; or 17 (C) is an economic burden to the applicant. 18 (b) An application that contains the information required under 19 subsection (a) is considered complete. 20 (c) A permit authority shall review an application within ten 21 (10) days of its receipt to determine if the application is complete. 22 If a permit authority determines that an application is not 23 complete, the permit authority shall notify the applicant in writing 24 of all defects in the application. If a permit authority does not 25 notify an applicant in writing of all defects in the application, the 26 application is considered complete. 27 (d) An applicant that receives a written notice under subsection 28 (c) may cure the defects set forth in the notice and resubmit the 29 corrected application to the permit authority within thirty (30) 30 days of receiving the notice. If an applicant is unable to cure the 31 defects within the thirty (30) day period, the applicant shall notify 32 the permit authority of the additional time the applicant requires 33 to cure the defects. 34 (e) Not more than ninety (90) days after making an initial 35 determination of completeness under subsection (c), a permit 36 authority shall: 37 (1) review the application to determine if it complies with 38 applicable laws and ordinances governing land use and 39 zoning; and 40 (2) notify the applicant in writing whether the application is 41 approved or denied. 42 However, if the applicant requested additional time under



1 subsection (d) to cure defects in the application, the ninety (90) day 2 period is extended for a corresponding amount of time. 3 Sec. 20. (a) An application for a permit for substantial 4 modification of a wireless support structure must include only the 5 following: 6 (1) All information required by section 18 of this chapter. 7 (2) A construction plan that describes the proposed 8 modifications to the wireless support structure and all 9 equipment and network components, including antennas, 10 transmitters, receivers, base stations, power supplies, cabling, 11 and related equipment. 12 (b) An application that contains the information required under 13 subsection (a) is considered complete. 14 (c) A permit authority shall review an application within ten 15 (10) days of its receipt to determine if the application is complete. 16 If a permit authority determines that an application is not 17 complete, the permit authority shall notify the applicant in writing 18 of all defects in the application. If a permit authority does not 19 notify an applicant in writing of all defects in the application, the 20 application is considered complete. 21 (d) An applicant that receives a written notice under subsection 22 (c) may cure the defects set forth in the notice and resubmit the 23 corrected application to the permit authority within thirty (30) 24 days of receiving the notice. If an applicant is unable to cure the 25 defects within the thirty (30) day period, the applicant shall notify 26 the permit authority of the additional time the applicant requires 27 to cure the defects. 28 (e) Not more than ninety (90) days after making an initial 29 determination of completeness under subsection (c), a permit 30 authority shall: 31 (1) review the application to determine if it complies with 32 applicable laws and ordinances governing land use and 33 zoning; and 34 (2) notify the applicant in writing whether the application is 35 approved or denied. 36 However, if the applicant requested additional time under 37 subsection (d) to cure defects in the application, the ninety (90) day 38 period is extended for a corresponding amount of time. 39 Sec. 21. (a) An application for a permit for collocation must 40 include only the following: 41 (1) All information required by section 18 of this chapter. 42 (2) Evidence of conformance with applicable building permit

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(b) An application for a permit for collocation:

(1) is not required to comply with zoning or land use requirements; and

(2) is not subject to public hearing.

6 (c) A permit authority may allow an applicant to submit a single consolidated application to collocate multiple wireless service facilities that are located within the jurisdiction of the permit authority. The permit authority may issue a single permit for all 10 wireless service facilities included in the application rather than individual permits for each wireless service facility.

12 (d) A permit authority shall review an application within five (5) 13 days of its receipt to determine if the application is complete. If a 14 permit authority determines that an application is not complete, 15 the permit authority shall notify the applicant in writing of all 16 defects in the application. If a permit authority does not notify an 17 applicant in writing of all defects in the application, the application 18 is considered complete.

19 (e) An applicant that receives a written notice under subsection 20 (d) may cure the defects set forth in the notice and resubmit the 21 corrected application to the permit authority within fifteen (15) 22 days of receiving the notice. If an applicant is unable to cure the 23 defects within the fifteen (15) day period, the applicant shall notify 24 the permit authority of the additional time the applicant requires 25 to cure the defects.

(f) Not more than forty-five (45) days after making an initial determination of completeness under subsection (d), a permit authority shall:

(1) review the application to determine its conformity with applicable building permit requirements; and

(2) notify the applicant in writing whether the application is approved or denied.

However, if the applicant requested additional time under subsection (e) to cure defects in the application, the forty-five (45) day period is extended for a corresponding amount of time.

Sec. 22. (a) In a written notice issued under section 19, 20, or 21 of this chapter, a permit authority shall state clearly the basis for its decision to approve or deny an application. If the permit authority denies an application, the written notice must include substantial evidence in support of the denial.

(b) For purposes of this section, a notice is considered written if it is included in the minutes of a public meeting of a permit

1 authority. 2 (c) If a permit authority fails to act on an application within the 3 applicable deadline under section 19, 20, or 21 of this chapter, the application is considered approved. 4 5 Sec. 23. A permit authority shall establish guidelines to protect 6 any confidential or proprietary information disclosed in an 7 application. 8 Sec. 24. A permit authority may not require or regulate the 9 installation, location, or use of wireless service facilities on utility 10 poles. 11 Sec. 25. A permit authority may allow an applicant to submit a 12 single consolidated application for multiple small cell facilities that 13 are located within the permit authority's jurisdiction and comprise a single small cell network. The permit authority may issue a single 14 15 permit for the small cell network rather than multiple permits for 16 each small cell facility. 17 Sec. 26. An applicant may: (1) bring an action for a violation of this chapter in any court 18 19 with jurisdiction; and 20 (2) seek recovery of litigation costs and attorney's fees. 21 SECTION 4. IC 8-1-32.5-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.27-2006, 22 SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 23 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 14. A communications service provider that holds 24 a certificate issued under this chapter: 25 (1) is exempt from local franchises and related fees; and 26 (2) enjoys access to public rights-of-way; 27 to the same extent as a communications service provider that holds a 28 certificate of territorial authority or an indeterminate permit issued 29 under IC 8-1-2 before July 1, 2009. 30 SECTION 5. IC 14-8-2-294.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 31 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 294.5. "Utility", for purposes of 32 33 IC 14-18-10, includes a communications service provider (as 34 defined in IC 8-1-32.5-4). 35 SECTION 6. IC 14-18-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 36 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. The director may 37 issue to any person, without charge, a permit to erect or construct a 38 utility, telephone, or telegraph line as described in section 1 of this 39 chapter under the rules and restrictions that the director considers 40 necessary: 41 (1) for the protection and preservation of the natural scenic 42 conditions of the land; or



(2) to prevent the line from interfering with or obstructing the use 1 2 and enjoyment of the property by the public. 3 However, the director shall not impose a charge to issue a permit

- to erect or construct a utility, telephone, or telegraph line as described in section 1(5) of this chapter. 4
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COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications, to which was referred House Bill 1318, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, line 18, after "provider"" insert ", as used in this chapter,".

Page 3, delete lines 35 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5. (a) Every public utility, and every communications service provider, every municipality, and every person, association, limited liability company, or corporation having tracks, conduits, subways, poles, or other equipment on, over, or under any street or highway shall for a reasonable compensation, permit the use of the same by any other public utility or communications service provider or by a municipality owning or operating a utility, whenever public convenience and necessity require such use, and such use will not result in irreparable injury to the owner or other users of such equipment, nor in any substantial detriment to the service to be rendered by such owners or other users. Every public utility for the conveyance of telephone messages shall permit a physical connection or connections to be made, and telephone service to be furnished, before any telephone system operated by it, and the telephone toll line operated by another such public utility or between its toll line and the telephone system of another such public utility, or between its toll line and the toll line of another such public utility, or between its telephone system and the telephone system of another such public utility, whenever public convenience and necessity require such physical connection or connections and such physical connection or connections will not result in irreparable injury to the owner or other users of the facilities of such public utilities, nor in any substantial detriment to the service to be rendered by such public utilities. If any prospective consumers or patrons of any public utility for the production, transmission, delivery, or furnishing of light or power, living in territory outside of cities and towns, and within not to exceed one-half (1/2) mile of the transmission line of such utility, shall agree to and shall construct and install the necessary equipment, in compliance with plans and specifications prescribed by such utility, such public utility shall permit the necessary physical connection or connections to be made and service to be furnished to the person or



persons who have constructed and installed such equipment. The term "physical connection", as used in this section, shall mean such number of trunk lines or complete wire circuits and connections as may be required to furnish reasonably adequate telephone service between such public utilities.

(b) In case of failure to agree upon such use or the conditions or compensations for such use, or in case of failure to agree upon such physical connection or connections, or the terms and conditions upon which the same shall be made, any public utility or any person, association, limited liability company, or corporation interested may apply to the commission and if after investigation the commission shall ascertain that public convenience and necessity require such use or such physical connections, and that such use or such physical connection or connections would not result in irreparable injury to the owner or other users of such equipment or the facilities of such public utilities, nor in any substantial detriment to the service to be rendered by such owner or other public utilities or other users of such equipment or facilities, it shall by order direct that such use be permitted and prescribe reasonable conditions and compensations for such joint use and that such physical connection or connections be made and determine how and within what time such connection or connections shall be made, and by whom the expense of making and maintaining such connection or connections shall be paid.

(c) Such use so ordered shall be permitted, and such physical connection or connections so ordered shall be made and such conditions and compensation so prescribed for such use, and such terms and conditions upon which such physical connection or connections shall be made, as so determined, shall be lawful conditions and compensations for such use, and the lawful terms and conditions upon which such physical connection or connections shall be made, as be observed, followed, and paid, subject to recourse to the courts upon the complaint of any interested party as provided in sections 73 and 74 of this chapter and IC 8-1-3, and such statute so far as applicable shall apply to any action arising on such complaint so made. Any such order of the commission may be from time to time revised by the commission upon application of any interested party or upon its own motion.".

Delete page 4.

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 18.

Page 5, line 38, delete "and" and insert "or".

Page 6, delete lines 27 through 35, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 8. (a) As used in this chapter, "small cell facility" means:



(1) a personal wireless service facility (as defined by the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 as in effect on July 1, 2015); or

(2) a wireless service facility that satisfies the following requirements:

(A) Each antenna, including exposed elements, has a volume of three (3) cubic feet or less.

(B) All antennas, including exposed elements, have a total volume of six (6) cubic feet or less.

(C) The primary equipment enclosure located with the facility has a volume of seventeen (17) cubic feet or less.".

Page 6, line 36, delete "(a)(2)(B)," and insert "(a)(2)(C),".

Page 8, delete lines 16 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 15. (a) A permit authority may not require an applicant to pay a fee associated with the submission, review, processing, or approval of an application for a permit unless the permit authority requires payment of the same or a similar fee for applications for permits for similar types of commercial development within the jurisdiction of the permit authority.

(b) A fee associated with the submission, review, processing, or approval of an application for a permit, including a fee imposed by a third party that provides review, technical, or consulting assistance to a permit authority, must be based on actual, direct, and reasonable costs incurred for the review, processing, and approval of the application.

(c) A fee described in this section may not include:

(1) travel expenses incurred by a third party in its review of an application; or

(2) direct payment or reimbursement of third party fees charged on a contingency basis.

Sec. 16. (a) A permit authority may not discriminate among communications service providers or public utilities with respect to the following:

(1) Approving applications, issuing permits, or otherwise establishing terms and conditions for construction of wireless or wireline communications facilities.

(2) Authorizing or approving tax incentives for wireless or wireline communications facilities.

(3) Providing access to rights-of-way, infrastructure, utility poles, river and bridge crossings, and other physical assets owned or controlled by the permit authority.



(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a permit authority may not impose a setback or fall zone requirement for a wireless support structure that is designed to collapse within an area that is smaller than the setback or fall zone requirement unless the permit authority demonstrates to the satisfaction of the applicant that the engineering certification for the wireless support structure is flawed.

Sec. 17. A permit authority may not limit the height of a wireless structure to less than two hundred (200) feet.".

Delete page 9.

Page 10, delete lines 1 through 13.

Page 10, line 14, delete "20." and insert "18.".

Page 10, line 21, delete "21." and insert "19.".

Page 10, delete lines 32 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 20. (a) An application for a permit to construct a new wireless support structure must include only the following:

(1) All information required by section 19 of this chapter.

(2) A construction plan that describes the proposed wireless support structure and all equipment and network components, including antennas, transmitters, receivers, base stations, power supplies, cabling, and related equipment.

(3) Evidence supporting the choice of location for the proposed wireless support structure, including a sworn statement from the individual responsible for the choice of location demonstrating that collocation of wireless facilities on an existing wireless support structure was not a viable option because collocation:

(A) would not result in the same wireless service functionality, coverage, and capacity;

(B) is technically infeasible; or

(C) is an economic burden to the applicant.

(b) An application that contains the information required under subsection (a) is considered complete.

(c) A permit authority shall review an application within ten (10) days of its receipt to determine if the application is complete. If a permit authority determines that an application is not complete, the permit authority shall notify the applicant in writing of all defects in the application. If a permit authority does not notify an applicant in writing of all defects in the application, the application is considered complete.

(d) An applicant that receives a written notice under subsection



(c) may cure the defects set forth in the notice and resubmit the corrected application to the permit authority within thirty (30) days of receiving the notice. If an applicant is unable to cure the defects within the thirty (30) day period, the applicant shall notify the permit authority of the additional time the applicant requires to cure the defects.

(e) Not more than ninety (90) days after making an initial determination of completeness under subsection (c), a permit authority shall:

(1) review the application to determine if it complies with applicable laws and ordinances governing land use and zoning; and

(2) notify the applicant in writing whether the application is approved or denied.

However, if the applicant requested additional time under subsection (d) to cure defects in the application, the ninety (90) day period is extended for a corresponding amount of time.

Sec. 21. (a) An application for a permit for substantial modification of a wireless support structure must include only the following:

(1) All information required by section 19 of this chapter.

(2) A construction plan that describes the proposed modifications to the wireless support structure and all equipment and network components, including antennas, transmitters, receivers, base stations, power supplies, cabling, and related equipment.

(b) An application that contains the information required under subsection (a) is considered complete.

(c) A permit authority shall review an application within ten (10) days of its receipt to determine if the application is complete. If a permit authority determines that an application is not complete, the permit authority shall notify the applicant in writing of all defects in the application. If a permit authority does not notify an applicant in writing of all defects in the application, the application is considered complete.

(d) An applicant that receives a written notice under subsection (c) may cure the defects set forth in the notice and resubmit the corrected application to the permit authority within thirty (30) days of receiving the notice. If an applicant is unable to cure the defects within the thirty (30) day period, the applicant shall notify the permit authority of the additional time the applicant requires to cure the defects.



(e) Not more than ninety (90) days after making an initial determination of completeness under subsection (c), a permit authority shall:

(1) review the application to determine if it complies with applicable laws and ordinances governing land use and zoning; and

(2) notify the applicant in writing whether the application is approved or denied.

However, if the applicant requested additional time under subsection (d) to cure defects in the application, the ninety (90) day period is extended for a corresponding amount of time.

Sec. 22. (a) An application for a permit for collocation must include only the following:

(1) All information required by section 19 of this chapter.

(2) Evidence of conformance with applicable building permit requirements.

(b) An application for a permit for collocation:

(1) is not required to comply with zoning or land use requirements; and

(2) is not subject to public hearing.

(c) A permit authority may allow an applicant to submit a single consolidated application to collocate multiple wireless service facilities that are located within the jurisdiction of the permit authority. The permit authority may issue a single permit for all wireless service facilities included in the application rather than individual permits for each wireless service facility.

(d) A permit authority shall review an application within five (5) days of its receipt to determine if the application is complete. If a permit authority determines that an application is not complete, the permit authority shall notify the applicant in writing of all defects in the application. If a permit authority does not notify an applicant in writing of all defects in the application, the application is considered complete.

(e) An applicant that receives a written notice under subsection (d) may cure the defects set forth in the notice and resubmit the corrected application to the permit authority within fifteen (15) days of receiving the notice. If an applicant is unable to cure the defects within the fifteen (15) day period, the applicant shall notify the permit authority of the additional time the applicant requires to cure the defects.

(f) Not more than forty-five (45) days after making an initial determination of completeness under subsection (d), a permit



authority shall:

(1) review the application to determine its conformity with applicable building permit requirements; and

(2) notify the applicant in writing whether the application is approved or denied.

However, if the applicant requested additional time under subsection (e) to cure defects in the application, the forty-five (45) day period is extended for a corresponding amount of time.

Sec. 23. (a) In a written notice issued under section 20, 21, or 22 of this chapter, a permit authority shall state clearly the basis for its decision to approve or deny an application. If the permit authority denies an application, the written notice must include substantial evidence in support of the denial.

(b) For purposes of this section, a notice is considered written if it is included in the minutes of a public meeting of a permit authority.

(c) If a permit authority fails to act on an application within the applicable deadline under section 20, 21, or 22 of this chapter, the application is considered approved.".

Delete page 11.

Page 12, delete lines 1 through 3.

Page 12, line 4, delete "26." and insert "24.".

Page 12, line 7, delete "27." and insert "25.".

Page 12, line 10, delete "28." and insert "26.".

Page 12, delete lines 16 through 42.

Page 13, delete lines 1 through 7.

Page 13, line 8, delete "31." and insert "27.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1318 as introduced.)

KOCH

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 2.



HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1318 be amended to read as follows:

Page 3, delete lines 20 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 8-1-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5. (a) Every public utility, and every communications service provider, every municipality, and every person, association, limited liability company, or corporation having tracks, conduits, subways, poles, or other equipment on, over, or under any street or highway shall for a reasonable compensation, permit the use of the same by any other public utility or communications service provider or by a municipality owning or operating a utility, whenever public convenience and necessity require such use, and such use will not result in irreparable injury to the owner or other users of such equipment, nor in any substantial detriment to the service to be rendered by such owners or other users. Every public utility for the conveyance of telephone messages shall permit a physical connection or connections to be made, and telephone service to be furnished, before any telephone system operated by it, and the telephone toll line operated by another such public utility or between its toll line and the telephone system of another such public utility, or between its toll line and the toll line of another such public utility, or between its telephone system and the telephone system of another such public utility, whenever public convenience and necessity require such physical connection or connections and such physical connection or connections will not result in irreparable injury to the owner or other users of the facilities of such public utilities, nor in any substantial detriment to the service to be rendered by such public utilities. If any prospective consumers or patrons of any public utility for the production, transmission, delivery, or furnishing of light or power, living in territory outside of cities and towns, and within not to exceed one-half (1/2) mile of the transmission line of such utility, shall agree to and shall construct and install the necessary equipment, in compliance with plans and specifications prescribed by such utility, such public utility shall permit the necessary physical connection or connections to be made and service to be furnished to the person or persons who have constructed and installed such equipment. The term "physical connection", as used in this section, shall mean such number of trunk lines or complete wire circuits and connections as may be required to furnish reasonably adequate telephone service between



such public utilities.

(b) In case of failure to agree upon such use or the terms and conditions or compensations for such use, or in case of failure to agree upon such physical connection or connections, or the terms and conditions upon which the same shall be made, any public utility or any person, association, limited liability company, or corporation interested may apply to the commission and if after investigation the commission shall ascertain that public convenience and necessity require such use. or such physical connections, and that such use or such physical connection or connections would not result in irreparable injury to the owner or other users of such equipment or the facilities of such public utilities, nor in any substantial detriment to the service to be rendered by such owner or other public utilities or other users of such equipment or facilities, it shall by order direct that such use be permitted and prescribe reasonable conditions and compensations for such joint use. and that such physical connection or connections be made and determine how and within what time such connection or connections shall be made, and by whom the expense of making and maintaining such connection or connections shall be paid.

(c) Such use so ordered shall be permitted, and such physical connection or connections so ordered shall be made and such conditions and compensation so prescribed for such use and such terms and conditions upon which such physical connection or connections shall be made, as so determined, shall be lawful conditions upon which such physical connections shall be made, to be observed, followed, and paid, subject to recourse to the courts upon the complaint of any interested party as provided in sections 73 and 74 of this chapter and IC 8-1-3, and such statute so far as applicable shall apply to any action arising on such complaint so made. Any such order of the commission may be from time to time revised by the commission upon application of any interested party or upon its own motion.".

Delete page 4. Page 5, delete lines 1 through 32. Page 9, delete lines 12 through 13. Page 9, line 14, delete "18." and insert "17.". Page 9, line 21, delete "19." and insert "18.". Page 9, line 32, delete "20." and insert "18". Page 9, line 34, delete "19" and insert "18". Page 10, line 34, delete "21." and insert "20.".

Page 11, line 28, delete "22." and insert "21.".



Page 11, line 30, delete "19" and insert "18".
Page 12, line 25, delete "23." and insert "22.".
Page 12, line 25, delete "20, 21, or 22" and insert "19, 20, or 21".
Page 12, line 34, delete "20, 21, or 22" and insert "19, 20, or 21".
Page 12, line 36, delete "24." and insert "23.".
Page 12, line 39, delete "25." and insert "24.".
Page 12, line 42, delete "26." and insert "25.".
Page 13, line 6, delete "27." and insert "26.".
Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1318 as printed January 23, 2015.)

KOCH

