HOUSE BILL No. 1315

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 9-30; IC 35-46-9.

Synopsis: Impaired driving standards. Specifies, for purposes of operating while intoxicated, a minimum amount of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and the manner in which a chemical test for THC must be conducted. Requires the state department of toxicology to adopt rules relating to the administration of a chemical test for THC.

Effective: July 1, 2020.

VanNatter

January 14, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.



Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1315

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 9-30-5-0.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2020]: Sec. 0.3. For purposes of sections 1, 4, and 5 of this
4	chapter, the amount of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in a
5	person's whole blood may be established only by use of a chemical
6	test that specifically tests for the presence of delta-
7	9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in the person's blood. The
8	confirmatory test may be preceded by an initial screening chemical
9	test.
10	SECTION 2. IC 9-30-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.63-2018,
11	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) A person who operates a vehicle with an
13	alcohol concentration equivalent to at least eight-hundredths (0.08)
14	gram of alcohol but less than fifteen-hundredths (0.15) gram of alcohol
15	per:
16	(1) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
17	(2) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;



1	commits a Class C misdemeanor.
2	(b) A person who operates a vehicle with an alcohol concentration
3	equivalent to at least fifteen-hundredths (0.15) gram of alcohol per:
4	(1) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
5	(2) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
6	commits a Class A misdemeanor.
7	(c) A person who operates a vehicle with:
8	(1) a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of IC 35-48-2
9	other than delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), marijuana
10	hash oil, or hashish, or its metabolite in the person's body; or
11	(2) at least four (4) nanograms of delta-9
12	tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) per milliliter of the person's
13	whole blood;
14	commits a Class C misdemeanor.
15	(d) It is a defense to subsection (c) that the accused person
16	consumed the controlled substance in accordance with a valid
17	prescription or order of a practitioner (as defined in IC 35-48-1) who
18	acted in the course of the practitioner's professional practice.
19	SECTION 3. IC 9-30-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2019
20	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who causes serious bodily injury
22	to another person when operating a vehicle:
23	(1) with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at leas
24	eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol per:
25	(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
26	(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
27	(2) with:
28	(A) a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II or
29	IC 35-48-2, other than delta-9-tetrahydrocannabino
30	(THC), marijuana, hash oil, or hashish, or its metabolite in
31	the person's blood; or
32	(B) at least four (4) nanograms of delta-9-
33	tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) per milliliter of the person's
34	whole blood; or
35	(3) while intoxicated;
36	commits a Level 5 felony. However, the offense is a Level 4 felony i
37	the person has a previous conviction of operating while intoxicated
38	within the five (5) years preceding the commission of the offense.
39	(b) A person who violates subsection (a) commits a separate offense
40	for each person whose serious bodily injury is caused by the violation
41	of subsection (a).

(c) It is a defense under subsection (a)(2) that the accused person



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1	consumed the controlled substance in accordance with a valid
2	prescription or order of a practitioner (as defined in IC 35-48-1) who
3	acted in the course of the practitioner's professional practice.
4	SECTION 4. IC 9-30-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2019,
5	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) A person who causes the death or
7	catastrophic injury of another person when operating a vehicle:
8	(1) with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least
9	eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol per:
10	(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
11	(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
12	(2) with:
13	(A) a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of
14	IC 35-48-2, other than delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol
15	(THC), marijuana, hash oil, or hashish, or its metabolite in
16	the person's blood; or
17	(B) at least four (4) nanograms of delta-9-
18	tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) per milliliter of the person's
19	whole blood; or
20	(3) while intoxicated;
21	commits a Level 4 felony.
22	(b) A person who causes the death of a law enforcement animal (as
23	defined in IC 35-46-3-4.5) when operating a vehicle:
24	(1) with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least
25	eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol per:
26	(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
27	(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath; or
28	(2) with:
29	(A) a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of
30	IC 35-48-2, other than delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol
31	(THC), marijuana, hash oil, or hashish, or its metabolite in
32	the person's blood; or
33	(B) at least four (4) nanograms of delta-9-
34	tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) per milliliter of the person's
35	whole blood;
36	commits a Level 6 felony.
37	(c) A person who commits an offense under subsection (a) or (b)
38	commits a separate offense for each person or law enforcement animal
39	whose death (or catastrophic injury, in the case of a person) is caused
40	by the violation of subsection (a) or (b).
41	(d) It is a defense under subsection (a) or (b) that the person accused

of causing the death or catastrophic injury of another person or the



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1	death of a law enforcement animal when operating a vehicle with a
2	controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of IC 35-48-2 or its
3	metabolite in the person's blood consumed the controlled substance in
4	accordance with a valid prescription or order of a practitioner (as
5	defined in IC 35-48-1) who acted in the course of the practitioner's
6	professional practice.
7	SECTION 5. IC 9-30-6-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.38-2017,
8	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) The director of the state department of
10	toxicology shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the following:
11	(1) Standards and regulations for the:
12	(A) selection;
13	(B) training; and
14	(C) certification;
15	of breath test operators.
16	(2) Standards and regulations for the:
17	(A) selection; and
18	(B) certification;
19	of breath test equipment and chemicals.
20	(3) The certification of the proper technique for administering a
21	breath test.
22	(4) Standards and regulations for the administration of a
23	chemical test described in IC 9-30-5-0.3 to determine the
24	presence and amount of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC)
25	in a person's blood.
26	(b) A certification in accordance with rules adopted under
27	subsection (a) shall be:
28	(1) sent in writing to the clerk of the circuit court in each county
29	where the breath test operator, equipment, or chemicals are used
30	to administer breath tests; or
31	(2) published on the Internet web site of the state department of
32	toxicology.
33	However, failure to send or publish a certification as required by this
34	subsection does not invalidate any test.
35	(c) A certification in accordance with rules adopted under
36	subsection (a) that is sent in writing under subsection (b)(1) or
37	published on the Internet web site of the state department of
38	toxicology under subsection (b)(2) and obtained from the state
39	department of toxicology as an electronic record bearing an electronic
40	signature:
41	(1) is admissible in a proceeding under this chapter, IC 9-30-5,

IC 9-30-9, or IC 9-30-15;



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1	(2) constitutes prima facie evidence that the equipment or
2	chemical:
3	(A) was inspected and approved by the state department of
4	toxicology on the date specified on the writing or electronic
5	record; and
6	(B) was in proper working condition on the date the breath test
7	was administered if the date of approval is not more than one
8	hundred eighty (180) days before the date of the breath test;
9	(3) constitutes prima facie evidence of the approved technique for
10	administering a breath test; and
11	(4) constitutes prima facie evidence that the breath test operator
12	was certified by the state department of toxicology on the date
13	specified on the writing or electronic record.
14	(d) Results of chemical tests that involve an analysis of a person's
15	breath are not admissible in a proceeding under this chapter, IC 9-30-5,
16	IC 9-30-9, or IC 9-30-15 if:
17	(1) the test operator;
18	(2) the test equipment;
19	(3) the chemicals used in the test, if any; or
20	(4) the techniques used in the test;
21	have not been approved in accordance with the rules adopted under
22	subsection (a).
23	(e) Results of a chemical test described in IC 9-30-5-0.3 are
24	admissible in a proceeding under IC 9-30-5 if the test is conducted
24 25	in compliance with rules adopted under this section.
26	SECTION 6. IC 35-46-9-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2019,
27	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and
29	(c), a person who operates a motorboat while:
30	(1) having an alcohol concentration equivalent (as defined in
31	IC 9-13-2-2.4) to at least eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol
32	per:
33	(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
34	(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
35	(2) having:
36	(A) a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of
37	IC 35-48-2, other than delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol
38	(THC), marijuana, hash oil, or hashish, or its metabolite in
39	the person's body; or
10	(B) at least four (4) nanograms of delta-9-
1 1	tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) per milliliter of the person's
12	whole blood; or



1	(3) intoxicated;
2	commits a Class C misdemeanor.
3	(b) The offense is a Level 6 felony if:
4	(1) the person has a previous conviction under:
5	(A) IC 14-1-5 (repealed);
6	(B) IC 14-15-8-8 (repealed); or
7	(C) this chapter; or
8	(2) the offense results in serious bodily injury to another person.
9	(c) The offense is a Level 5 felony if the offense results in the death
10	or catastrophic injury of another person.
11	(d) It is a defense to a prosecution under subsection (a)(2) that the
12	accused person consumed the controlled substance in accordance with
13	a valid prescription or order of a practitioner (as defined in
14	IC 35-48-1-24) who acted in the course of the practitioner's
15	professional practice.
16	SECTION 7. IC 35-46-9-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.40-2012
17	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12. (a) The provisions of IC 9-30-6-5 concerning
19	the certification and use of chemical breath tests apply to the use of
20	chemical breath tests in a prosecution under this chapter.
21	(b) IC 9-30-5-0.3 and IC 9-30-6-6 applies apply to chemical tests
22	performed under this chapter, and the amount of
23	delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in a person's whole blood
24	may be determined only in accordance with IC 9-30-5-0.3.

