

HOUSE BILL No. 1307

DIGEST OF HB 1307 (Updated January 27, 2014 12:02 pm - DI 77)

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1; IC 6-6; IC 14-8; IC 14-22; IC 14-24; IC 14-28; IC 25-21.5.

Synopsis: Various natural resource matters. Defines "geo-referenced". Allows a professional surveyor to use a geo-referenced aerial photograph in order to prepare a description of a parcel. Exempts from the boat excise tax a motorboat registered outside Indiana and docked on the Indiana part of Lake Michigan for a combined total of not more than 180 consecutive days. Amends certain definitions. Allows the director of the department of natural resources (DNR) to adopt rules that would authorize the taking of a wild animal in a state park under certain circumstances. Allows the director of DNR to consider certain factors when determining damages caused by a person releasing certain substances that kill wild animals. Changes procedures to settle a claim for damages that resulted in a kill to wild animals. Makes certain changes to the program to contain and reduce invasive animal species in the Wabash River. Allows the director of the DNR to issue a permit to take a wild animal to a person that owns or has an interest in (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2014.

Eberhart, Kersey

January 15, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Natural Resources. January 28, 2014, amended, reported — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

property: (1) being damaged; (2) threatened with damage; or (3) on which a health or safety threat to persons or domestic animals is posed; by a wild animal. Allows for the permit to take a wild animal to be denied to a person, after an investigation of a complaint, if the complaint is unfounded or the applicant has not complied with certain requirements. Provides for a project permit under the flood control act to be issued for two years for most projects and five years for the department of transportation, federally funded county highway projects, and power generation facilities. Allows for a project permit issued under the flood control act to be renewed one time for a period of two years. Exempts from the definition of the practice of surveying classified parcel descriptions developed under certain natural resources commission rules. Provides penalties for a person who provides fishing or hunting guide services to take wild animals that are protected by law. Repeals the pest control compact. Makes conforming changes. Makes a technical correction.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1307

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning natural and cultural resources.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-6-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2014]: Sec. 0.5. As used in this chapter, "geo-referenced" means
4	a photo with a minimum horizontal accuracy of plus or minus six
5	(6) meters at one (1) meter resolution.
6	SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-6-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2013,
7	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and
9	(c), a person who:
10	(1) wishes to have a parcel of land classified as native forest land,
11	a forest plantation, or wildlands; or
12	(2) submits a revised application due to:
13	(A) the partial withdrawal of existing classified land;
14	(B) division of the parcel related to a conveyance; or



1	(C) the combination of contiguous lands;
2	must have the parcel described by a professional surveyor. The parcel
3	must be described by metes and bounds or other professionally
4	accepted practices and must locate the parcel with reference to an
5	established corner. In addition, the description must identify the parcel
6	by section, township, range, and county references. The professional
7	surveyor shall prepare plats of the parcel in ink, and the professional
8	surveyor shall prepare the plats on the scale, and in the number,
9	prescribed by the department of natural resources.
10	(b) The professional surveyor may use an a geo-referenced aerial
11	photograph in order to prepare a description of the parcel. However, the
12	professional surveyor's description must be accurate, and it must meet
13	the requirements specified in subsection (a). If an a geo-referenced
14	aerial photograph is used, that fact shall be noted on the application
15	referred to in section 11 of this chapter.
16	(c) The natural resources commission may adopt rules to allow other
17	means to describe and plat a parcel under this section.
18	SECTION 3. IC 6-6-11-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
19	SECTION 356, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. A boat is exempt from the boat
21	excise tax imposed for a year if the boat is:
22	(1) owned by the United States;
23	(2) owned by the state or one (1) of its political subdivisions (as
24	defined in IC 36-1-2-13);
25	(3) owned by an organization exempt from federal income
26	taxation under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
27	(4) a human powered vessel, as determined by the department of
28	natural resources;
29	(5) held by a boat manufacturer, distributor, or dealer for sale in
30	the ordinary course of business;
31	(6) used by a person for the production of income and subject to
32	assessment under IC 6-1.1;
33	(7) stored in Indiana for less than twenty-two (22) consecutive
34	days and not operated, used, or docked in Indiana;
35	(8) except as provided in subdivision (9), registered outside
36	
37	Indiana and operated, used, or docked in Indiana for a combined
	total of less than twenty-two (22) consecutive days during the
38	boating year;
39	(9) a motorboat (as defined by IC 9-13-2-103.5) and is
40	registered outside Indiana and docked on the Indiana part of
41	Lake Michigan for a combined total of not more than one
42	hundred eighty (180) consecutive days; or



1	(9) (10) subject to the commercial vessel tonnage tax under
2	IC 6-6-6.
3	SECTION 4. IC 6-6-11-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 14. (a) For a boat which
5	has been acquired, or brought into Indiana, or for any other reason
6	becomes subject to the excise tax after the regular annual tax payment
7	date in the boating year on or before which the owner is required to pay
8	the tax on boats under this chapter, the tax imposed by this chapter
9	shall become due and payable no later than:
10	(1) the thirty-second day after the boat is operated in Indiana, if
11	the boat is registered in Indiana; or
12	(2) except as provided in subdivision (3), the twenty-second
13	consecutive day during the boating year that the boat is:
14	(A) stored in Indiana; or
15	(B) operated, used, or docked in Indiana waters if the boat is
16	registered outside Indiana; or
17	(3) the one hundred eighty-first day that the motorboat (as
18	defined by IC 9-13-2-103.5) is docked on the Indiana part of
19	Lake Michigan if the motorboat is registered outside Indiana.
20	(b) The amount of excise tax to be paid by the owner for the
21	remainder of the year shall be reduced by ten percent (10%) for each
22	full calendar month which has elapsed since the regular annual tax
23	payment date in the year fixed by the bureau of motor vehicles for tax
24	payment by the owner.
25	SECTION 5. IC 14-8-2-5.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.86-2010,
26	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5.7. "All-terrain vehicle", for purposes of
28	IC 14-8-2-185, means a motorized, off-highway vehicle that:
29	(1) is fifty (50) inches or less in width;
30	(2) has a dry weight of twelve hundred (1,200) pounds or less;
31	(3) is designed for travel on at least three (3) nonhighway or
32	off-highway tires; and
33	(4) is designed for recreational use by one (1) or more individuals.
34	(5) has a seat or saddle designed to be straddled by the operator;
35	and
36	(6) has handlebars for steering control.
37	The term includes parts, equipment, or attachments sold with the
38	vehicle.
39	SECTION 6. IC 14-8-2-49.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.4-2008,
40	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JULY 1,2014]: Sec. 49.2. (a) "Compact", for purposes of IC 14-24-4.5,
42	has the meaning set forth in IC 14-24-4.5-2(8).



1	(b) "Compact", for purposes of IC 14-25-15, has the meaning set
2	forth in IC 14-25-15-1.
3	SECTION 7. IC 14-8-2-86.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
4	1, 2014]. Sec. 86.5. "Executive committee", for purposes of
5	IC 14-24-4.5, has the meaning set forth in IC 14-24-4.5-2(7).
6	SECTION 8. IC 14-8-2-107, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2012,
7	SECTION 164, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 107. "Fund" has the following
9	meaning:
10	(1) For purposes of IC 14-9-5, the meaning set forth in
11	IC 14-9-5-1.
12	(2) For purposes of IC 14-9-8-21, the meaning set forth in
13	IC 14-9-8-21.
14	(3) For purposes of IC 14-9-8-21.5, the meaning set forth in
15	IC 14-9-8-21.5.
16	(4) For purposes of IC 14-9-9, the meaning set forth in
17	IC 14-9-9-3.
18	(5) For purposes of IC 14-12-1, the meaning set forth in
19	IC 14-12-1-1.
20	(6) For purposes of IC 14-12-2, the meaning set forth in
21	IC 14-12-2-2.
22	(7) For purposes of IC 14-12-3, the meaning set forth in
23	IC 14-12-3-2.
24	(8) For purposes of IC 14-13-1, the meaning set forth in
25	IC 14-13-1-2.
26	(9) For purposes of IC 14-13-2, the meaning set forth in
27	IC 14-13-2-3.
28	(10) For purposes of IC 14-16-1, the meaning set forth in
29	IC 14-16-1-30.
30	(11) For purposes of IC 14-19-8, the meaning set forth in
31	IC 14-19-8-1.
32	(12) For purposes of IC 14-20-11, the meaning set forth in
33	IC 14-20-11-2.
34	(13) For purposes of IC 14-22-3, the meaning set forth in
35	IC 14-22-3-1.
36	(14) For purposes of IC 14-22-4, the meaning set forth in
37	IC 14-22-4-1.
38	(15) For purposes of IC 14-22-5, the meaning set forth in
39	IC 14-22-5-1.
40	(16) For purposes of IC 14-22-8, the meaning set forth in

(17) For purposes of IC 14-22-34, the meaning set forth in



IC 14-22-8-1.



41

1	IC 14-22-34-2.
2	(18) For purposes of IC 14-23-3, the meaning set forth in
3	IC 14-23-3-1.
4	(19) For purposes of IC 14-24-4.5, the meaning set forth in
5	IC 14-24-4.5-2(5).
6	(20) (19) For purposes of IC 14-25-2-4, the meaning set forth in
7	IC 14-25-2-4.
8	(21) (20) For purposes of IC 14-25-10, the meaning set forth in
9	IC 14-25-10-1.
10	(22) (21) For purposes of IC 14-25.5, the meaning set forth in
11	IC 14-25.5-1-3.
12	(23) (22) For purposes of IC 14-28-5, the meaning set forth in
13	IC 14-28-5-2.
14	(24) (23) For purposes of IC 14-31-2, the meaning set forth in
15	IC 14-31-2-5.
16	(25) (24) For purposes of IC 14-25-12, the meaning set forth in
17	IC 14-25-12-1.
18	(26) (25) For purposes of IC 14-32-8, the meaning set forth in
19	IC 14-32-8-1.
20	(27) (26) For purposes of IC 14-33-14, the meaning set forth in
21	IC 14-33-14-3.
22	(28) (27) For purposes of IC 14-33-21, the meaning set forth in
23	IC 14-33-21-1.
24	(29) (28) For purposes of IC 14-34-6-15, the meaning set forth in
25	IC 14-34-6-15.
26	(30) (29) For purposes of IC 14-34-14, the meaning set forth in
27	IC 14-34-14-1.
28 29	(31) (30) For purposes of IC 14-34-19-1.3, the meaning set forth in IC 14-34-19-1.3(a).
30	(32) (31) For purposes of IC 14-34-19-1.5, the meaning set forth
31	in IC 14-34-19-1.5(a).
32	(33) (32) For purposes of IC 14-37-10, the meaning set forth in
33	IC 14-37-10-1.
34	SECTION 9. IC 14-8-2-117, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2005,
35	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 117. "Governing board", has the following
37	meaning:
38	(1) For purposes of IC 14-24-4.5, the meaning set forth in
39	IC 14-24-4.5-2(6).
40	(2) for purposes of IC 14-28-5, has the meaning set forth in
41	IC 14-28-5-3.
42	SECTION 10. IC 14-8-2-118.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 118.5. "Guide services", for
3	purposes of IC 14-22-38-6, has the meaning set forth in
4	IC 14-22-38-6.
5	SECTION 11. IC 14-8-2-203, AS AMENDED BY P.L.17-2009,
6	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 203. "Pest or pathogen", has the following
8	meaning:
9	(1) Except as provided in IC 14-24-4.5, for purposes of IC 14-24,
10	means:
11	(A) (1) an arthropod;
12	(B) (2) a nematode;
13	(C) (3) a microorganism;
14	(D) (4) a fungus;
15	(E) (5) a parasitic plant;
16	(F) (6) a mollusk;
17	(G) (7) a plant disease; or
18	(H) (8) an exotic weed;
19	that may be injurious to nursery stock, agricultural crops, other
20	vegetation, natural resources, or bees.
21	(2) For purposes of IC 14-24-4.5, the meaning set forth in
22	IC 14-24-4.5-2(4).
23	SECTION 12. IC 14-8-2-233.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.86-2010,
24	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 233.5. "Recreational off-road vehicle", for
26	purposes of IC 14-8-2-185, means a motorized, off-highway vehicle
27	that:
28	(1) is sixty-four (64) sixty-five (65) inches or less in width;
29	(2) has a dry weight of two thousand (2,000) pounds or less;
30	(3) is designed for travel on at least four (4) nonhighway or
31	off-highway tires; and
32	(4) is designed for recreational use by one (1) or more individuals.
33	(5) has a nonstraddle seat or saddle; and
34	(6) has a steering wheel for steering control.
35	SECTION 13. IC 14-8-2-239.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
36	1, 2014]. Sec. 239.5. "Requesting state", for purposes of IC 14-24-4.5,
37	has the meaning set forth in IC 14-24-4.5-2(2).
38	SECTION 14. IC 14-8-2-242.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
39	1, 2014]. Sec. 242.5. "Responding state", for purposes of IC 14-24-4.5,
40	has the meaning set forth in IC 14-24-4.5-2(3).
41	SECTION 15. IC 14-8-2-265, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2005,
12	SECTION 10 IS AMENDED TO DEAD AS EQUI OWS DEFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 265. "State", has the following meaning:
2	(1) For purposes of IC 14-24-4.5, the meaning set forth in
3	IC 14-24-4.5-2(1).
4	(2) for purposes of IC 14-28-1, IC 14-28-3, and IC 14-32, means
5	the following:
6	(A) (1) The Indiana state government.
7	(B) (2) An agency, a subdivision, an officer, a board, a bureau, a
8	commission, a department, a division, or an instrumentality of the
9	state.
10	SECTION 16. IC 14-22-6-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.140-2013,
11	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 13. (a) If the director:
13	(1) determines that a species of wild animal present within a state
14	park poses an unusual hazard to the health or safety of one (1) or
15	more individuals;
16	(2) determines, based upon the opinion of a professional biologist,
17	that it is likely that:
18	(A) a species of wild animal present within a state park will
19	cause obvious and measurable damage to the ecological
20	balance within the state park; and
21	(B) the ecological balance within the state park will not be
22	maintained unless action is taken to control the population of
23	the species within the state park; or
23 24	(3) is required under a condition of a lease from the federal
25	government to manage a particular wild animal species;
26	the director shall establish a controlled hunt for the authorize the
27	taking of a species within the state park under rules adopted under
28	IC 4-22-2.
29	(b) An order issued by the director under this section must set forth
30	the conditions of the hunt.
31	(c) The director may issue an order under this section under
32	IC 4-21.5-4.
33	SECTION 17. IC 14-22-9-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.151-2012,
34	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section, "motorboat" means
36	a watercraft propelled by:
37	(1) an internal combustion, steam, or electrical inboard or
38	outboard motor or engine; or
39	(2) any mechanical means.
40	The term does not include a personal watercraft.
41	(b) The department director shall establish and implement a
42	demonstration program for the purpose of containing and reducing



1	invasive animal species in the Wabash River. In administering this
2	program, the department director may do any of the following:
3	(1) Allow the taking of a specific invasive animal species by a
4	means described in section 1(a)(2) of this chapter.
5	(2) may Require the use of ammunition described in 50 CFR
6	20.21(j). or
7	(3) Require a hunting or fishing license under IC 14-22-12-1.
8	(4) Allow the taking of a specific invasive animal species to be
9	taken from a motorboat.
10	(5) Establish any other limitations concerning the time, place,
11	or participants of a demonstration program.
12	(c) 312 IAC 9-2-2(d), as in effect July 1, 2011, does not apply to this
13	section.
14	SECTION 18. IC 14-22-10-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 6. (a) A person who,
16	whether or not the person has been issued a certificate of approval,
17	license, permit, or other document of approval authorized by this article
18	or any other Indiana law, discharges, sprays, or releases waste
19	materials, chemicals, or other substances:
20	(1) either accidentally, negligently, or willfully;
21	(2) in any quantity, concentration, or manner onto or in any water
22	of Indiana, the boundary waters of the state, or onto or in public
23	or private land; and
24	(3) so that wild animals are killed as a result;
25	is responsible for the kill.
26	(b) The director shall, in the name of the state, recover damages,
27	including the cost of restoration, from the person. Upon receipt of the
28	estimates of the damages caused, the director shall notify the attorney
29	general. person responsible within ninety (90) days of the kill to the
30	wild animals, and the director may enter into a proper and
31	reasonable settlement with the person. In determining the damages
32	caused, the director may consider the following:
33	(1) The direct value of the wild animals killed.
34	(2) The direct value of law enforcement costs, including wages
35	of investigating officers, cost of any materials used, and travel
36	expenses.
37	(3) The value of damage to habitat, including injured
38	vegetation, contaminated sediment, and dead invertebrate
39	prey species.
40	(c) If the total sum of the values under subsection (b)(1), (b)(2),
41	and (b)(3) exceeds five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in damages, the

director may consider the following in addition to the damages



1	calculated under subsection (b):
2	(1) The decreased value of the habitat for the number of years
3	necessary for the habitat to recover to predamaged
4	conditions.
5	(2) The value of lost recreational fishing and hunting time,
6	including future decreased value for the number of years
7	necessary for the recreational use to recover to predamaged
8	conditions.
9	(c) The attorney general shall notify the persons responsible for the
10	destruction of wild animals in question and may effect a settlement that
11	the attorney general and the director consider proper and reasonable.
12	(d) If a settlement is not reached within a reasonable time, the
13	attorney general department shall bring a civil an administrative
14	action under IC 4-21.5 to recover the damage in an appropriate court
15	in the county in which the discharge of material responsible for the
16	death of wild animals took place. damages.
17	(d) (e) The proceeds of a recovery shall be used to replace, as far as
18	and as promptly as possible, in whatever manner the director considers
19	proper, the wild animal population or habitat in the waters or lands in
20	question. If the improvement of the wild animal population or habitat
21	in question is not practicable, the proceeds shall be deposited into the
22	fish and wildlife fund.
23	SECTION 19. IC 14-22-28-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. The director may
25	issue to a person that owns or has an interest in property:
26	(1) being damaged; or
27	(2) threatened with damage; or
28	(3) on which a health or safety threat to persons or domestic
29	animals is posed;
30	by a wild animal protected by this article a free permit to take kill, or
31	capture the wild animal.
32	SECTION 20. IC 14-22-28-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4. The director may
34	have an investigation made of a complaint that wild animals are
35	causing damage or posing a health or safety threat to persons or
36	domestic animals. If it is found that:
37	(1) the damage has not been caused by wild animals; or
38	(2) the person would abuse the privileges; has not complied with
39	the requirements under this chapter or a rule adopted under
40	this chapter;
41	a permit shall be denied according to the procedures in IC 4-21.5.

SECTION 21. IC 14-22-38-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,



1	SECTION 204, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section,
3	"guide services" means fishing or hunting guide or outfitter
4	services that are offered or provided for money or other
5	consideration.
6	(a) (b) As used in this section, "sell" includes barters, purchases,
7	and offers to sell, barter, or purchase.
8	(b) (c) As used in this section, "ship" includes transporting,
9	delivering for shipment or transport, and causing to be shipped or
10	transported.
11	(c) (d) As used in this section, "wild animal" includes the following:
12	(1) A living or dead wild animal.
13	(2) A part of a living or dead wild animal.
14	(d) (e) A person who knowingly or intentionally:
15	(1) sells or ships wild animals, nests, or eggs; or
16	(2) provides guide services to take, acquire, receive, transport,
17	or possess wild animals;
18	that (1) are protected by law and (2) have an aggregate market value of
19	less than five hundred dollars (\$500) commits a Class C misdemeanor.
20	(e) (f) A person who knowingly or intentionally:
21	(1) sells or ships wild animals, nests, or eggs; or
22	(2) provides guide services to take, acquire, receive, transport,
23	or possess wild animals;
24	that (1) are protected by law and (2) have an aggregate market value of
25	at least five hundred dollars (\$500) but less than five thousand dollars
26	(\$5,000) commits a Level 6 felony.
27	(f) (g) A person who knowingly or intentionally:
28	(1) sells or ships wild animals, nests, or eggs; or
29	(2) provides guide services to take, acquire, receive, transport,
30	or possess wild animals;
31	that (1) are protected by law and (2) have an aggregate market value of
32	at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) commits a Level 5 felony.
33	SECTION 22. IC 14-24-4.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
34	2014]. (Pest Control Compact).
35	SECTION 23. IC 14-28-1-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.76-2010,
36	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 22. (a) As used in subsection (b)(1) with respect
38	to a stream, "total length" means the length of the stream, expressed in
39	miles, from the confluence of the stream with the receiving stream to
40	the upstream or headward extremity of the stream, as indicated by the
41	solid or dashed, blue or purple line depicting the stream on the most

current edition of the seven and one-half (7 1/2) minute topographic



1	quadrangle map published by the United States Geological Survey,
2	measured along the meanders of the stream as depicted on the map.
3	(b) This section does not apply to the following:
4	(1) A reconstruction or maintenance project (as defined in
5	IC 36-9-27) on a stream or an open regulated drain if the total
6	length of the stream or open drain is not more than ten (10) miles.
7	(2) A construction or reconstruction project on a state or county
8	highway bridge in a rural area that crosses a stream having an
9	upstream drainage area of not more than fifty (50) square miles
10	and the relocation of utility lines associated with the construction
11	or reconstruction project if confined to an area not more than one
12	hundred (100) feet from the limits of the highway construction
13	right-of-way.
14	(3) The performance of an activity described in subsection (c)(1)
15	or (c)(2) by a surface coal mining operation that is operated under
16	a permit issued under IC 14-34.
17	(4) Any other activity that is determined by the commission,
18	according to rules adopted under IC 4-22-2, to pose not more than
19	a minimal threat to floodway areas.
20	(5) An activity in a boundary river floodway to which section 26.5
21	of this chapter applies.
22	(6) The removal of a logiam or mass of wood debris that has
23	accumulated in a river or stream, subject to the following
24	conditions:
25	(A) Work must not be within a salmonid stream designated
26	under 327 IAC 2-1.5-5 without the prior written approval of
27	the department's division of fish and wildlife.
28	(B) Work must not be within a natural, scenic, or recreational
29	river or stream designated under 312 IAC 7-2.
30	(C) Except as otherwise provided in Indiana law, free logs or
31	affixed logs that are crossways in the channel must be cut,
32	relocated, and removed from the floodplain. Logs may be
33	maintained in the floodplain if properly anchored or otherwise
34	secured so as to resist flotation or dislodging by the flow of
35	water and placement in an area that is not a wetland. Logs
36	must be removed and secured with a minimum of damage to
37	vegetation.
38	(D) Isolated or single logs that are embedded, lodged, or
39	rooted in the channel, and that do not span the channel or
40	cause flow problems, must not be removed unless the logs are
41	either of the following:
42	(i) Associated with or in close proximity to larger



1	obstructions.
2	(ii) Posing a hazard to navigation.
3	(E) A leaning or severely damaged tree that is in immediate
4	danger of falling into the waterway may be cut and removed if
5	the tree is associated with or in close proximity to an
6	obstruction. The root system and stump of the tree must be left
7	in place.
8	(F) To the extent practicable, the construction of access roads
9	must be minimized, and should not result in the elevation of
10	the floodplain.
11	(G) To the extent practicable, work should be performed
12	exclusively from one (1) side of a waterway. Crossing the bed
13	of a waterway is prohibited.
14	(H) To prevent the flow of sediment laden water back into the
15	waterway, appropriate sediment control measures must be
16	installed.
17	(I) Within fifteen (15) days, all bare and disturbed areas must
18	be revegetated with a mixture of grasses and legumes. Tall
19	fescue must not be used under this subdivision, except that low
20	endophyte tall fescue may be used in the bottom of the
21	waterway and on side slopes.
22	(c) A person who desires to:
23	(1) erect, make, use, or maintain a structure, an obstruction, a
24	deposit, or an excavation; or
25	(2) suffer or permit a structure, an obstruction, a deposit, or an
26	excavation to be erected, made, used, or maintained;
27	in or on a floodway must file with the director a verified written
28	application for a permit accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of two
29	hundred dollars (\$200).
30	(d) The application for a permit must set forth the material facts
31	together with plans and specifications for the structure, obstruction,
32	deposit, or excavation.
33	(e) An applicant must receive a permit from the director for the
34	work before beginning construction. The director shall issue a permit
35	only if in the opinion of the director the applicant has clearly proven
36	that the structure, obstruction, deposit, or excavation will not do any of
37	the following:
38	(1) Adversely affect the efficiency of or unduly restrict the
39	capacity of the floodway.
40	(2) Constitute an unreasonable hazard to the safety of life or
41	property.
42	(3) Result in unreasonably detrimental effects upon fish, wildlife,



1	or botanical resources.
2	(f) In deciding whether to issue a permit under this section, the
3	director shall consider the cumulative effects of the structure,
4	obstruction, deposit, or excavation. The director may incorporate in and
5	make a part of an order of authorization conditions and restrictions that
6	the director considers necessary for the purposes of this chapter.
7	(g) A permit issued under this section:
8	(1) is void if construction is not commenced within valid for two
9	(2) years after the issuance of the permit; and
10	(2) to:
11	(A) the Indiana department of transportation or a county
12	highway department if there is any federal funding for the
13	project; or
14	(B) an electric utility for the construction of a power
15	generating facility;
16	is valid for five (5) years from the date of issuance. and remains
17	valid indefinitely if construction is commenced within five (5)
18	years after the permit is issued.
19	A permit that is active and was issued under subdivision (1) before
20	July 1, 2014, is valid for two (2) years beginning July 2014, and a
21	permit that is active and was issued under subdivision (2) before
22	July 1, 2014, is valid for five (5) years beginning July 2014.
23	(h) A permit issued under this section may be renewed one (1)
24	time for a period not to exceed two (2) additional years.
25	(h) (i) The director shall send a copy of each permit issued under
26	this section to each river basin commission organized under:
27	(1) IC 14-29-7 or IC 13-2-27 (before its repeal); or
28	(2) IC 14-30-1 or IC 36-7-6 (before its repeal);
29	that is affected.
30	(i) (j) The permit holder shall post and maintain a permit issued
31	under this section at the authorized site.
32	(i) (k) For the purposes of this chapter, the lowest floor of a
33	building, including a residence or abode, that is to be constructed or
34	reconstructed in the one hundred (100) year floodplain of an area
35	protected by a levee that is:
36	(1) inspected; and
37	(2) found to be in good or excellent condition;
38	by the United States Army Corps of Engineers shall not be lower than
39	the one hundred (100) year frequency flood elevation plus one (1) foot.
40	SECTION 24. IC 14-28-1-34 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 34. A person who
42	knowingly fails to comply with section 22(i) 22(j) of this chapter



1	commits a Class B infraction. Each day a person violates section 22(i)
2	22(j) of this chapter constitutes a separate infraction.
3	SECTION 25. IC 25-21.5-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2013,
4	SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) "Practice of surveying" means providing, or
6	offering to provide, professional services involving:
7	(1) the making of geometric measurements of, and gathering
8	related information pertaining to, the physical or legal features of
9	the earth, improvements on the earth, the space above the earth,
10	or any part of the earth; and
11	(2) the use and development of the measurements and information
12	gathered under subdivision (1) into survey products, including
13	graphics, digital data, maps, plats, plans, reports, and descriptions
14	and projects.
15	(b) Professional services provided under the practice of surveying
16	include consultation, investigation, testimony evaluation, expert
17	technical testimony, planning, mapping, assembling, and interpreting
18	gathered measurements and information related to any of the following:
19	(1) Determining the configuration or contour of the earth's surface
20	or the position of fixed objects thereon by measuring lines and
21	angles and applying the principles of mathematics or
22	photogrammetry.
23	(2) Determining the size and shape of the earth, or any point on
24	the earth, by performing geodetic surveys using angular and linear
25	measurements through spatially oriented spherical geometry.
26	(3) Determining, by the use of principles of surveying, the
27	position for any nonboundary related survey control monument or
28	reference point, or setting, resetting, or replacing any
29	nonboundary related monument or reference point.
30	(4) Locating, relocating, establishing, reestablishing, laying out,
31	retracing, or marking any property or boundary line or corner of
32	any tract of land or of any right-of-way or easement.
33	(5) Making any survey or preparing any plat for the subdivision
34	of any tract of land.
35	(6) Determining, by the use of principles of surveying, the
36	position for any boundary related survey monument or reference
37	point, or setting, resetting, or replacing any monument or
38	reference point.
39	(7) Preparing a description for any parcel or boundary of land, or
40	for any right-of-way or easement, except when prepared by an
41	attorney who is licensed to practice law in Indiana.
42	(8) Determining the amount of acreage contained in any parcel of



1	land, except when determined by an attorney who is licensed to
2	practice law in Indiana.
2 3	(9) Performing construction staking or layout of the control for
4	any elements of an engineering, building, or construction project,
5	if the position of an element is:
6	(A) dependent on;
7	(B) in specific relation to; or
8	(C) in close proximity to;
9	a boundary, or property line, or corner, including easements and
10	rights-of-way.
11	(10) For and within subdivisions being designed by a professional
12	surveyor, the preparation and furnishing of plats, plans, and
13	profiles for roads, storm drainage, sanitary sewer extensions, and
14	the location of residences or dwellings where the work involves
15	the use and application of standards prescribed by local, state, or
16	federal authorities.
17	(11) All work incidental to cleaning out, reconstructing, or
18	maintaining existing open and tile drains.
19	(12) Creating, preparing, or modifying electronic or computerized
20	data relative to the performance of the activities described in this
21	subsection.
22	(c) Activities included within the practice of surveying that must be
23	accomplished under the responsible charge of a professional surveyor,
24	unless specifically exempted under subsection (d), include the
25	following:
26	(1) The creation of maps and geo-referenced data bases
27	representing authoritative locations for boundaries, fixed works,
28	or topography, either by terrestrial surveying methods or by
29	photogrammetric or GNSS locations. This includes maps and
30	geo-referenced data bases prepared by any person, firm, or
31	government agency if that data is provided to the public as a
32	survey product.
33	(2) Original data acquisition, or the resolution of conflicts
34	between multiple data sources, when used for the authoritative
35	location of features within the following data themes:
36	(A) Geodetic control.
37	(B) Orthoimagery.
38	(C) Elevation and bathymetry.
39	(D) Fixed works.
40	(E) Government boundaries.
41	(F) Cadastral information.
42	(3) Certification of positional accuracy of maps or measured



1	survey data.
2	(4) Measurement, adjustment, and authoritative interpretation of
3	raw survey data.
4	(5) GIS-based parcel or cadastral mapping used for authoritative
5	boundary definition purposes wherein land title or development
6	rights for individual parcels are, or may be, affected.
7	(6) Interpretation of maps, deeds, or other land title documents to
8	resolve conflicting data elements within cadastral documents of
9	record.
10	(7) Acquisition of field data required to authoritatively position
11	fixed works or cadastral data to geodetic control.
12	(8) Adjustment or transformation of cadastral data to improve the
13	positional accuracy of the parcel layer or layers with respect to the
14	geodetic control layer within a GIS for purposes of affirming
15	positional accuracy.
16	(d) A distinction is made in this subsection, in the use of electronic
17	systems, between making or documenting original measurements in the
18	creation of survey products and the copying, interpretation, or
19	representation of those measurements in systems. Further, a distinction
20	is made according to the intent, use, or purpose of measurement
21	products in electronic systems, between the determination of
22	authoritative locations and the use of those products as a locational
23	reference for planning, infrastructure management, and general
24	information. The following items are not included as activities within
25	the definition of the practice of surveying:
26	(1) The creation of general maps:
27	(A) prepared by private firms or government agencies for use
28	as guides to motorists, boaters, aviators, or pedestrians;
29	(B) prepared for publication in a gazetteer or atlas as an
30	educational tool or reference publication;
31	(C) prepared for or by educational institutions for use in the
32	curriculum of any course of study;
33	(D) produced by any electronic or print media firm as an
34	illustrative guide to the geographic location of any event; or
35	(E) prepared by lay persons for conversational or illustrative
36	purposes, including advertising material and users' guides.
37	(2) The transcription of previously geo-referenced data into a
38	geographic information system by manual or electronic means,
39	and the maintenance thereof, if the data are clearly not intended
40	to indicate the authoritative location of property boundaries, the
41	precise definition of the shape or contour of the earth, and the



precise location of fixed works of humans.

	-,
1	(3) The transcription of public record data, without modification
2	except for graphical purposes, into geographic information
3	systems-based cadastres, including tax maps, zoning maps, and
4	associated records by manual or electronic means, and the
5	maintenance of that cadastre, if the data are clearly not intended
6	to authoritatively represent property boundaries.
7	(4) The preparation of any document by any agency of the federal
8	government that does not define real property boundaries,
9	including civilian and military versions of quadrangle topographic
10	maps, military maps, satellite imagery, and other similar
11	documents.

- (5) The incorporation or use of documents or data bases prepared by any federal agency into a geographic information system, including federal census and demographic data, quadrangle topographic maps, and military maps.
- (6) Inventory maps and data bases created by any organization, in either hard copy or electronic form, of physical features, facilities, or infrastructure that are wholly contained within properties to which the organization has rights or for which the organization has management responsibility. The distribution of these maps and data bases outside the organization must contain appropriate metadata describing, at a minimum, the accuracy, method of compilation, data source or sources, and date or dates, and disclaimers of use clearly indicating that the data are not intended to be used as a survey product.
- (7) Maps, cross-sections, graphics, and data bases depicting the distribution of natural resources or phenomena prepared by foresters, geologists, soil scientists, geophysicists, biologists, archeologists, historians, or other persons qualified to document and interpret the data in the context of their respective practices.
- (8) Maps and geo-referenced data bases depicting physical features and events prepared by any government agency if the access to that data is restricted by statute, including geo-referenced data generated by law enforcement agencies involving crime statistics and criminal activities.

(9) Classified parcel descriptions developed in accordance with IC 6-1.1-6-9(c).

(e) The use of photogrammetric methods or similar remote sensing technology to perform any part of the practice of surveying as defined in this section may be performed only under the direct control and supervision of a professional surveyor or professional photogrammetrists who maintain a current title of "Certified



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Photogrammetrist"	from a	national	scientific	organization	having	a
process for certifyi						

(f) The practice of surveying encompasses a number of disciplines, including geodetic surveying, hydrographic surveying, cadastral surveying, construction staking, route surveying, photogrammetric surveying, and topographic surveying. A professional surveyor may practice only within the surveyor's area of expertise.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Natural Resources, to which was referred House Bill 1307, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 8, line 28, strike "attorney".

Page 8, line 29, strike "general." and insert "person responsible within ninety (90) days of the kill to the wild animals, and the director may enter into a proper and reasonable settlement with the person.".

Page 8, line 37, delete "for the number of years necessary for the habitat" and insert ".".

Page 8, delete line 38, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(c) If the total sum of the values under subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) exceeds five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in damages, the director may consider the following in addition to the damages calculated under subsection (b):".

Page 8, line 39, delete "(4)" and insert "(1)".

Page 8, line 42, delete "(5)" and insert "(2)".

Page 9, strike lines 4 through 6.

Page 9, line 7, delete "If" begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(d) if".

Page 9, line 7, strike "attorney".

Page 9, line 8, strike "general" and insert "department".

Page 9, line 8, strike "a civil" and insert "an administrative".

Page 9, line 8, after "action" insert "under IC 4-21.5".

Page 9, line 8, strike "damage in an".

Page 9, strike line 9.

Page 9, line 10, strike "responsible for the death of wild animals took place." and insert "damages.".

Page 9, line 11, strike "(d)" and insert "(e)".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1307 as introduced.)

EBERHART, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 7, nays 0.

