

January 25, 2022

HOUSE BILL No. 1285

DIGEST OF HB 1285 (Updated January 25, 2022 8:50 am - DI 140)

Citations Affected: IC 3-5; IC 20-23; IC 36-2; IC 36-3; IC 36-4; IC 36-5; IC 36-6.

Synopsis: Redistricting local election districts. Provides that redistricting election districts for local and school board offices must occur at certain times. Removes the discretionary ability of political subdivisions to redistrict election districts at times other than those required by statute. Consolidates certain local redistricting statutes in the same location. Changes population parameters to reflect the population count determined under the 2020 decennial census. Repeals obsolete statutes and makes other conforming changes.

Effective: July 1, 2022.

Teshka

January 10, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment. January 25, 2022, reported — Do Pass.



January 25, 2022

Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1285

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2022]:
4	Chapter 10. Drawing Election Districts for Local and School
5	Board Offices
6	Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies when a redistricting authority
7	redraws election districts required by law.
8	(b) In addition to the provisions of this chapter, the following
9	apply to redistricting:
10	(1) The provisions of the applicable statute.
11	(2) IC 3-11-1.5-32.
12	Sec. 2. The definitions in IC 1-1-3.5 apply throughout this
13	chapter.
14	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "applicable statute" refers to the
15	statute under which a redistricting authority is required to
16	establish election districts.
17	Sec. 4. As used in this chanter. "census event" refers to any of

17 Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "census event" refers to any of



1 the following: 2 (1) A federal decennial census. 3 (2) A federal special census. 4 (3) A special tabulation. 5 (4) A corrected population count. 6 Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "plan" refers to the 7 description of the districts that a redistricting authority is required 8 to establish. 9 (b) The term includes the maps and written descriptions of the 10 maps that define all the districts that a plan is required to have 11 under the applicable law. 12 Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "redistricting authority" refers 13 to the body or other authority that is required to redraw election 14 districts for local or school board offices. 15 Sec. 7. (a) Subject to section 8 of this chapter, a redistricting 16 authority shall redistrict election districts not later than the 17 following: 18 (1) January 1 of the year a census event becomes effective 19 with respect to the political subdivision, as provided in 20 IC 1-1-3.5-3. 21 (2) Whenever a county adopts an order declaring a county 22 boundary to be changed under IC 36-2-1-2 that affects the 23 boundaries of the political subdivision. 24 (3) Whenever required to assign annexed territory to a 25 district, subject to the provisions of IC 36-4-3. 26 (4) Whenever the boundary of the political subdivision is 27 changed. 28 (5) As provided in the order of a court that has found the 29 current redistricting plan unconstitutional or otherwise 30 unlawful. 31 (b) A redistricting authority may not redistrict at a time other 32 than is provided in subsection (a). 33 Sec. 8. A redistricting authority is not required to redistrict if 34 the applicable statute provides that the redistricting authority may 35 certify that the existing districts continue to satisfy all the 36 requirements of the applicable statute and other applicable law. 37 Sec. 9. If a conflict exists between: 38 (1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and 39 (2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in 40 the plan; 41 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set 42 forth in the plan, not the boundaries shown on the map, but only to



1	
1	the extent there is a conflict between the description and the map.
2 3	Sec. 10. If any territory in the political subdivision is not included in $creat(1)$ of the districts the territory is included in the
3 4	included in one (1) of the districts, the territory is included in the district that:
5	(1) is contiguous to that territory; and
6	(2) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to
7	that territory.
8	Sec. 11. If any territory in the political subdivision is included
9	in more than one (1) of the districts, the territory is included in the
10	district that:
11	(1) is one (1) of the districts in which the territory is described
12	in the ordinance or resolution that establishes the plan;
13	(2) is contiguous to that territory; and
14	(3) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to
15	that territory.
16	SECTION 2. IC 20-23-4-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013,
17	SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 35. (a) The governing body of a school
19	corporation may be organized under this section.
20	(b) The governing body consists of seven (7) members, elected as
21	follows:
22	(1) Four (4) members elected from districts, with one (1) member
23	serving from each election district. A member elected under this
24	subdivision must be:
25	(A) a resident of the election district from which the member
26	is elected; and
27	(B) voted upon by only the registered voters residing within
28	the election district and voting at a governing body election.
29	(2) Three (3) members, who are voted upon by all the registered
30	voters residing within the school corporation and voting at a
31	governing body election, elected under this subdivision. The
32	governing body shall establish three (3) residential districts as
33	follows: (A) O_{12} (1) use identical district must be the terms his that has
34 35	(A) One (1) residential district must be the township that has
35 36	the greatest population within the school corporation.
30 37	(B) Two (2) residential districts must divide the remaining area within the school corporation.
37	Only one (1) member who resides within a particular residential
30 39	district established under this subdivision may serve on the
40	governing body at a time.
40 41	(c) A member of the governing body who is:
42	(1) elected from an election or a residential district; or
14	



3

1	(2) appointed to fill a vacancy from an election or a residential
2	district;
3	must reside within the boundaries of the district the member represents.
4	(d) A vacancy on the governing body shall be filled by the
5	governing body as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs. A
6	member chosen by the governing body to fill a vacancy holds office for
7	the remainder of the unexpired term.
8	(e) The members of the governing body serving at the time a plan
9	is amended under this section shall establish the election and
10	residential districts described in subsection (b).
11	(f) The election districts described in subsection (b)(1):
12	(1) shall be drawn on the basis of precinct lines;
13	(2) may not cross precinct lines; and
14	(3) as nearly as practicable, be of equal population, with the
15	population of the largest exceeding the population of the smallest
16	by not more than fifteen percent (15%).
17	(g) The residential districts described in subsection (b)(2) may:
18	(1) be drawn in any manner considered appropriate by the
19	governing body; and
20	(2) be drawn along township lines.
21	(h) The governing body shall certify the districts that are established
22	under subsections (f) and (g), amended under subsection (e), or
23	recertified under section 35.5 of this chapter to:
24	(1) the state board; and
25	(2) the circuit court clerk of each county in which the school
26	corporation is located as provided in section 35.5 of this chapter.
27	(i) The governing body shall designate:
28	(1) three (3) of the districts established under this section to be
29	elected at the first school board election that occurs after the
30	effective date of the plan; and
31	(2) the remaining four (4) districts to be elected at the second
32	school board election that occurs after the effective date of the
33	plan.
34	(j) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the plan, but
35	do not have to be specifically set forth in the plan. The plan must be
36	construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. If a provision of the
37	plan or an application of the plan violates this chapter, the invalidity
38	does not affect the other provisions or applications of the plan that can
39	be given effect without the invalid provision or application. The
40	provisions of the plan are severable.
41	(k) If a conflict exists between:
42	(i) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and
14	(1) a map showing the obtainductors of a district, and



1	(2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the
2	plan or plan amendment;
3	the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in
4	the plan or plan amendment, not the boundaries shown on the map, to
5	the extent there is a conflict between the description and the map.
6	IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section.
7	SECTION 3. IC 20-23-7-4.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.271-2013,
8	SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4.5. (a) Not later than December 31, 2013, the
10	board of commissioners shall do the following:
11	(1) Send a copy of the school corporation's plan to the circuit
12	court clerk of each county in which the school corporation is
13	located.
14	(2) If any members of the governing body are elected from
15	election districts voted upon by only the registered voters residing
16	within the election district, certify that the election districts
17	comply with section 4 of this chapter.
18	(b) This subsection applies during the first year after a year in which
19	a federal decennial census is conducted. The board of commissioners
20	shall amend the plan under section 4 of this chapter if an amendment
21	is necessary to reestablish the districts in compliance with section 4 of
22	this chapter. If the board of commissioners determines that a plan
23	amendment under section 4 of this chapter is not required, the board of
24	commissioners shall recertify that the districts as established comply
25	with section 4 of this chapter.
26	(c) Each time the school corporation's plan is amended, the board of
27	commissioners shall file the following with the circuit court clerk of
28	each county in which the school corporation is located:
29	(1) A copy of the amendment.
30	(2) Either of the following:
31	(A) A certification that the plan amendment does not require
32	reestablishment of the school corporation's election districts to
33	comply with section 4 of this chapter.
34	(B) If the plan amendment requires reestablishment of the
35	school corporation's election districts to comply with section
36	4 of this chapter, a map of the new district boundaries.
37	(d) A plan amendment or recertification under this section must be
38	filed not later than thirty (30) days after the amendment or
39	recertification occurs.
40	(e) If a conflict exists between:
41	(1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and
42	(2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the
	-



1 plan or plan amendment; 2 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in 3 the plan or plan amendment, not the boundaries shown on the map, to 4 the extent there is a conflict between the description and the map. 5 IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section. SECTION 4. IC 20-23-8-8.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 6 7 SECTION 170, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 8 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 8.5. (a) The governing body shall 9 do the following: 10 (1) Send a copy of the school corporation's plan to the circuit 11 court clerk of each county in which the school corporation is 12 located. 13 (2) If any members of the governing body are elected from 14 election districts voted upon by only the registered voters residing 15 within the election district, certify that the election districts comply with section 8 of this chapter. 16 (b) This subsection applies during the first year after a year in which 17 a federal decennial census is conducted. The governing body shall 18 19 amend the plan under section 8 of this chapter if an amendment is 20 necessary to reestablish the districts in compliance with section 8 of 21 this chapter. If the governing body determines that a plan amendment 22 under section 8 of this chapter is not required, the governing body shall 23 recertify that the districts as established comply with section 8 of this 24 chapter. 25 (c) Each time the school corporation's plan is amended, the governing body shall file the following with the circuit court clerk of 26 each county in which the school corporation is located: 27 28 (1) A copy of the amendment. 29 (2) Either of the following: 30 (A) A certification that the plan amendment does not require 31 reestablishment of the school corporation's election districts to 32 comply with section 8 of this chapter. 33 (B) If the plan amendment requires reestablishment of the 34 school corporation's election districts to comply with section 35 8 of this chapter, a map of the new district boundaries. (d) A plan amendment or recertification under this section must be 36 filed not later than thirty (30) days after the amendment or 37 38 recertification occurs. 39 (e) If a conflict exists between: 40 (1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and 41 (2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the 42 plan or plan amendment;

HB 1285—LS 6948/DI 75



6

1 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in 2 the plan or plan amendment, not the boundaries shown on the map, to 3 the extent there is a conflict between the description and the map. 4 IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section. 5 SECTION 5. IC 20-23-14-4.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.271-2013, 6 SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 7 JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4.5. (a) Until the first reapportionment 8 redistricting required under this section, the school districts for the 9 election of the members of the governing body under section 3(b) of 10 this chapter are the districts set forth in section 4 of this chapter (before 11 its repeal). 12 (b) The governing body shall, by resolution, reapportion establish 13 the school districts and change their boundaries, if necessary, not later 14 than December 31 of the year immediately following the year in which 15 a decennial census is taken. at times permitted in IC 3-5-10. 16 (c) The school districts established must: 17 (1) be as near as practicable equal in population; 18 (2) have boundaries set forth in the text of the resolution; and 19 (3) comply with: 20 (A) the Constitution of the United States; and 21 (B) the Constitution of the State of Indiana; 22 including the equal protection clauses of both constitutions. 23 (d) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the resolution, 24 but do not have to be specifically set forth in the resolution. The 25 resolution must be construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. 26 If a provision of the resolution or an application of the resolution 27 violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other provisions 28 or applications of the resolution that can be given effect without the 29 invalid provision or application. The provisions of the resolution are 30 severable. 31 (e) This subsection applies during the first year after a year in which 32 a federal decennial census is conducted. The governing body shall 33 amend the resolution if an amendment is necessary to reapportion the 34 school districts and change their the school district boundaries to 35 comply with subsection (c). If the governing body determines that 36 reapportionment and changes to the boundaries of the school districts 37 are not required, the governing body shall recertify that the school 38 districts as established comply with subsection (c). 39 (f) Each time the governing body amends the resolution or makes a 40

(f) Each time the governing body amends the resolution or makes a recertification, the governing body shall file a copy of the following with the board of elections and registration established by IC 3-6-5.2-3 not later than thirty (30) days after the amendment or recertification

HB 1285-LS 6948/DI 75



41

42

7

1	occurs:
2	(1) A copy of the amendment or recertification.
3	(2) One (1) of the following:
4	(A) A certification that changes to the school district
5	boundaries as established are not required to comply with
6	subsection (c).
7	(B) If reapportionment of the school districts and changes to
8	their boundaries are required to comply with subsection (c), a
9	map showing the boundaries of the new school districts.
10	(g) If a conflict exists between:
11	(1) a map showing the boundaries of a school district; and
12	(2) a description of the boundaries of that school district set forth
13	in the resolution or resolution amendment;
14	the school district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set
15	forth in the resolution or resolution amendment, not the boundaries
16	shown on the map, to the extent there is a conflict between the
17	description and the map. IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established
18	under this section.
19	SECTION 6. IC 20-23-15-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.271-2013,
20	SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 7.5. (a) Not later than December 31, 2013, the
22	governing body shall do the following:
23	(1) Send a copy of the school corporation's plan to the circuit
24	court clerk of each county in which the school corporation is
25	located.
26	(2) If any members of the governing body are elected from
27	election districts voted upon by only the registered voters residing
28	within the election district, certify that the election districts
29	comply with section 7 of this chapter.
30	(b) This subsection applies during the first year after a year in which
31	a federal decennial census is conducted. The governing body shall
32	amend the plan if an amendment is necessary to reestablish the districts
33	in compliance with section 7 of this chapter. If the governing body
34	determines that a plan amendment is not required, the governing body
35	shall recertify that the districts as established comply with section 7 of
36	this chapter.
37	(c) Each time the school corporation's plan is amended, the
38	governing body shall file the following with the circuit court clerk of
39	each county in which the school corporation is located:
40	(1) A copy of the amendment.
41	(2) Either of the following:
42	(A) A certification that the plan amendment does not require



1 reestablishment of the school corporation's election districts to 2 comply with section 7 of this chapter. 3 (B) If the plan amendment requires reestablishment of the 4 school corporation's election districts to comply with section 5 7 of this chapter, a map of the new district boundaries. 6 (d) A plan amendment or recertification under this section must be 7 filed not later than thirty (30) days after the amendment or 8 recertification occurs. 9 (e) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the plan, but 10 do not have to be specifically set forth in the plan. The plan must be construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. If a provision of the 11 12 plan or an application of the plan violates this chapter, the invalidity 13 does not affect the other provisions or applications of the plan that can 14 be given effect without the invalid provision or application. The 15 provisions of the plan are severable. 16 (f) If a conflict exists between: 17 (1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and 18 (2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the 19 plan or plan amendment; 20 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in 21 the plan or plan amendment, not the boundaries shown on the map, to 22 the extent there is a conflict between the description and the map. 23 IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section. 24 SECTION 7. IC 36-2-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013, 25 SECTION 46, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 26 JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) This subsection does not apply to a county 27 having a population of: the following counties: 28 (1) A county having a population of more than four hundred 29 thousand (400,000) but and less than seven hundred thousand 30 (700,000). or 31 (2) A county having a population of more than two hundred fifty 32 thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy thousand 33 (270,000). two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) and less than 34 three hundred thousand (300,000). 35 The executive shall divide the county into three (3) districts that are 36 composed of contiguous territory and are reasonably compact. The 37 district boundaries drawn by the executive must not cross precinct 38 boundary lines and must divide townships only when a division is 39 clearly necessary to accomplish redistricting under this section. If 40 necessary, the county auditor shall call a special meeting of the 41 executive to establish or revise districts. 42

(b) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more



than four hundred thousand (400,000) but and less than seven hundred 1 2 thousand (700,000). A county redistricting commission shall divide the 3 county into three (3) single-member districts that comply with 4 subsection (d). The commission is composed of: 5 (1) the members of the Indiana election commission; 6 (2) two (2) members of the senate selected by the president pro 7 tempore, one (1) from each political party; and 8 (3) two (2) members of the house of representatives selected by 9 the speaker, one (1) from each political party. 10 The legislative members of the commission have no vote and may act only in an advisory capacity. A majority vote of the voting members is 11 required for the commission to take action. The commission may meet 12 13 as frequently as necessary to perform its duty under this subsection. 14 The commission's members serve without additional compensation 15 above that provided for them as members of the Indiana election 16 commission, the senate, or the house of representatives. 17 (c) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more 18 than two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred 19 seventy thousand (270,000). two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) 20 and less than three hundred thousand (300,00). The executive shall divide the county into three (3) single-member districts that comply 21 22 with subsection (d). 23 (d) Single-member districts established under subsection (b) or (c) 24 must: 25 (1) be compact, subject only to natural boundary lines (such as 26 railroads, major highways, rivers, creeks, parks, and major 27 industrial complexes); 28 (2) contain, as nearly as is possible, equal population; and 29 (3) not cross precinct lines. (e) Except as provided by subsection (g), (f), a division under 30 31 subsection (a), (b), or (c) shall be made 32 (1) during the first year after a year in which a federal decennial 33 census is conducted: and 34 (2) when the county adopts an order declaring a county boundary 35 to be changed under IC 36-2-1-2. 36 (f) A division under subsection (a), (b), or (c) may be made in any 37 odd-numbered year not described in subsection (e). only at times 38 permitted under IC 3-5-10. 39 (g) This subsection applies during the first year after a year in which 40 a federal decennial census is conducted. (f) If the county executive or county redistricting commission determines that a division under 41 42 subsection (e) is not required, the county executive or county

1 redistricting commission shall adopt an ordinance recertifying that the 2 districts as drawn comply with this section. 3 (h) (g) Each time there is a division under subsection (e) or (f) or a 4 recertification under subsection (g), (f), the county executive or county 5 redistricting commission shall file with the circuit court clerk of the 6 county, not later than thirty (30) days after the division or 7 recertification occurs, a map of the district boundaries: 8 (1) adopted under subsection (e); or (f); or 9 (2) recertified under subsection (g). (f). 10 (i) (h) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the ordinance, but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance. 11 12 The ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this 13 chapter. If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the 14 ordinance violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other 15 provisions or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect 16 without the invalid provision or application. The provisions of the 17 ordinance are severable. 18 (i) If a conflict exists between: 19 (1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and 20 (2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the 21 ordinance; 22 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in 23 the ordinance, not the boundaries shown on the map, to the extent there 24 is a conflict between the description and the map. 25 (i) IC 3-5-10 applies a plan established under this section. 26 SECTION 8. IC 36-2-2-4.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 27 2022]. Sec. 4.5. (a) If any territory in a county is not included in one (1) 28 of the districts established under section 4 of this chapter, the territory 29 is included in the district that: 30 (1) is contiguous to that territory; and 31 (2) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that 32 territory. 33 (b) If any territory in any county is included in more than one (1) of 34 the districts established under section 4 of this chapter, the territory is 35 included in the district that: 36 (1) is one (1) of the districts in which the territory is described in 37 the ordinance adopted under section 4 of this chapter; 38 (2) is contiguous to that territory; and 39 (3) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that 40territory. 41 SECTION 9. IC 36-2-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 42 SECTION 186, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) This subsection does not 2 apply to a county having a population of: the following counties: 3 (1) A county having a population of more than four hundred 4 thousand (400,000) but and less than seven hundred thousand 5 (700,000). or 6 (2) A county having a population of more than two hundred fifty 7 thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy thousand 8 (270,000): two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) and less than 9 three hundred thousand (300,000). 10 The county executive shall, by ordinance, divide the county into four 11 (4) contiguous, single-member districts that comply with subsection 12 (d). If necessary, the county auditor shall call a special meeting of the 13 executive to establish or revise districts. One (1) member of the fiscal 14 body shall be elected by the voters of each of the four (4) districts. 15 Three (3) at-large members of the fiscal body shall be elected by the 16 voters of the whole county. 17 (b) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more 18 than four hundred thousand (400,000) but and less than seven hundred 19 thousand (700,000). The county redistricting commission established 20 under IC 36-2-2-4 shall divide the county into seven (7) single-member 21 districts that comply with subsection (d). One (1) member of the fiscal 22 body shall be elected by the voters of each of these seven (7) 23 single-member districts. 24 (c) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more 25 than two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred 26 seventy thousand (270,000). two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) 27 and less than three hundred thousand (300,000). The fiscal body 28 shall divide the county into nine (9) single-member districts that 29 comply with subsection (d). Three (3) of these districts must be 30 contained within each of the three (3) districts established under 31 IC 36-2-2-4(c). One (1) member of the fiscal body shall be elected by 32 the voters of each of these nine (9) single-member districts. 33 (d) Single-member districts established under subsection (a), (b), or 34 (c) must: 35 (1) be compact, subject only to natural boundary lines (such as 36 railroads, major highways, rivers, creeks, parks, and major 37 industrial complexes); 38 (2) not cross precinct boundary lines; 39 (3) contain, as nearly as possible, equal population; and 40 (4) include whole townships, except when a division is clearly 41 necessary to accomplish redistricting under this section. 42 (e) Except as provided by subsection (g), (f), a division under



1 subsection (a), (b), or (c) shall be made 2 (1) during the first year after a year in which a federal decennial 3 census is conducted; and 4 (2) when the county executive adopts an order declaring a county 5 boundary to be changed under IC 36-2-1-2. 6 (f) A division under subsection (a), (b), or (c) may be made in any 7 odd-numbered year not described in subsection (e). only at times 8 permitted under IC 3-5-10. 9 (g) This subsection applies during the first year after a year in which 10 a federal decennial census is conducted. (f) If the county executive, 11 county redistricting commission, or county fiscal body determines that 12 a division under subsection (e) is not required, the county executive, 13 county redistricting commission, or county fiscal body shall adopt an 14 ordinance recertifying that the districts as drawn comply with this 15 section. 16 (h) (g) Each time there is a division under subsection (e) or (f) or a 17 recertification under subsection (g), (f), the county executive, county 18 redistricting commission, or county fiscal body shall file with the 19 circuit court clerk of the county, not later than thirty (30) days after the 20 division or recertification occurs, a map of the district boundaries: 21 (1) adopted under subsection (e); or (f); or 22 (2) recertified under subsection (g). (f). 23 (i) (h) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the 24 ordinance, but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance. 25 The ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this 26 chapter. If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the 27 ordinance violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other 28 provisions or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect 29 without the invalid provision or application. The provisions of the 30 ordinance are severable. 31 (i) If a conflict exists between: 32 (1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and 33 (2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the 34 ordinance: 35 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in 36 the ordinance, not the boundaries shown on the map, to the extent there 37 is a conflict between the description and the map. 38 (i) IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section. 39 SECTION 10. IC 36-2-3-4.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 40 1, 2022]. Sec. 4.5. (a) If any territory in any county is not included in 41 one (1) of the districts established under section 4 of this chapter, the 42 territory is included in the district that:

1 (1) is contiguous to that territory; and 2 (2) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that 3 territory. 4 (b) If any territory in any county is included in more than one (1) of 5 the districts established under section 4 of this chapter, the territory is 6 included in the district that: 7 (1) is one (1) of the districts in which the territory is described in 8 the ordinance adopted under section 4 of this chapter; 9 (2) is contiguous to that territory; and (3) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that 10 11 territory. 12 SECTION 11. IC 36-3-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2014, 13 SECTION 118, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 14 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 3. (a) The city-county legislative 15 body shall, by ordinance, divide the whole county into twenty-five (25) 16 districts that: 17 (1) are compact, subject only to natural boundary lines (such as 18 railroads, major highways, rivers, creeks, parks, and major 19 industrial complexes); 20(2) contain, as nearly as is possible, equal population; and 21 (3) do not cross precinct boundary lines. 22 Except as provided by subsection (f), this division shall be made before 23 the end of the second year after a year in which a federal decennial 24 census is conducted and may also be made at any other time, subject to 25 IC 3-11-1.5-32. only at times permitted under IC 3-5-10. 26 (b) The legislative body is composed of the following: 27 (1) Before January 1, 2016, twenty-five (25) members elected 28 from the districts established under subsection (a) and four (4) 29 members elected from an at-large district containing the whole 30 county. 31 (2) After December 31, 2015, twenty-five (25) members elected 32 from the districts established under subsection (a). 33 (c) Each voter of the county may vote for one (1) candidate from the 34 district in which the voter resides. 35 (d) If the legislative body fails to make the division before the date 36 prescribed by subsection (a) or the division is alleged to violate 37 subsection (a) or other law, a taxpayer or registered voter of the county 38 may petition the superior court of the county to hear and determine the 39 matter. The court shall hear and determine the matter as a five (5)40 member panel of judges from the superior court. The clerk of the court 41 shall select the judges electronically and randomly. The clerk shall 42 maintain a record of the method and process used to select the judges



1 and shall make the record available for public inspection and copying. 2 Not more than three (3) members of the five (5) member panel of 3 judges may be of the same political party. The first judge selected shall 4 maintain the case file and preside over the proceedings. There may not 5 be a change of venue from the court or from the county. The court may 6 appoint a master to assist in its determination and may draw proper 7 district boundaries if necessary. An appeal from the court's judgment 8 must be taken within thirty (30) days, directly to the supreme court, in 9 the same manner as appeals from other actions.

10 (e) An election of the legislative body held under the ordinance or 11 court judgment determining districts that is in effect on the date of the 12 election is valid, regardless of whether the ordinance or judgment is 13 later determined to be invalid.

14 (f) This subsection applies during the second year after a year in 15 which a federal decennial census is conducted. If the legislative body 16 determines that a division under subsection (a) is not required, the 17 legislative body shall adopt an ordinance recertifying that the districts 18 as drawn comply with this section.

19 (g) Each time there is a division under subsection (a) or a 20 recertification under subsection (f), the legislative body shall file with 21 the circuit court clerk of the county, not later than thirty (30) days after 22 the division or recertification occurs, a map of the district boundaries: 23

(1) adopted under subsection (a); or

(2) recertified under subsection (f).

25 (h) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the ordinance, 26 but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance. The 27 ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. 28 If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the ordinance 29 violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other provisions 30 or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect without the 31 invalid provision or application. The provisions of the ordinance are 32 severable.

(i) If a conflict exists between:

(1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and

(2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the ordinance:

37 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in 38 the ordinance, not the boundaries shown on the map, to the extent there 39 is a conflict between the description and the map. IC 3-5-10 applies to

40 a plan established under this section.

41 SECTION 12. IC 36-4-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013, 42 SECTION 49, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

HB 1285-LS 6948/DI 75



24

33

34

35

36

1	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 3. (a) This section applies only to second class
2	cities.
3	(b) The legislative body shall adopt an ordinance to divide the city
4	into six (6) districts that:
5	(1) are composed of contiguous territory, except for territory that
6	is not contiguous to any other part of the city;
7	(2) are reasonably compact;
8	(3) do not cross precinct boundary lines, except as provided in
9	subsection (c) or (d); and
10	(4) contain, as nearly as is possible, equal population.
11	(c) The boundary of a city legislative body district may cross a
12	precinct boundary line if:
13	(1) more than one (1) member of the legislative body elected from
14	the districts established under subsection (b) resides in one (1)
15	precinct established under IC 3-11-1.5 after the most recent
16	municipal election; and
17	(2) following the establishment of a legislative body district
18	whose boundary crosses a precinct boundary line, not more than
19	one (1) member of the legislative body elected from districts
20	resides within the same city legislative body district.
$\frac{2}{21}$	(d) The boundary of a city legislative body district may cross a
22	precinct line if the districts would not otherwise contain, as nearly as
${23}$	is possible, equal population.
24	(e) A city legislative body district with a boundary described by
25	subsection (c) or (d) may not cross a census block boundary line:
26	(1) except when following a precinct boundary line; or
27	(2) unless the city legislative body certifies in the ordinance that
$\frac{27}{28}$	the census block has no population, and is not likely to ever have
20 29	population.
30	(f) The legislative body may not adopt an ordinance dividing the city
31	into districts with boundaries described by subsection (c) or (d) unless
32	the clerk of the city mails a written notice to the circuit court clerk. The
33	notice must:
34	(1) state that the legislative body is considering the adoption of an
35	ordinance described by this subsection; and
36	(2) be mailed not later than ten (10) days before the legislative
37	body adopts the ordinance.
38	
38 39	(g) Except as provided in subsection (1), (j), the division under subsection (b) shall be made
40	
40 41	(1) during the second year after a year in which a federal decennial eensus is conducted; and
41	(2) when required to assign annexed territory to a district.
⊤ ∠	(2) when required to assign annexed territory to a distitut.



1 This division may be made at any other time, subject to IC 3-11-1.5-32. 2 only at times permitted under IC 3-5-10. 3 (h) The legislative body is composed of six (6) members elected 4 from the districts established under subsection (b) and three (3) at-large 5 members. 6 (i) Each voter of the city may vote for three (3) candidates for 7 at-large membership and one (1) candidate from the district in which 8 the voter resides. The three (3) at-large candidates receiving the most 9 votes from the whole city and the district candidates receiving the most 10 votes from their respective districts are elected to the legislative body. 11 (i) If any territory in the city is not included in one (1) of the 12 districts established under this section, the territory is included in the 13 district that: 14 (1) is contiguous to that territory; and 15 (2) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that 16 territory. 17 (k) If any territory in the city is included in more than one (1) of the 18 districts established under this section, the territory is included in the 19 district that: 20 (1) is one (1) of the districts in which the territory is described in 21 the ordinance adopted under this section; 22 (2) is contiguous to that territory; and 23 (3) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that 24 territory. 25 (1) This subsection applies during the second year after a year in 26 which a federal decennial census is conducted. (j) If the legislative 27 body determines that a division under subsection (g) is not required, 28 the legislative body shall adopt an ordinance recertifying that the 29 districts as drawn comply with this section. 30 (m) (k) A copy of the ordinance establishing districts or a 31 recertification adopted under this section must be filed with the circuit 32 court clerk of the county that contains the greatest population of the 33 city not later than thirty (30) days after the ordinance or recertification 34 is adopted. The filing must include a map of the district boundaries: 35 (1) adopted under subsection (b); or 36 (2) recertified under subsection (1). (j). 37 (n) (1) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the 38 ordinance, but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance. 39 The ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this 40chapter. If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the 41 ordinance violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other 42 provisions or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect



	10
1	without the invalid provision or application. The provisions of the
2	ordinance are severable.
3	(o) If a conflict exists between:
4	(1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and
5	(2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the
6	ordinance;
7	the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in
8	the ordinance, not the boundaries shown on the map, to the extent there
9	is a conflict between the description and the map.
10	(m) IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section.
11	SECTION 13. IC 36-4-6-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013,
12	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to third class cities,
14	except as provided by section 5 of this chapter.
15	(b) This subsection does not apply to a city with an ordinance
16	described by subsection (j) or (m). The legislative body shall adopt an
17	ordinance to divide the city into five (5) districts that:
18	(1) are composed of contiguous territory, except for territory that
19	is not contiguous to any other part of the city;
20	(2) are reasonably compact;
21	(3) do not cross precinct boundary lines except as provided in
22	subsection (c) or (d); and
23	(4) contain, as nearly as is possible, equal population.
24	(c) The boundary of a city legislative body district may cross a
25	precinct boundary line if:
26	(1) more than one (1) member of the legislative body elected from
27	the districts established under subsection (b), (j), or (m) resides in
28	one (1) precinct established under IC 3-11-1.5 after the most
29	recent municipal election; and
30	(2) following the establishment of a legislative body district
31	whose boundary crosses a precinct boundary line, not more than
32	one (1) member of the legislative body elected from the districts
33	resides within the same city legislative body district.
34	(d) The boundary of a city legislative body district may cross a
35	precinct line if the districts would not otherwise contain, as nearly as
36	is possible, equal population.
37	(e) A city legislative body district with a boundary described by
38	subsection (c) or (d) may not cross a census block boundary line:
39	(1) except when following a precinct boundary line; or
40	(2) unless the city legislative body certifies in the ordinance that
41	the census block has no population, and is not likely to ever have
42	population.



1	
1	(f) The legislative body may not adopt an ordinance dividing the city
2	into districts with boundaries described by subsection (c) or (d) unless
3 4	the clerk of the city mails a written notice to the circuit court clerk. The
	notice must: (1) state that the legislation had use considering the eduction of an
5	(1) state that the legislative body is considering the adoption of an
6 7	ordinance described by this subsection; and
	(2) be mailed not later than ten (10) days before the legislative
8	body adopts the ordinance.
9	(g) Except as provided in subsection (q) , (o), the division under
10	subsection (b), (j), or (m) shall be made
11	(1) during the second year after a year in which a federal
12	decennial census is conducted; and
13	(2) when required to assign annexed territory to a district.
14	This division may be made at any other time, subject to IC 3-11-1.5-32.
15	only at times permitted under IC 3-5-10.
16	(h) This subsection does not apply to a city with an ordinance
17	described by subsection (j) or (m). The legislative body is composed of
18	five (5) members elected from the districts established under
19	subsection (b) and two (2) at-large members.
20	(i) This subsection does not apply to a city with an ordinance
21	described by subsection (j) or (m). Each voter of the city may vote for
22	two (2) candidates for at-large membership and one (1) candidate from
23	the district in which the voter resides. The two (2) at-large candidates
24	receiving the most votes from the whole city and the district candidates
25	receiving the most votes from their respective districts are elected to
26	the legislative body.
27	(j) A city may adopt an ordinance under this subsection to divide the
28	city into four (4) districts that:
29	(1) are composed of contiguous territory;
30	(2) are reasonably compact;
31	(3) do not cross precinct boundary lines, except as provided in
32	subsection (c) or (d); and
33	(4) contain, as nearly as is possible, equal population.
34	(k) This subsection applies to a city with an ordinance described by
35	subsection (j). The legislative body is composed of four (4) members
36	elected from the districts established under subsection (j) and three (3)
37	at-large members.
38	(1) This subsection applies to a city with an ordinance described by
39	subsection (j). Each voter of the city may vote for three (3) candidates
40	for at-large membership and one (1) candidate from the district in
41	which the voter resides. The three (3) at-large candidates receiving the
42	most votes from the whole city and the district candidates receiving the



1 most votes from their respective districts are elected to the legislative 2 body. 3 (m) This subsection applies only if the ordinance adopted under 4 IC 36-4-1.5-3 by the town legislative body of a town that has a 5 population of less than ten thousand (10,000) and that becomes a city 6 specifies that the city legislative body districts are governed by this subsection. The ordinance adopted under IC 36-4-1.5-3(b)(1) dividing 7 8 the town into city legislative body districts may provide that: 9 (1) the city shall be divided into three (3) districts that: 10 (A) are composed of contiguous territory; (B) are reasonably compact; 11 12 (C) do not cross precinct boundary lines, except as provided in 13 subsection (c) or (d); and (D) contain, as nearly as is possible, equal population; and 14 15 (2) the legislative body of the city is composed of three (3) members elected from the districts established under this 16 subsection and two (2) at-large members. 17 18 Each voter of the city may vote for two (2) candidates for at-large 19 membership and one (1) candidate from the district in which the voter 20 resides. The two (2) at-large candidates receiving the most votes from 21 the whole city and the district candidates receiving the most votes from 22 their respective districts are elected to the legislative body. 23 (n) A copy of the ordinance establishing districts or a recertification 24 adopted under this section must be filed with the circuit court clerk of 25 the county that contains the greatest population of the city no later than 26 thirty (30) days after the ordinance or recertification is adopted. The 27 filing must include a map of the district boundaries: 28 (1) adopted under subsection (b), (j), or (m); or 29 (2) recertified under subsection (q). (0). 30 (o) If any territory in the city is not included in one (1) of the 31 districts established under this section, the territory is included in the 32 district that: 33 (1) is contiguous to that territory; and 34 (2) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that 35 territory. 36 (p) If any territory in the city is included in more than one (1) of the districts established under this section, the territory is included in the 37 38 district that: 39 (1) is one (1) of the districts in which the territory is described in 40 the ordinance adopted under this section; 41 (2) is contiguous to that territory; and 42 (3) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that



1	territory.
2	(q) This subsection applies during the second year after a year in
3	which a federal decennial census is conducted. (0) If the legislative
4	body determines that a division under subsection (g) is not required,
5	the legislative body shall adopt an ordinance recertifying that the
6	districts as drawn comply with this section.
7	(r) (p) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the
8	ordinance, but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance.
9	The ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this
10	chapter. If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the
11	ordinance violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other
12	provisions or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect
13	without the invalid provision or application. The provisions of the
14	ordinance are severable.
15	(s) If a conflict exists between:
16	(1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and
17	(2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the
18	ordinance;
19	the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in
20	the ordinance, not the boundaries shown on the map, to the extent there
21	is a conflict between the description and the map.
22	(q) IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section.
23	SECTION 14. IC 36-4-6-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013,
24	SECTION 51, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 5. (a) This section applies to third class cities
26	having a population of less than ten thousand (10,000). The legislative
27	body of such a city may, by ordinance adopted after June 30, 2010, and
28	during a year in which an election of the legislative body will not
29	occur, decide to be governed by this section instead of section 4 of this
30	chapter. The legislative body districts created by an ordinance adopted
31	under this subsection apply to the first election of the legislative body
32	held after the date the ordinance is adopted. The clerk of the legislative
33	body shall send a certified copy of any ordinance adopted under this
34	subsection to the secretary of the county election board.
35	(b) This subsection does not apply to a city with an ordinance
36	described by subsection (j). The legislative body shall adopt an
37	ordinance to divide the city into four (4) districts that:
38	(1) are composed of contiguous territory, except for territory that
39	is not contiguous to any other part of the city;
40	(2) are reasonably compact;
41	(3) do not cross precinct boundary lines except as provided in
12	subsection (c) or (d): and

subsection (c) or (d); and 42



1	(4) contain, as nearly as is possible, equal population.
2	(c) The boundary of a city legislative body district may cross a
3	precinct boundary line if:
4	(1) more than one (1) member of the legislative body elected from
5	the districts established under subsection (b) or (j) resides in one
6	(1) precinct established under IC 3-11-1.5 after the most recent
7	municipal election; and
8	(2) following the establishment of a legislative body district
9	whose boundary crosses a precinct boundary line, not more than
10	one (1) member of the legislative body elected from the districts
11	resides within the same city legislative body district.
12	(d) The boundary of a city legislative body district may cross a
13	precinct line if the districts would not otherwise contain, as nearly as
14	is possible, equal population.
15	(e) A city legislative body district with a boundary described by
16	subsection (c) or (d) may not cross a census block boundary line:
17	(1) except when following a precinct boundary line; or
18	(2) unless the city legislative body certifies in the ordinance that
19	the census block has no population, and is not likely to ever have
20	population.
21	(f) The legislative body may not adopt an ordinance dividing the city
22	into districts with boundaries described by subsection (c) or (d) unless
23	the clerk of the city mails a written notice to the circuit court clerk. The
24	notice must:
25	(1) state that the legislative body is considering the adoption of an
26	ordinance described by this subsection; and
27	(2) be mailed not later than ten (10) days before the legislative
28	body adopts the ordinance.
29	(g) Except as provided in subsection (q), (o), the division under
30	subsection (b) or (j) shall be made
31	(1) during the second year after a year in which a federal
32	decennial census is conducted; and
33	(2) when required to assign annexed territory to a district.
34	This division may be made at any other time, subject to IC 3-11-1.5-32.
35	only at times permitted under IC 3-5-10.
36	(h) This subsection does not apply to a city with an ordinance
37	described by subsection (j). The legislative body is composed of four
38	(4) members elected from the districts established under subsection (b)
39	and one (1) at-large member.
40	(i) This subsection does not apply to a city with an ordinance
41	described by subsection (j). Each voter may vote for one (1) candidate
42	for at-large membership and one (1) candidate from the district in

22

1 which the voter resides. The at-large candidate receiving the most votes 2 from the whole city and the district candidates receiving the most votes 3 from their respective districts are elected to the legislative body. 4 (j) A city may adopt an ordinance under this subsection to divide the 5 city into three (3) districts that: 6 (1) are composed of contiguous territory, except for territory that 7 is not contiguous to any other part of the city; 8 (2) are reasonably compact; 9 (3) do not cross precinct boundary lines, except as provided in 10 subsection (c) or (d); and (4) contain, as nearly as is possible, equal population. 11 12 (k) This subsection applies to a city with an ordinance described by 13 subsection (j). The legislative body is composed of three (3) members 14 elected from the districts established under subsection (j) and two (2) 15 at-large members. 16 (1) This subsection applies to a city with an ordinance described by 17 subsection (j). Each voter of the city may vote for two (2) candidates 18 for at-large membership and one (1) candidate from the district in 19 which the voter resides. The two (2) at-large candidates receiving the 20 most votes from the whole city and the district candidates receiving the 21 most votes from their respective districts are elected to the legislative 22 body. 23 (m) This subsection applies to a city having a population of less than 24 seven thousand (7,000). A legislative body of such a city that has, by 25 resolution adopted before May 7, 1991, decided to continue an election 26 process that permits each voter of the city to vote for one (1) candidate 27 at large and one (1) candidate from each of its four (4) council districts 28 may hold elections using that voting arrangement. The at-large 29 candidate and the candidate from each district receiving the most votes 30 from the whole city are elected to the legislative body. The districts 31 established in cities adopting such a resolution may cross precinct 32 boundary lines. 33 (n) A copy of the ordinance establishing districts or a recertification 34 under this section must be filed with the circuit court clerk of the 35 county that contains the greatest population of the city not later than thirty (30) days after the ordinance or recertification is adopted. The 36 37 filing must include a map of the district boundaries: 38 (1) adopted under subsection (b) or (j); or 39 (2) recertified under subsection (q). (**o**). 40 (o) If any territory in the city is not included in one (1) of the 41 districts established under this section, the territory is included in the 42 district that:



1 (1) is contiguous to that territory; and 2 (2) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that 3 territory. 4 (p) If any territory in the city is included in more than one (1) of the 5 districts established under this section, the territory is included in the 6 district that: 7 (1) is one (1) of the districts in which the territory is described in 8 the ordinance adopted under this section; 9 (2) is contiguous to that territory; and (3) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that 10 11 territory. 12 (q) This subsection applies during the second year after a year in which a federal decennial census is conducted. (0) If the legislative 13 14 body determines that a division under subsection (b) or (j) is not 15 required, the legislative body shall adopt an ordinance recertifying that the districts as drawn comply with this section. 16 (r) (p) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the 17 18 ordinance, but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance. 19 The ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this 20 chapter. If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the 21 ordinance violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other 22 provisions or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect 23 without the invalid provision or application. The provisions of the 24 ordinance are severable. 25 (s) If a conflict exists between: 26 (1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and 27 (2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the 28 ordinance: 29 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in 30 the ordinance, not the boundaries shown on the map, to the extent there 31 is a conflict between the description and the map. 32 (q) IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section. 33 SECTION 15. IC 36-5-2-4.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.74-2017, SECTION 79, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 34 35 JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4.1. (a) The legislative body may, by ordinance, 36 divide the town into districts for the purpose of conducting elections of 37 town officers. 38 (b) A town legislative body district must comply with the following 39 standards: 40 (1) The district must be composed of contiguous territory, except 41 for territory that is not contiguous to any other part of the town. 42 (2) The district must be reasonably compact.



1	(3) The district must contain, as nearly as is possible, equal
2 3	population.
	(4) The district may not cross a census block boundary except
4	when following a precinct boundary line or unless the ordinance
5	specifies that the census block has no population and is not likely
6	to have population before the effective date of the next federal
7	decennial census.
8	(5) The district may not cross precinct lines, except as provided
9	in subsection (c).
10	(c) The boundary of a town legislative body district established
11	under subsection (a) may cross a precinct boundary line if:
12	(1) the legislative body provides by ordinance under section 5 of
13	this chapter that all legislative body members are to be elected at
14	large by the voters of the whole town; or
15	(2) the district would not otherwise contain, as nearly as is
16	possible, equal population.
17	(d) If any territory in the town is not included in one (1) of the
18	districts established under this section, the territory is included in the
19	district that:
20	(1) is contiguous to that territory; and
21	(2) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that
22	territory.
23	(e) If any territory in the town is included in more than one (1) of the
24	districts established under this section, the territory is included in the
25	district that:
26	(1) is one (1) of the districts in which the territory is described in
27	the ordinance adopted under this section;
28	(2) is contiguous to that territory; and
29	(3) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that
30	territory.
31	(f) (e) The ordinance may be appealed in the manner prescribed by
32	IC 34-13-6. If the town is located in two (2) or more counties, the
33	appeal may be filed in the circuit or superior court of any of those
34	counties.
35	(g) (f) This subsection does not apply to a town with an ordinance
36	described by subsection (h). (g). Except as provided in subsection (k),
37	(j), the division permitted by subsection (a) shall be made
38	(1) during the second year after a year in which a federal
39	decennial census is conducted, subject to IC 3-11-1.5-32; and
40	(2) when required to assign annexed territory to a municipal
41	legislative body district.
42	The division may also be made in any other year. only at times



1 permitted under IC 3-5-10. 2 (h) (g) This subsection applies to a town having a population of less 3 than three thousand five hundred (3,500). The town legislative body 4 may adopt an ordinance providing that: 5 (1) town legislative body districts are abolished; and 6 (2) all members of the legislative body are elected at large. 7 (i) (h) An ordinance described by subsection (h): (g): 8 (1) may not be adopted or repealed during a year in which a 9 municipal election is scheduled to be conducted in the town under IC 3-10-6 or IC 3-10-7; and 10 (2) is effective upon passage. 11 12 (i) A copy of the ordinance establishing districts or a 13 recertification under this section must be filed with the circuit court 14 clerk of the county that contains the greatest population of the town not 15 later than thirty (30) days after the ordinance or recertification is 16 adopted. The filing must include a map of the district boundaries: 17 (1) adopted under subsection (a); or 18 (2) recertified under subsection (k). (j). 19 (k) This subsection applies during the second year after a year in 20 which a federal decennial census is conducted. (i) If the legislative body determines that a division under subsection (a) is not required, the 21 22 legislative body shall adopt an ordinance recertifying that the districts 23 as drawn comply with this section. 24 (h) (k) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the 25 ordinance, but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance. 26 The ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this 27 chapter. If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the 28 ordinance violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other 29 provisions or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect 30 without the invalid provision or application. The provisions of the 31 ordinance are severable. 32 (m) If a conflict exists between: 33 (1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and 34 (2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the 35 ordinance; 36 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in 37 the ordinance, not the boundaries shown on the map, to the extent there 38 is a conflict between the description and the map. 39 (n) (l) This subsection applies to a town having a population of less than three thousand five hundred (3,500). If the town legislative body 40 41 has not: 42 (1) adopted an ordinance under subsection (a) and subject to



1	subsection (g) (f) after December 31, 2011; or
2	(2) adopted an ordinance recertifying districts under subsection
3	(k) (j) after December 31, 2011;
4	the town legislative body districts are abolished, effective January 1,
5	2018. A town described by this subsection may adopt an ordinance to
6	establish town legislative body districts in accordance with subsection
7	(a) and subject to subsection (g) (f) after January 1, 2018.
8	(m) IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section.
9	SECTION 16. IC 36-6-6-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013,
10	SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 2.5. (a) This section applies to townships in a
12	county containing a consolidated city.
13	(b) The legislative body shall adopt a resolution that divides the
14	township into legislative body districts that:
15	(1) are composed of contiguous territory;
16	(2) are reasonably compact;
17	(3) respect, as nearly as reasonably practicable, precinct boundary
18	lines; and
19	(4) contain, as nearly as reasonably practicable, equal population.
20	(c) Before a legislative body may adopt a resolution that divides a
21	township into legislative body districts, the secretary of the legislative
22	body shall mail a written notice to the circuit court clerk. This notice
23	must:
24	(1) state that the legislative body is considering the adoption of a
25	resolution to divide the township into legislative body districts;
26	and
27	(2) be mailed not later than ten (10) days before the legislative
28	body adopts the resolution.
29	(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), (e), the legislative body
30	shall make a division into legislative body districts at the following
31	times:
32	(1) During the second year after a year in which a federal
33	decennial census is conducted.
34	(2) Subject to IC 3-11-1.5-32.5, whenever the boundary of the
35	township changes.
36	(c) The legislative body may make the division under this section at
37	any time, subject to IC 3-11-1.5-32.5. only at times permitted under
38	IC 3-5-10.
39	(f) This subsection applies during the second year after a year in
40	which a federal decennial census is conducted. (e) If the legislative
41	body determines that a division is not required under subsection (b),
42	the legislative body shall adopt an ordinance recertifying that the
. 2	and registrative cour shall adopt an oranance recentlying that the

1 districts as drawn comply with this section.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

(g) (f) Each time there is a division under subsection (b) or a recertification under subsection (f), (e), the legislative body shall file with the circuit court clerk of the county not later than thirty (30) days after the adoption or recertification occurs a map of the district boundaries:

(1) adopted under subsection (b); or

(2) recertified under subsection (f). (e).

9 (h) (g) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the 10 ordinance, but do not have to be specifically set forth in the ordinance. The ordinance must be construed, if possible, to comply with this 11 12 chapter. If a provision of the ordinance or an application of the 13 ordinance violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other 14 provisions or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect 15 without the invalid provision or application. The provisions of the 16 ordinance are severable. 17 (i) If a conflict exists between:

- 18 (1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and
- 19 (2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the
 20 ordinance;
- 21 the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in
- 22 the ordinance, not the boundaries shown on the map, to the extent there
- 23 is a conflict between the description and the map.
- 24 (h) IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elections and Apportionment, to which was referred House Bill 1285, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1285 as introduced.)

WESCO

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 2

