

HOUSE BILL No. 1274

DIGEST OF HB 1274 (Updated January 18, 2022 10:05 am - DI 140)

Citations Affected: IC 4-13.1; IC 5-14; IC 34-13; IC 34-30.

Synopsis: Volunteer cyber civilian corps. Establishes the Indiana cyber civilian corps program (program). Provides that the program includes civilian volunteers who have expertise in addressing cybersecurity incidents and may volunteer at the invitation of the office of technology (office) to provide rapid response assistance to a client in need of expert assistance during a recognition of a potential vulnerability that could lead to a cybersecurity incident. Requires the office to develop and administer the program. Provides that the work product of a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor, including any information voluntarily submitted to the volunteer or advisor, is exempt from disclosure. Provides that a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor is immune from tort liability for an injury to a person or damage to property that occurred while deployed and acting on behalf of the office if certain conditions are met.

Effective: July 1, 2022.

Judy, Frye R, Bartels, Morris

January 18, 2022, reported — Do Pass. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means pursuant to Rule 127.



Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1274

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 4-13.1-1-1.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1.1. "Advisory board" means the
4	Indiana cyber civilian corps program advisory board established
5	by IC 4-13.1-4-8.
6	SECTION 2. IC 4-13.1-1-1.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
7	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1.2. "Client" means a:
9	(1) state agency (as defined in IC 4-1-10-2);
10	(2) political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13); or
11	(3) state educational institution (as defined in IC 21-7-13-32);
12	that has requested and is using the rapid response assistance of the
13	Indiana cyber civilian corps program under the direction of the
14	office.
15	SECTION 3. IC 4-13.1-1-1.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
16	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1.4. "Cyber civilian corps" means



the Indiana cyber civilian corps program established by IC 4-13.1-4 in which a civilian volunteer who has expertise in addressing cybersecurity incidents may volunteer at the invitation of the office to provide rapid response assistance to a client in need of expert assistance during a cybersecurity incident.

SECTION 4. IC 4-13.1-1-1.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: **Sec. 1.6.** "Cyber civilian corps advisor" or "advisor" means an individual who has entered into a volunteer agreement with the office to serve as a nondeployable advisor in the Indiana cyber civilian corps program.

SECTION 5. IC 4-13.1-1-1.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: **Sec. 1.7.** "Cyber civilian corps volunteer" means an individual who has entered into a volunteer agreement with the office to serve as a deployable volunteer in the Indiana cyber civilian corps program.

SECTION 6. IC 4-13.1-1-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: **Sec. 4.5.** "State police department" refers to the state police department established by IC 10-11-2-4.

SECTION 7. IC 4-13.1-1-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 6. "Volunteer agreement" means a contract entered into between the office and a cyber civilian corps volunteer or cyber civilian corp advisor as described in IC 4-13.1-4-3.

SECTION 8. IC 4-13.1-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.134-2021, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 2. (a) The office shall do the following:

- (1) Develop and maintain overall strategy and architecture for the use of information technology in state government.
- (2) Review state agency budget requests and proposed contracts relating to information technology at the request of the budget agency.
- (3) Coordinate state information technology master planning.
- (4) Maintain an inventory of significant information technology resources and expenditures.
- (5) Maintain a repository of cybersecurity incidents.
- (6) Manage a computer gateway to carry out or facilitate public, educational, and governmental functions.
- (7) Provide technical staff support services for state agencies.
- (8) Provide services that may be requested by the following:



1	(A) The judicial department of state government.
2	(B) The legislative department of state government.
2 3	(C) A state educational institution.
4	(D) A political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13).
5	(E) A body corporate and politic created by statute.
6	(F) An entity created by the state.
7	(9) Monitor trends and advances in information technology.
8	(10) Review projects, architecture, security, staffing, and
9	expenditures.
10	(11) Develop and maintain policies, procedures, and guidelines
11	for the effective and secure use of information technology in state
12	government.
13	(12) Advise the state personnel department on guidelines for
14	information technology staff for state agencies.
15	(13) Conduct periodic management reviews of information
16	technology activities within state agencies upon request.
17	(14) Seek funding for technology services from the following:
18	(A) Grants.
19	(B) Federal sources.
20	(C) Gifts, donations, and bequests.
21	(D) Partnerships with other governmental entities or the
22	private sector.
23	(E) Appropriations.
24	(F) Any other source of funds.
25	(15) Perform other information technology related functions and
26	duties as directed by the governor.
27	(16) Develop and administer the Indiana cyber civilian corps
28	program established by IC 4-13.1-4.
29	(b) The office may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that are necessary
30	or appropriate in carrying out its powers and duties.
31	SECTION 9. IC 4-13.1-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
32	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2022]:
34	Chapter 4. Indiana Cyber Civilian Corps Program
35	Sec. 1. (a) The Indiana cyber civilian corps program is
36	established.
37	(b) The office shall develop and administer the cyber civilian
38	corps.
39	Sec. 2. The office may invite and appoint an individual who has
40	expertise in addressing cybersecurity incidents to serve as a cyber
41	civilian corps volunteer or advisor for the purposes of establishing
42	and implementing the requirements described in this chapter.



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Sec. 3. The office shall enter into a contract with any individual
who chooses to accept an invitation from the office to serve as a
cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor and meets the qualifying
criteria for the positions determined by the advisory board. The
contract, at a minimum, must include the following provisions:
(1) Requirement that the cyber civilian corps volunteer or
advisor maintain the confidentiality of information relating to
a client.
(2) Protection from the disclosure of any confidential
information acquired by the cyber civilian corps volunteer or
advisor through participation in the cyber civilian corps.
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- (3) Requirement that the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor avoid any conflict of interest that may arise from a particular deployment or participation.
- (4) Requirement that the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor comply with any existing office security policies and procedures regarding information technology resources.
- (5) Requirement that the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor consent to any background screening considered appropriate by the office as described in section 4 of this chapter.
- (6) Requirement that the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor attest that the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor meets any standards of expertise that may be established by the office.
- Sec. 4. (a) When an individual accepts an invitation to serve as a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor as described in section 3 of this chapter, the office shall request, at a minimum, that a national criminal history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) be performed on the individual.
- (b) An individual who accepts an invitation to the cyber civilian corps shall give written consent in the volunteer agreement for the state police department to conduct the criminal history check required under this section. The office shall require the individual to submit the individual's fingerprints to the state police department and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the criminal history check required under this section.
- (c) The state police department shall perform a criminal history check as described in subsection (a) for all individuals who wish to participate as a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor. The office shall make the request on a form in a manner prescribed by the state police department.



- (d) The state police department shall conduct the criminal history check requested by the office in a reasonable time and provide a report of the results to the office. The report must indicate that the individual is cleared or not cleared to become a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor.

 (e) If an individual is cleared to become a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor as described in subsection (d), any subsequent fingerprints of the individual submitted pursuant to this section shall be reviewed by the state police department and the state police department shall provide a report to the office that indicates if the individual is still cleared or is no longer cleared to continue
 - (f) If a criminal history check results in a previous criminal history, the individual may appeal to the advisory board for nondeployable cyber civilian corps advisor status.

as a part of the cyber civilian corps.

- (g) The cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor may not engage in training until either the criminal background check or appeal regarding the criminal background check process has been completed.
- Sec. 5. (a) A cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor is not an agent, employee, or independent contractor of the state of Indiana for any purpose and has no authority to bind the state of Indiana with regard to third parties.
- (b) The state of Indiana is not liable to a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor for personal injury or property damage suffered by the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor through participation in the cyber civilian corps.
- Sec. 6. (a) The office and the state of Indiana are immune from tort liability for acts or omissions by a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor as provided in this chapter.
- (b) A cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor is immune from tort liability for an injury to a person or damage to property that occurred while deployed or participating and acting on behalf of the office if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor is acting or reasonably believes that the volunteer or advisor is acting within the scope of the cyber civilian corps volunteer's or advisor's authority.
 - (2) The cyber civilian corps volunteer's or advisor's conduct does not amount to gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct that is the proximate cause of the injury or damage.



- (3) The cyber civilian corps volunteer's or advisor's conduct is not a material breach of the volunteer agreement during that deployment or participation.
- (c) If a claim is made or a civil action is commenced against a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor for injuries to a person or property caused by the negligence of the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor that occurred while in the course of the cyber civilian corps volunteer's or advisor's deployment or participation on behalf of the office and while acting within the scope of the cyber civilian corps volunteer's or advisor's authority, the office may:
 - (1) pay for, engage, or furnish services of an attorney to advise the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor as to the claim and may appear for and represent the cyber civilian volunteer or advisor in the action; or
 - (2) compromise, settle, and pay the claim before or after the commencement of a civil action.
- (d) If a judgment for damages is awarded against a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor as a result of a civil action for personal injuries or property damage caused by the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor while in the course of the cyber civilian corps volunteer's or advisor's deployment or participation and while acting within the scope of the cyber civilian corps volunteer's or advisor's authority, the office may indemnify the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor or pay, settle, or compromise the judgment.
- (e) If a criminal action is commenced against a cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor as a result of the conduct of the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor in the course of the cyber civilian corps volunteer's or advisor's deployment or participation, the office may:
 - (1) pay for, engage, or furnish the services of an attorney to advise the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor as to the action; and
 - (2) appear for and represent the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor in the action;

if the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor had a reasonable basis for believing that the cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor was acting within the scope of the cyber civilian corps volunteer's or advisor's authority at the time of the alleged conduct. A cyber civilian corps volunteer or advisor who has incurred legal expenses for conduct described in this subsection



1	may obtain reimbursement for the expenses described in this
2	section.
3	(f) This section does not impose liability on the office or the state
4	of Indiana.
5	Sec. 7. (a) Upon the occurrence of:
6	(1) a cybersecurity incident, a client must notify the state
7	police department; or
8	(2) a recognition of a potential vulnerability that could lead to
9	a cybersecurity incident, a client may request the office to
10	deploy at least one (1) cyber civilian corps volunteer to
11	provide rapid response assistance to the client.
12	(b) The office may, at its discretion, initiate:
13	(1) the deployment of a cyber civilian corps volunteer; or
14	(2) the nondeployment of a cyber civilian corps advisor;
15	upon the recognition of a potential vulnerability that could lead to
16	a cybersecurity incident at the request of the client.
17	(c) Acceptance of a deployment by a cyber civilian corps
18	volunteer under this chapter must be made in writing. A cyber
19	civilian corps volunteer may decline to accept deployment for any
20	reason.
21	(d) To initiate the deployment of a cyber civilian corps
22	volunteer, the office shall indicate in writing that the cyber civilian
23	corps volunteer is authorized to provide assistance. A single
24	writing may initiate the deployment of at least one (1) cyber
25	civilian corps volunteer.
26	(e) The office shall maintain a writing initiating the deployment
27	of a cyber civilian corps volunteer to provide assistance to a client
28	for six (6) years from the time of deployment or for the time
29	required under the office's record retention policies, whichever is
30	longer.
31	(f) The deployment of a cyber civilian corps volunteer to provide
32	assistance to a client must be for seven (7) days unless the writing
33	initiating the deployment contains a different period.
34	(g) At the discretion of the office, the deployment of a cyber
35	civilian corps volunteer may be extended in writing in the same
36	manner as the initial deployment.
37	Sec. 8. (a) The Indiana cyber civilian corps program advisory
38	board is established within the office.
39	(b) The advisory board is composed of the following:
40	(1) The adjutant general or the adjutant general's designee.
41	(2) The director of information technology services employed

by a state agency or a political subdivision that is appointed



1	by the chief information officer or the director's designee.
2	(3) The superintendent of the state police department or the
3	superintendent's designee.
4	(4) The director of the Indiana economic development
5	corporation or the director's designee.
6	(5) A mayor or county commissioner appointed by the
7	governor.
8	(c) The advisory board shall review and make recommendations
9	to the office regarding the policies and procedures used by the
10	office in implementing this chapter.
11	(d) The advisory board shall meet at least two (2) times a year.
12	(e) The advisory board shall review and make recommendations
13	regarding individuals applying for the nondeployable advisor
14	status.
15	Sec. 9. (a) After consultation with the advisory board, the chief
16	information officer shall do all of the following:
17	(1) Approve the set of tools that the cyber civilian corps may
18	use in response to a potential cybersecurity incident.
19	(2) Determine the standards of expertise necessary for an
20	individual to become a member of the civilian cyber corps.
21	(3) Establish and maintain a formal process to track civilian
22	cyber corps volunteer and advisor trainings and compliance
23	with standards as determined by the office.
24	(b) After consultation with the advisory board, the office shall
25	publish guidelines for the operation of the cyber civilian corps
26	program. At a minimum, the published guidelines must include the
27	following:
28	(1) An explanation of the standards the office will use to
29	determine whether an individual may serve as a cyber civilian
30	corps volunteer or advisor and an explanation of the process
31	by which an individual may become a cyber civilian corps
32	volunteer or advisor.
33	(2) An explanation of the requirements the office will impose
34	when a client requests and receives the assistance of the cyber
35	civilian corps.
36	(3) An explanation of the process by which the cyber civilian
37	corps will select and prioritize who should receive assistance.
38	(c) The office may enter into a contract with a client as a
39	condition to providing assistance through the cyber civilian corps.
40	(d) The office may provide appropriate training to individuals
41	who wish to participate in the cyber civilian corps and to existing



cyber civilian corps volunteers and advisors.

1	(a) The office may provide componentian for cetual and
2	(e) The office may provide compensation for actual and necessary travel and subsistence expenses incurred by a cyber
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4	civilian corps volunteer on a deployment at the discretion of the office.
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6	(f) The office may establish a fee schedule to those who wish to use the assistance of the cyber civilian corps. The office may recoup
7	expenses through the fees but not generate a profit.
8	(g) Information voluntarily given to the cyber civilian corps
9	command center or obtained under this chapter that would
10	identify or provide as a means of identifying a person that may, as
11	a result of disclosure of the information:
12	(1) cause the person or client to become a victim of a
13	cybersecurity incident; or
14	(2) disclose a person's or client's cybersecurity plans or
15	cybersecurity related practices, procedures, methods, results,
16	organizational information system infrastructure, hardware,
17	or software;
18	is exempt from disclosure under IC 5-14-3-4.
19	(h) The work product of a cyber civilian corps volunteer or
20	advisor described in this chapter is exempt from disclosure under
21	IC 5-14-3-4.
22	SECTION 10. IC 5-14-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2021,
23	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) The following public records are excepted
25	from section 3 of this chapter and may not be disclosed by a public
26	agency, unless access to the records is specifically required by a state
27	or federal statute or is ordered by a court under the rules of discovery:
28	(1) Those declared confidential by state statute.
29	(2) Those declared confidential by rule adopted by a public
30	agency under specific authority to classify public records as
31	confidential granted to the public agency by statute.
32	(3) Those required to be kept confidential by federal law.
33	(4) Records containing trade secrets.
34	(5) Confidential financial information obtained, upon request,
35	from a person. However, this does not include information that is
36	filed with or received by a public agency pursuant to state statute.
37	(6) Information concerning research, including actual research
38	documents, conducted under the auspices of a state educational
39	institution, including information:
40	(A) concerning any negotiations made with respect to the
41	research; and

(B) received from another party involved in the research.



1	(7) Grade transcripts and license examination scores obtained as
2	part of a licensure process.
3	(8) Those declared confidential by or under rules adopted by the
4	supreme court of Indiana.
5	(9) Patient medical records and charts created by a provider,
6	unless the patient gives written consent under IC 16-39 or as
7	provided under IC 16-41-8.
8	(10) Application information declared confidential by the Indiana
9	economic development corporation under IC 5-28.
10	(11) A photograph, a video recording, or an audio recording of an
11	autopsy, except as provided in IC 36-2-14-10.
12	(12) A Social Security number contained in the records of a
13	public agency.
14	(13) The following information that is part of a foreclosure action
15	subject to IC 32-30-10.5:
16	(A) Contact information for a debtor, as described in
17	IC 32-30-10.5-8(d)(1)(B).
18	(B) Any document submitted to the court as part of the debtor's
19	loss mitigation package under IC 32-30-10.5-10(a)(3).
20	(14) The following information obtained from a call made to a
21	fraud hotline established under IC 36-1-8-8.5:
22	(A) The identity of any individual who makes a call to the
23	fraud hotline.
24	(B) A report, transcript, audio recording, or other information
25	concerning a call to the fraud hotline.
26	However, records described in this subdivision may be disclosed
27	to a law enforcement agency, a private university police
28	department, the attorney general, the inspector general, the state
29	examiner, or a prosecuting attorney.
30	(b) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (a), the following
31	public records shall be excepted from section 3 of this chapter at the
32	discretion of a public agency:
33	(1) Investigatory records of law enforcement agencies or private
34	university police departments. For purposes of this chapter, a law
35	enforcement recording is not an investigatory record. Law
36	enforcement agencies or private university police departments
37	may share investigatory records with a:
38	(A) person who advocates on behalf of a crime victim,
39	including a victim advocate (as defined in IC 35-37-6-3.5) or
40	a victim service provider (as defined in IC 35-37-6-5), for the
41	purposes of providing services to a victim or describing
42	services that may be available to a victim; and



1	(B) school corporation (as defined by IC 20-18-2-16(a)),
2	charter school (as defined by IC 20-24-1-4), or nonpublic
2 3	school (as defined by IC 20-18-2-12) for the purpose of
4	enhancing the safety or security of a student or a school
5	facility;
6	without the law enforcement agency or private university police
7	department losing its discretion to keep those records confidential
8	from other records requesters. However, certain law enforcement
9	records must be made available for inspection and copying as
10	provided in section 5 of this chapter.
11	(2) The work product of an attorney representing, pursuant to
12	state employment or an appointment by a public agency:
13	(A) a public agency;
14	(B) the state; or
15	(C) an individual.
16	(3) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used
17	in administering a licensing examination, examination for
18	employment, or academic examination before the examination is
19	given or if it is to be given again.
20	(4) Scores of tests if the person is identified by name and has not
21	consented to the release of the person's scores.
22	(5) The following:
23	(A) Records relating to negotiations between:
24	(i) the Indiana economic development corporation;
25	(ii) the ports of Indiana;
26	(iii) the Indiana state department of agriculture;
27	(iv) the Indiana finance authority;
28	(v) an economic development commission;
29	(vi) the Indiana White River state park development
30	commission;
31	(vii) a local economic development organization that is a
32	nonprofit corporation established under state law whose
33	primary purpose is the promotion of industrial or business
34	development in Indiana, the retention or expansion of
35	Indiana businesses, or the development of entrepreneurial
36	activities in Indiana; or
37	(viii) a governing body of a political subdivision;
38	with industrial, research, or commercial prospects, if the
39	records are created while negotiations are in progress.
40	However, this clause does not apply to records regarding
41	research that is prohibited under IC 16-34.5-1-2 or any other
42	law.



1	(B) Notwithstanding clause (A), the terms of the final offer of
2	public financial resources communicated by the Indiana
3	economic development corporation, the ports of Indiana, the
4	Indiana finance authority, an economic development
5	commission, the Indiana White River state park development
6	commission, or a governing body of a political subdivision to
7	an industrial, a research, or a commercial prospect shall be
8	available for inspection and copying under section 3 of this
9	chapter after negotiations with that prospect have terminated.
10	(C) When disclosing a final offer under clause (B), the Indiana
11	economic development corporation shall certify that the
12	information being disclosed accurately and completely
13	represents the terms of the final offer.
14	(D) Notwithstanding clause (A), an incentive agreement with
15	an incentive recipient shall be available for inspection and
16	copying under section 3 of this chapter after the date the
17	incentive recipient and the Indiana economic development
18	corporation execute the incentive agreement regardless of
19	whether negotiations are in progress with the recipient after
20	that date regarding a modification or extension of the incentive
21	agreement.
22	(6) Records that are intra-agency or interagency advisory or
23	deliberative material, including material developed by a private
24	contractor under a contract with a public agency, that are
25	expressions of opinion or are of a speculative nature, and that are
26	communicated for the purpose of decision making.
27	(7) Diaries, journals, or other personal notes serving as the
28	functional equivalent of a diary or journal.
29	(8) Personnel files of public employees and files of applicants for
30	public employment, except for:
31	(A) the name, compensation, job title, business address,
32	business telephone number, job description, education and
33	training background, previous work experience, or dates of
34	first and last employment of present or former officers or
35	employees of the agency;
36	(B) information relating to the status of any formal charges
37	against the employee; and
38	(C) the factual basis for a disciplinary action in which final
39	action has been taken and that resulted in the employee being
40	suspended, demoted, or discharged.

However, all personnel file information shall be made available

to the affected employee or the employee's representative. This



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1	subdivision does not apply to disclosure of personnel information
2	generally on all employees or for groups of employees without the
3	request being particularized by employee name.
4	(9) Minutes or records of hospital medical staff meetings.
5	(10) Administrative or technical information that would
6	jeopardize a record keeping system, voting system, voter
7	registration system, or security system.
8	(11) Computer programs, computer codes, computer filing
9	systems, and other software that are owned by the public agency
10	or entrusted to it and portions of electronic maps entrusted to a
11	public agency by a utility.
12	(12) Records specifically prepared for discussion or developed
13	during discussion in an executive session under IC 5-14-1.5-6.1.
14	However, this subdivision does not apply to that information
15	required to be available for inspection and copying under
16	subdivision (8).
17	(13) The work product of the legislative services agency under
18	personnel rules approved by the legislative council.
19	(14) The work product of individual members and the partisan
20	staffs of the general assembly.
21	(15) The identity of a donor of a gift made to a public agency if:
22	(A) the donor requires nondisclosure of the donor's identity as
23	a condition of making the gift; or
24	(B) after the gift is made, the donor or a member of the donor's
25	family requests nondisclosure.
26	(16) Library or archival records:
27	(A) which can be used to identify any library patron; or
28	(B) deposited with or acquired by a library upon a condition
29	that the records be disclosed only:
30	(i) to qualified researchers;
31	(ii) after the passing of a period of years that is specified in
32	the documents under which the deposit or acquisition is
33	made; or
34	(iii) after the death of persons specified at the time of the
35	acquisition or deposit.
36	However, nothing in this subdivision shall limit or affect contracts
37	entered into by the Indiana state library pursuant to IC 4-1-6-8.
38	(17) The identity of any person who contacts the bureau of motor
39	vehicles concerning the ability of a driver to operate a motor
40	vehicle safely and the medical records and evaluations made by
41	the bureau of motor vehicles staff or members of the driver
42	licensing medical advisory board regarding the ability of a driver



1	to operate a motor vehicle safely. However, upon written request
2	to the commissioner of the bureau of motor vehicles, the driver
2 3	must be given copies of the driver's medical records and
4	evaluations.
5	(18) School safety and security measures, plans, and systems,
6	including emergency preparedness plans developed under 511
7	IAC 6.1-2-2.5.
8	(19) A record or a part of a record, the public disclosure of which
9	would have a reasonable likelihood of threatening public safety
10	by exposing a vulnerability to terrorist attack. A record described
11	under this subdivision includes the following:
12	(A) A record assembled, prepared, or maintained to prevent,
13	mitigate, or respond to an act of terrorism under IC 35-47-12-1
14	(before its repeal), an act of agricultural terrorism under
15	IC 35-47-12-2 (before its repeal), or a felony terrorist offense
16	(as defined in IC 35-50-2-18).
17	(B) Vulnerability assessments.
18	(C) Risk planning documents.
19	(D) Needs assessments.
20	(E) Threat assessments.
21	(F) Intelligence assessments.
22	(G) Domestic preparedness strategies.
23	(H) The location of community drinking water wells and
24	surface water intakes.
25	(I) The emergency contact information of emergency
26	responders and volunteers.
27	(J) Infrastructure records that disclose the configuration of
28	critical systems such as voting system and voter registration
29	system critical infrastructure, and communication, electrical,
30	ventilation, water, and wastewater systems.
31	(K) Detailed drawings or specifications of structural elements,
32	floor plans, and operating, utility, or security systems, whether
33	in paper or electronic form, of any building or facility located
34	on an airport (as defined in IC 8-21-1-1) that is owned,
35	occupied, leased, or maintained by a public agency, or any part
36	of a law enforcement recording that captures information
37	about airport security procedures, areas, or systems. A record
38	described in this clause may not be released for public
39	inspection by any public agency without the prior approval of
40	the public agency that owns, occupies, leases, or maintains the

airport. Both of the following apply to the public agency that

owns, occupies, leases, or maintains the airport:



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1	(i) The public agency is responsible for determining whether
2	the public disclosure of a record or a part of a record,
3	including a law enforcement recording, has a reasonable
4	likelihood of threatening public safety by exposing a
5	security procedure, area, system, or vulnerability to terrorist
6	attack.
7	(ii) The public agency must identify a record described
8	under item (i) and clearly mark the record as "confidential
9	•
10	and not subject to public disclosure under
11	IC 5-14-3-4(b)(19)(J) without approval of (insert name of
	submitting public agency)". However, in the case of a law
12	enforcement recording, the public agency must clearly mark
13	the record as "confidential and not subject to public
14	disclosure under IC 5-14-3-4(b)(19)(K) without approval of
15	(insert name of the public agency that owns, occupies,
16	leases, or maintains the airport)".
17	(L) The home address, home telephone number, and
18	emergency contact information for any:
19	(i) emergency management worker (as defined in
20	IC 10-14-3-3);
21	(ii) public safety officer (as defined in IC 35-47-4.5-3);
22	(iii) emergency medical responder (as defined in
23	IC 16-18-2-109.8); or
24	(iv) advanced emergency medical technician (as defined in
25	IC 16-18-2-6.5).
26	This subdivision does not apply to a record or portion of a record
27	pertaining to a location or structure owned or protected by a
28	public agency in the event that an act of terrorism under
29	IC 35-47-12-1 (before its repeal), an act of agricultural terrorism
30	under IC 35-47-12-2 (before its repeal), or a felony terrorist
31	offense (as defined in IC 35-50-2-18) has occurred at that location
32	or structure, unless release of the record or portion of the record
33	would have a reasonable likelihood of threatening public safety
34	by exposing a vulnerability of other locations or structures to
35	terrorist attack.
36	(20) The following personal information concerning a customer
37	of a municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1):
38	(A) Telephone number.
39	(B) Address.
40	(C) Social Security number.
41	(21) The following personal information about a complainant
42	contained in records of a law enforcement agency:
. –	comment in reverse of a fair emotionism about.



1	(A) Telephone number.
2	(B) The complainant's address. However, if the complainant's
2 3	address is the location of the suspected crime, infraction,
4	accident, or complaint reported, the address shall be made
5	available for public inspection and copying.
6	(22) Notwithstanding subdivision (8)(A), the name
7	compensation, job title, business address, business telephone
8	number, job description, education and training background,
9	previous work experience, or dates of first employment of a law
10	enforcement officer who is operating in an undercover capacity.
11	(23) Records requested by an offender, an agent, or a relative of
12	an offender that:
13	(A) contain personal information relating to:
14	(i) a correctional officer (as defined in IC 5-10-10-1.5);
15	(ii) a probation officer;
16	(iii) a community corrections officer;
17	(iv) a law enforcement officer (as defined in
18	IC 35-31.5-2-185);
19	(v) a judge (as defined in IC 33-38-12-3);
20	(vi) the victim of a crime; or
21	(vii) a family member of a correctional officer, probation
22	officer, community corrections officer, law enforcement
23	officer (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-185), judge (as defined
24	in IC 33-38-12-3), or victim of a crime; or
25	(B) concern or could affect the security of a jail or correctional
26	facility.
27	For purposes of this subdivision, "agent" means a person who is
28	authorized by an offender to act on behalf of, or at the direction
29	of, the offender, and "relative" has the meaning set forth in
30	IC 35-42-2-1(b). However, the term "agent" does not include an
31	attorney in good standing admitted to the practice of law in
32	Indiana.
33	(24) Information concerning an individual less than eighteen (18)
34	years of age who participates in a conference, meeting, program,
35	or activity conducted or supervised by a state educational
36	institution, including the following information regarding the
37	individual or the individual's parent or guardian:
38	(A) Name.
39	(B) Address.
40	(C) Telephone number.
41	(D) Electronic mail account address.
42	(25) Criminal intelligence information.
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(26) The following information contained in a report of unclaimed

2	property under IC 32-34-1.5-18 or in a claim for unclaimed
3	property under IC 32-34-1.5-48:
4	(A) Date of birth.
5	(B) Driver's license number.
6	(C) Taxpayer identification number.
7	(D) Employer identification number.
8	(E) Account number.
9	(27) Except as provided in subdivision (19) and sections 5.1 and
10	5.2 of this chapter, a law enforcement recording. However, before
11	disclosing the recording, the public agency must comply with the
12	obscuring requirements of sections 5.1 and 5.2 of this chapter, if
13	applicable.
14	(28) Records relating to negotiations between a state educational
15	institution and another entity concerning the establishment of a
16	collaborative relationship or venture to advance the research,
17	engagement, or educational mission of the state educational
18	institution, if the records are created while negotiations are in
19	progress. The terms of the final offer of public financial resources
20	communicated by the state educational institution to an industrial,
21	a research, or a commercial prospect shall be available for
22	inspection and copying under section 3 of this chapter after
23	negotiations with that prospect have terminated. However, this
24	subdivision does not apply to records regarding research
25	prohibited under IC 16-34.5-1-2 or any other law.
26	(29) The work product of a cyber civilian corps volunteer or
27	cyber civilian corps advisor, including any information
28	voluntarily submitted to the volunteer or advisor as described
29	in IC 4-13.1-4-9.
30	(c) Nothing contained in subsection (b) shall limit or affect the right
31	of a person to inspect and copy a public record required or directed to
32	be made by any statute or by any rule of a public agency.
33	(d) Notwithstanding any other law, a public record that is classified
34	as confidential, other than a record concerning an adoption or patient
35	medical records, shall be made available for inspection and copying
36	seventy-five (75) years after the creation of that record.
37	(e) Only the content of a public record may form the basis for the
38	adoption by any public agency of a rule or procedure creating an
39	exception from disclosure under this section.

(f) Except as provided by law, a public agency may not adopt a rule

or procedure that creates an exception from disclosure under this

section based upon whether a public record is stored or accessed using



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1	paper, electronic media, magnetic media, optical media, or other
2	information storage technology.
3	(g) Except as provided by law, a public agency may not adopt a rule
4	or procedure nor impose any costs or liabilities that impede or restrict
5	the reproduction or dissemination of any public record.
6	(h) Notwithstanding subsection (d) and section 7 of this chapter:
7	(1) public records subject to IC 5-15 may be destroyed only in
8	accordance with record retention schedules under IC 5-15; or
9	(2) public records not subject to IC 5-15 may be destroyed in the
10	ordinary course of business.
11	SECTION 11. IC 34-13-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.166-2021
12	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 3. (a) A governmental entity or an employee
14	acting within the scope of the employee's employment is not liable in
15	a loss results from the following:
16	(1) The natural condition of unimproved property.
17	(2) The condition of a reservoir, dam, canal, conduit, drain, or
18	similar structure when used by a person for a purpose that is no
19	foreseeable.
20	(3) The temporary condition of a public thoroughfare or extreme
21	sport area that results from weather.
22	(4) The condition of an unpaved road, trail, or footpath, the
23	purpose of which is to provide access to a recreation or scenic
24	area.
25	(5) The design, construction, control, operation, or normal
26	condition of an extreme sport area, if all entrances to the extreme
27	sport area are marked with:
28	(A) a set of rules governing the use of the extreme sport area
29	(B) a warning concerning the hazards and dangers associated
30	with the use of the extreme sport area; and
31	(C) a statement that the extreme sport area may be used only
32	by persons operating extreme sport equipment.
33	This subdivision shall not be construed to relieve a governmenta
34	entity from liability for the continuing duty to maintain extreme
35	sports areas in a reasonably safe condition.
36	(6) The initiation of a judicial or an administrative proceeding.
37	(7) The performance of a discretionary function; however, the
38	provision of medical or optical care as provided in IC 34-6-2-38
39	shall be considered as a ministerial act.
40	(8) The adoption and enforcement of or failure to adopt or
41	enforce:
42	(A) a law (including rules and regulations); or



1	(B) in the case of a public school or charter school, a policy;
2	unless the act of enforcement constitutes false arrest or false
3	imprisonment.
4	(9) An act or omission performed in good faith and without
5	malice under the apparent authority of a statute which is invalid
6	if the employee would not have been liable had the statute been
7	valid.
8	(10) The act or omission of anyone other than the governmental
9	entity or the governmental entity's employee.
10	(11) The issuance, denial, suspension, or revocation of, or failure
11	or refusal to issue, deny, suspend, or revoke any permit, license,
12	certificate, approval, order, or similar authorization, where the
13	authority is discretionary under the law.
14	(12) Failure to make an inspection, or making an inadequate or
15	negligent inspection, of any property, other than the property of
16	a governmental entity, to determine whether the property
17	complied with or violates any law or contains a hazard to health
18	or safety.
19	(13) Entry upon any property where the entry is expressly or
20	impliedly authorized by law.
21	(14) Misrepresentation if unintentional.
22	(15) Theft by another person of money in the employee's official
23	custody, unless the loss was sustained because of the employee's
24	own negligent or wrongful act or omission.
25	(16) Injury to the property of a person under the jurisdiction and
26	control of the department of correction if the person has not
27	exhausted the administrative remedies and procedures provided
28	by section 7 of this chapter.
29	(17) Injury to the person or property of a person under supervision
30	of a governmental entity and who is:
31	(A) on probation; or
32	(B) assigned to an alcohol and drug services program under
33	IC 12-23, a minimum security release program under
34	IC 11-10-8, a pretrial conditional release program under
35	IC 35-33-8, or a community corrections program under
36	IC 11-12.
37	(18) Design of a highway (as defined in IC 9-13-2-73), toll road
38	project (as defined in IC 8-15-2-4(4)), tollway (as defined in
39	IC 8-15-3-7), or project (as defined in IC 8-15.7-2-14) if the
40	claimed loss occurs at least twenty (20) years after the public
41	highway, toll road project, tollway, or project was designed or
42	substantially redesigned; except that this subdivision shall not be
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1	construed to relieve a responsible governmental entity from the
2	continuing duty to provide and maintain public highways in a
3	reasonably safe condition.
4	(19) Development, adoption, implementation, operation,
5	maintenance, or use of an enhanced emergency communication
6	system.
7	(20) Injury to a student or a student's property by an employee of
8	a school corporation if the employee is acting reasonably under a:
9	(A) discipline policy adopted under IC 20-33-8-12; or
10	(B) restraint and seclusion plan adopted under IC 20-20-40-14.
11	(21) An act or omission performed in good faith under the
12	apparent authority of a court order described in IC 35-46-1-15.1
13	or IC 35-46-1-15.3 that is invalid, including an arrest or
14	imprisonment related to the enforcement of the court order, if the
15	governmental entity or employee would not have been liable had
16	the court order been valid.
17	(22) An act taken to investigate or remediate hazardous
18	substances, petroleum, or other pollutants associated with a
19	brownfield (as defined in IC 13-11-2-19.3) unless:
20	(A) the loss is a result of reckless conduct; or
21	(B) the governmental entity was responsible for the initial
22	placement of the hazardous substances, petroleum, or other
23	pollutants on the brownfield.
24	(23) The operation of an off-road vehicle (as defined in
25	IC 14-8-2-185) by a nongovernmental employee, or by a
26	governmental employee not acting within the scope of the
27	employment of the employee, on a public highway in a county
28	road system outside the corporate limits of a city or town, unless
29	the loss is the result of an act or omission amounting to:
30	(A) gross negligence;
31	(B) willful or wanton misconduct; or
32	(C) intentional misconduct.
33	This subdivision shall not be construed to relieve a governmental
34	entity from liability for the continuing duty to maintain highways
35	in a reasonably safe condition for the operation of motor vehicles
36	licensed by the bureau of motor vehicles for operation on public
37	highways.
38	(24) Any act or omission rendered in connection with a request,
39	investigation, assessment, or opinion provided under
40	IC 36-9-28.7.
41	(25) Any act or omission rendered in connection with an

Indiana cyber civilian corps program deployment provided



under IC 4-13.1-4.

- (b) This subsection applies to a cause of action that accrues during a period of a state disaster emergency declared under IC 10-14-3-12 to respond to COVID-19, if the state of disaster emergency was declared after February 29, 2020, and before April 1, 2022. A governmental entity or an employee acting within the scope of the employee's employment is not liable for an act or omission arising from COVID-19 unless the act or omission constitutes gross negligence, willful or wanton misconduct, or intentional misrepresentation. If a claim described in this subsection is:
 - (1) a claim for injury or death resulting from medical malpractice; and
- (2) not barred by the immunity provided under this subsection; the claimant is required to comply with all of the provisions of IC 34-18 (medical malpractice act).

SECTION 12. IC 34-30-2-3.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 3.1. IC 4-13.1-4-6 (Concerning acts or omissions of an Indiana cyber civilian corps program volunteer or advisor).



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety, to which was referred House Bill 1274, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1274 as introduced.)

FRYE R

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0

