# HOUSE BILL No. 1271

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1.

**Synopsis:** Tax sale deeds. Provides that a tax sale purchaser may file a petition with the court not later than 30 days after the date of the sale to seek a determination that the real property is vacant or abandoned. Specifies that the effect of a court's determination that the real property is vacant or abandoned is that: (1) the owner has no right to redeem the real property; and (2) the county auditor shall issue a deed to the real property that conveys a fee simple interest to the purchaser. Sets forth the: (1) contents of notices required to be given before the court hearing on vacancy or abandonment; and (2) standards to be used in determining vacancy or abandonment. Provides that the procedure to seek a post-sale petition to determine vacancy or abandonment does not apply to vacant or abandoned real property that is on the list prepared by the county auditor under current law.

Effective: July 1, 2024.

### Hatcher

January 9, 2024, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.



### Introduced

#### Second Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2024)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2023 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# HOUSE BILL No. 1271

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-24-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2023,
2	SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does not apply to vacant or
4	abandoned real property that is on the list prepared by the county
5	auditor under section 1.5 of this chapter.
6	(b) In addition to the delinquency list required under section 1 of
7	this chapter, each county auditor shall prepare a notice. The notice shall
8	contain the following:
9	(1) A list of tracts or real property eligible for sale under this
10	chapter.
11	(2) A statement that the tracts or real property included in the list
12	will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, subject to the
13	right of redemption.
14	(3) A statement that the tracts or real property will not be sold for
15	an amount which is less than the sum of:
16	(A) the delinquent taxes and special assessments on each tract
17	or item of real property;



1	(P) the taxes and special assessments on each treat or item of
	(B) the taxes and special assessments on each tract or item of real property that are due and payable in the year of the sale,
2 3	whether or not they are delinquent;
3 4	(C) all penalties due on the delinquencies;
4 5	(D) an amount prescribed by the county auditor that equals the
6	sum of:
0 7	
8	(i) the greater of twenty-five dollars (\$25) or postage and
8 9	publication costs; and
10	(ii) any other actual costs incurred by the county that are
	directly attributable to the tax sale; and
11	(E) any unpaid costs due under subsection (c) from a prior tax
12	sale.
13	(4) A statement that a person redeeming each tract or item of real
14	property after the sale must pay: $(1100)$
15	(A) one hundred ten percent (110%) of the amount of the
16	minimum bid for which the tract or item of real property was
17	offered at the time of sale if the tract or item of real property
18	is redeemed not more than six (6) months after the date of
19	sale;
20	(B) one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the amount of the
21	minimum bid for which the tract or item of real property was
22	offered at the time of sale if the tract or item of real property
23	is redeemed more than six (6) months after the date of sale;
24	(C) the amount by which the purchase price exceeds the
25	minimum bid on the tract or item of real property plus five
26	percent (5%) interest per annum, on the amount by which the
27	purchase price exceeds the minimum bid; and
28	(D) all taxes and special assessments on the tract or item of
29	real property paid by the purchaser after the tax sale plus
30	interest at the rate of five percent (5%) per annum, on the
31	amount of taxes and special assessments paid by the purchaser
32	on the redeemed property.
33	(5) A statement for informational purposes only, of the location
34	of each tract or item of real property by key number, if any, and
35	street address, if any, or a common description of the property
36	other than a legal description. The township assessor, or the
37	county assessor if there is no township assessor for the township,
38	upon written request from the county auditor, shall provide the
39	information to be in the notice required by this subsection. A
40	misstatement in the key number or street address does not
41	invalidate an otherwise valid sale.
42	(6) A statement that the county does not warrant the accuracy of



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1	the street address or common description of the property.
2 3	(7) A statement indicating:
	(A) the name of the owner of each tract or item of real
4	property with a single owner; or
5	(B) the name of at least one (1) of the owners of each tract or
6	item of real property with multiple owners.
7	(8) A statement of the procedure to be followed for obtaining or
8	objecting to a judgment and order of sale, that must include the
9	following:
10	(A) A statement:
11	(i) that the county auditor and county treasurer will apply on
12	or after a date designated in the notice for a court judgment
13	against the tracts or real property for an amount that is not
14	less than the amount set under subdivision (3), and for an
15	order to sell the tracts or real property at public auction to
16	the highest bidder, subject to the right of redemption; and
17	(ii) indicating the date when the period of redemption
18	specified in IC 6-1.1-25-4 will expire.
19	(B) A statement that any defense to the application for
20	judgment must be:
21	(i) filed with the court; and
22	(ii) served on the county auditor and the county treasurer;
23	before the date designated as the earliest date on which the
24	application for judgment may be filed.
25	(C) A statement that the county auditor and the county
26	treasurer are entitled to receive all pleadings, motions,
27	petitions, and other filings related to the defense to the
28	application for judgment.
20 29	(D) A statement that the court will set a date for a hearing at
30	least seven (7) days before the advertised date and that the
31	court will determine any defenses to the application for
32	
32 33	judgment at the hearing. (0) A statement that the cale will be conducted at a place
	(9) A statement that the sale will be conducted at a place
34	designated in the notice and that the sale will continue until all
35	tracts and real property have been offered for sale.
36	(10) A statement that the sale will take place at the times and
37	dates designated in the notice. Whenever the public auction is to
38	be conducted as an electronic sale, the notice must include a
39	statement indicating that the public auction will be conducted as
40	an electronic sale and a description of the procedures that must be
41	followed to participate in the electronic sale.
42	(11) A statement that a person redeeming each tract or item after



the sale must pay the costs described in IC $6-1.1-25-2(e)$ .
(12) If a county auditor and county treasurer have entered into an
agreement under IC 6-1.1-25-4.7, a statement that the county
auditor will perform the duties of the notification and title search
under IC 6-1.1-25-4.5 and the notification and petition to the
court for the tax deed under IC 6-1.1-25-4.6.
(13) A statement that, if the tract or item of real property is sold
for an amount more than the minimum bid and the property is not
redeemed, the owner of record of the tract or item of real property
who is divested of ownership at the time the tax deed is issued
may have a right to the tax sale surplus.
(14) If a determination has been made under subsection (e), a
statement that tracts or items will be sold together.
(15) A statement that if a tract or item of real property has been
offered for sale at a county treasurer's tax sale in accordance with
section 5 of this chapter and a county executive's tax sale in
accordance with section 6.1 of this chapter on two (2) or more
occasions without a bid, the tract or item of real property may be
subject to an ordinance adopted under IC 6-1.1-25-4.9.
(16) With respect to a tract or an item of real property that is
subject to sale under this chapter after October 31, 2023, and
before November 1, 2024, a statement declaring whether an
ordinance adopted under IC 6-1.1-37-16 is in effect in the county
and, if applicable, an explanation of the circumstances in which
interest and penalties on the delinquent taxes and special
assessments will be waived.
(17) A statement indicating that the owner will have no right
to redeem the real property if the real property is determined
to be vacant or abandoned under section 7.1 of this chapter.
(c) If within sixty (60) days before the date of the tax sale the county
incurs costs set under subsection $(b)(3)(D)$ and those costs are not paid,
the county auditor shall enter the amount of costs that remain unpaid
upon the tax duplicate of the property for which the costs were set. The
county treasurer shall mail notice of unpaid costs entered upon a tax
duplicate under this subsection to the owner of the property identified
in the tax duplicate.
(d) The amount of unpaid costs entered upon a tax duplicate under
subsection (c) must be paid no later than the date upon which the next
installment of real estate taxes for the property is due. Unpaid costs
entered upon a tax duplicate under subsection (c) are a lien against the
property described in the tax duplicate, and amounts remaining unpaid
on the date the next installment of real estate taxes is due may be

1 collected in the same manner that delinquent property taxes are 2 collected. 3 (e) The county auditor and county treasurer may establish the 4 condition that a tract or item will be sold and may be redeemed under 5 this chapter only if the tract or item is sold or redeemed together with 6 one (1) or more other tracts or items. Property may be sold together 7 only if the tract or item is owned by the same person. 8 SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-24-7.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 9 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 10 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 7.1. (a) This section does not apply to vacant or abandoned real property that is on the list 11 12 prepared by the county auditor under section 1.5 of this chapter. 13 (b) This section applies to real property listed in the notice 14 required by section 2 of this chapter. 15 (c) Following a sale conducted under section 5 or 6.1 of this 16 chapter at which a tax sale purchaser pays the bid and receives a 17 certificate of sale, the tax sale purchaser may file a petition with 18 the court not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the sale to 19 seek a determination under this section that the real property is 20 vacant or abandoned. 21 (d) The tax sale purchaser shall provide notice of the hearing on 22 the petition seeking a determination of vacancy or abandonment in 23 the manner provided by this section. The notice must contain at 24 least the following: 25 (1) A statement that a property was purchased at a tax sale 26 and the tax sale purchaser is seeking a post-sale determination 27 that the property is vacant or abandoned. 28 (2) A statement that includes evidence that one (1) or more of 29 the conditions set forth in IC 32-30-10.6-5(a), which constitute 30 prima facie evidence, apply to the real property. 31 (3) A description of the real property purchased. 32 (4) A statement that if the real property is determined to be 33 vacant or abandoned: 34 (A) the owner will have no right to redeem the real 35 property; and 36 (B) a deed will be issued to the purchaser that provides the 37 purchaser with a fee simple interest in the real property. 38 (5) The street address, if any, or a common description of the 39 real property. 40 (6) The key number or parcel number of the real property. 41 (e) The notice required by this section is considered sufficient if 42 the notice is mailed by certified mail, return receipt requested, to:



1 (1) all owners of record of real property at the last address of 2 the owner for the property, as indicated in the records of the 3 county auditor; and 4 (2) any person with a substantial property interest of public 5 record at the address for the person included in the public 6 record that indicates the interest; 7 as of the date that the tax sale list is certified. 8 (f) At the hearing, the court shall hear evidence and testimony 9 from the parties as to whether the real property is vacant or 10 abandoned. In making its determination, the court shall consider 11 the following: 12 (1) Evidence that one (1) or more of the conditions set forth in 13 IC 32-30-10.6-5(a) apply to the real property. 14 (2) Any other factors that the court, in the court's discretion, 15 considers pertinent to the determination of vacancy or 16 abandonment under this section. 17 (g) If a court makes a determination that the real property is 18 vacant or abandoned, the court shall issue an order stating that the 19 owner has no right to redeem the real property and directing the 20 county auditor to issue a deed to the real property that conveys a 21 fee simple interest to the purchaser. 22 (h) A deed issued under this section to the purchaser conveys the 23 same fee simple interest in the real property as a deed issued under 24 IC 6-1.1-25. 25 SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-25-0.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.247-2015, 26 SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 27 JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 0.5. This chapter does not apply to vacant or 28 abandoned real property that is on the list prepared by the county 29 auditor under IC 6-1.1-24-1.5 unless the bid on the real property by the 30 highest bidder is not at least the minimum bid and the county auditor 31 executes and delivers a deed for the real property to the executive of a 32 county, city, or town under IC 6-1.1-24-13(c). There is no right to 33 redeem real property under this chapter after its sale under IC 6-1.1-24, 34 if the real property is on the vacant and abandoned property list 35 prepared by the county auditor under IC 6-1.1-24-1.5 or if the real 36 property is the subject of a court order issued under 37 IC 6-1.1-24-7.1. SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-25-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.26-2023, 38 39 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) There is no right to redeem real property 40 41 under this chapter after its sale under IC 6-1.1-24 if the real property is 42 on the vacant and abandoned property list prepared by the county



1 auditor under IC 6-1.1-24-1.5 or if the real property is the subject of 2 a court order issued under IC 6-1.1-24-7.1. The period for 3 redemption of any other real property sold under IC 6-1.1-24 is: 4 (1) one (1) year after the date of sale; or 5 (2) one hundred twenty (120) days after the date of sale to a 6 purchasing agency qualified under IC 36-7-17 or IC 36-7-17.1. 7 (b) Subject to subsection (k) and IC 6-1.1-24-9(e), the period for 8 redemption of real property: 9 (1) on which the county executive acquires a lien under 10 IC 6-1.1-24-6; and (2) for which the certificate of sale is not sold under 11 12 IC 6-1.1-24-6.1; is one hundred twenty (120) days after the date the county executive 13 14 acquires the lien under IC 6-1.1-24-6. 15 (c) The period for redemption of real property: 16 (1) on which the county executive acquires a lien under 17 IC 6-1.1-24-6; and 18 (2) for which the certificate of sale is sold under IC 6-1.1-24; 19 is one hundred twenty (120) days after the date of sale of the certificate 20 of sale under IC 6-1.1-24. (d) When a deed for real property is executed under this chapter, the 21 22 county auditor shall cancel the certificate of sale and file the canceled 23 certificate in the office of the county auditor. 24 (e) When a deed is issued to a county executive or other political 25 subdivision under this chapter, the taxes and special assessments for 26 which the real property was offered for sale and all subsequent taxes, 27 special assessments, interest, penalties, and cost of sale shall be 28 removed from the tax duplicate in the same manner that taxes are 29 removed by certificate of error. 30 (f) A tax deed executed under this chapter vests in the grantee an 31 estate in fee simple absolute, free and clear of all liens and 32 encumbrances created or suffered before or after the tax sale except 33 those liens granted priority under federal law and the lien of the state 34 or a political subdivision for taxes and special assessments which 35 accrue subsequent to the sale and which are not removed under 36 subsection (e). However, subject to subsection (g), the estate is subject 37 to: 38 (1) all easements, covenants, declarations, and other deed 39 restrictions shown by public records; 40 (2) laws, ordinances, and regulations concerning governmental 41 police powers, including zoning, building, land use, 42 improvements on the land, land division, and environmental

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1	protection;
2	(3) liens and encumbrances created or suffered by the grantee;
3	and
4	(4) leases shown by public record if the tax deed executed under
5	this chapter conveys only a severed interest located in, on, under,
6	or above the land.
7	The rights that an owner of land has in, on, under, or above the land, in
8	a lease described in subdivision (4), or in a memorandum of a lease
9	described in subdivision (4) are not limited or abrogated by a tax deed
10	conveying an interest in one (1) or more severed interests described in
11	subdivision (4).
12	(g) A tax deed executed under this chapter for real property sold in
13	a tax sale:
14	(1) does not operate to extinguish an easement recorded before
15	the date of the tax sale in the office of the recorder of the county
16	in which the real property is located, regardless of whether the
17	easement was taxed under this article separately from the real
18	property; and
19	(2) conveys title subject to all easements recorded before the date
20	of the tax sale in the office of the recorder of the county in which
21	the real property is located.
22	(h) A tax deed executed under this chapter is prima facie evidence
$\frac{-2}{23}$	of:
24	(1) the regularity of the sale of the real property described in the
25	deed;
26	(2) the regularity of all proper proceedings; and
27	(3) valid title in fee simple in the grantee of the deed.
28	(i) A county auditor is not required to execute a deed to the county
29	executive under this chapter if the county executive determines that the
30	property involved contains hazardous waste or another environmental
31	hazard for which the cost of abatement or alleviation will exceed the
32	fair market value of the property. The county executive may enter the
33	property to conduct environmental investigations.
34	(j) When a deed is issued to a purchaser of a certificate of sale sold
35	under IC 6-1.1-24-6.1, the county auditor shall, in the same manner that
36	taxes are removed by certificate of error, remove from the tax duplicate
30 37	the taxes, special assessments, interest, penalties, and costs remaining
38	due as the difference between:
38 39	
	(1) the amount of: (A) the last minimum hid under IC 6.1.1.24.5; plus
40 41	(A) the last minimum bid under IC 6-1.1-24-5; plus (P) any paralty associated with a delinguary that was not due
41 42	(B) any penalty associated with a delinquency that was not due until after the data of the cale under $IC \in [1, 1, 24, 5]$ but is due
42	until after the date of the sale under IC 6-1.1-24-5 but is due



1	before the issuance of the certificate of sale, with respect to
2 3	taxes included in the minimum bid that were not due at the
	time of the sale under IC 6-1.1-24-5; and
4	(2) the amount paid for the certificate of sale.
5	(k) If a tract or item of real property did not sell at a tax sale or a
6	sale conducted under IC 6-1.1-24-6.1 and the county treasurer and the
7	owner of real property agree before the expiration of the period for
8	redemption under subsection (b) to a mutually satisfactory arrangement
9	for the payment of the entire amount required for redemption under
10	section 2 of this chapter before the expiration of a period for
11	redemption extended under this subsection:
12	(1) the county treasurer may extend the period for redemption;
13	and
14	(2) except as provided in subsection (1), the extended period for
15	redemption expires one (1) year after the date of the agreement.
16	(1) If the owner of real property fails to meet the terms of an
17	agreement entered into with the county treasurer under subsection (k),
18	the county treasurer may terminate the agreement after providing thirty
19	(30) days written notice to the owner. If the county treasurer gives
20	notice under this subsection, the extended period for redemption
21	established under subsection (k) expires thirty (30) days after the date
22	of the notice.
23	(m) The period of redemption for a property, which was not offered
24	for sale under IC 6-1.1-24-4.7(j), is one hundred twenty (120) days
25	after the conclusion of the tax sale at which the property was not
26	offered.
27	(n) A county auditor shall not issue or record a tax deed unless the
28	following requirements are met not later than one hundred fifty (150)
29	days after the date of the hearing at which a court grants the tax sale
30	buyer's petition for the tax deed:
31	(1) Copies of the court order to issue the tax deed and the sales
32	disclosure form are filed with the county auditor.
33	(2) The recording fees for the tax deed are paid.
34	(3) All subsequent or outstanding real property taxes on the
35	property are paid.

