HOUSE BILL No. 1257

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-46-3-7; IC 35-50-5-3.

Synopsis: Animal neglect and abandonment. Increases the penalty for animal cruelty based on neglect or abandonment of an animal to a Level 6 felony if the neglect or abandonment results in serious bodily injury or death to the animal. Requires a court to order an individual convicted of certain animal cruelty offenses to make restitution to any person who suffered property damage, paid veterinary expenses, or incurred remediation and clean up costs as a result of the offense.

Effective: July 1, 2014.

Austin, Lutz, Lawson L

January 14, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1257

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 35-46-3-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,

(c) For purposes of this section, an animal that is feral is not in a

2	SECTION 558, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) A person who:
4	(1) has a vertebrate animal in the person's custody; and
5	(2) recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally abandons or neglects
6	the animal;
7	commits cruelty to an animal, a Class A misdemeanor. However
8	except for a conviction under section 1 of this chapter, the offense is a
9	Level 6 felony if the person has a prior unrelated conviction under this
10	chapter, or if the abandonment or neglect results in serious bodily
11	injury or death to the vertebrate animal.
12	(b) It is a defense to a prosecution for abandoning a vertebrate
13	animal under this section that the person who had the animal in the
14	person's custody reasonably believed that the vertebrate animal was
15	capable of surviving on its own.



1	person's custody.
2	SECTION 2. IC 35-50-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.73-2012,
3	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (i), (j), (l),
5	or (m), or (n), in addition to any sentence imposed under this article for
6	a felony or misdemeanor, the court may, as a condition of probation or
7	without placing the person on probation, order the person to make
8	restitution to the victim of the crime, the victim's estate, or the family
9	of a victim who is deceased. The court shall base its restitution order
10	upon a consideration of:
11	(1) property damages of the victim incurred as a result of the
12	crime, based on the actual cost of repair (or replacement if repair
13	is inappropriate);
14	(2) medical and hospital costs incurred by the victim (before the
15	date of sentencing) as a result of the crime;
16	(3) the cost of medical laboratory tests to determine if the crime
17	has caused the victim to contract a disease or other medical
18	condition;
19	(4) earnings lost by the victim (before the date of sentencing) as
20	a result of the crime, including earnings lost while the victim was
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	hospitalized or participating in the investigation or trial of the
22	crime; and
23	(5) funeral, burial, or cremation costs incurred by the family or
24	estate of a homicide victim as a result of the crime.
25	(b) A restitution order under subsection (a), (i), (j), (l), or (m), or
26	(n), is a judgment lien that:
27	(1) attaches to the property of the person subject to the order;
28	(2) may be perfected;
29	(3) may be enforced to satisfy any payment that is delinquent
30	under the restitution order by the person in whose favor the order
31	is issued or the person's assignee; and
32	(4) expires;
33	in the same manner as a judgment lien created in a civil proceeding.
34	(c) When a restitution order is issued under subsection (a), the
35	issuing court may order the person to pay the restitution, or part of the
36	restitution, directly to:
37	(1) the victim services division of the Indiana criminal justice
38	institute in an amount not exceeding:
39	(A) the amount of the award, if any, paid to the victim under
40	IC 5-2-6.1; and
41	(B) the cost of the reimbursements, if any, for emergency
42	services provided to the victim under IC 16-10-1.5 (before its
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1	repeal) or IC 16-21-8; or
2	(2) a probation department that shall forward restitution or part of
3	restitution to:
4	(A) a victim of a crime;
5	(B) a victim's estate; or
6	(C) the family of a victim who is deceased.
7	The victim services division of the Indiana criminal justice institute
8	shall deposit the restitution it receives under this subsection in the
9	violent crime victims compensation fund established by IC 5-2-6.1-40.
10	(d) When a restitution order is issued under subsection (a), (i), (j),
11	(l), or (m), or (n), the issuing court shall send a certified copy of the
12	order to the clerk of the circuit court in the county where the felony or
13	misdemeanor charge was filed. The restitution order must include the
14	following information:
15	(1) The name and address of the person that is to receive the
16	restitution.
17	(2) The amount of restitution the person is to receive.
18	Upon receiving the order, the clerk shall enter and index the order in
19	the circuit court judgment docket in the manner prescribed by
20	IC 33-32-3-2. The clerk shall also notify the department of insurance
21	of an order of restitution under subsection (i).
22	(e) An order of restitution under subsection (a), (i), (j), (l), or (m),
23	or (n), does not bar a civil action for:
24	(1) damages that the court did not require the person to pay to the
25	victim under the restitution order but arise from an injury or
26	property damage that is the basis of restitution ordered by the
27	court; and
28	(2) other damages suffered by the victim.
29	(f) Regardless of whether restitution is required under subsection (a)
30	as a condition of probation or other sentence, the restitution order is not
31	discharged by the completion of any probationary period or other
32	sentence imposed for a felony or misdemeanor.
33	(g) A restitution order under subsection (a), (i), (j), (l), $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$ (m), $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$
34	(n), is not discharged by the liquidation of a person's estate by a
35	receiver under IC 32-30-5 (or IC 34-48-1, IC 34-48-4, IC 34-48-5,
36	IC 34-48-6, IC 34-1-12, or IC 34-2-7 before their repeal).
37	(h) The attorney general may pursue restitution ordered by the court
38	under subsections (a) and (c) on behalf of the victim services division
39	of the Indiana criminal justice institute established under IC 5-2-6-8.
40	(i) The court may order the person convicted of an offense under
41	IC 35-43-9 to make restitution to the victim of the crime. The court
42	shall base its restitution order upon a consideration of the amount of



money that the convicted person converted, misappropriated, or received, or for which the convicted person conspired. The restitution order issued for a violation of IC 35-43-9 must comply with subsections (b), (d), (e), and (g), and is not discharged by the completion of any probationary period or other sentence imposed for a violation of IC 35-43-9.

- (j) The court may order the person convicted of an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5 to make restitution to the victim of the crime, the victim's estate, or the family of a victim who is deceased. The court shall base its restitution order upon a consideration of the amount of fraud or harm caused by the convicted person and any reasonable expenses (including lost wages) incurred by the victim in correcting the victim's credit report and addressing any other issues caused by the commission of the offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5. If, after a person is sentenced for an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5, a victim, a victim's estate, or the family of a victim discovers or incurs additional expenses that result from the convicted person's commission of the offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5, the court may issue one (1) or more restitution orders to require the convicted person to make restitution, even if the court issued a restitution order at the time of sentencing. For purposes of entering a restitution order after sentencing, a court has continuing jurisdiction over a person convicted of an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5 for five (5) years after the date of sentencing. Each restitution order issued for a violation of IC 35-43-5-3.5 must comply with subsections (b), (d), (e), and (g), and is not discharged by the completion of any probationary period or other sentence imposed for an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5.
- (k) The court shall order a person convicted of an offense under IC 35-42-3.5 to make restitution to the victim of the crime in an amount equal to the greater of the following:
 - (1) The gross income or value to the person of the victim's labor or services.
 - (2) The value of the victim's labor as guaranteed under the minimum wage and overtime provisions of:
 - (A) the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (29 U.S.C. 201-209); or
 - (B) IC 22-2-2 (Minimum Wage);

38 whichever is greater.

- (l) The court shall order a person who:
- (1) is convicted of dealing in methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.1(a)(1)(A); and
- (2) manufactured the methamphetamine on property owned by



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1	another person, without the consent of the property owner;
2	to pay liquidated damages to the property owner in the amount of ten
3	thousand dollars (\$10,000).
4	(m) The court shall order a person who:
5	(1) is convicted of dealing in marijuana under
6	IC 35-48-4-10(a)(1)(A); and
7	(2) manufactured the marijuana on property owned by another
8	person, without the consent of the property owner;
9	to pay liquidated damages to the property owner in the amount of two
10	thousand dollars (\$2,000).
l 1	(n) The court shall order a person convicted of an offense under
12	IC 35-46-3-7 or IC 35-46-3-12 to make restitution to any person,
13	including a unit and the property owner of the property where the
14	offense was committed, in an amount equal to:
15	(1) property damage incurred as a result of the crime, based
16	on the actual cost of repair, remediation, or clean up;
17	(2) veterinary expenses paid by the person (before the date of
18	sentencing) as a result of the crime; and
19	(3) other clean up and remediation costs incurred as a result
20	of the crime, based on the actual cost of clean up and
21	remediation.

