HOUSE BILL No. 1253

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 4-1-2-1; IC 22-2.

Synopsis: Overtime compensation. Provides that, after December 31, 2023, certain employees must be paid compensation for employment in certain circumstances at a rate not less than 1.5 times the regular rate at which the employee is employed and, under certain circumstances, not less than two times the regular rate at which the employee is employed.

Effective: July 1, 2023.

Hatfield

January 11, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions.



First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1253

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- SECTION 1. IC 4-1-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2008, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) It is the intent of this chapter that state offices be open and able to conduct public business at all times during an eight and one-half (8 1/2) hour working day.
- **(b)** Each employee shall work for a full seven and one-half (7 1/2) hours each working day and provision for a one (1) hour lunch period shall be provided each employee. Lunch hours of employees shall be staggered to permit the conduct of business at all times during a working day. Breaks shall be provided as set forth in IC 5-10-6-2.
- (c) It shall be lawful for state offices to close their doors for business from the close of the working day each Friday or in the event Friday is a legal holiday, then from the close of the working day on the Thursday which immediately precedes such legal holiday, until the commencement of the working day on the next following Monday, or in the event Monday is a legal holiday, then until the commencement of the working day on the Tuesday which immediately follows such



1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

legal holiday. provided, However, that the state library may be kept open until noon Saturdays in the discretion of the Indiana library and historical board.

SECTION 2. IC 22-2-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.147-2020, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) No employer having employees subject to any provisions of this section shall discriminate, within any establishment in which employees are employed, between employees on the basis of sex by paying to employees in such establishment a rate less than the rate at which the employer pays wages to employees of the opposite sex in such establishment for equal work on jobs the performance of which requires equal skill, effort, and responsibility, and which are performed under similar working conditions, except where such payment is made pursuant to:

- (1) a seniority system;
- (2) a merit system;

- (3) a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production; or
- (4) a differential based on any other factor other than sex.
- (b) An employer who is paying a wage rate differential in violation of subsection (a) shall not, in order to comply with subsection (a), reduce the wage rate of any employee, and no labor organization, or its agents, representing employees of an employer having employees subject to subsection (a) shall cause or attempt to cause such an employer to discriminate against an employee in violation of subsection (a).
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), every employer employing at least two (2) employees during a work week shall, in any work week in which the employer is subject to this chapter, pay each of the employees in any work week beginning on or after June 30, 2007, wages of not less than the minimum wage payable under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.).
- (d) An employer subject to subsection (c) is permitted to apply a tip credit in determining the amount of cash wage paid to tipped employees. In determining the wage an employer is required to pay a tipped employee, the amount paid the employee by the employee's employer must be an amount equal to:
 - (1) the cash wage paid the employee, which for purposes of the determination may be not less than the cash wage required to be paid to employees covered under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (29 U.S.C. 203(m)(1)) on August 20, 1996, which amount is two dollars and thirteen cents (\$2.13) an



1	hour; and
2	(2) an additional amount on account of the tips received by the
3	employee, which amount is equal to the difference between the
4	wage specified in subdivision (1) and the wage in effect under
5	subsection (c).
6	An employer is responsible for supporting the amount of tip credit
7	taken through reported tips by the employees.
8	(e) This section does not apply if an employee:
9	(1) provides companionship services to the aged and infirm (as
10	defined in 29 CFR 552.6); and
11	(2) is employed by an employer or agency other than the family
12	or household using the companionship services, as provided in 29
13	CFR 552.109 (a).
14	(f) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no employer shall
15	employ any employee:
16	(1) for a work week longer than forty (40) hours unless the
17	employee receives compensation for employment in excess of
18	forty (40) hours at a rate not less than one and one-half (1.5) times
19	the regular rate at which the employee is employed, except as
20	provided in subdivision (3);
21	(2) after December 31, 2023, longer during a workday than
22	the prior scheduled time unless the employee receives
23	compensation for employment in excess of the prior scheduled
24	hours above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half
25	(1.5) times the regular rate at which the employee is
26	employed; or
27	(3) for a work week beginning on or after January 1, 2024,
28	longer than fifty-two (52) hours unless the employee receives
29	compensation for employment in excess of the hours above
30	fifty-two (52) hours specified at a rate not less than two (2)
31	times the regular rate at which the employee is employed.
32	Subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) may apply in a single work week.
33	(g) For purposes of this section the following apply:
34	(1) "Overtime compensation" means the compensation required
35	by subsection (f).
36	(2) "Compensatory time" and "compensatory time off" mean
37	hours during which an employee is not working, which are not
38	counted as hours worked during the applicable work week or
39	other work period for purposes of overtime compensation, and for
40	which the employee is compensated at the employee's regular
41	rate.

(3) "Regular rate" means the rate at which an employee is



42

1	employed is considered to include all remuneration for
2	employment paid to, or on behalf of, the employee, but is not
3	considered to include the following:
4	(A) Sums paid as gifts, payments in the nature of gifts made at
5	Christmas time or on other special occasions, as a reward for
6	service, the amounts of which are not measured by or
7	dependent on hours worked, production, or efficiency.
8	(B) Payments made for occasional periods when no work is
9	performed due to vacation, holiday, illness, failure of the
10	employer to provide sufficient work, or other similar cause,
11	reasonable payments for traveling expenses, or other expenses,
12	incurred by an employee in the furtherance of the employer's
13	interests and properly reimbursable by the employer, and other
14	similar payments to an employee which are not made as
15	compensation for the employee's hours of employment.
16	(C) Sums paid in recognition of services performed during a
17	given period if:
18	(i) both the fact that payment is to be made and the amount
19	of the payment are determined at the sole discretion of the
20	employer at or near the end of the period and not pursuant
21	to any prior contract, agreement, or promise causing the
22	employee to expect the payments regularly;
23	(ii) the payments are made pursuant to a bona fide profit
24	sharing plan or trust or bona fide thrift or savings plan,
25	meeting the requirements of the administrator set forth in
26	appropriately issued regulations, having due regard among
27	other relevant factors, to the extent to which the amounts
28	paid to the employee are determined without regard to hours
29	of work, production, or efficiency; or
30	(iii) the payments are talent fees paid to performers,
31	including announcers, on radio and television programs.
32	(D) Contributions irrevocably made by an employer to a
33	trustee or third person pursuant to a bona fide plan for
34	providing old age, retirement, life, accident, or health
35	insurance or similar benefits for employees.
36	(E) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid for
37	certain hours worked by the employee in any day or work
38	week because those hours are hours worked in excess of eight
39	(8) in a day or in excess of the maximum work week
40	applicable to the employee under subsection (f) or in excess of
41	the employee's normal working hours or regular working

hours, as the case may be.



42

- (F) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid for work by the employee on Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, or regular days of rest, or on the sixth or seventh day of the work week, where the premium rate is not less than one and one-half (1.5) times the rate established in good faith for like work performed in nonovertime hours on other days.

 (G) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid to
 - (G) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid to the employee, in pursuance of an applicable employment contract or collective bargaining agreement, for work outside of the hours established in good faith by the contract or agreement as the basic, normal, or regular workday (not exceeding eight (8) hours) or work week (not exceeding the maximum work week applicable to the employee under subsection (f)) where the premium rate is not less than one and one-half (1.5) times the rate established in good faith by the contract or agreement for like work performed during the workday or work week.
 - (h) No employer shall be considered to have violated subsection (f) by employing any employee for a work week in excess of that specified in subsection (f) without paying the compensation for overtime employment prescribed therein if the employee is so employed:
 - (1) in pursuance of an agreement, made as a result of collective bargaining by representatives of employees certified as bona fide by the National Labor Relations Board, which provides that no employee shall be employed more than one thousand forty (1,040) hours during any period of twenty-six (26) consecutive weeks; or (2) in pursuance of an agreement, made as a result of collective bargaining by representatives of employees certified as bona fide by the National Labor Relations Board, which provides that during a specified period of fifty-two (52) consecutive weeks the employee shall be employed not more than two thousand two hundred forty (2,240) hours and shall be guaranteed not less than one thousand eight hundred forty (1,840) hours (or not less than forty-six (46) weeks at the normal number of hours worked per week, but not less than thirty (30) hours per week) and not more than two thousand eighty (2,080) hours of employment for which the employee shall receive compensation for all hours guaranteed or worked at rates not less than those applicable under the agreement to the work performed and for all hours in excess of the guaranty which are also in excess of the maximum work week applicable to the employee under subsection (f) or two thousand eighty (2,080) in that period at rates not less than one and



1	one-half (1.5) times the regular rate at which the employee is
2	employed.
3	An agreement made before January 1, 2024, continues in full force
4	and effect until the date of termination of the agreement. An
5	agreement entered into after December 31, 2023, must contain
6	payment for overtime hours as set forth in subsection (f).
7	(i) No employer shall be considered to have violated subsection (f)
8	by employing any employee for a work week in excess of the maximum
9	work week applicable to the employee under subsection (f) if the
10	employee is employed pursuant to a bona fide individual contract, or
11	pursuant to an agreement made as a result of collective bargaining by
12	representatives of employees, if the duties of the employee necessitate
13	irregular hours of work, and the contract or agreement includes the
14	following:
15	(1) Specifies a regular rate of pay of not less than the minimum
16	hourly rate provided in subsections (c) and (d) (whichever is
17	applicable) and compensation at not less than one and one-half
18	(1.5) times that rate for all hours worked in excess of the
19	maximum work week.
20	(2) Provides a weekly guaranty of pay for not more than sixty (60)
21	hours based on the rates so specified.
22	(j) No employer shall be considered to have violated subsection (f)
23	by employing any employee for a work week in excess of the maximum
24	work week applicable to the employee under that subsection if,
25	pursuant to an agreement or understanding arrived at between the
26	employer and the employee before performance of the work, the
27	amount paid to the employee for the number of hours worked by the
28	employee in the work week in excess of the maximum work week
29	applicable to the employee under that subsection:
30	(1) in the case of an employee employed at piece rates, is
31	computed at piece rates not less than one and one-half (1.5) times
32	the bona fide piece rates applicable to the same work when
33	performed during nonovertime hours;
34	(2) in the case of an employee performing two (2) or more kinds
35	of work for which different hourly or piece rates have been
36	established, is computed at rates not less than one and one-half
37	(1.5) times those bona fide rates applicable to the same work
38	when performed during nonovertime hours; or
39	(3) is computed at a rate not less than one and one-half (1.5) times
40	the rate established by the agreement or understanding as the
41	basic rate to be used in computing overtime compensation



thereunder, provided that the rate so established shall be

substantially equivalent to the average hourly earnings of the employee, exclusive of overtime premiums, in the particular work over a representative period of time;

and if the employee's average hourly earnings for the work week exclusive of payments described in this section are not less than the minimum hourly rate required by applicable law, and extra overtime compensation is properly computed and paid on other forms of additional pay required to be included in computing the regular rate.

- (k) Extra compensation paid as described in this section shall be creditable toward overtime compensation payable pursuant to this section.
- (1) No employer shall be considered to have violated subsection (f) by employing any employee of a retail or service establishment for a work week in excess of the applicable work week specified therein, if:
 - (1) the regular rate of pay of the employee is in excess of one and one-half (1.5) times the minimum hourly rate applicable to the employee under section 2 of this chapter; and
 - (2) more than half of the employee's compensation for a representative period (not less than one (1) month) represents commissions on goods or services.

In determining the proportion of compensation representing commissions, all earnings resulting from the application of a bona fide commission rate shall be considered commissions on goods or services without regard to whether the computed commissions exceed the draw or guarantee.

- (m) No employer engaged in the operation of a hospital or an establishment which is an institution primarily engaged in the care of the sick, the aged, or individuals with a mental illness or defect who reside on the premises shall be considered to have violated subsection (f) if, pursuant to an agreement or understanding arrived at between the employer and the employee before performance of the work, a work period of fourteen (14) consecutive days is accepted in lieu of the work week of seven (7) consecutive days for purposes of overtime computation and if, for the employee's employment in excess of eight (8) hours in any workday and in excess of eighty (80) hours in that fourteen (14) day period, the employee receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half (1.5) times the regular rate at which the employee is employed.
- (n) No employer shall employ any employee in domestic service in one (1) or more households for a work week longer than forty (40) hours unless the employee receives compensation for that employment in accordance with subsection (f).



(o) In the case of an employee of an employer engaged in the
business of operating a street, a suburban or interurban electric railway
or a local trolley or motorbus carrier (regardless of whether or not the
railway or carrier is public or private or operated for profit or not for
profit), in determining the hours of employment of such an employee
to which the rate prescribed by subsection (f) applies, there shall be
excluded the hours the employee was employed in charter activities by
the employer if both of the following apply:

- (1) The employee's employment in the charter activities was pursuant to an agreement or understanding with the employer arrived at before engaging in that employment.
- (2) If employment in the charter activities is not part of the employee's regular employment.
- (p) Any employer may employ any employee for a period or periods of not more than ten (10) hours in the aggregate in any work week in excess of the maximum work week specified in subsection (f) without paying the compensation for overtime employment prescribed in subsection (f), if during that period or periods the employee is receiving remedial education that:
 - (1) is provided to employees who lack a high school diploma or educational attainment at the eighth grade level;
 - (2) is designed to provide reading and other basic skills at an eighth grade level or below; and
 - (3) does not include job specific training.
- (q) Subsection (f) does not apply to an employee of a motion picture theater.
- (r) Subsection (f) does not apply to an employee of a seasonal amusement or recreational establishment, an organized camp, or a religious or nonprofit educational conference center that is exempt under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (29 U.S.C. 213).
- (s) Subsection (f) does not apply to an employee of an air carrier subject to Title II of the federal Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) to the extent that the hours worked by the employee during a work week in excess of forty (40) hours are not required by the air carrier but are arranged through a voluntary agreement between employees to trade or reassign their scheduled work hours.

SECTION 3. IC 22-2-19 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]:

Chapter 19. Overtime Compensation

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the



1	department of labor created by IC 22-1-1-1.
2	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "employee" means a person
3	employed or permitted to work or perform any service for
4	remuneration or under any contract of hire, written or oral,
5	express or implied, by an employer in any occupation subject to the
6	provisions of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act. The term:
7	(1) includes an employee of the state who is subject to
8	IC 4-1-2-1(b) and an employee of a state educational
9	institution (as defined in IC 21-7-13-32); and
10	(2) does not include an employee exempt or partially exempt
11	from the overtime pay requirements of the federal Fair Labor
12	Standards Act.
13	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "employer" means an employer
14	that is subject to the provisions of the federal Fair Labor
15	Standards Act but does not include the following:
16	(1) The federal government, including the armed forces of the
17	United States.
18	(2) A railroad doing business in Indiana.
19	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "Fair Labor Standards Act"
20	means the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended
21	(29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.).
22	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "regular rate" means the rate at
23	which an employee is employed and includes all remuneration for
24	employment paid to, or on behalf of, the employee, but does not
25	include the following:
26	(1) Sums paid as gifts, payments in the nature of gifts made at
27	Christmas time or on other special occasions, or as a reward
28	for service, the amounts of which are not measured by or
29	dependent on hours worked, production, or efficiency.
30	(2) Payments made for occasional periods when no work is
31	performed due to vacation, holiday, illness, failure of the
32	employer to provide sufficient work, or other similar cause,
33	reasonable payments for traveling expenses, or other
34	expenses, incurred by an employee in the furtherance of the
35	employer's interests and properly reimbursable by the
36	employer, and other similar payments to an employee that are
37	not made as compensation for the employee's hours of
38	employment.
39	(3) Sums paid in recognition of services performed during a
40	given period if:
41	(A) both the fact that payment is to be made and the



2023

amount of the payment are determined at the sole

1	discretion of the employer at or near the end of the period
2	and not under any prior contract, agreement, or promise
3	causing the employee to expect the payments regularly;
4	(B) the payments are made under a bona fide profit
5	sharing plan or trust or bona fide thrift or savings plan,
6	meeting the requirements of the administrator set forth in
7	appropriately issued regulations, having due regard among
8	other relevant factors, to the extent to which the amounts
9	paid to the employee are determined without regard to
10	hours of work, production, or efficiency; or
11	(C) the payments are talent fees paid to performers,
12	including announcers, on radio and television programs.
13	(4) Contributions irrevocably made by an employer to a
14	trustee or third person under a bona fide plan for providing
15	old age, retirement, life, accident, or health insurance or
16	similar benefits for employees.
17	(5) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid for
18	certain hours worked by the employee in any day or work
19	week because those hours are hours worked in accordance
20	with section 6 of this chapter.
21	(6) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid to
22	the employee, under an applicable employment contract or
23 24	collective bargaining agreement, for work outside of the hours
24	established in good faith by the contract or agreement as the
25	basic, normal, or regular workday or work week.
26	Sec. 6. After December 31, 2023, an employer may not employ
27	an employee:
28	(1) longer during a workday than the prior scheduled time
29	unless the employee receives compensation for employment in
30	excess of the prior scheduled hours above specified at a rate
31	not less than one and one-half (1.5) times the regular rate at
32	which the employee is employed;
33	(2) longer for a work week in excess of the work week agreed
34	upon between the employee and employer unless the employee
35	receives compensation for employment in excess of the hours
36	above the agreed upon work week at a rate not less than one
37	and one-half (1.5) times the regular rate at which the
38	employee is employed, except as provided in subdivision (3);
39	or
10	(3) for a work week longer than fifty-two (52) hours unless the
1 1	employee receives compensation for employment in excess of



2023

the hours above fifty-two (52) hours specified at a rate not less

1	than two (2) times the regular rate at which the employee is
2	employed.
3	Subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) may apply in a single work week.
4	Sec. 7. A labor agreement entered into before January 1, 2024,
5	continues in full force and effect until the date of termination of the
6	agreement. A labor agreement entered into after December 31,
7	2023, must contain payment for overtime hours in the manner
8	provided as set forth in section 6 of this chapter.
9	Sec. 8. (a) The department and authorized inspectors and agents
10	of the department shall:
11	(1) enforce and ensure compliance with the provisions of this
12	chapter;
13	(2) investigate any violations of any of the provisions of this
14	chapter; and
15	(3) institute or cause to be instituted actions for compensation
16	due as provided under this chapter.
17	(b) The commissioner of the department may refer claims for
18	compensation due under this chapter to the attorney general. The
19	attorney general may:
20	(1) initiate civil actions on behalf of the claimant; or
21	(2) refer the claim to an attorney admitted to the practice of
22	law in Indiana.
23	(c) It is unlawful for any person to:
24	(1) interfere with, obstruct, or hinder an inspector or agent of
25	the department while the inspector or agent performs official
26	duties of the department; or
27	(2) refuse to properly answer questions asked by an inspector
28	or agent of the department.
29	Sec. 9. This chapter does not prohibit an employer from
30	providing compensation in excess of that required by this chapter.

