HOUSE BILL No. 1253

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 22-4.

Synopsis: Professional employer organizations. Provides that for purposes of the unemployment compensation system law a professional employer organization (PEO): (1) that enters into a professional employer agreement is not treated as a successor employer or as receiving a transfer of a trade or business; (2) that elects to use the PEO level reporting method is liable for contributions, interest, penalties, and surcharges for the duration of a professional employer agreement unless the PEO elects to change to the client level reporting method; and (3) is permitted to apply certain wages to the maximum amount of wages that are subject to contributions to the system. Provides that certain changes in a PEO relationship do not make a client a successor employer. Provides that a PEO that has made an election to use the client level reporting method may file a request for clearance with the department of workforce development.

Effective: July 1, 2021.

Torr January 14, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions.



Introduced

First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1253

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 22-4-6.5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.122-2019,
2	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 10. (a) The following apply to a PEO that elects
4	to use the PEO level reporting method:
5	(1) The PEO shall file all quarterly reports in accordance with
6	IC 22-4-10-1.
7	(2) Whenever the PEO enters into a professional employer
8	agreement with a client, the PEO
9	(A) shall notify the department not later than fifteen (15) days
10	after the end of the quarter in which the professional employer
11	agreement became effective. and
12	(B) is subject to IC 22-4-10-6 and IC 22-4-11.5, beginning on
13	the effective date of the professional employer agreement.
14	(3) The PEO shall notify the department in the form and manner
15	prescribed by the department not later than fifteen (15) days after
16	the date of the following:
17	(A) The PEO and a client terminate a professional employer



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1	agreement.
2	(B) The PEO elects the client level reporting method under
3	section 11 of this chapter.
4	After receiving a notice under this subdivision, the department
5	shall make any changes required by IC 22-4-10-6 and
6	IC 22-4-11.5.
7	(b) Except as provided by IC 22-4-32-21(d), A PEO that elects to
8	use the PEO level reporting method is liable for all contributions,
9	interest, penalties, and surcharges for the duration of a professional
10	employer agreement or until the effective date of an election under
11	section 11 of this chapter by the PEO to change to the client level
12	reporting method.
13	(c) A PEO is not, as a result of entering into a professional
14	employer agreement with a client, considered to be a successor
15	employer under IC 22-4-10-6. A PEO's act of entering into a
16	professional employer agreement with a client does not constitute
17	a transfer of all or part of trade or business under IC 22-4-11.5-7.
18	(d) A client of a PEO is not, as a result of:
19	(1) entering into a professional employer agreement; or
20	(2) terminating a professional employer agreement;
21	with the PEO, considered to be a successor employer under
22	IC 22-4-10-6 or IC 22-4-11.5-7.
23	(e) A PEO, in a calendar year during which the PEO enters into
24	a professional employer agreement with a client, may apply any
25	wages paid to a covered employee in that calendar year by the
26	client or by another PEO on behalf of that client under a
27	professional employer agreement with that client toward the
28	maximum amount of the taxable wages established under
29	IC 22-4-4-2(b).
30 31	(f) Upon termination of a professional employer agreement
31 32	between a PEO and a client, the client shall be treated as a new
32 33	employer unless the client is otherwise eligible to retain the experience account balance, liabilities, and wage credits.
33 34	SECTION 2. IC 22-4-6.5-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.33-2013,
35	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 13. (a) A client that transfers between PEOs is
37	Upon termination of a client's professional employer agreement
38	with a PEO, followed by the immediate initiation of a professional
39	employer agreement with another, not commonly owned, managed
40	or controlled PEO, the subsequent PEO and client are not subject
41	to IC 22-4-10-6 and IC 22-4-11.5. whenever:
42	(1) the PEOs are not commonly owned, managed, or controlled;
-	(1) the r hos are not commonly owned, managed, or controlled,



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1 and 2 (2) both PEOs have elected to use the PEO level reporting 3 method. 4 (b) The client of a PEO that has elected to use the client level 5 reporting method may elect to become liable for payments in lieu of 6 contributions (as defined in IC 22-4-2-32) whenever: 7 (1) the client is otherwise eligible to make the election; and 8 (2) the requirements of IC 22-4-10-1 are met. 9 SECTION 3. IC 22-4-32-21, AS AMENDED BY P.L.122-2019, 10 SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 21. (a) Any individual, group of individuals, or 11 12 other legal entity, whether or not an employing unit which acquires all 13 or part of the organization, trade, or business within this state of an 14 employer or which acquires all or part of the assets of the organization, 15 trade or business, shall notify the commissioner in the form and manner 16 prescribed by the department not later than five (5) days prior to the 17 acquisition. 18 (b) Unless the notice is given, the commissioner shall have the right 19 to proceed against either the predecessor or successor, in personam or 20 in rem, for the collection of contributions and interest due or accrued 21 and unpaid by the predecessor, as of the date of the acquisition, and the 22 amount of the liability shall, in addition, be a lien against the property 23 or assets so acquired which shall be prior to all other liens. However, 24 the lien shall not be valid as against one who acquires from the 25 successor any interest in the property or assets in good faith, for value 26

and without notice of the lien. (c) On request in the form and manner prescribed by the department after the acquisition is completed, the commissioner shall furnish the successor with a statement of the amount of contributions and interest due or accrued and unpaid by the predecessor as of the date of the acquisition, and the liability of the successor and the amount of the lien shall in no event exceed the reasonable value of the property or assets acquired by the successor from the predecessor or the amount disclosed by the statement, whichever is the lesser.

(d) An acquirer described in subsection (a) or a professional employer organization **that has made an election** under IC 22-4-6.5 **IC 22-4-6.5-11** may file a request for clearance in the form and manner prescribed by the department at least five (5) business days before an acquisition or transfer. After filing a request, the acquirer or professional employer organization is entitled to receive a statement indicating whether an account being acquired or transferred is in good standing with the department as of the date of the transfer. If the



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1	statement shows that the account that is being acquired or transferred
2	is in good standing with the department at the time of the transfer, and
3	the department later discovers an outstanding liability associated with
4	the acquired or transferred account, the department:
5	(1) may not assess a delinquent employer rate modification under
6	IC 22-4-11-2 based on the account for which a statement was
7	made under this subsection; and
8	(2) in the case of a PEO that has made an election under
9	IC 22-4-6.5-11, shall administratively separate the acquired or
10	transferred client account from the PEO until the liability is
11	recovered.
12	(e) The remedies prescribed by this section are in addition to all
13	other existing remedies against the predecessor or successor.

