## **HOUSE BILL No. 1240**

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 3-5; IC 3-8; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-12; IC 3-13-10.5; IC 20-23; IC 20-25-3-4; IC 20-26-4; IC 33-33-53-5.

**Synopsis:** School board elections. Requires candidates for school board offices to be nominated in the same manner as candidates for all other elected offices are nominated, beginning after 2022. Provides that for school board offices elected in 2022, the political affiliation of each candidate, or the candidate's statement that the candidate is an independent candidate, must be stated on the ballot. Provides that the current statute relating to nomination of candidates for school board offices expires on January 1, 2023. Repeals other superseded statutes. Makes conforming changes.

Effective: Upon passage; January 1, 2023.

# Goodrich, Prescott, Behning, Wesco

January 6, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment.



Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1240**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-44 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS

2	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 44. (a) "School board" means
3	the fiscal governing body of a school corporation (as defined in
4	IC 20-18-2-5).
5	(b) The term includes an elected school advisory board.
6	SECTION 2. IC 3-5-2-45 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 45. (a) "School board office"
8	refers to an elected position on the school board of a school
9	corporation.
10	(b) The term includes an elected school advisory board office.
11	SECTION 3. IC 3-5-4-1.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2019,
12	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1.7. (a) Except as otherwise expressly
14	authorized or required under this title, a filing by a person with a
15	commission, the election division, an election board, or a county voter
16	registration office may not be made by fax or electronic mail.
17	(b) A petition of nomination filed with a county voter registration



office under IC 3-8-2, <del>IC 3-8-2.5,</del> IC 3-8-3, or IC 3-8-6 or a petition to place a public question on the ballot, or any other petition filed that requires the county voter registration office to certify the validity of signatures, may not contain the electronic signature, digital signature, digitized signature, or photocopied signature of a voter.

SECTION 4. IC 3-8-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does not apply to a candidate challenged under IC 3-8-8.

- (b) The commission, a county election board, or a town election board shall act if a candidate (or a person acting on behalf of a candidate in accordance with state **Indiana** law) has filed any of the following:
  - (1) A declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-5.
  - (2) A request for ballot placement in a presidential primary under IC 3-8-3.
  - (3) A petition of nomination or candidate's consent to nomination under <del>IC 3-8-2.5 or</del> IC 3-8-6.
  - (4) A certificate of nomination under IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-7, IC 3-10-2-15, or IC 3-10-6-12.
  - (5) A certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2.
  - (6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under IC 3-8-2-2.5.
  - (7) A contest to the denial of certification under  $\frac{1C}{3-8-2.5}$  or IC 3-8-6-12.
- (c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction of a town election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the county election board, county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement before a person authorized to administer oaths, with the election division or election



1	board:
2	(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office;
3	and
4	(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman
5	of a major political party of a county concerning this question.
6	(e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated
7	by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this
8	section if the commission or board determines that all of the following
9	occurred:
10	(1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this
11	section before the candidate was nominated.
12	(2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit
13	before the nomination.
13	
15	(3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same
16	grounds as the previous challenge to the candidate.
17	(f) Before the commission or election board can consider a contest
18	to the denial of a certification under <del>IC</del> 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6-12, a
19	candidate (or a person acting on behalf of a candidate in accordance
	with state Indiana law) must file a sworn statement with the election
20	division or election board:
21	(1) stating specifically the basis for the contest; and
22	(2) setting forth the facts known to the candidate supporting the
23	basis for the contest.
24	(g) Upon the filing of a sworn statement under subsection (d) or (f),
25	the commission or election board shall determine the validity of the
26	questioned:
27	(1) declaration of candidacy;
28	(2) declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate;
29	(3) request for ballot placement under IC 3-8-3;
30	(4) petition of nomination;
31	(5) certificate of nomination;
32	(6) certificate of candidate selection issued under IC 3-13-1-15 or
33	IC 3-13-2-8; or
34	(7) denial of a certification under <del>IC</del> 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6-12.
35	(h) The commission or election board shall deny a filing if the
36	commission or election board determines that the candidate has not
37	complied with the applicable requirements for the candidate set forth
38	in the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of
39	Indiana, or this title.
40	SECTION 5. IC 3-8-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
41	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. A person An individual
42	who desires to be nominated at a primary election as a candidate of a



political party subject to this chapter for a federal, state, legislative, or
local, or school board office shall file a declaration of candidacy.

SECTION 6. IC 3-8-2.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A candidate for a school board office must file a petition of nomination in accordance with this chapter. and as required under IC 20-23 or IC 20-25. The petition of nomination, once filed, serves as the candidate's declaration of candidacy for a school board office.

- (b) A candidate may be nominated for a school board office by petition of voters who are:
  - (1) registered to vote at the residence address set forth on the petition on the date the petition is certified under this chapter; and (2) qualified to vote for the candidate.
- (c) The petition of nomination must be signed by the **following** number of voters required for the school board office under IC 20-23 or IC 20-25, of the election district the candidate seeks to represent:
  - (1) If the election is for a school board office under IC 20-23-12, one hundred (100) voters.
  - (2) If the election is for a school board office under IC 20-23-13, two hundred (200) voters.
  - (3) If the election is for a school board office under IC 20-23-14, one hundred (100) voters.
  - (4) If the election is for a school board office under IC 20-23-17.2, one hundred (100) voters.
  - (5) If the election is for a school board office under a statute not listed in subdivisions (1) through (4), ten (10) voters.
- (d) Except as provided in this subsection, the signature, printed name, and residence address of the petitioner must be made in writing by the petitioner. If a petitioner with a disability is unable to write this information on the petition, the petitioner may authorize an individual to do so on the petitioner's behalf. The individual acting under this subsection shall execute an affidavit of assistance for each such petitioner, in a form prescribed by the election division. The form must set forth the name and address of the individual providing assistance, and the date the individual provided the assistance. The form must be submitted with the petition.

SECTION 7. IC 3-8-2.5-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.5. (a) A petition of nomination for a school board office must state all of the following:

(1) The name of each candidate as:



1	(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the
2	ballot; and
3	(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot
4	under IC 3-5-7.
5	(2) The address of each candidate, including the mailing address,
6	if different from the residence address of the candidate.
7	(3) The school board office that each candidate seeks.
8	(4) That each petitioner is a qualified registered voter and desires
9	to be able to vote for the candidates listed on the petition.
10	(5) The candidate's political party affiliation or, if the
11	candidate does not identify with a political party, that the
12	candidate is an independent candidate. Unless the candidate's
13	political party affiliation is challenged under section 7 of this
14	chapter, the candidate's political party affiliation stated on
15	the petition shall be indicated on the ballot in the manner
16	determined by the county election board.
17	(b) The petition of nomination must be accompanied by the
18	following:
19	(1) The candidate's written consent to become a candidate.
20	(2) A statement that the candidate:
21	(A) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign
22	finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and
23	expenditures; and
24	(B) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9 referred to
25	in clause (A).
26	(3) A statement by the candidate that the candidate is aware of the
27	requirement to file a campaign finance statement of organization
28	under IC 3-9 after the first of either of the following occurs:
29	(A) The candidate receives more than five hundred dollars
30	(\$500) in contributions.
31	(B) The candidate makes more than five hundred dollars
32	(\$500) in expenditures.
33	(4) A statement indicating whether or not each candidate:
34	(A) has been a candidate for state, legislative, local, or school
35	board office in a previous primary, municipal, special, or
36	general election; and
37	(B) has filed all reports required by IC 3-9-5-10 for all
38	previous candidacies.
39	(5) A statement that each candidate is legally qualified to hold the
40	office that the candidate seeks, including any applicable residency
41	requirements and restrictions on service due to a criminal



conviction.

- (6) Any statement of economic interests required under IC 3-8-9.
- (7) The certification of the county chairman, if required under subsection (c).
- (c) If a candidate claims affiliation with a major political party under subsection (a)(5), the candidate must have voted in the two (2) most recent primary elections in Indiana held by the party with which the candidate claims affiliation. The petition must provide a place for the candidate to affirm the candidate's primary election participation, if the candidate chooses affiliation with a major political party. If the candidate did not vote in the two (2) most recent primary elections in Indiana held by the party with which the candidate claims affiliation, the county chairman of:
  - (1) the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation; and
- (2) the county in which the candidate resides; must certify in writing that the candidate is a member of the political party for the candidate's claimed affiliation to be valid. The petition of nomination must inform candidates how political party affiliation is determined under this subsection.
- SECTION 8. IC 3-8-2.5-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A person may not be selected as a candidate by petition of nomination without giving written consent and having it filed with the public official with whom certificates and petitions of nomination are required to be filed.
- (b) Each candidate nominated by petition of nomination for a school board office must satisfy all statutory eligibility requirements for the office for which the candidate is nominated, including the filing of statements of economic interest.
- (c) A statement questioning the validity of a petition of nomination or contesting the denial of certification under section 6 of this chapter must be filed with the county election board in accordance with IC 3-8-1-2 not later than noon sixty-seven (67) days before the date of the general election. A question regarding the validity of a petition of nomination or the denial of certification shall be referred to and determined by the county election board not later than noon fifty-four (54) days before the date of the general election.
- (d) A statement concerning the validity of a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for a school board office under section 4 of this chapter must be filed with the county election board in accordance with IC 3-8-1-2 not later than noon sixty-seven (67) days before the date of the general election. A question regarding the validity of a declaration



1	of intent to be a write-in candidate for a school board office shall be
2	referred to and determined by the county election board not later than
3	noon fifty-four (54) days before the date of the general election.
4	(e) If a candidate's petition states that the candidate is affiliated
5	with a major political party, that statement may be challenged
6	under this section. A challenge under this subsection succeeds only
7	if the challenger shows both of the following:
8	(1) The candidate did not vote in the two (2) most recent
9	primary elections in Indiana held by the party with which the
10	candidate claims affiliation.
11	(2) The county chairman of:
12	(A) the political party with which the candidate claims
13	affiliation; and
14	(B) the county in which the candidate resides;
15	did not certify that the candidate is a member of the political
16	party with which the candidate claims affiliation. If the
17	candidate produces a copy of the certification of the county
18	chairman of the political party with which the candidate
19	claims affiliation at the time the candidate filed the petition,
20	the claim of a challenger under this subdivision is conclusively
21	rebutted.
22	(f) Unless a challenger shows under subsection (e) that a
23	candidate is not affiliated with the major political party with which
24	the candidate claims affiliation, the candidate's claimed political
25	party affiliation shall be indicated on the ballot as required by
26	section 2.5(a)(5) of this chapter.
27	(g) A candidate's claimed political party affiliation with a party
28	other than a major political party is not subject to challenge under
29	this section.
30	SECTION 9. IC 3-8-2.5-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
31	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. This chapter expires January 1, 2023.
33	SECTION 10. IC 3-8-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013,
34	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to a candidate for
36	nomination to an elected office who:
37	(1) is an independent candidate; or
38	(2) represents a political party not qualified to nominate
39	candidates in a primary or by convention.
40	(b) This chapter does not apply to a candidate for a school board
41	<del>office.</del>

SECTION 11. IC 3-8-7-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2015,



1	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 28. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b)
3	and (c), if a nominee certified under this chapter, IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-6, or
4	IC 3-10-1 desires to withdraw as the nominee, the nominee must file a
5	notice of withdrawal in writing with the public official with whom the
6	certificate of nomination was filed by noon:
7	(1) July 15 before a general or municipal election;
8	(2) August 1 before a municipal election in a town subject to
9	IC 3-8-5-10;
10	(3) on the date specified for town convention nominees under
11	IC 3-8-5-14.5;
12	(4) on the date specified for declared write-in candidates under
13	IC 3-8-2-2.7; <b>or</b>
14	(5) on the date specified for a school board candidate under
15	<del>IC 3-8-2.5-4; or</del>
16	(6) (5) forty-five (45) days before a special election.
17	(b) A candidate who is disqualified from being a candidate under
18	IC 3-8-1-5 must file a notice of withdrawal immediately upon
19	becoming disqualified. IC 3-8-8-7 and the filing requirements of
20	subsection (a) do not apply to a notice of withdrawal filed under this
21	subsection.
22	(c) A candidate who has moved from the election district the
23	candidate sought to represent must file a notice of withdrawal
24	immediately after changing the candidate's residence. IC 3-8-8-7 and
25	the filing requirements of subsection (a) do not apply to a notice of
26	withdrawal filed under this subsection.
27	SECTION 12. IC 3-8-9-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
28	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5. An individual required to file a statement
30	under section 4 of this chapter shall file the statement as follows:
31	(1) With the individual's:
32	(A) declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-5;
33	(B) petition of nomination under <del>IC 3-8-2.5 or</del> IC 3-8-6 for an
34	office described in IC 3-8-2-5 in a county with a separate
35	board of registration under IC 3-7-12 after certification by the
36	board of registration;
37	(C) petition of nomination under IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6 for an
38	office described in IC 3-8-2-5 in a county that does not have a
39	separate board of registration under IC 3-7-12;
40	(D) petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6 for an office
41	described in IC 3-8-2-5 after certification by the county voter
42	registration office;



1	(E) certificate of nomination under IC 3-10-2-15 or
2	IC 3-10-6-12;
3	(F) statement consenting to be a replacement candidate under
4	IC 3-8-6-17;
5	(G) declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under
6	IC 3-8-2-2.5; or
7	(H) certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or
8	IC 3-13-2.
9	(2) When the individual assumes a vacant elected office under
10	IC 3-13-7, IC 3-13-8, IC 3-13-9, IC 3-13-10, <b>IC 3-13-10.5-3, or</b>
11	IC 3-13-11. or IC 20-23-4-30. A statement filed under this
12	subdivision must be filed not later than noon sixty (60) days after
13	the individual assumes the elected office.
14	SECTION 13. IC 3-10-1-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) At a
16	primary election each political party subject to section 2 of this chapter
17	shall nominate its candidates for the following offices to be voted for
18	at the general election:
19	(1) United States Senator.
20	(2) Governor.
21	(3) United States Representative.
22	(4) Legislative offices.
23	(5) Local offices.
24	(6) School board offices.
25	(b) In addition, each political party subject to section 2 of this
26	chapter shall:
27	(1) vote on candidates for nomination as President of the United
28	States;
29	(2) elect delegates from each county to the party's state
30	convention; and
31	(3) elect a precinct committeeman for each precinct in the county
32	if precinct committeemen are to be elected under section 4.5 of
33	this chapter.
34	SECTION 14. IC 3-10-1-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.76-2014,
35	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided by subsection (b),
37	the names of all candidates for each office who have qualified under
38	IC 3-8 shall be arranged in alphabetical order by surnames under the
39	designation of the office.
40	(b) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more
41	than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred

thousand (700,000). The names of all candidates for each office who



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have qualified under IC 3-8, except for a school board office, precinct committeeman or state convention delegate, shall be arranged in random order by surnames under the designation of the office. The random order shall be determined using a lottery. The lottery held in accordance with this subsection shall be conducted in public by the county election board. The lottery shall be held not later than fifteen (15) days following the last day for a declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2-4. All candidates whose names are to be arranged by way of the lottery shall be notified at least five (5) days prior to the lottery of the time and place at which the lottery is to be held. Each candidate may have one (1) designated watcher, and each county political party may have one (1) designated watcher who shall be allowed to observe the lottery procedure.

- (c) For paper ballots, the left margin of the ballot for each political party must show the name of the uppermost candidate printed to the right of the number 1, the next candidate number 2, the next candidate number 3, and so on, consecutively to the end of the ballot as prescribed in section 19 of this chapter. If ordered by a county election board or a board of elections and registration under IC 3-11-15-13.1(b), a ballot number or other candidate designation uniquely associated with the candidate must be displayed on the electronic voting system and printed on the ballot cards.
- (d) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000). If there is insufficient room on a row to list each candidate of a political party, a second or subsequent row may be utilized. However, a second or subsequent row may not be utilized unless the first row, and all preceding rows, have been filled.

SECTION 15. IC 3-10-1-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 19. (a) The ballot for a primary election shall be printed in substantially the form described in this section for all the offices for which candidates have qualified under IC 3-8.

(b) The following shall be printed as the heading for the ballot for a political party:

### "OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT

Party (insert the name of the political party)".

- (c) The following shall be printed immediately below the heading required by subsection (b) or be posted in each voting booth as provided in IC 3-11-2-8(b):
  - (1) For paper ballots, print: To vote for a person, make a voting mark  $(X \text{ or } \checkmark)$  on or in the box before the person's name in the



1	proper column.
2	(2) For optical scan ballots, print: To vote for a person, darken or
3	shade in the circle, oval, or square (or draw a line to connect the
4	arrow) that precedes the person's name in the proper column.
5	(3) For optical scan ballots that do not contain a candidate's name,
6	print: To vote for a person, darken or shade in the oval that
7	precedes the number assigned to the person's name in the proper
8	column.
9	(4) For electronic voting systems, print: To vote for a person,
0	touch the screen (or press the button) in the location indicated.
1	(d) Local public questions shall be placed on the primary election
12	ballot after the heading and the voting instructions described in
13	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and before
14	the offices described in subsection (g).
15	(e) The local public questions described in subsection (d) shall be
16	placed as follows:
17	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.
18	(2) After the heading and the voting instructions described in
19	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and
20	before the offices described in subsection (g), in the form
21	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.
22	(3) As provided by either of the following if voting is by an
23 24	electronic voting system:
24	(A) On a separate screen for a public question.
25	(B) After the heading and the voting instructions described in
26	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and
27	before the offices described in subsection (g), in the form
28	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5.
29	(f) A public question shall be placed on the primary election ballot
30	in the following form:
31	(The explanatory text for the public question,
32	if required by law.)
33	"Shall (insert public question)?"
34	[] YES
35	[] NO
36	(g) The offices with candidates for nomination shall be placed on
37	the primary election ballot in the following order:
38	(1) Federal and state offices:
39	(A) President of the United States.
10	(B) United States Senator.
11	(C) Governor.
12	(D) United States Representative.



1	(2) Legislative offices:
2	(A) State senator.
3	(B) State representative.
4	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
5	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
6	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
7	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
8	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
9	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
10	one (1) judge of the superior court.
11	(C) Judge of the probate court.
12	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
13	(E) Circuit court clerk.
14	(4) County offices:
15	(A) County auditor.
16	(B) County recorder.
17	(C) County treasurer.
18	(D) County sheriff.
19	(E) County coroner.
20	(F) County surveyor.
21	(G) County assessor.
22	(H) County commissioner.
23	(I) County council member.
24	(5) Township offices:
25	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
26	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
27	(B) Township trustee.
28	(C) Township board member.
29	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
30	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
31	(6) City offices:
32	(A) Mayor.
33	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
34	(C) Judge of the city court.
35	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
36	(7) Town offices:
37	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
38	(B) Judge of the town court.
39	(C) Town council member.
40	(8) School board offices.
41	(h) The political party offices with candidates for election shall be
42	placed on the primary election ballot in the following order after the



1	offices described in subsection (g):
2	(1) Precinct committeeman.
3	(2) State convention delegate.
4	(i) The local offices to be elected at the primary election shall be
5	placed on the primary election ballot after the offices described in
6	subsection (h).
7	(j) The offices described in subsection (i) shall be placed as follows:
8	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.
9	(2) After the offices described in subsection (h) in the form
10	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.
11	(3) Either:
12	(A) on a separate screen for each office or public question; or
13	(B) after the offices described in subsection (h) in the form
14	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;
15	if voting is by an electronic voting system.
16	SECTION 16. IC 3-10-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
17	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. A special election shall be held in the
19	following cases:
20	(1) Whenever two (2) or more candidates for a federal, state,
21	legislative, or circuit or school board office receive the highest
22	greatest and an equal number of votes for the office, except as
23	provided in Article 5, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of
24	Indiana. <del>or in IC 20.</del>
25	(2) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States
26	Senator, as provided in IC 3-13-3-1.
27	(3) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States
28	Representative unless the vacancy occurs less than seventy-four
29	(74) days before a general election.
30	(4) Whenever a vacancy occurs in any local office the filling of
31	which is not otherwise provided by law.
32	(5) Whenever required by law for a public question.
33	(6) Whenever ordered by a court under IC 3-12-8-17 or the state
34	recount commission under IC 3-12-11-18.
35	(7) Whenever required under IC 3-13-5 to fill a vacancy in a
36	legislative office unless the vacancy occurs less than seventy-four
37	(74) days before a general election.
38	SECTION 17. IC 3-11-2-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021,
39	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. The following offices shall be placed on
41	the general election ballot in the following order after the public
42	questions described in section 10(a) of this chapter:



1	(1) Federal and state offices:
2	(A) President and Vice President of the United States.
3	(B) United States Senator.
4	(C) Governor and lieutenant governor.
5	(D) Secretary of state.
6	(E) Auditor of state.
7	(F) Treasurer of state.
8	(G) Attorney general.
9	(H) United States Representative.
10	(2) Legislative offices:
11	(A) State senator.
12	(B) State representative.
13	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
14	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
15	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
16	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
17	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
18	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
19	one (1) judge of the superior court.
20	(C) Judge of the probate court.
21	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
22	(E) Clerk of the circuit court.
23	(4) County offices:
24	(A) County auditor.
25	(B) County recorder.
26	(C) County treasurer.
27	(D) County sheriff.
28	(E) County coroner.
29	(F) County surveyor.
30	(G) County assessor.
31	(H) County commissioner.
32	(I) County council member.
33	(5) Township offices:
34	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
35	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
36	(B) Township trustee.
37	(C) Township board member.
38	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
39	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
40	(6) City offices:
41	(A) Mayor.
42	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.



(C) Judge of the city court.

2	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
3	(7) Town offices:
4	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
5	(B) Judge of the town court.
6	(C) Town council member.
7	(8) School board offices.
8	SECTION 18. IC 3-11-2-12.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021,
9	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12.4. (a) This section applies whenever more
11	than one (1) candidate may be elected to an office.
12	(b) The office shall be placed on the general election ballot after the
13	offices described in section 12 of this chapter. and before the offices
14	described in section 12.9 of this chapter.
15	(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a county council, city
16	common council, or town council that includes both an at-large
17	member and a member representing a district, the candidates seeking
18	election as an at-large member shall be placed on the ballot before
19	candidates seeking to represent a district.
20	(d) The ballot shall contain a statement reading substantially as
21	follows above the name of the first candidate: "To vote for any
22	candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each
23	candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as
24 25	a vote for any candidate for this office.".
25	SECTION 19. IC 3-11-2-12.9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021,
26	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12.9. (a) School board offices to be elected at
28	the general election shall be placed on the general election ballot after
29	the offices described in section 12.4 of this chapter. with each
30	candidate for the office designated as "nonpartisan".
31	(b) If the ballot contains a candidate for a school board office, the
32	ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows:
33	"To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark on or in the
34	square to the left of the candidate's name.".
35	(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a school board office
36	that includes both an at-large member and a member representing a
37	district, the candidates seeking election as an at-large member shall be
38	placed on the ballot before candidates seeking to represent a district.
39	(d) This section expires January 1, 2023.
10	SECTION 20. IC 3-11-2-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011,
11	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 13. (a) The following offices shall be placed



1	on the general election ballot in the following order after the offices
2	described in section 12.9 12.4 of this chapter:
3	(1) Retention of a justice of the supreme court.
4	(2) Retention of a judge of the court of appeals.
5	(3) Retention of the judge of the tax court.
6	(b) Whenever more than one (1) justice of the supreme court is
7	subject to retention, the name of each justice must appear on the ballo
8	in alphabetical order. However, if the justice serving as chief justice is
9	subject to retention, the chief justice's name must appear first.
10	(c) Whenever more than one (1) judge of the court of appeals is
11	subject to retention, the name of each judge must appear on the ballo
12	in alphabetical order. However, if the judge serving as chief judge is
13	subject to retention, the chief judge's name must appear first.
14	(d) These offices shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot
15	SECTION 21. IC 3-11-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019
16	SECTION 65, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b)
18	a ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:
19	(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all or
20	the candidates of one (1) political party by a single voting mark
21	on each ballot card;
22	(2) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party of
23	independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board
24	candidates nominated by petition;
25	(3) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties
26	and for independent candidates; or
27	(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting
28	individual votes for candidates of another political party or
29	independent candidate.
30	(b) A ballot card voting system must require that a voter who wishes
31	to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to
32	which more than one person may be elected, on a:
33	(1) county council;
34	(2) city common council;
35	(3) town council; <del>or</del>
36	(4) township board; <b>or</b>
37	(5) school board;
38	make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter
39	wishes to cast a vote. The ballot card voting system may not count any
40	straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for ar
41	office described by this subsection.
42	(c) A ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:



1	(1) for all candidates for presidential electors and alternate
2	presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket
3	by making a single voting mark; and
4	(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote.
5	SECTION 22. IC 3-11-7.5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
6	SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
8	an electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:
9	(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all the
10	candidates of one (1) political party by touching the device of that
11	party;
12	(2) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or
13	independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board
14	candidates nominated by petition;
15	(3) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties
16	and for independent candidates; or
17	(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting
18	individual votes for candidates of another political party or
19	independent candidates.
20	(b) An electronic voting system must require that a voter who
21	wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district
22	to which more than one person may be elected, on a:
23	(1) county council;
24	(2) city common council;
25	(3) town council; <del>or</del>
26	(4) township board; or
27	(5) school board;
28	make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter
29	wishes to cast a vote. The electronic voting system may not count any
30	straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an
31	office described by this subsection.
32	(c) An electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:
33	(1) for as many candidates for an office as the voter may vote for,
34	but no more;
35	(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote,
36	but no other; and
37	(3) for all the candidates for presidential electors and alternate
38	presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket
39	by making a single voting mark.
40	SECTION 23. IC 3-11-13-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021,
41	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether



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- placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order of arrangement provided for ballots under this section.
- (b) Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The county may:
  - (1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and
  - (2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.
- (c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
- (d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.
- (e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). The offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally and on a number of separate pages.
- (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate:
  - (1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.
  - (2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.
- (g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be grouped together in the following order:
  - (1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest



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1	number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last
2	election is listed first.
3	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second
4	highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is
5	listed second.
6	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties
7	candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are
8	listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).
9	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of
10	state in the last election or a nominee is an independent candidate
11	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party of
12	candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1)
13	(2), and (3).
14	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
15	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot
16	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
17	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
18	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
19	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law.
20	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
21	ballot.
22	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
23	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
24	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
25	political party, or the word "Independent" if the:
26	(1) candidate; or
27	(2) ticket of candidates for:
28	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
29	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
30	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
31	of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.
32	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
33	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
34	must be grouped together:
35	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking:
36	(2) in the order established by subsection (g); and
37	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
38	surname.
39	
40	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
41	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
41	·
42	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".



1	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
2	of a school corporation must be grouped:
3	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
4	and
5	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
6	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
7	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
8	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
9	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
10	(k) (j) The following information must be placed at the top of the
11	ballot before the first public question is listed:
12	(1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.
13	(2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d),
14	and IC 3-11-2-10(e).
15	(1) (k) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle,
16	oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an
17	independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as
18	required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable
19	arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a
20	straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by:
21	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket
22	(described in IC 3-11-2-6); and
23	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or
24	independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket
25	(described in IC 3-11-2-5).
26	The name and device of each political party or independent ticket must
27	be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by
28	subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions
29	described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the
30	statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3
31	must be placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight
32	party ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a
33	straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this section and proceed to
34	voting the ballot by office.".
35	(m) (l) A public question must be in the form described in
36	IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable
37	arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as
38	expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board
39	may not print a ballot card that contains language concerning the public
40	question other than the language authorized by a statute.
41	(n) (m) The requirements in this section:



(1) do not replace; and

1	(2) are in addition to;
2	any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots.
3	(o) (n) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when
4	a ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or
5	contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or
6	mistakes by voters.
7	(p) (o) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not
8	list:
9	(1) the names of political parties or candidates; or
10	(2) the text of public questions;
11	on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance
12	with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle
13	or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question.
14	SECTION 24. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021
15	SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall
17	have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party
18	offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in ar
19	electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.
20	(b) The county may:
21	(1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label
22	and
23	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper
24	version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.
25	(c) Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the same
26	quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
27	(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate
28	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by
29	petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device
30	set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the
31	device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the
32	device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not
33	include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2)
34	or more parties or petitioners.
35	(e) The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on the
36	general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12
37	IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), <del>IC</del> 3-11-2-12.9(a)
38	<del>IC</del> 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c)
39	IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). Each office and
40	public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public
41	questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or
42	horizontally.



1	(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold
2	type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
3	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
4	first candidate:
5	(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be
6	elected to the office.
7	(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be
8	elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for
9	this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you
10	wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for
11	any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to
12	be elected to the office.
13	(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by
14	subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be
15	grouped together in the following order:
16	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest
17	number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last
18	election is listed first.
19	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second
20	highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is
21	listed second.
22	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties'
23	candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are
24	listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).
25	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of
26	state in the last election or a nominee is an independent candidate
27	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or
28	candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1),
29	(2), and (3).
30	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
31	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,
32	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
33	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
34	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
35	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for
36	write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no
37	declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures
38	must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for
39	federal offices.
40	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the

(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by



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ballot.

1	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
2	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
3	political party, or the word "Independent", if the:
4	(1) candidate; or
5	(2) ticket of candidates for:
6	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
7	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
8	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
9	of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.
10	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
11	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
12	must be grouped together:
13	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
14	(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and
15	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
16	surname.
17	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
18	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
19	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
20	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
21	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
22	of a school corporation must be grouped:
23	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
23 24	and
25	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
26	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
27	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
28	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
29	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
30	(k) (j) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be
31	placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public
32	question is listed.
33	(h) (k) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d),
34	and IC 3-11-2-10(e) may be:
35	(1) placed on the ballot label; or
36	(2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the
37	voter to easily read the instructions.
38	(m) (l) Except as provided in section 14.5 of this chapter, the ballot
39	label must include a touch sensitive point or button for voting a straight
10	political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one
<b>1</b> 1	(1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button must be identified by:
12	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket: and



1	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or
2	independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket
3	(described in IC 3-11-2-5).
4	The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size
5	and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for
5	listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in
7	IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement
8	concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 must be

9 placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight party 10 ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a straight party ticket, press "NEXT" (or replace "NEXT" with the term used by 11 12 that voting system to permit a voter to skip a ballot screen) to continue

13 voting.".

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- (n) (m) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.
  - (o) (n) The requirements in this section:
    - (1) do not replace; and
    - (2) are in addition to:

any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic voting systems.

(p) (o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.

SECTION 25. IC 3-12-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 7. (a) This subsection applies whenever a voter:

- (1) votes a straight party ticket; and
- (2) votes only for one (1) or more individual candidates who are all of the same political party as the straight ticket vote.

Except as provided in subsection (d) or (e), the straight ticket vote shall be counted and the individual candidate votes may not be counted.

- (b) This subsection applies whenever:
  - (1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of one (1) political party;
  - (2) only one (1) person may be elected to an office; and
- (3) the voter has voted for one (1) individual candidate for the



1	office described in subdivision (2) who is:
2	(A) a candidate of a political party other than the party for
3	which the voter voted a straight ticket; or
4	(B) an independent candidate or declared write-in candidate
5	for the office.
6	If the voter has voted for one (1) individual candidate for the office
7	described in subdivision (2), the individual candidate vote for that
8	office shall be counted, the straight party ticket vote for that office may
9	not be counted, and the straight party ticket votes for other offices on
10	the ballot shall be counted.
11	(c) This subsection applies whenever:
12	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of
13	one (1) political party; and
14	(2) the voter has voted for more individual candidates for the
15	office than the number of persons to be elected to that office.
16	The individual candidate votes for that office may not be counted, the
17	straight party ticket vote for that office may not be counted, and the
18	straight party ticket votes for other offices on the ballot shall be
19	counted.
20	(d) This subsection applies whenever:
21	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of
22	one (1) political party;
23	(2) more than one (1) person may be elected to an office; and
24	(3) the voter has voted for individual candidates for the office
25	described in subdivision (2) who are:
26	(A) independent candidates or declared write-in candidates;
27	(B) candidates of a political party other than the political party
28	for which the voter cast a straight party ticket under
29	subdivision (1); or
30	(C) a combination of candidates described in clauses (A) and
31	(B).
32	The individual votes cast by the voter for the office for the independent
33	candidates, declared write-in candidates, and the candidates of a
34	political party other than the political party for which the voter cast a
35	straight party ticket shall be counted unless the total number of these
36	individual votes is greater than the number of persons to be elected to
37	the office. The straight party ticket votes for the office shall not be
38	counted. The straight party ticket votes for other offices on the voter's
39	ballot shall be counted.
40	(e) This subsection applies whenever:
41	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of



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one (1) political party;

1	
1	(2) more than one (1) person may be elected to an office; and
2	(3) the voter has voted for individual candidates for the office
3	described in subdivision (2) who are:
4	(A) independent candidates, declared write-in candidates, o
5	candidates of a political party other than the political party fo
6	which the voter cast a straight party ticket under subdivision
7	(1); and
8	(B) candidates of the same political party for which the vote
9	cast a straight party ticket under subdivision (1).
10	The individual votes cast by the voter for the office for the independen
11	candidates, the declared write-in candidates, and the candidates of
12	political party other than the political party for which the voter cast
13	straight party ticket, and the candidates of the political party for which
14	the voter cast a straight party ticket shall be counted unless the total
15	number of these individual votes is greater than the number of person
16	to be elected to the office. The straight party ticket votes for the office
17	shall not be counted. The straight party ticket votes for other offices or
18	the voter's ballot shall be counted.
19	(f) If a voter votes a straight party ticket for more than one (1
20	political party, the whole ballot is void with regard to all candidates
21	nominated by a political party, declared write-in candidates, o
22	candidates designated as independent candidates on the ballot
23	However, the voter's vote for a school board candidate or on a public
24	question shall be counted if otherwise valid under this chapter.
25	(g) If a voter does not vote a straight party ticket and the number o
26	votes cast by that voter for the candidates for an office are less than o
27	equal to the number of openings for that office, the individua
28	candidates votes shall be counted.
29	(h) If a voter does not vote a straight party ticket and the number o
30	votes cast by that voter for an office exceeds the number of opening
31	for that office, none of the votes concerning that office may be counted
32	SECTION 26. IC 3-12-9-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005
33	SECTION 60, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. Whenever a circuit court clerk received
35	certification that a tie vote at an election for a local office or a schoo
36	board office occurred, the clerk shall immediately send a written notice
37	of the tie vote to <b>the following:</b>
38	(1) If the tie vote occurred in an election for a local office, the
39	fiscal body of the affected political subdivision. or
40	(2) If the tie vote occurred in an election for a circuit office in a
41	circuit that includes more than one county, to the fiscal body o

each county of the circuit.



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1	(3) If the tie vote occurred in an election for a school board
2	office, the school board of the affected school corporation.
3	SECTION 27. IC 3-12-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2017,
4	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply if a tie
6	vote occurred in an election for a school board office.
7	(a) (b) The fiscal body of a political subdivision that receives notice
8	under section 3 of this chapter shall resolve the tie vote by electing a
9	person to fill the office not later than December 31 following the
10	election at which the tie vote occurred. The fiscal body shall select one
11	(1) of the candidates who was involved in the tie vote to fill the office.
12	(b) (c) If a tie vote has occurred in an election for a circuit office in
13	a circuit that contains more than one (1) county, the fiscal bodies of the
14	counties shall meet in joint session at the county seat of the county that
15	contains the greatest percentage of population of the circuit to select
16	one (1) of the candidates who was involved in the tie vote in order to
17	fill the office in accordance with this section.
18	(e) (d) If a tie vote has occurred for the election of more than one (1)
19	at-large seat on a legislative or fiscal body, the fiscal body shall select
20	the number of individuals necessary to fill each of the at-large seats for
21	which the tie vote occurred. However, a member of a fiscal body who
22	runs for reelection and is involved in a tie vote may not cast a vote
23	under this section.
24	(d) (e) The executive of the political subdivision (other than a town
25	or a school corporation) may cast the deciding vote to break a tie vote
26	in a fiscal body acting under this section. The clerk-treasurer of the
27	town may cast the deciding vote to break a tie vote in a town fiscal
28	body acting under this section. A tie vote in the fiscal body of a school
29	corporation under this section shall be broken under IC 20-23.
30	SECTION 28. IC 3-12-9-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5. Whenever a tie
32	vote at an election for:
33	(1) a state office; <b>or</b>
34	(2) a local office; <del>or</del>
35	(3) a school board office;
36	occurs, the incumbent public official remains in office in accordance
37	with Article 15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana
38	until a successor is elected under this chapter and qualified.
39	SECTION 29. IC 3-13-10.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
40	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	UPON PASSAGE]:
42	Chapter 10.5. School Corporation Governing Body; Resolving



I	Tie Votes; Filling Vacancies
2	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "governing body" refers to either
3	of the following:
4	(1) The governing body of a school corporation.
5	(2) The school advisory body of a school corporation.
6	Sec. 2. (a) This section applies if the governing body receives
7	notice under IC 3-12-9-3 that a tie vote has occurred in the election
8	of a member of the governing body.
9	(b) If a tie vote occurs at an election for a member of the
10	governing body and one (1) of the candidates involved in the tie
11	vote is an incumbent member of the governing body, the incumbent
12	member remains in office in accordance with Article 15, Section 3
13	of the Constitution of the State of Indiana until a successor is
14	elected and qualified as provided in this section.
15	(c) The members of the governing body shall resolve the tie vote
16	by electing one (1) individual from among the candidates who was
17	involved in the tie vote to fill the office.
18	(d) If a tie vote has occurred for the election of more than one
19	(1) at-large seat on the governing body, the governing body shall
20	select the number of individuals necessary to fill each of the
21	at-large seats for which the tie vote occurred from among the
22	candidates who were involved in the tie vote.
23	(e) If a member of the governing body is one (1) of the
24	candidates involved in the tie vote, that member may not cast a
25	vote under this section.
26	(f) The governing body shall act under this section not later than
27	December 31 following the election at which the tie vote occurred.
28	Sec. 3. (a) A vacancy on the governing body in an office that was
29	last held by an individual elected or selected as a candidate of a
30	major political party of Indiana shall be filled by a caucus under
31	IC 3-13-11.
32	(b) A vacancy on the governing body in an office that was last
33	held by an individual elected as a candidate other than as a
34	candidate of a major political party of Indiana shall be filled as
35	provided in IC 20-26-4.
36	SECTION 30. IC 20-23-4-29.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.179-2011,
37	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 29.1. (a) This section applies to each school
39	corporation.
40	(b) If a plan provides for election of members of the governing
41	body, the members of the governing body shall be elected at a general

election. Each candidate must file a petition of nomination in



accordance with IC 3-8-2.5 that is signed by the candidate and by ten (10) registered voters residing within the boundaries of the community school corporation. The filing must be made within the time specified by IC 3-8-2.5-4. The following applies to the election of members of the governing body:

- (1) The plan determines whether members are elected:
  - (A) by all the voters of the school corporation;
  - (B) by all the voters of the school corporation from residence districts; or
  - (C) solely by the voters of each election district established under the plan.
- (2) IC 3 governs the nomination and election of members of the governing body. Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
- (c) All nominations shall be listed for each office in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, but without party designation. Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in the same manner as voting and tabulation in general elections are conducted. The precinct election boards serving in each county shall conduct the election for members of the governing body. If a school corporation is located in more than one (1) county, each county election board shall print the ballots required for voters in that county to vote for candidates for members of the governing body.
- (d) If the plan provides that the members of the governing body shall be elected by all the voters of the community school corporation, candidates shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, without party designation. The candidates who receive the most votes are elected.
- (e) If the plan provides that members of the governing body are to be elected from residence districts by all voters in the community school corporation, nominees for the governing body shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, by residence districts without party designation. The ballot must state the number of members to be voted on and the maximum number of members that may be elected from each residence district as provided in the plan. A ballot is not valid if more than the maximum number of members are voted on from a board member residence district. The candidates who receive the most votes are elected. However, if more than the maximum number that may be elected from a residence district are



among those receiving the most votes, the candidates from the residence districts exceeding the maximum number who receive the fewest votes shall be eliminated in determining the candidates who are elected.

(f) If the plan provides that members of the governing body are to be elected from electoral districts solely by the voters of each district, nominces residing in each electoral district shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, without party designation. The ballot must state the number of members to be voted on from the electoral district. The candidates residing in the electoral district who receive the most votes are elected.

SECTION 31. IC 20-23-4-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021, SECTION 102, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 30. (a) This section applies to each school corporation.

- (b) If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates, the tie vote shall be resolved under IC 3-12-9-4. as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.
- (c) If after the first governing body takes office, fewer candidates have been elected to the school board than there were members to be elected, the governing body shall determine not later than noon December 31 following the election which incumbent member or members continue to hold office under Article 15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana until a successor is elected and qualified. However,
- (d) If there is a vacancy on the governing body, whether the vacating member was elected or appointed, the remaining members of the governing body, whether or not a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote fill the vacancy by appointing a person from within the boundaries of the community school corporation to serve for the term or balance of the term. An individual appointed under this subsection must possess the qualifications provided for a regularly elected or appointed governing body member filling the office. If:
  - (1) a tie vote occurs among the members of the governing body under this subsection or IC 3-12-9-4; or
  - (2) the governing body fails to act within thirty (30) days after any vacancy occurs;

the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of registered voters of the school corporation reside shall make the appointment. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.

(d) (e) A vacancy in the governing body occurs if a member ceases to be a resident of any the community school corporation. A vacancy



1	does not occur when the member moves from a district of the school
2	corporation from which the member was elected or appointed if the
3	member continues to be a resident of the school corporation.
4	(e) (f) At the first general election in which members of the
5	governing body are elected:
6	(1) a simple majority of the candidates elected as members of the
7	governing body who receive the greatest number of votes shall be
8	elected for four (4) year terms; and
9	(2) the balance of the candidates elected as members of the
0	governing body receiving the next greatest number of votes shall
1	be elected for two (2) year terms.
2	Thereafter, all school board members shall be elected for four (4) year
3	terms.
4	(f) (g) Elected governing body members take office and assume
5	their duties on the date set in the school corporation's organization plan
6	The date set in the organization plan for an elected member of the
7	governing body to take office may not be more than fourteen (14)
8	months after the date of the member's election. If the school
9	corporation's organization plan does not set a date for an elected
0	member of the governing body to take office, the member takes office
1	January 1 immediately after the member's election.
2	SECTION 32. IC 20-23-4-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013
3	SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 35. (a) The governing body of a school
5	corporation may be organized under this section.
6	(b) The governing body consists of seven (7) members, elected as
7	follows:
8	(1) Four (4) members elected from districts, with one (1) member
9	serving from each election district. A member elected under this
0	subdivision must be:
1	(A) a resident of the election district from which the member
2	is elected; and
3	(B) voted upon by only the registered voters residing within
4	the election district and voting at a governing body election.
5	(2) Three (3) members, who are voted upon by all the registered
6	voters residing within the school corporation and voting at a
7	governing body election, elected under this subdivision. The
8	governing body shall establish three (3) residential districts as
9	follows:
0	(A) One (1) residential district must be the township that has
1	the greatest population within the school corporation.
2	(B) Two (2) residential districts must divide the remaining



1	area within the school corporation.
2	Only one (1) member who resides within a particular residential
3	district established under this subdivision may serve on the
4	governing body at a time.
5	(c) A member of the governing body who is:
6	(1) elected from an election or a residential district; or
7	(2) appointed to fill a vacancy from an election or a residential
8	district;
9	must reside within the boundaries of the district the member represents.
0	(d) A vacancy on the governing body shall be filled by the
1	governing body as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs. A
12	member chosen by the governing body to fill a vacancy holds office for
13	the remainder of the unexpired term. as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.
14	(e) The members of the governing body serving at the time a plan
15	is amended under this section shall establish the election and
16	residential districts described in subsection (b).
17	(f) The election districts described in subsection (b)(1):
18	(1) shall be drawn on the basis of precinct lines;
19	(2) may not cross precinct lines; and
20	(3) as nearly as practicable, be of equal population, with the
21	population of the largest exceeding the population of the smallest
22	by not more than fifteen percent (15%).
22 23 24	(g) The residential districts described in subsection (b)(2) may:
24	(1) be drawn in any manner considered appropriate by the
25 26	governing body; and
26	(2) be drawn along township lines.
27	(h) The governing body shall certify the districts that are established
28	under subsections (f) and (g), amended under subsection (e), or
29	recertified under section 35.5 of this chapter to:
30	(1) the state board; and
31	(2) the circuit court clerk of each county in which the school
32	corporation is located as provided in section 35.5 of this chapter.
33	(i) The governing body shall designate:
34	(1) three (3) of the districts established under this section to be
35	elected at the first school board election that occurs after the
36	effective date of the plan; and
37	(2) the remaining four (4) districts to be elected at the second
38	school board election that occurs after the effective date of the
39	plan.
10	(j) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the plan, but
11	do not have to be specifically set forth in the plan. The plan must be
12	construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. If a provision of the



1	plan or an application of the plan violates this chapter, the invalidity
2	does not affect the other provisions or applications of the plan that can
3	be given effect without the invalid provision or application. The
4	provisions of the plan are severable.
5	(k) If a conflict exists between:
6	(1) a map showing the boundaries of a district; and
7	(2) a description of the boundaries of that district set forth in the
8	plan or plan amendment;
9	the district boundaries are the description of the boundaries set forth in
10	the plan or plan amendment, not the boundaries shown on the map, to
11	the extent there is a conflict between the description and the map.
12	SECTION 33. IC 20-23-4-44, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012,
13	SECTION 145, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
14	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 44. (a) This section applies only
15	to a school corporation with territory in a county having a population
16	of more than one hundred seventy eighty-five thousand (170,000)
17	(185,000) but and less than one two hundred seventy-five thousand
18	<del>(175,000).</del> <b>(200,000).</b>
19	(b) This section applies If there is a
20	(1) tie vote in an election for a member of the governing body of
21	a school corporation, or
22	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.
	•
22	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.
22 23	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation. the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.
22 23 24	<ul> <li>(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.</li> <li>the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.</li> <li>(c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any</li> </ul>
22 23 24 25	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the
22 23 24 25 26	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even
22 23 24 25 26 27	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the eandidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the eandidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or  (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or  (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the eandidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or  (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.  (d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or  (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.  (d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection (c)(2):
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the eandidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or  (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.  (d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection (c)(2):  (1) must satisfy all the qualifications required of a member of the
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the eandidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or  (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.  (d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection (c)(2):  (1) must satisfy all the qualifications required of a member of the governing body; and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or  (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.  (d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection (c)(2):  (1) must satisfy all the qualifications required of a member of the governing body; and (2) shall fill the remainder of the unexpired term of the vacating member.  (e) If a tie vote occurs among the remaining members of the
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or  (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.  (d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection (c)(2):  (1) must satisfy all the qualifications required of a member of the governing body; and  (2) shall fill the remainder of the unexpired term of the vacating member:  (e) If a tie vote occurs among the remaining members of the governing body or the governing body fails to act within thirty (30)
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.  the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.  (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:  (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or  (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.  (d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection (c)(2):  (1) must satisfy all the qualifications required of a member of the governing body; and (2) shall fill the remainder of the unexpired term of the vacating member.  (e) If a tie vote occurs among the remaining members of the



percentage of population of the school district resides shall break the

tie or make the appointment. A member of the fiscal body who was a

3	candidate and is involved in a tie vote may not cast a vote under this
4	subsection.
5	(f) If the fiscal body of a township is required to act under this
6	section and a vote in the fiscal body results in a tie, the deciding vote
7	to break the tie vote shall be east by the executive.
8	SECTION 34. IC 20-23-7-8.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
9	SECTION 79, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.1. (a) The registered voters of the
11	metropolitan school district shall elect the members of the metropolitan
12	board of education at general elections held biennially, beginning with
13	the next general election that is held more than sixty (60) days after the
14	creation of the metropolitan school district as provided in this chapter.
15	(b) Each nominee for the board must file a petition of nomination
16	signed by the nominee and by ten (10) registered voters residing in the
17	same board member district as the nominee. The petition must be filed
18	in accordance with IC 3-8-2.5 with the circuit court clerk of each
19	county in which the metropolitan school district is located.
20	(c) Nominees for the board shall be listed on the general election
21	<del>ballot:</del>
22	(1) in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2;
23	(2) by board member districts; and
24	(3) without party designation.
25	The ballot must state the number of board members to be voted on and
26	the maximum number of members that may be elected from each board
27	member district as provided under section 5 of this chapter. A ballot
28	that contains more votes than the maximum number allowed from a
29	board member district is invalid.
30	(d) The precinct election boards in each county serving at the
31	general election shall conduct the election for school board members.
32	(e) Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in accordance
33	with IC 3, and the candidates who receive the most votes are elected to
34	the board.
35	(f) If there are more candidates from a particular board member
36	district than may be elected from the board member district under
37	section 5 of this chapter:
38	(1) the number of candidates elected is the greatest number that
39	may be elected from the board member district;
40	(2) the candidates elected are those who, among the candidates
41	from the board member district, receive the most votes; and

(3) the other candidates from the board member district are



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1	<del>eliminated.</del>
2	(b) IC 3 governs the nomination and election of candidates.
3	Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as provided
4	in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate must be
5	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6, whichever is
6	applicable to the particular candidate.
7	(g) (c) If there is a tie vote among the candidates for the board, the
8	judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of the
9	registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside shall select
10	one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected.
11	the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.
12	(h) (d) If, at any time after the first board member election, A
13	vacancy on the board that occurs for any reason including an
14	insufficient number of petitions for candidates being filed, and
15	regardless of whether the vacating member was elected or appointed,
16	the remaining members of the board, whether or not a majority of the
17	board, shall by a majority vote fill the vacancy by:
18	(1) appointing a person from the board member district from
19	which the person who vacated the board was elected; or
20	(2) if the person was appointed, appointing a person from the
21	board member district from which the last elected predecessor of
22	the person was elected.
23	If a majority of the remaining members of the board is unable to agree
24	or the board fails to act within thirty (30) days after a vacancy occurs,
25	the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of
26	registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside shall make
27	the appointment. shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.
28	(i) At a general election held on the earlier of:
29	(1) more than sixty (60) days after an elected board member
30	vacates membership on the board; or
31	(2) immediately before the end of the term for which the vacating
32	member was elected;
33	a successor to a board member appointed under subsection (h) shall be
34	elected. Unless the successor takes office at the end of the term of the
35	vacating member, the member shall serve only for the balance of the
36	vacating member's term. In an election for a successor board member
37	to fill a vacancy for a two (2) year balance of a term, candidates for
38	board membership need not file for or with reference to the vacancy.
39	However, as required by IC 3-11-2, candidates for at-large seats must
40	be distinguished on the ballot from candidates for district seats. If there
41	is more than one (1) at-large seat on the ballot due to this vacancy, the

elected candidate who receives the fewest votes at the election at which



the successor is elected shall serve for a two (2) year term.

- (j) (e) At the first general election where members of the board are elected under this section, the elected candidates who constitute a simple majority of the elected candidates and who receive the most votes shall be elected for four (4) year terms, and the other elected candidates shall be elected for two (2) year terms.
- (k) (f) Board members shall be elected for four (4) year terms after the first election and shall take office on the date set in the school corporation's organization plan. The date set in the organization plan for an elected member of the governing body to take office may not be more than fourteen (14) months after the date of the member's election. If the school corporation's organization plan does not set a date for an elected member of the governing body to take office, the member takes office January 1 immediately following the member's election.

SECTION 35. IC 20-23-10-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015, SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) The board members of a merged school corporation shall be elected at the first general election following the merged school corporation's creation, and vacancies shall be filled in accordance with IC 20-23-4-30. IC 3-13-10.5-3.

- (b) Until the first election under subsection (a), the board of trustees of the merged school corporation consists of the members of the governing body of a school corporation in the county.
- (c) The first board of trustees shall select the name of the merged school corporation by a majority vote. The name may be changed by unanimous vote of the governing body of the merged school corporation.

SECTION 36. IC 20-23-12-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2018(ss), SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The emergency manager appointed by the distressed unit appeal board under IC 6-1.1-20.3 shall act as the governing body of the school corporation and has the powers set forth in IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.5, including the powers and duties of the governing body of the school corporation. The school corporation shall also have an advisory board that consists of seven (7) members elected as follows:

- (1) On a nonpartisan basis.
- (2) in a general election in the county.

The advisory board is created to provide nonbinding recommendations to the emergency manager.

(b) Six (6) of the members shall be elected from the school districts drawn under section 4 of this chapter. Each member:



1	(1) is elected from the school district in which the member
2	resides; and
3	(2) upon election and in conducting the business of the advisory
4	board, represents the interests of the entire school corporation.
5	(c) One (1) of the members elected:
6	(1) is the at-large member of the advisory board;
7	(2) may reside in any of the districts drawn under section 4 of this
8	chapter; and
9	(3) upon election and in conducting the business of the advisory
10	board, represents the interests of the entire school corporation.
11	(d) A per diem may not be paid to a member.
12	(e) The advisory board may hold a public meeting subject to the
13	limits on the number of meetings set forth in IC 6-1.1-20.3-6.8(d). The
14	advisory board is subject to IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law) for these
15	meetings. The advisory board may hold additional meetings that are
16	authorized as executive sessions under IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law)
17	as provided in IC 5-14-1.5-6.1. The advisory board is subject to the
18	public notice requirements of IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law) for these
19	additional meetings. The records of the advisory board are subject to
20	IC 5-14-3 (access to public records).
21	SECTION 37. IC 20-23-12-5, AS AMENDED BY
22	P.L.213-2018(ss), SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The six (6)
24	members who are elected for a position on the advisory board
25	described under section 3(b) of this chapter are determined as follows:
26	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a nomination petition
27	with the board of elections and registration not earlier than one
28	hundred four (104) days and not later than noon seventy-four (74)
29	days before the election at which the members are to be elected
30	that includes the following information:
31	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.
32	(B) The district in which the prospective candidate resides.
33	(C) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
34	voters residing in the school corporation.
35	(D) The fact that the prospective candidate is running for a
36	district position.
37	(E) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the
38	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
39	Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as
40	provided in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate
41	must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6,

whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.



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1	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the district may vote for a
2	candidate.
3	(3) The candidate within each district who receives the greates
4	number of votes in the district is elected. IC 3 governs the
5	nomination and election of members of the advisory board
6	under this subsection.
7	(b) The at-large member elected under section 3(c) of this chapter
8	is determined as follows:
9	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a nomination petition
10	with the clerk of the circuit court at least seventy-four (74) days
11	before the election at which the at-large member is to be elected
12	The petition must include the following information:
13	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.
14	(B) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
15	voters residing within the school corporation.
16	(C) The fact that the prospective candidate is running for the
17	at-large position on the advisory board.
18	(D) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the
19	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
20	Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as
21	provided in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate
22	must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6
23	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
24	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may
25	vote for a candidate.
26	(3) The candidate who:
27	(A) runs for the at-large position on the advisory board; and
28	(B) receives the greatest number of votes in the school
29	<del>corporation;</del>
30	is elected to the at-large position. IC 3 governs the nomination
31	and election of the member of the advisory board under this
32	subsection.
33	SECTION 38. IC 20-23-13-2.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.179-2011
34	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.1. (a) As used in this section, "county
36	election board" includes a board of elections and registration
37	established under IC 3-6-5.2.
38	(b) (a) The voters of the school corporation shall elect the members
39	of the governing body at a general election for a term of four (4) years
40	The members shall be elected from the city at large without reference
41	to district.

(c) (b) Each candidate for election to the governing body must file



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to district.

1	a petition of nomination with the county election board in each county
2	in which a school corporation subject to this chapter is located. The
3	petition of nomination must comply with IC 3-8-2.5 and the following
4	requirements:
5	(1) The petition must be signed by at least two hundred (200)
6	legal voters of the school corporation.
7	(2) Each petition may nominate only one (1) candidate.
8	(3) The number of petitions signed by a legal voter may no
9	exceed the number of school trustees to be elected.
10	Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as provided
11	in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate must be
12	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6, whichever is
13	applicable to the particular candidate.
14	(d) (c) After all the petitions described in subsection (c) are filed
15	with the county election board, the board shall publish the names of
16	those nominated in accordance with IC 5-3-1 and shall certify the
17	nominations in the manner required by law. IC 3 governs the election
18	to the extent that it is not inconsistent with this chapter.
19	(e) The county election board shall prepare the ballot for the general
20	election at which members of the governing body are to be elected so
21	that the names of the candidates nominated appear on the ballot:
22	(1) in alphabetical order;
23	(2) without party designation; and
24	(3) in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2.
25	(f) The county election board shall not publish or place on the ballo
26	the name of a candidate who is not eligible under this chapter for
27	membership on the governing body.
28	(g) (d) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are
29	members of the governing body to be elected.
30	SECTION 39. IC 20-23-14-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013
31	SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of the school
33	corporation consists of five (5) members. elected on a nonpartisar
34	<del>basis.</del>
35	(b) Three (3) of the members are elected from the school districts
36	referred to in section 4.5 of this chapter by eligible voters residing in
37	the school districts. Each member:
38	(1) is elected from the school district in which the member
39	resides; and
40	(2) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing
41	body, represents the interests of the entire school corporation.

(c) Two (2) of the members:



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1	(1) are elected by eligible voters residing in the school
2	corporation;
3	(2) are at-large members of the governing body; and
4	(3) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing
5	body, represent the interests of the entire school corporation.
6	SECTION 40. IC 20-23-14-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012,
7	SECTION 127, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. To be eligible to be a
9	candidate for the governing body under this chapter, the following
10	apply:
11	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a petition of nomination
12	with the board of elections and registration not earlier than one
13	hundred four (104) days and not later than noon seventy-four (74)
14	days before the general election at which the members are to be
15	elected. The petition of nomination must include the following:
16	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.
17	(B) Whether the prospective candidate is a district candidate
18	or an at-large candidate.
19	(C) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the
20	qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.
21	(D) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
21 22	voters residing in the school corporation.
23	Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as
24	provided in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate
25	must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6,
26	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
27	(2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must:
- '	
28	(A) reside in the district; <del>and</del>
28 29	
28 29 30	<ul><li>(A) reside in the district; and</li><li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li></ul>
28 29 30 31	<ul><li>(A) reside in the district; and</li><li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years</li></ul>
28 29 30 31 32	<ul><li>(A) reside in the district; and</li><li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li></ul>
28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>(A) reside in the district; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li> <li>(C) certify that the candidate meets the qualifications for</li> </ul>
28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>(A) reside in the district; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li> <li>(C) certify that the candidate meets the qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.</li> <li>(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must:</li> <li>(A) reside in the school corporation; and</li> </ul>
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<ul> <li>(A) reside in the district; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li> <li>(C) certify that the candidate meets the qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.</li> <li>(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: <ul> <li>(A) reside in the school corporation; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<ul> <li>(A) reside in the district; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li> <li>(C) certify that the candidate meets the qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.</li> <li>(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: <ul> <li>(A) reside in the school corporation; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three</li> <li>(3) years immediately preceding the election.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<ul> <li>(A) reside in the district; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li> <li>(C) certify that the candidate meets the qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.</li> <li>(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: <ul> <li>(A) reside in the school corporation; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three</li> <li>(3) years immediately preceding the election.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the</li> </ul>
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>(A) reside in the district; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li> <li>(C) certify that the candidate meets the qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.</li> <li>(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: <ul> <li>(A) reside in the school corporation; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three</li> <li>(3) years immediately preceding the election.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must:</li> </ul>
28 29 330 331 332 333 34 335 336 337	<ul> <li>(A) reside in the district; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li> <li>(C) certify that the candidate meets the qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.</li> <li>(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: <ul> <li>(A) reside in the school corporation; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three</li> <li>(3) years immediately preceding the election.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must: <ul> <li>(A) be a registered voter;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
28 29 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337	<ul> <li>(A) reside in the district; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li> <li>(C) certify that the candidate meets the qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.</li> <li>(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: <ul> <li>(A) reside in the school corporation; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three</li> <li>(3) years immediately preceding the election.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must: <ul> <li>(A) be a registered voter;</li> <li>(B) have been a registered voter for at least the three (3) years</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
28 29 330 331 332 333 34 335 336 337	<ul> <li>(A) reside in the district; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and</li> <li>(C) certify that the candidate meets the qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.</li> <li>(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: <ul> <li>(A) reside in the school corporation; and</li> <li>(B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three</li> <li>(3) years immediately preceding the election.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must: <ul> <li>(A) be a registered voter;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



1	(i) high school equivalency certificate; or
2	(ii) state general educational development (GED) diploma
3	under IC 20-20-6 (before its repeal) or IC 22-4.1-18.
4	(5) A <del>prospective</del> candidate may not:
5	(A) hold any other elective or appointive office; or
6	(B) have a pecuniary interest in any contract with the school
7	corporation or its governing body;
8	as prohibited by law.
9	SECTION 41. IC 20-23-15-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
10	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The governing body of the school
12	corporation consists of seven (7) members who shall be elected
13	(1) on a nonpartisan basis; and
14	$\frac{2}{2}$ in the general election held in the county.
15	(b) Five (5) of the members shall be elected from the school districts
16	in which the members reside as established under section 7 of this
17	chapter.
18	(c) Two (2) of the members shall be elected at large.
19	(d) Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as
20	provided in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate must
21	be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6, whichever is
22	applicable to the particular candidate.
23	SECTION 42. IC 20-23-17-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
24	SECTION 86, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of the school
26	corporation consists of five (5) members chosen as follows:
27	(1) Three (3) members shall be elected by the voters of the school
28	corporation at a general election to be held in the county and
29	every four (4) years thereafter.
30	(2) One (1) member shall be appointed by the city executive.
31	(3) One (1) member shall be appointed by the city legislative
32	body.
33	(b) The members elected under subsection (a)(1) shall be elected as
34	follows:
35	(1) On a nonpartisan basis.
36	(2) (1) In a general election held in the county.
37	(3) (2) By the registered voters of the entire school corporation.
38	(c) The following apply to an election of members of the governing
39	body of the school corporation under subsection (a)(1):
40	(1) Each candidate must file a petition of nomination with the
41	eireuit eourt elerk not earlier than one hundred four (104) days
42	and not later than seventy-four (74) days before the election at



l	which members are to be elected. The petition of nomination must
2	include the following information:
3	(A) The name of the candidate.
4	(B) A certification that the candidate meets the qualifications
5	for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
6	Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as
7	provided in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate
8	must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6,
9	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
10	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may
11	vote for a candidate seeking election.
12	SECTION 43. IC 20-23-17.2-3.1, AS AMENDED BY
13	P.L.193-2021, SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.1. (a) The
15	governing body of the school corporation consists of five (5) members,
16	elected as provided in this chapter.
17	(b) Three (3) members shall be elected as follows:
18	(1) From districts established as provided in section 4.1 of this
19	chapter.
20	(2) On a nonpartisan basis.
21 22	(3) (2) At the general election held in the county in 2022 and
22	every four (4) years thereafter.
23	(c) Two (2) members shall be elected as follows:
24	(1) At large by all the voters of the school corporation.
25	(2) On a nonpartisan basis.
26 27	(3) (2) At the general election held in the county in 2024 and
27	every four (4) years thereafter.
28	(d) The term of office of a member of the governing body:
29	(1) is four (4) years; and
30	(2) begins January 1 after the election of members of the
31	governing body.
32	(e) Upon assuming office and in conducting the business of the
33	governing body, a member shall represent the interests of the entire
34	school corporation.
35	SECTION 44. IC 20-23-17.2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.222-2015,
36	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The following apply to an election of
38	members of the governing body of the school corporation under section
39	3.1(b) of this chapter:
40	(1) Each candidate must file a petition of nomination with the
41	circuit court clerk not earlier than one hundred four (104) days
42	and not later than seventy-four (74) days before the general



1	election at which members are to be elected. The petition of
2	nomination must include the following information:
3	(A) The name of the candidate.
4	(B) The candidate's residence address and the district in which
5	the candidate resides.
6	(C) The signatures of at least twenty (20) registered voters
7	residing within the school corporation district the candidate
8	seeks to represent.
9	(D) A certification that the candidate meets the qualifications
10	for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
11	(E) The school corporation district that the candidate seeks to
12	<del>represent.</del>
13	Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as
14	provided in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate
15	must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6,
16	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
17	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation district
18	as provided in section 4.1 of this chapter may vote for a candidate
19	to represent that school corporation district.
20	(3) One (1) candidate shall be elected for each school corporation
21	district provided by section 4.1 of this chapter. The candidate
22	elected for a school corporation district must reside within the
23	boundaries of the school corporation district. The candidate
24	elected as the member for a particular school corporation district
25 26	is the candidate who, among all the candidates who reside within
26	that school corporation district, receives the greatest number of
27	votes from voters residing in that school corporation district.
28	(b) The following apply to an election of the members of the
29	governing body of the school corporation under section 3.1(c) of this
30	chapter:
31	(1) Each candidate must file a petition of nomination with the
32	circuit court clerk not earlier than one hundred four (104) days
33	and not later than seventy-four (74) days before the general
34	election at which members are to be elected. The petition of
35	nomination must include the following information:
36	(A) The name of the candidate.
37	(B) The candidate's residence address.
38	(C) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
39	voters residing within the school corporation.
10	(D) A certification that the candidate meets the qualifications
<b>1</b> 1	for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
12	(E) The feet that the condidate scales to be elected from the



1	school corporation at large.
2	Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be nominated as
3	provided in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a candidate
4	must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6,
5	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
6	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may
7	vote for a candidate.
8	(3) Two (2) candidates shall be elected at large. The two (2)
9	candidates who receive the greatest number of votes among all
10	candidates running for an at-large seat are elected as members of
11	the governing body.
12	SECTION 45. IC 20-25-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
13	SECTION 90, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) The board consists of seven (7)
15	members. A member:
16	(1) must be elected on a nonpartisan basis in general elections
17	held in the county as specified in this section; and
18	(2) serves a four (4) year term.
19	(b) Five (5) members shall be elected from the school board districts
20	in which the members reside, and two (2) members must be elected at
21	large. Not more than two (2) of the members who serve on the board
22	may reside in the same school board district.
23	(c) If a candidate runs for one (1) of the district positions on the
24	board, only eligible voters residing in the candidate's district may vote
25	for that candidate. If a person is a candidate for one (1) of the at-large
26	positions, eligible voters from all the districts may vote for that
27	candidate.
28	(d) If a candidate files to run for a position on the board, the
29	candidate must specify whether the candidate is running for a district
30	or an at-large position. Before January 1, 2023, candidates shall be
31	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5. After December 31, 2022, a
32	candidate must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6,
33	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
34	(e) A candidate who runs for a district or an at-large position wins
35	if the candidate receives the greatest number of votes of all the
36	candidates for the position. IC 3 governs the nomination and election
37	of the members of the board under this section.
38	(f) Districts shall be established within the school city by the state
39	board. The districts must be drawn on the basis of precinct lines, and
40	as nearly as practicable, of equal population with the population of the
41	largest district not to exceed the population of the smallest district by
42	more than five percent (5%). District lines must not cross precinct



1 lines. The state board, with assistance from the county election 2 board, shall establish: 3 (1) balloting procedures for the election under IC 3; and 4 (2) other procedures required to implement this section. 5 (g) A member of the board serves under section 3 of this chapter. 6 (h) In accordance with subsection (k), a vacancy in the board shall 7 be filled temporarily by the board as soon as practicable after the 8 vacancy occurs. The member chosen by the board to fill a vacancy 9 holds office until the member's successor is elected and qualified. The 10 successor shall be elected at the next regular school board election occurring after the date on which the vacancy occurs. The successor 11 12 fills the vacancy for the remainder of the term. 13 (i) An individual elected to serve on the board begins the 14 individual's term on the date set in the school corporation's organization 15 plan. The date set in the organization plan for an elected member of the 16 board to take office may not be more than fourteen (14) months after the date of the member's election. If the school corporation's 17 18 organization plan does not set a date for a member of the board to take 19 office, the member takes office January 1 immediately following the 20 individual's election. 21 (j) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, each voter must cast a 22 vote for a school board candidate or school board candidates by voting 23 system or paper ballot. However, the same method used to cast votes 24 for all other offices for which candidates have qualified to be on the 25 election ballot must be used for the board offices. 26 (k) If a vacancy in the board exists because of the death of a 27 member, the remaining members of the board shall meet and select an 28 individual to fill the vacancy in accordance with subsection (h) after 29 the secretary of the board receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. 30 SECTION 46. IC 20-26-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021, 31 SECTION 107, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 32 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not 33 apply to: 34 (1) a vacancy of a member who serves on a governing body in 35 an ex officio capacity; or 36 (2) a vacancy in an appointed board member position if the 37 plan, resolution, or law under which the school corporation 38 operates specifically provides for filling vacancies by the 39 appointing authority.

**(b)** If fewer candidates have been elected to the school board than

there were members to be elected, the governing body shall determine

not later than noon December 31 following the election which



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1	incumbent member of members continue to note under Article
2	15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana until a
3	successor is elected and qualified. However,
4	(c) If a vacancy in the membership of a governing body occurs for
5	any reason, whether the vacancy was of an elected or appointed
6	member, the vacancy shall be filled as follows:
7	(1) If the vacant office was last held by an individual elected
8	or selected as a candidate of a major political party of
9	Indiana, the vacancy shall be filled by a caucus under
10	IC 3-13-11.
11	(2) If subdivision (1) does not apply, the remaining members of
12	the governing body shall by majority vote fill the vacancy by
13	appointing a person an individual from within the boundaries of
14	the school corporation. with the residence and other qualifications
15	provided for a regularly elected or appointed board member
16	filling the membership, to serve for the term or the balance of the
17	term. However, this subsection does not apply to a vacancy:
18	(1) of a member who serves on a governing body in an ex officio
19	<del>capacity; or</del>
20	(2) a vacancy in an appointed board membership if a plan,
21	resolution, or law under which the school corporation operates
22	specifically provides for filling vacancies by the appointing
23	authority.
24	(d) An individual appointed as provided in this section:
25	(1) must possess the qualifications provided for a regularly
26	elected or appointed governing body member filling the
27	office; and
28	(2) holds office for the remainder of the unexpired term.
29	SECTION 47. IC 20-26-4-4.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015,
30	SECTION 95, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.5. (a) The definitions in IC 3-5-2 apply to
32	this section.
33	(b) If a vacancy in a school board office exists because of the death
34	of a school board member, the vacancy shall be filled in accordance
35	with section 4 of this chapter the remaining members of the
36	governing body shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy
37	after the secretary of the governing body receives notice of the death
38	under IC 5-8-6. and in accordance with section 4 of this chapter.
39	SECTION 48. IC 33-33-53-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2011,
40	SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. In accordance with rules adopted by the
42	judges of the court under section 6 of this chapter, the presiding judge



1	shall do the following:
2	(1) Ensure that the court operates efficiently and judicially under
3	rules adopted by the court.
4	(2) Annually submit to the fiscal body of Monroe County a budget
5	for the court, including amounts necessary for:
6	(A) the operation of the circuit's probation department;
7	(B) the defense of indigents; and
8	(C) maintaining an adequate law library.
9	(3) Make the appointments or selections required of a circuit or
10	superior court judge under the following statutes:
11	IC 8-4-21-2
12	IC 11-12-2-2
13	IC 16-22-2-4
14	IC 16-22-2-11
15	IC 16-22-7
16	IC 20-23-4
17	IC 20-23-7-6
18	<del>IC 20-23-7-8.1</del>
19	IC 20-26-7-8
20	IC 20-26-7-14
21	IC 20-47-2-15
22	IC 20-47-3-13
23	IC 36-9
24	IC 36-10
25	IC 36-12-10-10.
26	(4) Make appointments or selections required of a circuit or
27	superior court judge by any other statute, if the appointment or
28	selection is not required of the court because of an action before
29	the court.
30	SECTION 49. An emergency is declared for this act.

