



March 22, 2019

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1223

DIGEST OF HB 1223 (Updated March 20, 2019 11:36 am - DI 128)

Citations Affected: IC 4-2; IC 4-15; IC 4-21.5; IC 4-33; IC 5-2; IC 16-19; IC 16-21; IC 16-25; IC 16-27; IC 16-28; IC 22-9; IC 23-2; IC 23-19; noncode.

Synopsis: Administrative law judges. Establishes the office of administrative law proceedings (office) within the state personnel department to hear certain administrative proceedings that result in a finding of fact determining the legal rights, duties, or privileges of a party after an opportunity for an evidentiary hearing. Specifies the administrative proceedings over which the office has jurisdiction. Provides a list of agencies over whose administrative proceedings the administrative law judges from the office do not preside. Provides that the office shall have a director who is responsible for administering the office, hiring administrative law judges, and assigning administrative law judges to administrative proceedings. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2019; January 1, 2020.

Steuerwald, Bosma, Borders, DeLaney

(SENATE SPONSORS — HEAD, KOCH, FREEMAN, TAYLOR G,
RANDOPLH LONNIE M)

January 10, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

February 11, 2019, amended, reported — Do Pass.

February 14, 2019, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.

February 15, 2019, engrossed.

February 18, 2019, read third time, passed. Yeas 97, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION

March 5, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

March 21, 2019, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.

EH 1223—LS 7070/DI 125



March 22, 2019

First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1223

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 4-2-7-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.72-2014,
2 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. The inspector general shall do the
4 following:

5 (1) Initiate, supervise, and coordinate investigations.
6 (2) Recommend policies and carry out other activities designed to
7 deter, detect, and eradicate fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement,
8 and misconduct in state government.
9 (3) Receive complaints alleging the following:
10 (A) A violation of the code of ethics.
11 (B) Bribery (IC 35-44.1-1-2).
12 (C) Official misconduct (IC 35-44.1-1-1).
13 (D) Conflict of interest (IC 35-44.1-1-4).
14 (E) Profiteering from public service (IC 35-44.1-1-5).
15 (F) A violation of the executive branch lobbying rules.
16 (G) A violation of a statute or rule relating to the purchase of
17 goods or services by a current or former employee, state

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3 (4) If the inspector general has reasonable cause to believe that a
4 crime has occurred or is occurring, report the suspected crime to:

5 (A) the governor; and

6 (B) appropriate state or federal law enforcement agencies and
7 prosecuting authorities having jurisdiction over the matter.

10 (6) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 and section 5 of this chapter to
11 implement a code of ethics.

12 (7) Ensure that every:

13 (A) employee;

14 (B) state officer;

15 (C) special state appointee; and

16 (D) person who has a business relati
17

17 is properly trained in the code of ethics.
18 (8) Provide advice to an agency on developing, implementing,
19 and enforcing policies and procedures to prevent or reduce the
20 risk of fraudulent or wrongful acts within the agency.

27 statement under IC 4-2-6-8.
28 (10) Annually submit a report to the legislative council detailing
29 the inspector general's activities. The report must be in an
30 electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

33 (12) Accept and file information that:

34 (A) is voluntarily supplied; and

35 (B) exceeds the requirements of this chapter.

36 (13) Inspect financial disclosure forms.

37 (14) Notify persons who fail to file forms required under IC 4-2-6
38 or this chapter.

39 (15) Develop a filing, a coding, and an indexing system required
40 by IC 4-2-6 and IC 35-44.1-1.

41 (16) Prepare interpretive and educational materials and programs.

42 (17) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 and section 9 of this chapter to



1 implement a statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative
2 law judges. The inspector general may adopt emergency rules in
3 the manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement a
4 statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges.

5 SECTION 2. IC 4-2-7-9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
6 PASSAGE]. Sec. 9. (a) The inspector general shall adopt rules under
7 IC 4-22-2 establishing a statewide code of judicial conduct for
8 administrative law judges. The statewide code of judicial conduct for
9 administrative law judges must apply to every person acting as an
10 administrative law judge for a state agency.

11 (b) The inspector general:

12 (1) shall review 312 IAC 3-1-2.5 and 315 IAC 1-1-2 in adopting
13 a statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges;
14 and

15 (2) may base the statewide code of judicial conduct for
16 administrative law judges on 312 IAC 3-1-2.5 and 315 IAC 1-1-2.

17 (c) A state agency may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
18 supplemental code of judicial conduct for a person acting as an
19 administrative law judge for that agency; if the supplemental code is at
20 least as restrictive as the statewide code of judicial conduct for
21 administrative law judges.

22 (d) The inspector general may adopt emergency rules in the manner
23 provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement a statewide code of
24 judicial conduct for administrative law judges.

25 (e) The statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law
26 judges shall be enforced under IC 4-21.5. The inspector general is not
27 responsible for enforcing the statewide code of judicial conduct for
28 administrative law judges or for investigating a possible violation of the
29 statewide code.

30 SECTION 3. IC 4-15-2.2-15, AS ADDED BY P.L.229-2011,
31 SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. The director shall do the following:

33 (1) Direct and supervise all administrative and technical activities
34 of the department.

35 (2) Survey the administrative organization and procedures,
36 including personnel procedures, of all state agencies, and submit
37 to the governor measures to do the following among state
38 agencies:

39 (A) Secure greater efficiency and economy.

40 (B) Minimize the duplication of activities.

41 (C) Effect better organization and procedures.

42 (3) Develop personnel policies, methods, procedures, and



1 standards for all state agencies.
2 (4) Establish and maintain a roster of all employees in the state
3 civil service.
4 (5) Prepare, or cause to be prepared, a classification and pay plan
5 for the state civil service.
6 (6) Administer the classification and pay plan prepared under
7 subdivision (5).
8 (7) Allocate each position in the state civil service to its proper
9 class.
10 (8) Approve individuals for appointment to positions in the state
11 civil service.
12 (9) Approve employees for transfer, demotion, or promotion
13 within the state civil service.
14 (10) Approve employees for suspension, layoff, or dismissal from
15 the state civil service.
16 (11) Rate the service of employees.
17 (12) Arrange, in cooperation with the directors of the divisions of
18 the service, for employee training.
19 (13) Make available employee relations specialists to help
20 employees:
21 (A) resolve employment related problems; and
22 (B) understand the procedures that are available for redress of
23 grievances that the employee relations specialists do not
24 resolve.
25 (14) Investigate systems of appointment and promotion in
26 operation in various departments or divisions of the state
27 government.
28 (15) Investigate and approve the need for existing and new
29 positions in the state civil service.
30 (16) Investigate periodically the operation and effectiveness of
31 this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter.
32 (17) Implement, administer, and enforce this chapter and rules
33 and policies adopted under this chapter.
34 (18) Appoint employees, experts, and special assistants, as
35 necessary, to effectively carry out this chapter.
36 (19) Perform any other lawful acts that the director considers
37 necessary or desirable to carry out this chapter.
38 (20) Perform any other duties imposed by this chapter or assigned
39 by the governor.
40 (21) **Provide offices, rooms, and staff assistance to the office**
41 **of administrative law proceedings established by**
42 **IC 4-15-10.5-7.**



1 SECTION 4. IC 4-15-10.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2 AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3 UPON PASSAGE]:

4 **Chapter 10.5. Office of Administrative Law Proceedings**

5 **Sec. 1. (a) Beginning July 1, 2020, this chapter applies when an**
6 **agency is required to assign, appoint, or otherwise make use of an**
7 **individual to act in the capacity of an administrative law judge to**
8 **preside over administrative proceedings to review a disputed**
9 **agency action for the agency.**

10 **(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) and section 2 of this**
11 **chapter, this chapter applies to each state agency that has the**
12 **authority to employ or engage one (1) or more administrative law**
13 **judges to adjudicate contested cases.**

14 **(c) This chapter does not apply to an agency that uses a board**
15 **or commission to act in the capacity of an administrative law judge**
16 **to preside over administrative proceedings, and should not be**
17 **construed as limiting an agency's ability to use its board or**
18 **commission to act in the capacity of an administrative law judge to**
19 **preside over administrative proceedings to review a disputed**
20 **agency action for the agency.**

21 **Sec. 2. This chapter does not apply to:**

- 22 **(1) the department of workforce development;**
- 23 **(2) the unemployment insurance review board of the**
24 **department of workforce development;**
- 25 **(3) the worker's compensation board of Indiana;**
- 26 **(4) the Indiana utility regulatory commission;**
- 27 **(5) the department of state revenue;**
- 28 **(6) the department of local government finance;**
- 29 **(7) the Indiana board of tax review;**
- 30 **(8) the natural resources commission;**
- 31 **(9) the office of environmental adjudication;**
- 32 **(10) the Indiana education employment relations board;**
- 33 **(11) the state employees appeals commission; or**
- 34 **(12) any other agency or proceeding determined by the**
35 **governor to be exempt from this chapter for good cause.**

36 **Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "administrative law judge"**
37 **means an individual who presides over an administrative**
38 **proceeding that results in a finding of fact determining the legal**
39 **rights, duties, or privileges of a party after an opportunity for an**
40 **evidentiary hearing.**

41 **Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "agency" means an authority,**
42 **board, branch, bureau, commission, committee, council,**



1 **department, division, office, service, or other instrumentality of the**
2 **executive, including the administrative, department of state**
3 **government. The term does not include any of the following:**

- 4 **(1) Any body corporate and politic set up as an**
5 **instrumentality of the state.**
- 6 **(2) Any private, nonprofit, government related corporation.**
- 7 **(3) The judicial department of state government.**
- 8 **(4) The legislative department of state government.**
- 9 **(5) A state educational institution.**
- 10 **(6) A political subdivision.**

11 **Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "director" means the director of**
12 **the office of administrative law proceedings.**

13 **Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "office" means the office of**
14 **administrative law proceedings established by section 7 of this**
15 **chapter. The term includes the director.**

16 **Sec. 7. The office of administrative law proceedings is**
17 **established as a separate department within the state personnel**
18 **department.**

19 **Sec. 8. The office shall have a director who is responsible for**
20 **administering the office. The governor shall appoint the director.**

21 **Sec. 9. The state personnel department shall provide offices,**
22 **rooms, and staff assistance to the director for the office.**

23 **Sec. 10. The director shall do the following:**

- 24 **(1) Hire or contract with administrative law judges and other**
25 **employees as necessary to carry out the purposes of this**
26 **chapter.**
- 27 **(2) Assign administrative law judges from the office to preside**
28 **over administrative proceedings.**
- 29 **(3) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 establishing a code of judicial**
30 **conduct for administrative law judges. The code of judicial**
31 **conduct for administrative law judges applies to each person**
32 **acting as an administrative law judge for the office. The**
33 **director may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided**
34 **under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement a code of judicial conduct**
35 **for administrative law judges.**
- 36 **(4) Receive complaints alleging violations of the code of**
37 **judicial conduct for administrative law judges, investigate the**
38 **complaints, and take administrative or disciplinary action as**
39 **deemed appropriate and warranted.**
- 40 **(5) Establish and administer a program to train and educate**
41 **administrative law judges.**
- 42 **(6) Require all administrative law judges for the office to**



1 annually complete a number of hours of training and
2 education determined by the director.

3 (7) Provide and coordinate education for administrative law
4 judges on the code of judicial conduct for administrative law
5 judges, professionalism, administrative practices, and other
6 subjects necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

7 (8) Render advisory opinions to administrative law judges
8 concerning the code of judicial conduct for administrative law
9 judges. Information and advice contained in an advisory
10 opinion are considered:

11 (A) specific to the person who requests the opinion and to
12 the facts presented; and

13 (B) confidential records under IC 5-14-3-4(b)(6).

14 (9) Consult with agency heads on hiring and performance
15 evaluations of administrative law judges for the agencies of
16 the agency heads.

17 Sec. 11. The office may:

18 (1) enter into contracts or agreements; and

19 (2) adopt rules under IC 4-22-2;

20 necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

21 Sec. 12. (a) Beginning July 1, 2020, and except as provided in
22 sections 1 and 2 of this chapter, the office has jurisdiction over all
23 administrative proceedings concerning agency administrative
24 actions under:

25 (1) IC 4-21.5; or

26 (2) any other statute that requires or allows the office to take
27 action.

28 (b) Notwithstanding anything in this chapter or any other
29 statute to the contrary:

30 (1) the office shall not be considered the ultimate authority in
31 any administrative proceeding; and

32 (2) a decision by the office in an administrative proceeding is
33 not a final agency action;

34 unless expressly designated by the agency. This subsection may not
35 be construed as preventing the rescission of an agency's delegation.

36 Sec. 13. (a) The director shall assign one (1) or more
37 administrative law judges to:

38 (1) one (1) or more agencies to handle all administrative
39 proceedings filed with that agency or agencies; or

40 (2) preside over any administrative proceeding filed within an
41 agency.

42 (b) When assigning an administrative law judge to an agency or



1 an administrative proceeding, the director shall consider an
 2 administrative law judge's experience, technical competence, and
 3 specialized knowledge.

4 **Sec. 14. (a) The procedures of the office in an administrative**
 5 **proceeding are governed by:**

6 **(1) IC 4-21.5; or**

7 **(2) if IC 4-21.5 does not apply, any other statute that governs**
 8 **an agency's administrative proceedings.**

9 **(b) The office shall render its decisions in writing.**

10 **Sec. 15. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), an**
 11 **administrative law judge employed by the office must be:**

12 **(1) a citizen of Indiana; and**

13 **(2) an attorney in good standing admitted to the practice of**
 14 **law in Indiana.**

15 **(b) An individual who does not meet the requirement under**
 16 **subsection (a)(2) but who served as an administrative law judge for**
 17 **an agency in Indiana before May 1, 2019, may be employed by the**
 18 **office as an administrative law judge.**

19 **Sec. 16. An agency must provide office space, hearing rooms,**
 20 **and administrative support for administrative proceedings for the**
 21 **agency.**

22 SECTION 5. IC 4-21.5-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 23 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 2. "Administrative law
 24 judge" refers to:

25 **(1) before July 1, 2020**, an individual or panel of individuals
 26 acting in the capacity of an administrative law judge in a
 27 proceeding; and

28 **(2) after June 30, 2020:**

29 **(A) an administrative law judge assigned to preside over a**
 30 **proceeding by the director of the office of administrative**
 31 **law proceedings, if the proceeding is subject to the**
 32 **jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings;**

33 **(B) a board or commission acting in the capacity of an**
 34 **administrative law judge to preside over a proceeding for**
 35 **the agency; or**

36 **(C) an individual or panel of individuals acting in the**
 37 **capacity of an administrative law judge in a proceeding, if**
 38 **the proceeding is not subject to the jurisdiction of the office**
 39 **of administrative law proceedings.**

40 SECTION 6. IC 4-21.5-1-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 41 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 42 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: **Sec. 8.5. "Office of administrative law**



1 **proceedings" refers to the office of administrative law proceedings**
2 **established by IC 4-15-10.5-7. The term includes an administrative**
3 **law judge or administrative law judges assigned to a proceeding by**
4 **the office of administrative law proceedings.**

5 SECTION 7. IC 4-21.5-3-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012,
6 SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7 JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 7. (a) To qualify for review of a personnel action
8 to which IC 4-15-2.2 applies, a person must comply with
9 IC 4-15-2.2-42. To qualify for review of any other order described in
10 section 4, 5, or 6 of this chapter, a person must petition for review in a
11 writing that does the following:

12 (1) States facts demonstrating that:
13 (A) the petitioner is a person to whom the order is specifically
14 directed;
15 (B) the petitioner is aggrieved or adversely affected by the
16 order; or
17 (C) the petitioner is entitled to review under any law.

18 (2) Includes, with respect to determinations of notice of program
19 reimbursement and audit findings described in section 6(a)(3) and
20 6(a)(4) of this chapter, a statement of issues that includes:

21 (A) the specific findings, action, or determination of the office
22 of Medicaid policy and planning or of a contractor of the
23 office of Medicaid policy and planning from which the
24 provider is appealing;

25 (B) the reason the provider believes that the finding, action, or
26 determination of the office of Medicaid policy and planning or
27 of a contractor of the office of Medicaid policy and planning
28 was in error; and

29 (C) with respect to each finding, action, or determination of
30 the office of Medicaid policy and planning or of a contractor
31 of the office of Medicaid policy and planning, the statutes or
32 rules that support the provider's contentions of error.

33 Not more than thirty (30) days after filing a petition for review
34 under this section, and upon a finding of good cause by the
35 administrative law judge, a person may amend the statement of
36 issues contained in a petition for review to add one (1) or more
37 additional issues.

38 (3) Is filed:
39 (A) with respect to an order described in section 4, 5, 6(a)(1),
40 6(a)(2), or 6(a)(5) of this chapter, with the ultimate authority
41 for the agency issuing the order within fifteen (15) days after
42 the person is given notice of the order or any longer period set



1 by statute; or
2 (B) with respect to a determination described in section 6(a)(3)
3 or 6(a)(4) of this chapter, with the office of Medicaid policy
4 and planning not more than one hundred eighty (180) days
5 after the hospital is provided notice of the determination.

6 The issuance of an amended notice of program reimbursement by
7 the office of Medicaid policy and planning does not extend the
8 time within which a hospital must file a petition for review from
9 the original notice of program reimbursement under clause (B),
10 except for matters that are the subject of the amended notice of
11 program reimbursement.

12 If the petition for review is denied, the petition shall be treated as a
13 petition for intervention in any review initiated under subsection (d).

14 (b) If an agency denies a petition for review under subsection (a)
15 and the petitioner is not allowed to intervene as a party in a proceeding
16 resulting from the grant of the petition for review of another person, the
17 agency shall serve a written notice on the petitioner that includes the
18 following:

19 (1) A statement that the petition for review is denied.
20 (2) A brief explanation of the available procedures and the time
21 limit for seeking administrative review of the denial under
22 subsection (c).

23 (c) An agency shall assign an administrative law judge, **or after**
24 **June 30, 2020, if the proceeding is subject to the jurisdiction of the**
25 **office of administrative law proceedings, an agency shall request**
26 **assignment of an administrative law judge by the office of**
27 **administrative law proceedings**, to conduct a preliminary hearing on
28 the issue of whether a person is qualified under subsection (a) to obtain
29 review of an order when a person requests reconsideration of the denial
30 of review in a writing that:

31 (1) states facts demonstrating that the person filed a petition for
32 review of an order described in section 4, 5, or 6 of this chapter;
33 (2) states facts demonstrating that the person was denied review
34 without an evidentiary hearing; and
35 (3) is filed with the ultimate authority for the agency denying the
36 review within fifteen (15) days after the notice required by
37 subsection (b) was served on the petitioner.

38 Notice of the preliminary hearing shall be given to the parties, each
39 person who has a pending petition for intervention in the proceeding,
40 and any other person described by section 5(d) of this chapter. The
41 resulting order must be served on the persons to whom notice of the
42 preliminary hearing must be given and include a statement of the facts



1 and law on which it is based.

2 (d) If a petition for review is granted, the petitioner becomes a party
3 to the proceeding and:

4 (1) the agency shall assign the matter to an administrative law
5 judge or, **after June 30, 2020, if the proceeding is subject to the
6 jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings,
7 request assignment of an administrative law judge by the
8 office of administrative law proceedings; or**

9 (2) certify the matter to another agency for the assignment of an
10 administrative law judge (if a statute transfers responsibility for
11 a hearing on the matter to another agency).

12 The agency granting the administrative review or the agency to which
13 the matter is transferred may conduct informal proceedings to settle the
14 matter to the extent allowed by law.

15 SECTION 8. IC 4-21.5-3-8.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.72-2014,
16 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17 JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 8.5. (a) **After June 30, 2020, this section does
18 not apply to an agency that is subject to the jurisdiction of the
19 office of administrative law proceedings.**

20 (b) An agency may share an administrative law judge with another
21 agency:

22 (1) to avoid bias, prejudice, interest in the outcome, or another
23 conflict of interest;
24 (2) if a party requests a change of administrative law judge;
25 (3) to ease scheduling difficulties; or
26 (4) for another good cause.

27 An agency may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this
28 subsection.

29 (b) (c) To the extent practicable, an administrative law judge must
30 have expertise in the area of law being adjudicated.

31 (e) (d) An agency shall post on the agency's Internet web site the:

32 (1) name;
33 (2) salary and other remuneration; and
34 (3) relevant professional experience;

35 of every person who serves as an administrative law judge for the
36 agency.

37 SECTION 9. IC 4-21.5-3-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.72-2014,
38 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39 JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 9. (a) Except to the extent that a statute other than
40 this article limits an agency's discretion to select an administrative law
41 judge, the ultimate authority for an agency may:

42 (1) act as an administrative law judge;



(2) designate one (1) or more members of the ultimate authority (if the ultimate authority is a panel of individuals) to act as an administrative law judge; or

(3) **before July 1, 2020**, designate one (1) or more:

(A) attorneys licensed to practice law in Indiana; or

(B) persons who served as administrative law judges for a state agency before January 1, 2014;

to act as an administrative law judge. After June 30, 2020, the ultimate authority for an agency may request assignment of an administrative law judge by the office of administrative law proceedings.

A person designated under subdivision (3) is not required to be an employee of the agency. A designation under subdivision (2) or (3) may be made in advance of the commencement of any particular proceeding for a generally described class of proceedings or may be made for a particular proceeding. A general designation may provide procedures for the assignment of designated individuals to particular proceedings.

(b) An agency may not knowingly assign an individual to serve alone or with others as an administrative law judge who is subject to disqualification under this chapter.

(c) If the **administrative law judge assigned to the proceeding** believes that the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned, or believes that the judge's personal bias, prejudice, or knowledge of a disputed evidentiary fact might influence the decision, ~~an individual assigned to serve alone or with others as an~~ the administrative law judge shall:

(1) withdraw as the administrative law judge; or

(2) inform the parties of the potential basis for disqualification, place a brief statement of this basis on the record of the proceeding, and allow the parties an opportunity to petition for disqualification under subsection (d).

(d) Any party to a proceeding may petition for the disqualification of an individual serving alone or with others as an administrative law judge upon discovering facts establishing grounds for disqualification under this chapter. The administrative law judge assigned to the proceeding shall determine whether to grant the petition, stating facts and reasons for the determination.

(e) If the administrative law judge ruling on the disqualification issue is not the ultimate authority for the agency, the party petitioning for disqualification may petition the ultimate authority in writing for review of the ruling within ten (10) days after notice of the ruling is



1 served. The ultimate authority shall conduct proceedings described by
 2 section 28 of this chapter to review the petition and affirm, modify, or
 3 dissolve the ruling within thirty (30) days after the petition is filed. A
 4 determination by the ultimate authority under this subsection is a final
 5 order subject to judicial review under IC 4-21.5-5.

6 ~~(e)~~ **(f)** If a substitute is required for an administrative law judge who
 7 is disqualified or becomes unavailable for any other reason, the
 8 substitute must be appointed in accordance with subsection (a).

9 ~~(f)~~ **(g)** Any action taken by a duly appointed substitute for a
 10 disqualified or unavailable administrative law judge is as effective as
 11 if taken by the latter.

12 ~~(g)~~ **(h)** If there is a reasonable likelihood that the ultimate authority
 13 will be called upon to:

14 (1) review; or

15 (2) issue a final order with respect to;

16 a matter pending before or adjudicated by an administrative law judge,
 17 the provisions of section 11 of this chapter that apply to an
 18 administrative law judge or to a person communicating with an
 19 administrative law judge apply to a member of the ultimate authority
 20 and to a person communicating with a member of the ultimate
 21 authority.

22 SECTION 10. IC 4-21.5-3-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2011,
 23 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 24 JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 10. (a) ~~Any individual serving or designated to~~
 25 ~~serve alone or with others as~~ An administrative law judge is subject to
 26 disqualification for:

27 (1) bias, prejudice, or interest in the outcome of a proceeding;
 28 (2) failure to dispose of the subject of a proceeding in an orderly
 29 and reasonably prompt manner after a written request by a party;
 30 (3) unless waived or extended with the written consent of all
 31 parties or for good cause shown, failure to issue an order not later
 32 than ninety (90) days after the latest of:

33 (A) the filing of a motion to dismiss or a motion for summary
 34 judgment under section 23 of this chapter that is filed after
 35 June 30, 2011;

36 (B) the conclusion of a hearing that begins after June 30, 2011;
 37 or

38 (C) the completion of any schedule set for briefing or for
 39 submittal of proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law
 40 for a disposition under clauses (A) or (B); or

41 (4) any cause for which a judge of a court may be disqualified.

42 **Before July 1, 2020**, nothing in this subsection prohibits an individual



1 who is an employee of an agency from serving as an administrative law
2 judge.

3 (b) This subsection does not apply to a proceeding concerning a
4 regulated occupation (as defined in IC 25-1-7-1), except for a
5 proceeding concerning a water well driller (as described in IC 25-39-3)
6 or an out of state mobile health care entity regulated by the state
7 department of health. An individual who is disqualified under
8 subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) shall provide the parties a list of at least
9 three (3) special administrative law judges who meet the requirements
10 of:

11 (1) IC 4-21.5-7-6, if the case is pending in the office of
12 environmental adjudication.

13 (2) IC 14-10-2-2, if the case is pending before the division of
14 hearings of the natural resources commission; or

15 (3) **subject to subsection (d)**, any other statute or rule governing
16 qualification to serve an agency other than those described in
17 subdivision (1) or (2).

18 Subject to subsection (c), the parties may agree to the selection of one
19 (1) individual from the list.

20 (c) If the parties do not agree to the selection of an individual as
21 provided in subsection (b) not later than ten (10) days after the parties
22 are provided a list of judges under subsection (b), a special
23 administrative law judge who meets the requirements of subsection (b)
24 shall be selected under the procedure set forth in Trial Rule 79(D),
25 79(E), or 79(F).

26 **(d) This subsection applies after June 30, 2020, to an agency**
27 **whose proceedings are subject to the jurisdiction of the office of**
28 **administrative law proceedings. If an administrative law judge is**
29 **disqualified under this section, the director of the office of**
30 **administrative law proceedings shall assign another administrative**
31 **law judge.**

32 SECTION 11. IC 4-21.5-3-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 13. (a) An individual
34 who has served as investigator, prosecutor, or advocate in a proceeding
35 or in its preadjudicative stage may not serve as an administrative law
36 judge or assist or advise the administrative law judge in the same
37 proceeding.

38 (b) An individual who is subject to the authority, direction, or
39 discretion of an individual who has served as investigator, prosecutor,
40 or advocate in a proceeding or in its preadjudicative stage may not
41 serve as an administrative law judge or assist or advise the
42 administrative law judge in the same proceeding.



16 (e) A violation of this section is subject to the sanctions under
17 sections 36 and 37 of this chapter.

18 SECTION 12. IC 4-21.5-3.5-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 21. (a) If the parties do
20 not reach an agreement on any matter as a result of mediation, the
21 mediator shall report the lack of an agreement without comment or
22 recommendation to the administrative law judge assigned to the
23 proceeding. With the consent of the parties, the mediator's report may
24 also identify any pending motions or outstanding legal issues,
25 discovery process, or other action by any party that, if resolved or
26 completed, would facilitate the possibility of a settlement.

27 (b) An agreement as a result of mediation must be in writing and
28 signed by the parties. The agreement must be filed with the
29 administrative law judge assigned to the proceeding. If the agreement
30 is complete on all issues, it must be accompanied by a joint stipulation
31 of disposition. Upon approval of a joint stipulation of disposition by the
32 administrative law judge, it has the same force and effect as an agreed
33 order approved by ~~an~~ the administrative law judge. from the agency
34 involved

36 is considered a contract between the parties.

37 SECTION 13. IC 4-33-3-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 23. (a) A commission
39 member, **or before July 1, 2020**, an administrative law judge appointed
40 by the commission, **or, after June 30, 2020, an administrative law**
41 **judge (as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)** may do the following:

(1) Conduct a hearing authorized under this article.



(2) Recommend findings of fact and decisions to the commission.

(b) The commission member or administrative law judge conducting a hearing has all the powers and rights granted to the commission. A hearing under this article shall be conducted under IC 4-21.5.

(c) When conducting a public hearing, the commission shall not limit the number of speakers who may testify. However, the commission may set reasonable time limits on the length of an individual's testimony or the total amount of time allotted to proponents and opponents of an issue before the commission.

10 SECTION 14. IC 4-33-19-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.227-2007,
11 SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. The commission shall hire ~~an~~
13 administrative law judge, attorneys and other personnel necessary to
14 carry out the division's duties under this chapter.

SECTION 15. IC 4-33-19-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.227-2007, SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 8. (a) A memorandum of understanding required by section 7 of this chapter must describe the responsibilities of each participating agency in coordinating the agencies' administrative enforcement actions with respect to suspected violations of IC 35-45-5-3, IC 35-45-5-3.5, and IC 35-45-5-4.

(b) Each party to the memorandum of understanding required by section 7 of this chapter must agree to permit the license revocation actions subject to this chapter to be heard, **before July 1, 2020**, by an administrative law judge employed by the division, **and after June 30, 2020, an administrative law judge (as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**.

(c) A memorandum of understanding required by section 7 of this chapter must set forth the administrative procedures applicable to each revocation action conducted under this chapter.

SECTION 16. IC 4-33-22-48, AS ADDED BY P.L.113-2010, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 48. A licensee who has been subjected to disciplinary sanctions may be required by the commission to pay the costs of the proceeding. The licensee's ability to pay shall be considered when costs are assessed. If the licensee fails to pay the costs, a suspension may not be imposed solely upon the licensee's inability to pay the amount assessed. These costs are limited to costs for the following:

- (1) Court reporters.
- (2) Transcripts.
- (3) Certification of documents.
- (4) Photo duplication.



- (5) Witness attendance and mileage fees.
- (6) Postage.
- (7) Expert witnesses.
- (8) Depositions.
- (9) Notarizations.
- (10) **Before July 1, 2020**, administrative law judges.

SECTION 17. IC 5-2-1-12.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.52-2005, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 12.5. (a) The board may revoke a diploma, certificate, badge, or other document showing compliance and qualification issued by the board for any of the following reasons:

(1) The officer has been convicted of:

- (A) a felony; or
- (B) two (2) or more misdemeanors that would cause a reasonable person to believe that the officer is potentially dangerous or violent or has a propensity to violate the law.

(2) The officer has been found not guilty of a felony by reason of mental disease or defect.

(3) The officer's diploma, certificate, badge, or other document showing compliance and qualification was issued in error or was issued on the basis of information later determined to be false.

b) A person who knows of cause for the revocation of an officer's diploma, certificate, badge, or other document showing compliance and qualification shall inform the officer's hiring or appointing authority or the board. A person who makes a good faith report of cause for revocation of an officer's diploma, certificate, badge, or other document showing compliance and qualification is immune from civil liability.

c) If the chief executive officer receives a report of cause for revocation concerning an officer within the chief executive officer's agency, the chief executive officer shall:

- (1) cause the internal affairs division (or a similar unit) of the agency to investigate the report without unnecessary delay; or
- (2) request that the investigation be conducted by a law enforcement agency other than the law enforcement agency to which the subject of the investigation belongs.

d) If a hiring or appointing authority receives a report of cause for revocation concerning the chief executive officer, the hiring or appointing authority shall cause an appropriate investigative agency to investigate without unnecessary delay.

e) If the board receives a report or otherwise learns of cause for revocation concerning a law enforcement officer or chief executive officer, the board shall consider the report and direct the executive



1 director to notify the subject officer's hiring or appointing authority
2 about the report and request an investigation. The hiring or appointing
3 authority shall cause an investigation to be conducted by an appropriate
4 investigative agency without unnecessary delay.

5 (f) When a hiring or appointing authority completes an investigation
6 of cause for revocation, the hiring or appointing authority shall forward
7 a complete report of its investigation, findings, and recommendations,
8 if any, to the board. The hiring or appointing authority shall also
9 forward to the board a description of any administrative or disciplinary
10 action taken as a result of the investigation not later than sixty (60)
11 days after the hiring or appointing authority takes administrative or
12 disciplinary action.

13 (g) Except as provided in subsection (h), if the board receives the
14 results of an investigation described in subsection (f), the board shall
15 conduct a hearing on the report, considering the report, the
16 recommendations, and any additional information. The board shall
17 provide the officer who is the subject of the report with notice and an
18 opportunity to be heard. The board may appoint the executive director
19 or another qualified person to present the report and the results of the
20 investigation to the board. In determining whether to revoke the subject
21 officer's diploma, certificate, badge, or other document showing
22 compliance and qualification, the board shall consider the opinion and
23 testimony of the hiring or appointing authority. If the board determines
24 that cause for revocation exists, the board may revoke the subject
25 officer's diploma, certificate, badge, or other document showing
26 compliance and qualification. The board shall send notice of revocation
27 by certified mail to the subject officer's hiring or appointing authority.
28 The subject officer may pursue judicial review of the board's action
29 under IC 4-21.5-5-13.

30 (h) When the board receives the results of an investigation described
31 in subsection (f), the board may, instead of conducting a hearing under
32 subsection (g):

33 (1) **before July 1, 2020**, direct the executive director or another
34 qualified person to serve as an administrative law judge; **or**
35 (2) **after June 30, 2020, request assignment of an**
36 **administrative law judge assigned by the office of**
37 **administrative law proceedings established by IC 4-15-10.5-7;**
38 to conduct the hearing described in subsection (g). If the administrative
39 law judge determines that cause for revocation exists, the
40 administrative law judge shall revoke the subject officer's diploma,
41 certificate, badge, or other document showing compliance and
42 qualification and notify the subject officer by certified mail of the



1 decision, with notice of the subject officer's right to appeal to the board
 2 not later than fifteen (15) days after receipt of the notice. An appeal to
 3 the board must be in writing and may be decided by the board without
 4 a hearing. The board shall notify the subject officer of the board's
 5 appellate decision under this subsection by certified mail. The subject
 6 officer may pursue judicial review of the board's action under
 7 IC 4-21.5-5-13.

8 (i) An officer whose diploma, certificate, badge, or other document
 9 showing compliance and qualification has been revoked may apply to
 10 the board for reinstatement. The application for reinstatement:

11 (1) must be in writing; and
 12 (2) must show:

13 (A) that the cause for revocation no longer exists legally; or
 14 (B) that reinstatement is otherwise appropriate and that the
 15 applicant poses no danger to the public and can perform as a
 16 law enforcement officer according to the board's standards.

17 The board may direct the executive director to investigate the
 18 application for reinstatement and make a report to the board. The board
 19 shall consider the application and notify the applicant by certified mail
 20 of the board's decision.

21 SECTION 18. IC 16-19-10-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 22 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 7. (a) This section does
 23 not apply to medical or epidemiological information protected from
 24 disclosure under IC 16-41-8-1 or data or information that is
 25 confidential under IC 16-21-6-7 or IC 16-39-5-3.

26 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), medical or epidemiological
 27 information:

28 (1) collected from or volunteered by a person; and
 29 (2) that results in or from:
 30 (A) a public health surveillance;
 31 (B) a public health investigation; or
 32 (C) an epidemiological investigation or study;

33 may be released only in a form that protects the identity of a person
 34 whose medical or epidemiological information was obtained.

35 (c) Medical or epidemiological information described in subsection
 36 (b) may be released in a form that does not protect the identity of a
 37 person whose medical or epidemiological information was obtained if:

38 (1) the person consents in writing to the release of the person's
 39 medical or epidemiological information; or
 40 (2) the investigation or study results in an administrative or a
 41 judicial proceeding and release of the medical or epidemiological
 42 information is ordered by, **before July 1, 2020**, the administrative



1 law judge, **after June 30, 2020, the administrative law judge**
2 **(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**, or the court.

3 SECTION 19. IC 16-21-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 2. (a) The state
5 department shall appoint an appeals panel consisting of three (3)
6 members as follows:

7 (1) One (1) member of the executive board.
8 (2) One (1) attorney admitted to the practice of law in Indiana.
9 (3) One (1) individual with qualifications determined by the state
10 department.
11 (b) An employee of the state department may not be a member of
12 the panel.
13 (c) The panel shall conduct proceedings for review of an order
14 issued by, **before July 1, 2020**, an administrative law judge under this
15 chapter, **or, after June 30, 2020, an administrative law judge (as**
16 **defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**. The panel is the ultimate authority under
17 IC 4-21.5.

18 SECTION 20. IC 16-25-5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 7. (a) For an appeal
20 under section 6 of this chapter, the executive board shall appoint an
21 appeals panel consisting of three (3) members as follows:

22 (1) One (1) member of the executive board.
23 (2) One (1) attorney admitted to the practice of law in Indiana.
24 (3) One (1) individual with qualifications determined by the
25 executive board.
26 (b) An employee of the state department may not be a member of
27 the appeals panel.

28 (c) The appeals panel shall conduct proceedings for review of an
29 order issued by, **before July 1, 2020**, an administrative law judge
30 under this chapter, **or, after June 30, 2020, an administrative law**
31 **judge (as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**. The appeals panel is the ultimate
32 authority under IC 4-21.5.

33 (d) The costs of the proceedings, including the fees of the appeals
34 panel, shall be paid as follows:

35 (1) By the hospice, if the appeals panel finds in favor of the state
36 department.
37 (2) By the state department, if the appeals panel finds in favor of
38 the hospice.

39 SECTION 21. IC 16-27-1-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 14. (a) The executive
41 board shall appoint an appeals panel consisting of three (3) members
42 as follows:



(1) One (1) member of the executive board.

(2) One (1) attorney admitted to the practice of law in Indiana who is not an employee of the state department.

(3) One (1) individual with qualifications determined by the executive board.

(b) An employee of the state department may not be a member of the panel.

(c) The panel shall conduct proceedings for review of an order issued by, **before July 1, 2020**, an administrative law judge under this chapter, **or, after June 30, 2020, an administrative law judge (as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**. The panel is the ultimate authority under IC 4-21.5.

SECTION 22. IC 16-27-4-22, AS ADDED BY P.L.212-2005, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 22. (a) In response to a request for review of an order referred to in subsection (c), the executive board shall appoint an appeals panel that consists of three (3) members as follows:

(1) One (1) member of the executive board.

(2) One (1) attorney admitted to the practice of law in Indiana.

(3) One (1) individual with qualifications determined by the executive board.

(b) An employee of the state department may not be a member of the panel.

(c) The panel shall conduct proceedings for review of an order issued by, **before July 1, 2020**, an administrative law judge under this chapter, **or, after June 30, 2020, an administrative law judge (as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**. The panel is the ultimate authority under IC 4-21.5.

SECTION 23. IC 16-28-10-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2014, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 1. (a) Hearings under this article shall be conducted in accordance with IC 4-21.5.

(b) Except for hearings held on the adoption of rules, an administrative law judge must meet the following conditions:

(1) Be admitted to the practice of law in Indiana.

(2) Not be an employee of the state.

This subsection expires June 30, 2020.

(b) (c) A health facility shall pay the costs of appointing an administrative law judge if the administrative law judge finds in favor of the state. However, if the administrative law judge finds in favor of the health facility, the state shall pay the costs of appointing the administrative law judge.



1 SECTION 24. IC 16-28-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 2. (a) The executive
3 board shall appoint an appeals panel consisting of three (3) members
4 as follows:

5 (1) One (1) member of the executive board.
6 (2) One (1) attorney admitted to the practice of law in Indiana.
7 (3) One (1) individual with qualifications determined by the
8 executive board.
9 (b) An employee of the state may not be a member of the panel.
10 (c) An appeals panel shall conduct proceedings for review of an
11 order issued by, **before July 1, 2020**, an administrative law judge
12 under this chapter, **or, after June 30, 2020, an administrative law**
13 **judge (as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**. The panel is the ultimate
14 authority under IC 4-21.5.
15 (d) The cost of the proceedings, including the fees of the appeals
16 panel, shall be paid as follows:

17 (1) By the health facility if the panel finds in favor of the state.
18 (2) By the state if the panel finds in favor of the health facility.
19 SECTION 25. IC 22-9-1-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2018,
20 SECTION 126, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 6. (a) The commission shall
22 establish and maintain a permanent office in the city of Indianapolis.
23 (b) Except as it concerns judicial review, the commission may adopt
24 rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.

25 (c) The commission shall formulate policies to effectuate the
26 purposes of this chapter and make recommendations to agencies and
27 officers of the state or local subdivisions thereof to effectuate such
28 policies. The several departments, commissions, divisions, authorities,
29 boards, bureaus, agencies, and officers of the state or any political
30 subdivision or agency thereof shall furnish the commission, upon its
31 request, all records, papers, and information in their possession relating
32 to any matter before the commission.

33 (d) The commission shall receive and investigate complaints
34 alleging discriminatory practices. The commission shall not hold
35 hearings in the absence of a complaint. All investigations of complaints
36 shall be conducted by staff members of the civil rights commission or
37 their agents.

38 (e) The commission may create such advisory agencies and
39 conciliation councils, local or statewide, as will aid in effectuating the
40 purposes of this chapter. The commission may itself, or it may
41 empower these agencies and councils to:

42 (1) study the problems of discrimination in the areas covered by



1 section 2 of this chapter when based on race, religion, color, sex,
2 handicap, national origin, or ancestry; and

3 (2) foster through community effort, or otherwise, good will
4 among the groups and elements of the population of the state.

5 These agencies and councils may make recommendation to the
6 commission for the development of policies and procedures in general.
7 Advisory agencies and conciliation councils created by the commission
8 shall be composed of representative citizens serving without pay, but
9 with reimbursement for reasonable and necessary actual expenses.

10 (f) The commission may issue such publications and such results of
11 investigations and research as in its judgment will tend to promote
12 good will and minimize or eliminate discrimination because of race,
13 religion, color, sex, handicap, national origin, or ancestry.

14 (g) The commission shall prevent any person from discharging,
15 expelling, or otherwise discriminating against any other person because
16 the person filed a complaint, testified in any hearing before this
17 commission, or in any way assisted the commission in any matter under
18 its investigation.

19 (h) The commission may hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, compel
20 their attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person
21 under oath, and require the production for examination of any books
22 and papers relating to any matter under investigation or in question
23 before the commission. The commission may make rules as to the
24 issuance of subpoenas by individual commissioners. Contumacy or
25 refusal to obey a subpoena issued under this section shall constitute a
26 contempt. All hearings shall be held within Indiana at a location
27 determined by the commission. A citation of contempt may be issued
28 upon application by the commission to the circuit or superior court in
29 the county in which the hearing is held or in which the witness resides
30 or transacts business.

31 (i) The commission may:

32 **(1) before July 1, 2020, appoint administrative law judges other
33 than commissioners; and**

34 **(2) after June 30, 2020, request assignment of an
35 administrative law judge (as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2);**

36 when an appointment is deemed necessary by a majority of the
37 commission. The administrative law judges shall be members in good
38 standing before the bar of Indiana and shall be appointed by the
39 chairman of the commission. An administrative law judge appointed
40 under this subsection shall have the same powers and duties as a
41 commissioner sitting as an administrative law judge. However, the
42 administrative law judge may not issue subpoenas.



8 (1) to restore **the** complainant's losses incurred as a result of
9 discriminatory treatment, as the commission may deem necessary
10 to assure justice; however, except in discriminatory practices
11 involving veterans, this specific provision when applied to orders
12 pertaining to employment shall include only wages, salary, or
13 commissions;

14 (2) to require the posting of notice setting forth the public policy
15 of Indiana concerning civil rights and **the** respondent's
16 compliance with the policy in places of public accommodations;
17 (3) to require proof of compliance to be filed by **the** respondent
18 at periodic intervals; and

19 (4) to require a person who has been found to be in violation of
20 this chapter and who is licensed by a state agency authorized to
21 grant a license to show cause to the licensing agency why the
22 person's license should not be revoked or suspended.

When an employer has been found to have committed a discriminatory practice in employment by failing to employ an applicant on the basis that the applicant is a veteran, the order to restore the veteran's losses may include placing the veteran in the employment position with the employer for which the veteran applied.

39 (l) If, upon all the evidence, the commission shall find that a person
40 has not engaged in any unlawful practice or violation of this chapter,
41 the commission shall state its findings of facts and shall issue and
42 cause to be served on the complainant an order dismissing the



1 complaint as to the person.

2 (m) The commission may furnish technical assistance requested by
3 persons subject to this chapter to further compliance with this chapter
4 or with an order issued under this chapter.

5 (n) The commission shall promote the creation of local civil rights
6 agencies to cooperate with individuals, neighborhood associations, and
7 state, local, and other agencies, both public and private, including
8 agencies of the federal government and of other states.

9 (o) The commission may reduce the terms of conciliation agreed to
10 by the parties to writing (to be called a consent agreement) that the
11 parties and a majority of the commissioners shall sign. When signed,
12 the consent agreement shall have the same effect as a cease and desist
13 order issued under subsection (j). If the commission determines that a
14 party to the consent agreement is not complying with it, the
15 commission may obtain enforcement of the consent agreement in a
16 circuit or superior court upon showing that the party is not complying
17 with the consent agreement and the party is subject to the commission's
18 jurisdiction and resides or transacts business within the county in
19 which the petition for enforcement is brought.

20 (p) In lieu of investigating a complaint and holding a hearing under
21 this section, the commission may issue an order based on findings and
22 determinations by the federal Department of Housing and Urban
23 Development or the federal Equal Employment Opportunity
24 Commission concerning a complaint that has been filed with one (1) of
25 these federal agencies and with the commission. The commission shall
26 adopt by rule standards under which the commission may issue such an
27 order.

28 (q) Upon notice that a complaint is the subject of an action in a
29 federal court, the commission shall immediately cease investigation of
30 the complaint and may not conduct hearings or issue findings of fact or
31 orders concerning that complaint.

32 SECTION 26. IC 23-2-5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.126-2012,
33 SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34 JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 11. (a) The commissioner may do the following:

35 (1) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.

36 (2) Make investigations and examinations:

37 (A) in connection with any application for licensure under this
38 chapter or with any license already granted; or

39 (B) whenever it appears to the commissioner, upon the basis
40 of a complaint or information, that reasonable grounds exist
41 for the belief that an investigation or examination is necessary
42 or advisable for the more complete protection of the interests



of the public.

(3) Charge as costs of investigation or examination all reasonable expenses, including a per diem prorated upon the salary of the commissioner or employee and actual traveling and hotel expenses. All reasonable expenses are to be paid by the party or parties under investigation or examination if the party has violated this chapter.

(4) Issue notices and orders, including cease and desist notices and orders, after making an investigation or examination under subdivision (2). The commissioner shall notify the person that an order or notice has been issued, the reasons for it, and that a hearing will be set not later than fifteen (15) business days after the commissioner receives a written request from the person requesting a hearing if the original order issued by the commissioner was a summary suspension, summary revocation, or denial of a license and not later than forty-five (45) business days after the commissioner receives a written request from the person requesting a hearing for all other orders.

(5) Sign all orders, official certifications, documents, or papers issued under this chapter or delegate the authority to sign any of those items to a deputy.

(6) Hold and conduct hearings.

(7) Hear evidence.

(8) Conduct inquiries with or without hearings.

(9) Receive reports of investigators or other officers or employees of the state of Indiana or of any municipal corporation or governmental subdivision within the state.

(10) Administer oaths, or cause them to be administered.

(11) Subpoena witnesses, and compel them to attend and testify.

(12) Compel the production of books, records, and other documents.

(13) Order depositions to be taken of any witness residing within or without the state. The depositions shall be taken in the manner prescribed by law for depositions in civil actions and made returnable to the commissioner.

(14) Order that each witness appearing under the commissioner's order to testify before the commissioner shall receive the fees and mileage allowances provided for witnesses in civil cases.

(15) Provide interpretive opinions or issue determinations that the commissioner will not institute a proceeding or an action under this chapter against a specified person for engaging in a specified act, practice, or course of business if the determination is



1 consistent with this chapter. The commissioner may adopt rules
2 to establish fees for individuals requesting an interpretive opinion
3 or a determination under this subdivision. A person may not
4 request an interpretive opinion or a determination concerning an
5 activity that:

6 (A) occurred before; or
7 (B) is occurring on;

8 the date the opinion or determination is requested.

9 (16) Subject to subsection (f), designate a multistate automated
10 licensing system and repository, established and operated by a
11 third party, to serve as the sole entity responsible for:

12 (A) processing applications for:
13 (i) licenses under this chapter; and
14 (ii) renewals of licenses under this chapter; and
15 (B) performing other services that the commissioner
16 determines are necessary for the orderly administration of the
17 division's licensing system.

18 A multistate automated licensing system and repository described
19 in this subdivision may include the Nationwide Mortgage
20 Licensing System and Registry established by the Conference of
21 State Bank Supervisors and the American Association of
22 Residential Mortgage Regulators. The commissioner may take
23 any action necessary to allow the division to participate in a
24 multistate automated licensing system and repository.

25 (b) If a witness, in any hearing, inquiry, or investigation conducted
26 under this chapter, refuses to answer any question or produce any item,
27 the commissioner may file a written petition with the circuit or superior
28 court in the county where the hearing, investigation, or inquiry in
29 question is being conducted requesting a hearing on the refusal. The
30 court shall hold a hearing to determine if the witness may refuse to
31 answer the question or produce the item. If the court determines that
32 the witness, based upon the witness's privilege against
33 self-incrimination, may properly refuse to answer or produce an item,
34 the commissioner may make a written request that the court grant use
35 immunity to the witness. Upon written request of the commissioner, the
36 court shall grant use immunity to a witness. The court shall instruct the
37 witness, by written order or in open court, that:

38 (1) any evidence the witness gives, or evidence derived from that
39 evidence, may not be used in any criminal proceedings against
40 that witness, unless the evidence is volunteered by the witness or
41 is not responsive to a question; and
42 (2) the witness must answer the questions asked and produce the



1 items requested.

2 A grant of use immunity does not prohibit evidence that the witness
 3 gives in a hearing, investigation, or inquiry from being used in a
 4 prosecution for perjury under IC 35-44.1-2-1. If a witness refuses to
 5 give the evidence after the witness has been granted use immunity, the
 6 court may find the witness in contempt.

7 (c) In any prosecution, action, suit, or proceeding based upon or
 8 arising out of this chapter, the commissioner may sign a certificate
 9 showing compliance or noncompliance with this chapter by any person.
 10 This shall constitute *prima facie* evidence of compliance or
 11 noncompliance with this chapter and shall be admissible in evidence
 12 in any action at law or in equity to enforce this chapter.

13 (d) If:

14 (1) a person disobeys any lawful:
 15 (A) subpoena issued under this chapter; or
 16 (B) order or demand requiring the production of any books,
 17 accounts, papers, records, documents, or other evidence or
 18 information as provided in this chapter; or

19 (2) a witness refuses to:
 20 (A) appear when subpoenaed;
 21 (B) testify to any matter about which the witness may be
 22 lawfully interrogated; or
 23 (C) take or subscribe to any oath required by this chapter;

24 the circuit or superior court of the county in which the hearing, inquiry,
 25 or investigation in question is held, if demand is made or if, upon
 26 written petition, the production is ordered to be made, or the
 27 commissioner or, **before July 1, 2020**, a hearing officer appointed by
 28 the commissioner, **or, after June 30, 2020, an administrative law
 29 judge assigned, after request by the commissioner, by the office of
 30 administrative law proceedings established by IC 4-15-10.5-7**, shall
 31 compel compliance with the lawful requirements of the subpoena,
 32 order, or demand, compel the production of the necessary or required
 33 books, papers, records, documents, and other evidence and
 34 information, and compel any witness to attend in any Indiana county
 35 and to testify to any matter about which the witness may lawfully be
 36 interrogated, and to take or subscribe to any oath required.

37 (e) If a person fails, refuses, or neglects to comply with a court order
 38 under this section, the person shall be punished for contempt of court.

39 (f) The commissioner's authority to designate a multistate automated
 40 licensing system and repository under subsection (a)(16) is subject to
 41 the following:

42 (1) The commissioner may not require any person that is not



1 required to be licensed under this chapter, or any employee or
2 agent of a person that is not required to be licensed under this
3 chapter, to:

4 (A) submit information to; or
5 (B) participate in;
6 the multistate automated licensing system and repository.
7 (2) The commissioner may require a person required under this
8 chapter to submit information to the multistate automated
9 licensing system and repository to pay a processing fee considered
10 reasonable by the commissioner.

11 SECTION 27. IC 23-19-6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.126-2012,
12 SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13 JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 2. (a) The commissioner may:

14 (1) conduct public or private investigations within or outside this
15 state which the commissioner considers necessary or appropriate
16 to determine whether a person has violated, is violating, or is
17 about to violate this article or a rule adopted or order issued under
18 this article, or to aid in the enforcement of this article or in the
19 adoption of rules and forms under this article;

20 (2) require or permit a person to testify, file a statement, or
21 produce a record, under oath or otherwise as the commissioner
22 determines, as to all the facts and circumstances concerning a
23 matter to be investigated or about which an action or proceeding
24 is to be instituted; and

25 (3) publish a record concerning an action, proceeding, or an
26 investigation under, or a violation of, this article or a rule adopted
27 or order issued under this article if the commissioner determines
28 it is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the
29 protection of investors.

30 (b) For the purpose of an investigation under this article, the
31 commissioner or the commissioner's designated officer may administer
32 oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, seek compulsion of
33 attendance, take evidence, require the filing of statements, and require
34 the production of any records that the commissioner considers relevant
35 or material to the investigation. Upon order of the commissioner, **or**
36 **before July 1, 2020**, a hearing officer appointed by the commissioner,
37 **or, after June 30, 2020, an administrative law judge assigned, after**
38 **request by the commissioner, by the office of administrative law**
39 **proceedings established by IC 4-15-10.5-7**, in any hearing,
40 depositions may be taken in the manner prescribed by law for
41 depositions in civil actions and made returnable to the commissioner,
42 **or** a hearing officer appointed by the commissioner, **or administrative**



1 **law judge.**

2 (c) If a person does not appear or refuses to testify, file a statement,
 3 or produce records, or otherwise does not obey a subpoena as required
 4 by this article, the commissioner, **or before July 1, 2020, a hearing**
 5 **officer appointed by the commissioner, or, after June 30, 2020, an**
 6 **administrative law judge assigned, after request by the**
 7 **commissioner, by the office of administrative law proceedings**
 8 **established by IC 4-15-10.5-7, may apply to the circuit or superior**
 9 **court in the county where the hearing, investigation, or inquiry in**
 10 **question is being conducted to enforce compliance. The court may:**

11 (1) hold the person in contempt;

12 (2) order the person to appear before the commissioner, **or**
 13 **hearing officer appointed by the commissioner, or**
 14 **administrative law judge;**

15 (3) order the person to testify about the matter under investigation
 16 or in question;

17 (4) order the production of records;

18 (5) grant injunctive relief, including restricting or prohibiting the
 19 offer or sale of securities or the providing of investment advice;

20 (6) impose a civil penalty of not more than twenty thousand
 21 dollars (\$20,000) for each violation; and

22 (7) grant any other necessary or appropriate relief.

23 (d) This section does not preclude a person from applying to the
 24 circuit or superior court in the county where the hearing, investigation,
 25 or inquiry in question is being conducted for relief from a request to
 26 appear, testify, file a statement, produce records, or obey a subpoena.

27 (e) If a witness, in any hearing, inquiry, or investigation conducted
 28 under this article, refuses to answer any question or produce any item,
 29 the commissioner may file a written petition with the circuit or superior
 30 court in the county where the hearing, investigation, or inquiry in
 31 question is being conducted requesting a hearing on the refusal. The
 32 court shall hold a hearing to determine if the witness may refuse to
 33 answer the question or produce the item. If the court determines that
 34 the witness, based upon the witness's privilege against
 35 self-incrimination, may properly refuse to answer or produce an item,
 36 the commissioner may make a written request that the court grant use
 37 immunity to the witness. Upon written request of the commissioner, the
 38 court shall grant use immunity to a witness. The court shall instruct the
 39 witness, by written order or in open court, that:

40 (1) any evidence the witness gives, or evidence derived from that
 41 evidence, may not be used in any criminal proceedings against
 42 that witness, unless the evidence is volunteered by the witness or



1 is not responsive to a question; and
2 (2) the witness must answer the questions asked and produce the
3 items requested. A grant of use immunity does not prohibit the
4 use of evidence that the witness gives in a hearing, investigation,
5 or inquiry from being used in a prosecution for perjury under
6 IC 35-44.1-2-1. If a witness refuses to give the evidence after the
7 witness has been granted use immunity, the court may find the
8 witness in contempt.

9 (f) At the request of the securities regulator of another state or a
10 foreign jurisdiction, the commissioner may provide assistance if the
11 requesting regulator states that it is conducting an investigation to
12 determine whether a person has violated, is violating, or is about to
13 violate a law or rule of the other state or foreign jurisdiction relating to
14 securities matters that the requesting regulator administers or enforces.
15 The commissioner may provide the assistance by using the authority to
16 investigate and the powers conferred by this section as the
17 commissioner determines is necessary or appropriate. The assistance
18 may be provided without regard to whether the conduct described in
19 the request would also constitute a violation of this article or other law
20 of this state if occurring in this state. In deciding whether to provide the
21 assistance, the commissioner may consider whether the requesting
22 regulator is permitted and has agreed to provide assistance reciprocally
23 within its state or foreign jurisdiction to the commissioner on securities
24 matters when requested; whether compliance with the request would
25 violate or prejudice the public policy of this state; and the availability
26 of resources and employees of the commissioner to carry out the
27 request for assistance.

37 (h) Each witness who shall appear before the commissioner or a
38 hearing officer appointed by the commissioner by order shall receive
39 for the witness's attendance the fees and mileage provided for witnesses
40 in civil cases, which shall be audited and paid by the state in the same
41 manner as other expenses of the securities division are audited and paid
42 upon the presentation of proper vouchers sworn to by the witnesses and



1 approved by the commissioner. However, no witnesses subpoenaed at
2 the instance of parties other than the commissioner, or a hearing officer
3 appointed by the commissioner shall be entitled to any fee or
4 compensation from the state.

5 SECTION 28. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019] **(a) Notwithstanding**
6 **the amendments made by this act or the provisions added by this**
7 **act (including the establishment of the office of administrative law**
8 **proceedings), in the case of a matter pending before an**
9 **administrative law judge at any time during the period after June**
10 **30, 2019, and before July 1, 2020, the matter should be decided by**
11 **the administrative law judge under the laws in effect before their**
12 **amendment by this act.**

13 **(b) Notwithstanding the amendments made by this act or the**
14 **provisions added by this act (including the establishment of the**
15 **office of administrative law proceedings), a contract in effect on**
16 **July 1, 2020, between an agency and an administrative law judge**
17 **terminates on the termination date provided in the contract. A**
18 **contract may not be extended or renewed by the agency.**

19 **(c) This SECTION expires July 1, 2022.**

20 SECTION 29. An emergency is declared for this act.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1223, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 17.

Page 2, delete lines 1 through 11.

Page 2, line 14, delete "JULY 1, 2019]:" and insert "UPON PASSAGE]:".

Page 3, line 22, delete "Provide rooms" and insert "**Provide offices, rooms,**".

Page 3, line 23, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 3, line 23, delete "IC 4-15-10.5-6." and insert "**IC 4-15-10.5-7.**".

Page 3, line 26, delete "JULY 1, 2019]:" and insert "UPON PASSAGE]:".

Page 3, line 27, after "Administrative" insert "**Law**".

Page 3, line 28, delete "This" and insert "**(a) Beginning July 1, 2020, this**".

Page 3, line 31, delete "This", begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) and section 2 of this chapter, this chapter applies to each state agency that employs or engages one (1) or more administrative law judges to adjudicate contested cases.

(c) This".

Page 3, run in lines 31 through 32.

Page 3, line 39, delete "to reviews subject to" and insert "to:

- (1) the department of workforce development;**
- (2) the unemployment insurance review board of the department of workforce development;**
- (3) the worker's compensation board of Indiana;**
- (4) the Indiana utility regulatory commission;**
- (5) the department of state revenue;**
- (6) the department of local government finance;**
- (7) the Indiana board of tax review;**
- (8) the natural resources commission;**
- (9) the office of environmental adjudication;**
- (10) the Indiana education employment relations board; or**
- (11) any other agency or proceeding determined by the governor to be exempt from this chapter for good cause."**

Page 3, delete line 40.



Page 3, line 42, delete "assigned by the director to preside" and insert "**who presides**".

Page 4, between lines 3 and 4, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "agency" means an authority, board, branch, bureau, commission, committee, council, department, division, office, service, or other instrumentality of the executive, including the administrative, department of state government. The term does not include any of the following:

- (1) Any body corporate and politic set up as an instrumentality of the state.
- (2) Any private, nonprofit, government related corporation.
- (3) The judicial department of state government.
- (4) The legislative department of state government.
- (5) A state educational institution.
- (6) A political subdivision.".

Page 4, line 4, delete "4." and insert "5.".

Page 4, line 5, after "administrative" insert "law".

Page 4, line 6, delete "5." and insert "6.".

Page 4, line 7, after "administrative" insert "law".

Page 4, line 7, delete "6" and insert "7".

Page 4, line 9, delete "6." and insert "7.".

Page 4, line 9, after "administrative" insert "law".

Page 4, line 10, delete "department on" and insert "**department**".

Page 4, delete line 11.

Page 4, line 12, delete "7." and insert "8.".

Page 4, line 14, delete "8." and insert "9.".

Page 4, line 14, delete "provide rooms" and insert "**provide offices, rooms**".

Page 4, line 15, after "assistance" insert "**to the director**".

Page 4, line 16, delete "9." and insert "10.".

Page 4, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- (3) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 establishing a code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges. The code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges applies to each person acting as administrative law judge for the office.**
- (4) Receive complaints alleging violations of the code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges, investigate the complaints, and take administrative or disciplinary action as deemed appropriate and warranted.**
- (5) Establish and administer a program to train and educate administrative law judges.**



(6) Require all administrative law judges for the office to annually complete a number of hours of training and education determined by the director.

(7) Provide and coordinate education for administrative law judges on the code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges, professionalism, administrative practices, and other subjects necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(8) Render advisory opinions to administrative law judges concerning the code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges. Information and advice contained in an advisory opinion are considered:

(A) specific to the person who requests the opinion and to the facts presented; and

(B) confidential records under IC 5-14-3-4(b)(6).

(9) Consult with agency heads on hiring and performance evaluations of administrative law judges for the agencies of the agency heads."

Page 4, line 21, delete "10." and insert "11."

Page 4, line 25, delete "11. (a) Except" and insert "**12. (a) Beginning July 1, 2020, and except**".

Page 4, line 25, delete "1, 2, and 12" and insert "**1 and 2**".

Page 4, delete lines 36 through 42.

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 14, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 13. (a) The director shall assign one (1) or more administrative law judges to:

(1) one (1) or more agencies to handle all administrative proceedings filed with that agency or agencies; or

(2) preside over any administrative proceeding filed within an agency."

Page 5, line 15, after "to an" insert "**agency or an**".

Page 5, delete lines 25 through 32.

Page 5, line 33, delete "16." and insert "**15.**".

Page 5, between lines 37 and 38, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 16. An agency must provide office space, hearing rooms, and administrative support for administrative proceedings for the agency."

Page 5, line 41, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1,**".

Page 6, line 2, delete "December 31, 2019:" and insert "**June 30, 2020:**".

Page 6, line 4, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 6, line 11, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 6, line 12, after "administrative" insert "**law**".



Page 6, line 13, delete "IC 4-15-10.5-6." and insert "**IC 4-15-10.5-7.**".

Page 6, line 15, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 7, line 34, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1,**".

Page 7, line 35, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020,**".

Page 7, line 37, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 8, line 14, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1,**".

Page 8, line 15, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020,**".

Page 8, line 17, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 9, line 1, delete "January 1, 2020." and insert "**June 30, 2020.**".

Page 9, line 11, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1,**".

Page 9, line 15, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020,**".

Page 9, line 17, after "of administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 11, line 7, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1,**".

Page 11, line 33, delete "December 31, 2019." and insert "**June 30, 2020.**".

Page 11, line 35, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 12, line 11, delete "January 1, 2020." and insert "**June 30, 2020.**".

Page 12, line 16, delete "January 1, 2020." and insert "**June 30, 2020.**".

Page 12, line 40, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1,**".

Page 12, line 41, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020,**".

Page 12, line 42, delete "assigned by the office of administrative" and insert "**(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**".

Page 13, line 1, delete "proceedings,".

Page 13, line 26, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1,**".

Page 13, line 28, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020,**".

Page 13, line 28, delete "assigned by the" and insert "**(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**".

Page 13, delete line 29.

Page 14, line 9, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1,**".

Page 15, line 36, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1,**".

Page 15, line 39, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020,**".

Page 15, line 41, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 15, line 41, delete "IC 4-15-10.5-6;" and insert "IC



4-15-10.5-7;".

Page 16, delete lines 25 through 42.

Delete pages 17 through 23.

Page 24, delete lines 1 through 16.

Page 24, line 38, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**".

Page 24, line 39, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**".

Page 24, line 40, delete "assigned by the office of" and insert "**(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**".

Page 24, line 41, delete "administrative proceedings established by IC 4-15-10.5-6,".

Page 25, line 12, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**".

Page 25, line 13, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**".

Page 25, line 14, delete "assigned by the office of administrative proceedings" and insert "**(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**".

Page 25, line 15, delete "established by IC 4-15-10.5-6,".

Page 25, line 28, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**".

Page 25, line 29, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**".

Page 25, line 30, delete "assigned by the office of administrative proceedings" and insert "**(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**".

Page 25, line 31, delete "established by IC 4-15-10.5-6,".

Page 26, line 9, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**".

Page 26, line 10, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**".

Page 26, line 11, delete "assigned by the office of administrative proceedings" and insert "**(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**".

Page 26, line 12, delete "established by IC 4-15-10.5-6,".

Page 26, line 26, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**".

Page 26, line 27, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**".

Page 26, line 28, delete "assigned by the office of administrative proceedings" and insert "**(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**".

Page 26, line 29, delete "established by IC 4-15-10.5-6,".

Page 26, line 39, delete "January 1, 2020." and insert "**June 30, 2020**".

Page 27, line 13, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**".

Page 27, line 14, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**".

Page 27, line 15, delete "assigned by the office of administrative proceedings" and insert "**(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2)**".



Page 27, line 16, delete "established by IC 4-15-10.5-6.".

Page 27, delete lines 22 through 42.

Delete pages 28 through 44.

Page 45, delete lines 1 through 20.

Page 46, line 34, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**,".

Page 46, line 36, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**,".

Page 46, line 37, delete "by the office of administrative" and insert "**(as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2);**".

Page 46, delete line 38.

Page 51, line 30, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**,".

Page 51, line 31, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**,".

Page 51, line 33, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 51, line 33, delete "IC 4-15-10.5-6," and insert "**IC 4-15-10.5-7**,".

Page 52, line 39, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**,".

Page 52, line 40, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**,".

Page 52, line 42, delete "proceedings established by IC 4-15-10.5-6," and insert "**law proceedings established by IC 4-15-10.5-7**,".

Page 53, line 7, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**,".

Page 53, line 8, delete "December 31, 2019," and insert "**June 30, 2020**,".

Page 53, line 10, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 53, line 11, delete "IC 4-15-10.5-6," and insert "**IC 4-15-10.5-7**,".

Page 55, delete lines 8 through 33.

Page 55, line 36, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 55, line 39, delete "January 1," and insert "**July 1**,".

Page 56, line 2, after "administrative" insert "**law**".

Page 56, line 3, delete "2019," and insert "**2020**,".



Page 56, after line 6, begin a new paragraph and insert:
"SECTION 28. An emergency is declared for this act."
 Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1223 as introduced.)

TORR

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1223 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 4-2-7-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.72-2014, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. The inspector general shall do the following:

- (1) Initiate, supervise, and coordinate investigations.
- (2) Recommend policies and carry out other activities designed to deter, detect, and eradicate fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, and misconduct in state government.
- (3) Receive complaints alleging the following:
 - (A) A violation of the code of ethics.
 - (B) Bribery (IC 35-44.1-1-2).
 - (C) Official misconduct (IC 35-44.1-1-1).
 - (D) Conflict of interest (IC 35-44.1-1-4).
 - (E) Profiteering from public service (IC 35-44.1-1-5).
 - (F) A violation of the executive branch lobbying rules.
 - (G) A violation of a statute or rule relating to the purchase of goods or services by a current or former employee, state officer, special state appointee, lobbyist, or person who has a business relationship with an agency.
- (4) If the inspector general has reasonable cause to believe that a crime has occurred or is occurring, report the suspected crime to:
 - (A) the governor; and
 - (B) appropriate state or federal law enforcement agencies and



prosecuting authorities having jurisdiction over the matter.

(5) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement IC 4-2-6 and this chapter.

(6) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 and section 5 of this chapter to implement a code of ethics.

(7) Ensure that every:

- (A) employee;
- (B) state officer;
- (C) special state appointee; and
- (D) person who has a business relationship with an agency; is properly trained in the code of ethics.

(8) Provide advice to an agency on developing, implementing, and enforcing policies and procedures to prevent or reduce the risk of fraudulent or wrongful acts within the agency.

(9) Recommend legislation to the governor and general assembly to strengthen public integrity laws, including the code of ethics for state officers, employees, special state appointees, and persons who have a business relationship with an agency, including whether additional specific state officers, employees, or special state appointees should be required to file a financial disclosure statement under IC 4-2-6-8.

(10) Annually submit a report to the legislative council detailing the inspector general's activities. The report must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

(11) Prescribe and provide forms for statements required to be filed under IC 4-2-6 or this chapter.

(12) Accept and file information that:

- (A) is voluntarily supplied; and
- (B) exceeds the requirements of this chapter.

(13) Inspect financial disclosure forms.

(14) Notify persons who fail to file forms required under IC 4-2-6 or this chapter.

(15) Develop a filing, a coding, and an indexing system required by IC 4-2-6 and IC 35-44.1-1.

(16) Prepare interpretive and educational materials and programs.

(17) ~~Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 and section 9 of this chapter to implement a statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges. The inspector general may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement a statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges.~~

SECTION 2. IC 4-2-7-9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 9. (a) The inspector general shall adopt rules under



IC 4-22-2 establishing a statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges. The statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges must apply to every person acting as an administrative law judge for a state agency.

(b) The inspector general:

(1) shall review 312 IAC 3-1-2.5 and 315 IAC 1-1-2 in adopting a statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges; and

(2) may base the statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges on 312 IAC 3-1-2.5 and 315 IAC 1-1-2.

(c) A state agency may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a supplemental code of judicial conduct for a person acting as an administrative law judge for that agency, if the supplemental code is at least as restrictive as the statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges.

(d) The inspector general may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement a statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges.

(e) The statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges shall be enforced under IC 4-21.5. The inspector general is not responsible for enforcing the statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges or for investigating a possible violation of the statewide code.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1223 as printed February 12, 2019.)

STEUERWALD

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill No. 1223, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 5, line 6, delete "assigns, appoints, or otherwise makes" and insert "**is required to assign, appoint, or otherwise make**".

Page 5, line 11, delete "employs or" and insert "**has the authority to employ or engage**".

Page 5, line 12, delete "engages".



Page 5, line 32, delete "or".

Page 5, between lines 32 and 33, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(11) the state employees appeals commission; or".

Page 5, line 33, delete "(11)" and insert "(12)".

Page 6, line 23, after "Hire" insert "or contract with".

Page 6, line 30, delete "an as" and insert "as an".

Page 6, line 30, after "office." insert **"The director may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement a code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges."**

Page 7, line 24, delete "contrary," and insert **"contrary:**

(1)".

Page 7, line 25, delete "proceeding, and" and insert **"proceeding; and**

(2)".

Page 7, line 27, after "action" delete "." and insert ";"
unless expressly designated by the agency. This subsection may not be construed as preventing the rescission of an agency's delegation."

Page 8, line 2, delete "An" and insert **"(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), an".**

Page 8, between lines 6 and 7, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) An individual who does not meet the requirement under subsection (a)(2) but who served as an administrative law judge for an agency in Indiana before May 1, 2019, may be employed by the office as an administrative law judge."

Page 8, line 19, delete "proceedings; or" and insert **"proceedings, if the proceeding is subject to the jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings;"**

Page 8, line 22, delete "agency." and insert **"agency; or**

(C) an individual or panel of individuals acting in the capacity of an administrative law judge in a proceeding, if the proceeding is not subject to the jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings."

Page 10, line 6, delete "Before July 1, 2020, an" and insert "An".

Page 10, line 7, delete "and" and insert **"or".**

Page 10, line 7, after "2020," insert **"if the proceeding is subject to the jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings,"**.

Page 10, line 28, delete "before July 1, 2020,".

Page 10, line 29, after "2020," insert **"if the proceeding is subject to the jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings,"**.



Page 10, line 40, after "(a)" insert "**After June 30, 2020, this section does not apply to an agency that is subject to the jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings.**

(b)".

Page 11, line 7, strike "(b)" and insert "(c)".

Page 11, line 9, strike "(c)" and insert "(d)".

Page 11, delete line 15.

Page 13, line 31, after "of" insert ":".

Page 14, line 5, delete "2020." and insert "2020, to an agency whose proceedings are subject to the jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings."

Page 14, line 25, delete "expires June 30, 2020." and insert "does not apply after June 30, 2020, to an agency whose proceedings are subject to the jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings."

Page 14, line 30, delete "expires June 30, 2020." and insert "does not apply after June 30, 2020, to an agency whose proceedings are subject to the jurisdiction of the office of administrative law proceedings."

Page 19, line 29, after "by" insert ",".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1223 as reprinted February 15, 2019.)

HEAD, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.

