HOUSE BILL No. 1201

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 16-18-2-264.1; IC 16-31-13; IC 25-38.1-3-1; IC 34-30-2-70.2.

Synopsis: Emergency transport of injured operational canine. Provides that if there is not an individual requiring medical attention or transport, a paramedic, advanced emergency medical technician, or emergency medical technician may use emergency ambulance services to transport an operational canine injured in the line of duty to a veterinary hospital or clinic. Specifies the care that may be provided to the operational canine. Specifies who is responsible for the transportation and treatment cost of an injured operational canine. Provides that a paramedic, advanced emergency medical technician, or emergency medical technician who in the performance of their duties and in good faith renders care or transportation to an injured operational canine is not liable: (1) for any act or omission when rendering the care or transportation; or (2) to the veterinary hospital or clinic for expenses incurred for emergency care provided to the injured operational canine.

Effective: July 1, 2021.

McNamara

January 7, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety.



First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1201

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 16-18-2-264.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 264.1. "Operational canine", for
4	purposes of IC 16-31-13, has the meaning set forth in
5	IC 16-31-13-1.
6	SECTION 2. IC 16-31-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODI
7	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2021]:
9	Chapter 13. Emergency Transport of Operational Canines
0	Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "operational canine" mean
1	a dog that:
2	(1) is owned, used, or requested for use by a law enforcemen
3	agency or a federal, state, or local fire or other emergency
4	response agency; and
5	(2) is used for the principle purposes of aiding in:
6	(A) the detection of criminal activity;
7	(B) the enforcement of laws;



1	(C) the apprehension of offenders;
2	(D) providing search and rescue services; or
3	(E) ensuring the public safety and welfare.
4	(b) The term includes the following:
5	(1) An arson investigation dog.
6	(2) A bomb detection dog.
7	(3) A narcotic detection dog.
8	(4) A patrol dog.
9	(5) A military working dog.
10	(6) A search and rescue dog.
11	Sec. 2. (a) If there is not an individual requiring medical
12	attention or transport, a paramedic, advanced emergency medical
13	technician, or emergency medical technician may use emergency
14	ambulance services to transport an operational canine injured in
15	the line of duty to a veterinary hospital or clinic.
16	(b) During transport, a paramedic, advanced emergency
17	medical technician, or emergency medical technician may provide
18	the following care to an injured operational canine:
19	(1) Opening and manually maintaining an airway.
20	(2) Performing cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
21	(3) Administering oxygen.
22	(4) Managing ventilation by mask.
23	(5) Controlling hemorrhage with direct pressure.
24	(6) Immobilizing fractures.
25	(7) Bandaging.
26	(8) Procedures authorized under a written protocol
27	established and provided by the state veterinarian.
28	(9) Procedures authorized by the Indiana emergency medical
29	services commission.
30	(10) If the paramedic, advanced emergency medical
31	technician, or emergency medical technician is trained in
32	canine tactical combat casualty care (K9TCCC), the
33	individual may provide care within the scope and protocols of
34	the K9TCCC training.
35	(c) A paramedic, advanced emergency medical technician, or
36	emergency medical technician may require a member of the law
37	enforcement department or agency to accompany the injured
38	operational canine during transport.
39	(d) Unless there is a written agreement that specifies the party
40	that is financially responsible for the transportation and treatment
41	cost for an injured operational canine, the law enforcement agency

or other governmental agency that owns or requested the use of the



1	operational canine is responsible for the transportation and
2	treatment cost for the operational canine.
3	Sec. 3. A paramedic, advanced emergency medical technician,
4	or emergency medical technician who, in the performance of their
5	duties and in good faith, renders care or transportation to an
6	injured operational canine as allowed under this chapter is not
7	liable:
8	(1) for any act or omission when rendering the care or
9	transportation; or
10	(2) to the veterinary hospital or clinic for expenses incurred
11	for emergency care provided to the injured operational
12	canine.
13	Sec. 4. A paramedic, advanced emergency medical technician,
14	or emergency medical technician who provides care to an injured
15	operational canine as allowed under this chapter does not engage
16	in the practice of veterinary medicine for purposes of IC 25-38.1.
17	SECTION 3. IC 25-38.1-3-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2014,
18	SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. (a) A person may not practice veterinary
20	medicine in Indiana unless the person:
21	(1) is licensed as a veterinarian in Indiana; or
22	(2) holds a special permit issued by the board.
23	(b) The following persons are exempt from the licensing or special
24	permit requirements of this chapter:
25	(1) A veterinarian on the faculty of the School of Veterinary
26	Medicine at Purdue University performing regular duties, or a
27	veterinarian employed by the animal disease diagnostic laboratory
28	established by IC 21-46-3-1 performing regular duties.
29	(2) A veterinary medical officer serving in the United States
30	armed forces or veterinarian employed by a federal, state, or local
31	government agency performing veterinary medical services that
32	are within the scope of official duties and are performed during
33	the period of the person's service.
34	(3) An individual who is a regular student in an accredited college
35	of veterinary medicine performing duties or actions assigned by
36	the faculty of the School of Veterinary Medicine at Purdue
37	University or working under the direct supervision of a licensed
38	veterinarian.
39	(4) An extern.
40	(5) A veterinarian who is licensed and is a resident in another
41	state or country and consults with a veterinarian licensed under
42	this article.



1	(6) An owner or a contract operator of an animal or a regular
2	employee of the owner or a contract operator caring for and
3	treating an animal, except where the ownership of the animal was
4	transferred for purposes of circumventing this chapter.
5	(7) A guest lecturing or giving instructions or demonstrations a
6	the School of Veterinary Medicine at Purdue University, or
7	elsewhere, in connection with a continuing education program.
8	(8) An individual while engaged in bona fide scientific research
9	that:
10	(A) reasonably requires experimentation involving animals
11	and
12	(B) is conducted in a facility or with a company that complies
13	with federal regulations regarding animal welfare.
14	(9) A graduate of a foreign college of veterinary medicine who is
15	in the process of obtaining an ECFVG certificate or a PAVE
16	certificate and who is under the direct supervision of:
17	(A) the faculty of the School of Veterinary Medicine at Purdue
18	University; or
19	(B) a veterinarian licensed under this article.
20	(10) A veterinarian who is enrolled in a postgraduate instructional
21	program in an accredited college of veterinary medicine
22	performing duties or actions assigned by the faculty of the School
23	of Veterinary Medicine at Purdue University.
24	(11) A member in good standing of another licensed or regulated
25	profession within Indiana who:
26	(A) provides assistance requested by a veterinarian licensec
27	under this article;
28	(B) acts with the consent of the client;
29	(C) acts within a veterinarian-client-patient relationship; and
30	(D) acts under the direct or indirect supervision of the licensec
31	veterinarian.
32	(12) A paramedic, advanced emergency medical technician, or
33	emergency medical technician who, in the performance of
34	their duties, renders care or transportation to an injured
35	operational canine under IC 16-31-13.
36	SECTION 4. IC 34-30-2-70.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
37	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
38	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 70.2. IC 16-31-13-3 (Concerning
39	care or transportation for an injured operational canine).

