

February 17, 2015

HOUSE BILL No. 1197

DIGEST OF HB 1197 (Updated February 17, 2015 11:23 am - DI 123)

Citations Affected: IC 5-2; IC 10-19; IC 36-8.

Synopsis: First responder tactical training. Requires the department of homeland security (department) to develop core curriculum requirements and standards for tactical emergency casualty care training programs (TECC programs) for: full-time firefighters, law enforcement officers, emergency medical technicians, advanced emergency medical technicians, and paramedics (first responders). Requires first responders to successfully complete an eight hour basic level TECC program conducted: (1) as part of the first responder's basic training, if basic training is completed after December 31, 2017; or (2) before July 1, 2020, if the officer completes basic training before January 1, 2018. Allows the department to accredit the TECC programs of certain third parties and the TECC programs of third parties that meet the department to develop core curriculum requirements and standards. Requires the department to develop core curriculum requirements and standards. Requires the department to develop core curriculum requirements and standards. Requires the department to develop core curriculum requirements and standards. Requires the department to develop core curriculum requirements and standards. Requires the department to develop core curriculum requirements and standards for programs to instruct individuals on becoming a TECC program trainer (trainer programs). Requires the department to consult and cooperate with the law enforcement training board and the emergency medical services commission to develop core curriculum requirements and standards for TECC programs and trainer programs. Allows the department to consult, cooperate, or contract with certain colleges or universities, or other individuals or entities, for the development of TECC programs and trainer programs.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

McNamara, Bacon, Zent, Macer

January 12, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety. February 17, 2015, amended, reported — Do Pass.



February 17, 2015

First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1197

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-2-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2014,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) The board shall adopt in accordance with
4	IC 4-22-2 all necessary rules to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
5	The rules, which shall be adopted only after necessary and proper
6	investigation and inquiry by the board, shall include the establishment
7	of the following:
8	(1) Minimum standards of physical, educational, mental, and
9	moral fitness which shall govern the acceptance of any person for
10	training by any law enforcement training school or academy
11	meeting or exceeding the minimum standards established
12	pursuant to this chapter.
13	(2) Minimum standards for law enforcement training schools
14	administered by towns, cities, counties, law enforcement training
15	centers, agencies, or departments of the state.



1	(2) Minimum standarda fan annaar af stada attandaraa
1	(3) Minimum standards for courses of study, attendance
2	requirements, equipment, and facilities for approved town, city,
3	county, and state law enforcement officer, police reserve officer,
4	and conservation reserve officer training schools.
5	(4) Minimum standards for a course of study on cultural diversity
6	awareness, including training on the U nonimmigrant visa created
7	through the federal Victims of Trafficking and Violence
8	Protection Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-386) that must be required for
9	each person accepted for training at a law enforcement training
10	school or academy. Cultural diversity awareness study must
11	include an understanding of cultural issues related to race,
12	religion, gender, age, domestic violence, national origin, and
13	physical and mental disabilities.
14	(5) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved law
15	enforcement training schools.
16	(6) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement
10	officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before
17	
	being eligible for continued or permanent employment.
19	(7) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement
20	officers appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete
21	in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent
22	appointment.
23	(8) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement
24	officers appointed on a permanent basis shall complete in order
25	to be eligible for continued employment.
26	(9) Minimum basic training requirements for each person
27	accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or
28	academy that include six (6) hours of training in interacting with:
29	(A) persons with autism, mental illness, addictive disorders,
30	mental retardation, and developmental disabilities;
31	(B) missing endangered adults (as defined in IC 12-7-2-131.3);
32	and
33	(C) persons with Alzheimer's disease or related senile
34	dementia;
35	to be provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and
36	social services and the board.
37	(10) Minimum standards for a course of study on human and
38	
38 39	sexual trafficking that must be required for each person accepted
39 40	for training at a law enforcement training school or academy and
	for inservice training programs for law enforcement officers. The
41	course must cover the following topics:
42	(A) Examination of the human and sexual trafficking laws



1 (IC 35-42-3.5). 2 (B) Identification of human and sexual trafficking. 3 (C) Communicating with traumatized persons. 4 (D) Therapeutically appropriate investigative techniques. 5 (E) Collaboration with federal law enforcement officials. 6 (F) Rights of and protections afforded to victims. 7 (G) Providing documentation that satisfies the Declaration of 8 Law Enforcement Officer for Victim of Trafficking in Persons (Form I-914, Supplement B) requirements established under 9 10 federal law. 11 (H) The availability of community resources to assist human 12 and sexual trafficking victims. 13 (11) Minimum basic training requirements for each person 14 accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or 15 academy that includes eight (8) hours of basic level tactical emergency casualty care training under IC 10-19-9.5. 16 17 (b) A law enforcement officer appointed after July 5, 1972, and 18 before July 1, 1993, may not enforce the laws or ordinances of the state or any political subdivision unless the officer has, within one (1) year 19 20 from the date of appointment, successfully completed the minimum 21 basic training requirements established under this chapter by the board. 22 If a person fails to successfully complete the basic training 23 requirements within one (1) year from the date of employment, the 24 officer may not perform any of the duties of a law enforcement officer 25 involving control or direction of members of the public or exercising 26 the power of arrest until the officer has successfully completed the 27 training requirements. This subsection does not apply to any law 28 enforcement officer appointed before July 6, 1972, or after June 30, 29 1993. 30 (c) Military leave or other authorized leave of absence from law 31 enforcement duty during the first year of employment after July 6, 32 1972, shall toll the running of the first year, which shall be calculated 33 by the aggregate of the time before and after the leave, for the purposes 34 of this chapter. 35 (d) Except as provided in subsections (e), (l), (r), and (s), a law 36 enforcement officer appointed to a law enforcement department or 37 agency after June 30, 1993, may not: 38 (1) make an arrest; 39 (2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or 40 (3) carry a firearm; 41 unless the law enforcement officer successfully completes, at a board 42 certified law enforcement academy or at a law enforcement training

HB 1197-LS 6289/DI 87

3

	·
1	center under section 10.5 or 15.2 of this chapter, the basic training
2	requirements established by the board under this chapter.
	(e) This subsection does not apply to:
3 4	(1) a gaming agent employed as a law enforcement officer by the
5	Indiana gaming commission; or
6	(2) an:
7	(A) attorney; or
8	(B) investigator;
9	designated by the securities commissioner as a police officer of
10	the state under IC 23-19-6-1(k).
11	Before a law enforcement officer appointed after June 30, 1993,
12	completes the basic training requirements, the law enforcement officer
13	may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if the
14	officer successfully completes the pre-basic course established in
15	subsection (f). Successful completion of the pre-basic course authorizes
16	a law enforcement officer to exercise the police powers described in
17	subsection (d) for one (1) year after the date the law enforcement
18	officer is appointed.
19	(f) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
20	pre-basic course for the purpose of training:
21	(1) law enforcement officers;
22	(2) police reserve officers (as described in IC 36-8-3-20); and
23	(3) conservation reserve officers (as described in IC 14-9-8-27);
24	regarding the subjects of arrest, search and seizure, the lawful use of
25	force, interacting with individuals with autism, and the operation of an
26	emergency vehicle. The pre-basic course must be offered on a periodic
27	basis throughout the year at regional sites statewide. The pre-basic
28	course must consist of at least forty (40) hours of course work. The
29	board may prepare the classroom part of the pre-basic course using
30	available technology in conjunction with live instruction. The board
31	shall provide the course material, the instructors, and the facilities at
32	the regional sites throughout the state that are used for the pre-basic
33	course. In addition, the board may certify pre-basic courses that may be
34	conducted by other public or private training entities, including
35	postsecondary educational institutions.
36	(g) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
37	mandatory inservice training program for police officers. After June 30,
38	1993, a law enforcement officer who has satisfactorily completed basic
39	training and has been appointed to a law enforcement department or
40	agency on either a full-time or part-time basis is not eligible for
41	continued employment unless the officer satisfactorily completes the
42	mandatory inservice training requirements established by rules adopted



1 by the board. Inservice training must include training in interacting 2 with persons with mental illness, addictive disorders, mental 3 retardation, autism, developmental disabilities, and Alzheimer's disease 4 or related senile dementia, to be provided by persons approved by the 5 secretary of family and social services and the board, and training 6 concerning human and sexual trafficking and high risk missing persons 7 (as defined in IC 5-2-17-1). The board may approve courses offered by 8 other public or private training entities, including postsecondary 9 educational institutions, as necessary in order to ensure the availability 10 of an adequate number of inservice training programs. The board may waive an officer's inservice training requirements if the board 11 12 determines that the officer's reason for lacking the required amount of 13 inservice training hours is due to either of the following: 14 (1) An emergency situation. 15 (2) The unavailability of courses. (h) The board shall also adopt rules establishing a town marshal 16 17 basic training program, subject to the following: 18 (1) The program must require fewer hours of instruction and class 19 attendance and fewer courses of study than are required for the 20 mandated basic training program. 21 (2) Certain parts of the course materials may be studied by a 22 candidate at the candidate's home in order to fulfill requirements 23 of the program. 24 (3) Law enforcement officers successfully completing the 25 requirements of the program are eligible for appointment only in towns employing the town marshal system (IC 36-5-7) and having 26 27 not more than one (1) marshal and two (2) deputies. 28 (4) The limitation imposed by subdivision (3) does not apply to an officer who has successfully completed the mandated basic 29 30 training program. 31 (5) The time limitations imposed by subsections (b) and (c) for 32 completing the training are also applicable to the town marshal 33 basic training program. 34 (6) The program must require training in interacting with 35 individuals with autism. 36 (i) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish an 37 executive training program. The executive training program must 38 include training in the following areas: 39 (1) Liability. 40 (2) Media relations. 41 (3) Accounting and administration.

42 (4) Discipline.



_ ____

(5) Department policy making.
 (6) Lawful use of force.

- 3 (7) Department programs.
- 4 (8) Emergency vehicle operation.
- 5 (9) Cultural diversity.

20

21

22

23

24

28

29

30

31

32

33

34 35

36 37

38

39

6 (i) A police chief shall apply for admission to the executive training 7 program within two (2) months of the date the police chief initially 8 takes office. A police chief must successfully complete the executive 9 training program within six (6) months of the date the police chief 10 initially takes office. However, if space in the executive training program is not available at a time that will allow completion of the 11 12 executive training program within six (6) months of the date the police 13 chief initially takes office, the police chief must successfully complete 14 the next available executive training program that is offered after the 15 police chief initially takes office.

(k) A police chief who fails to comply with subsection (j) may not
continue to serve as the police chief until completion of the executive
training program. For the purposes of this subsection and subsection
(j), "police chief" refers to:

(1) the police chief of any city;

(2) the police chief of any town having a metropolitan police department; and

(3) the chief of a consolidated law enforcement department established under IC 36-3-1-5.1.

A town marshal is not considered to be a police chief for these purposes, but a town marshal may enroll in the executive training program.

(1) A fire investigator in the division of fire and building safety appointed after December 31, 1993, is required to comply with the basic training standards established under this chapter.

(m) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a program to certify handgun safety courses, including courses offered in the private sector, that meet standards approved by the board for training probation officers in handgun safety as required by IC 11-13-1-3.5(3).

(n) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a refresher course for an officer who:

(1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency as a law enforcement officer;

40 (2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for at
41 least two (2) years and less than six (6) years before the officer is
42 hired under subdivision (1) due to the officer's resignation or



1	
1	retirement; and
2 3	(3) completed at any time a basic training course certified by the
3 4	board before the officer is hired under subdivision (1).
	(o) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
5	refresher course for an officer who:
6	(1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency
7	as a law enforcement officer;
8	(2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for at
9	least six (6) years and less than ten (10) years before the officer
10	is hired under subdivision (1) due to the officer's resignation or
11	retirement;
12	(3) is hired under subdivision (1) in an upper level policymaking
13	position; and
14	(4) completed at any time a basic training course certified by the
15	board before the officer is hired under subdivision (1).
16	A refresher course established under this subsection may not exceed
17	one hundred twenty (120) hours of course work. All credit hours
18	received for successfully completing the police chief executive training
19	program under subsection (i) shall be applied toward the refresher
20	course credit hour requirements.
21	(p) Subject to subsection (q), an officer to whom subsection (n) or
22	(o) applies must successfully complete the refresher course described
23	in subsection (n) or (o) not later than six (6) months after the officer's
24	date of hire, or the officer loses the officer's powers of:
25	(1) arrest;
26	(2) search; and
27	(3) seizure.
28	(q) A law enforcement officer who has worked as a law enforcement
29	officer for less than twenty-five (25) years before being hired under
30	subsection $(n)(1)$ or $(o)(1)$ is not eligible to attend the refresher course
31	described in subsection (n) or (o) and must repeat the full basic training
32	course to regain law enforcement powers. However, a law enforcement
33	officer who has worked as a law enforcement officer for at least
34	twenty-five (25) years before being hired under subsection $(n)(1)$ or
35	(o)(1) and who otherwise satisfies the requirements of subsection (n)
36	or (o) is not required to repeat the full basic training course to regain
37	law enforcement power but shall attend the refresher course described
38	in subsection (n) or (o) and the pre-basic training course established
39	under subsection (f).
40	(r) This subsection applies only to a gaming agent employed as a
41	law enforcement officer by the Indiana gaming commission. A gaming
42	agent appointed after June 30, 2005, may exercise the police powers



1	described in subsection (d) if
1 2	described in subsection (d) if:
	(1) the agent successfully completes the pre-basic course
3	established in subsection (f); and
4	(2) the agent successfully completes any other training courses
5	established by the Indiana gaming commission in conjunction
6	with the board.
7	(s) This subsection applies only to a securities enforcement officer
8	designated as a law enforcement officer by the securities
9	commissioner. A securities enforcement officer may exercise the police
10	powers described in subsection (d) if:
11	(1) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes the
12	pre-basic course established in subsection (f); and
13	(2) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes any
14	other training courses established by the securities commissioner
15	in conjunction with the board.
16	(t) As used in this section, "upper level policymaking position"
17	refers to the following:
18	(1) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
19	system is not more than ten (10) members, the term refers to the
20	position held by the police chief or town marshal.
21	(2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
22	system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51)
23	members, the term refers to:
24	(A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and
25	(B) each position held by the members of the police
26	department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay
27	grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal.
28	(3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
29	system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to:
30	(A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and
31	(B) each position held by the members of the police
32	department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks
33	and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town
34	marshal.
35	(u) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer
36	employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer
37	may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if:
38	(1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course
39	described in subsection (f); and
40	(2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses
40	established by the department of correction in conjunction with
42	the board.



8

1	SECTION 2. IC 10-19-9.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
1 2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2015]:
4	Chapter 9.5. Tactical Emergency Casualty Care Training
5	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "first responder" means:
6	(1) an emergency medical technician;
7	(2) an advanced emergency medical technician;
8	(3) a paramedic;
9	(4) a law enforcement officer (as defined in IC 5-2-1-2); or
10	(5) a full-time firefighter.
11	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "tactical emergency casualty
12	care" means:
13	(1) the retrieval; and
14	(2) field medical treatment;
15	of individuals in an active, threatening environment.
16	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "TECC program" refers to a
17	program designed to educate a first responder in tactical
18	emergency casualty care.
19	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "trainer" means an instructor of
20	a TECC program.
21	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "trainer program" refers to a
22	program that educates individuals to become trainers.
23	Sec. 6. (a) Not later than July 1, 2016, the department shall
24	establish standards and core curriculum requirements for TECC
25	programs, based upon the following:
26	(1) The National Emergency Medical Services Education
27	Standards adopted by the National Highway Transportation
28	and Safety Administration (NHTSA).
29	(2) The Tactical Emergency Casualty Care Guidelines
30	adopted by the Committee for Tactical Emergency Casualty
31	Care (C-TECC).
32	(3) The guidelines and standards of the National Association
33 34	of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) programs.
34 35	(4) Any other national guidelines and standards that the department considers appropriate.
36	(b) The department shall develop or approve TECC programs
30	on the following three (3) levels:
38	(1) Basic level TECC programs that educate first responders
39	who are nonmedical personnel. A basic level TECC program
40	must be eight (8) hours in length.
41	(2) Intermediate TECC programs that educate first
42	responders who are basic life support personnel.
	Policie in a subte me support Personnen



 (3) Advanced programs that educate first responders who are advanced life support personnel. Sec. 7. The department may approve a TECC program that substantially meets the standards and core curriculum requirements approved by the department and is provided by: (1) a military, naval, or air service of the armed forces of the United States; (2) a program accredited by a federal or state governmental agency; or (3) a program provided by the National Association of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for Emergency Medical Services. Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department. Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by: (1) a law enforcement agency; or (2) an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder thas successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter. (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medical services agency established by chapter. (c) Alaw enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency sublished by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreeound under this chapter. (c) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreeound under this chapter. (c) Alaw enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreeound under this chapter. (c) Alaw enforcement agency to perate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the stan		
 substantially meets the standards and core curriculum requirements approved by the department and is provided by: (1) a military, naval, or air service of the armed forces of the United States; (2) a program accredited by a federal or state governmental agency; or (3) a program provided by the National Association of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for Emergency Medical Services. Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department. Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by: (1) a law enforcement agency; or (2) an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder thas successfully completed a TECC program approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or an emergency medicial services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10		
 substantially meets the standards and core curriculum requirements approved by the department and is provided by: (1) a military, naval, or air service of the armed forces of the United States; (2) a program accredited by a federal or state governmental agency; or (3) a program provided by the National Association of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for Emergency Medical Services. Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department. Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by: (1) a law enforcement agency; or (2) an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder thas successfully completed a TECC program approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or an emergency medicial services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10	2	
5requirements approved by the department and is provided by:6(1) a military, naval, or air service of the armed forces of the7United States;8(2) a program accredited by a federal or state governmental9agency; or10(3) a program provided by the National Association of11Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited12by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for13Emergency Medical Services.14Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be15taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department.16Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under17section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by:10(1) a law enforcement agency; or12(2) an emergency medical services agency established by12to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder13naw enforcement agency; or14successfully completed a TECC program approved under this15chapter.16subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the17first responder who meets the requirements set forth in18subsection (a) may practice emergency or the emergency medical19services agency supervising the first responder.10(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in11subsection (a) may practice emergency medical services12agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a		
 (1) a military, naval, or air service of the armed forces of the United States; (2) a program accredited by a federal or state governmental agency; or (3) a program provided by the National Association of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for Emergency Medical Services. Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department. Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by: (1) a law enforcement agency; or (2) an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter. (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency to perate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time fi		
7United States;8(2) a program accredited by a federal or state governmental agency; or10(3) a program provided by the National Association of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for Emergency Medical Services.14Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department. Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by: (1) a law enforcement agency; or (2) an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter.25(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder.20(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this ch		
 (2) a program accredited by a federal or state governmental agency; or (3) a program provided by the National Association of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for Emergency Medical Services. Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department. Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by: (1) a law enforcement agency; or (2) an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter. (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for:		•••
 agency; or (3) a program provided by the National Association of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for Emergency Medical Services. Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department. Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by: (1) a law enforcement agency; or (2) an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter. (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 		
 (3) a program provided by the National Association of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for Emergency Medical Services. Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department. Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by: (1) a law enforcement agency; or (2) an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter. (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 		
11Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited12by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for13Emergency Medical Services.14Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be15taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department.16Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under17section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by:18(1) a law enforcement agency; or19(2) an emergency medical services agency established by10IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement11agency;12to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder13has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this16chapter.17(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in18subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the19first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical10director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services13agency supervising the first responder.10(c) A law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be11certified as a provider organization by the department. The12department shall determine the standards and qualifications that13must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.14sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core15curriculum requirements for a basic level TEC		
12by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for13Emergency Medical Services.14Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be15taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department.16Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under17section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by:18(1) a law enforcement agency; or19(2) an emergency medical services agency established by11IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement12agency;12to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder13has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this14chapter.15(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in16subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the17first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical18director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services19agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a10law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be11ecrified as a provider organization by the department. The12department shall determine the standards and qualifications that13must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.14Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core15curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program16described in section 6 of this		
13Emergency Medical Services.14Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be15taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department.16Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under17section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by:18(1) a law enforcement agency; or19(2) an emergency medical services agency established by20IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement21agency;22to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder23has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this24chapter.25(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in28subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the29first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical20director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services29agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a20law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services31agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a32law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be33certified as a provider organization by the department. The34department shall determine the standards and qualifications that35must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.36Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core37curriculum requ		
14Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be15taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department.16Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under17section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by:18(1) a law enforcement agency; or19(2) an emergency medical services agency established by20IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement21agency;22to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder23has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this24chapter.25(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in26subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the27first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical28director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services29agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a29law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services31agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a32law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be33certified as a provider organization by the department. The34department shall determine the standards and qualifications that35must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.36Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core37curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program <td< td=""><td></td><td>•</td></td<>		•
15taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department.16Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under17section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by:18(1) a law enforcement agency; or19(2) an emergency medical services agency established by20IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement21agency;22to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder23has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this24chapter.25(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in26subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the27first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical28director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services29services agency supervising the first responder.30(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services31agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a32law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be33certified as a provider organization by the department. The34department shall determine the standards and qualifications that35must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.36Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core37curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program38described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
16Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under17section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by:18(1) a law enforcement agency; or19(2) an emergency medical services agency established by20IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement21agency;22to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder23has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this24chapter.25(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in26subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the27first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical28director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services29services agency supervising the first responder.30(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services31agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a32law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be33certified as a provider organization by the department. The34department shall determine the standards and qualifications that35must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.36Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core37curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program38described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the39basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training		Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be
17section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by:18(1) a law enforcement agency; or19(2) an emergency medical services agency established by20IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement21agency;22to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder23has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this24chapter.25(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in26subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the27first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical28director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services29services agency supervising the first responder.30(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services31agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a32law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be33certified as a provider organization by the department. The34department shall determine the standards and qualifications that35must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.36Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core37curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program38described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the39basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training40for:41(1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-	15	taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department.
18(1) a law enforcement agency; or19(2) an emergency medical services agency established by20IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement21agency;22to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder23has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this24chapter.25(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in26subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the27first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical28director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services29services agency supervising the first responder.30(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services31agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a32law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be33certified as a provider organization by the department. The34department shall determine the standards and qualifications that35must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.36Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core37curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program38described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the39basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training40for:41(1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and	16	Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, a first responder under
 (2) an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency; to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter. (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	17	section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be employed by:
20IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency;21agency;22to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter.23(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder.30(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for:41(1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and	18	(1) a law enforcement agency; or
21agency;22to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder23has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this24chapter.25(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in26subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the27first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical28director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical29services agency supervising the first responder.30(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services31agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a32law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be33certified as a provider organization by the department. The34department shall determine the standards and qualifications that35must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.36Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core37curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program38described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the39basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training40for:41(1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and	19	(2) an emergency medical services agency established by
 to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the first responder has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter. (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	20	IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement
 has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this chapter. (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	21	agency;
 chapter. (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	22	
 (b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	23	has successfully completed a TECC program approved under this
 subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 		chapter.
 first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	25	(b) A first responder who meets the requirements set forth in
 director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	26	
 services agency supervising the first responder. (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	27	first responder's scope of training and as approved by the medical
 30 (c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services 31 agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a 32 law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be 33 certified as a provider organization by the department. The 34 department shall determine the standards and qualifications that 35 must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. 36 Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core 37 curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program 38 described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the 39 basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training 40 for: 41 (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	28	director of the law enforcement agency or the emergency medical
 agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	29	services agency supervising the first responder.
 law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	30	(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services
 certified as a provider organization by the department. The department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	31	agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a
 department shall determine the standards and qualifications that must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	32	law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be
 must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization. Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	33	certified as a provider organization by the department. The
 Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	34	department shall determine the standards and qualifications that
 37 curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program 38 described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the 39 basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training 40 for: 41 (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	35	must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.
 described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training for: (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	36	Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core
 39 basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training 40 for: 41 (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and 	37	curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program
40for:41(1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and		described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the
41 (1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and		basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training
		for:
42 (2) law enforcement officers under IC 5-2-1-9.		(1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and
	42	(2) law enforcement officers under IC 5-2-1-9.



1 (b) A first responder under section 1(4) or 1(5) of this chapter 2 who completes basic training under IC 36-8-10.5-7 or IC 5-2-1-9 3 before January 1, 2018, must complete a basic level TECC 4 program not later than July 1, 2020. 5 Sec. 11. Not later than July 1, 2016, the department shall 6 develop standards and core curriculum requirements for trainer 7 programs for each TECC program level set forth in section 6 of 8 this chapter. The standards and core curriculum requirements 9 shall be based upon the guidelines and standards set forth in 10 section 6 of this chapter. 11 Sec. 12. (a) The department may: 12 (1) develop a trainer program; or 13 (2) approve a trainer program that: 14 (A) is developed and taught by a third party; and 15 (B) substantially meets the standards and core curriculum 16 requirements of the department. 17 (b) The department may approve a trainer program provided 18 or accredited by an entity listed in section 7 of this chapter that 19 substantially meets the standards and core curriculum 20 requirements of the department. 21 Sec. 13. (a) The department shall consult and cooperate with the 22 law enforcement training board created under IC 5-2-1-3 and the 23 Indiana emergency medical services commission created by 24 IC 16-31-2-1 for the development of standards and core curriculum 25 requirements for TECC programs and trainer programs under 26 this chapter. 27 (b) The department may consult, cooperate, or contract with an 28 accredited college or university (as defined in IC 24-4-11-2), or any 29 other individual or entity for the development and provision of 30 TECC programs and trainer programs under this chapter. 31 Sec. 14. (a) The department shall issue a certificate for 32 completion of a TECC program or trainer program established by 33 or approved under this chapter. 34 (b) A trainer certificate issued under this chapter expires three 35 (3) years after the date the certificate is issued. The department shall establish qualifications for a trainer to meet to renew the 36 37 trainer's certification. 38 (c) The department may develop or approve refresher trainer 39 programs. 40 Sec. 15. The department shall administer this chapter. The 41 department may perform any other acts that are necessary or 42 appropriate to implement this chapter.



1 SECTION 3. IC 36-8-10.5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.78-2013, 2 SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 3 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The education board shall adopt rules under 4 IC 4-22-2 establishing minimum basic training requirements for 5 full-time firefighters and volunteer firefighters, subject to subsection 6 (b) and section 7.5 of this chapter. The requirements must include 7 training in the following areas: 8 (1) Orientation. 9 (2) Personal safety. 10 (3) Forcible entry. (4) Ventilation. 11 12 (5) Apparatus. 13 (6) Ladders. 14 (7) Self-contained breathing apparatus. 15 (8) Hose loads. 16 (9) Streams. 17 (10) Basic recognition of special hazards. 18 (b) A person who fulfills the certification requirements for: 19 (1) Firefighter I, as described in 655 IAC 1-2.1-4; or 20 (2) Firefighter II, as described in 655 IAC 1-2.1-5; 21 is considered to comply with the requirements established under 22 subsection (a). (c) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a) and (d), the 23 24 minimum basic training requirements for full-time firefighters and 25 volunteer firefighters must include successful completion of a basic or 26 inservice course of education and training on sudden infant death 27 syndrome that is certified by the Indiana emergency medical services 28 commission (created under IC 16-31-2-1) in conjunction with the state 29 health commissioner. 30 (d) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a) and (c), the 31 minimum basic training requirements for full-time and volunteer 32 firefighters must include successful completion of an instruction course 33 on vehicle emergency response driving safety. The education board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to operate this course. 34 35 (e) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a), (c), and (d), the minimum basic training requirements for full-time and volunteer 36 37 firefighters must include successful completion of a basic or inservice 38 course of education and training in interacting with individuals with 39 autism that is certified by the Indiana emergency medical services 40 commission (created under IC 16-31-2-1). 41 (f) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a), (c), (d), 42 and (e), the minimum basic training requirements for full-time



1	firefighters must include successful completion of eight (8) hours
2	of a basic level program of tactical emergency casualty care
3	training under IC 10-19-9.5.
4	(f) (g) The education board may adopt emergency rules in the
5	manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 concerning the adoption of the
6	most current edition of the following National Fire Protection
7	Association standards, subject to amendment by the board:
8	(1) NFPA 472.
9	(2) NFPA 1001.
10	(3) NFPA 1002.
11	(4) NFPA 1003.
12	(5) NFPA 1021.
13	(6) NFPA 1031.
14	(7) NFPA 1033.
15	(8) NFPA 1035.
16	(9) NFPA 1041.
17	(10) NFPA 1521.
18	(11) NFPA 1670.
19	(g) (h) Notwithstanding any provision in IC 4-22-2-37.1 to the
20	contrary, an emergency rule described in subsection (f) (g) expires on
21	the earlier of the following dates:
22	(1) Two (2) years after the date on which the emergency rule is
23	accepted for filing with the publisher of the Indiana Register.
24	(2) The date a permanent rule is adopted under this chapter.
25	(h) (i) At least sixty (60) days before the education board adopts an
26	emergency rule under subsection (f), (g), the education board shall:
27	(1) notify the public of its intention to adopt an emergency rule by
28	publishing a notice of intent to adopt an emergency rule in the
29	Indiana Register; and
30	(2) provide a period for public hearing and comment for the
31	proposed rule.
32	The publication notice described in subdivision (1) must include an
33	overview of the intent and scope of the proposed emergency rule and
34	the statutory authority for the rule.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety, to which was referred House Bill 1197, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 9, line 7, delete "or".

Page 9, line 8, delete "." and insert ";".

Page 9, delete line 9.

Page 9, line 10, delete "(1)" and insert "(4)".

Page 9, line 10, after ";" insert "or".

Page 9, line 11, delete "(2)" and insert "(5)".

Page 9, line 11, delete "; or" and insert ".".

Page 9, delete line 12.

Page 9, line 13, delete "3." and insert "2.".

Page 9, line 18, delete "4." and insert "3.".

Page 9, line 19, delete "a public safety officer or".

Page 9, line 21, delete "5." and insert "4.".

Page 9, line 23, delete "6." and insert "5.".

Page 9, line 25, delete "7." and insert "6.".

Page 10, line 5, delete "8." and insert "7.".

Page 10, line 16, delete "9." and insert "8.".

Page 10, line 18, delete "10." and insert "9.".

Page 10, line 18, after "responder" insert "under section 1(1), 1(2),

or 1(3) of this chapter".

Page 10, line 38, delete "11." and insert "10.".

Page 10, line 40, delete "7" and insert "6".

Page 11, line 1, delete "and volunteer firefighters".

Page 11, line 4, delete "public safety officer" and insert "first

responder under section 1(4) or 1(5) of this chapter".

Page 11, line 5, delete "2017," and insert "2018,".

- Page 11, line 6, delete "2019." and insert "2020.".
- Page 11, line 7, delete "12." and insert "11.".
- Page 11, line 9, delete "7" and insert "6".
- Page 11, line 12, delete "7" and insert "6".
- Page 11, line 13, delete "13." and insert "12.".
- Page 11, line 20, delete "8" and insert "7".

Page 11, line 23, delete "14." and insert "13.".

Page 11, delete lines 33 through 39.

Page 11, line 40, delete "16." and insert "14.".

Page 12, line 7, delete "17." and insert "15.".

Page 13, line 9, delete "full-time and" and insert "full-time".



Page 13, line 10, delete "volunteer". Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1197 as introduced.)

FRYE R

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 0.



HB 1197—LS 6289/DI 87

15