## Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

## HOUSE ENROLLED ACT No. 1190

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 16-18-2-161, AS AMENDED BY P.L.42-2011, SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 161. (a) "Health care facility" includes:

- (1) hospitals licensed under IC 16-21-2, private mental health institutions licensed under IC 12-25, and tuberculosis hospitals established under IC 16-11-1 (before its repeal);
- (2) health facilities licensed under IC 16-28; and
- (3) rehabilitation facilities and kidney disease treatment centers.
- (b) "Health care facility", for purposes of IC 16-21-11, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-21-11-1.
- (b) (c) "Health care facility", for purposes of IC 16-28-13, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-28-13-0.5.

SECTION 2. IC 16-18-2-237.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 237.1.** "**Miscarried fetus**", for purposes of IC 16-21-11, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-21-11-2.

SECTION 3. IC 16-18-2-277, AS AMENDED BY P.L.61-2009, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 277. (a) "Person in charge of interment", for purposes of IC 16-21-11, has the meaning set forth in



## IC 16-21-11-3.

**(b)** "Person in charge of interment", for purposes of IC 16-37-1 and IC 16-37-3, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-37-3-2.

SECTION 4. IC 16-21-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1, 2014]:

## **Chapter 11. Treatment of Miscarried Remains**

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "health care facility" means any of the following:
  - (1) A hospital.
  - (2) A birthing center.
  - (3) Any other medical facility.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "miscarried fetus" means an unborn child, irrespective of gestational age, who has died from a spontaneous or accidental death before expulsion or extraction from the unborn child's mother, irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "person in charge of interment" means a person who places or causes to be placed the body of a miscarried fetus who has a gestational age of less than twenty (20) weeks of age or the ashes, after cremation, in a grave, vault, urn, or other receptacle, or who otherwise disposes of the body or ashes.
- Sec. 4. Subject to sections 5 and 6 of this chapter, the parent or parents of a miscarried fetus may determine the final disposition of the remains of the miscarried fetus.
- Sec. 5. (a) Not more than twenty-four (24) hours after a woman has her miscarried fetus expelled or extracted in a health care facility, the health care facility shall:
  - (1) disclose to the parent or parents of the miscarried fetus, both orally and in writing, the parent's right to determine the final disposition of the remains of the miscarried fetus;
  - (2) provide the parent or parents of the miscarried fetus with written information concerning the available options for disposition of the miscarried fetus; and
  - (3) inform the parent or parents of the miscarried fetus of counseling that may be available concerning the death of the miscarried fetus.
- (b) The parent or parents of a miscarried fetus shall inform the health care facility of the parent's decision for final disposition of the miscarried fetus after receiving the information required in subsection (a) but before the parent of the miscarried fetus is discharged from the health care facility. The health care facility



shall document the parent's decision in the medical record.

- Sec. 6. (a) If the parent or parents choose a means of final disposition other than the means of final disposition that is usual and customary for the health care facility, the parent or parents are responsible for the costs related to the final disposition of the fetus.
- (b) If the parent or parents choose a means of final disposition that provides for the interment of a miscarried fetus who has a gestational age of at least twenty (20) weeks of age, the requirements under IC 16-37-3 apply.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other law, the parent or parents whose miscarried fetus has a gestational age of less than twenty (20) weeks of age may choose a means of final disposition that provides for the cremation or the interment of the miscarried fetus. If the parent or parents choose the cremation or interment of the miscarried fetus, the local health officer shall provide the person in charge of interment with a permit for the disposition of the body. A certificate of stillbirth is not required to be issued for a final disposition under this subsection.
- (d) IC 23-14-31-26, IC 23-14-55-2, IC 25-15-9-18, and IC 29-2-19-17 concerning the authorization of disposition of human remains apply to this section.



Speaker of the House of Represent	tatives	
President of the Senate		
President Pro Tempore		
Governor of the State of Indiana		
Date:	Time:	

