## HOUSE BILL No. 1183

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-10-7-32; IC 3-11; IC 3-12-1.
Synopsis: Straight ticket voting. Removes a voter's option to vote for all candidates of a political party or an independent ticket at one time (straight ticket voting) in a general or municipal election. Repeals superseded statutes relating to straight ticket voting.

Effective: January 1, 2024.

## Fleming, Clere

January 10, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)
PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this syer
Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.
Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## HOUSE BILL No. 1183

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 3-10-7-32, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 32. (a) A town election board shall determine what voting method will be used in a municipal election.
(b) The town election board and its precinct election officers shall perform the duties of the county election board and its precinct election officers under IC 3-11 for each voting method used.
(c) The town election board shall prepare the ballots in the form prescribed by IC 3-11 and distribute them to the precincts in the town.
(d) This subsection applies only to paper ballots. Notwithstanding subsection (c), the town election board, by unanimous consent of the board's entire membership, may authorize the printing or reproduction of ballots on equipment under the control of the town clerk-treasurer. If the town election board acts under this subsection, the ballots are not required to conform to the precise dimensions concerning the size of political party devices under IC 3-11-2-9 or the placement of a candidate's name under $\mathrm{\digamma}$ 3-11-2-10(f). IC 3-11-2-10(d). However,
the ballots must otherwise substantially conform with IC 3-11-2.
SECTION 2. IC 3-11-2-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 9. (a) The device of each political party or independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter shall be:
(1) enclosed in a circle not less than three-fourths (3/4) of an inch in diameter; and
(2) placed under the name of the party or independent ticket, as required by section 10 of this chapter.
(b) A device of a political party or independent ticket must not be printed on a ballot if
(1) there are no candidates of that political party. of
(2) the only eandidates of the politieat party are for eleetion to offfees to which more than one ( 1 ) individuat is to be elected and
whieh will not be eredited with a vote under ЮС 3-12-1-7 if a voter easts a straight party tieket.
SECTION 3. IC 3-11-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2021, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 10. (a) Public questions shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following order after the statement described in section 7 of this chapter, and the instructions described in subsections (d) and (e) subsection (c) and section 8 of this chapter, if instructions are printed on the ballot:
(1) Ratification of a state constitutional amendment.
(2) Local public questions.

Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, each public question shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot.
(b) The name or title of the political party or independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter shall be placed on the general election ballot after the public questions described in subsection (a). The device of the political party or independent ticket shall be placed immediately under the name of the political party or independent ticket. Notwithstanding section $8(b)$ of this ehapter, the instruetions for voting a straight party tieket shalt be placed to the right of the deviee ont the ballot.
(c) The instruetions for voting a straight party tieket must conform as nearly as possible to the following:
"(1) Yout are not required to vote a straight party tieket. If yout do not wish to vote a straight party tieket, to not make a mark in this seetion, and proceed to voting the ballot by office.
(2) fo rote a straight (insert politieal party name) tieket for alt (insert politieat party name) eandidates ont this ballot, exeept for
eandidates described in (3) below, make a voting mark on or in this eirele and to not make any other marks on this batlot.
(3) To vote for any eandidate for an at-large offiee (insert eounty eouncil, eity eommon eouneit, town eouneil, or township board if those offiees appear en this ballot) to whieh more than one (1) person may be eleeted, you must make another woting mark for each eandidate you wish to vote for. Your straight party wote will not eount as a vote for any eandidate for that offiee.
(4) If yout wish to vote for a eandidate seeking a nompartisan office or on a publie question, you must make another woting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot.".
(d) Exeept as permitted under section $8(b)$ of this ehapter, if the ballot eontains an independent tieket deseribed in seetion 6 of this ehapter and at least one ( 1 ) other independent eandidate, the ballot mutust also eontain a statement that reads substantially as follows. "A vote east for an independent tieket will only be eounted for the eandidates for President and Viee President or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent tieket. This wote will NOT be eounted for any ӨTHER independent eandidate appearing on the ballot.".
(e) (c) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written in or your vote will not be counted.".
$(\ddagger)$ (d) Subject to section 10.1 of this ehapter, the list of eandidates of the politieat party shall be placed innmediately under the instruetions for voting a straight party tieket. The names of the candidates shall be placed three-fourths ( $3 / 4$ ) of an inch apart from center to center of the name. The name of each candidate must have, immediately on its left, a square three-eighths (3/8) of an inch on each side.
$(\mathrm{g})(\mathrm{e})$ The circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.

SECTION 4. IC 3-11-2-12.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 12.4. (a) This section applies whenever more than one (1) candidate may be elected to an office.
(b) The office shall be placed on the general election ballot after the offices described in section 12 of this chapter and before the offices described in section 12.9 of this chapter.

(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a county council, city common council, or town council that includes both an at-large member and a member representing a district, the candidates seeking election as an at-large member shall be placed on the ballot before candidates seeking to represent a district.
(d) The ballot shall contain a statement reading substantially as follows above the name of the first candidate: "To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for.". A straight party vote will not eount as a vote for any eandidate for this office.".

SECTION 5. IC 3-11-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 65, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) Exeept as provided in subseetion (b), A ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:
( 1 ) except at a primary election, a straight party tieket for all of the eandidates of one (1) politieal party by a single voting mark on eaeh ballot eard;
(2) (1) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board candidates nominated by petition; or
(3) (2) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties and for independent candidates. or
(4) a straight party tieket and then split that tieket by easting individual votes for eandidates of another politieal party or independent eandidate.
(b) A ballot eard voting system must require that a voter who wishes to east a ballot for a eandidate for election to an at-large distriet to whieh more than one person may be electect, on a:
(1) eounty eouncit,
(2) eity eommon eouncil;
(3) town eouneit; or
(4) township board;
make a voting mark for each individual eandidate for whom the voter wishes to east a vote. The ballot eard voting system may not eount any straight party tieket voting mark as a vote for any eandidate for an office described by this subsection.
(e) (b) A ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:
(1) for all candidates for presidential electors and alternate presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket by making a single voting mark; and
(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote.

SECTION6. IC 3-11-7-6 IS REPEALED[EFFECTIVE JANUARY

1, 2024]. See. 6. A ballot eard voting system must eount a ballot in aceordanee with C 3-12-1-7 when a voter votes a straight tieket vote and votes for individual eandidates as deseribed by Ю 3-12-1-7.

SECTION 7. IC 3-11-7.5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 66, IS AMENDEDTO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 10. (a) Exeept as provided int subsection (b), An electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:
(1) except at a primary election, a straight party tieket for all the eandidates of one (1) politieal party by touthing the deviee of that party,
(2) (1) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board candidates nominated by petition; or
(3) (2) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties and for independent candidates. or
(4) a straight party tieket and then split that tieket by easting individual votes for eandidates of another politieat party or independent eandidates.
(b) An electronie voting system must require that a voter whe wishes to east a ballot for a eandidate for election to an at-large distriet to which more than one person may be electect, on a.
(1) eome eomeit,
(2) eity eommon eouneit,
(3) town eomneit, or
(4) township boart,
make a voting mark for each individual eandidate for whom the voter wishes to east a vote. The electronie voting system may not eount any straight party tieket voting mark as a vote for any eandidate for an offiee deseribed by this subseetion.
(e) (b) An electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:
(1) for as many candidates for an office as the voter may vote for, but no more;
(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote, but no other; and
(3) for all the candidates for presidential electors and alternate presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket by making a single voting mark.
SECTION 8. IC 3-11-11-10 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]. See. 10 . If an election is a general or munieipat election and a woter desires to wote for all the eandidates of one (1) politieat party or group of petitioners, the voter may make a voting mark on or in a targe eirele enelosing the deviee and before the name
under which the eandidates of the party or group of petitioners are printed. The voter's vote shalt thent be eounted for all the eandidates under that party name or for the (2) eandidates eomprising ant independent tieket.

SECTION 9. IC 3-11-13-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.109-2021, SECTION44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies to a marking device used in a voting system that:
(1) contains features of both a ballot card voting system and an electronic voting system; and
(2) produces a ballot card with the voter's choices as selected by the voter and marked on the card by the device.
(b) The interface of the marking device used with an optical scan voting system must include all of the following:
(1) The information required by IC 3-11-14-3.5.
(2) The instructions required by IC 3-11-2-8.
(3) The information and instructions required by IC 3-11-2-10.
(c) A marking device must comply with the same disability access standards as an electronic voting system under IC 3-11-15-13.6.
(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a ballot card used with a marking device must have either preprinted or printed by the marking device the following:
(1) When the marking device is used for absentee voting under IC 3-11-10-26, the circuit court clerk's signature and seal required by IC 3-11-10-27.
(2) When the marking device is used by a voter to cast a provisional ballot, the circuit court clerk's signature and seal required by IC 3-11.7-1-7.
(3) A line or box for each poll clerk's initial as required by section 19 of this chapter.
(4) When the marking device is used during a primary election, the name of the political party whose primary the voter is participating in or the word "nonpartisan" if the voter is voting a ballot that contains only a public question certified by the county election board under IC 3-10-9.
(e) If the voting system produces a ballot card, the ballot card must contain a summary ballot scan of the voter's ballot that includes all of the following:
(1) The name or designation of each office on the voter's ballot.
(2) The name of the candidate and the candidate's political party selected by the voter.
(3) If the roter seleets a straight party tieket, the name of the
politieat party tieket the voter selected.
(4) (3) A description of the text of any public question or judicial retention question on the voter's ballot that the county election board determines reasonably conveys the content of the public question or judicial retention question and the response the voter selected for each question.
The ballot card may contain additional information described in subsection (b).
(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a ballot card used with the marking device may be a different dimension or size than other ballot cards:
(1) approved by the county election board for use in an election; and
(2) that are not designed to be marked by the marking device.
(g) A voter verifiable paper audit trail is not a marking device.

SECTION 10. IC 3-11-13-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021, SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order of arrangement provided for ballots under this section.
(b) Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The county may:
(1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and
(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.
(c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.
(e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). The offices and
public questions may be listed in a continuous column or row either vertically or horizontally and on a number of separate pages.
(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate:
(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.
(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for.", A straight party vote will not eount as a vote for any eandidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.
(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be grouped together in the following order:
(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the tast most recent election for secretary of state is listed first.
(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the most recent election for secretary of state is listed second.
(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).
(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the fast most recent election for secretary of state or a nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law.
(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the ballot.
(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's political party, or the word "Independent" if the:
(1) candidate; or
(2) ticket of candidates for:
(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
(B) governor and lieutenant governor; is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.
(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision must be grouped together:
(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
(2) in the order established by subsection (g); and
(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to surname.
A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body of a school corporation must be grouped:
(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking; and
(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
(k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:
(1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.
(2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8 Ю 3-11-2-10(d), and F 3-11-2-10(e). IC 3-11-2-10(c).
(1) The ballot must include: a single eonneetable arrow, eirele, ovat, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or ant independent tieket (deseribed in F 3-11-2-6) by one ( 1 ) mark as required by section 14 of this ehapter, and the single eonnectable arrow, eirele, oval, or square, or the voting position for easting a straight party or ant independent tieket ballot must be identiffied by.
(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6); and
(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-5).
The name and device of each political party or independent ticket must be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instruetions tescribed int $€ 3-11-2-10$ (e) for voting a straight party tieket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 must be placed on the ballot label. The instrtetions for voting a straight party ticket must inelude the statement. "If you to not wisht to vote a straight party tieket, to not make a mark int this seetion and proeect to voting the ballot by office.".
(m) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot card that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.
(n) The requirements in this section:
(1) do not replace; and
(2) are in addition to; any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots.
(o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.
(p) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not list:
(1) the names of political parties or candidates; or
(2) the text of public questions; on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question.

SECTION 11. IC 3-11-13-14 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]. See. 14. (a) fn partisant eleetions, the ballot tabets mutst include a voting square or position where a voter may by one (1) voting mark on each eard reeord a straight party or an independent tieket rote for all the eandidates of one ( 1 ) politieat party or the independent tieket, exeept for offices for whicht the voter.
$(1)$ is required to east an individuat vote for a eandidate under
€ 3-11-7-4(b); or
(2) has woted individually for a eandidate for any other office.
(b) If the woter records a vote for the (2) eandidates emprising ant independent tieket, the vote must not eount for any other independent eandidate ont the ballot.
(e) A ballot labet must not inelude a voting square or position to permit a voter to east a straight party tieket for a politieat party or independent tieket iff.
(1) there are no eandidates of that politieat party, or
(2) the only eandidates of the politieal party are for eleetion to offiees to which more than one ( 1 ) individuat is to be elected and Whieh will not be eredited with a vote under Ю- $3-12-1-7$ if a woter easts a straight party tieket.
SECTION 12. IC 3-11-13-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.135-2020, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies to:
(1) a ballot card voting system; and
(2) a voting system that includes features of a ballot card voting system and a direct record electronic voting system.
(b) Not later than seventy-four (74) days before election day, for each county planning to use automatic tabulating machines at the next election, VSTOP shall provide each county election board with a randomly sorted list of unique identification numbers for the inventory of machines in the county maintained under IC 3-11-16-4. Starting at the top of the list, the county election board shall select machines in the list in the order listed so that:
(1) if a machine to be selected in the list is not scheduled to be used in the upcoming election, the selection process will move to the next machine in the order listed;
(2) each selected machine is scheduled to be used in the upcoming election; and
(3) the number of machines selected is not less than five percent (5\%) of the machines in the county scheduled by the county election board to be used in the upcoming election.
(c) The county election board shall test the machines as described in subsection (b) to ascertain that the machines will correctly count the votes cast for straight tiekets, for all candidates (including write-in candidates) and on all public questions. If an individual attending the public test requests that additional automatic tabulating machines be tested, then the county election board shall select and test additional machines from the list in the manner described in subsection (b).
(d) If VSTOP does not provide the lists under subsection (b) not later than sixty (60) days before the election, the county election board
shall establish and implement a procedure for random selection of not less than five percent ( $5 \%$ ) of the machines in the county to be used in the upcoming election. The county election board shall then test the machines selected as described in subsection (c).
(e) Not later than seven (7) days after conducting the test under subsection (c), the county election board shall certify to the election division that the test has been conducted in conformity with subsection (c). The testing under subsection (c) must begin before absentee voting begins in the office of the circuit court clerk under IC 3-11-10-26.
(f) Public notice of the time and place shall be given at least forty-eight (48) hours before the test. The notice shall be published once in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4.
(g) If a county election board determines that:
(1) a ballot:
(A) must be reprinted or corrected as provided by IC 3-11-2-16 because of the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question from the ballot; or (B) is an absentee ballot that a voter is entitled to recast under IC 3-11.5-4-2 because the absentee ballot includes a candidate for election to office who:
(i) ceased to be a candidate; and
(ii) has been succeeded by a candidate selected under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; and
(2) ballots used in the test conducted under this section were not reprinted or corrected to remove the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question, or indicate the name of the successor candidate;
the county election board shall conduct an additional public test described in subsection (c) using the reprinted or corrected ballots. Notice of the time and place of the additional test shall be given in accordance with IC 5-14-1.5, but publication of the notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4 is not required.

SECTION 13. IC 3-11-13-31.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ ASFOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 31.7. (a) This section is enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an optical scan voting system.
(b) After receiving ballot cards, a voter shall, without leaving the room, go alone into one (1) of the booths or compartments that is unoccupied and indicate:
(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by marking
the connectable arrows, circles, ovals, or squares immediately beside:
(A) the candidates' names; or
(B) the numbers referring to the candidates; and
(2) the voter's preference on each public question by marking the connectable arrow, oval, or square beside:
(A) the word "yes" or "no" under the question; or
(B) the number referring to the word "yes" or "no" on the ballot.
(e) If an election is a general or munieipat election and a voter desires to wote for all the eandidates of one (1) politieat party or independent tieket (deseribed in IC 3-11-2-6), the veter may mark:
(1) the eirele enclosing the deviee, or
(2) the eonneetable arrow, eirele, ovat, or square deseribed int section 4 of this ehapter,
that designates the eandidates of that politieat party or independent tieket (deseribed in IC 3-11-2-6). Exeept as provided by € 3-11-7-4(b), the voter's vote shall then be counted for all the eandidates of that politieal party or ineluded int the independent tieket (described in If 3-11-2-6). However, if the voter marks the eirele, arrow, oval, or square of an independent tieket (deseribed in € $3-11-2-6$ ), the vote shall not be eounted for any other independent eandidate on the ballot.
(d) (c) This subsection applies to a voter casting a ballot on a voting system that includes features of both an optical scan ballot card voting system and a direct record electronic voting system. After entering into a booth used with the voting system, the voter shall indicate the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote and the voter's preference on each public question by:
(1) inserting a paper ballot or an optical scan ballot into the voting system; or
(2) using headphones to listen to a recorded list of political parties, candidates, and public questions.
(e) (d) A voter using a voting system described in subsection (d) (c) may indicate the voter's selections by:
(1) touching a device on or in the squares immediately adjacent to the name of a political party, candidate, or response to a public question; or
(2) indicating the voter's choices by using a sip puff device that enables the voter to indicate a choice by inhaling or exhaling.
SECTION 14. IC 3-11-14-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.115-2022, SECTION 9 , IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (f), a county election board may use an approved electronic voting system:
(1) in any election;
(2) in all or in some of the precincts within a political subdivision holding an election; and
(3) instead of or in combination with any other voting method.
(b) A county election board may use an electronic voting system which includes a voter verifiable paper audit trail if the voting system:
(1) otherwise complies with this chapter and IC 3-11-15; and
(2) is certified by the Indiana election commission.
(c) A county election board may not use an approved electronic voting system purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the county after December 31, 2019, unless the system:
(1) is certified by the Indiana election commission; and
(2) includes a voter verifiable paper audit trail.

This subsection does not prohibit a county election board from having maintenance performed on an electronic voting system purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the county before January 1, 2020.
(d) The voter verifiable paper audit trail must contain all of the following:
(1) The name or code of the election as provided by the voting system.
(2) The date of the election.
(3) The date the voter verifiable paper audit trail was printed.
(4) A security code and record number specific to each paper receipt assigned by the voting system.
(5) The name or designation of the voter's precinct.
(6) The name or designation of each office on the voter's ballot.
(7) The name of the candidate and the designation of the candidate's political party selected by the voter.
(8) If the voter selects a straight party tieket, the name of the politieal party tieket the voter seleeted.
(9) (8) The following information:
(A) A description of the text of any public question or judicial retention question on the voter's ballot that:
(i) contains not more than thirty (30) characters; and
(ii) the county election board determines reasonably conveys the content of the public question or judicial retention question.
(B) The response the voter selected for each question.
(e) The voter verifiable paper audit trail may contain additional
information and instructions determined to be useful to the voter by the county election board subject to the design capabilities of the voter verifiable paper audit trail.
(f) This subsection applies to a county in which any direct record electronic voting system that does not include a voter verifiable paper audit trail is used for an election. A county election board shall not use a direct record electronic voting system in an election after July 1, 2022, unless the county election board:
(1) uses a number of direct record electronic voting systems including a voter verifiable paper audit trail in the election that is equal to or greater than ten percent ( $10 \%$ ) of the total number of direct record electronic voting systems owned, leased, or otherwise available to the county as of January 1,2022, and as of January 1 in each year thereafter;
(2) determines, not later than July 1, 2022, and January 1 of each year thereafter, the minimum number of direct record electronic voting systems including a voter verifiable paper audit trail necessary to comply with the requirement of this subsection; and (3) files a certification of this determination to the secretary of state not later than August 11, 2022, and February 11 of each year thereafter.
SECTION 15. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021, SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TOREAD ASFOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.
(b) The county may:
(1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label; and
(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.
(c) Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.
(e) The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on the general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). Each office and public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column or row either vertically or horizontally.
(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate:
(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.
(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for.", A straight paty vote will not eount as a wote for any eandidate for this offiee.", if more than one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.
(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be grouped together in the following order:
(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the tast most recent election for secretary of state is listed first.
(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second thighest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the most recent election for secretary of state is listed second.
(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).
(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the last most recent election for secretary of state or a nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for federal offices.
(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the ballot.
(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's political party, or the word "Independent", if the:
(1) candidate; or
(2) ticket of candidates for:
(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.
(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision must be grouped together:
(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and
(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to surname.
A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body of a school corporation must be grouped:
(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking; and
(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
(k) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public question is listed.
(1) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8 Æ 3-11-2-10(d), and € 3-11-2-10(e) IC 3-11-2-10(c) may be:
(1) placed on the ballot label; or
(2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.
(m) Exeept as provided in section 14.5 of this ehapter, The ballot label must include: a torteh sensitive point or button for voting a straight politieal party or independent tieket (deseribed in IC 3-11-2-6) by one ( 1 ) toueh, and the touch sensitive point or button nust be identiffed by.
(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and
(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-5).
The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instruetions deseribed in € 3-11-2-10(e) for woting a straight party tieket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 must be placed on the ballot label. The instruetions for voting a straight party tieket must inelude the statement: "If you to not wisht to vote a straight party ticket, press "NEXT" (or replace "NEXT" with the term used by that voting system to permit a voter to skip a ballot sereen) to contintue voting.".
(n) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.
(o) The requirements in this section:
(1) do not replace; and
(2) are in addition to;
any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic voting systems.
(p) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.

SECTION 16. IC 3-11-14-14.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]. See. 14.5. A ballot tabet must not inelude a toueh sensitive point or button to permit a voter to east a straight party tieket
for a politieal party or independent tieket if:
(1) there are no eandidates of that politieal party, or
(2) the only eandidates of the politieat party are for election to offiees to whieh more than one ( 1 ) individual is to be elected and which will not be eredited with a vote under Ю- 3-12-1-7 if a voter easts a straight party tieket.
SECTION 17. IC 3-11-14-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 23. (a) This section is enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an electronic voting system.
(b) If a voter is not challenged by a member of the precinct election board, the voter may pass the railing to the side where an electronic voting system is and into the voting booth. There the voter shall register the voter's vote in secret by indicating:
(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by touching a device on or in the squares immediately above the candidates' names;
(2) if the voter intends to cast a write-in vote, a write-in vote by touching a device on or in the square immediately below the candidates' names and printing the name of the candidate in the window provided for write-in voting; and
(3) the voter's preference on each public question by touching a device above the word "yes" or "no" under the question.
(e) If ant election is a generat or munieipat election and a voter tesires to wote for alt the eandidates of one (1) politieat party or group of petitioners, the voter may east a straight party tieket by touehing that party's deviee. Exeept as provided in IE 3-11-7.5-10(b), the voter's vote shall then be eounted for alt the eandidates under that name. However, if the woter easts a vote by toreching the eirele of ant independent tieket eomprised of two (2) eandidates, the wote shalt not be eounted for any other independent eandidate on the ballot.
(d) (c) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, a voter casting a ballot on an electronic voting system must be:
(1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted; (2) provided the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the ballot; and
(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
SECTION 18. IC 3-11-14.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.135-2020, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. (a) Not later than seventy-four (74) days before election day, for each county planning to use an electronic voting system at the next election, VSTOP shall provide each county election board with a randomly sorted list of unique identification numbers for the inventory of machines in the county maintained under IC 3-11-16-4. Starting at the top of the list, the county election board shall select machines in the list in the order listed so that:
(1) if a machine to be selected in the list is not scheduled to be used in the upcoming election, the selection process will move to the next machine in the order listed;
(2) each selected machine is scheduled to be used in the upcoming election; and
(3) the number of machines selected is not less than five percent (5\%) of the machines in the county scheduled by the county election board to be used in the upcoming election.
(b) The county election board shall test the machines as described in subsection (a) to ascertain that the machines will correctly count the votes cast for straight tiekets, for all candidates (including write-in candidates) and on all public questions. If an individual attending the public test requests that additional electronic voting systems be tested, then the county election board shall select and test additional machines from the list in the manner described in subsection (a).
(c) If VSTOP does not provide the lists under subsection (a) not later than sixty (60) days before the election, the county election board shall establish and implement a procedure for random selection of not less than five percent ( $5 \%$ ) of the machines in the county. The county election board shall then test the machines selected to be used in the upcoming election as described in subsection (b).
(d) The testing under subsection (b) must begin before absentee voting starts in the office of the circuit court clerk under IC 3-11-10-26.
(e) If a county election board determines that:
(1) a ballot provided by an electronic voting system:
(A) must be corrected as provided by IC 3-11-2-16 because of the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question from the ballot; or
(B) is an absentee ballot that a voter is entitled to recast under

IC 3-11.5-4-2 because the absentee ballot includes a candidate for election to office who:
(i) ceased to be a candidate; and
(ii) has been succeeded by a candidate selected under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; and
(2) machines used in the test conducted under this section did not contain a ballot that was reprinted or corrected to remove the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question, or indicate the name of the successor candidate;
the county election board shall conduct an additional public test described in subsection (b) using the machines previously tested and containing the reprinted or corrected ballots.

SECTION 19. IC 3-12-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.64-2014, SECTION 68, IS AMENDED TOREAD AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. Subject to sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9.5, and 13 of this chapter, the primary factor to be considered in determining a voter's choice on a ballot is the intent of the voter. If the voter's intent can be determined on the ballot or on part of the ballot, the vote shall be counted for the affected candidate or candidates or on the public question. However, if it is impossible to determine a voter's choice of candidates on a part of a ballot or vote on a public question, then the voter's vote concerning those candidates or public questions may not be counted.

SECTION 20. IC 3-12-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 137, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5.(a) This subsection does not apply to a ballot card voting system or an electronic voting system. Exeept as provided in subseetion (d), A voting mark made by a voter on or in a voting square at the left of a candidate's name or pelitieat party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate. or eandidates of the politieat party.
(b) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system. A voting mark made by a voter:
(1) on or in a circle, oval, or square; or
(2) to connect a connectable arrow; immediately below or beside a candidate's name or politieat party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate. or eandidates of the politieat party, exeept as provided int subsectiont (d).
(c) This subsection applies to a direct record electronic voting system. A voting mark made by a voter touching a touch sensitive point or button below or beside a candidate's name or politieat party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate. or eandidates of the
politieal party, exeept as provided in subsection (d).
(d) A woter whe wishes to east a ballot for a eandidate for election to an at-large distriet to whieh more than one (1) person may be elected on a:
(1) eounty eouneit,
(2) eity eommon eoureit,
(3) town eomeit, or
(4) township board,
must make a voting mark for each individual eandidate for whom the voter wishes to east a wote. A straight tieket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot eard voting system, or eleetronie voting system shall not be eounted as a straight party tieket voting mark as a vote for any eandidate for an office deseribed by this subsection.

SECTION 21. IC 3-12-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 7. (a) This subseetion applies whenever a voter:
(1) wotes a straight party tieket, and
(2) wotes only for one (1) or more individual eandidates whe are all of the same politieal party as the straight tieket vote.
Exeept as provided in subsection (d) or (e), the straight tieket vote shall be eounted and the individual eandidate votes may not be countect.
(b) This subsection applies whenever.
(1) a voter has voted a straight party tieket for the eandidates of one (1) politieal party;
(2) only one (1) person may be eleeted to an offiee, and
(3) the woter has roted for one ( 1 ) individuat eandidate for the offiee deseribed in subdivision (2) whe is:
(A) a eandidate of a politieal party other than the party for whieh the reter a straight tieket, or
(B) ant independent eandidate or deelared write-in eandidate for the office.
If the voter has voted for one (1) individual eandidate for the office described in subdivision (2), the individuat eandidate vote for that office shall be eountect, the straight party tieket vote for that office may not be eounted, and the straight party ticket votes for other offices on the ballot shall be eounted.
(e) This strbsection applies whenever.
$(1)$ a voter has voted a straight party tieket for the eandidates of one (1) politieal party, and
(2) the voter has voted for more individual eandidates for the offiee than the number of persons to be elected to that office.

The individual eandidate votes for that offiee may not be eounted, the straight party tieket wote for that office may not be eounted, and the straight party tieket votes for other offiees on the ballot shall be eounted.
(d) This stbseetion applies whenever.
(1) a woter has voted a straight party tieket for the eandidates of one ( 1 ) politieal party,
(2) more than one (1) person may be eleeted to an offiee, and
(3) the voter has woted for individual eandidates for the office deseribed in subdivision (2) who are:
(A) independent eandidates or deelared write-in eandidates,
(B) eandidates of a politieal party other thant the politieat party for which the voter east a straight party tieket under subdivision (1), or
$(\mathrm{C})$ a embination of eandidates deseribed int elauses (A) and (B).

The individual votes east by the voter for the offiee for the independent eandidates, deelared write-in eandidates, and the eandidates of a politieat party other than the politieat party for whieht the woter east a straight party tieket shall be eounted unless the total number of these individual votes is greater than the number of persons to be elected to the offiee. The straight party tieket votes for the office shall not be eountect. The straight party tieket rotes for other offiees ont the voter's ballot shall be eounted.
(e) This stubseetion applies whenever.
(1) a woter has woted a straight party tieket for the eandidates of one (1) politieat party,
(2) more than one (1) person may be eleeted to an offiee; and
(3) the voter has woted for individual eandidates for the office deseribed in subdivision (2) whe are:
(A) independent eandidates, teelared write-in eandidates, or eandidates of a politieal party other than the politieat paty for which the voter east a straight party tieket under subdivision (1), and
(B) eandidates of the same politieat party for whieh the voter east a straight party tieket under subdivision (1).
The individual votes east by the voter for the offiee for the independent eandidates, the deelared write-in eandidates, and the eandidates of a politieat party other tham the politieal party for whieh the voter east a straight party tieket, and the eandidates of the politieal party for whieh the voter east a straight party tieket shall be eounted unless the total number of these individual wotes is greater than the number of persons
to be elected to the offiee. The straight party tieket votes for the office shall not be eountect. The straight party tieket votes for other offiees on the voter's ballot shall be eounted.
( $\ddagger$ ) If a voter votes a straight party tieket for more than one (1) politieal party, the whole ballot is void with regard to all eandidates nominated by a politieal party, deelared write-in eandidates, or eandidates designated as independent eandidates on the ballot. However, the voter's vote for a sehool board eandidate or on a publie question shall be eounted if etherwise valid under this ehapter.
(g) (a) If a weter toes not a straight paty tieket and the number of votes cast by that a voter for the candidates for an office are less than or equal to the number of openings for that office, the individual candidates votes shall be counted.
(h) (b) If a voter toes not wote a straight party tieket and the number of votes cast by that a voter for an office exceeds the number of openings for that office, none of the votes concerning that office may be counted.

SECTION 22. IC 3-12-1-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION24, IS AMENDED TOREAD AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 7.5. (a) If a voter votes for one (1) individual candidate for an office for which only one (1) person may be elected and also writes in the name of another candidate for the same office, neither vote may be counted.
(b) If a voter votes for at least one (1) individual candidate for an office for which at least two (2) people may be elected and also writes in the name of at least one (1) candidate, the vote for that office may not be counted unless the number of individual votes cast for the office, when added to the number of write-in votes cast for that office, is less than or equal to the number of seats available for that office.
(c) If a voter votes an individual or a straight party vote for a candidate for an office and also writes in the name of the same candidate for the same office, only one (1) vote for that candidate may be counted.

SECTION 23. IC 3-12-1-8 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]. See. 8. (a) Exeept as provided in subsection (b), a voting mark made by a voter on or in a eirele eontaining a politieal party deviee shalt be eounted as a vote for each eandidate of that politieat party on that ballot.
(b) A voter who wishes to east a ballot for a eandidate for eleetion to an at-large distriet to which more than one (1) person may be electect of a:
(1) eounty eouneit;
(2) eity eommon eouncil,
(3) town eouncil, or
(4) township boart,
must make a voting mark for each individual eandidate for whom the voter wishes to east a vote. A voting mark on or in a eirele containing a politieal party deviee shall not be eounted as a straight party tieket woting mark as a vote for any eandidate for ant office described by this subsection.

SECTION 24. IC 3-12-1-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 14. (a) This section does not apply to a vote
(1) cast for President or Vice President of the United States under

IC 3-10-4-6. or
(2) deseribed by section 15 of this ehapter.
(b) A vote cast for a candidate who ceases to be a candidate may not be counted as a vote for a successor candidate selected under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2.

SECTION 25. IC 3-12-1-15 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]. See. 15. (a) This section not apply to a eandidate for an at-large office of a eounty eouncil, eity common eouneil, town eouncil, or township board, if those offices appear on a baltot.
(b) This seetion applies to a vote east for one (1) straight party tieket that ineludes a eandidate for election to office who:
(1) eeases to be a eandidate, and
(2) is streecded by a eandidate selected under Ю 3-13-4 or Ю 3-13-2.
(e) A vote east in the eleetion for the original nominee is eonsidered a vote east for the sureessor.

