

HOUSE BILL No. 1164

DIGEST OF HB 1164 (Updated February 15, 2021 2:09 pm - DI 101)

Citations Affected: IC 5-22; IC 8-1; IC 8-20; IC 22-5; IC 36-1.

Synopsis: Various utility matters. Exempts a contract for the lease of state property under which no state expenditures are required from provisions: (1) requiring certain disclosures and certifications by a prospective state contractor regarding violations of Indiana telephone solicitation and automated calling statutes; (2) regarding cancellation of public purchasing contracts due to lack of funds; (3) regarding state contractor use of the E-Verify program; and (4) prohibiting state contractor employment of unauthorized aliens. Provides that: (1) rural electric cooperatives; and (2) municipalities providing electric service; shall permit attachments by communications service providers to poles owned or controlled by the cooperatives or municipalities. Provides that any pole attachment rental fee imposed by a rural electric cooperative or a municipality: (1) must be calculated on an annual, per-pole basis; and (2) is considered to provide reasonable compensation and to be nondiscriminatory, just, and reasonable if the fee: (A) is agreed upon by the parties; or (B) is not greater than the fee that would apply if the fee were calculated in accordance with the formula applied by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). Amends the procedures under which a public utility applies to a municipality or county executive for authorization to occupy and perform work in a public right-of-way controlled by the municipality or county executive, and provides for restrictions on the requirements (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2021.

Manning

January 7, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications.
February 15, 2021, amended, reported — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

a municipality or county executive may impose for purposes of granting such authority. Provides that the Indiana utility regulatory commission (IURC) may not require a communications service provider to: (1) file a tariff; or (2) report to the IURC any information that is: (A) available to the public on the communications service provider's Internet web site; (B) filed with the FCC; or (C) otherwise available to the public; except as required by the IURC to respond to consumer complaints or information requests from the general assembly. Amends the factors that must exist for a permit authority to prohibit the placement of a new utility pole or wireless support structure for purposes of construction, placement, or use of a small cell facility or structure in an area that is: (1) within a right-of-way; and (2) designated strictly for underground or buried utilities. Provides that a permit authority may not impose: (1) a restriction on maximum height of a wireless support structure, subject to certain federal regulations and state laws; or (2) a requirement regarding minimum separation distances between wireless support structures. Provides that a tariff filed with the IURC by a communications service provider is effective upon filing. Provides that a video service provider is not required to provide the IURC with information describing the provider's programming, including the provider's channel lineups or channel guides. Exempts a political subdivision's disposal of property by sale, exchange, transfer, or lease of the property to a public utility or a communications service provider from certain provisions regarding disposal of property by a political subdivision. Provides an exemption to the public works law for certain work done by the employees of a conservancy district established for the purpose of water or sewage treatment.



First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1164

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-22-3-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.222-2005,
2	SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 7. (a) This section applies to every use of funds by
4	a governmental body. However, this section does not apply to:
5	(1) a contract in which one (1) party is a political subdivision,
6	including a body corporate and politic created by or authorized by
7	a political subdivision; or
8	(2) a contract for the lease of property owned by the state
9	under which no state expenditures are required.
10	(b) A prospective contractor may not contract with a governmental
11	body unless the prospective contractor includes the following
12	certifications as terms of the contract with the governmental body:
13	(1) The contractor and any principals of the contractor certify
14	that:
15	(A) the contractor, except for de minimis and nonsystematic
16	violations, has not violated the terms of:
17	(i) IC 24-4.7;



1	(ii) IC 24-5-12; or
2 3	(iii) IC 24-5-14;
	in the previous three hundred sixty-five (365) days, even if
4	IC 24-4.7 is preempted by federal law; and
5	(B) the contractor will not violate the terms of IC 24-4.7 for
6	the duration of the contract, even if IC 24-4.7 is preempted by
7	federal law.
8	(2) The contractor and any principals of the contractor certify that
9	an affiliate or principal of the contractor and any agent acting on
10	behalf of the contractor or on behalf of an affiliate or principal of
11	the contractor:
12	(A) except for de minimis and nonsystematic violations, has
13	not violated the terms of IC 24-4.7 in the previous three
14	hundred sixty-five (365) days, even if IC 24-4.7 is preempted
15	by federal law; and
16	(B) will not violate the terms of IC 24-4.7 for the duration of
17	the contract, even if IC 24-4.7 is preempted by federal law.
18	(c) If a certification in subsection (b) concerning compliance with
19	IC 24-4.7, IC 24-5-12, or IC 24-5-14 is materially false or if the
20	contractor, an affiliate or a principal of the contractor, or an agent
21	acting on behalf of the contractor or an affiliate or a principal of the
22	contractor violates the terms of IC 24-4.7, IC 24-5-12, or IC 24-5-14,
23	even if IC 24-4.7 is preempted by federal law, the attorney general may
24	bring a civil action in the circuit or superior court of Marion County to:
25	(1) void a contract under this section, subject to subsection (d);
26	and
27	(2) obtain other proper relief.
28	However, a contractor is not liable under this section if the contractor
29	or an affiliate of the contractor acquires another business entity that
30	violated the terms of IC 24-4.7, IC 24-5-12, or IC 24-5-14 within the
31	preceding three hundred sixty-five (365) days before the date of the
32	acquisition if the acquired business entity ceases violating IC 24-4.7,
33	IC 24-5-12, or IC 24-5-14, even if IC 24-4.7 is preempted by federal
34	law, as of the date of the acquisition.
35	(d) If:
36	(1) the attorney general notifies the contractor, department of
37	administration, and budget agency in writing of the intention of
38	the attorney general to void a contract; and
39	(2) the attorney general does not receive a written objection from
40	the department of administration or budget agency, sent to both
41	the attorney general and the contractor, within thirty (30) days of
42	the notice;



1	a contract between a contractor and a governmental body is voidable
2	at the election of the attorney general in a civil action brought under
3	subsection (c). If an objection of the department of administration or
4	the budget agency is submitted under subdivision (2), the contract that
5	is the subject of the objection is not voidable at the election of the
6	attorney general unless the objection is rescinded or withdrawn by the
7	department of administration or the budget agency.
8	(e) If the attorney general establishes in a civil action that a
9	contractor is knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly liable under
10	subsection (c), the contractor is prohibited from entering into a contract
11	with a governmental body for three hundred sixty-five (365) days after
12	the date on which the contractor exhausts appellate remedies.
13	(f) In addition to any remedy obtained in a civil action brought
14	under this section, the attorney general may obtain the following:
15	(1) All money the contractor obtained through each telephone call
16	made in violation of the terms of IC 24-4.7, IC 24-5-12, or
17	IC 24-5-14, even if IC 24-4.7 is preempted by federal law.
18	(2) The attorney general's reasonable expenses incurred in:
19	(A) investigation; and
20	(B) maintaining the civil action.
21	SECTION 2. IC 5-22-17-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) This section
23	does not apply to a contract for the lease of property owned by the
24	state under which no state expenditures are required.
25	(a) (b) When the fiscal body of the governmental body makes a
26	written determination that funds are not appropriated or otherwise
27	available to support continuation of performance of a contract, the
28	contract is considered canceled.
	contract is considered canceled.
29	(b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not
30	(b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of
30 31	(b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not
30 31 32	(b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of
30 31	(b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of performance is final and conclusive.
30 31 32	(b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of performance is final and conclusive. SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5.5. (a) Every:
30 31 32 33 34 35	(b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of performance is final and conclusive. SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY]
30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of performance is final and conclusive. SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5.5. (a) Every:
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of performance is final and conclusive. SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5.5. (a) Every: (1) corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; (2) corporation organized under IC 23-17 that is an electric cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that is a
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of performance is final and conclusive. SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5.5. (a) Every: (1) corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; (2) corporation organized under IC 23-17 that is an electric cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that is a corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; and
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 (b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of performance is final and conclusive. SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5.5. (a) Every: (1) corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; (2) corporation organized under IC 23-17 that is an electric cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that is a corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; and (3) municipality providing electric service;
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (b) (c) A determination by the fiscal body that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of performance is final and conclusive. SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5.5. (a) Every: (1) corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; (2) corporation organized under IC 23-17 that is an electric cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that is a corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; and

(b) A rate, term, or condition imposed by a corporation or



1	municipality described in subsection (a) for access to poles owned
2	or controlled by the corporation or municipality:
3	(1) must be nondiscriminatory, just, and reasonable; and
4	(2) must not favor the pole owner or an affiliate of the pole
5	owner.
6	(c) Any pole attachment rental fee imposed by a corporation or
7	municipality described in subsection (a) for access to poles owned
8	or controlled by the corporation or municipality:
9	(1) must be calculated on an annual, per-pole basis; and
10	(2) is considered to provide reasonable compensation and to
11	be nondiscriminatory, just, and reasonable if the fee:
12	(A) is agreed upon by the parties; or
13	(B) is not greater than the fee that would apply if the pole
14	attachment rental fee were calculated in accordance with
15	the formula set forth in 47 U.S.C. 224(d), as applied by the
16	Federal Communications Commission.
17	(d) If a communications service provider and a corporation or
18	municipality described in subsection (a) fail to agree upon:
19	(1) access to poles owned or controlled by the corporation or
20	municipality; or
21	(2) the rates, terms, and conditions for attachment to poles
22	owned or controlled by the corporation or municipality;
23 24	the communications service provider may apply to the commission
24	for a determination of the matter.
25	(e) Upon receiving a request for a determination under
26	subsection (d), the commission shall:
27	(1) proceed to determine whether:
28	(A) the denial of access to one (1) or more poles was
29	unlawful; or
30	(B) the rates, terms, and conditions complained of were not
31	just and reasonable;
32	as applicable; and
33	(2) issue an order:
34	(A) directing that access to the poles at issue be permitted;
35	and
36	(B) prescribing for such access such rates, terms,
37	conditions, and compensations that:
38	(i) are reasonable; and
39	(ii) comply with subsections (b) and (c).
10	(f) In any case in which the commission issues an order under
11	subsection (e):
12	(1) the access ordered by the commission under subsection



1 2	(e)(2)(A) shall be permitted by the corporation or
3	municipality; and
	(2) the rates, terms, conditions, and compensations prescribed
4	by the commission under subsection (e)(2)(B) shall be
5	observed, followed, and paid by the parties, as applicable;
6	subject to recourse to the courts upon the complaint of any
7	interested party as provided in this chapter and in IC 8-1-3. Any
8	order of the commission under subsection (e) may be revised by the
9	commission from time to time upon application of any interested
10	party or upon the commission's own motion.
11	SECTION 4. IC 8-1-2-101 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 101. (a) Every
13	municipal council or county executive shall have power:
14	(1) To determine by ordinance the provisions, not inconsistent
15	with subsection (c), other provisions of this chapter, or
16	IC 8-1-11.1, upon which a public utility or department of public
17	utilities created under IC 8-1-11.1 occupies the areas along,
18	under, upon, and across the streets, highways, or other public
19	property within such municipality or county. and Such an
20	ordinance or other determination of such a municipality or county
21	executive shall be in force and prima facie reasonable if the
22	ordinance or determination complies with subsection (c).
23	Upon complaint made by such public utility or department of
24	public utilities, or by any qualified complainant, as provided in
25	section 54 of this chapter, the commission shall set a hearing, as
26	provided in sections 54 to 67 of this chapter, and if it shall find
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	such ordinance or other determination to be unreasonable, such
28	such ordinance or other determination to be unreasonable, such ordinance or other determination shall be void.
28 29	ordinance or other determination shall be void.
29	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions
29 30	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or
29 30 31	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the
29 30 31 32	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all
29 30 31 32 33	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be
29 30 31 32 33 34	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be completed, and all conditions under which they must be
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be completed, and all conditions under which they must be constructed, subject to review by the commission as provided in
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be completed, and all conditions under which they must be constructed, subject to review by the commission as provided in subdivision (1).
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be completed, and all conditions under which they must be constructed, subject to review by the commission as provided in subdivision (1). (3) To provide for a penalty for noncompliance with the
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be completed, and all conditions under which they must be constructed, subject to review by the commission as provided in subdivision (1). (3) To provide for a penalty for noncompliance with the provisions of any ordinance or resolution adopted pursuant to the
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be completed, and all conditions under which they must be constructed, subject to review by the commission as provided in subdivision (1). (3) To provide for a penalty for noncompliance with the provisions of any ordinance or resolution adopted pursuant to the provisions of this section.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be completed, and all conditions under which they must be constructed, subject to review by the commission as provided in subdivision (1). (3) To provide for a penalty for noncompliance with the provisions of any ordinance or resolution adopted pursuant to the provisions of this section. (4) The power and authority granted in this section shall exist and
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	ordinance or other determination shall be void. (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to reasonably designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be completed, and all conditions under which they must be constructed, subject to review by the commission as provided in subdivision (1). (3) To provide for a penalty for noncompliance with the provisions of any ordinance or resolution adopted pursuant to the provisions of this section.



Provided, however, whenever, after that if a public utility or department of public utilities makes a request by petition in writing of any public utility, department of public utilities, and completes any required permit application, and the city or other political subdivision or other body having jurisdiction of the matter shall refuse or fail, refuses or fails, for a period of thirty (30) twenty-one (21) days or twenty-eight (28) days, as applicable under subsection (c)(5), to give or grant to such public utility or department of public utilities permission and authority to construct, maintain, and operate any additional construction, equipment or facility within the public right-of-way as is reasonably necessary for the transaction of the business of such public utility or department of public utilities and for the public convenience or interest, then such public utility or department of public utilities may file a petition with said commission for such right and permission. which The petition shall must state, with particularity, the construction, equipment or other facility desired to be constructed and operated, and show a reasonable public necessity therefor, and also state the failure or refusal of such city, political subdivision, or other body to give or grant such right or permission. and **Upon receipt of the petition,** the commission shall thereupon give notice of the pendency of such petition, together with a copy thereof, to such city or other political subdivision or body, and of the time and place of hearing of the matter set forth in such petition. and such The commission shall have power to hear and determine such matters and to give or grant such right and permission and to impose such conditions in relation thereto as the necessity of such public utility or department of public utilities and the public convenience and interest may reasonably require, subject to subsection (c). Provided, further, that when the construction, installation, maintenance, repair, relocation, or operation by a public utility or department of public utilities of any of its construction, equipment, or facility located facilities is requested to be performed within the corporate limits of two (2) or more adjoining cities political subdivisions and is reasonably necessary for the public convenience or interest, and any or either of said cities fail or refuse political subdivisions fails or refuses to give or grant to such public utility or department of public utilities permission and authority to relocate such construction, equipment, or facility, perform the requested work, the public utility, the department of public utilities, or any municipality which political subdivision that has given or granted to such public utility or department of public utilities permission and authority to relocate such construction, equipment, and facility, the public utility or department



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of public utilities perform the work may file a petition with said commission for such right and permission. to which petition the city or cities failing or The political subdivision failing or refusing to give or grant the same right and permission shall be made a respondent to the petition, and such public utility or department of public utilities, if not the petitioner, shall also be made a respondent. and said The commission shall have power to hear and determine such matter, and to give or grant such right and permission, and to impose such conditions in relation thereto as the public convenience and interest may reasonably require, and subject to subsection (c). If said commission shall give or grant such right and permission, no further public authority is required for the public utility or department of public utilities to make such relocation perform the work as authorized or to go on any street, alley, road, or highway in said city or eities political subdivision necessary to be used therefor. shall be required of said public utility or department of public utilities. All orders entered before June 30, 1931, by the commission in cases within the provisions of this section are hereby declared legal and valid.

(b) Subject to the commission's authority under subsection (a)(1) with respect to an unreasonable ordinance or other determination that is unreasonable or does not comply with subsection (c), the municipality or county executive may operate and maintain the streets, highways, and other public property in the municipality or county for the safety of the traveling public, and a municipality or county executive may manage the public right-of-way or require by ordinance fair and reasonable compensation on a competitively neutral and nondiscriminatory basis for occupation of the public right-of-way, on a nondiscriminatory basis, including occupation by the municipality or county executive, if the compensation required is publicly disclosed by the municipality or county executive. Fair and reasonable compensation may not exceed the municipality's or county executive's direct, actual, documented, and reasonably incurred costs of managing the public right-of-way that are directly caused by the public utility's or department of public utilities' occupancy. The management costs, which the municipality or county executive shall assign individually to the public utility or department of public utilities creating the management costs, must be limited to the direct, actual, documented, and reasonably incurred costs a municipality or county incurs in managing the public right-of-way. As used in this section, the term "management costs" includes but is not limited to the costs to the municipality or county of the following:

(1) Registering occupants. Reviewing written requests or



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1	applications for occupation.
2	(2) Verifying public right-of-way that the requested occupation
3	is within the public right-of-way.
4	(3) Updating municipal or county records to reflect the
5	occupation.
6	(3) (4) Inspecting job sites and restoration projects.
7	(4) (5) Restoring Performing restoration work inadequately
8	performed after providing notice and the opportunity to correct
9	the work.
10	(5) (6) Administering a reasonable restoration ordinance that
11	ensures that a public utility or department of public utilities
12	adequately restores the right-of-way as near as is reasonably
13	possible to the right-of-way's original condition.
14	(6) (7) Management costs associated with the implementation of
15	an ordinance adopted under this section.
16	However, as used in this section, direct, actual, documented, and
17	reasonably incurred management costs do not include rents, franchise
18	fees, or any other payment by a public utility or department of public
19	utilities for occupation of the public right-of-way, or any costs
20	incurred by the municipality or county that are not directly
21	associated with the public utility's or department of public utilities'
22	occupation of the public right-of-way. As used in this section, the
23	term "public right-of-way" does not include the airwaves above the
24	streets, highways, or other public property within the municipality or
25	county as those airwaves are used for cellular or other nonwire
26	telecommunications or broadcast service.
27	(c) A municipality or county executive may not unreasonably delay
28	a public utility's or department of public utilities' access to or use of a
29	street, highway, or other public property within the municipality or
30	county. However, subsection (a)(1) and this subsection do not limit a
31	municipality or county executive's right to advance notification of and
32	review of a public utility's or department of public utilities' occupation
33	of a street, highway, or other public property within the municipality or
34	county to ensure and protect the safety of the public, subject to the
35	following:
36	(1) A municipality or county executive may require a utility
37	that is not subject to the commission's jurisdiction to carry
38	liability insurance covering the work to be performed or the
39	occupation of the public right-of-way in an amount not

greater than the cost of returning the public right-of-way to

a condition equivalent to the public right-of-way's condition

before the performance of the work. However, the



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1	municipality or county executive may not require such a
2	utility to provide proof of liability insurance more than once
3	in a calendar year, or in a calendar year in which the utility
4	does not apply for a permit from the municipality or county
5	executive under this section.
6	(2) A municipality or county executive may not require a
7	public utility or department of public utilities to submit more
8	than one (1) drawing or site plan showing:
9	(A) the location of the facilities or equipment to be
10	installed, maintained, or operated;
1	(B) the size of and materials comprising the facilities or
12	equipment to be installed;
13	(C) the length of the installation; and
14	(D) the number of road cuts, road bores, or bridge or other
15	structural attachments required for the installation,
16	maintenance, or operation of the equipment or facilities.
17	(3) A municipality or county executive may not require a
18	public utility or department of public utilities to submit more
19	than one (1) notice, request, or application packet for the
20	work to be performed or the occupation of the public
21	right-of-way. If the notice, request, or application requires the
22	review of more than one (1) department, board, or other
22 23 24	entity within the municipality or county, the municipality or
24	county executive must coordinate the review among the
25	departments, boards, or other entities before issuing a
26	determination.
27	(4) A municipality or county executive may charge only one
28	(1) fee for compensation under subsection (b), regardless of
29	the number of departments, boards, or other entities that
30	must review the request or application.
31	(5) A municipality or county executive must issue a
32	determination regarding an application or request for
33	occupation of the right-of-way not later than:
34	(A) twenty-one (21) days after the date of the application
35	or request; or
36	(B) twenty-eight (28) days after the date of the application
37	or request if the municipality or county executive provides
38	written notice to the applicant of the extension and the
39	reason for the extension.
10	The municipality's or county executive's determination under
11	this subdivision must include confirmation that the requested

occupation is within the public right-of-way of the



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municipality or county. If a municipality or county executive
fails to issue a determination regarding an application or
request for occupation of the right-of-way in the time
required under clause (A) or clause (B), as applicable, the
application or request is considered approved. However, if the
applicant requires additional time to cure defects in the
applicant's application or request, or if the review of the
application or request by the municipality or county executive
is otherwise delayed by the applicant, the time period
described in clause (A) or clause (B) within which the
municipality or county executive must issue a determination
is extended for a corresponding amount of time.
(6) Municipalities and county executives shall, to the extent

- (6) Municipalities and county executives shall, to the extent practicable, establish notice, request, and application procedures and forms that are uniform, reasonable, and brief. To the extent such procedures and forms are prescribed by law or regulation, or by an entity formed to represent the interests of Indiana municipalities or counties, municipalities and counties shall use such procedures and forms as prescribed. A municipality or county executive must electronically receive and process notices, requests, and applications for public utilities' and departments of public utilities' occupation of the right-of-way.
- (7) Municipalities and county executives shall, to the extent practicable, work collaboratively with utilities to ensure that the public right-of-way is returned to its original condition within a reasonable amount of time.
- (d) This section may not be construed to entitle a municipality or county executive the right to advance notification and review of work by a public utility or department of public utilities:
 - (1) that is performed on existing equipment or facilities located within the public right-of-way; and
 - (2) that:

- (A) does not require ground disturbance activities;
- (B) does not affect traffic flow; or
- (C) is required due to a bona fide emergency that threatens injury to persons, loss of property, or loss or disturbance of utility service.

For purposes of this subsection, "ground disturbance activities" means any work, operation, or activity that results in a disturbance of the earth, including excavating, digging, trenching, cultivating, drilling, tunneling, boring, backfilling, blasting, topsoil stripping,



clearing, or grading. The term does not include maintenance or
other minor work, such as checking or inspecting handholes,
manholes, or other facilities.
(d) (e) Nothing in this section may be construed to:
(1) affect franchise agreements between a cable company and a
municipality or county; or
(2) modify the service area rights of a utility under any other
law.
SECTION 5. IC 8-1-2.6-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.53-2014,
SECTION 76, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section, "committee" means
the interim study committee on energy, utilities, and
telecommunications established by IC 2-5-1.3-4.
(b) Subject to subsection (e), The commission shall, by July 1 of
each year, report to the committee in an electronic format under
IC 5-14-6 on the following:
(1) The effects of competition and technological change on
universal service and on pricing of all telecommunications
services offered in Indiana.
(2) The status of competition and technological change in the
provision of video service (as defined in IC 8-1-34-14) available
to Indiana customers, as including the following information:
(A) The number of multichannel video programming
distributors offering video service to Indiana customers.
(B) The technologies used to provide video service to Indiana
customers.
(C) The advertised programming and pricing options offered
by video service providers to Indiana customers.
(3) Best practices concerning vertical location of underground
facilities for purposes of IC 8-1-26. A report under this
subdivision must address the viability and economic feasibility of
technologies used to vertically locate underground facilities.
(c) In addition to reviewing the commission report prepared under
subsection (b), the committee may also issue a report and
recommendations to the legislative council by November 1 of each year
that is based on a review of the following issues:
(1) The effects of competition and technological change in the
telecommunications industry and impact of competition on
available subsidies used to maintain universal service.
(2) The status of modernization of the publicly available
telecommunications infrastructure in Indiana and the incentives
required to further enhance this infrastructure.



(3) The effects on economic development and educational

2	opportunities of the modernization described in subdivision (2).
3	(4) The current methods of regulating providers, at both the
4	federal and state levels, and the effectiveness of the methods.
5	(5) The economic and social effectiveness of current
6	telecommunications service pricing.
7	(6) All other telecommunications issues the committee deems
8	appropriate.
9	The report and recommendations issued under this subsection to the
10	legislative council must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.
11	(d) The committee shall, with the approval of the commission, retain
12	the independent consultants the committee considers appropriate to
13	assist the committee in the review and study. The expenses for the
14	consultants shall be paid by the commission.
15	(e) If the commission requests a communications service provider
16	(as defined in section 13(b) of this chapter) to provide information for
17	the commission to use in preparing a report under this section, the
18	request must be limited to public information provided to the Federal
19	Communications Commission and may be required to be provided only
20	in the form in which it is provided to the Federal Communications
21	Commission. However, the commission may request any public
22	information from a communications service provider (as defined in
23	section 13(b) of this chapter) upon a request from the committee's
24	chairperson that specifically enumerates the public information sought.
25	SECTION 6. IC 8-1-2.6-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.73-2020,
26	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 13. (a) As used in this section, "communications
28	service" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-32.5-3.
29	(b) As used in this section, "communications service provider"
30	means a person or an entity that offers communications service to
31	customers in Indiana, without regard to the technology or medium used
32	by the person or entity to provide the communications service. The
33	term includes a provider of commercial mobile service (as defined in
34	47 U.S.C. 332).
35	(c) Notwithstanding sections 1.2, 1.4, and 1.5 of this chapter, the
36	commission may do the following, except as otherwise provided in this
37	subsection:
38	(1) Enforce the terms of a settlement agreement approved by the
39	commission before July 29, 2004. The commission's authority
40	under this subdivision continues for the duration of the settlement

(2) Fulfill the commission's duties under IC 8-1-2.8 concerning



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agreement.

1	the provision of dual party relay services to deaf, hard of hearing,
2	and speech impaired persons in Indiana.
2 3	(3) Fulfill the commission's responsibilities under IC 8-1-29 to
4	adopt and enforce rules to ensure that a customer of a
5	telecommunications provider is not:
6	(A) switched to another telecommunications provider unless
7	the customer authorizes the switch; or
8	(B) billed for services by a telecommunications provider that
9	without the customer's authorization added the services to the
10	customer's service order.
11	(4) Fulfill the commission's obligations under:
12	(A) the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 (47 U.S.C.
13	151 et seq.); and
14	(B) IC 20-20-16;
15	concerning universal service and access to telecommunications
16	service and equipment, including the designation of eligible
17	telecommunications carriers under 47 U.S.C. 214.
18	(5) Perform any of the functions described in section 1.5(b) of this
19	chapter.
20	(6) Perform the commission's responsibilities under IC 8-1-32.5
21	to:
22	(A) issue; and
23	(B) maintain records of;
24	certificates of territorial authority for communications service
25	providers offering communications service to customers in
26	Indiana.
27	(7) Perform the commission's responsibilities under IC 8-1-34
28	concerning the issuance of certificates of franchise authority to
29	multichannel video programming distributors offering video
30	service to Indiana customers.
31	(8) Subject to subsection (f), require a communications service
32	provider, other than a provider of commercial mobile service (as
33	defined in 47 U.S.C. 332), to report to the commission on an
34	annual basis, or more frequently at the option of the provider, and
35	subject to section 4(e) of this chapter, any information needed by
36	the commission to prepare the commission's report to the interim
37	study committee on energy, utilities, and telecommunications
38	under section 4 of this chapter.
39	(9) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-32.4 with
40	respect to telecommunications providers of last resort, to the
41	extent of the authority delegated to the commission under federal
42	law to perform those duties.



1	(10) Collect and maintain from a communications service
2	provider the following information:
3	(A) The address of the provider's Internet web site.
4	(B) All toll free telephone numbers and other customer service
5	telephone numbers maintained by the provider for receiving
6	customer inquiries and complaints.
7	(C) An address and other contact information for the provider,
8	including any telephone number not described in clause (B).
9	The commission shall make any information submitted by a
10	provider under this subdivision available on the commission's
11	Internet web site. The commission may also make available on the
12	commission's Internet web site contact information for the Federal
13	Communications Commission and the Cellular Telephone
14	Industry Association.
15	(11) Fulfill the commission's duties under any state or federal law
16	concerning the administration of any universally applicable
17	dialing code for any communications service.
18	(d) The commission does not have jurisdiction over any of the
19	following with respect to a communications service provider:
20	(1) Rates and charges for communications service provided by the
21	communications service provider, including the filing of
22	schedules or tariffs setting forth the provider's rates and charges.
23	(2) Depreciation schedules for any of the classes of property
24	owned by the communications service provider.
25	(3) Quality of service provided by the communications service
26	provider.
27	(4) Long term financing arrangements or other obligations of the
28	communications service provider.
29	(5) Except as provided in subsection (c), any other aspect
30	regulated by the commission under this title before July 1, 2009.
31	(e) The commission has jurisdiction over a communications service
32	provider only to the extent that jurisdiction is:
33	(1) expressly granted by state or federal law, including:
34	(A) a state or federal statute;
35	(B) a lawful order or regulation of the Federal
36	Communications Commission; or
37	(C) an order or a ruling of a state or federal court having
38	jurisdiction; or
39	(2) necessary to administer a federal law for which regulatory
40	responsibility has been delegated to the commission by federal
41	law.
42	(f) Except as specifically required under state or federal law, or



1	except as required to respond to consumer complaints or
2	information requests from the general assembly, the commission
3	may not require a communications service provider:
4	(1) to file a tariff; or
5	(2) except for purposes of a petition or request filed or
6	submitted to the commission by the communications service
7	provider, to report to the commission any information that is:
8	(A) available to the public on the communications service
9	provider's Internet web site;
10	(B) filed with the Federal Communications Commission; or
11	(C) otherwise available to the public in any form or at any
12	level of detail;
13	including the communications service provider's rates, terms
14	and conditions of service.
15	SECTION 7. IC 8-1-32.3-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.23-2018,
16	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 15. (a) This chapter applies to permits issued by
18	a permit authority to a communications service provider, under local
19	law and consistent with IC 36-7, for the following:
20	(1) Construction of a new wireless support structure.
21	(2) Substantial modification of a wireless support structure.
22	(3) Collocation of wireless facilities on an existing structure.
23	(4) Construction, placement, and use of small cell facilities.
24	(b) A permit authority may not require an application or a permit
25	for, or charge fees for, any of the following:
26 27	(1) The routine maintenance of wireless facilities.
27	(2) The replacement of wireless facilities with wireless facilities
28	that are:
29	(A) substantially similar to; or
30	(B) the same size or smaller than;
31	the wireless facilities being replaced.
32	(3) The installation, placement, maintenance, or replacement of
33	micro wireless facilities that are suspended on cables strung
34	between existing utility poles in compliance with applicable codes
35	by a communications service provider that is authorized to use the
36	public rights-of-way. For purposes of this subdivision, "applicable
37	codes" means uniform building, fire, electrical, plumbing, or
38	mechanical codes that are:
39	(A) adopted by a recognized national code organization; and
40	(B) enacted solely to address imminent threats of destruction
41	of property or injury to persons;
12	including any local amendments to those codes



1	(c) With respect to the construction, placement, or use of a small
2	cell facility and the associated supporting structure, a permit authority
3	may prohibit the placement of a new utility pole or a new wireless
4	support structure in a right-of-way within an area that is designated
5	strictly for underground or buried utilities, if all of the following apply:
6	(1) The area is designated strictly for underground or buried
7	utilities before May 1, 2017.
8	(2) No above ground:
9	(A) wireless support structure;
10	(B) utility pole; or
11	(C) other utility superstructure;
12	other than light poles, exists in the area.
13	(2) (3) The permit authority does all of the following:
14	(A) Allows the collocation of small cell facilities on existing:
15	(i) utility poles; and
16	(ii) light poles; and
17	(ii) (iii) wireless support structures;
18	as a permitted use within the area.
19	(B) Allows the replacement or improvement of existing:
20	(i) utility poles; and
21 22	(ii) light poles; and
22	(iii) wireless support structures;
23	as a permitted use within the area.
24	(C) Provides:
25	(i) a waiver;
26	(ii) a zoning process; or
27	(iii) another procedure;
28	that addresses requests to install new utility poles or new
29	wireless support structures within the area.
30	(D) Upon receipt of an application for the construction,
31	placement, or use of a small cell facility on one (1) or more
32	new utility poles or one (1) or more new wireless support
33	structures in an area that is designated strictly for underground
34	or buried utilities, posts notice of the application on the permit
35	authority's Internet web site, if the permit authority maintains
36	an Internet web site. The notice of the application required by
37	this clause must include a statement indicating that the
38	application is available to the public upon request.
39	(3) (4) The prohibition or other restrictions with respect to the
40	placement of new utility poles or new wireless support structures
41	within the area are applied in a nondiscriminatory manner.
42	(4) (5) The area is zoned strictly for residential land use before



May 1, 2017.

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- (d) With respect to applications for the placement of one (1) or more small cell facilities in an area that is zoned strictly for residential land use, and that is designated strictly for underground or buried utilities, a permit authority shall allow a neighborhood association or a homeowners association to register with the permit authority to:
 - (1) receive notice; and
 - (2) request that homeowners within the jurisdiction of the neighborhood association or homeowners association receive notice;

by United States mail of any application filed with the permit authority for the construction, placement, or use of a small cell facility on one (1) or more new utility poles or one (1) or more new wireless support structures in an area that is designated strictly for underground or buried utilities and that is within the jurisdiction of the neighborhood association or homeowners association. If the permit authority maintains an Internet web site, the permit authority shall post on the permit authority's Internet web site instructions for how a neighborhood association or homeowners association may register to receive notice under this subsection. A permit authority that receives a request under subdivision (2) may agree to provide notice to homeowners regarding a project for which applications described in this subsection have been filed with the permit authority, but not provide notice to homeowners regarding each permit application filed with the permit authority with respect to the project. A permit authority that receives a request under subdivision (2) may agree to provide notice only to certain homeowners. A permit authority may require a neighborhood association, homeowners association, or homeowner to pay the cost of postage associated with the provision of notice to the neighborhood association, homeowners association, or homeowner under this subsection. A permit authority that provides notice under this subsection at its own cost may not pass those costs along to a permit applicant. To the extent technically feasible, a permit authority shall collaborate with a neighborhood association or homeowners association on the location and aesthetics of new utility poles added within the jurisdiction of the neighborhood association or homeowners association.

(e) Subject to section 26(b) of this chapter, with respect to the construction, placement, or use of a small cell facility and the associated supporting structure within an area:



1	(1) designated as a historic preservation district under IC 36-7-11;
2	(2) designated as a historic preservation area under IC 36-7-11.1;
3	or
4	(3) that is subject to the jurisdiction of the Meridian Street
5	preservation commission under IC 36-7-11.2;
6	a permit authority may apply any generally applicable procedures that
7	require applicants to obtain a certificate of appropriateness.
8	(f) An applicant for the placement of a small cell facility and an
9	associated supporting structure shall comply with applicable:
10	(1) Federal Communications Commission requirements; and
11	(2) industry standards;
12	for identifying the owner's name and contact information.
13	(g) A resolution, ordinance, or other regulation:
14	(1) adopted by a permit authority after April 14, 2017, and before
15	May 2, 2017; and
16	(2) that designates an area within the jurisdiction of the permit
17	authority as strictly for underground or buried utilities;
18	applies only to communications service providers and those geographic
19	areas that are zoned residential and where all existing utility
20	infrastructure is already buried.
21	SECTION 8. IC 8-1-32.3-17, AS ADDED BY P.L.145-2015,
22	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 17. (a) A permit authority may not discriminate
24	among communications service providers or public utilities with
25	respect to the following:
26	(1) Approving applications, issuing permits, or otherwise
27	establishing terms and conditions for construction of wireless or
28	wireline communications facilities.
29	(2) Authorizing or approving tax incentives for wireless or
30	wireline communications facilities.
31	(3) Providing access to rights-of-way, infrastructure, utility poles,
32	river and bridge crossings, and other physical assets owned or
33	controlled by the permit authority.
34	(b) A permit authority may not impose a fall zone requirement that:
35	(1) applies to a wireless support structure; and
36	(2) is larger than the area within which the wireless support
37	structure is designed to collapse, as set forth in the applicant's
38	engineering certification for the wireless support structure.
39	However, a permit authority may impose a fall zone requirement that
40	is larger than the area described in subdivision (2) if the permit
41	authority provides evidence that the applicant's engineering

certification is flawed. The permit authority's evidence must include a



1	study performed and certified by a professional engineer.
2	(c) Except as described in section 26(a) of this chapter with
3	respect to small cell facilities, and subject to the restrictions under
4	14 CFR Part 77, 47 CFR Part 17, and IC 8-21-10, a permit
5	authority may not impose:
6	(1) a restriction on the maximum height of a wireless support
7	structure; or
8	(2) a requirement regarding minimum separation distances
9	between wireless support structures.
10	SECTION 9. IC 8-1-32.5-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.27-2006,
11	SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 11. (a) The commission may not require a
13	communications service provider to file a tariff in connection with, or
14	as a condition of receiving, a certificate of territorial authority under
15	this chapter.
16	(b) This subsection does not apply to a provider of commercial
17	mobile service (as defined in 47 U.S.C. 332). The commission may
18	require, in connection with the issuance of a certificate under this
19	chapter, the communications service provider to provide advance
20	notice to the provider's Indiana customers if the provider will do any of
21	the following:
22	(1) Increase the rates and charges for any communications service
23	that the provider offers in any of the provider's service areas in
24	Indiana.
25	(2) Offer new communications service in any of the provider's
26	service areas in Indiana.
27	(3) Cease to offer any communications service that the provider
28	offers in any of the provider's service areas in Indiana.
29	The commission shall prescribe any customer notification requirements
30	under this subsection in a rule of general application adopted under
31	IC 4-22-2.
32	(c) A tariff filed with the commission by a communications
33	service provider is effective upon filing.
34	SECTION 10. IC 8-1-32.5-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.189-2019,
35	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 14. A communications service provider that holds
37	a certificate issued under this chapter:
38	(1) is exempt from local franchises and related fees to the same
39	extent as a communications service provider that holds a
40	certificate of territorial authority or an indeterminate permit
41	issued under IC 8-1-2 before July 1, 2009;

(2) may access public rights-of-way to the same extent as a public



1	utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1(a)): other than
2	(A) including a public right-of-way under the control of a
3	county or municipality as provided in IC 8-1-2-101; but
4	(B) not including rights-of-way, property, or projects that are
5	the subject of a public-private agreement under IC 8-15.5 or
6	IC 8-15.7 or communications systems infrastructure, including
7	all infrastructure used for wireless communications, owned by
8	or under the jurisdiction of the Indiana finance authority or the
9	state or any of its agencies, departments, boards, commissions,
10	authorities, or instrumentalities; and
11	(3) shall be designated as a public utility solely as that term is
12	used in 23 CFR 710.403(e)(2).
13	SECTION 11. IC 8-1-34-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.53-2014,
14	SECTION 81, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 16. (a) Except as provided in section 21 of this
16	chapter, after June 30, 2006:
17	(1) the commission is the sole franchising authority (as defined in
18	47 U.S.C. 522(10)) for the provision of video service in Indiana;
19	and
20	(2) a unit may not:
21	(A) require a provider to obtain a separate franchise;
22	(B) impose any fee, gross receipt tax, licensing requirement,
23	rate regulation, or build-out requirement on a provider;
24	(C) regulate a holder or provider; or
25	(D) establish, fund, or otherwise designate an agency, a board,
26	or another subordinate entity to monitor, supervise, evaluate,
27	or regulate the holder or provider;
28	except as authorized by this chapter.
29	(b) Except as provided in section 21 of this chapter, a person who
30	seeks to provide video service in Indiana after June 30, 2006, shall file
31	with the commission an application for a franchise. The application
32	shall be made on a form prescribed by the commission and must
33	include the following:
34	(1) A sworn affidavit, signed by an officer or another person
35	authorized to bind the applicant, that affirms the following:
36	(A) That the applicant has filed or will timely file with the
37	Federal Communications Commission all forms required by
38	the Federal Communications Commission before offering
39	video service in Indiana.
40	(B) That the applicant agrees to comply with all federal and
41	state statutes, rules, and regulations applicable to the operation
42	of the applicant's video service system.



1	(C) That the applicant agrees to:
2	(i) comply with any local ordinance or regulation governing
3	the use of public rights-of-way in the delivery of video
4	service; and
5	(ii) recognize the police powers of a unit to enforce the
6	ordinance or regulation.
7	(D) If the applicant will terminate an existing local franchise
8	under section 21 of this chapter, that the applicant agrees to
9	perform any obligations owed to any private person, as
10	required by section 22 of this chapter.
11	(2) The applicant's legal name and any name under which the
12	applicant does or will do business in Indiana, as authorized by the
13	secretary of state.
14	(3) The address and telephone number of the applicant's principal
15	place of business, along with contact information for the person
16	responsible for ongoing communications with the commission.
17	(4) The names and titles of the applicant's principal officers.
18	(5) The legal name, address, and telephone number of the
19	applicant's parent company, if any.
20	(6) A description of each service area in Indiana to be served by
21	the applicant. A service area described under this subdivision may
22	include an unincorporated area in Indiana.
23	(7) The expected date for the deployment of video service in each
24	of the areas identified in subdivision (6).
25	(8) A list of other states in which the applicant provides video
26	service.
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28	(9) If the applicant will terminate an existing local franchise under
	section 21(b) of this chapter, a copy of the written notice sent to
29	the municipality under section 21(c) of this chapter.
30	(10) Any other information the commission considers necessary
31	to:
32	(A) monitor the provision of video service to Indiana
33	customers; and
34	(B) prepare, under IC 8-1-2.6-4, the commission's annual
35	report to the interim study committee on energy, utilities, and
36	telecommunications established by IC 2-5-1.3-4 in an
37	electronic format under IC 5-14-6.
38	(c) This section does not empower the commission to require:
39	(1) an applicant to disclose confidential and proprietary business
40	plans and other confidential information without adequate
41	protection of the information; or
42	(2) a provider to disclose more frequently than in each odd



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41 42 numbered year information regarding the areas in which an applicant has deployed, or plans to deploy, video services.

The commission shall exercise all necessary caution to avoid disclosure of confidential information supplied under this section.

- (d) The commission may charge a fee for filing an application under this section. Any fee charged by the commission under this subsection may not exceed the commission's actual costs to process and review the application under section 17 of this chapter.
- (e) Nothing in this title may be construed to require an applicant or a provider to disclose information that identifies by census block, street address, or other similar level of specificity the areas in which the applicant or provider has deployed, or plans to deploy, video service in Indiana. The commission may not disclose, publish, or report by census block, street address, or other similar level of specificity any information identifying the areas in Indiana in which an applicant or a provider has deployed, or plans to deploy, video service.
- (f) Nothing in this title may be construed to require an applicant or provider to provide the commission with information describing the applicant's or provider's programming, including the applicant's or provider's channel lineups or channel guides.

SECTION 12. IC 8-20-1-28 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 28. Public and municipally owned utilities are authorized to construct, operate, and maintain their poles, facilities, appliances, and fixtures upon, along, under, and across any of the public roads, highways, and waters outside of municipalities, as long as they do not interfere with the ordinary and normal public use of the roadway, as defined in IC 9-13-2-157. However, the utility shall review its plans with the county executive before locating the pole, facility, appliance, or fixture, and the county executive shall comply with IC 8-1-2-101. The utility may trim any tree along the road or highway, but may not cut down and remove the tree without the consent of the abutting property owners, unless the cutting or removal is required by rule or order of the Indiana utility regulatory commission. The utility may not locate a pole where it interferes with the ingress or egress from adjoining land.

SECTION 13. IC 22-5-1.7-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.28-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this chapter, "public contract for services" means any type of written agreement between a state agency or political subdivision and a contractor for the procurement of services.

(b) The term does not include a contract for the lease of



1	property owned by the state under which no state expenditures are
2	required.
3	SECTION 14. IC 36-1-11-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.270-2019,
4	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this
6	chapter applies to the disposal of property by:
7	(1) political subdivisions; and
8	(2) agencies of political subdivisions.
9	(b) This chapter does not apply to the following:
10	(1) The disposal of property under an urban homesteading
11	program under IC 36-7-17 or IC 36-7-17.1.
12	(2) The lease of school buildings under IC 20-47.
13	(3) The sale of land to a lessor in a lease-purchase contract under
14	IC 36-1-10.
15	(4) The disposal of property by a redevelopment commission
16	established under IC 36-7.
17	(5) The leasing of property by a board of aviation commissioners
18	established under IC 8-22-2 or an airport authority established
19	under IC 8-22-3.
20	(6) The disposal of a municipally owned utility under IC 8-1.5.
21	(7) Except as provided in sections 5.5 and 5.6 of this chapter, the
22	sale or lease of property by a unit to an Indiana nonprofit
23	corporation organized for educational, literary, scientific,
24	religious, or charitable purposes that is exempt from federal
25	income taxation under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code
26	or the sale or reletting of that property by the nonprofit
27	corporation.
28	(8) The disposal of surplus property by a hospital established and
29	operated under IC 16-22-1 through IC 16-22-5, IC 16-22-8,
30	IC 16-23-1, or IC 16-24-1.
31	(9) The sale or lease of property acquired under IC 36-7-13 for
32	industrial development.
33	(10) The sale, lease, or disposal of property by a local hospital
34	authority under IC 5-1-4.
35	(11) The sale or other disposition of property by a county or
36	municipality to finance housing under IC 5-20-2.
37	(12) The disposition of property by a soil and water conservation
38	district under IC 14-32.
39	(13) The sale, lease, or disposal of property by the health and
40	hospital corporation established and operated under IC 16-22-8.
41	(14) The disposal of personal property by a library board under
42	IC 36-12-3-5(c).



1	(15) The sale or disposal of property by the historic preservation
2	commission under IC 36-7-11.1.
2 3	(16) The disposal of an interest in property by a housing authority
4	under IC 36-7-18.
5	(17) The disposal of property under IC 36-9-37-26.
6	(18) The disposal of property used for park purposes under
7	IC 36-10-7-8.
8	(19) The disposal of curricular materials that will no longer be
9	used by school corporations under IC 20-26-12.
10	(20) The disposal of residential structures or improvements by a
11	municipal corporation without consideration to:
12	(A) a governmental entity; or
13	(B) a nonprofit corporation that is organized to expand the
14	supply or sustain the existing supply of good quality,
15	affordable housing for residents of Indiana having low or
16	moderate incomes.
17	(21) The disposal of historic property without consideration to a
18	nonprofit corporation whose charter or articles of incorporation
19	allows the corporation to take action for the preservation of
20	historic property. As used in this subdivision, "historic property"
21	means property that is:
22	(A) listed on the National Register of Historic Places; or
23	(B) eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic
24	Places, as determined by the division of historic preservation
25	and archeology of the department of natural resources.
26	(22) The disposal of real property without consideration to:
27	(A) a governmental agency; or
28	(B) a nonprofit corporation that exists for the primary purpose
29	of enhancing the environment;
30	when the property is to be used for compliance with a permit or
31	an order issued by a federal or state regulatory agency to mitigate
32	an adverse environmental impact.
33	(23) The disposal of property to a person under an agreement
34	between the person and a political subdivision or an agency of a
35	political subdivision under IC 5-23.
36	(24) The disposal of residential real property pursuant to a federal
37	aviation regulation (14 CFR 150) Airport Noise Compatibility
38	Planning Program as approved by the Federal Aviation
39	Administration.
40	(25) The disposal of property by a political subdivision to a
41	public utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1) or to a
42	communications service provider (as defined in



1	IC 8-1-32.5-4).
2	SECTION 15. IC 36-1-12-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.91-2017,
3	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in this section, this
5	chapter applies to all public work performed or contracted for by:
6	(1) political subdivisions; and
7	(2) their agencies;
8	regardless of whether it is performed on property owned or leased by
9	the political subdivision or agency.
10	(b) This chapter does not apply to an officer or agent who, on behalf
11	of a municipal utility or a conservancy district described in
12	IC 14-33-1-1(a)(4) or IC 14-33-1-1(a)(5), maintains, extends, and
13	installs services of the utility or district if the necessary work is done
14	by the employees of the utility or district.
15	(c) This chapter does not apply to hospitals organized or operated
16	under IC 16-22-1 through IC 16-22-5 or IC 16-23-1, unless the public
17	work is financed in whole or in part with cumulative building fund
18	revenue.
19	(d) This chapter does not apply to tax exempt Indiana nonprofit
20	corporations leasing and operating a city market owned by a political
21	subdivision.
22	(e) As an alternative to this chapter, the governing body of a
23	political subdivision or its agencies may do the following:
24	(1) Enter into a design-build contract as permitted under IC 5-30.
25	(2) Participate in a utility efficiency program or enter into a
26	guaranteed savings contract as permitted under IC 36-1-12.5.
27	(f) This chapter does not apply to a person that has entered into an
28	operating agreement with a political subdivision or an agency of a
29	political subdivision under IC 5-23.
30	(g) This chapter does not apply to the extension or installation of
31	utility infrastructure by a private developer of land if all the following
32	apply:
33	(1) A municipality will acquire for the municipality's municipally
34	owned utility all of the utility infrastructure that is to be extended
35	or installed.
36	(2) Not more than fifty percent (50%) of the total construction
37	costs for the utility infrastructure to be extended or installed,
38	including any increased costs that result from any construction
39	specifications that:
40	(A) are required by the municipality; and
41	(B) specify a greater service capacity for the utility
42	infrastructure than would otherwise be provided for by the



1	private developer;
2	will be paid for out of a public fund or out of a special
3	assessment.
4	(3) The private developer agrees to comply with all local
5	ordinances and engineering standards applicable to the
6	construction, extension, or installation of the utility infrastructure.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications, to which was referred House Bill 1164, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, delete lines 32 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 5.5. (a) Every:**

- (1) corporation organized under IC 8-1-13;
- (2) corporation organized under IC 23-17 that is an electric cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that is a corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; and
- (3) municipality providing electric service; shall permit attachments by communications service providers to poles owned or controlled by the corporation or municipality.
- (b) A rate, term, or condition imposed by a corporation or municipality described in subsection (a) for access to poles owned or controlled by the corporation or municipality:
 - (1) must be nondiscriminatory, just, and reasonable; and
 - (2) must not favor the pole owner or an affiliate of the pole owner.
- (c) Any pole attachment rental fee imposed by a corporation or municipality described in subsection (a) for access to poles owned or controlled by the corporation or municipality:
 - (1) must be calculated on an annual, per-pole basis; and
 - (2) is considered to provide reasonable compensation and to be nondiscriminatory, just, and reasonable if the fee:
 - (A) is agreed upon by the parties; or
 - (B) is not greater than the fee that would apply if the pole attachment rental fee were calculated in accordance with the formula set forth in 47 U.S.C. 224(d), as applied by the Federal Communications Commission.
- (d) If a communications service provider and a corporation or municipality described in subsection (a) fail to agree upon:
 - (1) access to poles owned or controlled by the corporation or municipality; or
- (2) the rates, terms, and conditions for attachment to poles owned or controlled by the corporation or municipality; the communications service provider may apply to the commission



for a determination of the matter.

- (e) Upon receiving a request for a determination under subsection (d), the commission shall:
 - (1) proceed to determine whether:
 - (A) the denial of access to one (1) or more poles was unlawful; or
 - (B) the rates, terms, and conditions complained of were not just and reasonable;
 - as applicable; and
 - (2) issue an order:
 - (A) directing that access to the poles at issue be permitted; and
 - (B) prescribing for such access such rates, terms, conditions, and compensations that:
 - (i) are reasonable; and
 - (ii) comply with subsections (b) and (c).
- (f) In any case in which the commission issues an order under subsection (e):
 - (1) the access ordered by the commission under subsection (e)(2)(A) shall be permitted by the corporation or municipality; and
 - (2) the rates, terms, conditions, and compensations prescribed by the commission under subsection (e)(2)(B) shall be observed, followed, and paid by the parties, as applicable;

subject to recourse to the courts upon the complaint of any interested party as provided in this chapter and in IC 8-1-3. Any order of the commission under subsection (e) may be revised by the commission from time to time upon application of any interested party or upon the commission's own motion.

SECTION 4. IC 8-1-2-101 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 101. (a) Every municipal council or county executive shall have power:

(1) To determine by ordinance the provisions, not inconsistent with **subsection** (c), other provisions of this chapter, or IC 8-1-11.1, upon which a public utility or department of public utilities created under IC 8-1-11.1 occupies the areas along, under, upon, and across the streets, highways, or other public property within such municipality or county. and Such an ordinance or other determination of such a municipality or county executive shall be in force and prima facie reasonable if the ordinance or determination complies with subsection (c). Upon complaint made by such public utility or department of



public utilities, or by any qualified complainant, as provided in section 54 of this chapter, the commission shall set a hearing, as provided in sections 54 to 67 of this chapter, and if it shall find such ordinance or other determination to be unreasonable, such ordinance or other determination shall be void.

- (2) To require of any public utility, by ordinance, such additions and extensions to its physical plant within said municipality or county as shall be reasonable and necessary in the interest of the public, and to **reasonably** designate the location and nature of all such additions and extensions, the time within which they must be completed, and all conditions under which they must be constructed, subject to review by the commission as provided in subdivision (1).
- (3) To provide for a penalty for noncompliance with the provisions of any ordinance or resolution adopted pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- (4) The power and authority granted in this section shall exist and be vested in said municipalities or county executives, anything in this chapter to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided, however, whenever, after that if a public utility or department of public utilities makes a request by petition in writing of any public utility, department of public utilities, and completes any required permit application, and the city or other political subdivision or other body having jurisdiction of the matter shall refuse or fail, refuses or fails, for a period of thirty (30) twenty-one (21) days or twenty-eight (28) days, as applicable under subsection (c)(5), to give or grant to such public utility or department of public utilities permission and authority to construct, maintain, and operate any additional construction, equipment or facility within the public right-of-way as is reasonably necessary for the transaction of the business of such public utility or department of public utilities and for the public convenience or interest, then such public utility or department of public utilities may file a petition with said commission for such right and permission. which The petition shall must state, with particularity, the construction, equipment or other facility desired to be constructed and operated, and show a reasonable public necessity therefor, and also state the failure or refusal of such city, political subdivision, or other body to give or grant such right or permission. and **Upon receipt of the petition,** the commission shall thereupon give notice of the pendency of such petition, together with a copy thereof, to such city or other political subdivision or body, and of the time and place of hearing of the matter set forth in such petition. and such The



commission shall have power to hear and determine such matters and to give or grant such right and permission and to impose such conditions in relation thereto as the necessity of such public utility or department of public utilities and the public convenience and interest may reasonably require, subject to subsection (c). Provided, further, that when the construction, installation, maintenance, repair, relocation, or operation by a public utility or department of public utilities of any of its construction, equipment, or facility located facilities is requested to be performed within the corporate limits of two (2) or more adjoining cities political subdivisions and is reasonably necessary for the public convenience or interest, and any or either of said cities fail or refuse political subdivisions fails or refuses to give or grant to such public utility or department of public utilities permission and authority to relocate such construction, equipment, or facility, perform the requested work, the public utility, the department of public utilities, or any municipality which political subdivision that has given or granted to such public utility or department of public utilities permission and authority to relocate such construction, equipment, and facility, the public utility or department of public utilities perform the work may file a petition with said commission for such right and permission. to which petition the city or cities failing or The political subdivision failing or refusing to give or grant the same right and permission shall be made a respondent to the **petition,** and such public utility or department of public utilities, if not the petitioner, shall also be made a respondent. and said The commission shall have power to hear and determine such matter, and to give or grant such right and permission, and to impose such conditions in relation thereto as the public convenience and interest may reasonably require, and subject to subsection (c). If said commission shall give or grant such right and permission, no further public authority is required for the public utility or department of public utilities to make such relocation perform the work as authorized or to go on any street, alley, road, or highway in said city or cities political subdivision necessary to be used therefor. shall be required of said public utility or department of public utilities. All orders entered before June 30, 1931, by the commission in cases within the provisions of this section are hereby declared legal and valid.

(b) Subject to the commission's authority under subsection (a)(1) with respect to an unreasonable ordinance or other determination that is unreasonable or does not comply with subsection (c), the municipality or county executive may operate and maintain the streets, highways, and other public property in the municipality or county for



the safety of the traveling public, and a municipality or county executive may manage the public right-of-way or require by ordinance fair and reasonable compensation on a competitively neutral and nondiscriminatory basis for occupation of the public right-of-way, on a nondiscriminatory basis, including occupation by the municipality or county executive, if the compensation required is publicly disclosed by the municipality or county executive. Fair and reasonable compensation may not exceed the municipality's or county executive's direct, actual, documented, and reasonably incurred costs of managing the public right-of-way that are directly caused by the public utility's or department of public utilities' occupancy. The management costs, which the municipality or county executive shall assign individually to the public utility or department of public utilities creating the management costs, must be limited to the direct, actual, documented, and reasonably incurred costs a municipality or county incurs in managing the public right-of-way. As used in this section, the term "management costs" includes but is not limited to the costs to the municipality or county of the following:

- (1) Registering occupants. Reviewing written requests or applications for occupation.
- (2) Verifying public right-of-way that the requested occupation is within the public right-of-way.
- (3) Updating municipal or county records to reflect the occupation.
- (3) (4) Inspecting job sites and restoration projects.
- (4) (5) Restoring Performing restoration work inadequately performed after providing notice and the opportunity to correct the work.
- (5) (6) Administering a reasonable restoration ordinance that ensures that a public utility or department of public utilities adequately restores the right-of-way as near as is reasonably possible to the right-of-way's original condition.
- (6) (7) Management costs associated with the implementation of an ordinance adopted under this section.

However, as used in this section, direct, actual, **documented**, and reasonably incurred management costs do not include rents, franchise fees, or any other payment by a public utility or department of public utilities for occupation of the public right-of-way, **or any costs incurred by the municipality or county that are not directly associated with the public utility's or department of public utilities' occupation of the public right-of-way. As used in this section, the term "public right-of-way" does not include the airwaves above the**



streets, highways, or other public property within the municipality or county as those airwaves are used for cellular or other nonwire telecommunications or broadcast service.

- (c) A municipality or county executive may not unreasonably delay a public utility's or department of public utilities' access to or use of a street, highway, or other public property within the municipality or county. However, subsection (a)(1) and this subsection do not limit a municipality or county executive's right to advance notification of and review of a public utility's or department of public utilities' occupation of a street, highway, or other public property within the municipality or county to ensure and protect the safety of the public, **subject to the following:**
 - (1) A municipality or county executive may require a utility that is not subject to the commission's jurisdiction to carry liability insurance covering the work to be performed or the occupation of the public right-of-way in an amount not greater than the cost of returning the public right-of-way to a condition equivalent to the public right-of-way's condition before the performance of the work. However, the municipality or county executive may not require such a utility to provide proof of liability insurance more than once in a calendar year, or in a calendar year in which the utility does not apply for a permit from the municipality or county executive under this section.
 - (2) A municipality or county executive may not require a public utility or department of public utilities to submit more than one (1) drawing or site plan showing:
 - (A) the location of the facilities or equipment to be installed, maintained, or operated;
 - (B) the size of and materials comprising the facilities or equipment to be installed;
 - (C) the length of the installation; and
 - (D) the number of road cuts, road bores, or bridge or other structural attachments required for the installation, maintenance, or operation of the equipment or facilities.
 - (3) A municipality or county executive may not require a public utility or department of public utilities to submit more than one (1) notice, request, or application packet for the work to be performed or the occupation of the public right-of-way. If the notice, request, or application requires the review of more than one (1) department, board, or other entity within the municipality or county, the municipality or



county executive must coordinate the review among the departments, boards, or other entities before issuing a determination.

- (4) A municipality or county executive may charge only one (1) fee for compensation under subsection (b), regardless of the number of departments, boards, or other entities that must review the request or application.
- (5) A municipality or county executive must issue a determination regarding an application or request for occupation of the right-of-way not later than:
 - (A) twenty-one (21) days after the date of the application or request; or
 - (B) twenty-eight (28) days after the date of the application or request if the municipality or county executive provides written notice to the applicant of the extension and the reason for the extension.

The municipality's or county executive's determination under this subdivision must include confirmation that the requested occupation is within the public right-of-way of the municipality or county. If a municipality or county executive fails to issue a determination regarding an application or request for occupation of the right-of-way in the time required under clause (A) or clause (B), as applicable, the application or request is considered approved. However, if the applicant requires additional time to cure defects in the applicant's application or request, or if the review of the application or request by the municipality or county executive is otherwise delayed by the applicant, the time period described in clause (A) or clause (B) within which the municipality or county executive must issue a determination is extended for a corresponding amount of time.

(6) Municipalities and county executives shall, to the extent practicable, establish notice, request, and application procedures and forms that are uniform, reasonable, and brief. To the extent such procedures and forms are prescribed by law or regulation, or by an entity formed to represent the interests of Indiana municipalities or counties, municipalities and counties shall use such procedures and forms as prescribed. A municipality or county executive must electronically receive and process notices, requests, and applications for public utilities' and departments of public utilities' occupation of the right-of-way.



- (7) Municipalities and county executives shall, to the extent practicable, work collaboratively with utilities to ensure that the public right-of-way is returned to its original condition within a reasonable amount of time.
- (d) This section may not be construed to entitle a municipality or county executive the right to advance notification and review of work by a public utility or department of public utilities:
 - (1) that is performed on existing equipment or facilities located within the public right-of-way; and
 - (2) that:
 - (A) does not require ground disturbance activities;
 - (B) does not affect traffic flow; or
 - (C) is required due to a bona fide emergency that threatens injury to persons, loss of property, or loss or disturbance of utility service.

For purposes of this subsection, "ground disturbance activities" means any work, operation, or activity that results in a disturbance of the earth, including excavating, digging, trenching, cultivating, drilling, tunneling, boring, backfilling, blasting, topsoil stripping, clearing, or grading. The term does not include maintenance or other minor work, such as checking or inspecting handholes, manholes, or other facilities.

- (d) (e) Nothing in this section may be construed to:
 - (1) affect franchise agreements between a cable company and a municipality or county; **or**
 - (2) modify the service area rights of a utility under any other law.".

Delete pages 4 through 11.

Page 12, delete lines 1 through 24.

Page 16, line 16, delete "The" and insert "Except as specifically required under state or federal law, or except as required to respond to consumer complaints or information requests from the general assembly, the".

Page 16, line 19, delete "the communications service" and insert "a petition or request filed or submitted to the commission by the communications service provider,".

Page 16, delete line 20.

Page 16, line 21, delete "under IC 8-1-32.5,".

Page 16, line 29, delete "service, and service availability and maps of" and insert "**service**."

Page 16, delete line 30.

Page 16, delete lines 31 through 42, begin a new paragraph and



insert:

"SECTION 7. IC 8-1-32.3-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.23-2018, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 15. (a) This chapter applies to permits issued by a permit authority to a communications service provider, under local law and consistent with IC 36-7, for the following:

- (1) Construction of a new wireless support structure.
- (2) Substantial modification of a wireless support structure.
- (3) Collocation of wireless facilities on an existing structure.
- (4) Construction, placement, and use of small cell facilities.
- (b) A permit authority may not require an application or a permit for, or charge fees for, any of the following:
 - (1) The routine maintenance of wireless facilities.
 - (2) The replacement of wireless facilities with wireless facilities that are:
 - (A) substantially similar to; or
 - (B) the same size or smaller than; the wireless facilities being replaced.
 - (3) The installation, placement, maintenance, or replacement of micro wireless facilities that are suspended on cables strung between existing utility poles in compliance with applicable codes by a communications service provider that is authorized to use the public rights-of-way. For purposes of this subdivision, "applicable codes" means uniform building, fire, electrical, plumbing, or mechanical codes that are:
 - (A) adopted by a recognized national code organization; and
 - (B) enacted solely to address imminent threats of destruction of property or injury to persons;

including any local amendments to those codes.

- (c) With respect to the construction, placement, or use of a small cell facility and the associated supporting structure, a permit authority may prohibit the placement of a new utility pole or a new wireless support structure in a right-of-way within an area that is designated strictly for underground or buried utilities, if all of the following apply:
 - (1) The area is designated strictly for underground or buried utilities before May 1, 2017.
 - (2) No above ground:
 - (A) wireless support structure;
 - (B) utility pole; or
 - (C) other utility superstructure;

other than light poles, exists in the area.

(2) (3) The permit authority does all of the following:



- (A) Allows the collocation of small cell facilities on existing:
 - (i) utility poles; and
 - (ii) light poles; and
 - (iii) wireless support structures;

as a permitted use within the area.

- (B) Allows the replacement or improvement of existing:
 - (i) utility poles; and
 - (ii) light poles; and
 - (ii) (iii) wireless support structures;

as a permitted use within the area.

- (C) Provides:
 - (i) a waiver;
 - (ii) a zoning process; or
 - (iii) another procedure;

that addresses requests to install new utility poles or new wireless support structures within the area.

- (D) Upon receipt of an application for the construction, placement, or use of a small cell facility on one (1) or more new utility poles or one (1) or more new wireless support structures in an area that is designated strictly for underground or buried utilities, posts notice of the application on the permit authority's Internet web site, if the permit authority maintains an Internet web site. The notice of the application required by this clause must include a statement indicating that the application is available to the public upon request.
- (3) (4) The prohibition or other restrictions with respect to the placement of new utility poles or new wireless support structures within the area are applied in a nondiscriminatory manner.
- (4) (5) The area is zoned strictly for residential land use before May 1, 2017.
- (d) With respect to applications for the placement of one (1) or more small cell facilities in an area that is zoned strictly for residential land use, and that is designated strictly for underground or buried utilities, a permit authority shall allow a neighborhood association or a homeowners association to register with the permit authority to:
 - (1) receive notice; and
 - (2) request that homeowners within the jurisdiction of the neighborhood association or homeowners association receive notice;

by United States mail of any application filed with the permit authority for the construction, placement, or use of a small cell facility on one (1)



or more new utility poles or one (1) or more new wireless support structures in an area that is designated strictly for underground or buried utilities and that is within the jurisdiction of the neighborhood association or homeowners association. If the permit authority maintains an Internet web site, the permit authority shall post on the permit authority's Internet web site instructions for how a neighborhood association or homeowners association may register to receive notice under this subsection. A permit authority that receives a request under subdivision (2) may agree to provide notice to homeowners regarding a project for which applications described in this subsection have been filed with the permit authority, but not provide notice to homeowners regarding each permit application filed with the permit authority with respect to the project. A permit authority that receives a request under subdivision (2) may agree to provide notice only to certain homeowners. A permit authority may require a neighborhood association, homeowners association, or homeowner to pay the cost of postage associated with the provision of notice to the neighborhood association, homeowners association, or homeowner under this subsection. A permit authority that provides notice under this subsection at its own cost may not pass those costs along to a permit applicant. To the extent technically feasible, a permit authority shall collaborate with a neighborhood association or homeowners association on the location and aesthetics of new utility poles added within the jurisdiction of the neighborhood association or homeowners association.

- (e) Subject to section 26(b) of this chapter, with respect to the construction, placement, or use of a small cell facility and the associated supporting structure within an area:
 - (1) designated as a historic preservation district under IC 36-7-11;
 - (2) designated as a historic preservation area under IC 36-7-11.1; or
 - (3) that is subject to the jurisdiction of the Meridian Street preservation commission under IC 36-7-11.2;
- a permit authority may apply any generally applicable procedures that require applicants to obtain a certificate of appropriateness.
- (f) An applicant for the placement of a small cell facility and an associated supporting structure shall comply with applicable:
 - (1) Federal Communications Commission requirements; and
 - (2) industry standards;

for identifying the owner's name and contact information.

(g) A resolution, ordinance, or other regulation:



- (1) adopted by a permit authority after April 14, 2017, and before May 2, 2017; and
- (2) that designates an area within the jurisdiction of the permit authority as strictly for underground or buried utilities;

applies only to communications service providers and those geographic areas that are zoned residential and where all existing utility infrastructure is already buried.".

Delete pages 17 through 18.

Page 19, delete line 1 through 7.

Page 19, line 31, delete "A" and insert "Except as described in section 26(a) of this chapter with respect to small cell facilities, and subject to the restrictions under 14 CFR Part 77, 47 CFR Part 17, and IC 8-21-10, a".

Page 19, line 32, after "on" insert "the".

Page 19, line 34, delete "distance" and insert "distances".

Page 19, delete lines 36 through 42.

Page 20, delete lines 1 through 6.

Page 23, line 16, delete "service," and insert "programming,".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1164 as introduced.)

SOLIDAY

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 4.

