HOUSE BILL No. 1137

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 11-10; IC 11-12; IC 11-13; IC 12-15-44.5-3.5; IC 12-23; IC 16-35-10-4; IC 16-41-7.5-6; IC 16-42-27-2; IC 31-26-3.5-1.5; IC 33-23-16-24.5; IC 33-33-2-46; IC 33-39-1-8; IC 35-38-2-2.3.

Synopsis: Addiction treatment medications. Requires that a substance abuse medication in various treatment programs be a long acting medication. (Current law requires the medication be a long acting, nonaddictive medication.) Provides for a uniform definition of the term "medication assisted treatment". Makes technical corrections.

Effective: July 1, 2020.

Barrett

January $8,\,2020,\,\mathrm{read}$ first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.



Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1137

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning human services.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 11-10-4-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2015,
2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. The administration of a drug by the department
4	for the purpose of controlling a mental or emotional disorder is subject
5	to the following requirements:
6	(1) The particular drug must be prescribed by a physician who has
7	examined the offender.
8	(2) The drug must be administered by either a physician or
9	qualified medical personnel under the direct supervision of a
10	physician.
11	(3) The offender must be periodically observed, during the
12	duration of the drug's effect, by qualified medical personnel.
13	(4) A drug may be administered for a period longer than
14	seventy-two (72) hours only if the administration is part of a
15	psychotherapeutic program of treatment prescribed and detailed
16	in writing by a physician.
17	(5) A drug may be administered for the purpose of controlling



1	substance abuse, including a federal Food and Drug
2	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for
3	the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
4	SECTION 2. IC 11-10-11.5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2015,
5	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11. (a) While assigned to a community transition
7	program, a person must comply with:
8	(1) the rules concerning the conduct of persons in the community
9	transition program, including rules related to payments described
10	in section 12 of this chapter, that are adopted by the community
1	corrections advisory board establishing the program or, in
12	counties that are not served by a community corrections program,
13	that are jointly adopted by the courts in the county with felony
14	jurisdiction; and
15	(2) any conditions established by the sentencing court for the
16	person.
17	(b) As a rule of the community transition program, a person
18	convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) may not use a
19	social networking web site (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-307) or an
20	instant messaging or chat room program (as defined in
21	IC 35-31.5-2-173) to communicate, directly or through an intermediary,
22	with a child less than sixteen (16) years of age. However, the rules of
23 24	the community transition program may permit the offender to
24	communicate using a social networking web site or an instant
25	messaging or chat room program with:
26	(1) the offender's own child, stepchild, or sibling; or
27	(2) another relative of the offender specifically named in the rules
28	applicable to that person.
29	(c) As a rule of the community transition program, an individual
30	may be required to receive:
31 32	(1) addiction counseling;
33	(2) inpatient detoxification;
	(3) case management;
34	(4) daily living skills; and
35	(5) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
36	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
37 38	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for
90 39	the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
99 10	SECTION 3. IC 11-12-1-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2015,

JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2.5. (a) The community corrections programs described in section 2 of this chapter shall use evidence based services,



	3
1	programs, and practices that reduce the risk for recidivism among
2	persons who participate in the community corrections programs.
3	(b) The community corrections board may also coordinate or
4	operate:
5	(1) educational;
6	(2) mental health;
7	(3) drug or alcohol abuse counseling; and
8	(4) housing;
9	programs. In addition, the board may provide supervision services for
10	persons described in section 2 of this chapter.

- (c) Drug or alcohol abuse counseling programs under subsection (b) may include:
 - (1) addiction counseling;

- (2) inpatient detoxification; and
- (3) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.

SECTION 4. IC 11-12-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.65-2018, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) For the purpose of encouraging counties to develop a coordinated local corrections-criminal justice system and providing effective alternatives to imprisonment at the state level, the commissioner shall, out of funds appropriated for such purposes, make grants:

- (1) to counties for the establishment and operation of community corrections programs and court supervised recidivism reduction programs; and
- (2) to support a probation department, pretrial diversion program, or jail treatment program.

Appropriations intended for this purpose may not be used by the department for any other purpose. Money appropriated to the department of correction for the purpose of making grants under this chapter and any financial aid payments suspended under section 6 of this chapter do not revert to the state general fund at the close of any fiscal year, but remain available to the department of correction for its use in making grants under this chapter.

(b) Before March 1 of each year, the department shall estimate the amount of any operational cost savings that will be realized in the state fiscal year ending June 30 from a reduction in the number of individuals who are in the custody or made a ward of the department of correction (as described in IC 11-8-1-5) that is attributable to the



1	sentencing changes made in HEA 1006-2014 as enacted in the 2014
2	session of the general assembly. The department shall make the
3	estimate under this subsection based on the best available information
4	If the department estimates that operational cost savings described in
5	this subsection will be realized in the state fiscal year, the following
6	apply to the department:
7	(1) The department shall certify the estimated amount o
8	operational cost savings that will be realized to the budget agency
9	and to the auditor of state.
10	(2) The department may, after review by the budget committee
11	and approval by the budget agency, make additional grants as
12	provided in this chapter to:
13	(A) county jails to provide evidence based mental health and
14	addiction forensic treatment services; and
15	(B) counties for the establishment and operation of pretria
16	release programs, diversion programs, community corrections
17	programs, and court supervised recidivism reduction
18	programs;
19	from funds appropriated to the department for the department's
20	operating expenses for the state fiscal year.
21	(3) The maximum aggregate amount of additional grants and
22	transfers that may be made by the department under subdivision
23	(2) for the state fiscal year may not exceed the lesser of:
24	(A) the amount of operational cost savings certified under
25	subdivision (1); or
26	(B) eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000).
27	Notwithstanding P.L.205-2013 (HEA 1001-2013), the amount of funds
28	necessary to make any additional grants authorized and approved under
29	this subsection and for any transfers authorized and approved under
30	this subsection, and for providing the additional financial aid to court
31	from transfers authorized and approved under this subsection, is
32	appropriated for those purposes for the state fiscal year, and the amoun
33	of the department's appropriation for operating expenses for the state
34	fiscal year is reduced by a corresponding amount.
35	(c) The commissioner shall coordinate with the division of menta
36	health and addiction in issuing community corrections and cour
37	supervised recidivism reduction program grants to programs tha
38	provide alternative sentencing projects for persons with mental illness
39	addictive disorders, intellectual disabilities, and developmenta
40	disabilities. Programs for addictive disorders may include:
41	(1) addiction counseling;
42	(2) inpatient detoxification; and



1	(3) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
2	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
3	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for
4	the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
5	(d) Grants awarded under this chapter:
6	(1) must focus on funding evidence based programs, including
7	programs that address cognitive behavior, that have as a primary
8	goal the purpose of reforming offenders; and
9	(2) may be used for technology based programs, including an
10	electronic monitoring program.
11	(e) Before the tenth day of each month, the department shall
12	compile the following information with respect to the previous month:
13	(1) The number of persons committed to the department.
14	(2) The number of persons:
15	(A) confined in a department facility;
16	(B) participating in a community corrections program; and
17	(C) confined in a local jail under contract with or on behalf of
18	the department.
19	(3) For each facility operated by the department:
20	(A) the number of beds in each facility;
21	(B) the number of inmates housed in the facility;
22	(C) the highest felony classification of each inmate housed in
23	the facility; and
24	(D) a list of all felonies for which persons housed in the
25	facility have been sentenced.
26	(f) The department shall:
27	(1) quarterly submit a report to the budget committee; and
28	(2) monthly submit a report to the justice reinvestment advisory
29	council (as established in IC 33-38-9.5-2);
30	of the information compiled by the department under subsection (e).
31	The report to the budget committee must be submitted in a form
32	approved by the budget committee, and the report to the advisory
33	council must be in a form approved by the advisory council.
34	SECTION 5. IC 11-12-3.7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2015,
35	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11. (a) A person is eligible to participate in a
37	pre-conviction forensic diversion program only if the person meets the
38	following criteria:
39	(1) The person has an intellectual disability, a developmental
40	disability, an autism spectrum disorder, a mental illness, an
41	addictive disorder, or a combination of those conditions.

(2) The person has been charged with an offense that is:



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1	(A) not a violent offense; and
2	(B) a Class A, B, or C misdemeanor, or a Level 6 felony that
2 3	may be reduced to a Class A misdemeanor in accordance with
4	IC 35-50-2-7.
4 5	(3) The person does not have a conviction for a violent offense in
6	the previous ten (10) years.
7	(4) The court has determined that the person is an appropriate
8	candidate to participate in a pre-conviction forensic diversion
9	program.
10	(5) The person has been accepted into a pre-conviction forensic
11	diversion program.
12	(b) Before an eligible person is permitted to participate in a
13	pre-conviction forensic diversion program, the court shall advise the
14	person of the following:
15	(1) Before the individual is permitted to participate in the
16	program, the individual will be required to enter a guilty plea to
17	the offense with which the individual has been charged.
18	(2) The court will stay entry of the judgment of conviction during
19	the time in which the individual is successfully participating in
20	the program. If the individual stops successfully participating in
21	the program, or does not successfully complete the program, the
22	court will lift its stay, enter a judgment of conviction, and
23	sentence the individual accordingly.
24	(3) If the individual participates in the program, the individual
25	may be required to remain in the program for a period not to
26	exceed three (3) years.
27	(4) During treatment the individual may be confined in an
28	institution, be released for treatment in the community, receive
29	supervised aftercare in the community, or may be required to
30	receive a combination of these alternatives. Programs for
31	addictive disorders may include:
32	(A) addiction counseling;
33	(B) inpatient detoxification;
34	(C) case management;
35	(D) daily living skills; and
36	(E) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
37	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
38	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication
39	for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
40	(5) If the individual successfully completes the forensic diversion
41	program, the court will waive entry of the judgment of conviction
42	and dismiss the charges.



1	(6) The court shall determine, after considering a report from the
2	forensic diversion program, whether the individual is successfully
3	participating in or has successfully completed the program.
4	(c) Before an eligible person may participate in a pre-conviction
5	forensic diversion program, the person must plead guilty to the offense
6	with which the person is charged.
7	(d) Before an eligible person may be admitted to a facility under the
8	control of the division of mental health and addiction, the individual
9	must be committed to the facility under IC 12-26.
10	(e) After the person has pleaded guilty, the court shall stay entry of
11	judgment of conviction and place the person in the pre-conviction
12	forensic diversion program for not more than:
13	(1) two (2) years, if the person has been charged with a
14	misdemeanor; or
15	(2) three (3) years, if the person has been charged with a felony.
16	(f) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program,
17	the court determines that the person has:
18	(1) failed to successfully participate in the forensic diversion
19	program, or failed to successfully complete the program, the court
20	shall lift its stay, enter judgment of conviction, and sentence the
21	person accordingly; or
22	(2) successfully completed the forensic diversion program, the
23	court shall waive entry of the judgment of conviction and dismiss
24	the charges.
25	SECTION 6. IC 11-12-3.8-1.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.209-2015,
26	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1,2020]: Sec. 1.5. For purposes of this chapter, "substance abuse
28	treatment" may include:
29	(1) addiction counseling;
30	(2) inpatient detoxification; and
31	(3) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
32	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
33	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for
34	the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
35	SECTION 7. IC 11-13-2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2015,
36	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1,2020]: Sec. 3. (a) Any court having probation jurisdiction may
38	apply for financial assistance under this chapter by submitting an
39	application to the judicial conference of Indiana for review. The
40	application shall be accompanied by detailed plans regarding the use
41	of the financial aid.
42	(b) The judicial conference of Indiana shall develop a plan for the



1	application process and the funding requirements for courts seeking
2	financial aid. The judicial conference and the state budget committee
3	must approve all financial aid granted under this chapter.
4	(c) Two (2) or more courts may jointly apply for financial assistance
5	under this chapter.
6	(d) The judicial conference of Indiana shall award financial
7	assistance based on the proposed implementation of evidence based
8	practices or the proposed coordination of services with other
9	community supervision agencies operating in the same county.
10	(e) Before providing financial assistance under this chapter, the
11	judicial conference of Indiana shall consult with the department of
12	correction and the division of mental health and addiction:
13	(1) for the purpose of more effectively addressing the need for:
14	(A) substance abuse treatment;
15	(B) mental health services; and
16	(C) other services for offenders placed on community
17	supervision; and
18	(2) to avoid duplication of services.
19	(f) Substance abuse treatment under subsection (e) may include:
20	(1) addiction counseling;
21	(2) inpatient detoxification; and
22	(3) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
23	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
24	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for
25	the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
26	(g) Mental health and substance abuse treatment services provided
27	by financial assistance under this section shall be provided by a
28	provider certified by the division of mental health and addiction to
29	provide mental health or substance abuse treatment.
30	SECTION 8. IC 11-13-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.37-2019.
31	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) A condition to remaining on parole is that
33	the parolee not commit a crime during the period of parole.
34	(b) The parole board may also adopt, under IC 4-22-2, additional
35	conditions to remaining on parole and require a parolee to satisfy one
36	(1) or more of these conditions. These conditions must be reasonably
37	related to the parolee's successful reintegration into the community and
38	not unduly restrictive of a fundamental right.
39	(c) If a person is released on parole, the parolee shall be given a
40	written statement of the conditions of parole. Signed copies of this
41	statement shall be:
42	(1) retained by the parolee;



1	(2) forwarded to any person charged with the parolee's
2	supervision; and
3	(3) placed in the parolee's master file.
4	(d) The parole board may modify parole conditions if the parolee
5	receives notice of that action and had ten (10) days after receipt of the
6	notice to express the parolee's views on the proposed modification.
7	This subsection does not apply to modification of parole conditions
8	after a revocation proceeding under section 10 of this chapter.
9	(e) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
10	parolee to reside in a particular parole area. In determining a parolee's
l 1	residence requirement, the parole board shall:
12	(1) consider:
13	(A) the residence of the parolee prior to the parolee's
14	incarceration; and
15	(B) the parolee's place of employment; and
16	(2) assign the parolee to reside in the county where the parolee
17	resided prior to the parolee's incarceration unless assignment on
18	this basis would be detrimental to the parolee's successful
19	reintegration into the community.
20	(f) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
21	parolee to:
22	(1) periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined in
23 24 25	IC 9-13-2-22) or series of tests to detect and confirm the presence
24	of a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); and
25	(2) have the results of any test under this subsection reported to
26	the parole board by the laboratory.
27	The parolee is responsible for any charges resulting from a test
28	required under this subsection. However, a person's parole may not be
29	revoked on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a test under this
30	subsection.
31	(g) As a condition of parole, the parole board:
32	(1) may require a parolee who is a sex offender (as defined in
33	IC 11-8-8-4.5) to:
34	(A) participate in a treatment program for sex offenders
35	approved by the parole board; and
36	(B) avoid contact with any person who is less than sixteen (16)
37	years of age unless the parolee:
38	(i) receives the parole board's approval; or
39	(ii) successfully completes the treatment program referred to
10	in clause (A); and
1 1	(2) shall:
12	(A) require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as



1	defined in IC 11-8-8-5) to register with a local law
2	enforcement authority under IC 11-8-8;
3	(B) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from residing
4	within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property (as defined
5	in IC 35-31.5-2-285) for the period of parole, unless the sex
6	offender obtains written approval from the parole board;
7	(C) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender convicted of a sex
8	offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) from residing within
9	one (1) mile of the victim of the sex offender's sex offense
10	unless the sex offender obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5;
11	(D) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from owning,
12	operating, managing, being employed by, or volunteering at
13	any attraction designed to be primarily enjoyed by children
14	less than sixteen (16) years of age;
15	(E) require a parolee who is a sex offender to consent:
16	(i) to the search of the sex offender's personal computer at
17	any time; and
18	(ii) to the installation on the sex offender's personal
19	computer or device with Internet capability, at the sex
20	offender's expense, of one (1) or more hardware or software
21	systems to monitor Internet usage; and
22	(F) prohibit the sex offender from:
23	(i) accessing or using certain web sites, chat rooms, or
24	instant messaging programs frequented by children; and
25	(ii) deleting, erasing, or tampering with information on the
26	sex offender's personal computer with intent to conceal an
27	activity prohibited by item (i).
28	The parole board may not grant a sexually violent predator (as defined
29	in IC 35-38-1-7.5) or a sex offender who is an offender against children
30	under IC 35-42-4-11 a waiver under subdivision (2)(B) or (2)(C). If the
31	parole board allows the sex offender to reside within one thousand
32	(1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2)(B), the parole
33	board shall notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the
34	sex offender's residence of the order.
35	(h) The address of the victim of a parolee who is a sex offender
36	convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) is
37	confidential, even if the sex offender obtains a waiver under
38	IC 35-38-2-2.5.

(i) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a parolee

(j) As a condition of parole, the parole board shall require a parolee

who is a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5 or who is a sex

to participate in a reentry court program.



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- or violent offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5) to wear a monitoring device (as described in IC 35-38-2.5-3) that can transmit information twenty-four (24) hours each day regarding a person's precise location, subject to a validated sex offender risk assessment, and subject to the amount appropriated to the department for a monitoring program as a condition of parole.
- (k) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit, in accordance with IC 35-38-2-2.6, a parolee who has been convicted of stalking from residing within one thousand (1,000) feet of the residence of the victim of the stalking for a period that does not exceed five (5) years.
- (l) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit a parolee convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3 from owning, harboring, or training an animal, and, if the parole board prohibits a parolee convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3 from having direct or indirect contact with an individual, the parole board may also prohibit the parolee from having direct or indirect contact with any animal belonging to the individual.
- (m) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a parolee to receive:
 - (1) addiction counseling;
 - (2) inpatient detoxification;
 - (3) case management;
 - (4) daily living skills; and
 - (5) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
- (n) A parolee may be responsible for the reasonable expenses, as determined by the department, of the parolee's participation in a treatment or other program required as a condition of parole under this section. However, a person's parole may not be revoked solely on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a program required as a condition of parole under this section.
- (o) When an offender is placed on lifetime parole, the parole board shall inform the sheriff and the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the offender committed the offense:
 - (1) that the offender has been placed on lifetime parole; and
 - (2) whether the offender is required to wear a monitoring device as described in subsection (j).
- (p) As a condition of parole, the parole board shall prohibit a person convicted of an animal abuse offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.8)



1	from owning, harboring, or training a companion animal (as defined in
2	IC 35-38-2-2.8).
3	SECTION 9. IC 12-15-44.5-3.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.30-2016,
4	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3.5. (a) The plan must include the following in a
6	manner and to the extent determined by the office:
7	(1) Mental health care services.
8	(2) Inpatient hospital services.
9	(3) Prescription drug coverage, including coverage of a long
10	acting nonaddictive medication assistance treatment drug if the
11	drug is being prescribed for the treatment of substance abuse.
12	(4) Emergency room services.
13	(5) Physician office services.
14	(6) Diagnostic services.
15	(7) Outpatient services, including therapy services.
16	(8) Comprehensive disease management.
17	(9) Home health services, including case management.
18	(10) Urgent care center services.
19	(11) Preventative care services.
20	(12) Family planning services:
21	(A) including contraceptives and sexually transmitted disease
22	testing, as described in federal Medicaid law (42 U.S.C. 1396
23	et seq.); and
24	(B) not including abortion or abortifacients.
25	(13) Hospice services.
26	(14) Substance abuse services.
27	(15) Pregnancy services.
28	(16) A service determined by the secretary to be required by
29	federal law as a benchmark service under the federal Patient
30	Protection and Affordable Care Act.
31	(b) The plan may not permit treatment limitations or financial
32	requirements on the coverage of mental health care services or
33	substance abuse services if similar limitations or requirements are not
34	imposed on the coverage of services for other medical or surgical
35	conditions.
36	(c) The plan may provide vision services and dental services only
37	to individuals who regularly make the required monthly contributions
38	for the plan as set forth in section 4.7(c) of this chapter.
39	(d) The benefit package offered in the plan:
40	(1) must be benchmarked to a commercial health plan described
41	in 45 CFR 155.100(a)(1) or 45 CFR 155.100(a)(4); and
42	(2) may not include a benefit that is not present in at least one (1)



1	of these commercial benchmark options.
2	(e) The office shall provide to an individual who participates in the
3	plan a list of health care services that qualify as preventative care
4	services for the age, gender, and preexisting conditions of the
5	individual. The office shall consult with the federal Centers for Disease
6	Control and Prevention for a list of recommended preventative care
7	services.
8	(f) The plan shall, at no cost to the individual, provide payment of
9	preventative care services described in 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13 for an
10	individual who participates in the plan.
11	(g) The plan shall, at no cost to the individual, provide payments of
12	not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) per year for preventative
13	care services not described in subsection (f). Any additional
14	preventative care services covered under the plan and received by the
15	individual during the year are subject to the deductible and payment
16	requirements of the plan.
17	SECTION 10. IC 12-23-18-0.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.8-2016,
18	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 0.5. (a) An opioid treatment program shall not
20	operate in Indiana unless the opioid treatment program meets the
21	following conditions:
22	(1) Is specifically approved and the opioid treatment facility is
23	certified by the division.
24	(2) Is in compliance with state and federal law.
25	(3) Provides treatment for opioid addiction using a drug approved
26	by the federal Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of
27	opioid addiction, including:
28	(A) opioid maintenance;
29	(B) detoxification;
30	(C) overdose reversal;
31	(D) relapse prevention; and
32	(E) long acting nonaddictive medication assisted treatment
33	medications.
34	(4) Beginning July 1, 2017, is:
35	(A) enrolled:
36	(i) as a Medicaid provider under IC 12-15; and
37	(ii) as a healthy Indiana plan provider under IC 12-15-44.2;
38	or
39	(B) enrolled as an ordering, prescribing, or referring provider
40	in accordance with Section 6401 of the federal Patient
41	Protection and Affordable Care Act (P.L. 111-148), as
42	amended by the federal Health Care and Education



1	Reconciliation Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-152) and maintains a
2	memorandum of understanding with a community mental
3	health center for the purpose of ordering, prescribing, or
4	referring treatments covered by Medicaid and the healthy
5	Indiana plan.
6	(b) Separate specific approval and certification under this chapter
7	is required for each location at which an opioid treatment program is
8	operated. If an opioid treatment program moves the opioid treatment
9	program's facility to another location, the opioid treatment program's
10	certification does not apply to the new location and certification for the
11	new location under this chapter is required.
12	(c) Each opioid treatment program that is enrolled as an ordering,
13	prescribing, or referring provider shall report to the office on an annual
14	basis the services provided to Indiana Medicaid patients. The report
15	must include the following:
16	(1) The number of Medicaid patients seen by the ordering,
17	prescribing, or referring provider.
18	(2) The services received by the provider's Medicaid patients,
19	including any drugs prescribed.
20	(3) The number of Medicaid patients referred to other providers.
21	(4) Any other provider types to which the Medicaid patients were
22	referred.
23	SECTION 11. IC 12-23-18-5.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.51-2019,
24	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5.3. Subject to federal law and consistent with
26	standard medical practices in opioid treatment for substance abuse, the
27	division shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning opioid treatment
28	by an opioid treatment provider, including the following:
29	(1) A requirement that the opioid treatment provider periodically
30	review with the patient the patient's treatment plan. In the review,
31	the opioid treatment provider shall consider changes to the plan
32	with the goal of requiring the minimal clinically necessary
33	medication dose, including, when appropriate, the goal of opioid
34	abstinence.
35	(2) Treatment protocols containing best practice guidelines for the
36	treatment of opiate dependent patients, including the following:
37	(A) Appropriate clinical use of all drugs approved by the
38	federal Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of
39	opioid addiction, including the following when available:
40	(i) Opioid maintenance.
41	(ii) Detoxification.

(iii) Overdose reversal.



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1	(iv) Relapse prevention.
2	(v) Long acting nonaddictive medication assisted treatment
3	medications.
4	(B) Requirement of initial and periodic behavioral health
5	assessments for each patient.
6	(C) Appropriate use of providing overdose reversal, relapse
7	prevention, counseling, and ancillary services.
8	(D) Transitioning off agonist and partial agonist therapies with
9	the goal, when appropriate, of opioid abstinence.
10	(E) Training and experience requirements for providers who
1	treat and manage opiate dependent patients.
12	(F) Requirement that a provider who prescribes opioid
13	medication for a patient periodically review INSPECT (as
14	defined in IC 25-26-24-7) concerning controlled substance
15	information for the patient.
16	SECTION 12. IC 12-23-18-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2015,
17	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 7. (a) The division shall adopt rules under
19	IC 4-22-2 to establish standards and protocols for opioid treatment
20	programs to do the following:
21	(1) Assess new opioid treatment program patients to determine
22	the most effective opioid treatment medications to start the
23	patient's opioid treatment.
24	(2) Ensure that each patient voluntarily chooses maintenance
25 26	treatment and that relevant facts concerning the use of opioid
	treatment medications are clearly and adequately explained to the
27	patient.
28	(3) Have appropriate opioid treatment program patients who are
29	receiving methadone for opioid treatment move to receiving other
30	approved opioid treatment medications.
31	(b) An opioid treatment program shall follow the standards and
32	protocols adopted under subsection (a) for each opioid treatment
33	program patient.
34	(c) Subject to subsection (a), an opioid treatment program may use
35	any of the following medications as an alternative for methadone for
36	opioid treatment:
37	(1) Buprenorphine.
38	(2) Buprenorphine combination products containing naloxone.
39	(3) Naltrexone injectable and extended release.
10	(4) A federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting
11	nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol



dependence.

1	(5) Any other medication that has been approved by:
2	(A) the federal Food and Drug Administration for use in the
3	treatment of opioid addiction; and
4	(B) the division under subsection (e).
5	(d) Before starting a patient on a new opioid treatment medication,
6	the opioid treatment program shall explain to the patient the potential
7	side effects of the new medication.
8	(e) The division may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to provide for
9	other medications, including a federal Food and Drug Administration
10	approved long acting nonaddictive medication for the treatment of
11	opioid or alcohol dependence, as alternatives to methadone that may be
12	used under subsection (a).
13	SECTION 13. IC 12-23-18-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.8-2016,
14	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies to an office based
16	opioid treatment provider who:
17	(1) has obtained a waiver from the federal Substance Abuse and
18	Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and meets the
19	qualifying standards required to treat opioid addicted patients in
20	an office based setting; and
21	(2) has a valid federal Drug Enforcement Administration
22	registration number and identification number that specifically
23	authorizes treatment in an office based setting.
24	(b) The office of the secretary and the division shall develop a
25	treatment protocol containing best practice guidelines for the treatment
26	of opiate dependent patients. The treatment protocol must require the
27	minimal clinically necessary medication dose, including, when
28	appropriate, the goal of opioid abstinence, and including the following:
29	(1) Appropriate clinical use of any drug approved by the federal
30	Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of opioid
31	addiction, including the following:
32	(A) Opioid maintenance.
33	(B) Opioid detoxification.
34	(C) Overdose reversal.
35	(D) Relapse prevention.
36	(E) Long acting nonaddictive medication assisted treatment
37	medications.
38	(2) A requirement for initial and periodic behavioral health
39	assessments for each patient.
40	(3) Appropriate use of providing overdose reversal, relapse
41	prevention, counseling, and ancillary services.



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(4) Transitioning off agonist and partial agonist therapies, when

1	appropriate, with the goal of opioid abstinence.
2	(5) Training and experience requirements for prescribers of drugs
3	described in subdivision (1) in the treatment and management of
4	opiate dependent patients.
5	(6) A requirement that prescribers obtain informed consent from
6	a patient concerning all available opioid treatment options,
7	including each option's potential benefits and risks, before
8	prescribing a drug described in subdivision (1).
9	(c) Before December 31, 2016, The office of the secretary shall
10	recommend the clinical practice guidelines required under subsection
11	(b) to:
12	(1) the Indiana professional licensing agency established under
13	IC 25-1-5;
14	(2) the office of Medicaid policy and planning established under
15	IC 12-8-6.5; and
16	(3) a managed care organization that has contracted with the
17	office of Medicaid policy and planning.
18	SECTION 14. IC 12-23-18-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.51-2019,
19	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. (a) As used in this section, "dispense" means to
21	deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user.
22	(b) Subject to the federal patient confidentiality requirements under
23	42 CFR Part 2, when an opioid treatment program dispenses a
24	controlled substance designated by the Indiana board of pharmacy
25	under IC 35-48-2-5 through IC 35-48-2-10, the opioid treatment
26	program shall provide the following information upon request from the
27	division:
28	(1) The medications dispensed by the program.
29	(2) The medication delivery process, which includes whether the
30	medication was in liquid, film, or another form.
31	(3) The number of doses dispensed of each medication.
32	(4) The dosage quantities for each medication.
33	(5) The number of patients receiving take home medications.
34	(6) The number of days of supply dispensed.
35	(7) Patient demographic information for each medication,
36	including gender, age, and time in treatment.
37	(8) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement Agency
38	registration number.
39	(9) The average number of patients served by:
40	(A) the opioid treatment program annually; and
41	(B) each employed or contracted prescriber of the opioid
42	treatment program.



1	(10) The annual ratio of employed or contracted prescribers to
2	patients served at each opioid treatment program.
3	(11) The number of patients and the average length of treatment
4	for each medication dispensed by the opioid treatment program.
5	(12) The number of patients completing an opiate treatment
6	program treatment service having transitioned to opioid
7	abstinence, including the use of long acting nonaddictive
8	medication for relapse prevention.
9	(13) The number of patients demonstrating improvement in
10	functioning, as defined by the division, while in treatment at an
11	opiate treatment program.
12	(14) An annual submission of each opiate treatment program's
13	policy concerning:
14	(A) the use of INSPECT (as defined in IC 25-26-24-7);
15	(B) the protocol for addressing patients who are found, using
16	INSPECT data, to have prescriptions for a controlled
17	substance, including benzodiazepines or other opiate
18	medications; and
19	(C) the protocol for addressing patients who have illicit urine
20	drug screens indicating the use of a controlled substance,
21	including benzodiazepines or other opiates, whether
22	prescribed or not.
23	(15) The number of patients denied access to services due to
24	inability to pay, including the demographic information of the
25	patient concerning race.
26	(16) The number of patients who are receiving behavioral health
27	services in addition to medication.
28	(17) The average mileage a patient is traveling to receive
29	treatment.
30	(18) The patient relapse rate or the average time an individual is
31	receiving treatment from the opioid treatment program.
32	(19) The number of admissions and discharges of patients at the
33	opioid treatment program.
34	(20) The number of pregnant women being treated.
35	(21) Whether an individual is employed at the time of admission
36	and whether the patient obtains employment during treatment.
37	(22) The number of patients who are eligible for the Medicaid
38	program.
39	(23) A description of programs offered by the opioid treatment
40	program.
41	(24) A description of any community outreach or education to the
42	public offered by the opioid treatment program.



1	(25) The number of patients who have eliminated the use of an
2	illegal substance after the first year of treatment at the opioid
3	treatment program.
4	(c) An opioid treatment program shall provide the information
5	required under this section to the division in a manner prescribed by
6	the division.
7	(d) The division shall annually report the information collected
8	under this section to the legislative council in an electronic format
9	under IC 5-14-6 not later than October 1.
10	SECTION 15. IC 12-23-19-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.65-2018,
11	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "mental health and
13	addiction forensic treatment services" means evidence based treatment
14	and recovery wraparound support services that may be provided to
15	individuals in the criminal justice system who are charged with a
16	felony offense, or have a prior felony conviction, and have been placed
17	or are eligible to be placed in a pretrial services program, community
18	corrections program, prosecuting attorney's diversion program, or jail
19	as an alternative to commitment to the department of correction. The
20	term includes the following:
21	(1) Mental health and substance abuse treatment, including:
22	(A) addiction counseling;
23	(B) inpatient detoxification;
24	(C) case management;
25	(D) daily living skills; and
26	(E) medication assisted treatment including that includes a
27	federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting
28	nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol
29	dependence.
30	(2) Vocational services.
31	(3) Housing assistance.
32	(4) Community support services.
33	(5) Care coordination.
34	(6) Transportation assistance.
35	(7) Mental health and substance abuse assessments.
36	(b) The term applies to services provided under a pilot program
37	under section 2 of this chapter to individuals who are charged with a
38	misdemeanor.
39	SECTION 16. IC 12-23-19-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.209-2015,
40	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) The division shall provide or cause to be

provided education and training on the use of:



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1	(1) involuntary commitment; and
2	(2) medication assisted treatment including that includes federal
3	Food and Drug Administration approved long acting nonaddictive
4	medications for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence for
5	individuals with an addictive disorder.
6	(b) The division shall provide or cause to be provided education and
7	training required in subsection (a) to the following:
8	(1) Circuit and superior court judges.
9	(2) Prosecuting attorneys and deputy prosecuting attorneys.
10	(3) Public defenders.
11	(4) Programs and providers identified in section 4(b) of this
12	chapter.
13	SECTION 17. IC 12-23-19.5-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.203-2017,
14	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. An addiction treatment team shall provide
16	addiction treatment services with a goal of patient abstinence. An
17	addiction treatment team shall provide the following services, when
18	appropriate:
19	(1) Addiction counseling.
20	(2) Detoxification.
21	(3) Medication assisted treatment including that includes a long
22	acting nonaddictive medication that:
23	(A) has been approved by the federal Food and Drug
24	Administration; and
25	(B) is used for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
26	SECTION 18. IC 12-23-21-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.168-2017,
27	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) Physician training in medication assisted
29	treatment must include the following:
30	(1) Waiver training.
31	(2) Training in the use of a federal Food and Drug Administration
32	approved long acting nonaddictive medication for the treatment
33	of opioid dependence.
34	(3) Treatment protocols containing best practice guidelines for the
35	treatment of opiate dependent patients as developed under
36	IC 12-23-18-7.5(b).
37	(b) A physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 is eligible to participate
38	in the reimbursement pilot program established under this chapter if the
39	physician meets all of the following requirements:
40	(1) At least twenty-five percent (25%) of the physician's practice
41	is providing obstetrics and gynecology services to pregnant



women.

1	(2) The physician has not received the waiver training and meets
2	all of the requirements for obtaining the training.
3	(3) The physician agrees to and receives the training in
4	medication assisted treatment.
5	(c) The division shall determine the number of physicians approved
6	for reimbursement under the reimbursement pilot program based on the
7	availability of funds. The division shall apply for and seek any grants
8	or funding available to fund the reimbursement pilot program.
9	(d) The division shall establish the procedure a physician must
10	follow in order to apply for and receive reimbursement under the
11	reimbursement pilot program.
12	SECTION 19. IC 12-23-21.2-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.125-2017,
13	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this
15	chapter:
16	(1) "Certified treatment provider" means a person certified by the
17	division to provide opioid treatment services.
18	(2) "Division" means the division of mental health and addiction.
19	(3) "Opioid treatment services" means evidence based treatment
20	and recovery support services provided in an inpatient,
21	residential, or outpatient setting to individuals diagnosed with
22	opioid use disorder. The services include:
23	(A) opioid reversal medication;
24	(B) addiction counseling;
25	(C) inpatient detoxification; and
26	(D) medication assisted treatment including that includes a
27	federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting
28	nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid
29	dependence.
30	(4) "Program" means the opioid treatment pilot program for
31	opioid use disorder established under section 2 of this chapter.
32	SECTION 20. IC 16-35-10-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.174-2017,
33	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. The pilot program must include:
35	(1) treatment in a residential care facility for recovery from opioid
36	addiction for a pregnant woman or a woman with her newborn,
37	including:
38	(A) addiction treatment, including, if appropriate, medication
39	assisted treatment with a long acting nonaddictive medication
40	approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for the
41	treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence;
42	(B) counseling;



1	(C) life skills classes;
2	(D) parenting skills classes; and
3	(E) other services designed to prepare the woman for life with
4	a newborn outside the residential care facility; and
5	(2) ongoing home visits with a pregnant woman or woman with
6	a newborn, including the provision of:
7	(A) addiction treatment, including, if appropriate, medication
8	assisted treatment with a long acting nonaddictive medication
9	approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for the
10	treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence;
l 1	(B) life skills education;
12	(C) parenting skills education;
13	(D) counseling; and
14	(E) any other appropriate assistance;
15	following the woman's discharge from the residential care facility.
16	SECTION 21. IC 16-41-7.5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2017,
17	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. A qualified entity that operates a program under
19	this chapter must do the following:
20	(1) Annually register the program in a manner prescribed by the
21	state department with the:
22	(A) state department; and
23 24	(B) local health department in the county or municipality
24	where services will be provided by the qualified entity if the
25 26	qualified entity is not the local health department.
	(2) Have one (1) of the following licensed in Indiana provide
27	oversight to the qualified entity's programs:
28	(A) A physician.
29	(B) A registered nurse.
30	(C) A physician assistant.
31	(3) Store and dispose of all syringes and needles collected in a
32	safe and legal manner.
33	(4) Provide education and training on drug overdose response and
34	treatment, including the administration of an overdose
35	intervention drug.
36	(5) Provide drug addiction treatment information and referrals to
37	drug treatment programs, including programs in the local area and
38	programs that offer medication assisted treatment that includes a
39	federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting
10	nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol
1 1	dependence.
12.	(6) Provide syringe and needle distribution and collection without



1	collecting or recording personally identifiable information.
2	(7) Operate in a manner consistent with public health and safety.
3	(8) Ensure the program is medically appropriate and part of a
4	comprehensive public health response.
5	(9) Keep sufficient quantities of an overdose intervention drug (as
6	defined in IC 16-18-2-263.9) in stock and to administer in
7	accordance with IC 16-42-27.
8	SECTION 22. IC 16-42-27-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.80-2019,
9	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) A prescriber may, directly or by standing
l 1	order, prescribe or dispense an overdose intervention drug without
12	examining the individual to whom it may be administered if all of the
13	following conditions are met:
14	(1) The overdose intervention drug is dispensed or prescribed to:
15	(A) a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related
16	overdose; or
17	(B) a family member, a friend, or any other individual or entity
18	in a position to assist an individual who, there is reason to
19	believe, is at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.
20	(2) The prescriber instructs the individual receiving the overdose
21	intervention drug or prescription to summon emergency services
22	either immediately before or immediately after administering the
23	overdose intervention drug to an individual experiencing an
23 24	opioid-related overdose.
25 26	(3) The prescriber provides education and training on drug
26	overdose response and treatment, including the administration of
27	an overdose intervention drug.
28	(4) The prescriber provides drug addiction treatment information
29	and referrals to drug treatment programs, including programs in
30	the local area and programs that offer medication assisted
31	treatment that includes a federal Food and Drug Administration
32	approved long acting nonaddictive medication for the treatment
33	of opioid or alcohol dependence.
34	(b) A prescriber may provide a prescription of an overdose
35	intervention drug to an individual as a part of the individual's addiction
36	treatment plan.
37	(c) An individual described in subsection (a)(1) may administer an
38	overdose intervention drug to an individual who is suffering from an
39	overdose.
10	(d) An individual described in subsection (a)(1) may not be
11	considered to be practicing medicine without a license in violation of
12.	IC 25-22 5-8-2 if the individual acting in good faith does the



1	following:
2	(1) Obtains the overdose intervention drug from a prescriber or
3	entity acting under a standing order issued by a prescriber.
4	(2) Administers the overdose intervention drug to an individual
5	who is experiencing an apparent opioid-related overdose.
6	(3) Attempts to summon emergency services either immediately
7	before or immediately after administering the overdose
8	intervention drug.
9	(e) An entity acting under a standing order issued by a prescriber
10	must do the following:
11	(1) Annually register with either the:
12	(A) state department; or
13	(B) local health department in the county where services will
14	be provided by the entity;
15	in a manner prescribed by the state department.
16	(2) Provide education and training on drug overdose response and
17	treatment, including the administration of an overdose
18	intervention drug.
19	(3) Provide drug addiction treatment information and referrals to
20	drug treatment programs, including programs in the local area and
21	programs that offer medication assisted treatment that includes a
22	federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting
23	nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol
24	dependence.
25	(4) Submit an annual report to the state department containing:
26	(A) the number of sales of the overdose intervention drug
27	dispensed;
28	(B) the dates of sale of the overdose intervention drug
29	dispensed; and
30	(C) any additional information requested by the state
31	department.
32	(f) The state department shall ensure that a statewide standing order
33	for the dispensing of an overdose intervention drug in Indiana is issued
34	under this section. The state health commissioner or a designated
35	public health authority who is a licensed prescriber may, as part of the
36	individual's official capacity, issue a statewide standing order that may
37	be used for the dispensing of an overdose intervention drug under this
38	section. The immunity provided in IC 34-13-3-3 applies to an
39	individual described in this subsection.
40	(g) A law enforcement officer may not take an individual into
41	custody based solely on the commission of an offense described in

subsection (h), if the law enforcement officer, after making a



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l	reasonable determination and considering the facts and surrounding
2	circumstances, reasonably believes that the individual:
3	(1) obtained the overdose intervention drug as described in
4	subsection (a)(1);
5	(2) complied with the provisions in subsection (d);
6	(3) administered an overdose intervention drug to an individual
7	who appeared to be experiencing an opioid-related overdose;
8	(4) provided:
9	(A) the individual's full name; and
10	(B) any other relevant information requested by the law
11	enforcement officer;
12	(5) remained at the scene with the individual who reasonably
13	appeared to be in need of medical assistance until emergency
14	medical assistance arrived;
15	(6) cooperated with emergency medical assistance personnel and
16	law enforcement officers at the scene; and
17	(7) came into contact with law enforcement because the
18	individual requested emergency medical assistance for another
19	individual who appeared to be experiencing an opioid-related
20	overdose.
21	(h) An individual who meets the criteria in subsection (g) is immune
22	from criminal prosecution for the following:
23	(1) IC 35-48-4-6 (possession of cocaine).
24	(2) IC 35-48-4-6.1 (possession of methamphetamine).
25	(3) IC 35-48-4-7 (possession of a controlled substance).
26	(4) IC 35-48-4-8.3 (possession of paraphernalia).
27	(5) IC 35-48-4-11 (possession of marijuana).
28	(6) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving possession of a
29	synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), possession of a
30	controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or
31	possession of a substance represented to be a controlled substance
32	(as described in IC 35-48-4-4.6).
33	SECTION 23. IC 31-26-3.5-1.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.243-2017,
34	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1.5. As used in this chapter, "child welfare
36	substance abuse treatment services" includes the following:
37	(1) Addiction counseling.
38	(2) Inpatient detoxification.
39	(3) Medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
40	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
41	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for
42	the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
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1	SECTION 24. IC 33-23-16-24.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.209-2015,
2	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 24.5. A problem solving court may require an
4	individual participating in a problem solving court to receive:
5	(1) addiction counseling;
6	(2) inpatient detoxification;
7	(3) case management;
8	(4) daily living skills; and
9	(5) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
10	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
11	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for
12	the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
13	SECTION 25. IC 33-33-2-46, AS AMENDED BY P.L.115-2019
14	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 46. (a) As used in this section, "administrator"
16	means the entity that enters into an agreement with the board of county
17	commissioners of Allen County under subsection (e).
18	(b) As used in this section, "pilot program" refers to the substance
19	abuse pilot program established under subsection (c).
20	(c) After June 30, 2017, and After approval of the Indiana
21 22 23	commission to combat drug abuse, the board of county commissioners
22	of Allen County may establish a four (4) year pilot program to assist
23	participants in overcoming their substance abuse by providing:
24	(1) evidence based addiction treatment, including detoxification
25	and medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
26	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
27	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication for
28	the treatment of opioid dependence; and
29	(2) assistance with developing a long term plan for sober living
30	outside the pilot program.
31	(d) An individual is eligible to participate in the pilot program if the
32	individual:
33	(1) is at least eighteen (18) years of age;
34	(2) is charged with a felony;
35	(3) is under the supervision of a court or community corrections
36	program in Allen County, including:
37	(A) a problem solving court;
38	(B) a diversion program;
39	(C) community corrections;
40	(D) probation;
41	(E) home detention; or
12	(F) any other program involving community supervision as an



1	alternative to commitment to the department of correction, if
2	the program is approved by the court; and
3	(4) is suffering from a significant substance abuse disorder and
4	has been previously unable to remain sober.
5	(e) If the board of county commissioners of Allen County
6	establishes a pilot program under subsection (c), the board of county
7	commissioners of Allen County shall enter into an agreement with an
8	entity with experience in administering community development
9	programs.
10	(f) Mental health and addiction treatment services provided as part
11	of the pilot program may be administered or subcontracted only by a
12	provider certified by the division of mental health and addiction with
13	expertise in providing evidence based mental health and addiction
14	treatment services.
15	(g) The administrator shall provide a report to the legislative council
16	before October 1, 2019, and before each October 1 of each year.
17	thereafter. The report must include the following:
18	(1) The number of persons successfully completing the pilot
19	program.
20	(2) Estimated cost savings of the pilot program.
21	(3) Opportunities for replication.
22	(4) Recidivism rates of persons participating in the pilot program,
23	including the following:
24	(A) A person's new arrest or conviction that occurs while the
25	person is participating in the pilot program.
26	(B) A person's new arrest, conviction, or commitment to the
27	department of correction, not later than twelve (12) months
28	after ending participation in the pilot program.
29	(C) A person's new arrest, conviction, or commitment to the
30	department of correction, not later than twenty-four (24)
31	months after ending participation in the pilot program.
32	(D) A person's new arrest, conviction, or commitment to the
33	department of correction, not later than thirty-six (36) months
34	after ending participation in the pilot program.
35	(h) The report required by subsection (g) must be in an electronic
36	format under IC 5-14-6.
37	(i) The administrator may not expend state money granted to the
38	administrator for the pilot program unless the administrator has raised
39	at least one dollar (\$1) of local funds for every one dollar (\$1) of state
40	funds before June 30, 2022. Local funds raised between June 30, 2018,
41	and June 30, 2022, shall be counted when determining whether the
42	administrator has raised the amount of local funds required by this



1	subsection.
2	(j) The administrator may not expend money granted to the
3	administrator for the pilot program for a state fiscal year unless the
4	administrator expends at least one dollar (\$1) of local funds for every
5	one dollar (\$1) of state funds expended.
6	(k) The expenses of the pilot program may be paid from money
7	appropriated to the administrator.
8	(1) This section expires June 30, 2022.
9	SECTION 26. IC 33-39-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-2019,
10	SECTION 127, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. (a) After June 30, 2005, this
12	section does not apply to a person who:
13	(1) holds a commercial driver's license; and
14	(2) has been charged with an offense involving the operation of
15	a motor vehicle in accordance with the federal Motor Carrier
16	Safety Improvement Act of 1999 (MCSIA) (Public Law
17	106-159.113 Stat. 1748).
18	(b) This section does not apply to a person arrested for or charged
19	with:
20	(1) an offense under IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5; or
21	(2) if a person was arrested or charged with an offense under
22	IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5, an offense involving:
23	(A) intoxication; or
24	(B) the operation of a vehicle;
25	if the offense involving intoxication or the operation of a vehicle was
26	part of the same episode of criminal conduct as the offense under
27	IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5.
28	(c) This section does not apply to a person:
29	(1) who is arrested for or charged with an offense under:
30	(A) IC 7.1-5-7-7, if the alleged offense occurred while the
31	person was operating a motor vehicle;
32	(B) IC 9-30-4-8, if the alleged offense occurred while the
33	person was operating a motor vehicle;
34	(C) IC 35-44.1-2-13(b)(1); or
35	(D) IC 35-43-1-2(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the
36	person was operating a motor vehicle; and
37	(2) who was less than eighteen (18) years of age at the time of the
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	alleged offense.
38 39	alleged offense. (d) A prosecuting attorney may withhold prosecution against an
38	(d) A prosecuting attorney may withhold prosecution against an
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1	(2) the person agrees to conditions of a pretrial diversion program
2	offered by the prosecuting attorney;
3	(3) the terms of the agreement are recorded in an instrument
4	signed by the person and the prosecuting attorney and filed in the
5	court in which the charge is pending; and
6	(4) the prosecuting attorney electronically transmits information
7	required by the prosecuting attorneys council concerning the
8	withheld prosecution to the prosecuting attorneys council, in a
9	manner and format designated by the prosecuting attorneys
10	council.
11	(e) An agreement under subsection (d) may include conditions that
12	the person:
13	(1) pay to the clerk of the court an initial user's fee and monthly
14	user's fees in the amounts specified in IC 33-37-4-1;
15	(2) work faithfully at a suitable employment or faithfully pursue
16	a course of study or career and technical education that will equip
17	the person for suitable employment;
18	(3) undergo available medical treatment or mental health
19	counseling and remain in a specified facility required for that
20	purpose, including:
21	(A) addiction counseling;
22	(B) inpatient detoxification; and
23	(C) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
24	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
25	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication
26	for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence;
27	(4) receive evidence based mental health and addiction,
28	intellectual disability, developmental disability, autism, and
29	co-occurring autism and mental illness forensic treatment services
30	to reduce the risk of recidivism;
31	(5) support the person's dependents and meet other family
32	responsibilities;
33	(6) make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for the
34	damage or injury that was sustained;
35	(7) refrain from harassing, intimidating, threatening, or having
36	any direct or indirect contact with the victim or a witness;
37	(8) report to the prosecuting attorney at reasonable times;
38	(9) answer all reasonable inquiries by the prosecuting attorney
39	and promptly notify the prosecuting attorney of any change in
40	address or employment; and
41	(10) participate in dispute resolution either under IC 34-57-3 or
42	a program established by the prosecuting attorney.



l	(t) An agreement under subsection (d)(2) may include other
2	provisions, including program fees and costs, reasonably related to the
3	defendant's rehabilitation, if approved by the court.
4	(g) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim when
5	prosecution is withheld under this section.
6	(h) All money collected by the clerk as user's fees or program fees
7	and costs under this section shall be deposited in the appropriate user
8	fee fund under IC 33-37-8.
9	(i) If a court withholds prosecution under this section and the terms
10	of the agreement contain conditions described in subsection (e)(7):
11	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
12	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
13	prescribed or approved by the office of judicial administration
14	with the clerk.
15	SECTION 27. IC 35-38-2-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.161-2018,
16	SECTION 123, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2.3. (a) As a condition of probation,
18	the court may require a person to do a combination of the following:
19	(1) Work faithfully at suitable employment or faithfully pursue a
20	course of study or career and technical education that will equip
21	the person for suitable employment.
22	(2) Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment and
23	remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose.
24	(3) Attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction,
25	recreation, or residence of persons on probation.
26	(4) Participate in a treatment program, educational class, or
27	rehabilitative service provided by a probation department or by
28	referral to an agency.
29	(5) Support the person's dependents and meet other family
30	responsibilities.
31	(6) Make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for
32	damage or injury that was sustained by the victim. When
33	restitution or reparation is a condition of probation, the court shall
34	fix the amount, which may not exceed an amount the person can
35	or will be able to pay, and shall fix the manner of performance.
36	(7) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
37	governmental entity to repay the full amount of public relief or
38	assistance wrongfully received, and make repayments according
39	to a repayment schedule set out in the agreement.
40	(8) Pay a fine authorized by IC 35-50.
41	(9) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other deadly weapon



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unless granted written permission by the court or the person's

1	probation officer.
2	(10) Report to a probation officer at reasonable times as directed
3	by the court or the probation officer.
4	(11) Permit the person's probation officer to visit the person at
5	reasonable times at the person's home or elsewhere.
6	(12) Remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless granted
7	permission to leave by the court or by the person's probation
8	officer.
9	(13) Answer all reasonable inquiries by the court or the person's
10	probation officer and promptly notify the court or probation
11	officer of any change in address or employment.
12	(14) Perform uncompensated work that benefits the community.
13	(15) Satisfy other conditions reasonably related to the person's
14	rehabilitation.
15	(16) Undergo home detention under IC 35-38-2.5.
16	(17) Undergo a laboratory test or series of tests approved by the
17	state department of health to detect and confirm the presence of
18	the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen or antibodies
19	to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), if:
20	(A) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
21	criminal sexual act and the offense created an
22	epidemiologically demonstrated risk of transmission of the
23	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); or
24	(B) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
25	controlled substance and the offense involved:
26	(i) the delivery by any person to another person; or
27	(ii) the use by any person on another person;
28	of a contaminated sharp (as defined in IC 16-41-16-2) or other
29	paraphernalia that creates an epidemiologically demonstrated
30	risk of transmission of HIV by involving percutaneous contact.
31	(18) Refrain from any direct or indirect contact with an individual
32	and, if convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3, any animal
33	belonging to the individual.
34	(19) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
35	governmental entity or with a person for reasonable costs incurred
36	because of the taking, detention, or return of a missing child (as
37	defined in IC 10-13-5-4).
38	(20) Periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined
39	in IC 9-13-2-22) or series of chemical tests as specified by the
40	court to detect and confirm the presence of a controlled substance
41	(as defined in IC 35-48-1-9). The person on probation is
42	responsible for any charges resulting from a test and shall have



1	the results of any test under this subdivision reported to the
2	person's probation officer by the laboratory.
3	(21) If the person was confined in a penal facility, execute a
4	reimbursement plan as directed by the court and make repayments
5	under the plan to the authority that operates the penal facility for
6	all or part of the costs of the person's confinement in the penal
7	facility. The court shall fix an amount that:
8	(A) may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able
9	to pay;
10	(B) does not harm the person's ability to reasonably be self
11	supporting or to reasonably support any dependent of the
12	person; and
13	(C) takes into consideration and gives priority to any other
14	restitution, reparation, repayment, or fine the person is
15	required to pay under this section.
16	(22) Refrain from owning, harboring, or training an animal.
17	(23) Participate in a reentry court program.
18	(24) Receive:
19	(A) addiction counseling;
20	(B) mental health counseling;
21	(C) inpatient detoxification; and
22	(D) medication assisted treatment including (as defined by
23	IC 12-7-2-128.7) that includes a federal Food and Drug
24	Administration approved long acting nonaddictive medication
25	for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
26	(b) When a person is placed on probation, the person shall be given
27	a written statement specifying:
28	(1) the conditions of probation; and
29	(2) that if the person violates a condition of probation during the
30	probationary period, a petition to revoke probation may be filed
31	before the earlier of the following:
32	(A) One (1) year after the termination of probation.
33	(B) Forty-five (45) days after the state receives notice of the
34	violation.
35	(c) As a condition of probation, the court may require that the
36	person serve a term of imprisonment in an appropriate facility at the
37	time or intervals (consecutive or intermittent) within the period of
38	probation the court determines.
39	(d) Intermittent service may be required only for a term of not more
40	than sixty (60) days and must be served in the county or local penal
41	facility. The intermittent term is computed on the basis of the actual

days spent in confinement and shall be completed within one (1) year.



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1	A person does not earn good time credit while serving an intermittent
2	term of imprisonment under this subsection. When the court orders
3	intermittent service, the court shall state:
4	(1) the term of imprisonment;
5	(2) the days or parts of days during which a person is to be
6	confined; and
7	(3) the conditions.
8	(e) Supervision of a person may be transferred from the court that
9	placed the person on probation to a court of another jurisdiction, with
10	the concurrence of both courts. Retransfers of supervision may occur
11	in the same manner. This subsection does not apply to transfers made
12	under IC 11-13-4 or IC 11-13-5.
13	(f) When a court imposes a condition of probation described in
14	subsection (a)(18):
15	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
16	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
17	prescribed or approved by the office of judicial administration
18	with the clerk.
19	(g) As a condition of probation, a court shall require a person:
20	(1) who is described in IC 10-13-6-10(a);
21	(2) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in accordance
22	with IC 10-13-6; and
23	(3) whose sentence does not involve a commitment to the
24	department of correction;
25	to provide a DNA sample as a condition of probation.
26	(h) If a court imposes a condition of probation described in
27	subsection (a)(4), the person on probation is responsible for any costs
28	resulting from the participation in a program, class, or service. Any
29	costs collected for services provided by the probation department shall
30	be deposited in the county or local supplemental adult services fund.

