HOUSE BILL No. 1125

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 24-5-26.5; IC 34-6-2; IC 34-12-3.5; IC 34-51-3-7.

Synopsis: Deceptive lead generation. Makes false, misleading, or deceptive advertisements for claims related to medical devices and legend drugs and certain other actions a deceptive act, and provides for enforcement mechanisms. Limits certain claims against a manufacturer or seller of legend drugs or medical devices. Limits awards of exemplary or punitive damages against a manufacturer or seller of legend drugs or medical devices.

Effective: May 15, 2021.

Lehman

January 7, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1125

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning civil procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 24-5-26.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
MAY 15, 2021]:

Chapter 26.5. Deceptive Lead Generation

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "commercial communication" means any written or oral statement, illustration, or depiction, whether in English or another language, that is designed to create interest in procuring legal services, whether it appears on or in a label, package, package insert, radio, television, brochure, newspaper, magazine, pamphlet, leaflet, circular, mailer, book insert, free standing insert, letter, catalog, poster, chart, billboard, public transit card, point of purchase display, film slide, audio program transmitted over a telephone system, telemarketing script, on-hold script, upsell script, training materials provided to a telemarketing firm, program length commercial, the Internet, cellular network, or any other medium, as well as promotional materials, items, and Internet web sites.



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1	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "consumer" refers to an
2	individual who views a commercial communication for personal or
3	familial purposes.
4	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "lead generation" refers to the
5	use of commercial communication to initiate consumer interest or
6	inquiry into legal services provided in Indiana or another
7	jurisdiction to redress an alleged injury from a medical device or
8	legend drug.
9	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "legend drug" has the meaning
10	set forth in IC 16-18-2-199.
11	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "manufacturer" has the meaning
12	set forth in IC 34-6-2-77(a).
13	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "medical device" has the
14	meaning set forth in IC 34-6-2-79.5.
15	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "seller" has the meaning set
16	forth in IC 34-6-2-136(a).
17	Sec. 8. (a) It is a deceptive act for a person to engage in lead
18	generation that is false, deceptive, or misleading.
19	(b) Deceptive acts under this chapter may include the following:
20	(1) Advertisements or other commercial communications
21	that:
22	(A) cause, or are likely to cause, consumers to fail to use or
23	to discontinue the consumers' medications; or
24	(B) remove a medical device;
25	without appropriate medical advice from a person who is
26	independent from the lead generator and any person to whom
27	the consumer would be referred.
28	(2) Advertisements or other commercial communications that
29	open with sensationalized warnings or alerts that may mislead
30	consumers to believe the consumers are watching a
31	government sanctioned medical alert or public service
32	announcement.
33	(3) Advertisements or other commercial communications
34	that:
35	(A) misrepresent the risks associated with a medical device
36	or legend drug;
37	(B) leave consumers with the false impression that the risks
38	of the medical device or legend drug exceed the benefits; or
39	(C) leave consumers with the false impression that the
40	United States Food and Drug Administration has recalled
41	a medical device or legend drug that is the subject of the
42	advertisement or other commercial communication.



1	(c) A claim misrepresents a fact or is false if the claim is no
2	substantiated by competent and reliable scientific evidence.
3	Sec. 9. It is a deceptive act for a person engaged in lead
4	generation to fail to make the following written and ora
5	disclosures to a consumer who responds to an advertisement of
6	other commercial communication subject to this chapter:
7	(1) The basis used to select the group of participants to which
8	the person engaged in lead generation could make a referral
9	(2) The terms of any agreement related to:
10	(A) fees or other payments related to the referral; or
11	(B) the income generating potential or volume of referral
12	that exceed the payments permitted for a legal referra
13	service under Rule 7.2 of the Indiana Rules of Professiona
14	Conduct.
15	(3) If the person engaged in lead generation has reason to
16	know that the attorney or law firm to which a consumer is
17	referred is likely to seek co-counsel or refer the consumer's
18	claim to another attorney or another law firm handling other
19	similar claims, that the attorney or law firm to whom the
20	consumer is being referred may not be the lead attorney
21	handling the strategy and negotiations for the consumer'
22	claim.
23	(4) Whether the lead generator is an attorney licensed to
24 25	practice law in Indiana or a law firm with attorneys licensed
25	to practice law in Indiana.
26	(5) Any other disclosure required under the rules adopted by
27	the attorney general under section 12 of this chapter that the
28	attorney general determines is necessary to permit
29	consumer to make an informed consent to a referral.
30	Sec. 10. It is a deceptive act for a person engaged in lead
31	generation to regulate a lawyer's professional judgment in
32	rendering legal service.
33	Sec. 11. The provisions set forth in this chapter also apply to
34	deceptive acts by a lawyer referral service that receives any benefi
35	or consideration for the direct or indirect referral of prospective
36	clients to lawyers or law firms, including the following:
37	(1) Matching or connecting a prospective client to a lawyer
38	drawn from a specific group or panel of lawyers or who
39	matches a prospective client with lawyers or law firms.
40	(2) A group or pooled advertising program, offering to refer
41	match, or otherwise connect prospective legal clients with
42	lawyers or law firms, in which the advertisements for the



1	program use a common telephone number or Internet web
2	site address and prospective clients are then matched or
3	referred only to lawyers or law firms participating in the
4	group or pooled advertising program.
5	(3) Publishing in any media a listing of lawyers or law firms
6	together in one (1) place.
7	(4) Providing tips or leads for prospective clients to lawyers
8	or law firms.
9	Sec. 12. The attorney general may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2,
10	including emergency rules in the manner provided under
11	IC 4-22-2-37.1, to carry out this chapter. An emergency rule
12	adopted by the attorney general under this section expires on the
13	earlier of the following dates:
14	(1) The expiration date in the emergency rule.
15	(2) The date the emergency rule is amended or repealed by a
16	later rule adopted under IC 4-22-2-24 through IC 4-22-2-36
17	or under IC 4-22-2-37.1.
18	Sec. 13. The attorney general may, regardless of whether a
19	complaint has been filed under section 14 of this chapter, bring an
20	action to enjoin a deceptive act under this chapter. In the action,
21	the court may do any combination of the following:
22	(1) Issue an injunction.
23	(2) Order the person engaged in lead generation to reimburse
24	the money unlawfully received from the aggrieved consumers
25	to be held in escrow for distribution to aggrieved consumers.
26	void or limit the application of contracts or clauses resulting
27	from deceptive acts, and order restitution to be paid to
28	aggrieved consumers.
29	(3) For a knowing or intentional violation against a consumer
30	who is at least sixty (60) years of age, increase the amount of
31	restitution ordered under subdivision (2) in any amount up to
32	three (3) times the amount of damages incurred.
33	(4) Provide for the appointment of a receiver.
34	Sec. 14. (a) If the attorney general does not file an action under
35	section 13 of this chapter, a manufacturer or seller of medical
36	devices or legend drugs or a consumer may bring an action to
37	enjoin a person engaged in lead generation from violating this
38	chapter.
39	(b) A complaint under this section must be filed not later than
40	ninety (90) days after the person engaging in lead generation
41	commits a deceptive act under this chapter.

Sec. 15. A court with jurisdiction over an action under section



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1	13 or 14 of this chapter may order the violator to pay court costs
2	and reasonable investigation and litigation fees incurred by the
3	attorney general, a manufacturer or seller of medical devices or
4	legend drugs, or a consumer who prevails in the action.
5	SECTION 2. IC 34-6-2-73.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE MAY
7	15, 2021]: Sec. 73.4. "Legend drug" has the meaning set forth in
8	IC 16-18-2-199.
9	SECTION 3. IC 34-6-2-77 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE MAY 15, 2021]: Sec. 77. (a)
11	"Manufacturer", for purposes of IC 34-12-3.5 and IC 34-51-3-7,
12	means either of the following:
13	(1) A person that is engaged in a business to produce, create,
14	make, or construct any product or component of a product,
15	and that:
16	(A) designs, manufactures, or formulates; or
17	(B) engages another person to design, manufacture, or
18	formulate;
19	a medical device or component or part of a medical device.
20	(2) A person that, by compounding, cultivating, harvesting, or
21	mixing, or by another process produces or prepares, legend
22	drugs. The term includes a person that:
23	(A) prepares legend drugs in dosage forms by mixing,
24	compounding, encapsulating, or entableting, or by another
25	process; or
26	(B) packages or repackages legend drugs.
27	The term does not include pharmacists or practitioners (as
28	defined in IC 16-18-2-288(a)).
29	(a) (b) "Manufacturer", for purposes of IC 34-20, means a person or
30	an entity who designs, assembles, fabricates, produces, constructs, or
31	otherwise prepares a product or a component part of a product before
32	the sale of the product to a user or consumer. "Manufacturer" includes
33	a seller who:
34	(1) has actual knowledge of a defect in a product;
35	(2) creates and furnishes a manufacturer with specifications
36	relevant to the alleged defect for producing the product or who
37	otherwise exercises some significant control over all or a portion
38	of the manufacturing process;
39	(3) alters or modifies the product in any significant manner after
40	the product comes into the seller's possession and before it is sold
41	to the ultimate user or consumer;
42	(4) is owned in whole or significant part by the manufacturer; or



1	(5) owns in whole or significant part the manufacturer.
2	(b) (c) A seller who discloses the name of the actual manufacturer
3	of a product is not a manufacturer under this section merely because
4	the seller places or has placed a private label on a product.
5	SECTION 4. IC 34-6-2-79.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE MAY
7	15, 2021]: Sec. 79.5. "Medical device" refers to an instrument, an
8	apparatus, an implement, a machine, a contrivance, an implant, an
9	in vitro reagent, or other similar or related article, including a
10	component part or accessory:
11	(1) that is recognized in the official National Formulary or the
12	United States Pharmacopoeia, or any supplement to them;
13	(2) that is intended for use in the diagnosis of disease or other
14	conditions, or in the cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention
15	of disease, in a human being or an animal; or
16	(3) that:
17	(A) is intended to affect the structure or any function of the
18	body of a human being or an animal;
19	(B) does not achieve its primary intended purpose through
20	chemical action within or on the body of a human being or
21	an animal; and
22	(C) is not dependent upon being metabolized for the
23	achievement of its primary intended purpose.
24	SECTION 5. IC 34-6-2-103, AS AMENDED BY P.L.132-2015
25	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	MAY 15, 2021]: Sec. 103. (a) "Person", for purposes of IC 34-14, has
27	the meaning set forth in IC 34-14-1-13.
28	(b) "Person", for purposes of IC 34-11-2-11.5, IC 34-12-3.5 , and
29	IC 34-24-4, and IC 34-51-3-7 , means:
30	(1) an individual;
31	(2) a governmental entity;
32	(3) a corporation;
33	(4) a firm;
34	(5) a trust;
35	(6) a partnership; or
36	(7) an incorporated or unincorporated association that exists
37	under or is authorized by the laws of this state, another state, or a
38	foreign country.
39	(c) "Person", for purposes of section 44.8 of this chapter and
40	IC 34-30-29-1, means an adult or a minor.
41	(d) "Person", for purposes of IC 34-26-4, has the meaning set forth
42	in IC 35-31.5-2-234.



1	(e) "Person", for purposes of IC 34-30-5, means any of the
2	following:
3	(1) An individual.
4	(2) A corporation.
5	(3) A partnership.
6	(4) An unincorporated association.
7	(5) The state (as defined in IC 34-6-2-140).
8	(6) A political subdivision (as defined in IC 34-6-2-110).
9	(7) Any other entity recognized by law.
10	(f) "Person", for purposes of IC 34-30-6, means an individual, a
11	corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, an
12	unincorporated association, or a governmental entity that:
13	(1) has qualifications or experience in:
14	(A) storing, transporting, or handling a hazardous substance or
15	compressed gas;
16	(B) fighting fires;
17	(C) emergency rescue; or
18	(D) first aid care; or
19	(2) is otherwise qualified to provide assistance appropriate to
20	remedy or contribute to the remedy of the emergency.
21	(g) "Person", for purposes of IC 34-30-18, includes:
22	(1) an individual;
23	(2) an incorporated or unincorporated organization or association;
24	(3) the state of Indiana;
25	(4) a political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13);
26	(5) an agency of the state or a political subdivision; or
27	(6) a group of such persons acting in concert.
28	(h) "Person", for purposes of sections 42, 43, 69, and 95 of this
29	chapter, means an individual, an incorporated or unincorporated
30	organization or association, or a group of such persons acting in
31	concert.
32	(i) "Person", for purposes of IC 34-30-10.5, means the following:
33	(1) A political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13).
34	(2) A volunteer fire department (as defined in IC 36-8-12-2).
35	(3) An employee of an entity described in subdivision (1) or (2)
36	who acts within the scope of the employee's responsibilities.
37	(4) A volunteer firefighter (as defined in IC 36-8-12-2) who is
38	acting for a volunteer fire department.
39	(5) A corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, an
40	unincorporated association, or any other entity recognized by law.
41	(j) "Person", for purposes of IC 34-28-7, means:
12	(1) an individual:



1	(2) a governmental entity;
2	(3) a corporation;
3	(4) a firm;
4	(5) a trust;
5	(6) a partnership; or
6	(7) an incorporated or unincorporated association that exists
7	under or is authorized by the laws of this state, another state, or a
8	foreign country.
9	(k) "Person", for purposes of IC 34-31-9, has the meaning set forth
10	in IC 34-31-9-8.
11	SECTION 6. IC 34-6-2-136 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE MAY 15, 2021]: Sec. 136. (a) "Seller", for
13	purposes of IC 34-12-3.5 and IC 34-51-3-7, means a person that, in
14	the course of business conducted for that purpose, does either of
15	the following:
16	(1) Sells, distributes, rents, leases, prepares, blends, packages,
17	labels, or otherwise is involved in placing a medical device or
18	legend drug into the stream of commerce.
19	(2) Installs, repairs, refurbishes, reconditions, or maintains a
20	medical device.
21	(b) "Seller", for purposes of IC 34-20, means a person engaged in
22	the business of selling or leasing a product for resale, use, or
23	consumption.
24	SECTION 7. IC 34-12-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
25	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	MAY 15, 2021]:
27	Chapter 3.5. Legal Actions Involving Medical Device and
28	Legend Drug Manufacturers and Sellers
29	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to an action that would otherwise
30	accrue for an injury occurring after May 14, 2021.
31	Sec. 2. Except as provided in section 3 of this chapter, a person
32	may not bring or maintain an action against a medical device or
33	legend drug manufacturer or seller for the recovery of damages
34	resulting from, or injunctive relief, abatement, or nuisance relating
35	to, the design, manufacture, marketing, or sale of a medical device
36	or legend drug if any of the following apply:
37	(1) The medical device or legend drug alleged to have caused
38	the harm was designed, manufactured, packaged, labeled,
39	sold, or represented according to the terms of an approval,
40	conditional approval, clearance, license, or similar
41	determination of the United States Food and Drug



Administration.

1	(2) The medical device or legend drug complied with all
2	standards, rules, regulations, orders, or other actions of the
3	United States Food and Drug Administration under statutory
4	authority relevant and material to the event or risk allegedly
5	causing the harm, and the medical device or legend drug
6	complied at the time the medical device or legend drug left the
7	control of the manufacturer or seller.
8	(3) The act or transaction forming the basis of the claim
9	involves contract provisions, representations, or other
10	practices authorized by, or in compliance with, the rules,
11	regulations, standards, orders of, or a statute enforced by the
12	United States Food and Drug Administration.
13	Sec. 3. This chapter may not be construed to prohibit a person
14	from bringing an action against a manufacturer or seller if the
15	claimant establishes that the manufacturer or seller, at any time
16	before the activity or event that allegedly caused the harm, did any
17	of the following:
18	(1) Sold the medical device or legend drug after the effective
19	date of a final order of the United States Food and Drug
20	Administration to:
21	(A) remove the medical device or legend drug from the
22	market;
23	(B) withdraw its approval of the medical device or legend
24	drug; or
25	(C) substantially alter its terms of approval of the medical
26	device or legend drug in a manner that would have avoided
27	the claimant's alleged injury.
28	(2) Intentionally and in violation of applicable regulations as
29	determined by the final action of the United States Food and
30	Drug Administration withheld from or misrepresented to the
31	United States Food and Drug Administration information
32	material to the approval or maintaining of approval of the
33	medical device or legend drug, and the information is relevant
34	to the harm that the claimant allegedly suffered.
35	(3) Made an illegal payment to an official or employee of the
36	United States Food and Drug Administration for the purpose
37	of securing or maintaining approval of the medical device or
38	legend drug.
39	(4) After the medical device or legend drug was sold, was
40	found by the United States Food and Drug Administration to
41	have knowingly violated applicable regulations requiring



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reporting to the United States Food and Drug Administration

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1	of risks of harm, and the unreported information was
2	material and relevant to the harm that the claimant allegedly
3	suffered.
4	For the purposes of subdivisions (1) and (4), a medical device or
5	legend drug is sold when it is delivered or provided to the end user,
6	even if payment for the medical device or legend drug is not made
7	until after the delivery or provision of the medical device or legend
8	drug.
9	Sec. 4. This chapter does not establish a cause of action to
10	redress an injury that was sustained before May 15, 2021.
11	SECTION 8. IC 34-51-3-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
12	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE MAY
13	15, 2021]: Sec. 7. (a) This section applies only to a cause of action
14	that would otherwise accrue for an injury occurring after May 14,
15	2021.
16	(b) A medical device or legend drug manufacturer or seller is
17	not liable for exemplary or punitive damages if any of the following
18	applies:
19	(1) The medical device or legend drug alleged to have caused
20	the harm was designed, manufactured, packaged, labeled,
21	sold, or represented according to the terms of an approval,
22	conditional approval, clearance, license, or similar
23	determination of the United States Food and Drug
24	Administration.
25	(2) The medical device or legend drug complied with all
26	standards, rules, regulations, orders, or other actions of the
27	United States Food and Drug Administration under statutory
28	authority relevant and material to the event or risk allegedly
29	causing the harm, and the medical device or legend drug
30	complied at the time the medical device or legend drug left the
31	control of the manufacturer or seller.
32	(3) The act or transaction forming the basis of the claim
33	involves contract provisions, representations, or other
34	practices authorized by, or in compliance with, the rules,
35	regulations, standards, orders of, or a statute enforced by, the
36	United States Food and Drug Administration.
37	(c) This section does not apply if the claimant establishes that
38	the manufacturer or seller, at any time before the activity or event
39	that allegedly caused the harm, did any of the following:

(1) Sold the medical device or legend drug after the effective

date of a final order of the United States Food and Drug



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Administration to:

1	(A) remove the medical device or legend drug from the
2	market;
3	(B) withdraw its approval of the medical device or legend
4	drug; or
5	(C) substantially alter its terms of approval of the medical
6	device or legend drug in a manner that would have avoided
7	the claimant's alleged injury.
8	(2) Intentionally and in violation of applicable regulations as
9	determined by the final action of the United States Food and
0	Drug Administration, withheld from or misrepresented to the
l 1	United States Food and Drug Administration information
12	material to the approval or maintaining of approval of the
13	medical device or legend drug, and the information is relevant
14	to the harm that the claimant allegedly suffered.
15	(3) Made an illegal payment to an official or employee of the
16	United States Food and Drug Administration for the purpose
17	of securing or maintaining approval of the medical device or
18	legend drug.
9	(4) After the medical device or legend drug was sold, was
20	found by the United States Food and Drug Administration to
21	have knowingly violated applicable regulations requiring
22	reporting to the United States Food and Drug Administration
23	of risks of harm, and the unreported information was
24	material and relevant to the harm that the claimant allegedly
25	suffered.
26	For the purposes of subdivisions (1) and (4), a medical device or
27	legend drug is sold when it is delivered or provided to the end user,
28	even if payment for the medical device or legend drug is not made
29	until after the delivery or provision of the medical device or legend
30	drug.
31	(d) This section may not be construed to do any of the following:
32	(1) Expand the authority of any state agency or state agent to
33	adopt or promulgate rules, standards, or regulations if the
34	authority to do so did not previously exist.
35	(2) Reduce the scope or any limitation on liability based on
36	compliance with the rules or regulations of the United States
37	Food and Drug Administration applicable to a specific act,
38	transaction, person, or industry.
39	(3) Affect the liability of a service provider based on rates
10	filed with and reviewed or approved by the United States
11	Food and Drug Administration.
12	(A) Establish a cause of action to redress an injury that was



(4) Establish a cause of action to redress an injury that was

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- sustained before May 15, 2021. SECTION 9. An emergency is declared for this act.

