

March 1, 2022

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1106

DIGEST OF HB 1106 (Updated February 28, 2022 2:52 pm - DI 87)

Citations Affected: IC 32-24; IC 36-1.

Eminent domain. Makes changes to condemnation proceedings in which appraisers are appointed after December 31, 2022. Requires a city or town to obtain the county executive's approval of a condemnation of property within the unincorporated area of the county, unless the county executive waives review of the condemnation.

Effective: January 1, 2023; July 1, 2023.

Goodrich, Hostettler, Prescott, Moed

(SENATE SPONSORS — BUCK, DORIOT)

January 4, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government. January 20, 2022, amended, reported — Do Pass. January 24, 2022, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed. January 25, 2022, read third time, passed. Yeas 66, nays 24.

SENATE ACTION
February 2, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.
February 24, 2022, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
February 28, 2022, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1106

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning property.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 32-24-1-0.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 0.1. The amendments made to sections 3,
4	8, 9, and 14 of this chapter by this act during the 2022 regular
5	session of the general assembly apply to condemnation proceedings
6	in which appraisers are appointed after December 31, 2022.
7	SECTION 2. IC 32-24-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.84-2016,
8	SECTION 143, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) Any person that may
10	exercise the power of eminent domain for any public use under any
11	statute may exercise the power only in the manner provided in this
12	article, except as otherwise provided by law.
13	(b) Except as provided in subsection (g), before proceeding to
14	condemn, the person:
15	(1) may enter upon any land to examine and survey the property
16	sought to be acquired; and
17	(2) must make an effort to purchase for the use intended the land,



right-of-way, easement, or other interest in the property. In the case of a municipality condemning property within the unincorporated area of the county as provided in IC 32-24-2.5, the municipality may not file a complaint under section 4 of this chapter, unless the municipality's petition for condemnation under IC 32-24-2.5-8 is approved by the county executive. (c) The effort to purchase under subsection (b)(2) must include the following: (1) Establishing a proposed purchase price for the property. (2) Providing the owner of the property with an appraisal or other evidence used to establish the proposed purchase price. (3) Conducting good faith negotiations with the owner of the property.

- (d) If the land or interest in the land, or property or right is owned by a person who is an incapacitated person (as defined in IC 29-3-1-7.5) or less than eighteen (18) years of age, the person seeking to acquire the property may purchase the property from the guardian of the incapacitated person or person less than eighteen (18) years of age. If the purchase is approved by the court appointing the guardian and the approval is written upon the face of the deed, the conveyance of the property purchased and the deed made and approved by the court are valid and binding upon the incapacitated person or persons less than eighteen (18) years of age.
- (e) The deed given, when executed instead of condemnation, conveys only the interest stated in the deed.
- (f) If property is taken by proceedings under this article, the entire fee simple title may be taken and acquired.
- (g) This subsection applies to a public utility (as defined in IC 32-24-1-5.9(a)) section 5.9(a) of this chapter) or a pipeline company (as defined in IC 8-1-22.6-7). If a public utility or a pipeline company seeks to acquire land or an interest in land under this article, the public utility or pipeline company may not enter upon the land to examine or survey the property sought to be acquired unless either of the following occur:
 - (1) The public utility or the pipeline company sends notice by certified mail to the affected landowner (as defined in IC 8-1-22.6-2) of the public utility's or the pipeline company's intention to enter upon the landowner's property for survey purposes. The notice required by this subdivision must be mailed not later than fourteen (14) days before the date of the public utility's or the pipeline company's proposed examination or survey.



1	(2) The public utility or the pipeline company receives the
2	landowner's signed consent to enter the property to perform the
3	proposed examination or survey.
4	An affected landowner may bring an action to enforce this subsection
5	in the circuit court, superior court, or probate court of the county in
6	which the landowner's property is located. A prevailing landowner is
7	entitled to the landowner's actual damages as a result of the public
8	utility's or the pipeline company's violation. In addition, the court may
9	award a prevailing landowner reasonable costs of the action and
10	attorney's fees.
11	SECTION 3. IC 32-24-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.80-2020,
12	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 8. (a) A defendant may object to the
14	proceedings under grounds set forth in this section, or for any other
15	reason disclosed in the complaint or set up in the objections. The
16	court may sustain the objections, if the court makes any of the
17	following determinations:
18	(1) because The court does not have jurisdiction either of the
19	subject matter or of the person.
20	(2) because The plaintiff does not have the right or express
21	statutory authority to exercise the power of eminent domain for
22	the use sought. or
23	(3) This subdivision applies only to a condemnation by a
24	municipality outside of the municipality's corporate
25	boundaries. The court determines that:
26	(A) the written findings of the county executive under
27	IC 32-24-2.5-13 were arbitrary, capricious, or erroneous;
28	(B) the municipality failed to prove by a preponderance of
29	the evidence that:
30	(i) there is a present and urgent necessity for the
31	municipality's exercise of eminent domain;
32	(ii) there is no property within the corporate boundaries
33	of the municipality that is reasonably suitable to be used
34	for the project; and
35	(iii) the property is no more than is necessary for
36	completion of the project; or
37	(C) the municipality failed to prove by a preponderance of
38	the evidence that:
39	(i) the municipality intends to take the property only for
40	a public use and not for any secondary use or for private
41	development; or
42	(ii) the municipality's taking of the property is



1	authorized under IC 32-24-2.5.
2	(3) for any other reason disclosed in the complaint or set up in the
3	objections.
4	(b) Objections under subsection (a) must be:
5	(1) in writing;
6	(2) separately stated and numbered; and
7	(3) filed not later than thirty (30) days after the date the notice
8	required in section 6 of this chapter is served on the defendant.
9	However, the court may extend the period for filing objections by
10	not more than thirty (30) days upon written motion of the
11	defendant.
12	(c) The court may not allow pleadings in the cause other than the
13	complaint, any objections, and the written exceptions provided for in
14	section 11 of this chapter. However, the court may permit amendments
15	to the pleadings.
16	(d) If an a defendant's objection is sustained, the plaintiff may do
17	the following:
18	(1) Amend the complaint. or
19	(2) may Appeal from the decision in the manner that appeals are
20	taken from final judgments in civil actions. All the parties shall
21	take notice and are bound by the judgment in an appeal.
22	(e) If the objections are overruled, the court shall appoint appraisers
23	as provided for in this chapter. Any defendant may appeal the
24	interlocutory order overruling the objections and appointing appraisers
25 26	in the manner that appeals are taken from final judgments in civil
26	actions.
27	(f) All the parties shall take notice of and be bound by the judgment
28	in the appeal.
29	(g) The transcript must be filed in the office of the clerk of the
30	supreme court not later than thirty (30) days after the notice of the
31	defendant's appeal is filed. The appeal does not stay proceedings in the
32	cause.
33	(h) This subsection does not apply to a condemnation action brought
34	by a public utility (as defined in section 5.9(a) of this chapter) or by a
35	pipeline company. Notwithstanding section 14 of this chapter, if an
36	objection:
37	(1) is sustained, and no appeal is filed; or
38	(2) is sustained in the judgment in the appeal;
39	the court shall award the defendant the reasonable costs and attorney's
10	fees incurred for the objection, in an amount not to exceed twenty-five
11 12	thousand dollars (\$25,000).
12	SECTION 4. IC 32-24-1-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 9. (a) Each appraiser shall take an oath that:

- (1) the appraiser has no interest in the matter; and
- (2) the appraiser will honestly and impartially make the assessment.
- (b) After the appraisers are sworn as provided in subsection (a), the judge shall instruct the appraisers as to:
 - (1) their duties as appraisers; and

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- (2) the measure of the damages and benefits, if any, they allow.
- (c) The appraisers shall determine and report all of the following:
 - (1) The fair market value of each parcel of property sought to be acquired and the value of each separate estate or interest in the property.
 - (2) The fair market value of all improvements pertaining to the property, if any, on the portion of the property to be acquired.
 - (3) The damages, if any, to the residue of the property of the owner or owners caused by taking out the part sought to be acquired.
 - (4) The other damages, if any, that will result to any persons from the construction of the improvements in the manner proposed by the plaintiff.
- (d) If the property is sought to be acquired by the state or by a county for a public highway or a municipal corporation for a public use that confers benefits on any property of the owner, the report must also state the benefits that will accrue to each parcel of property, set opposite the description of each parcel of property whether described in the complaint or not.
- (e) Except as provided in subsection (f), in estimating the damages specified in subsection (c), the appraisers may not deduct for any benefits that may result from the improvement.
- (f) In the case of a condemnation by the state or by a county for a public highway or a municipal corporation for public use, the appraisers shall deduct any benefits assessed from the amount of damage allowed, if any, under subsection (c)(3) and (c)(4) and the difference, if any, plus the damages allowed under subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) shall be the amount of the award. However, the damages awarded may not be less than the damages allowed under subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2). In the case of a condemnation taking a fee simple interest in the property, the damages allowed under subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) must be at least one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the fair market value of the property. Upon the trial of exceptions to the award by either party, a like measure of damages



1	must be followed.
2	(g) For the purpose of assessing compensation and damages, the
3	right to compensation and damages is considered to have accrued as of
4	the date of the service of the notice provided in section 6 of this
5	chapter, and actual value of compensation and damages at that date
6	shall be:
7	(1) the measure of compensation for all property to be actually
8	acquired; and
9	(2) the basis of damages to property not actually acquired but
10	injuriously affected;
11	except as to the damages stated in subsection (c)(4).
12	(h) In the case of a condemnation taking a fee simple interest in
13	property, the damages awarded under subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2)
14	must be at least one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the fair
15	market value of the property.
16	SECTION 5. IC 32-24-1-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.163-2006,
17	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 14. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
19	the plaintiff shall pay the costs of the proceedings.
20	(b) If there is a trial, the additional costs caused by the trial shall be
21	paid as ordered by the court. However, if there is a trial and the amount
22	of damages awarded to the defendant by the judgment, exclusive of
23	interest and costs, is greater than the amount specified in the last offer
24	of settlement made by the plaintiff under section 12 of this chapter, the
25	court shall allow the defendant the defendant's litigation expenses,
26	including reasonable attorney's fees, in an amount not to exceed the
27	lesser of:
28	(1) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000); or
29	(2) the fair market value of the defendant's property or easement
30	as determined under this chapter or in the case of a
31	condemnation taking a fee simple interest in property, the
32	amount provided in section 9(f) or 9(h) of this chapter.
33	SECTION 6. IC 32-24-2-0.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
34	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 0.1. The amendments made to sections 8,
36	10, and 16 of this chapter by this act during the 2022 regular
37	session of the general assembly apply only to condemnation
38	proceedings in which appraisers are appointed after December 31,
39	2022.
40	SECTION 7. IC 32-24-2-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.152-2021,

SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),

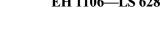


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1	upon the completion of the list, the works board shall award the
2	damages sustained and assess the benefits accruing to each piece of
3	property on the list.
4	(b) This subsection applies only to a condemnation by a
5	municipality under IC 32-24-2.5. Upon completion of the list, the
6	municipality must file a petition for condemnation with the county
7	executive. If the petition is approved by the county executive, the
8	works board may proceed with awarding the damages sustained,
9	assessing the benefits accruing to each piece of property on the list.
10	(b) (c) When the assessments or awards are completed, the works
11	board shall have a written notice served upon the owner of each piece
12	of property, showing the amount of the assessment or award, by:
13	(1) if the owner is a resident of the municipality, leaving a copy
14	of the notice at the owner's last usual place of residence in the
15	municipality or by delivering a copy to the owner personally and
16	mailing a copy of the notice to the owner's address of record; or
17	(2) if the owner is not a resident of the municipality, by sending
18	the notice to the owner's address of record by certified mail.
19	(c) (d) If the owner's residence is unknown, the municipality shall
20	notify the owner by publication once each week for three (3) successive
21	weeks:
22	(1) with each publication of notice in a daily newspaper of general
23	circulation in the municipality; or
24	(2) with the first publication of notice in a newspaper described
25	in subdivision (1) and the two (2) subsequent publications of
26	notice:
27	(A) in accordance with IC 5-3-5; and
28	(B) on the official web site of the municipality.
29	(d) (e) The notices must also name a day, at least thirty (30) days
30	after service of notice or after the last publication, on which the works
31	board will receive or hear remonstrances from owners with regard to:
32	(1) the amount of their respective awards or assessments; and
33	(2) objections to the municipality's right to exercise the power of
34 35	eminent domain for the use sought.
36	(e) (f) Persons not included in the list of the assessments or awards
36	and claiming to be entitled to them are considered to have been notified
31	of the pendency of the proceedings by the original notice of the

(f) (g) The notice required by this section must provide the full text of subsection (d) (e) to provide notice to the property owners of their

right to object to the condemnation and be in substantially the same

form as the notice required under IC 32-24-1-6(a).



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resolution of the works board.

SECTION 8. IC 32-24-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.80-2020,
SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 10. (a) A person notified or considered to be
notified under this chapter may appear before the works board on the
day fixed for hearing remonstrances to:

- (1) awards and assessments and the municipality's right to exercise the power of eminent domain for the use sought and remonstrate in writing against them; or
- (2) awards and assessments, in the case of a condemnation by a municipality under IC 32-24-2.5.
- (b) After the remonstrances have been received, the works board shall either sustain or modify the awards or assessments in the case of remonstrances that have been filed that are based on the amount of the awards or assessments. The works board shall sustain the award or assessment in the case of an award or assessment against which a remonstrance has not been filed.
- (c) This subsection does not apply to a condemnation by a municipality under IC 32-24-2.5. If a person remonstrates in writing an objection to the municipality's right to exercise the power of eminent domain for the use sought, the works board shall consider the remonstrance and confirm, modify, or rescind its original resolution.
- (d) A person remonstrating in writing who is aggrieved by the decision of the works board may, not later than thirty (30) days after the decision is made, take an appeal to a court that has jurisdiction in the county in which the municipality is located. The appeal affects only the assessment or award of the person appealing.
- SECTION 9. IC 32-24-2-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 16. (a) This section applies whenever the works board of a municipality located upon or adjoining a harbor connected with a navigable stream or lake, or upon any navigable channel, slip, waterway, or watercourse, wants to acquire for the use of the municipality any property for a right-of-way for seawalls, docks, or other improvement of the harbor, channel, slip, waterway or watercourse.
- (b) The works board shall adopt a resolution that the municipality wants to acquire the property, describing the property that may be injuriously or beneficially affected. All proceedings necessary for the completion of and payment for any such undertaking, including the approval by the county executive of a petition for condemnation under IC 32-24-2.5, if applicable, notice, remonstrance, appeal, letting of and performance of contracts, assessment and collection of payment for benefits, and the determination and payment of damages



1	to property, are the same, to the extent applicable, as those proceedings
2	for street improvements of the municipality by its works board or other
3	entity charged by statute with the performance of those duties on behalf
4	of the municipality.
5	SECTION 10. IC 32-24-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JANUARY 1, 2023]:
8	Chapter 2.5. Municipal Condemnation of Land in
9	Unincorporated Area
10	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to condemnation proceedings
11	in which appraisers are appointed after December 31, 2022.
12	Sec. 2. Except as provided in section 3 of this chapter, this
13	chapter applies if a municipality seeks to condemn real property:
14	(1) located outside of the municipality's corporate boundaries;
15	and
16	(2) under IC 32-24-1-4, IC 32-24-2, or any other statute.
17	Sec. 3. This chapter does not apply to a condemnation of real
18	property by a municipality for the business of a municipally owned
19	utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1(h)) that:
20	(1) is not under the jurisdiction of the Indiana utility
21	regulatory commission for the approval of rates and charges;
22	or
	(2) provides water or wastewater service, or both, and is
24	under the jurisdiction of the Indiana utility regulatory
23 24 25	commission for the approval of rates and charges with respect
26	to water service.
27	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "county executive" has the
28	meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-5.
29	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "municipality" means a city or
30	a town.
31	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "petition" means a petition for
32	condemnation described in section 8 of this chapter.
33	Sec. 7. (a) A municipality may acquire property by eminent
34	domain that is within the unincorporated area of a county only if
35	the municipality:
36	(1) is expressly authorized by statute to exercise the power of
37	eminent domain outside of the municipality's corporate
38	boundaries; and
39	(2) subject to subsection (b), complies with this chapter.
40	(b) A county executive may adopt a resolution by an affirmative
41	vote of a majority of members that waives review of:
42	(1) all condemnation petitions for the period of time stated in
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1	the resolution, not to exceed a period of one (1) year from the
2	date of the resolution's adoption; or
3	(2) an individual condemnation petition.
4	(c) If a resolution is not in effect when a petition is adopted by
5	the municipality, the county executive may only waive review of
6	the condemnation if a resolution is adopted and in effect not later
7	than ten (10) business days after the petition is filed with the
8	county executive.
9	Sec. 8. (a) A municipality must adopt a petition for
0	condemnation:
l 1	(1) before filing a complaint in condemnation under
12	IC 32-24-1-4 or any other statute; or
13	(2) after the municipality takes final action on a resolution
14	under IC 32-24-2-6 and before conducting a public hearing
15	under IC 32-24-2-10.
16	(b) A petition must:
17	(1) contain a legal description and map of all parcels lying in
8	the unincorporated area of the county that the municipality
19	requires for the same project; and
20	(2) state how the municipality meets the requirements set
21	forth in section 12 of this chapter.
22	Sec. 9. (a) This section applies if the municipality seeks to
23 24	condemn property within the unincorporated area of two (2) or
24	more counties.
25	(b) The executive of each county in which the unincorporated
26	property is located must approve a petition.
27	Sec. 10. The municipality shall file the petition with the county
28	executive. The county executive shall:
29	(1) conduct at least one (1) public hearing on the petition after
30	providing actual notice to the affected landowners; and
31	(2) vote to approve or reject the petition;
32	not later than thirty (30) days after the date the petition is filed.
33	Sec. 11. The county executive shall provide notice of the public
34	hearing by both of the following methods:
35	(1) Notice by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1.
36	(2) Notice:
37	(A) by certified mail, return receipt requested, or any
38	other means of delivery that includes a return receipt; and
39	(B) at least fifteen (15) days before the date of the hearing;
10	to each owner of real property, as shown on the county
11	auditor's current tax list, whose real property the
12	municipality proposes to acquire by condemnation. The



1	municipality shall provide the county executive with the
2	names and addresses of owners of real property to whom
3	notice under this subdivision must be sent. If the county
4	executive complies with this subdivision, the notice is not
5	invalidated if the owner does not receive the notice.
6	Sec. 12. The county executive may approve the petition only if
7	the municipality demonstrates all of the following:
8	(1) There is a present and urgent necessity for the
9	municipality's exercise of eminent domain.
10	(2) There is no property within the corporate boundaries of
11	the municipality that is reasonably suitable to be used for the
12	project.
13	(3) The property is no more than is necessary for completion
14	of the project.
15	Sec. 13. The municipality may proceed with condemnation if at
16	least a majority of the members of the county executive make all of
17	the findings set forth in section 12 of this chapter:
18	(1) in writing; and
19	(2) in the affirmative.
20	Sec. 14. If at least a majority of the members of the county
21	legislative body do not make all of the findings set forth in section
22	12 of this chapter in the affirmative, the municipality may not file
23	a complaint in condemnation under IC 32-24-1-4 or conduct a
24	public hearing under IC 32-24-2-10. The municipality may petition
25	the circuit or superior court for judicial review of the findings of
26	the county executive. The judgment of the court is final and
27	conclusive, unless an appeal is taken as in other civil actions.
28	Sec. 15. (a) This section applies if a municipality does not obtain
29	the approval of the county executive on a petition for
30	condemnation:
31	(1) before filing a complaint in condemnation under
32	IC 32-24-1-4 or any other statute; or
33	(2) after the municipality takes final action on a resolution
34	under IC 32-24-2-6 and before conducting a public hearing
35	under IC 32-24-2-10.
36	(b) A municipality shall be liable for:
37	(1) all reasonable costs, expenses, and attorney's fees incurred
38	by the property owner; and
39	(2) damages equal to:
40	(A) ten percent (10%) of the assessed value of the property,
41	if the owner shows the owner was unable to use the
42	property during the proceedings;



1	(B) any actual damages; and
2	(C) treble damages.
3	The municipality also shall be enjoined from proceeding in eminent
4	domain for a period of five (5) years against the same property.
5	unless the municipality is able to show good cause to proceed and
6	all damages have been paid.
7	SECTION 11. IC 36-1-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.277-2019
8	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b).
10	a unit may acquire by eminent domain or other means, and own
l 1	interests in real and personal property (b) A municipality may exercise
12	the powers in subsection (a), except for the power of eminent domain
13	within four (4) miles outside of its corporate boundaries.
14	(b) A municipality may not exercise the power of eminent domain
15	outside of its corporate boundaries unless a if the municipality:
16	(1) is expressly authorized by statute;
17	expressly provides otherwise. and
18	(2) complies with IC 32-24-2.5.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Local Government, to which was referred House Bill 1106, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 1 through 9 with "[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]".

Page 1, line 6, delete "April 1," and insert "December 31,".

Page 5, line 6, delete "April 1," and insert "December 31,".

Page 7, line 21, delete "April 1," and insert "December 31,".

Page 10, delete line 8.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1106 as introduced.)

MAY

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 3.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Local Government, to which was referred House Bill No. 1106, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, line 3, delete "3" and insert "3, 8, 9, and 14".

Page 1, line 4, delete "and 8".

Page 2, line 6, delete "IC 32-24-2.5-7" and insert "IC 32-24-2.5-8".

Page 3, line 27, delete "IC 32-24-2.5-12" and insert "IC 32-24-2.5-13".

Page 3, line 29, delete "clear and" and insert "a preponderance of the".

Page 3, line 30, delete "convincing".

Page 3, line 38, delete "clear and" and insert "a preponderance of the".

Page 3, line 39, delete "convincing".

Page 4, after line 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 4. IC 32-24-1-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 9. (a) Each appraiser shall take an oath that:

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- (1) the appraiser has no interest in the matter; and
- (2) the appraiser will honestly and impartially make the assessment.
- (b) After the appraisers are sworn as provided in subsection (a), the judge shall instruct the appraisers as to:
 - (1) their duties as appraisers; and
 - (2) the measure of the damages and benefits, if any, they allow.
 - (c) The appraisers shall determine and report all of the following:
 - (1) The fair market value of each parcel of property sought to be acquired and the value of each separate estate or interest in the property.
 - (2) The fair market value of all improvements pertaining to the property, if any, on the portion of the property to be acquired.
 - (3) The damages, if any, to the residue of the property of the owner or owners caused by taking out the part sought to be acquired.
 - (4) The other damages, if any, that will result to any persons from the construction of the improvements in the manner proposed by the plaintiff.
- (d) If the property is sought to be acquired by the state or by a county for a public highway or a municipal corporation for a public use that confers benefits on any property of the owner, the report must also state the benefits that will accrue to each parcel of property, set opposite the description of each parcel of property whether described in the complaint or not.
- (e) Except as provided in subsection (f), in estimating the damages specified in subsection (c), the appraisers may not deduct for any benefits that may result from the improvement.
- (f) In the case of a condemnation by the state or by a county for a public highway or a municipal corporation for public use, the appraisers shall deduct any benefits assessed from the amount of damage allowed, if any, under subsection (c)(3) and (c)(4) and the difference, if any, plus the damages allowed under subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) shall be the amount of the award. However, the damages awarded may not be less than the damages allowed under subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2). In the case of a condemnation taking a fee simple interest in the property, the damages allowed under subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) must be at least one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the fair market value of the property. Upon the trial of exceptions to the award by either party, a like measure of damages must be followed.
 - (g) For the purpose of assessing compensation and damages, the



right to compensation and damages is considered to have accrued as of the date of the service of the notice provided in section 6 of this chapter, and actual value of compensation and damages at that date shall be:

- (1) the measure of compensation for all property to be actually acquired; and
- (2) the basis of damages to property not actually acquired but injuriously affected;

except as to the damages stated in subsection (c)(4).

(h) In the case of a condemnation taking a fee simple interest in property, the damages awarded under subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) must be at least one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the fair market value of the property.

SECTION 5. IC 32-24-1-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.163-2006, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]: Sec. 14. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the plaintiff shall pay the costs of the proceedings.

- (b) If there is a trial, the additional costs caused by the trial shall be paid as ordered by the court. However, if there is a trial and the amount of damages awarded to the defendant by the judgment, exclusive of interest and costs, is greater than the amount specified in the last offer of settlement made by the plaintiff under section 12 of this chapter, the court shall allow the defendant the defendant's litigation expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, in an amount not to exceed the lesser of:
 - (1) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000); or
 - (2) the fair market value of the defendant's property or easement as determined under this chapter or in the case of a condemnation taking a fee simple interest in property, the amount provided in section 9(f) or 9(h) of this chapter."
- Page 7, line 23, delete "This" and insert "Except as provided in section 3 of this chapter, this".
 - Page 7, between lines 27 and 28, begin a new paragraph and insert:
- "Sec. 3. This chapter does not apply to a condemnation of real property by a municipality for the business of a municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1(h)) that:
 - (1) is not under the jurisdiction of the Indiana utility regulatory commission for the approval of rates and charges; or
 - (2) provides water or wastewater service, or both, and is under the jurisdiction of the Indiana utility regulatory commission for the approval of rates and charges with respect



to water service.".

Page 7, line 28, delete "3." and insert "4.".

Page 7, line 30, delete "4." and insert "5.".

Page 7, line 32, delete "5." and insert "6.".

Page 7, line 33, delete "7" and insert "8".

Page 7, line 34, delete "6." and insert "7.".

Page 7, line 41, delete "7." and insert "8.".

Page 8, line 11, delete "11" and insert "12".

Page 8, line 12, delete "8." and insert "9.".

Page 8, line 17, delete "9." and insert "10.".

Page 8, line 23, delete "10." and insert "11.".

Page 8, line 38, delete "11." and insert "12.".

Page 9, line 5, delete "12." and insert "13.".

Page 9, line 7, delete "11" and insert "12".

Page 9, line 10, delete "13." and insert "14.".

Page 9, line 12, delete "11" and insert "12".

Page 9, line 18, delete "14." and insert "15.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1106 as printed January 20, 2022.)

BUCK, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 6, Nays 4.

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1106 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, line 6, delete "approved." and insert "approved by the county executive.".

Page 3, line 26, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 7, line 7, delete "the county" and insert "the county executive. If the petition is approved by the county executive, the works board may proceed with awarding the damages sustained, assessing the benefits accruing to each piece of property on the list.".

Page 7, delete lines 8 through 11.

Page 8, line 41, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 9, line 29, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".



Page 9, line 30, delete "IC 36-1-2-9." and insert "IC 36-1-2-5.".

Page 10, line 16, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 10, delete line 19, and insert "executive. The county executive shall:".

Page 10, line 24, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 10, line 34, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 10, line 37, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 10, line 39, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 11, line 7, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 11, line 17, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 11, line 20, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

(Reference is to EHB 1106 as printed February 25, 2022.)

NIEMEYER

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1106 be amended to read as follows:

Page 9, delete lines 35 through 41, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "Sec. 7. (a) A municipality may acquire property by eminent domain that is within the unincorporated area of a county only if the municipality:
 - (1) is expressly authorized by statute to exercise the power of eminent domain outside of the municipality's corporate boundaries; and
 - (2) subject to subsection (b), complies with this chapter.
- (b) A county executive may adopt a resolution by an affirmative vote of a majority of members that waives review of:
 - (1) all condemnation petitions for the period of time stated in the resolution, not to exceed a period of one (1) year from the date of the resolution's adoption; or
 - (2) an individual condemnation petition.



(c) If a resolution is not in effect when a petition is adopted by the municipality, the county executive may only waive review of the condemnation if a resolution is adopted and in effect not later than ten (10) business days after the petition is filed with the county executive."

(Reference is to EHB 1106 as printed February 25, 2022.)

BOEHNLEIN

