



DIGEST OF HB 1091 (Updated February 25, 2020 3:55 pm - DI 110)

Citations Affected: IC 20-19; IC 20-24; IC 20-25.7; IC 20-26; IC 21-14; IC 31-34; IC 31-37.

Synopsis: Education benefits relating to military service. Provides that a student meets the residency requirements for enrollment at a public school if a parent of the student: (1) is transferred to or is pending transfer to a military installation within Indiana while on active duty pursuant to an official military order; and (2) submits to the public school certain information, including official documentation, as determined by the state board of education, regarding the transfer or (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2020.

Cook, Lindauer, Judy, Bartels, **DeLaney**

(SENATE SPONSORS — KRUSE, RAATZ, CRANE, MRVAN, DONATO, LEISING, ROGERS, BUCHANAN, SANDLIN, MELTON, SPARTZ, RANDOLPH LONNIE M)

January 7, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Education. January 16, 2020, amended, reported — Do Pass. January 21, 2020, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed. January 23, 2020, read third time, passed. Yeas 96, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION

February 5, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Education and Career Development.

February 20, 2020, reported favorably — Do Pass.

February 25, 2020, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Digest Continued

pending transfer. Provides that the student is considered to have legal settlement in the attendance area of the school corporation in which the parent: (1) has submitted the required application and documentation; and (2) intends to reside. Requires a parent who is transferred to or is pending transfer to a military installation within Indiana to provide proof of residence to the public school not later than 10 instructional days after the arrival date provided on the required documentation. Provides that if the parent of the student fails to provide the proof of residence, the public school may exclude the student from attendance pending an expulsion proceeding. Makes the following changes to provisions concerning resident tuition rate eligibility for active duty armed forces personnel and dependents of active duty armed forces personnel: (1) Defines "dependent". (2) Amends the definition of "qualified course". (3) Provides that spouses of active duty armed forces personnel are eligible for the resident tuition rate. (4) Provides that spouses and dependents of active duty armed forces personnel are eligible, from the date that the state educational institution accepts the spouse or dependent for enrollment, for the resident tuition rate if the spouse or dependent enrolls in the state educational institution within a certain amount of time. (5) Provides that a dependent or spouse of a person who serves on active duty in the armed forces is eligible for the resident tuition rate for the duration of the spouse's or dependent's continuous enrollment at a state educational institution regardless of whether the person serving on active duty continues, after the spouse or dependent is accepted for enrollment in the state educational institution, to satisfy certain resident rate tuition eligibility criteria.



Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1091

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 20-19-9-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.211-2019,
SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. Except as provided under IC 20-26-19, a
school corporation that operates a virtual education program may not
enroll a student unless the student is an Indiana resident. If the school
corporation that operates a virtual education program is unable to
verify that a student who attends the school corporation's virtual
education program is an Indiana resident, the school corporation must
pay back to the department the state tuition support distribution in an
amount determined by the department that the school corporation
received for that student.
SECTION 2 IC 20-24-5-4.5 AS ADDED BY P.I. 159-2019

SECTION 2. IC 20-24-5-4.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.159-2019, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4.5. (a) A virtual charter school shall establish and implement an annual onboarding process and orientation for virtual

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- (c) An authorizer shall review and monitor whether a virtual charter school that is authorized by the authorizer complies with the
- (d) An individual who is employed as a licensed teacher at a virtual charter school must comply with any mandatory licensed teacher training that is required under this title.
- (e) A virtual charter school must require that if a student who attends a virtual charter school accumulates the number of unexcused absences sufficient to result in the student's classification as a habitual truant (as described in IC 20-20-8-8(a)(17)), the student must be withdrawn from enrollment in the virtual charter school.
- (f) Except as provided in IC 20-26-19, a virtual charter school may not enroll a student unless the student is an Indiana resident. If the virtual charter school is unable to verify that a student who attends the virtual charter school is an Indiana resident, the virtual charter school must pay back to the department the state tuition support distribution in an amount determined by the department that the virtual charter school received for that student.

SECTION 3. IC 20-24-8-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.169-2005, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) A charter school may not do the following:

- (1) Operate at a site or for grades other than as specified in the charter.
- (2) Charge tuition to any student residing within the school corporation's geographic boundaries. However, a charter school may charge tuition for:
 - (A) a preschool program, unless charging tuition for the



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1	preschool program is barred under federal law; or
2	(B) a latch key program;
3	if the charter school provides those programs.
4	(3) Except as provided under IC 20-26-19 and except for a
5	foreign exchange student who is not a United States citizen, enroll
6	a student who is not a resident of Indiana.
7	(4) Be located in a private residence.
8	(5) Provide solely home based instruction.
9	(b) A charter school is not prohibited from delivering instructional
10	services:
11	(1) through the Internet or another online arrangement; or
12	(2) in any manner by computer;
13	if the instructional services are provided to students enrolled in the
14	charter school in a manner that complies with any procedures adopted
15	by the department concerning online and computer instruction in public
16	schools.
17	SECTION 4. IC 20-25.7-4-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.214-2015,
18	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 9. (a) Any student who lives in the attendance area
20	served by a school that is operated as an innovation network school
21	under this chapter may attend the innovation network school. The
22	innovation network school may not refuse enrollment to a student who
23	lives in the attendance area or a student described in IC 20-26-19-5.
24	(b) This subsection applies if the number of applications for a
25	program, class, grade level, or building exceeds the capacity of the
26	program, class, grade level, or building. If an innovation network
27	school receives a greater number of applications than there are spaces
28	for students, each timely applicant must be given an equal chance of
29	admission.
30	SECTION 5. IC 20-26-11-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2006,
31	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter with respect to legal
33	settlement, transfers, and the payment of tuition, the words "residence",
34	"resides", or other comparable language means a permanent and
35	principal habitation that an individual uses for a home for a fixed or
36	indefinite period, at which the individual remains when not called
37	elsewhere for work, studies, recreation, or other temporary or special
38	purpose. These terms are not synonymous with legal domicile. Except
39	as provided in section $\frac{2(3)}{2(a)(3)}$ of this chapter, where a court order
40	grants an individual custody of a student, the residence of the student

SECTION 6. IC 20-26-11-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2006,



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is where that individual resides.

1	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the
3	legal settlement of a student is governed by the following provisions:
4	(1) If the student:
5	(A) is less than eighteen (18) years of age; or
6	(B) is at least eighteen (18) years of age but is not
7	emancipated;
8	the legal settlement of the student is in the attendance area of the
9	school corporation where the student's parents reside.
10	(2) If the student's mother and father, in a situation to which
11	subdivision (1) otherwise applies, are divorced or separated, the
12	legal settlement of the student is the school corporation whose
13	attendance area contains the residence of the parent with whom
14	the student is living, in the following situations:
15	(A) If a court order has not been made establishing the custody
16	of the student.
17	(B) Except as provided in subdivision (3), if both parents have
18	agreed on the parent or person with whom the student will
19	live.
20	(C) If the parent granted custody of the student has abandoned
21	the student.
22 23 24	In the event of a dispute between the parents of the student, or
23	between the parents and a student at least eighteen (18) years of
24	age, the legal settlement of the student shall be determined as
25	otherwise provided in this section.
25 26 27	(3) If, in a situation in which subdivision (1) otherwise applies,
	the student's mother and father are divorced or separated, and if
28	a court order grants the student's:
29	(A) mother;
30	(B) father; or
31	(C) both mother and father;
32	custody of the student, the legal settlement of the student is the
33	school corporation whose attendance area contains the residence
34	of the mother or father, as elected under section 2.5(a) of this
35	chapter. If the custodial parent (or the student, if at least eighteen
36	(18) years of age) does not make an election under section 2.5(a)
37	of this chapter, the legal settlement of the student is the school
38	corporation whose attendance area contains the residence of the
39	parent granted physical custody by the court order.
10	(4) If the legal settlement of a student, in a situation to which
1 1	subdivision (1) otherwise applies, cannot reasonably be
12	determined and the student is being supported by, cared for by,



and living with some other individual, the legal settlement of the
student is in the attendance area of that individual's residence,
except where the parents of the student are able to support the
student but have placed the student in the home of another
individual, or allowed the student to live with another individual,
primarily for the purpose of attending school in the attendance
area where the other individual resides. The school may, if the
facts are in dispute, condition acceptance of the student's legal
settlement on the appointment of that individual as legal guardian
or custodian of the student, and the date of legal settlement will
be fixed to coincide with the commencement of the proceedings
for the appointment of a guardian or custodian. However, if a
student does not reside with the student's parents because the
student's parents are unable to support the child and the child is
not residing with an individual other than a parent primarily to
attend a particular school, the student's legal settlement is where
the student resides, and the establishment of a legal guardianship
may not be required by the school. In addition, a legal
guardianship or custodianship established solely to attend school
in a particular school corporation does not affect the
determination of the legal settlement of the student under this
chapter.

- (5) If a student, to whom subdivision (1) would otherwise apply, is married and living with a spouse, the legal settlement of that student is in the attendance area of the school corporation where the student and the student's spouse reside.
- (6) If the student's parents:
 - (A) are living outside the United States due to educational pursuits or a job assignment;
 - (B) do not maintain a permanent home in any school corporation in the United States; and
- (C) have placed the student in the home of another individual; the legal settlement of the student is in the attendance area where the other individual resides.
- (7) If the student is emancipated, the legal settlement is the attendance area of the school corporation of the student's residence.
- (8) If a student's legal settlement is changed after the student has begun attending school in a school corporation in any school year, the effective date of change may:
 - (A) at the election of:
- (i) the parent;



1	(ii) the student, if the student is at least eighteen (18) years
2	of age; or
3	(iii) a juvenile court conducting a proceeding under
4	IC 31-34-20-5, IC 31-34-21-10, IC 31-37-19-26, or
5	IC 31-37-20-6 (or IC 31-6-4-18.5 before its repeal);
6	be extended until the end of that semester; or
7	(B) at the discretion of the school, until the end of that school
8	year.
9	However, that election, where a student has completed grade 11
10	in any school year, shall extend to the end of the following school
11	year in grade 12.
12	(9) If a juvenile court has:
13	(A) made findings of fact concerning the legal settlement of a
14	student under IC 31-34-20-5, IC 31-34-21-10, IC 31-37-19-26,
15	or IC 31-37-20-6 (or IC 31-6-4-18.5 before its repeal); and
16	(B) jurisdiction over the student under IC 31-34 or IC 31-37;
17	the legal settlement of the student is the attendance area specified
18	as the legal settlement in the latest findings of fact issued by the
19	juvenile court.
20	(b) This subsection applies to a student described in
	IC 20-26-19-5. A student is considered, from the date that the
21 22	parent (as defined in IC 20-26-19-3) of the student submits the
23	application and documentation required under IC 20-26-19-5(2)
23 24	until the date that the parent provides proof of residence by the
25	date required under IC 20-26-19-7, to have legal settlement in the
26	attendance area of the school corporation in which the parent:
27	(1) has submitted the application and documentation required
28	under IC 20-26-19-5(2); and
29	(2) intends to reside.
30	SECTION 7. IC 20-26-11-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2015,
31	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2.5. (a) In the case of a student described in
33	section $\frac{2(3)}{2(a)(3)}$ of this chapter, the:
34	(1) parent granted physical custody by a court; or
35	(2) student, if the student is at least eighteen (18) years of age;
36	may elect for the student to have legal settlement in the school
37	corporation whose attendance area contains the residence of the
38	student's mother or the school corporation whose attendance area
39	contains the residence of the student's father.
40	(b) An election under subsection (a) shall be made on a yearly basis

and applies throughout the school year unless the student's parent no longer resides within the attendance area of the school corporation.



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(c) The parent or student who makes an election under subsection (a) is not required to pay transfer tuition.

SECTION 8. IC 20-26-11-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2006, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. The state superintendent shall prepare the form of agreement to be used under section $\frac{2(2)}{2(a)(2)}$ of this chapter and a form to be executed by any individual with whom the student is living under section $\frac{2(2)}{2}$, 2(a)(2), $\frac{2(3)}{2}$, 2(a)(3), $\frac{2(4)}{2}$, 2(a)(4), or $\frac{2(6)}{2}$, 2(a)(6)of this chapter. The execution of the form by the individual and its continuance in force is a condition to the application of section $\frac{2(2)}{2}$, $2(a)(2), \frac{2(3)}{2}, 2(a)(3), \frac{2(4)}{2}, 2(a)(4), \text{ or } \frac{2(6)}{2}, 2(a)(6) \text{ of this chapter.}$ The form must contain an agreement of the individual that the individual shall, with respect to dealing with the school corporation and for all other purposes under this article, assume all the duties and be subject to all the liabilities of a parent of the student in the same manner as if the individual were the student's parent. On the execution of that form and for as long as it remains in force, the individual has these duties and liabilities.

SECTION 9. IC 20-26-19 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]:

Chapter 19. Temporary Exception to Residency Requirements Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "active duty" means full-time service in:

- (1) the armed forces of the United States; or
- (2) the national guard;

for a period that exceeds thirty (30) consecutive days in a calendar year.

- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "military installation" means a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other installation under the jurisdiction of the United Stated Department of Defense or the United States Coast Guard.
 - Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "parent" means the following:
 - (1) A parent (as defined in IC 20-18-2-13).
 - (2) A stepparent of a child with whom a parent (as defined in IC 20-18-2-13) resides.
- Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "public school" means a:
 - (1) school maintained by a school corporation; or
 - (2) charter school.
- Sec. 5. Notwithstanding any other law, a student meets the residency requirements for enrollment at a public school in Indiana if the parent of the student meets the following:



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1	(1) The parent is transferred to or is pending transfer to a
2	military installation within Indiana while on active duty
3	pursuant to an official military order.
4	(2) The parent submits to the public school:
5	(A) an application, as determined by the public school, for
6	enrollment in the public school; and
7	(B) documentation, as determined by the state board,
8	regarding the transfer or pending transfer.
9	(3) If the parent is submitting an application described in
10	subdivision (2)(A) to a public school maintained by a school
11	corporation, the parent intends to reside in the attendance
12	area of the school corporation.
13	Sec. 6. In addition to any other means by which a public school
14	accepts an application for enrollment of a student or registration
15	in a course by a student, a public school shall accept an application
16	for enrollment and course registration, as applicable, by electronic
17	means for a student described in section 5 of this chapter.
18	Sec. 7. (a) A parent of a student described in section 5 of this
19	chapter shall provide proof of residence to the public school not
20	later than ten (10) instructional days after the arrival date
21	provided on the documentation described in section 5(2)(B) of this
22	chapter.
23	(b) A parent may use the address of any of the following as
24	proof of residence for purposes of this section:
25	(1) A temporary on base billeting facility.
26	(2) A purchased or leased home or apartment.
27	(3) Any federal government housing or off base military
28	housing, including off base military housing that is provided
29	through a public-private venture.
30	(c) If a parent of a student fails to provide proof of residence to
31	a public school in accordance with subsection (a), the public school
32	may exclude the student from attendance pending an expulsion
33	proceeding.
34	Sec. 8. The state board:
35	(1) shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 regarding the
36	documentation required under section $5(2)(B)$ of this chapter;
37	and
38	(2) may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to otherwise implement
39	this chapter.
40	SECTION 10. IC 21-14-9-0.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
41	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 0.3. As used in this chapter,



1	"dependent" means:
2	(1) a biological child, adopted child, or stepchild of a person
3	described in section 1 of this chapter; or
4	(2) an individual whose legal guardian is a person described
5	in section 1 of this chapter.
6	SECTION 11. IC 21-14-9-0.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.11-2015,
7	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 0.5. As used in this chapter, "qualified course"
9	includes a course prescribed by a state educational institution to obtain
10	a graduate degree. means a course prescribed by a state educational
11	institution to obtain an undergraduate degree or graduate degree.
12	SECTION 12. IC 21-14-9-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.144-2007,
13	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) If a spouse or dependent of a person
15	described in section 1 of this chapter is accepted for enrollment by a
16	state educational institution, the spouse or dependent is eligible,
17	from the date that the spouse or dependent is accepted for
18	enrollment in the state educational institution, to pay the resident
19	tuition rate determined by the state educational institution if the spouse
20	or dependent enrolls in the state educational institution by the
21	earlier of the following:
22	(1) The deadline for enrollment by the spouse or dependent as
23	established by the state educational institution.
24	(2) Twelve (12) months after the date that the state
25	educational institution accepts the spouse or dependent for
26	enrollment.
27	(b) A spouse or dependent described in subsection (a) is eligible
28	to pay the resident tuition rate determined by the state educational
29	institution for qualified courses taken by the spouse or dependent for
30	the duration of the spouse's or dependent's continuous enrollment at
31	the state educational institution, as determined by the state
32	educational institution, regardless of whether the person described
33	in section 1 of this chapter continues, after the spouse or dependent
34	is accepted for enrollment as described in subsection (a), to satisfy
35	the criteria set forth in section 1 of this chapter.
36	SECTION 13. IC 31-34-20-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2012,
37	SECTION 57, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) This section applies if the department or a
39	juvenile court:
40	(1) places a child;
41	(2) changes the placement of a child; or
42	(3) reviews the implementation of a decree under IC 31-34-21 of



1	a child placed;
2	in a state licensed private or public health care facility, child care
3	facility, foster family home, or the home of a relative or other
4	unlicensed caretaker.
5	(b) The juvenile court shall do the following:
6	(1) Make findings of fact concerning the legal settlement of the
7	child.
8	(2) Apply IC 20-26-11-2(1) IC 20-26-11-2(a)(1) through
9	IC 20-26-11-2(8) IC 20-26-11-2(a)(8) to determine where the
10	child has legal settlement.
11	(3) Include the findings of fact required by this section in:
12	(A) the dispositional order;
13	(B) the modification order; or
14	(C) the other decree;
15	making or changing the placement of the child.
16	(c) The juvenile court may determine that the legal settlement of the
17	child is in the school corporation in which the child will attend schoo
18	under IC 20-26-11-8(d).
19	(d) The juvenile court shall comply with the reporting requirements
20	under IC 20-26-11-9 concerning the legal settlement of the child.
21	(e) The department or a juvenile court may place a child in a public
22	school, regardless of whether the public school has a waiting list for
23	admissions, if the department or juvenile court determines that the
24	school's program meets the child's educational needs and the schoo
25	agrees to the placement. A placement under this subsection does no
26	affect the legal settlement of the child.
27	SECTION 14. IC 31-37-19-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2012
28	SECTION 58, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 26. (a) This section applies if a juvenile court:
30	(1) places a child;
31	(2) changes the placement of a child; or
32	(3) reviews the implementation of a decree under IC 31-37-20 (or
33	IC 31-6-4-19 before its repeal) of a child placed;
34	in a state licensed private or public health care facility, child care
35	facility, foster family home, or the home of a relative or other
36	unlicensed caretaker.
37	(b) The juvenile court shall do the following:
38	(1) Make findings of fact concerning the legal settlement of the
39	child.
40	(2) Apply IC 20-26-11-2(1) IC 20-26-11-2(a)(1) through
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42	child has legal settlement.



1	(3) Include the findings of fact required by this section in the:
2	(A) dispositional order;
3	(B) modification order; or
4	(C) other decree;
5	making or changing the placement of the child.
6	(c) The juvenile court may determine that the legal settlement of the
7	child is in the school corporation in which the child will attend school
8	under IC 20-26-11-8(d).
9	(d) The juvenile court shall comply with the reporting requirements
10	under IC 20-26-11-9 concerning the legal settlement of the child.
11	(e) The juvenile court may place a child in a public school,
12	regardless of whether the public school has a waiting list for
13	admissions, if the court determines that the school's program meets the
14	child's educational needs and the school agrees to the placement. A

placement under this subsection does not affect the legal settlement of



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the child.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Education, to which was referred House Bill 1091, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 9, line 24, after "institution" insert ", as determined by the state educational institution,".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1091 as introduced.)

BEHNING

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Education and Career Development, to which was referred House Bill No. 1091, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is to HB 1091 as printed January 17, 2020.)

RAATZ, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 13, Nays 0

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1091 be amended to read as follows:

Page 8, delete lines 36 through 40, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 10. IC 21-14-9-0.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: **Sec. 0.3. As used in this chapter,** "dependent" means:

(1) a biological child, adopted child, or stepchild of a person

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described in section 1 of this chapter; or

(2) an individual whose legal guardian is a person described in section 1 of this chapter.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to EHB 1091 as printed February 21, 2020.)

YOUNG M

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1091 be amended to read as follows:

Page 3, line 23, delete "IC 20-26-19-4." and insert "IC 20-26-19-5.".

Page 6, line 21, delete "IC 20-26-19-4." and insert "IC 20-26-19-5.".

Page 6, line 22, after "parent" insert "(as defined in IC 20-26-19-3)".

Page 6, line 23, delete "IC 20-26-19-4(2)" and insert "IC 20-26-19-5(2)".

Page 6, line 25, delete "IC 20-26-19-6," and insert "IC 20-26-19-7,". Page 6, line 28, delete "IC 20-26-19-4(2);" and insert "IC 20-26-19-5(2);".

Page 7, between lines 32 and 33, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "parent" means the following:

- (1) A parent (as defined in IC 20-18-2-13).
- (2) A stepparent of a child with whom a parent (as defined in IC 20-18-2-13) resides.".

Page 7, line 33, delete "3." and insert "4.".

Page 7, line 36, delete "4." and insert "5.".

Page 8, line 9, delete "5." and insert "6.".

Page 8, line 13, delete "4" and insert "5".

Page 8, line 14, delete "6." and insert "7.".

Page 8, line 14, delete "4" and insert "5".

Page 8, line 17, delete "4(2)(B)" and insert "5(2)(B)".

Page 8, line 30, delete "7." and insert "8.".

Page 8, line 32, delete "4(2)(B)" and insert "5(2)(B)".

(Reference is to EHB 1091 as printed February 21, 2020.)

YOUNG M

