HOUSE BILL No. 1078

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1-48.

Synopsis: Property tax relief. Permits the Marion County city-county council to establish a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program. After 2021, permits other counties, cities, and towns to establish the program. The program provides an assessed value deduction for longtime owner-occupants of homesteads having an assessed value of less than \$125,000 in designated areas. Specifies various conditions for the program. Allows a local unit to include additional requirements for the program. Provides a penalty for wrongly receiving the deduction that is the same as the penalty for wrongly receiving the homestead standard deduction.

Effective: July 1, 2018.

Pryor, Porter, Forestal

January 3, 2018, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.



Second Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2018)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2017 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1078

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-48 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2018]:
4	Chapter 48. Neighborhood Enhancement Property Tax Relief
5	Program
6	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "designated area" refers to the
7	geographic territory designated under section 8 of this chapter.
8	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "enhancement base value" means
9	the net assessed value for a qualified homestead on the assessment
10	date immediately preceding the assessment date to which the
11	deduction under this chapter is first being applied to that qualified
12	homestead.
13	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "homestead" refers to a
14	homestead that has been granted a standard deduction under
15	IC 6-1.1-12-37. However, the term does not include a residence that
16	the individual is entitled to occupy as a tenant-stockholder (as

defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) of a cooperative housing corporation (as



1	defined in 26 U.S.C. 216).
2	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "longtime owner-occupant"
3	means any individual who has, or joint property owners who all
4	have, owned and occupied the same homestead as a principal
5	residence and domicile for at least the immediately preceding ten
6	(10) annual assessment dates before the assessment date to which
7	the neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program first
8	applies.
9	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "qualified homestead" means a
10	homestead that:
11	(1) is located in a designated area;
12	(2) is owned by a longtime owner-occupant; and
13	(3) has a gross assessed value of not more than one hundred
14	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000) on the assessment
15	date of the year before the year the neighborhood
16	enhancement property tax relief program first applies.
17	Sec. 6. (a) The city-county council in a county having a
18	consolidated city may adopt an ordinance or a resolution to
19	establish a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program
20	providing for a real property assessed value deduction to owners
21	of qualified homesteads in designated areas. The designated area
22	may only be within the territorial jurisdiction of the city.
23	(b) After 2021, a board of county commissioners in a county not
24	having a consolidated city, a county council, a city common council,
25	or a town council may adopt an ordinance or a resolution to
26	establish a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program
27	providing for a real property assessed value deduction to owners
28	of qualified homesteads in designated areas. A board of county
29	commissioners or a county council may designate an area only
30	within the unincorporated area of the county. For a city or town,
31	the designated area may only be within the territorial jurisdiction
32	of the city or town.
33	Sec. 7. (a) The deduction first applies to the assessment date in
34	the year the homestead becomes a qualified homestead under the
35	program for property taxes first due and payable in the following
36	year.
37	(b) The amount of the deduction for a qualified homestead is
38	determined as follows:
39	STEP ONE: Determine:
40	(A) the net assessed value for the qualified homestead for
41	the assessment date before anniving the deduction for that

assessment date; minus



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1	(B) that part of the assessed value that is:
2	(i) attributable to additions to the qualified homestead or
3	parcel; and
4	(ii) being included in the gross assessed value of the
5	qualified homestead since the assessment date that was
6	used to determine the enhancement base value.
7	STEP TWO: Determine:
8	(A) the enhancement base value for the qualified
9	homestead; multiplied by
10	(B) the sum of:
11	(i) one hundred three percent (103%); plus
12	(ii) three percent (3%) for each year after the first year
13	the deduction is applied.
14	STEP THREE: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the
15	following:
16	(A) the STEP ONE amount; minus
17	(B) the STEP TWO amount.
18	(c) Before adopting an ordinance or a resolution that proposes
19	to establish a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief
20	program, the adopting body shall conduct a public hearing in
21	compliance with IC 5-14-1.5 on the proposed ordinance or
22	resolution.
23	Sec. 8. (a) The ordinance or resolution establishing a
24	neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program must
25	include a boundary description of each designated area in which a
26	homestead is eligible to be a qualified homestead.
27	(b) The area must be a long established residential area with
28	deteriorated, vacant, or abandoned residences and properties
29	where homestead values are expected to rise markedly as a
30	consequence of the refurbishing or renovating of deteriorating
31	residences in the area or the construction of new residences in the
32	area.
33	(c) An area must include at least five (5) homesteads.
34	(d) Not more than five percent (5%) of the geographic territory
35	of the city may be included in all those areas designated under the
36	program.
37	Sec. 9. The ordinance or resolution establishing a neighborhood
38	enhancement property tax relief program may include additional
39	requirements for an owner or homestead to qualify for the
40	program. The additional requirements must be the same for all
41	designated areas. The ordinance or resolution may include the
42	following:



- (1) A maximum geographic territory for all designated areas that is less than the maximum area otherwise specified in this chapter.
 - (2) A maximum net assessed value for a homestead to qualify under the program that is less than the maximum assessed value otherwise specified in this chapter.
 - (3) A minimum number of homesteads that must be located in an area that is greater than the minimum number of homesteads otherwise specified in this chapter.
 - (4) Allowing an individual to be considered a longtime owner-occupant who did not own the homestead for the ten (10) annual assessment dates immediately preceding the assessment date to which the program first applies but who owned the homestead for the ten (10) annual assessment dates immediately preceding the assessment date the deduction would first apply to that owner. Notwithstanding section 10 of this chapter, a condition adopted under this subdivision may include an application requirement for such an individual to qualify for the deduction.
 - (5) Any other provision not inconsistent with this chapter. However, a program may not include the income of the owner as a condition for having a qualified homestead.
 - Sec. 10. (a) If a neighborhood enhancement property tax relief program is established under this chapter, the county assessor shall provide to the county auditor and county treasurer a list by parcel number of the qualified homesteads in each designated area, and the county shall apply the assessed value deduction to each qualified homestead. The auditor of the county shall record and make the deduction for the person qualifying for the deduction. Except as provided in section 9 of this chapter, an owner of a qualified homestead is not required to apply to receive the deduction provided by the program.
 - (b) Each qualified homestead is eligible for only one (1) deduction under this chapter regardless of the number of owners of the homestead. If the ownership of a qualified homestead changes, the county auditor shall remove the designation as a qualified homestead and remove the deduction effective on the assessment date in that year.
 - (c) The county auditor shall, in a particular year, apply the deduction provided under this chapter to the qualified homestead that received the deduction in the preceding year unless the county auditor determines that the homestead is no longer a qualified



1	homestead.
2	Sec. 11. (a) If an individual who is receiving the deduction
3	provided by this chapter:
4	(1) knows or should have known that the individual does not
5	qualify for the deduction under this chapter; or
6	(2) changes the use of the individual's property so that part or
7	all of the property no longer qualifies for the deduction under
8	this chapter;
9	the individual must file a certified statement with the county
10	auditor, notifying the county auditor that subdivision (1) or (2)
11	applies, not more than sixty (60) days after the date subdivision (1)
12	or (2) first applies.
13	(b) An individual who fails to file the statement required by this
14	section is liable for any additional taxes that would have been due
15	on the property if the individual had filed the statement as
16	required by this section, plus a civil penalty equal to ten percent
17	(10%) of the additional taxes due. The additional taxes owed plus
18	the civil penalty become part of the property tax liability for
19	purposes of this article.
20	(c) The civil penalty imposed under this section is in addition to
21	any interest and penalties for a delinquent payment that might
22	otherwise be due. One percent (1%) of the total civil penalty
23	collected under this section shall be transferred by the county to
24	the department of local government finance for use by the
25	department in establishing and maintaining the homestead
26	property data base under IC 6-1.1-12-37(i) and, to the extent there
27	is money remaining, for any other purposes of the department.

