HOUSE BILL No. 1061

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 16-41-17.5.

Synopsis: Lyme disease information. Requires a health care provider or health care provider's designee who orders a laboratory test for the presence of Lyme disease to provide the patient or the patient's legal representative with certain written information concerning Lyme disease.

Effective: July 1, 2017.

Shackleford

January 4, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.



First Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1061

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

| 1 | CECTION 1 10 17 41 17 5 10 ADDED TO THE DIDLAND CODE |
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| 1 | SECTION 1. IC 16-41-17.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE |
| 2 | AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE |
| 3 | JULY 1, 2017]: |
| 4 | Chapter 17.5. Prevention and Treatment Programs: Lyme |
| 5 | Disease Testing Information Disclosure |
| 6 | Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "Lyme disease" means an |
| 7 | infection commonly: |
| 8 | (1) transmitted by a tick; and |
| 9 | (2) caused by the Borrelia burgdorferi, Borrelia mayonii, |
| 0 | Borrelia afzelii, or Borrelia garinii bacteria. |
| 1 | Sec. 2. A health care provider or health care provider's designee |
| 2 | who orders a laboratory test for the presence of Lyme disease shall |
| 3 | provide the patient or the patient's legal representative with the |
| 4 | following written information: |
| 5 | ACCORDING TO THE CENTERS FOR DISEASE |
| 6 | CONTROL AND PREVENTION, AS OF 2011, LYME |
| 7 | DISEASE IS THE SIXTH FASTEST GROWING DISEASE |
| | |



1

2017

| 1 | IN THE UNITED STATES. |
|----|---|
| 2 | YOUR HEALTH CARE PROVIDER HAS ORDERED A |
| 3 | LABORATORY TEST FOR THE PRESENCE OF LYME |
| 4 | DISEASE FOR YOU. CURRENT LABORATORY TESTING |
| 5 | FOR LYME DISEASE CAN BE PROBLEMATIC, AND |
| 6 | STANDARD LABORATORY TESTS OFTEN RESULT IN |
| 7 | FALSE NEGATIVE AND FALSE POSITIVE RESULTS; IF |
| 8 | A TEST IS PERFORMED TOO EARLY, YOU MAY NOT |
| 9 | HAVE PRODUCED ENOUGH ANTIBODIES TO BE |
| 10 | CONSIDERED POSITIVE BECAUSE YOUR IMMUNE |
| 11 | RESPONSE REQUIRES TIME TO DEVELOP |
| 12 | ANTIBODIES. |
| 13 | IF YOU ARE TESTED FOR LYME DISEASE AND THE |
| 14 | RESULTS ARE NEGATIVE, THIS DOES NOT |
| 15 | NECESSARILY MEAN YOU DO NOT HAVE LYME |
| 16 | DISEASE. IF YOU CONTINUE TO EXPERIENCE |
| 17 | SYMPTOMS, YOU SHOULD CONTACT YOUR HEALTH |
| 18 | CARE PROVIDER AND INQUIRE ABOUT THE |
| 19 | APPROPRIATENESS OF RETESTING OR ADDITIONAL |
| 20 | TREATMENT. |

