HOUSE BILL No. 1041

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-5-7-4; IC 16-19-5-2; IC 31-11; IC 31-14-7-1; IC 33-32-5.

Synopsis: Marriage. Eliminates the requirement that: (1) individuals obtain a marriage license before being married; (2) a marriage be solemnized by an individual specified by state law; and (3) a marriage license be filed with a circuit court clerk and the state department of health. Provides for marriage by marriage contract by any two individuals who are competent to contract in Indiana or otherwise permitted to marry in Indiana.

Effective: July 1, 2016.

Lucas

January 5, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



Second Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1041

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-7-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) For purposes of placement of
3	a candidate's name on the ballot, a candidate's legal name is determined
4	under this section.
5	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a candidate's legal name is
6	considered to be the name shown on the candidate's birth certificate.
7	(c) If a candidate:
8	(1) uses a name after marriage as described in subsection (d); or
9	(2) takes a name through a judicial proceeding that is differen
10	from the name shown on the candidate's birth certificate;
11	the most recent name used after marriage or taken in the judicia
12	proceeding is considered to be the candidate's legal name.
13	(d) A name a candidate uses after marriage is considered the
14	candidate's legal name if the name satisfies any of the following:
15	(1) The name is the name appearing on the candidate's birth
16	certificate.
17	(2) The name is the name used by the candidate as an applican

(2) The name is the name used by the candidate as an applicant



1	for the marriage license or on a marriage contract.
2	(3) The name is any combination of the names the candidate and
3	the candidate's spouse used as applicants for their marriage
4	license or a marriage contract.
5	SECTION 2. IC 16-19-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. In addition to other
7	fees provided by this title, the state department shall charge and collect
8	the following fees:
9	(1) For performance of any standard serological test, for an
10	applicant for a marriage license, two dollars and fifty cents
11	(\$2.50).
12	(2) Fees prescribed in IC 16-19-3-21.
13	SECTION 3. IC 31-11-0.1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
14	2016]. (Legislative Intent).
15	SECTION 4. IC 31-11-0.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
16	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2016]:
18	Chapter 0.2. Civil Recognition of Marriage
19	Sec. 1. A marriage is legally created and shall be recognized for
20	all legal purposes in Indiana if:
21	(1) the manner in which it was entered into complies with the
22	law governing marriage in Indiana, in force at the time of
23	formation; and
24	(2) under the law governing marriage in Indiana, in force at
25	the time of formation, the parties to the marriage have the
26	general capacity to enter into a contract in Indiana or are
27	otherwise permitted by Indiana law to marry.
28	Sec. 2. This article does not prohibit individuals being married
29	from mutually agreeing to engage in additional procedures not
30	required by this article as part of a marriage ceremony.
31	Sec. 3. This article does not prohibit a religious organization
32	from imposing additional procedures or other requirements for
33	individuals to be considered married for the religious purposes of
34	the religious organization.
35	Sec. 4. (a) After June 30, 2016, the clerk of a circuit court may
36	not issue a marriage license, and solemnization of a marriage
37	contract in conformity with IC 31-11-4 (repealed) and IC 31-11-6
38	(repealed) is not required.
39	(b) Subject to subsections (c) and (d), this article, as effective
40	after June 30, 2016, applies to marriages and marriage contracts
41	entered into after June 30, 2016, only if at least one (1) of the
42	individuals entering into the marriage is a resident of Indiana at



1	the time the marriage and marriage contract are entered into
2	under IC 31-11-3.5.
3	(c) Notwithstanding the repeal of IC 31-11-4 and IC 31-11-6,
4	effective July 1, 2016, two (2) individuals to whom a marriage
5	license was issued after May 1, 2016, and before July 1, 2016, may
6	elect to have a marriage solemnized and recorded after June 30,
7	2016, and before the date on which the marriage license would
8	otherwise expire, in conformity with IC 31-11-4 (repealed July 1,
9	2016) and IC 31-11-6 (repealed July 1, 2016). For purposes of this
10	subsection, IC 31-11-4 (repealed July 1, 2016) and IC 31-11-6
11	(repealed July 1, 2016) apply to the expiration of the marriage
12	license, the individual solemnizing the marriage, the clerks of the
13	circuit court, and the state department of health to the same extent
14	as if these provisions had not been repealed.
15	(d) This article does not apply to a marriage or marriage
16	contract formed under the laws of another jurisdiction.
17	SECTION 5. IC 31-11-1-1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
18	2016]. Sec. 1. (a) Only a female may marry a male. Only a male may
19	marry a female.
20	(b) A marriage between persons of the same gender is void in
21	Indiana even if the marriage is lawful in the place where it is
22	solemnized.
23	SECTION 6. IC 31-11-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. Two (2) individuals
25	may not marry each other if either individual has a husband or wife
26	spouse who is alive.
27	SECTION 7. IC 31-11-1-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. (a) Two (2)
29	individuals may marry each other if:
30	(1) the individuals are not prohibited from marrying for a reason
31	set forth in this article (other than age under section 4 of this
32	chapter and competency to contract under IC 31-11-3.5-3);
33	and
34	(2) a circuit or superior court of the county of residence of either
35	individual considers the information required to be submitted by
36	subsection (b) and authorizes the clerk of the circuit court to issue
37	the individuals a marriage license. and authorizes the waiver of
38	the age and competency requirements.
39	(b) A court may not authorize the clerk of the circuit court to issue
40	a marriage license waiver under subsection (a) unless:
41	(1) the individuals have filed with the court a verified petition that

includes allegations that:



1	(A) the one (1) of the individuals is a female who is at least
2	fifteen (15) years of age;
3	(B) the female is pregnant or is a mother;
4	(C) each of the individuals who is less than eighteen (18) years
5	of age has received the consent required by IC 31-11-2;
6	(D) the other individual is a male who is at least fifteen (15)
7	years of age and is either:
8	(i) the putative father of the expected child of the female; or
9	(ii) the father of the female's child; and
10	(E) the individuals desire to marry each other;
11	(2) the court has provided notice of the hearing required by this
12	section to both parents of both petitioners or, if applicable to
13	either petitioner:
14	(A) to the legally appointed guardian or custodian of a
15	petitioner; or
16	(B) to one (1) parent of a petitioner if the other parent:
17	(i) is deceased;
18	(ii) has abandoned the petitioner;
19	(iii) is mentally incompetent;
20	(iv) is an individual whose whereabouts is unknown; or
21	(v) is a noncustodial parent who is delinquent in the
22	payment of court ordered child support on the date the
23 24	petition is filed;
24	(3) a hearing is held on the petition in which the petitioners and
25 26	interested persons, including parents, guardians, and custodians,
26	are given an opportunity to appear and present evidence; and
27	(4) the allegations of the petition filed under subdivision (1) have
28	been proven.
29	(c) A court's authorization granted under subsection (a):
30	(1) constitutes part of the confidential files of the clerk of the
31	circuit court; and
32	(2) may be inspected only by written permission of a circuit,
33	superior, or juvenile court.
34	(c) The court may seal the file at the request of the petitioning
35	individuals.
36	SECTION 8. IC 31-11-2-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. (a) An individual
38	who is less than eighteen (18) years of age may marry if:
39 10	(1) the individual petitions the judge of the circuit or superior
10 11	court of a county that is:
‡1 12	(A) the county of residence of the individual or the county of



1	marry; or
2	(B) a county that adjoins a county described in clause (A);
3	(2) the judge of the circuit or superior court directs the clerk of
4	the circuit court to issue the authorizes the individuals who
5	intend to marry each other a license to marry without obtaining
6	the consent required by section 1 of this chapter; and
7	(3) the individual is not prohibited from marrying for a reason set
8	forth in IC 31-11-1.
9	(b) The petition made under subsection (a)(1) may be made in
10	writing or orally. The judge of the court may conduct investigations and
11	hold hearings on the petition. The judge may, by written order, direct
12	the clerk of the circuit court to issue a marriage license authorize the
13	individuals to marry under subsection (a)(2) if the judge:
14	(1) considers the facts relevant to the issue presented by the
15	petition;
16	(2) finds that good and sufficient reason for the order has been
17	shown; and
18	(3) finds that the order is in the best interest of all persons
19	concerned with the issues raised in the petition.
20	SECTION 9. IC 31-11-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
21	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2016]:
23	Chapter 3.5. Formation of Marriage
24	Sec. 1. Two (2) individuals who are not prohibited from
25	marrying each other for a reason set forth in this article may
26	marry each other by entering into a marriage contract in
27	conformity with this article.
28	Sec. 2. A marriage contract must be in writing.
29	Sec. 3. Except as permitted by this article, the two (2)
30	individuals being married must be generally competent in Indiana
31	to enter into enforceable contracts.
32	Sec. 4. A marriage contract must be signed by both individuals
33	being married in the presence of each other and in the presence of
34	at least two (2) other individuals who are attesting witnesses.
35	Sec. 5. (a) Both witnesses to the marriage contract must sign the
36	marriage contract and attest under penalties of perjury that:
37	(1) the individuals being married who sign the marriage
38	contract are the individuals named in the marriage contract;
39	(2) the individuals being married who sign the marriage
40	contract declared in the witnesses' presence that the
41	individuals voluntarily and, based on each party's own free
42	will, agree to enter into the marriage and the provisions of the



1	marriage contract; and
2	(3) to the best of each witness's knowledge and belief, the
3	individuals being married are not prohibited by this article
4	from becoming married.
5	(b) An attestation under subsection (a) may be in any form that
6	states with reasonable certainty the facts specified in subsection
7	(a).
8	(c) Both witnesses must sign the marriage contract as witnesses
9	in the presence of the individuals being married and each other.
10	(d) Any individual competent to be a witness generally in
11	Indiana may be an attesting witness to the formation of a marriage
12	contract, and any subsequent death or incompetency does not
13	invalidate the validity of the marriage or the marriage contract.
14	Sec. 6. A marriage contract must state with reasonable certainty
15	the names of the two (2) individuals being married and the
16	individuals witnessing the formation of the marriage contract.
17	Sec. 7. A marriage contract must include a statement that
18	expresses with reasonable certainty that the two (2) individuals
19	being married voluntarily and, based on each party's own free will,
20	mutually agree to become married.
21	Sec. 8. Subject to this article, a marriage contract may include
22	other terms and conditions, including any term or condition that
23	may be included in a premarital agreement subject to IC 31-11-3.
24	Sec. 9. Subject to this article, a marriage contract may include
25	other declarations, including birthplace, residence, age, names of
26	dependent children, date on which the marriage contract was
27	entered into, court proceedings under IC 31-11-1-6, or consents
28	required under IC 31-11-2. Failure to include these declarations
29	does not void a marriage or a marriage contract.
30	Sec. 10. A marriage contract is enforceable without
31	consideration.
32	Sec. 11. The marriage and the marriage contract for the
33	marriage are effective when signed in accordance with section 5 of
34	this chapter.
35	Sec. 12. Any statute of limitations applicable to an action
36	asserting a claim for relief related to a provision of a marriage
37	contract is tolled during the marriage of the parties to the
38	agreement. However, equitable defenses limiting the time for
39	enforcement, including laches and estoppel, are available to either

Sec. 13. A marriage contract may be submitted to an entity

requesting proof of marriage in lieu of a marriage license.



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party.

1	SECTION 10. IC 31-11-4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
2	2016]. (Marriage Licenses and Certificates).
3	SECTION 11. IC 31-11-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
4	2016]. (Authority to Solemnize Marriages).
5	SECTION 12. IC 31-11-7-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
7	1, 2016]: Sec. 5. A spouse is not liable for the contracts or torts of
8	the individual's other spouse.
9	SECTION 13. IC 31-11-8-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. A marriage is void
11	if either party to the marriage had a wife or husband spouse who was
12	living when the marriage was solemnized.
13	SECTION 14. IC 31-11-8-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. A marriage is void
15	if the parties to the marriage:
16	(1) are residents of Indiana;
17	(2) had their marriage solemnized in another state with the intent
18	to:
19	(A) evade IC 31-11-4-4 (before its repeal on July 1, 2016),
20	or IC 31-11-4-11 (before its repeal on July 1, 2016), or
21	IC 31-7-3-3 or IC 31-7-3-10 (before their repeal); and
22	(B) subsequently return to Indiana and reside in Indiana; and
23	(3) without having established residence in another state in good
24	faith, return to Indiana and reside in Indiana after the marriage is
25	solemnized.
26	SECTION 15. IC 31-11-8-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
27	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
28	1, 2016]: Sec. 7. A marriage and a marriage contract are void if a
29	party to the marriage contract proves that the party did not
30	execute the marriage contract voluntarily and based on the party's
31	own free will.
32	SECTION 16. IC 31-11-10.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
33	CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS
34	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]:
35	Chapter 10.4. Void Marriage Contract Provisions; Modification
36	of Marriage Contracts
37	Sec. 1. A provision of a marriage contract that limits the
38	duration of a marriage is void.
39	Sec. 2. A provision of a marriage contract that limits or waives
40	the duty of support under the law to a spouse during the duration
41	of the marriage is void.
42	Sec. 3. A provision of a marriage contract that limits or waives



1	the duty of support under the law to a child of the spouses
2	including an adopted child, during or after a marriage is void.
3	Sec. 4. A provision of a marriage contract that adversely affect
4	the right of a child to support is void.
5	Sec. 5. A provision of a marriage contract that violates public
6	policy or a statute imposing a criminal penalty, including the
7	personal rights and obligations of the parties, is void.
8	Sec. 6. A provision of a marriage contract that limits or waive
9	the application of IC 31-15 to the termination of a marriage or the
10	powers of a judge under IC 31-15 to approve the terms of a lega
11	separation or dissolution of marriage is void. However, except for
12	a term or condition that is void or voided under this article, after
13	marriage, a provision of a marriage contract that does no
14	terminate the marriage may be amended or revoked by a written
15	agreement signed by the parties. The amended agreement or the
16	revocation is enforceable without consideration.
17	SECTION 17. IC 31-11-10.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
18	CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS
19	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]:
20	Chapter 10.6. Voidable Marriage Contract Provisions
21	Sec. 1. (a) A provision of a marriage contract, including a
22	amendment or revocation of a provision of the marriage contrac
23	after marriage, is voidable if the provision was unconscionable
24	when the agreement was executed.
25	(b) If:
26	(1) a provision of a marriage contract modifies or eliminate
27	spousal maintenance; and
28	(2) the modification or elimination causes one (1) party to the
29	agreement extreme hardship under circumstances no
30	reasonably foreseeable at the time of the execution of the
31	marriage contract;
32	a court, notwithstanding the terms of the agreement, may require
33	the other party to provide spousal maintenance to the exten
34	necessary to avoid extreme hardship.
35	(c) A court shall decide an issue of unconscionability of a
36	provision of a marriage contract as a matter of law.
37	(d) If:
38	(1) requested by a party against whom a provision in the
39	marriage contract applies;
40	(2) the provision of the marriage contract is unconscionable
41	and
42	(3) required to provide appropriate relief;

(3) required to provide appropriate relief;



1	a court may void the marriage.
2	SECTION 18. IC 31-11-11-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013
3	SECTION 307, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. A person who knowingly
5	furnishes false information to a clerk of the circuit court when the
6	person applies for a marriage license under IC 31-11-4 (repealed July
7	1, 2016) commits a Level 6 felony.
8	SECTION 19. IC 31-11-11-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013
9	SECTION 309, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
0	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. An applicant for a marriage
1	license who before July 1, 2016, knowingly furnishes false
2	information concerning the applicant's physical condition to the clerk
3	of a circuit court commits a Level 6 felony.
4	SECTION 20. IC 31-11-11-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. A person who:
6	(1) is authorized to solemnize marriages by IC 31-11-6 (before its
7	repeal); and
8	(2) solemnizes a marriage in violation of this article (as effective
9	before July 1, 2016) or as provided in IC 31-11-0.2-4;
0	commits a Class C infraction.
1	SECTION 21. IC 31-11-11-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. A person who:
3	(1) attempts to solemnize a marriage as provided in IC 31-11-4
4	(repealed) or IC 31-11-0.2-4; and
5	(2) is not authorized to solemnize marriages by IC 31-11-6
6	(before its repeal);
7	commits a Class B misdemeanor.
8	SECTION 22. IC 31-11-11-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 8. A person who:
0	(1) solemnizes a marriage; and
1	(2) fails to file the marriage license that was issued before July
2	1, 2016, and a duplicate marriage certificate with the clerk of the
3	circuit court not later than ninety (90) days after the date the
4	marriage was solemnized;
5	commits a Class C infraction.
6	SECTION 23. IC 31-14-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. A man is presumed
8	to be a child's biological father if:
9	(1) the:
0	(A) man and the child's biological mother are or have been
1	married to each other; and (B) child is born during the marriage or not later than three



1	hundred (300) days after the marriage is terminated by death,
2	annulment, or dissolution;
3	(2) the:
4	(A) man and the child's biological mother attempted to marry
5	each other by a marriage solemnized in apparent compliance
6	with the law, even though the marriage:
7	(i) is void under IC 31-11-8-2, IC 31-11-8-3, IC 31-11-8-4 ,
8	or IC 31-11-8-6; IC 31-11-8 ; or
9	(ii) is voidable under IC 31-11-9; and
10	(B) child is born during the attempted marriage or not later
11	than three hundred (300) days after the attempted marriage is
12	terminated by death, annulment, or dissolution; or
13	(3) the man undergoes a genetic test that indicates with at least a
14	ninety-nine percent (99%) probability that the man is the child's
15	biological father.
16	SECTION 24. IC 33-32-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
17	2016]. (Marriage Licenses and Distress Sales).

