

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1034**

DIGEST OF HB 1034 (Updated January 17, 2019 2:22 pm - DI 134)

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1.

Synopsis: Political subdivision controlled projects and debt. Modifies the threshold amounts used for determining whether a political subdivision's project is a controlled project and whether the petition and remonstrance process or the referendum process applies. Bases these threshold amounts on gross assessed value. Provides that for a road, street, or designated bridge project, only the costs paid from property taxes are considered when applying these threshold amounts. Provides that if the estimated increase in a political subdivision's property tax levy for debt service for a proposed controlled project will be offset in whole or in part because of the retirement of existing debt of the political subdivision, the proper officers of the political subdivision may adopt a resolution that includes certain information and statements. Provides that if a political subdivision experiences a decrease in net assessed value it may be stated as an exception to a political subdivision's statement about maintaining its property tax rate to fund a new controlled project because of the retirement of debt. Specifies the ballot language for the referendum on such a proposed controlled project. Provides that the restrictions on supporting a position on a controlled project apply to any political subdivision that has assessed value within the same taxing district as the political subdivision proposing the project.

Effective: July 1, 2019.

## Thompson, Clere

January 3, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means. January 22, 2019, amended, reported — Do Pass.



First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1034**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-20-0.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

2	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 0.8. (a) This section applies to a
4	preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease
5	made after June 30, 2019, for a project for engineering, land and
6	right-of-way acquisition, construction, resurfacing, maintenance
7	restoration, and rehabilitation of:
8	(1) local road and street systems, including bridges that are
9	designated as being in a local road and street system;
10	(2) arterial road and street systems, including bridges that are
11	designated as being in an arterial road and street system; or
12	(3) any combination of local and arterial road and street
13	systems, including designated bridges.
14	(b) In determining whether a project is a controlled project for
15	purposes of this chapter and whether the petition and
16	remonstrance process under sections 3.1 and 3.2 of this chapter or
17	the referendum process under sections 3.5 and 3.6 of this chapter



1 2	applies to the project, the cost of the project does not include expenditures for the project that will be paid from a source other
3	than property taxes.
4	SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-20-1.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.246-2017,
5	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 1.1. As used in this chapter, "controlled project"
7	means any project financed by bonds or a lease, except for the
8	following:
9	(1) A project for which the political subdivision reasonably
10	expects to pay:
11	(A) debt service; or
12	(B) lease rentals;
13	from funds other than property taxes that are exempt from the
14	levy limitations of IC 6-1.1-18.5 or (before January 1, 2009)
15	IC 20-45-3. A project is not a controlled project even though the
16	political subdivision has pledged to levy property taxes to pay the
17	debt service or lease rentals if those other funds are insufficient.
18	(2) A project that will not cost the political subdivision more than
19	the lesser of the following threshold amount:
20	(A) An amount equal to the following:
21	(i) In the case of an ordinance or resolution adopted before
22	January 1, 2018, making a preliminary determination to
23	issue bonds or enter into a lease for the project, two million
24	<del>dollars</del> (\$2,000,000).
25	(ii) In the case of an ordinance or resolution adopted after
26	December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019, making a
27	preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a
28	lease for the project, five million dollars (\$5,000,000).
29	(iii) In the case of an ordinance or resolution adopted in a
30	calendar year after December 31, 2018, making a
31	preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a
32	lease for the project, an amount (as determined by the
33	department of local government finance) equal to the result
34	of the assessed value growth quotient determined under
35	IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the year multiplied by the amount
36	determined under this clause for the preceding calendar
37	<del>year.</del>
38	The department of local government finance shall publish the
39	threshold determined under item (iii) in the Indiana Register
40	under IC 4-22-7-7 not more than sixty (60) days after the date
41	the budget agency releases the growth quotient for the ensuing
42	<del>year under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.</del>



1	(B) An amount equal to the following:
2	(i) One percent (1%) of the total gross assessed value of
3	property within the political subdivision on the last
4	assessment date, if that total gross assessed value is more
5	than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000).
6	(ii) One million dollars (\$1,000,000), if the total gross
7	assessed value of property within the political subdivision
8	on the last assessment date is not more than one hundred
9	million dollars (\$100,000,000).
10	(A) If the total gross assessed value of property within the
11	political subdivision on the last assessment date is not more
12	than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000), one
13	million dollars (\$1,000,000).
14	(B) If the total gross assessed value of property within the
15	political subdivision on the last assessment date exceeds
16	one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) and is not more
17	than five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), one
18	million dollars (\$1,000,000) plus one percent (1%) of the
19	political subdivision's gross assessed value that exceeds one
20	hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000).
21	(C) If the total gross assessed value of property within the
22	political subdivision on the last assessment date exceeds
23	five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), five million
24	dollars (\$5,000,000) plus five-hundredths of one percent
25	(0.05%) of the political subdivision's gross assessed value
26	that exceeds five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000).
27	(3) A project that is being refinanced for the purpose of providing
28	gross or net present value savings to taxpayers.
29	(4) A project for which bonds were issued or leases were entered
30	into before January 1, 1996, or where the state board of tax
31	commissioners has approved the issuance of bonds or the
32	execution of leases before January 1, 1996.
33	(5) A project that is required by a court order holding that a
34	federal law mandates the project.
35	(6) A project that is in response to:
36	(A) a natural disaster;
37	(B) an accident; or
38	(C) an emergency;
39	in the political subdivision that makes a building or facility
40	unavailable for its intended use.
41	(7) A project that was not a controlled project under this section
42	as in effect on June 30, 2008, and for which:



4	
1	(A) the bonds or lease for the project were issued or entered
2	into before July 1, 2008; or
3	(B) the issuance of the bonds or the execution of the lease for
4	the project was approved by the department of local
5	government finance before July 1, 2008.
6	(8) A project of the Little Calumet River basin development
7	commission for which bonds are payable from special
8	assessments collected under IC 14-13-2-18.6.
9	SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-20-3.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.246-2017,
10	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 3.1. (a) Subject to section 3.5(a)(1)(C) of this
12	chapter, this section applies only to the following:
13	(1) A controlled project (as defined in section 1.1 of this chapter
14	as in effect June 30, 2008) for which the proper officers of a
15	political subdivision make a preliminary determination in the
16	manner described in subsection (b) before July 1, 2008.
17	(2) An elementary school building, middle school building, high
18	school building, or other school building for academic instruction
19	that:
20	(A) is a controlled project;
21 22	(B) will be used for any combination of kindergarten through
22	grade 12; and
23 24 25	(C) will not cost more than the lesser of the following
24	threshold amount:
	(i) The threshold amount determined under this item. In the
26	case of an ordinance or resolution adopted before January 1,
27	2018, making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or
28	enter into a lease for the project, the threshold amount is ten
29	million dollars (\$10,000,000). In the case of an ordinance or
30	resolution adopted after December 31, 2017, and before
31	January 1, 2019, making a preliminary determination to
32	issue bonds or enter into a lease for the project, the threshold
33	amount is fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000). In the case
34	of an ordinance or resolution adopted in a calendar year after
35	December 31, 2018, making a preliminary determination to
36	issue bonds or enter into a lease for the project, the threshold
37	amount is an amount (as determined by the department of
38	local government finance) equal to the result of the assessed
39	value growth quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for
40	the year multiplied by the threshold amount determined
41	under this item for the preceding calendar year. In the case
42	of a threshold amount determined under this item that



1	applies for a calendar year after December 31, 2018, the
2	department of local government finance shall publish the
3	threshold in the Indiana Register under IC 4-22-7-7 not more
4	than sixty (60) days after the date the budget agency releases
5	the assessed value growth quotient for the ensuing year
6	<del>under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.</del>
7	(ii) An amount equal to one percent (1%) of the total gross
8	assessed value of property within the political subdivision
9	on the last assessment date, if that total gross assessed value
10	is more than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000), or ten
11	million dollars (\$10,000,000), if the total gross assessed
12	value of property within the political subdivision on the last
13	assessment date is not more than one billion dollars
14	<del>(\$1,000,000,000).</del>
15	(i) If the total gross assessed value of property within the
16	political subdivision on the last assessment date is not
17	more than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000), ten
18	million dollars (\$10,000,000).
19	(ii) If the total gross assessed value of property within
20	the political subdivision on the last assessment date
21	exceeds one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) and is not
22	more than one billion five hundred million dollars
23	(\$1,500,000,000), ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) plus
24	one percent (1%) of the political subdivision's gross
25	assessed value that exceeds one billion dollars
26	(\$1,000,000,000).
27	(iii) If the total gross assessed value of property within
28	the political subdivision on the last assessment date
29	exceeds one billion five hundred million dollars
30	(\$1,500,000,000), fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000)
31	plus one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) of the political
32	subdivision's gross assessed value that exceeds one
33	billion five hundred million dollars (\$1,500,000,000).
34	(3) Any other controlled project that:
35	(A) is not a controlled project described in subdivision (1) or
36	(2); and
37	(B) will not cost the political subdivision more than the lesser
38	of the following threshold amount:
39	(i) The threshold amount determined under this item. In the
40	ease of an ordinance or resolution adopted before January 1,
41	2018, making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or
42	enter into a lease for the project, the threshold amount is



twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000). In the case of an ordinance or resolution adopted after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019, making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the project, the threshold amount is fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000). In the case of an ordinance or resolution adopted in a calendar year after December 31, 2018, making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the project, the threshold amount is an amount (as determined by the department of local government finance) equal to the result of the assessed value growth quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the year multiplied by the threshold amount determined under this item for the preceding calendar year. In the case of a threshold amount determined under this item that applies for a calendar year after December 31, 2018, the department of local government finance shall publish the threshold in the Indiana Register under IC 4-22-7-7 not more than sixty (60) days after the date the budget agency releases the assessed value growth quotient for the ensuing year under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2. (ii) An amount equal to one percent (1%) of the total gross

- (ii) An amount equal to one percent (1%) of the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date, if that total gross assessed value is more than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000), or one million dollars (\$1,000,000), if the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date is not more than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000).
- (i) If the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date is not more than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000), one million dollars (\$1,000,000).
- (ii) If the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date exceeds one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) and is not more than one billion five hundred million dollars (\$1,500,000,000), one million dollars (\$1,000,000) plus one percent (1%) of the political subdivision's gross assessed value that exceeds one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000).
- (iii) If the total gross assessed value of property within



1	the political subdivision on the last assessment date
2	exceeds one billion five hundred million dollars
3	(\$1,500,000,000), fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000)
4	plus one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) of the politica
5	subdivision's gross assessed value that exceeds one
6	billion five hundred million dollars (\$1,500,000,000).
7	(b) A political subdivision may not impose property taxes to pay
8	debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a controlled projec
9	without completing the following procedures:
10	(1) The proper officers of a political subdivision shall publish
11	notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1 and send notice by first class
12	mail to the circuit court clerk and to any organization that delivers
13	to the officers, before January 1 of that year, an annual writter
14	request for such notices of any meeting to consider adoption of a
15	resolution or an ordinance making a preliminary determination to
16	issue bonds or enter into a lease and shall conduct at least two (2)
17	public hearings on a preliminary determination before adoption
18	of the resolution or ordinance. The political subdivision must a
19	each of the public hearings on the preliminary determination
20	allow the public to testify regarding the preliminary determination
21	and must make the following information available to the public
22	at each of the public hearings on the preliminary determination
23	in addition to any other information required by law:
24	(A) The result of the political subdivision's current and
25	projected annual debt service payments divided by the ne
26	assessed value of taxable property within the political
27	subdivision.
28	(B) The result of:
29	(i) the sum of the political subdivision's outstanding long
30	term debt plus the outstanding long term debt of other taxing
31	units that include any of the territory of the politica
32	subdivision; divided by
33	(ii) the net assessed value of taxable property within the
34	political subdivision.
35	(C) The information specified in subdivision (3)(A) through
36	(3)(H).
37	(2) When the proper officers of a political subdivision make a
38	preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for
39	a controlled project, the officers shall give notice of the
40	preliminary determination by:
41	(A) publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and

(B) first class mail to the circuit court clerk and to the



1	organizations described in subdivision (1).
2	(3) A notice under subdivision (2) of the preliminary
3	determination of the political subdivision to issue bonds or enter
4	into a lease for a controlled project must include the following
5	information:
6	(A) The maximum term of the bonds or lease.
7	(B) The maximum principal amount of the bonds or the
8	maximum lease rental for the lease.
9	(C) The estimated interest rates that will be paid and the total
10	interest costs associated with the bonds or lease.
11	(D) The purpose of the bonds or lease.
12	(E) A statement that any owners of property within the
13	political subdivision or registered voters residing within the
14	political subdivision who want to initiate a petition and
15	remonstrance process against the proposed debt service or
16	lease payments must file a petition that complies with
17	subdivisions (4) and (5) not later than thirty (30) days after
18	publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1.
19	(F) With respect to bonds issued or a lease entered into to
20	open:
21	(i) a new school facility; or
21 22	(ii) an existing facility that has not been used for at least
23	three (3) years and that is being reopened to provide
23 24 25	additional classroom space;
25	the estimated costs the school corporation expects to incur
26	annually to operate the facility.
27	(G) A statement of whether the school corporation expects to
28	appeal for a new facility adjustment (as defined in
29	IC 20-45-1-16 (repealed) before January 1, 2009) for an
30	increased maximum permissible tuition support levy to pay the
31	estimated costs described in clause (F).
32	(H) The following information:
33	(i) The political subdivision's current debt service levy and
34	rate.
35	(ii) The estimated increase to the political subdivision's debt
36	service levy and rate that will result if the political
37	subdivision issues the bonds or enters into the lease.
38	(iii) The estimated amount of the political subdivision's debt
39	service levy and rate that will result during the following ten
40	(10) years if the political subdivision issues the bonds or
41	enters into the lease, after also considering any changes that
42	will occur to the debt service levy and rate during that



1	period on account of any outstanding bonds or lease
2	obligations that will mature or terminate during that period.
3	(I) The information specified in subdivision (1)(A) through
4	(1)(B).
5	(4) After notice is given, a petition requesting the application of
6	a petition and remonstrance process may be filed by the lesser of:
7	(A) five hundred (500) persons who are either owners of
8	property within the political subdivision or registered voters
9	residing within the political subdivision; or
10	(B) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within
11	the political subdivision.
12	(5) The state board of accounts shall design and, upon request by
13	the county voter registration office, deliver to the county voter
14	registration office or the county voter registration office's
15	designated printer the petition forms to be used solely in the
16	petition process described in this section. The county voter
17	registration office shall issue to an owner or owners of property
18	within the political subdivision or a registered voter residing
19	within the political subdivision the number of petition forms
20	requested by the owner or owners or the registered voter. Each
21	form must be accompanied by instructions detailing the
22	requirements that:
23	(A) the carrier and signers must be owners of property or
24	registered voters;
25	(B) the carrier must be a signatory on at least one (1) petition;
26	(C) after the signatures have been collected, the carrier must
27	swear or affirm before a notary public that the carrier
28	witnessed each signature; and
29	(D) govern the closing date for the petition period.
30	Persons requesting forms may be required to identify themselves
31	as owners of property or registered voters and may be allowed to
32	pick up additional copies to distribute to other owners of property
33	or registered voters. Each person signing a petition must indicate
34	whether the person is signing the petition as a registered voter
35	within the political subdivision or is signing the petition as the
36	owner of property within the political subdivision. A person who
37	signs a petition as a registered voter must indicate the address at
38	which the person is registered to vote. A person who signs a
39	petition as an owner of property must indicate the address of the
40	property owned by the person in the political subdivision.
41	(6) Each petition must be verified under oath by at least one (1)

qualified petitioner in a manner prescribed by the state board of



accounts before the petition is filed with the county voter registration office under subdivision (7).

- (7) Each petition must be filed with the county voter registration office not more than thirty (30) days after publication under subdivision (2) of the notice of the preliminary determination.
- (8) The county voter registration office shall determine whether each person who signed the petition is a registered voter. However, after the county voter registration office has determined that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) persons who signed the petition are registered voters within the political subdivision, the county voter registration office is not required to verify whether the remaining persons who signed the petition are registered voters. If the county voter registration office does not determine that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) persons who signed the petition are registered voters, the county voter registration office shall, not more than fifteen (15) business days after receiving a petition, forward a copy of the petition to the county auditor. Not more than ten (10) business days after receiving the copy of the petition, the county auditor shall provide to the county voter registration office a statement verifying:
  - (A) whether a person who signed the petition as a registered voter but is not a registered voter, as determined by the county voter registration office, is the owner of property in the political subdivision; and
  - (B) whether a person who signed the petition as an owner of property within the political subdivision does in fact own property within the political subdivision.
- (9) The county voter registration office, not more than ten (10) business days after determining that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) persons who signed the petition are registered voters or receiving the statement from the county auditor under subdivision (8), as applicable, shall make the final determination of the number of petitioners that are registered voters in the political subdivision and, based on the statement provided by the county auditor, the number of petitioners that own property within the political subdivision. Whenever the name of an individual who signs a petition form as a registered voter contains a minor variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in the records of the county voter registration office, the signature is presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption that the individual is entitled to sign the petition under this section. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, in determining whether an



individual is a registered voter, the county voter registration office shall apply the requirements and procedures used under IC 3 to determine whether a person is a registered voter for purposes of voting in an election governed by IC 3. However, an individual is not required to comply with the provisions concerning providing proof of identification to be considered a registered voter for purposes of this chapter. A person is entitled to sign a petition only one (1) time in a particular petition and remonstrance process under this chapter, regardless of whether the person owns more than one (1) parcel of real property, mobile home assessed as personal property, or manufactured home assessed as personal property, or a combination of those types of property within the subdivision and regardless of whether the person is both a registered voter in the political subdivision and the owner of property within the political subdivision. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a petition is presented to the county voter registration office within forty-five (45) days before an election, the county voter registration office may defer acting on the petition, and the time requirements under this section for action by the county voter registration office do not begin to run until five (5) days after the date of the election.

- (10) The county voter registration office must file a certificate and each petition with:
  - (A) the township trustee, if the political subdivision is a township, who shall present the petition or petitions to the township board; or
  - (B) the body that has the authority to authorize the issuance of the bonds or the execution of a lease, if the political subdivision is not a township;

within thirty-five (35) business days of the filing of the petition requesting a petition and remonstrance process. The certificate must state the number of petitioners that are owners of property within the political subdivision and the number of petitioners who are registered voters residing within the political subdivision.

If a sufficient petition requesting a petition and remonstrance process is not filed by owners of property or registered voters as set forth in this section, the political subdivision may issue bonds or enter into a lease by following the provisions of law relating to the bonds to be issued or lease to be entered into.

(c) A political subdivision may not divide a controlled project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.2 of this chapter. A person that owns property within a political subdivision or



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a person that is a registered voter residing within a political subdivision may file a petition with the department of local government finance objecting that the political subdivision has divided a controlled project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.2 of this chapter. The petition must be filed not more than ten (10) days after the political subdivision gives notice of the political subdivision's decision to issue bonds or enter into leases for a capital project that the person believes is the result of a division of a controlled project that is prohibited by this subsection. If the department of local government finance receives a petition under this subsection, the department shall not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the petition make a final determination on the issue of whether the political subdivision divided a controlled project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.2 of this chapter. If the department of local government finance determines that a political subdivision divided a controlled project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.2 of this chapter and the political subdivision continues to desire to proceed with the project, the political subdivision shall fulfill the requirements of this section and section 3.2 of this chapter, if applicable, regardless of the cost of the project in dispute. A political subdivision shall be considered to have divided a capital project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.2 of this chapter if the result of one (1) or more of the subprojects cannot reasonably be considered an independently desirable end in itself without reference to another capital project. This subsection does not prohibit a political subdivision from undertaking a series of capital projects in which the result of each capital project can reasonably be considered an independently desirable end in itself without reference to another capital project.

SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-20-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.246-2017, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 3.5. (a) This section applies only to a controlled project that meets the following conditions:

- (1) The controlled project is described in one (1) of the following categories:
  - (A) An elementary school building, middle school building, high school building, or other school building for academic instruction that will be used for any combination of kindergarten through grade 12 and will cost more than the lesser of the following threshold amount:
    - (i) The threshold amount determined under this item. In the case of an ordinance or resolution adopted before January 1,



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2018, making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the project, the threshold amount is ten million dollars (\$10,000,000). In the case of an ordinance or resolution adopted after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019, making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the project, the threshold amount is fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000). In the ease of an ordinance or resolution adopted in a calendar year after December 31, 2018, making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the project, the threshold amount is an amount (as determined by the department of local government finance) equal to the result of the assessed value growth quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the year multiplied by the threshold amount determined under this item for the preceding calendar year. In the case of a threshold amount determined under this item that applies for a calendar year after December 31, 2018, the department of local government finance shall publish the threshold in the Indiana Register under IC 4-22-7-7 not more than sixty (60) days after the date the budget agency releases the assessed value growth quotient for the ensuing year under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.

- (ii) An amount equal to one percent (1%) of the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date, if that total gross assessed value is more than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000), or ten million dollars (\$10,000,000), if the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date is not more than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000).
- (i) If the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date is not more than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000), ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).
- (ii) If the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date exceeds one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) and is not more than one billion five hundred million dollars (\$1,500,000,000), ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) plus one percent (1%) of the political subdivision's gross assessed value that exceeds one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000).



1	(iii) If the total gross assessed value of property within
2	the political subdivision on the last assessment date
3	exceeds one billion five hundred million dollar
4	(\$1,500,000,000), fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000
5	plus one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) of the politica
6	subdivision's gross assessed value that exceeds on
7	billion five hundred million dollars (\$1,500,000,000).
8	(B) Any other controlled project that is not a controlled project
9	described in clause (A) and will cost the political subdivision
10	more than the lesser of the following threshold amount:
11	(i) The threshold amount determined under this item. In the
12	case of an ordinance or resolution adopted before January 1
13	2018, making a preliminary determination to issue bonds o
14	enter into a lease for the project, the threshold amount i
15	twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000). In the case of an
16	ordinance or resolution adopted after December 31, 2017
17	and before January 1, 2019, making a preliminar
18	determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the
19	project, the threshold amount is fifteen million dollar
20	(\$15,000,000). In the case of an ordinance or resolution
21	adopted in a calendar year after December 31, 2018, making
22	a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into
23	lease for the project, the threshold amount is an amount (a
24	determined by the department of local government finance
25	equal to the result of the assessed value growth quotien
26	determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the year multiplied by
27	the threshold amount determined under this item for the
28	preceding ealendar year. In the ease of a threshold amoun
29	determined under this item that applies for a calendar year
30	after December 31, 2018, the department of loca
31	government finance shall publish the threshold in the
32	Indiana Register under IC 4-22-7-7 not more than sixty (60
33	days after the date the budget agency releases the assessed
34	value growth quotient for the ensuing year unde
35	IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.
36	(ii) An amount equal to one percent (1%) of the total gros
37	assessed value of property within the political subdivision
38	on the last assessment date, if that total gross assessed value
39	is more than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000), o

one million dollars (\$1,000,000), if the total gross assessed

value of property within the political subdivision on the last

assessment date is not more than one hundred million



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1	<del>dollars</del> (\$100,000,000).
2	(i) If the total gross assessed value of property within the
3	political subdivision on the last assessment date is not
4	more than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000),
5	one million dollars (\$1,000,000).
6	(ii) If the total gross assessed value of property within
7	the political subdivision on the last assessment date
8	exceeds one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) and
9	is not more than one billion five hundred million dollars
10	(\$1,500,000,000), one million dollars (\$1,000,000) plus
11	one percent (1%) of the political subdivision's gross
12	assessed value that exceeds one hundred million dollars
13	(\$100,000,000).
14	(iii) If the total gross assessed value of property within
15	the political subdivision on the last assessment date
16	exceeds one billion five hundred million dollars
17	(\$1,500,000,000), fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000)
18	plus one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) of the political
19	subdivision's gross assessed value that exceeds one
20	billion five hundred million dollars (\$1,500,000,000).
21	(C) Any other controlled project for which a political
22	subdivision adopts an ordinance or resolution making a
23	preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease
24	for the project, if the sum of:
25	(i) the cost of that controlled project; plus
26	(ii) the costs of all other controlled projects for which the
27	political subdivision has previously adopted within the
28	preceding three hundred sixty-five (365) days an ordinance
29	or resolution making a preliminary determination to issue
30	bonds or enter into a lease for those other controlled
31	projects;
32	exceeds twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) <b>plus</b>
33	one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) of the gross assessed value
34	that exceeds two billion five hundred million dollars
35	(\$2,500,000,000). For purposes of this clause, the cost of the
36	controlled project includes only the costs for the project
37	that will be paid from property taxes.
38	(2) The proper officers of the political subdivision make a
39	preliminary determination after June 30, 2008, in the manner
39 40	described in subsection (b) to issue bonds or enter into a lease for
41	
	the controlled project.
42	(b) A political subdivision may not impose property taxes to pay



1	debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a controlled project
2	without completing the following procedures:
3	(1) The proper officers of a political subdivision shall publish
4	notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1 and send notice by first class
5	mail to the circuit court clerk and to any organization that delivers
6	to the officers, before January 1 of that year, an annual written
7	request for notices of any meeting to consider the adoption of an
8	ordinance or a resolution making a preliminary determination to
9	issue bonds or enter into a lease and shall conduct at least two (2)
10	public hearings on the preliminary determination before adoption
11	of the ordinance or resolution. The political subdivision must at
12	each of the public hearings on the preliminary determination
13	allow the public to testify regarding the preliminary determination
14	and must make the following information available to the public
15	at each of the public hearings on the preliminary determination,
16	in addition to any other information required by law:
17	(A) The result of the political subdivision's current and
18	projected annual debt service payments divided by the net
19	assessed value of taxable property within the political
20	subdivision.
21	(B) The result of:
22	(i) the sum of the political subdivision's outstanding long
23	term debt plus the outstanding long term debt of other taxing
24	units that include any of the territory of the political
25	subdivision; divided by
26	(ii) the net assessed value of taxable property within the
27	political subdivision.
28	(C) The information specified in subdivision (3)(A) through
29	(3)(G).
30	(2) If the proper officers of a political subdivision make a
31	preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease, the
32	officers shall give notice of the preliminary determination by:
33	(A) publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and
34	(B) first class mail to the circuit court clerk and to the
35	organizations described in subdivision (1).
36	(3) A notice under subdivision (2) of the preliminary
37	determination of the political subdivision to issue bonds or enter
38	into a lease must include the following information:
39	(A) The maximum term of the bonds or lease.
40	(B) The maximum principal amount of the bonds or the
41	maximum lease rental for the lease.

(C) The estimated interest rates that will be paid and the total



l	interest costs associated with the bonds or lease.
2 3	(D) The purpose of the bonds or lease.
3	(E) A statement that the proposed debt service or lease
4	payments must be approved in an election on a local public
5	question held under section 3.6 of this chapter.
6	(F) With respect to bonds issued or a lease entered into to
7	open:
8	(i) a new school facility; or
9	(ii) an existing facility that has not been used for at least
10	three (3) years and that is being reopened to provide
11	additional classroom space;
12	the estimated costs the school corporation expects to annually
13	incur to operate the facility.
14	(G) The following information:
15	(i) The political subdivision's current debt service levy and
16	rate.
17	(ii) The estimated increase to the political subdivision's debt
18	service levy and rate that will result if the political
19	subdivision issues the bonds or enters into the lease.
20	(iii) The estimated amount of the political subdivision's debt
21	service levy and rate that will result during the following ten
22	(10) years if the political subdivision issues the bonds or
23	enters into the lease, after also considering any changes that
24	will occur to the debt service levy and rate during that
25	period on account of any outstanding bonds or lease
26	obligations that will mature or terminate during that period.
27	(H) The information specified in subdivision (1)(A) through
28	(1)(B).
29	(4) After notice is given, a petition requesting the application of
30	the local public question process under section 3.6 of this chapter
31	may be filed by the lesser of:
32	(A) five hundred (500) persons who are either owners of
33	property within the political subdivision or registered voters
34	residing within the political subdivision; or
35	(B) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within
36	the political subdivision.
37	(5) The state board of accounts shall design and, upon request by
38	the county voter registration office, deliver to the county voter
39	registration office or the county voter registration office's
40	designated printer the petition forms to be used solely in the
41	petition process described in this section. The county voter
42	registration office shall issue to an owner or owners of property
	1-Sistemon office shall issue to an owner of owners of property



1	within the political subdivision or a registered voter residing
2	within the political subdivision the number of petition forms
3	requested by the owner or owners or the registered voter. Each
4	form must be accompanied by instructions detailing the
5	requirements that:
6	(A) the carrier and signers must be owners of property or
7	registered voters;
8	(B) the carrier must be a signatory on at least one (1) petition;
9	(C) after the signatures have been collected, the carrier must
10	swear or affirm before a notary public that the carrier
11	witnessed each signature; and
12	(D) govern the closing date for the petition period.
13	Persons requesting forms may be required to identify themselves
14	as owners of property or registered voters and may be allowed to
15	pick up additional copies to distribute to other owners of property
16	or registered voters. Each person signing a petition must indicate
17	whether the person is signing the petition as a registered voter
18	within the political subdivision or is signing the petition as the
19	owner of property within the political subdivision. A person who
20	signs a petition as a registered voter must indicate the address at
21	which the person is registered to vote. A person who signs a
22	petition as an owner of property must indicate the address of the
23	property owned by the person in the political subdivision.
24	(6) Each petition must be verified under oath by at least one (1)
25	qualified petitioner in a manner prescribed by the state board of
26	accounts before the petition is filed with the county voter
27	registration office under subdivision (7).
28	(7) Each petition must be filed with the county voter registration
29	office not more than thirty (30) days after publication under
30	subdivision (2) of the notice of the preliminary determination.
31	(8) The county voter registration office shall determine whether
32	each person who signed the petition is a registered voter.
33	However, after the county voter registration office has determined
34	that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) persons who signed
35	the petition are registered voters within the political subdivision,
36	the county voter registration office is not required to verify
37	whether the remaining persons who signed the petition are
38	registered voters. If the county voter registration office does not
39	determine that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) persons

who signed the petition are registered voters, the county voter

registration office, not more than fifteen (15) business days after

receiving a petition, shall forward a copy of the petition to the



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county auditor. Not more than ten (10) business days after receiving the copy of the petition, the county auditor shall provide to the county voter registration office a statement verifying:

- (A) whether a person who signed the petition as a registered voter but is not a registered voter, as determined by the county voter registration office, is the owner of property in the political subdivision; and
- (B) whether a person who signed the petition as an owner of property within the political subdivision does in fact own property within the political subdivision.
- (9) The county voter registration office, not more than ten (10) business days after determining that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) persons who signed the petition are registered voters or after receiving the statement from the county auditor under subdivision (8), as applicable, shall make the final determination of whether a sufficient number of persons have signed the petition. Whenever the name of an individual who signs a petition form as a registered voter contains a minor variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in the records of the county voter registration office, the signature is presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption that the individual is entitled to sign the petition under this section. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, in determining whether an individual is a registered voter, the county voter registration office shall apply the requirements and procedures used under IC 3 to determine whether a person is a registered voter for purposes of voting in an election governed by IC 3. However, an individual is not required to comply with the provisions concerning providing proof of identification to be considered a registered voter for purposes of this chapter. A person is entitled to sign a petition only one (1) time in a particular referendum process under this chapter, regardless of whether the person owns more than one (1) parcel of real property, mobile home assessed as personal property, or manufactured home assessed as personal property or a combination of those types of property within the political subdivision and regardless of whether the person is both a registered voter in the political subdivision and the owner of property within the political subdivision. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a petition is presented to the county voter registration office within forty-five (45) days before an election, the county voter registration office may defer acting on the petition, and the time requirements under this section for



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1	action by the county voter registration office do not begin to run
2	until five (5) days after the date of the election.
3	(10) The county voter registration office must file a certificate and
4	each petition with:
5	(A) the township trustee, if the political subdivision is a
6	township, who shall present the petition or petitions to the
7	township board; or
8	(B) the body that has the authority to authorize the issuance of
9	the bonds or the execution of a lease, if the political
10	subdivision is not a township;
11	within thirty-five (35) business days of the filing of the petition
12	requesting the referendum process. The certificate must state the
13	number of petitioners who are owners of property within the
14	political subdivision and the number of petitioners who are
15	registered voters residing within the political subdivision.
16	(11) If a sufficient petition requesting the local public question
17	process is not filed by owners of property or registered voters as
18	set forth in this section, the political subdivision may issue bonds
19	or enter into a lease by following the provisions of law relating to
20	the bonds to be issued or lease to be entered into.
21	(c) If the proper officers of a political subdivision make a
22	preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease, the
23	officers shall provide to the county auditor:
24	(1) a copy of the notice required by subsection (b)(2); and
25	(2) any other information the county auditor requires to fulfill the
26	county auditor's duties under section 3.6 of this chapter.
27	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-20-3.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.246-2017,
28	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 3.6. (a) Except as provided in sections 3.7 and 3.8
30	of this chapter, this section applies only to a controlled project
31	described in section 3.5(a) of this chapter.
32	(b) If a sufficient petition requesting the application of the local
33	public question process has been filed as set forth in section 3.5 of this
34	chapter, a political subdivision may not impose property taxes to pay
35	debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a controlled project
36	unless the political subdivision's proposed debt service or lease rental
37	is approved in an election on a local public question held under this
38	section.
39	(c) Except as provided in subsection (k), subsections (d) and (l),
40	the following question shall be submitted to the eligible voters at the
41	election conducted under this section:
42	"Shall (insert the name of the political subdivision)
<b>→</b> ∠	Shan (insert the name of the political subdivision)



1	issue bonds of enter into a lease to finance (firseft
2	a brief description of the controlled project), which is estimated
3	to cost not more than (insert the total cost of the project)
4	and is estimated to increase the property tax rate for debt service
5	by (insert increase in tax rate as determined by the
6	department of local government finance)?"
7	The public question must appear on the ballot in the form approved by
8	the county election board. If the political subdivision proposing to issue
9	bonds or enter into a lease is located in more than one (1) county, the
10	county election board of each county shall jointly approve the form of
11	the public question that will appear on the ballot in each county. The
12	form approved by the county election board may differ from the
13	language certified to the county election board by the county auditor.
14	If the county election board approves the language of a public question
15	under this subsection, the county election board shall submit the
16	language to the department of local government finance for review.
17	(d) If the estimated increase in a political subdivision's property
18	tax levy for debt service for a controlled project will be offset in
19	whole or in part because of the retirement of existing debt of the
20	political subdivision, the proper officers of the political subdivision
21	may adopt a resolution that does the following:
22	(1) Includes a schedule that specifies:
23	(A) the maximum annual debt service for the controlled
24	project for each year in which such debt service will be
25	paid;
26	(B) the information described in section 3.5(b)(3)(G)(iii) of
27	this chapter concerning the estimated amount of the
28	political subdivision's debt service levy and tax rate that
29	will result during the following ten (10) years if the
30	political subdivision issues the bonds or enters into the
31	lease for the controlled project, after also considering any
32	changes that will occur to the debt service levy and tax rate
33	during that period on account of any outstanding bonds or
34	lease obligations that will mature or terminate during that
35	period; and
36	(C) whether:
37	(i) the outstanding bonds or lease obligations that will
38	mature or terminate during the following ten (10) years
39 40	were approved in a public question under this chapter;
40	and  (ii) the preparty taxes imposed to pay the outstanding
41	(ii) the property taxes imposed to pay the outstanding
42	bonds or lease obligations described in item (i) are



1	excluded from consideration in calculating tax credits
2	for purposes of the property tax caps under
3	IC 6-1.1-20.6.
4	(2) States that the proper officers of the political subdivision
5	intend to maintain the political subdivision's total debt service
6	property tax rate (including debt service for the controlled
7	project and for all other debt of the political subdivision) at or
8	below a specified property tax rate. The political subdivision's
9	statement that it intends to maintain its total debt service
10	property tax rate at or below such a specified property tax
11	rate may include exceptions for the following:
12	(A) Specified projects or purposes, including any projects
13	that the proper officers of the political subdivision declare
14	are required by an emergency or are required for the
15	safety and security of citizens or students.
16	(B) The political subdivision experiences a decrease in net
17	assessed value and its rate may not be maintained as a
18	result of the decrease.
19	If a political subdivision adopts a resolution under this subsection,
20	the proper officers of the political subdivision shall submit to the
21	department of local government finance a copy of the resolution,
22	information specifying the amount of existing debt that will be
23	retired, and a calculation showing the effect that the retirement of
24	the existing debt will have on the political subdivision's overall debt
25	service tax rates and levies. Except as provided in subsection (I), if
26	a political subdivision adopts a resolution under this subsection, the
27	following question shall be submitted to the eligible voters at the
28	election conducted under this section:
29	"Shall (insert the name of the political subdivision)
30	issue bonds or enter into a lease to finance
31	(insert a brief description of the controlled project), which is
32	estimated to cost not more than (insert the total cost
33	of the project), with an estimated property tax rate for the
34	project of (insert the property tax rate for the
35	controlled project as determined by the department of local
36	government finance) but with the following estimated net
37	change in the total debt service property tax rate, after
38	accounting for the retirement of existing debt:
39	(insert net change in the political subdivision's total debt
40	service property tax rate, as determined by the department of
41	local government finance, after accounting for the retirement
42	of existing debt)?".



The public question must appear on the ballot in the form approved by the county election board. If the political subdivision proposing to issue bonds or enter into a lease is located in more than one (1) county, the county election board of each county shall jointly approve the form of the public question that will appear on the ballot in each county. The form approved by the county election board may differ from the language certified to the county election board by the county auditor. If the county election board approves the language of a public question under this subsection, the county election board shall submit the language to the department of local government finance for review.

(d) (e) The department of local government finance shall review the language of the public question to evaluate whether the description of the controlled project is accurate and is not biased against either a vote in favor of the controlled project or a vote against the controlled project. The department of local government finance may either approve the ballot language as submitted or recommend that the ballot language be modified as necessary to ensure that the description of the controlled project is accurate and is not biased. The department of local government finance shall certify its approval or recommendations to the county auditor and the county election board not more than ten (10) days after the language of the public question is submitted to the department for review. If the department of local government finance recommends a modification to the ballot language, the county election board shall, after reviewing the recommendations of the department of local government finance, submit modified ballot language to the department for the department's approval or recommendation of any additional modifications. The public question may not be certified by the county auditor under subsection (e) (f) unless the department of local government finance has first certified the department's final approval of the ballot language for the public question.

- (e) (f) The county auditor shall certify the finally approved public question under IC 3-10-9-3 to the county election board of each county in which the political subdivision is located. The certification must occur not later than noon:
  - (1) seventy-four (74) days before a primary election if the public question is to be placed on the primary or municipal primary election ballot; or
  - (2) August 1 if the public question is to be placed on the general or municipal election ballot.

Subject to the certification requirements and deadlines under this subsection and except as provided in subsection (j), (l), the public



question shall be placed on the ballot at the next primary election, general election, or municipal election in which all voters of the political subdivision are entitled to vote. However, if a primary election, general election, or municipal election will not be held during the first year in which the public question is eligible to be placed on the ballot under this section and if the political subdivision requests the public question to be placed on the ballot at a special election, the public question shall be placed on the ballot at a special election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in May or November of the year. The certification must occur not later than noon seventy-four (74) days before a special election to be held in May (if the special election is to be held in May) or noon on August 1 (if the special election is to be held in November). The fiscal body of the political subdivision that requests the special election shall pay the costs of holding the special election. The county election board shall give notice under IC 5-3-1 of a special election conducted under this subsection. A special election conducted under this subsection is under the direction of the county election board. The county election board shall take all steps necessary to carry out the special election.

- (f) (g) The circuit court clerk shall certify the results of the public question to the following:
  - (1) The county auditor of each county in which the political subdivision is located.
  - (2) The department of local government finance.
- (g) (h) Subject to the requirements of IC 6-1.1-18.5-8, the political subdivision may issue the proposed bonds or enter into the proposed lease rental if a majority of the eligible voters voting on the public question vote in favor of the public question.
- (h) (i) If a majority of the eligible voters voting on the public question vote in opposition to the public question, both of the following apply:
  - (1) The political subdivision may not issue the proposed bonds or enter into the proposed lease rental.
  - (2) Another public question under this section on the same or a substantially similar project may not be submitted to the voters earlier than:
    - (A) except as provided in clause (B), seven hundred (700) days after the date of the public question; or
    - (B) three hundred fifty (350) days after the date of the election, if a petition that meets the requirements of subsection (m) (n) is submitted to the county auditor.
  - (i) (j) IC 3, to the extent not inconsistent with this section, applies



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to an election held under this section.

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(i) (k) A political subdivision may not divide a controlled project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.5 of this chapter. A person that owns property within a political subdivision or a person that is a registered voter residing within a political subdivision may file a petition with the department of local government finance objecting that the political subdivision has divided a controlled project into two (2) or more capital projects in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.5 of this chapter. The petition must be filed not more than ten (10) days after the political subdivision gives notice of the political subdivision's decision under section 3.5 of this chapter or a determination under section 5 of this chapter to issue bonds or enter into leases for a capital project that the person believes is the result of a division of a controlled project that is prohibited by this subsection. If the department of local government finance receives a petition under this subsection, the department shall not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the petition make a final determination on the issue of whether the political subdivision divided a controlled project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.5 of this chapter. If the department of local government finance determines that a political subdivision divided a controlled project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.5 of this chapter and the political subdivision continues to desire to proceed with the project, the political subdivision may appeal the determination of the department of local government finance to the Indiana board of tax review. A political subdivision shall be considered to have divided a capital project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.5 of this chapter if the result of one (1) or more of the subprojects cannot reasonably be considered an independently desirable end in itself without reference to another capital project. This subsection does not prohibit a political subdivision from undertaking a series of capital projects in which the result of each capital project can reasonably be considered an independently desirable end in itself without reference to another capital project.

(k) (l) This subsection applies to a political subdivision for which a petition requesting a public question has been submitted under section 3.5 of this chapter. The legislative body (as defined in IC 36-1-2-9) of the political subdivision may adopt a resolution to withdraw a controlled project from consideration in a public question. If the legislative body provides a certified copy of the resolution to the county auditor and the county election board not later than sixty-three (63) days before the election at which the public question would be on the



ballot, the public question on the controlled project shall not be placed on the ballot and the public question on the controlled project shall not be held, regardless of whether the county auditor has certified the public question to the county election board. If the withdrawal of a public question under this subsection requires the county election board to reprint ballots, the political subdivision withdrawing the public question shall pay the costs of reprinting the ballots. If a political subdivision withdraws a public question under this subsection that would have been held at a special election and the county election board has printed the ballots before the legislative body of the political subdivision provides a certified copy of the withdrawal resolution to the county auditor and the county election board, the political subdivision withdrawing the public question shall pay the costs incurred by the county in printing the ballots. If a public question on a controlled project is withdrawn under this subsection, a public question under this section on the same controlled project or a substantially similar controlled project may not be submitted to the voters earlier than three hundred fifty (350) days after the date the resolution withdrawing the public question is adopted.

(1) (m) If a public question regarding a controlled project is placed on the ballot to be voted on at an election under this section, the political subdivision shall submit to the department of local government finance, at least thirty (30) days before the election, the following information regarding the proposed controlled project for posting on the department's Internet web site:

- (1) The cost per square foot of any buildings being constructed as part of the controlled project.
- (2) The effect that approval of the controlled project would have on the political subdivision's property tax rate. If the retirement of existing debt of the political subdivision will affect the political subdivision's tax rate, the political subdivision must provide information specifying:
  - (A) the amount of the debt that will be retired;
  - (B) the impact that the retirement of the debt will have on the political subdivision's property tax rate; and
  - (C) the net change in the political subdivision's total debt service property tax rate, after accounting for the retirement of the existing debt.
- (3) The maximum term of the bonds or lease.
- (4) The maximum principal amount of the bonds or the maximum lease rental for the lease.
- (5) The estimated interest rates that will be paid and the total



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1	interest costs associated with the bonds or lease.
2	(6) The purpose of the bonds or lease.
2 3	(7) In the case of a controlled project proposed by a school
4	corporation:
5	(A) the current and proposed square footage of school building
6	space per student;
7	(B) enrollment patterns within the school corporation; and
8	(C) the age and condition of the current school facilities.
9	(m) (n) If a majority of the eligible voters voting on the public
10	question vote in opposition to the public question, a petition may be
11	submitted to the county auditor to request that the limit under
12	subsection (h)(2)(B) (i)(2)(B) apply to the holding of a subsequent
13	public question by the political subdivision. If such a petition is
14	submitted to the county auditor and is signed by the lesser of:
15	(1) five hundred (500) persons who are either owners of property
16	within the political subdivision or registered voters residing
17	within the political subdivision; or
18	(2) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within the
19	political subdivision;
20	the limit under subsection $\frac{(h)(2)(B)}{(i)(2)(B)}$ applies to the holding of
21	a second public question by the political subdivision and the limit
22	under subsection (h)(2)(A) (i)(2)(A) does not apply to the holding of
23	a second public question by the political subdivision.
24	SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-20-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2011,
25	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 10. (a) This section applies to:
27	(1) a political subdivision that adopts an ordinance or a resolution
28	making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into
29	a lease; and
30	(2) any other political subdivision that has assessed value
31	within the same taxing district as the political subdivision
32	described in subdivision (1).
33	Except as otherwise provided in this section, during the period
34	commencing with the adoption of the ordinance or resolution and, if a
35	petition and remonstrance process is commenced under section 3.2 of
36	this chapter, continuing through the sixty (60) day period commencing
37	with the notice under section 3.2(b)(1) of this chapter, the political
38	subdivision seeking to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the proposed
39	controlled project, or any other political subdivision that has
40	assessed value within the same taxing district, may not promote a
41	position on the petition or remonstrance by doing any of the following:
42	(1) Using facilities or equipment, including mail and messaging



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1	systems, owned by the political subdivision to promote a position
2	on the petition or remonstrance, unless equal access to the
3	facilities or equipment is given to persons with a position opposite
4	to that of the political subdivision.
5	(2) Making an expenditure of money from a fund controlled by
6	the political subdivision to promote a position on the petition or
7	remonstrance or to pay for the gathering of signatures on a
8	petition or remonstrance. This subdivision does not prohibit a
9	political subdivision from making an expenditure of money to an
10	attorney, an architect, registered professional engineer, a
11	construction manager, or a financial adviser for professional

services provided with respect to a controlled project.

- (3) Using an employee to promote a position on the petition or remonstrance during the employee's normal working hours or paid overtime, or otherwise compelling an employee to promote a position on the petition or remonstrance at any time. However, if a person described in subsection (f) is advocating for or against a position on the petition or remonstrance or discussing the petition or remonstrance as authorized under subsection (f), an employee of the political subdivision may assist the person in presenting information on the petition or remonstrance, if requested to do so by the person described in subsection (f).
- (4) In the case of a school corporation, promoting a position on a petition or remonstrance by:
  - (A) using students to transport written materials to their residences or in any way involving students in a school organized promotion of a position;
  - (B) including a statement within another communication sent to the students' residences; or
  - (C) initiating discussion of the petition and remonstrance process at a meeting between a teacher and parents of a student regarding the student's performance or behavior at school. However, if the parents initiate a discussion of the petition and remonstrance process at the meeting, the teacher may acknowledge the issue and direct the parents to a source of factual information on the petition and remonstrance process.

However, this section does not prohibit an official or employee of the political subdivision from carrying out duties with respect to a petition or remonstrance that are part of the normal and regular conduct of the official's or employee's office or agency, including the furnishing of factual information regarding the petition and remonstrance in response



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1	to inquiries from any person.
2	(b) A person may not solicit or collect signatures for a petition or
3	remonstrance on property owned or controlled by the political
4	subdivision.
5	(c) The staff and employees of a school corporation may not
6	personally identify a student as the child of a parent or guardian who
7	supports or opposes a petition or remonstrance.
8	(d) This subsection does not apply to:
9	(1) a personal expenditure to promote a position on a petition and
10	remonstrance by an employee of a school corporation whose
11	employment is governed by a collective bargaining contract or an
12	employment contract; or
13	(2) an expenditure to promote a position on a petition and
14	remonstrance by a person or an organization that has a contract or
15	an arrangement with the school corporation solely for the use of
16	the school corporation's facilities.
17	A person or an organization that has a contract or an arrangement
18	(whether formal or informal) with a school corporation to provide
19	goods or services to the school corporation may not spend any money
20	to promote a position on the petition or remonstrance. A person or an
21	organization that violates this subsection commits a Class A infraction.
22	(e) An attorney, an architect, registered professional engineer, a
23	construction manager, or a financial adviser for professional services
24	provided with respect to a controlled project may not spend any money
25	to promote a position on the petition or remonstrance. A person who
26	violates this subsection:
27	(1) commits a Class A infraction; and
28	(2) is barred from performing any services with respect to the
29	controlled project.

respect to the controlled project.

- (f) Notwithstanding any other law, an elected or appointed public official of the political subdivision (including any school board member and school corporation superintendent), a school corporation assistant superintendent, or a chief school business official of a school corporation may at any time:
  - (1) personally advocate for or against a position on the petition or remonstrance; or
  - (2) discuss the petition or remonstrance with any individual, group, or organization or personally advocate for or against a position on the petition or remonstrance before any individual, group, or organization;

so long as it is not done by using public funds. Advocacy or discussion allowed under this subsection is not considered a use of public funds.



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However, this subsection does not authorize or apply to advocacy or discussion by a school board member, superintendent, assistant superintendent, or school business official to or with students that occurs during the regular school day.

SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-20-10.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2011, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 10.1. (a) This section applies only to:

- (1) a political subdivision that after June 30, 2008, adopts an ordinance or a resolution making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease subject to sections 3.5 and 3.6 of this chapter; and
- (2) any other political subdivision that has assessed value within the same taxing district as the political subdivision described in subdivision (1).
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, during the period beginning with the adoption of the ordinance or resolution and continuing through the day on which a local public question is submitted to the voters of the political subdivision under section 3.6 of this chapter, the political subdivision seeking to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the proposed controlled project, or any other political subdivision that has assessed value within the same taxing district, may not promote a position on the local public question by doing any of the following:
  - (1) Using facilities or equipment, including mail and messaging systems, owned by the political subdivision to promote a position on the local public question, unless equal access to the facilities or equipment is given to persons with a position opposite to that of the political subdivision.
  - (2) Making an expenditure of money from a fund controlled by the political subdivision to promote a position on the local public question. This subdivision does not prohibit a political subdivision from making an expenditure of money to an attorney, an architect, a registered professional engineer, a construction manager, or a financial adviser for professional services provided with respect to a controlled project.
  - (3) Using an employee to promote a position on the local public question during the employee's normal working hours or paid overtime, or otherwise compelling an employee to promote a position on the local public question at any time. However, if a person described in subsection (f) is advocating for or against a position on the local public question or discussing the local public question as authorized under subsection (f), an employee of the



1	political subdivision may assist the person in presenting
2	information on the local public question, if requested to do so by
3	the person described in subsection (f).
4	(4) In the case of a school corporation, promoting a position on a
5	local public question by:
6	(A) using students to transport written materials to their
7	residences or in any way involving students in a school
8	organized promotion of a position;
9	(B) including a statement within another communication sent
10	to the students' residences; or
11	(C) initiating discussion of the local public question at a
12	meeting between a teacher and parents of a student regarding
13	the student's performance or behavior at school. However, if
14	the parents initiate a discussion of the local public question at
15	the meeting, the teacher may acknowledge the issue and direct
16	the parents to a source of factual information on the local
17	public question.
18	However, this section does not prohibit an official or employee of the
19	political subdivision from carrying out duties with respect to a local
20	public question that are part of the normal and regular conduct of the
21	official's or employee's office or agency, including the furnishing of
22	factual information regarding the local public question in response to
23	inquiries from any person.
24	(c) The staff and employees of a school corporation may not
25	personally identify a student as the child of a parent or guardian who
26	supports or opposes a controlled project subject to a local public
27	question held under section 3.6 of this chapter.
28	(d) This subsection does not apply to:
29	(1) a personal expenditure to promote a position on a local public
30	question by an employee of a school corporation whose
31	employment is governed by a collective bargaining contract or an
32	employment contract; or
33	(2) an expenditure to promote a position on a local public
34	question by a person or an organization that has a contract or an
35	arrangement (whether formal or informal) with the school
36	corporation solely for the use of the school corporation's facilities.
37	A person or an organization that has a contract or an arrangement
38	(whether formal or informal) with a school corporation to provide
39	goods or services to the school corporation may not spend any money
40	to promote a position on a local public question. A person or an
41	organization that violates this subsection commits a Class A infraction.

(e) An attorney, an architect, a registered professional engineer, a



construction manager, or a financial adviser for professional services
provided with respect to a controlled project may not spend any money
to promote a position on a local public question. A person who violates
this subsection.

(1) commits a Class A infraction; and

- (2) is barred from performing any services with respect to the controlled project.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other law, an elected or appointed public official of the political subdivision (including any school board member and school corporation superintendent), a school corporation assistant superintendent, or a chief school business official of a school corporation may at any time:
  - (1) personally advocate for or against a position on the local public question; or
  - (2) discuss the public question with any individual, group, or organization or otherwise personally advocate for or against a position on the public question before any individual, group, or organization;

so long as it is not done by using public funds. Advocacy or discussion allowed under this subsection is not considered a use of public funds. However, this subsection does not authorize or apply to advocacy or discussion by a school board member, superintendent, assistant superintendent, or school business official to or with students that occurs during the regular school day.

(g) A student may use school equipment or facilities to report or editorialize about a local public question as part of the news coverage of the referendum by student newspaper or broadcast.



## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1034, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 13.

Page 2, line 4, delete ";" and insert ", including bridges that are designated as being in a local road and street system;".

Page 2, line 5, delete ";" and insert ", including bridges that are designated as being in an arterial road and street system;".

Page 2, line 7, delete "." and insert ", including designated bridges.".

Page 16, line 4, after "." insert "For purposes of this clause, the cost of the controlled project includes only the costs for the project that will be paid from property taxes.".

Page 22, delete lines 20 through 23, and insert:

"rate may include exceptions for the following:

- (A) Specified projects or purposes, including any projects that the proper officers of the political subdivision declare are required by an emergency or are required for the safety and security of citizens or students.
- (B) The political subdivision experiences a decrease in net assessed value and its rate may not be maintained as a result of the decrease.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1034 as introduced.)

**HUSTON** 

Committee Vote: yeas 22, nays 1.

